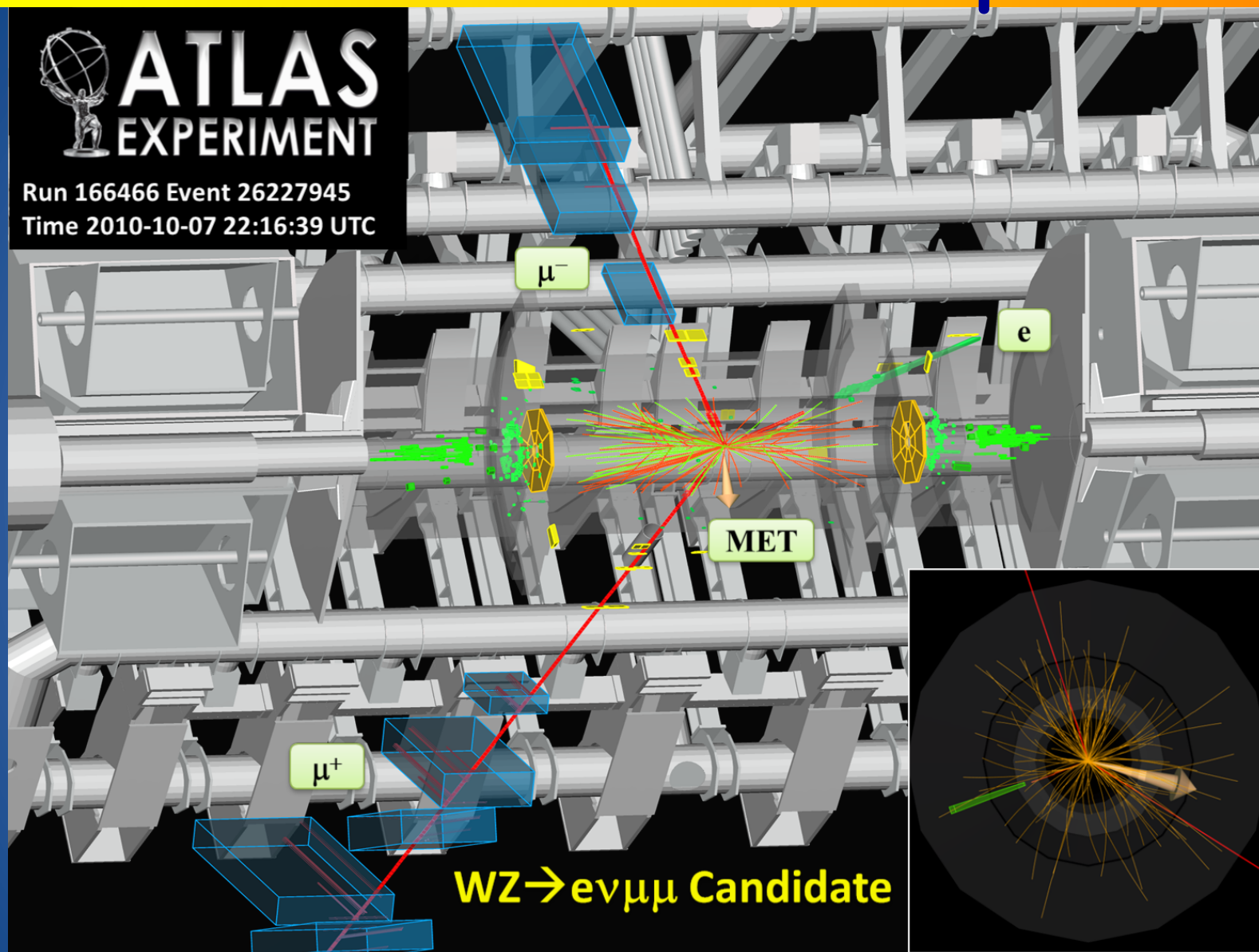


ATLAS: Status Report

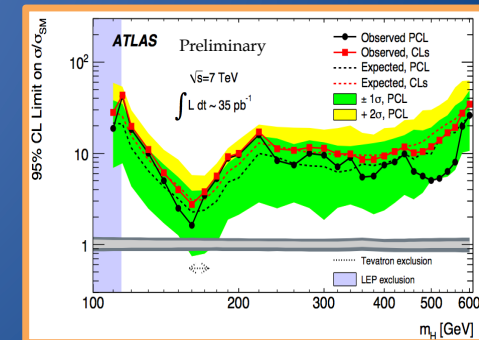
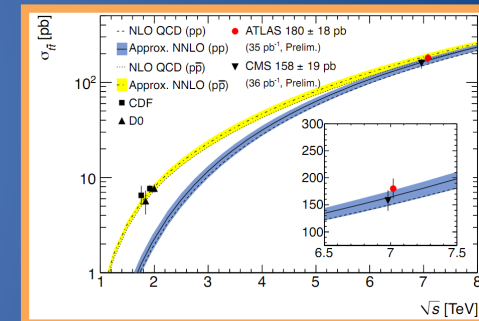
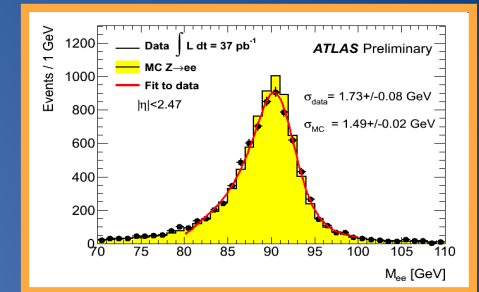
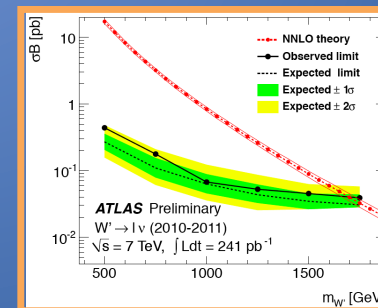
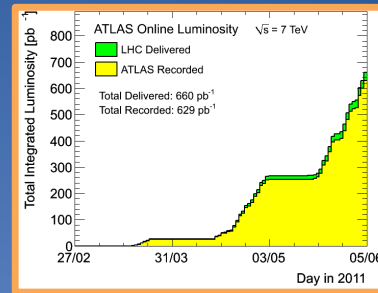


