



Running the CMS data analysis on the Grid The workflow and the experience

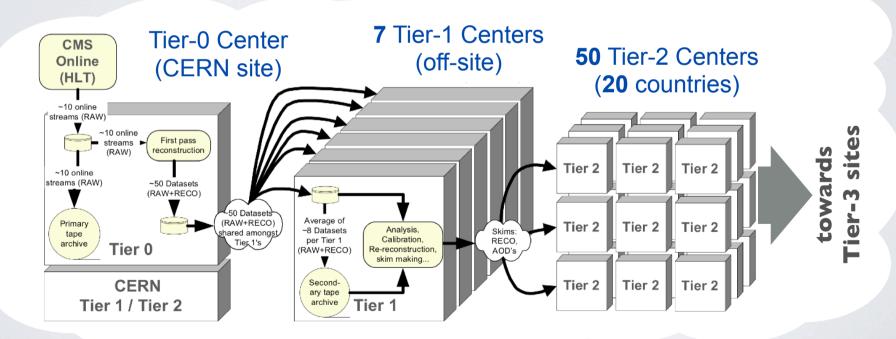
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The LHC Grid and the CMS computing model

- The LHC experiments will produce approximately 15 PB of data each year (physicists around the world want to access and analyze this data)
- Computing and storage resources for the LHC Grid are distributed at II Tier-I sites, ~160 Tier-2 sites (32 countries)

The CMS computing model

Worldwide LHC
Computing Grid Infrastructure



The analysis workflow

A typical analysis workflow

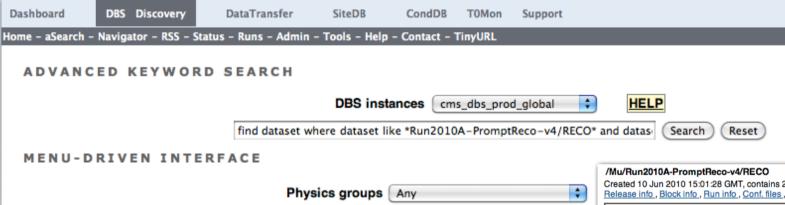


- Several questions and tools to answer them:
 - Where is my data located? Where can I run my jobs?
 - How do I transfer data to where I want to run?
 - Is the right software available at that site? ————— CRAB
 - How time consuming is my job?
 - Are my jobs running? Monitoring?

 Dashboard

Finding the dataset

 The tool named Dataset Bookkeeping Service (DBS) provides means to describe, discover and use the CMS event data



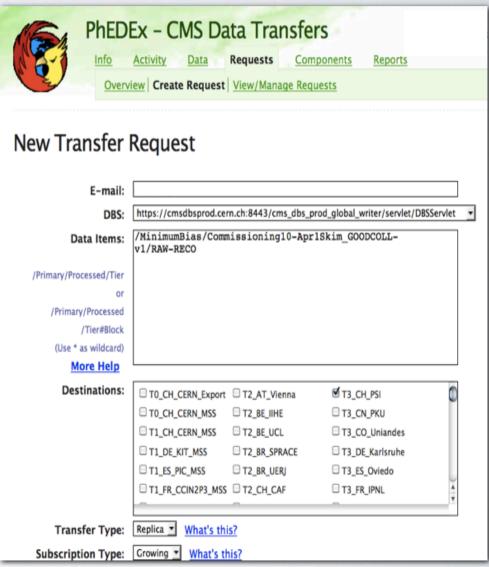
Data tier Any

- Contains all the necessary information on:
 - locations
 - num, of events / num, of files / size
 - date of production
 - configuration used for production of dataset
 - software versions...
- Accessible via web-interface & command line