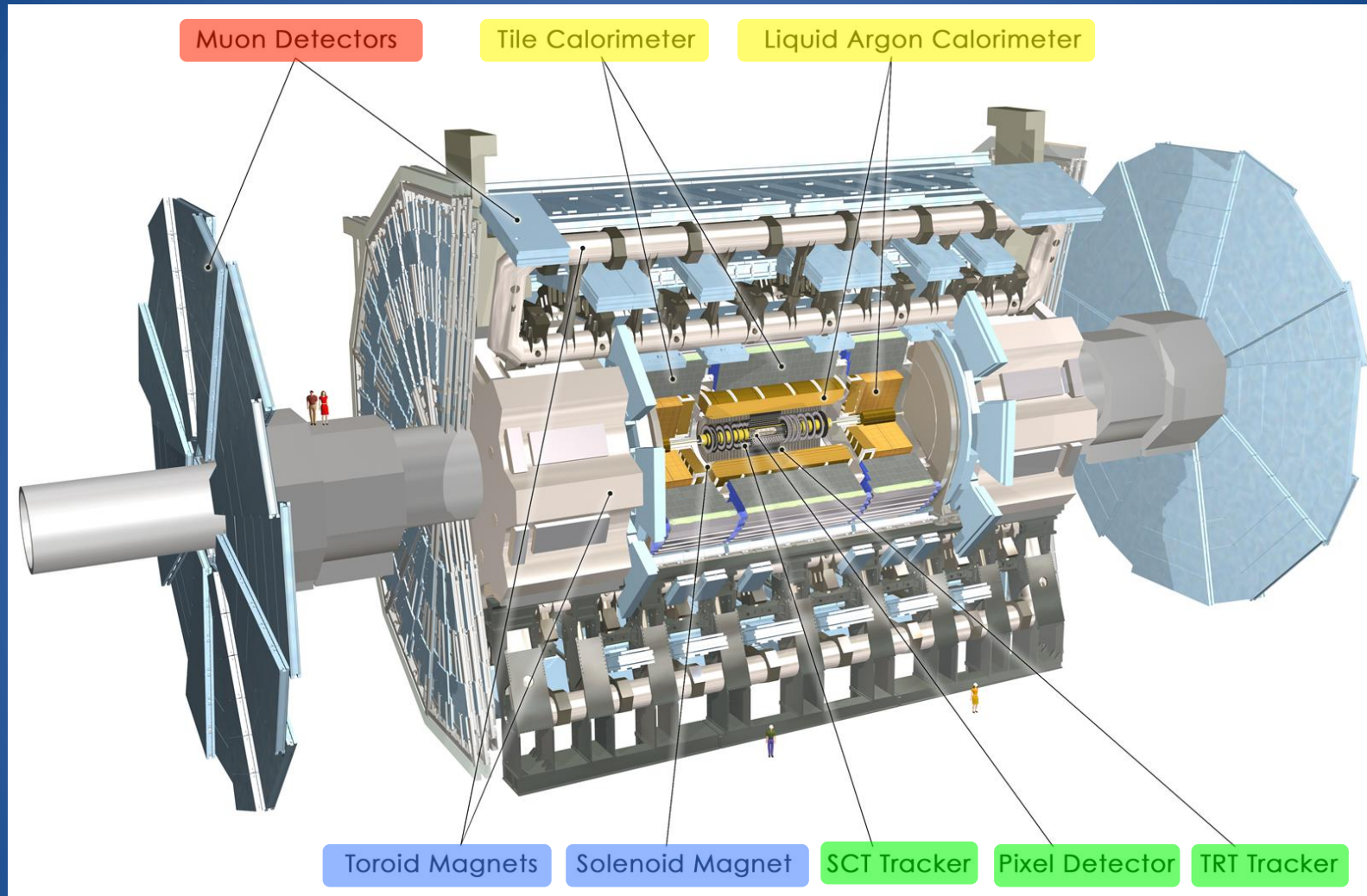
PLHC, Perugia 6/6/2011

L. Pontecorvo on behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration



- Detector Operation
- Performance
- Selected HI results
- Highlights on SM Physics
- Exotic and SuSy Searches
- Higgs Searches
- Conclusions





4 Superconducting magnets: Central Solenoid ($B= 2T$)

3 Air core Toroids

Inner detector

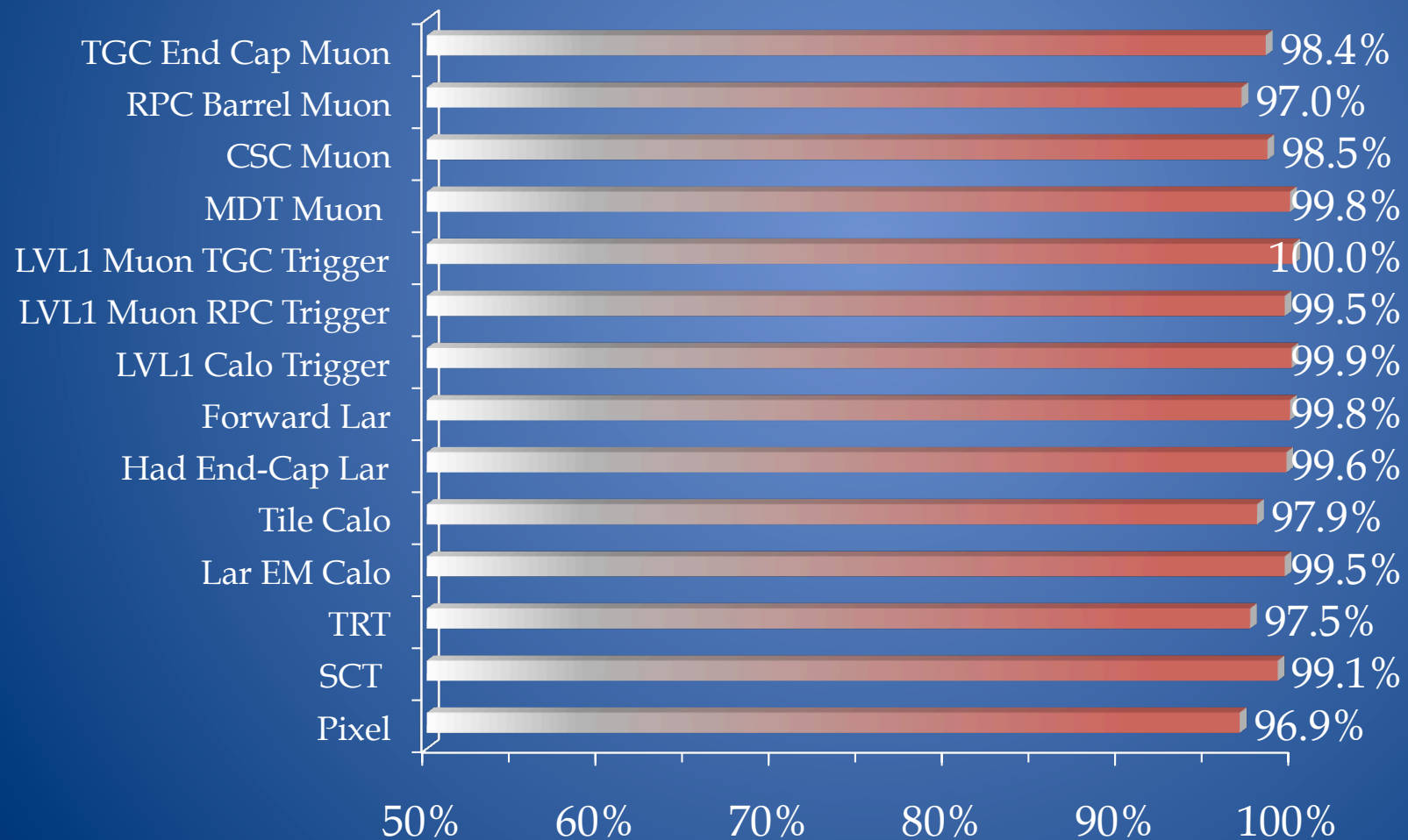
Calorimetry

Muon Spectrometer



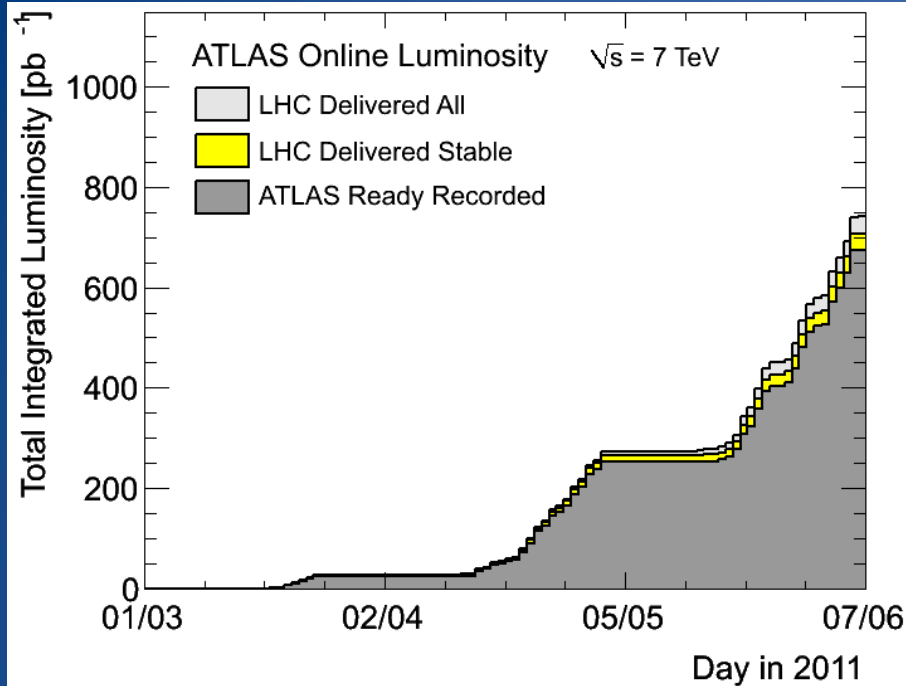
- Fraction of operational channels close to 100 % for all systems

Channel Live Fraction



Number of Channels
320 K
370 K
31 K
350 K
320 K
370 K
7 K
3.5 K
5.6 K
9.8 K
170 K
350 K
6.3 M
80 M





Max inst lumi. : $1.26 \times 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$

Delivered luminosity: 709 pb^{-1}

ATLAS ready recorded: 676 pb^{-1}

Preliminary uncertainty on 2011 luminosity 4.5%

Data taking efficiency: >95%

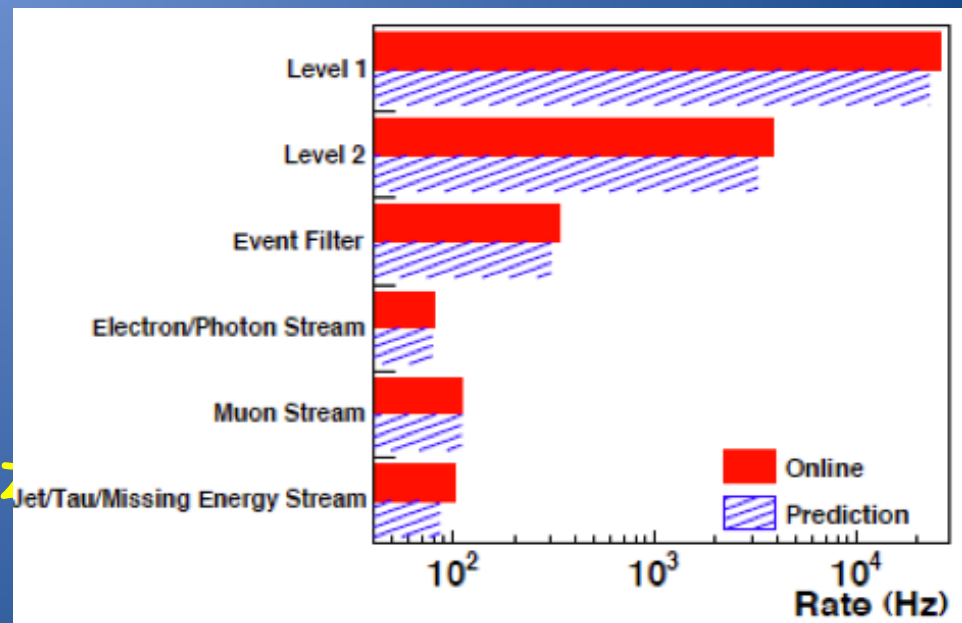
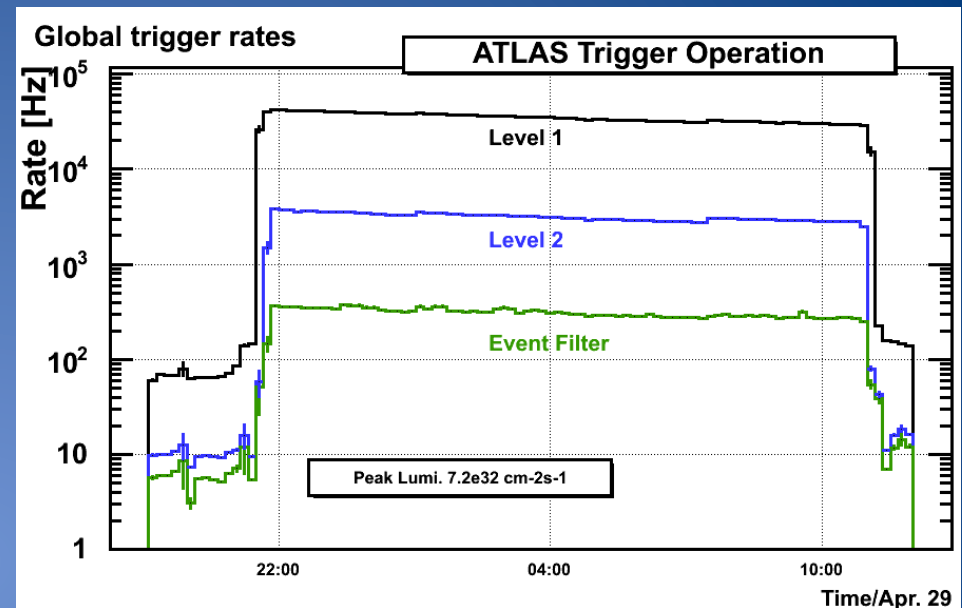
Fraction of good quality data per detector