/Mu/Run2010A-PromptReco-v4/RECO				
Created 10 Jun 2010 15:01:28 GMT, contains 23977520 events, 1608 files, 516 block(s),				
Release info , Block info , Run info , Conf. files , Parents , Children , Description , PhEDEx				
Location	Events	Files	size	LFNs
T2_CH_CSCS: storage01.lcg.cscs.ch	23977520	1608	7.2TB	<u>cff</u> plain
T2_ES_IFCA : storm.ifca.es	23977520	1608	7.2TB	<u>cff</u> plain
T0_CH_CERN : srm-cms.cern.ch	23977520	1608	7.2TB	<u>cff</u> plain
T2_IT_Bari : storm-se-01.ba.infn.it	22780230	1541	6.8TB	<u>cff</u> plain
T2_CN_Beijing : srm.ihep.ac.cn	21538024			
T2_US_MIT : se01.cmsaf.mit.edu	23977520	1608	7.2TB	<u>cff</u> plain
T2_UK_London_IC: gfe02.grid.hep.ph.ic.ac.uk	22831760	1544	6.8TB	<u>cff</u> plain
T2_US_UCSD : bsrm-1.t2.ucsd.edu	23977520	1608	7.2TB	cff plain
T1_ES_PIC : srmcms.pic.es	23977520	1608	7.2TB	cff plain
T2_CH_CAF: caf.cern.ch	23977520	1608	7.2TB	cff plain
T3_FR_IPNL: lyogrid06.in2p3.fr	23977520	1608	7.2TB	cff plain
T2_US_Purdue : srm-dcache.rcac.purdue.edu	22831760	1544	6.8TB	cff plain
T2_IT_Legnaro: t2-srm-02.lnl.infn.it	23977520	1608	7.2TB	cff plain
T1_IT_CNAF: storm-fe-cms.cr.cnaf.infn.it	23977520	1608	7.2TB	cff plain
T2_DE_RWTH: grid-srm.physik.rwth-aachen.de	23977520	1608	7.2TB	cff plain
T2_RU_JINR : lcgsedc01.jinr.ru	23977520	1608	7.2TB	cff plain
T2_DE_DESY : dcache-se-cms.desy.de	23977520	1608	7.2TB	cff plain
T2_ES_CIEMAT : srm.ciemat.es	23977520	1608	7.2TB	cff plain
T1_US_FNAL : cmssrm.fnal.gov	23977520	1608	7.2TB	cff plain
T2_US_Florida : srm.ihepa.ufl.edu	23977520	1608	7.2TB	<u>cff</u> plain
T3_CH_PSI: t3se01.psi.ch	23977520	1608	7.2TB	<u>cff</u> plain
T2_FR_IPHC : sbgse1.in2p3.fr	23977520	1608	7.2TB	cff plain
T2_US_Wisconsin : cmssrm.hep.wisc.edu	23977520	1608	7.2TB	cff plain
T2_US_Nebraska : srm.unl.edu	23977520	1608	7.2TB	<u>cff</u> <u>plain</u>

Data transfer

- The tool for data transfer is called PhEDEx
 (Physics Experiment Data Export)
- Create subscription requests on the web interface. Choose:
 - dataset, destination
 - transfer and subscription type...
- Request handled by site data managers (storage quotas)
- If approved transfer starts (handled by the PhEDEx system)
- User can monitor the transfer performance using web interface