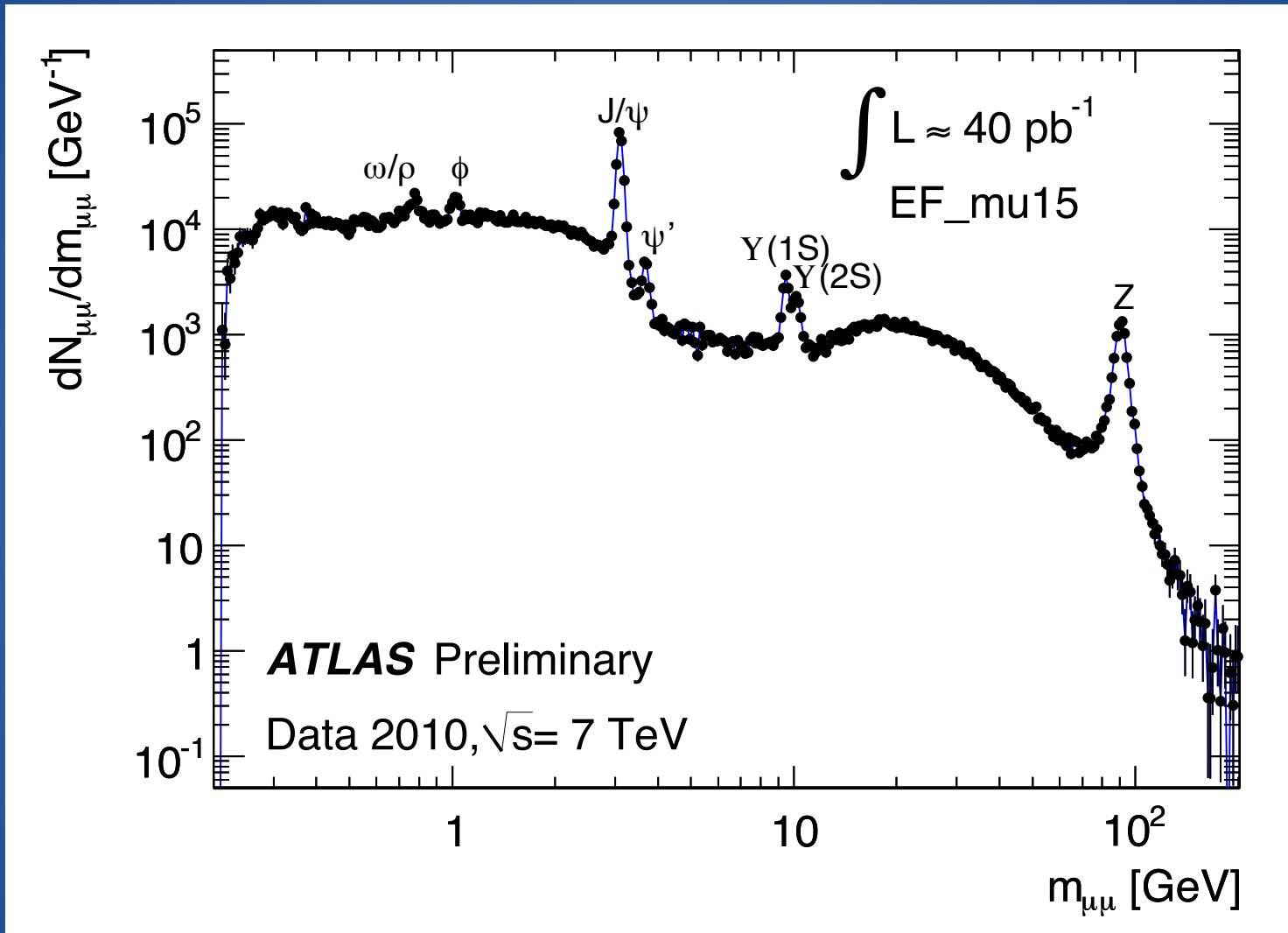
Inner Tracking Detectors			Calorimeters				Muon Detectors				Magnets	
Pixel	SCT	TRT	LAr EM	LAr HAD	LAr FWD	Tile	MDT	RPC	CSC	TGC	Solenoid	Toroid
99.5	99.4	100	87.5	92.4	94.5	100	100	99.0	99.9	99.8	96.8	95.1

Fraction of recorded data used for Top analysis : 83%



- Trigger organized in 3 levels
 - LVL1 (50 KHz): Hardware
 - LVL2 (4 KHz): Software on reduced granularity (regions of interest)
 - EF (≈ 300 Hz): Based on Offline Reconstruction Full Granularity
- Rates of physics objects very well understood and under control.
- Recorded physics rate ≈ 300 Hz

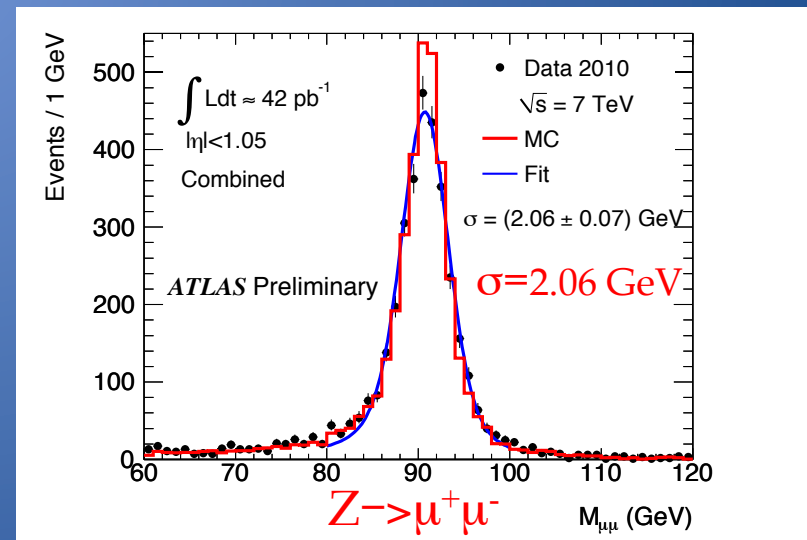
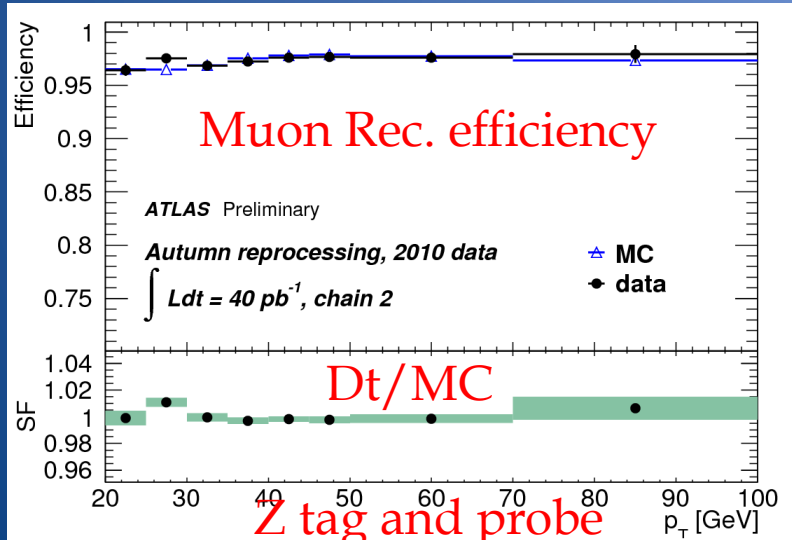
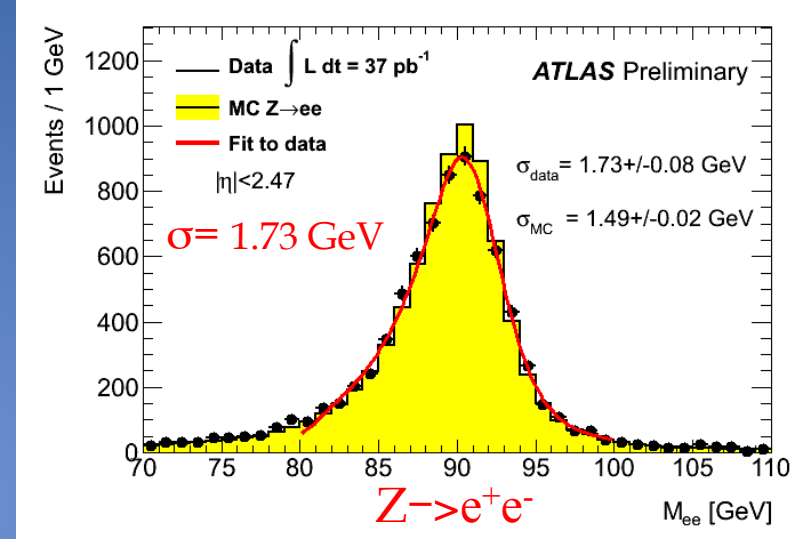
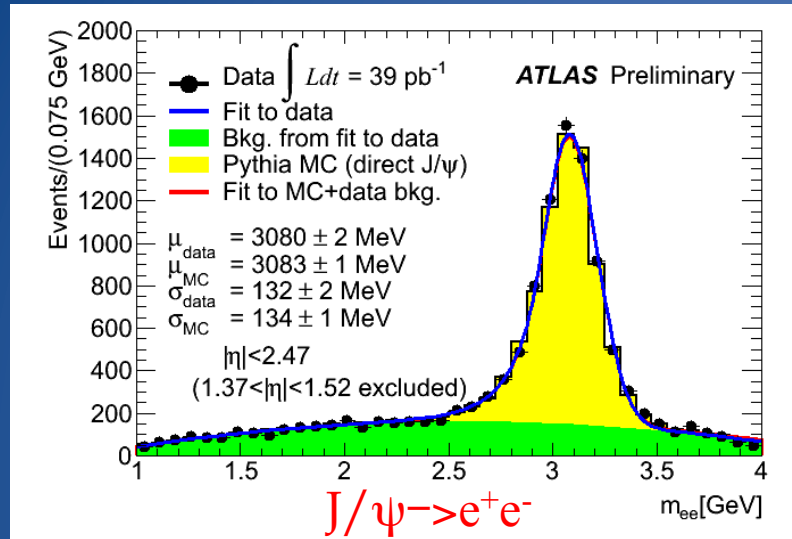




- Calibrating the detector performance with Nobel Prize winning particles



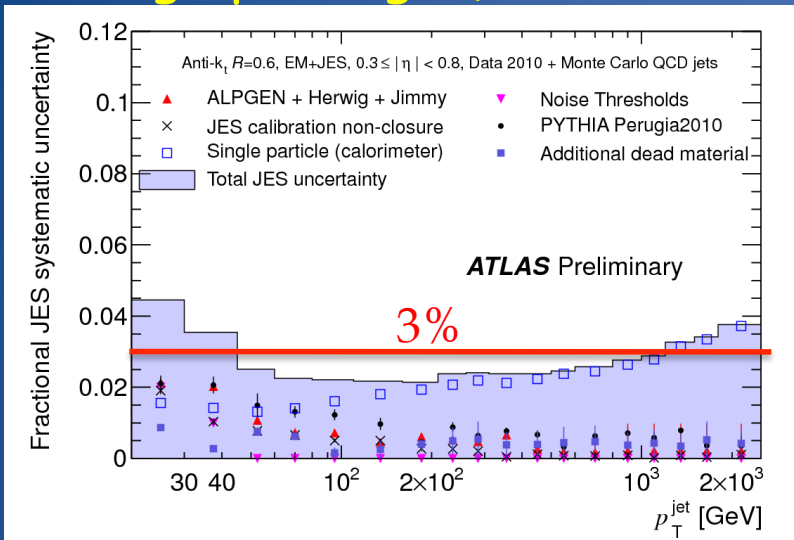
Electrons: Excellent resolution (1.9% @ Z) and linearity down to very low Pt