CRAB jobs

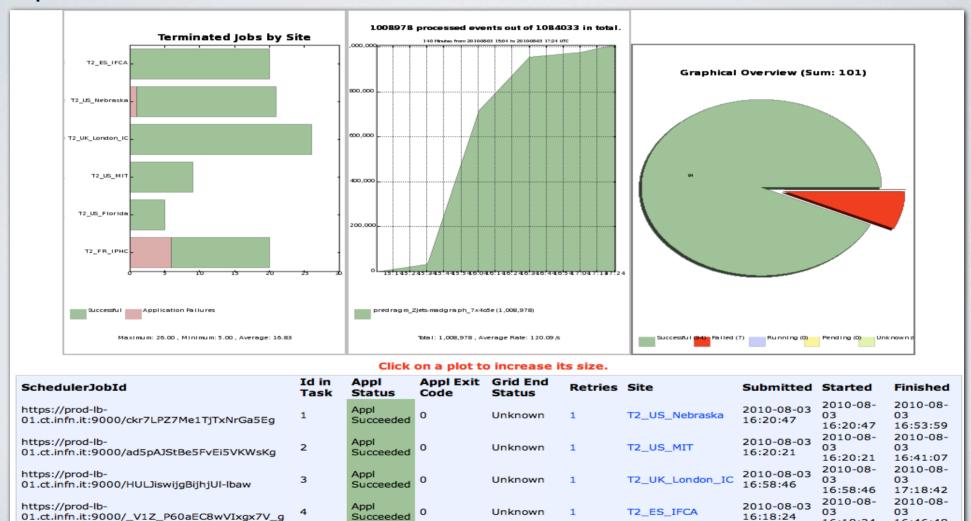
- CMS uses a python front-end tool called the CMS Remote Analysis Builder (CRAB) for job creation and submission in a user-friendly way:
- User only needs to specify some minimal information:
 - configuration of the analysis
 - dataset name
 - number of events/jobs
 - output handling
- The rest is handled by CRAB
 - splitting of jobs
 - finding appropriate sites
 - submission
 - basic monitoring
 - output retrieval

```
CRAB configuration file
[CMSSW]
### The data to
#datasetpath=
### The parameter set to use and additional options
                       = ../../ntupleproducer_cfq.py
pycfq_params
                       = runon=data recoType=RECO
### Splitting parameters (defined in multicrab cfg)
total_number_of_events =-1
                       = 20000
events per job
number of jobs
                       = 300
total_number_of_lumis =-1
lumis per job
                       = 30
split_by_run
                       = 1
### run number restrictions (defined in multicrab cfg)
runselection=132440-135735
lumi_mask=Cert_132440-135735_7TeV_StreamExpress_Collisions10_JSON.txt
### The output files (defined in ntupleproducer_cfg)
#output_file =
[USER]
### output back into UI
return data
#ui working dir
                       = data
### output files into a SE
copy_data
storage_element
                       = t3se01.psi.ch
storage path
                       = /srm/managerv2?SFN=/pnfs/psi.ch/cms/trivcat/:
user_remote_dir
                       = ntuples/data/
```

The CRAB is operated as a command line tool

Job monitoring - Dashboard

General overview of all running tasks and a detailed overview of jobs provided also via the CMS Dashboard

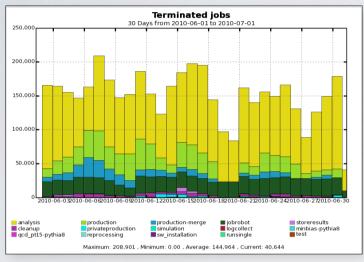


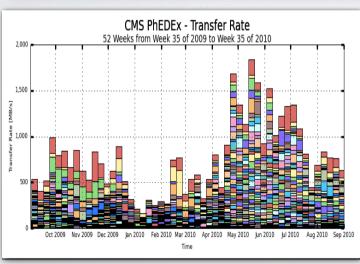
16:18:24

16:46:48

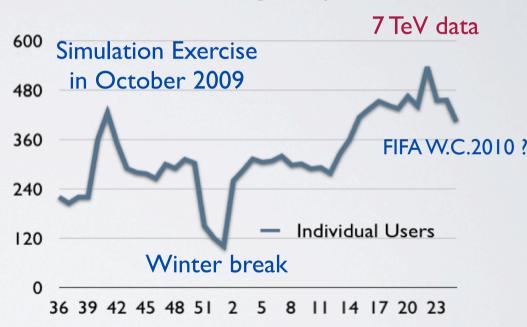
Analysis activities

Routinely delivering 100k jobs per day





Hundreds of active users running analysis



General user experience

- The sources of analysis failures:
 - Grid-related problems
 (not easy to control or have influence on)
 - CMS user-related errors and problems:
 - in configuration files
 - in analysis code
 - issues with stage-out of job outputs