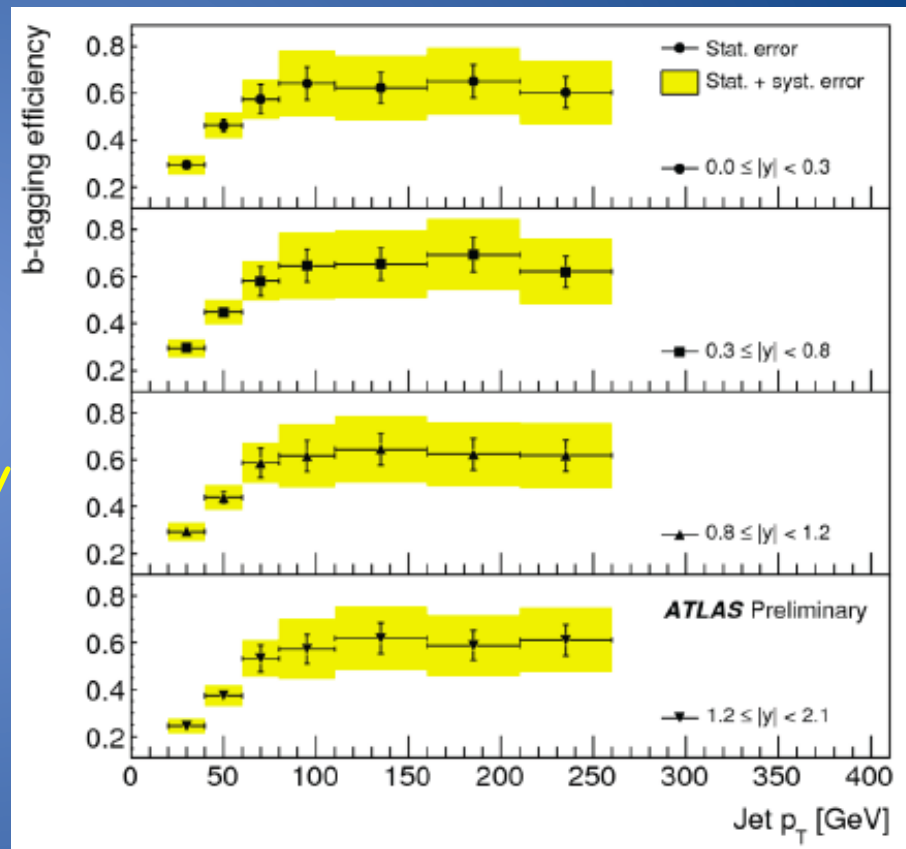
Muons: high and well understood reconstruction efficiency,
Excellent resolution: (@Z: 2 % in Barrel, 3% in EndCap) and scale <1%



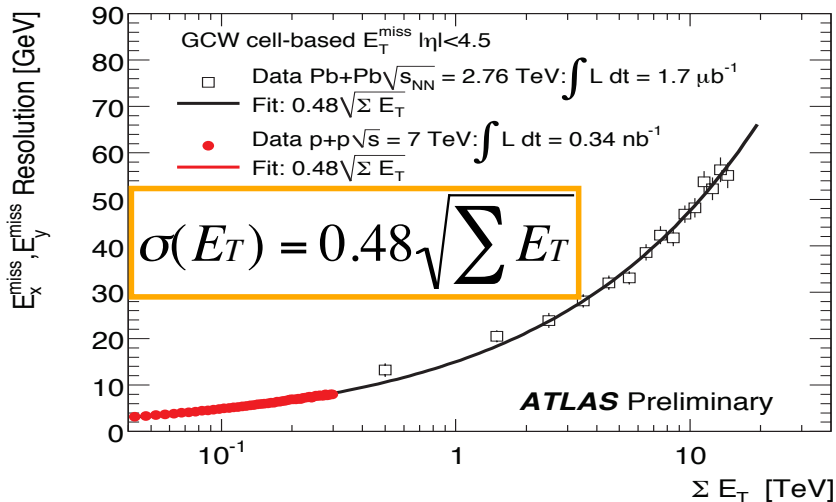
Jet Energy Scale: systematic uncertainty <3%
in a large p_T range (2010 data no pile-up)



B tagging (SV0)

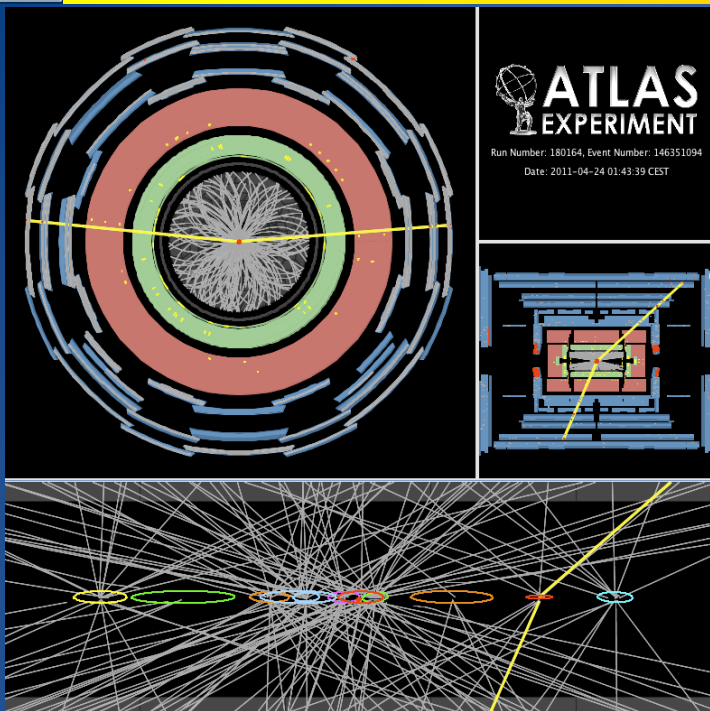


Missing Et Resolution : tested up to very high ΣE_T using Heavy Ions data



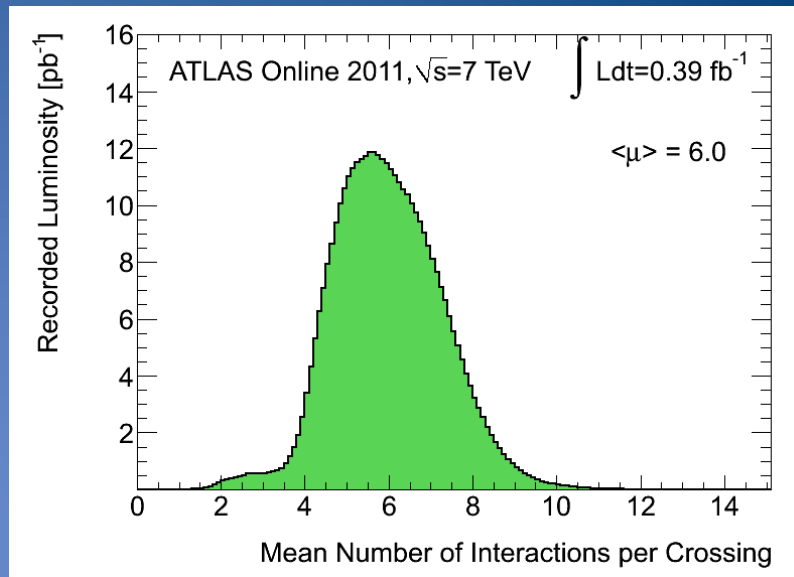
Efficiency 40-60%
Mis-tag rate : 0.2-1%





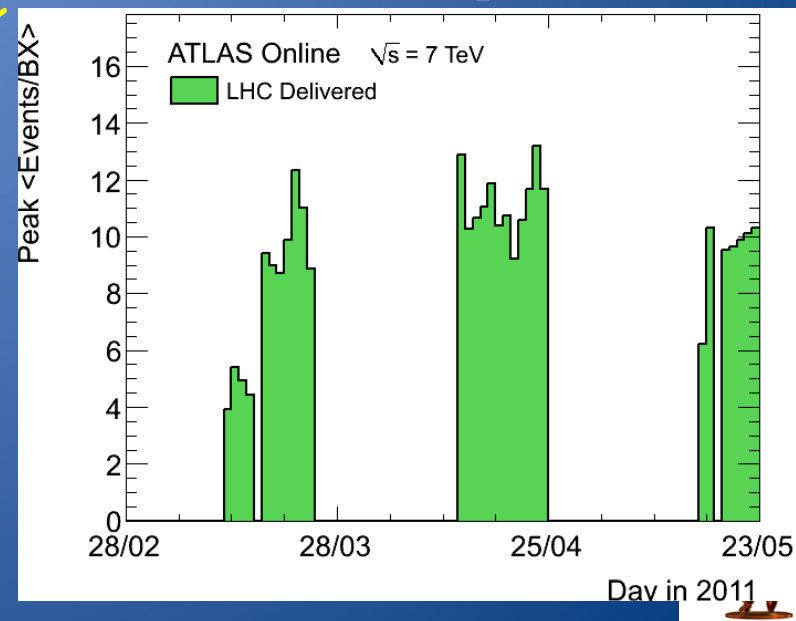
Event with 11 vertices and 1 Z

Average # of interactions per crossing

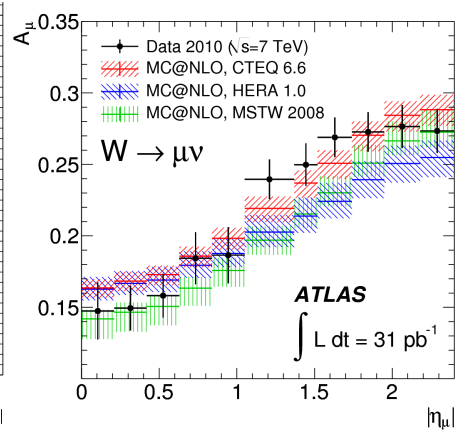
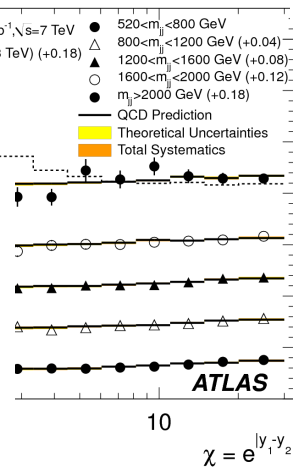
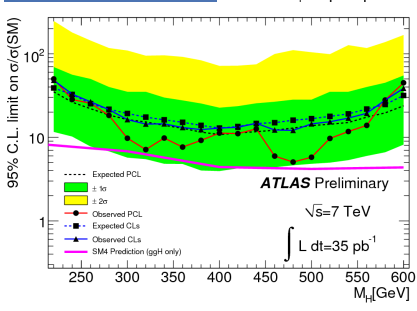
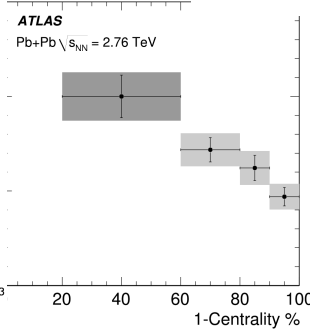
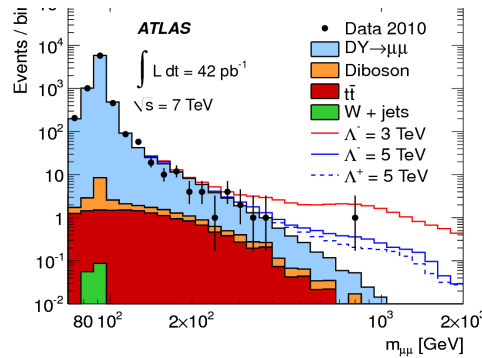
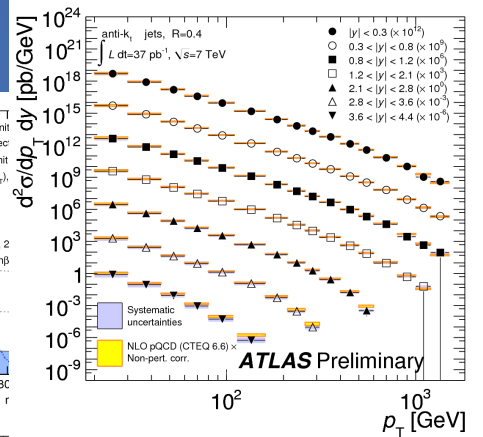
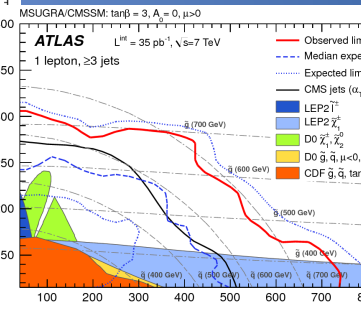
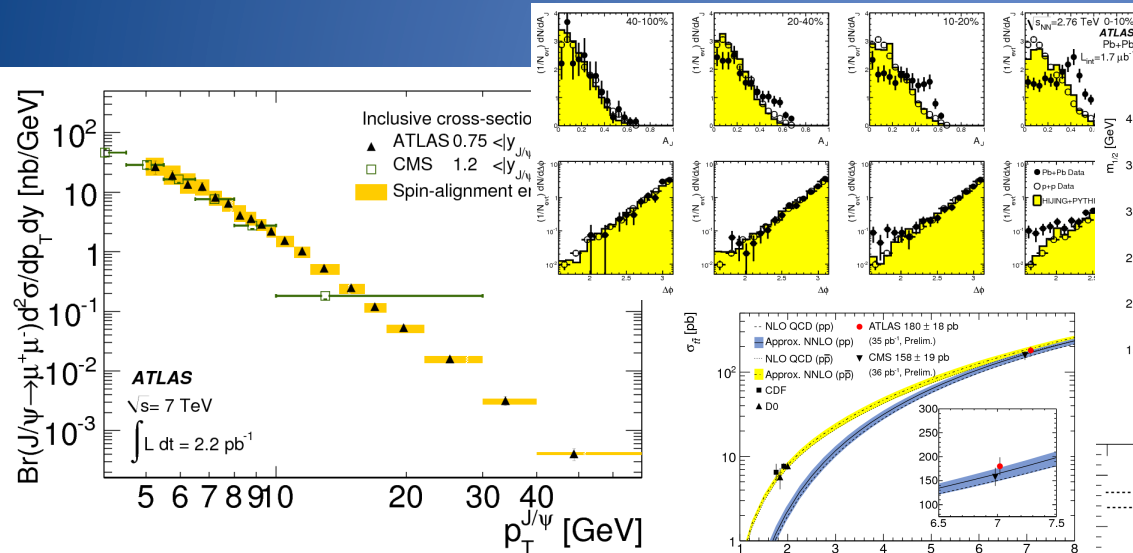
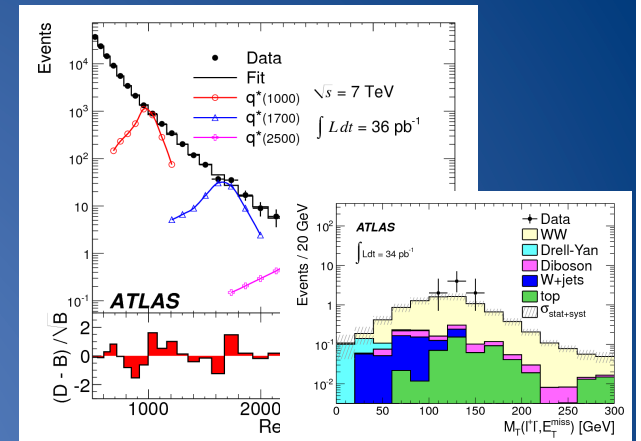