(good support from the CRAB team)

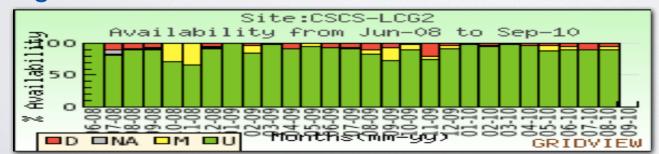


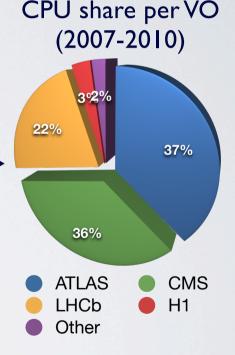
- the total time needed for 100% of jobs to be completed
 - e.g. we can have 90% of jobs finished within ~2-3 hours and the other 10% of jobs could be on the Grid for up to 20-30 hours! (various reasons could lead to this issue not easy to tackle this problem)
- <u>better synchronization</u> of the monitoring information provided by our two tools: the CRAB and the Dashboard



Swiss CMS Tier-2

- CSCS at Manno hosts a CMS Tier-2 which offers a total of 768 cores and about 800 TB of storage space (reached this upgrade phase in Q1/2010)
- Network traffic via two redundant lines of 10Gbps (to CERN and Europe)
- Tier-2 is up & has been in stable operation for years!
- Shares of resources per VO are pretty well balanced.
 (spare cycles given to other VOs: HI, theory...)
- Typical reliability and availablity in last two years are higher than 95%!

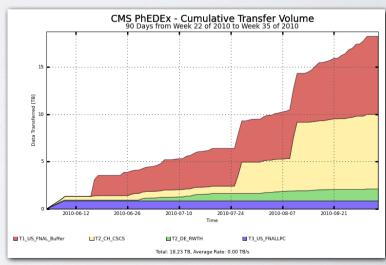




Swiss CMS Tier-3

- The PSI hosts a CMS Tier-3 which offers ~250 TB of storage space and 28 nodes with 224 cores. It is available to all CMS users from Swiss institutes (ETH Zurich, University of Zurich and PSI)
- Datasets can be transferred via PhEDEx from some Tier centers directly to the storage element (SE) and from the others via the Swiss Tier-2.
- Analysis jobs are typically submitted and run as CRAB jobs.
 - if the output is small, it is retrieved directly on the PSI SE (or at the UI)
 - otherwise, it is preferred to use CSCS SE for stage-out (and transfer data to PSI SE with tools provided by our T3 team)

 CMS PheDEX Cumulative Transfer Volume (and transfer Volume) CMS PheDEX Cumulative Transfer Volume) CMS PheDEX CMS
- The analysis/simulation jobs can be submitted directly to the local batch farm on worker nodes of the PSI Tier-3
- It has become <u>The Tool</u> for members of swiss institutes (CMS)



Conclusions

- The CMS has entered the data analysis era in a full swing!
- All the challenges we had in CMS in recent years have led to many improvements and resulted in a reliable system for analysis
 - exercised in many computing aspects...
 (DC04, CS06, CSA07, CSA08, STEP09, OctoberExercise ...)
 - ...and in most of the analysis aspects (dataset skimming, analysis at T2s etc.)
- The complete infrastructure has sustained an enormous load and successfully supported the analysis "marathon" prior to the ICHEP 2010
- The Swiss Tier-2 and Tier-3 centers are extensively used and play an essential role in our everyday-analysis life
- The main building blocks for data analysis are fully in place and working in a production environment (and being debugged and regularly updated to improve the user experience)