- Average Pile Up in 2011 : 6.0 Coll/BC
- Max Pile Up : 10-12 Collisions/BC
- Issue for:
 - Missing energy
 - Lepton Isolation (mainly calorimetric)
 - Jet Energy Scale and resolution
 - Vertexing
 - CPU time and event size

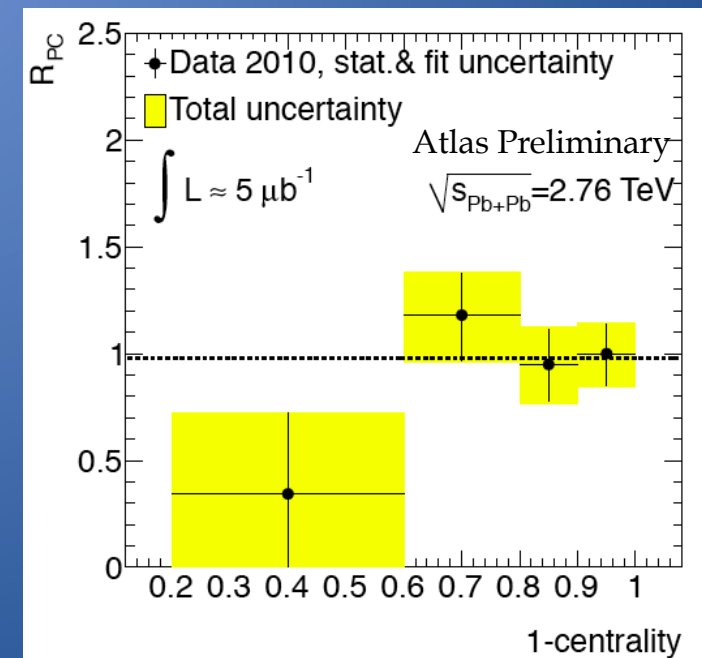
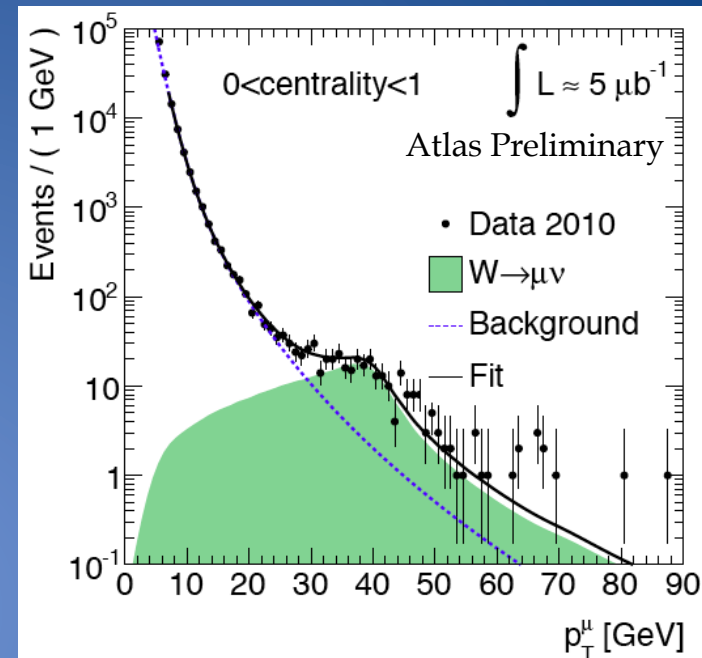
Max Pile up vs time



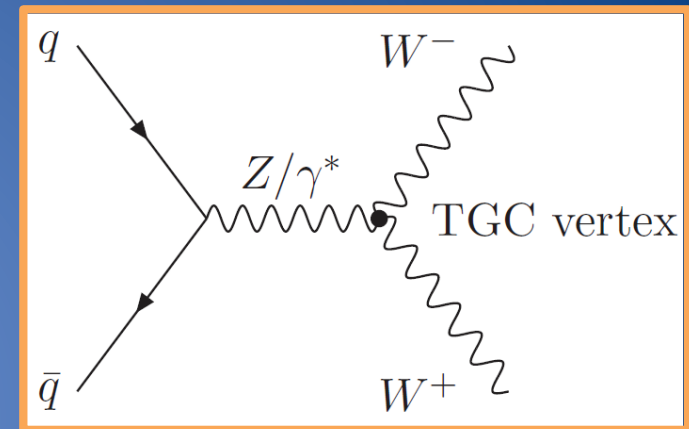
- 36 Physics paper published or submitted
- 88 conf notes published in 2011
 - 8 with 2011 data for this Conference

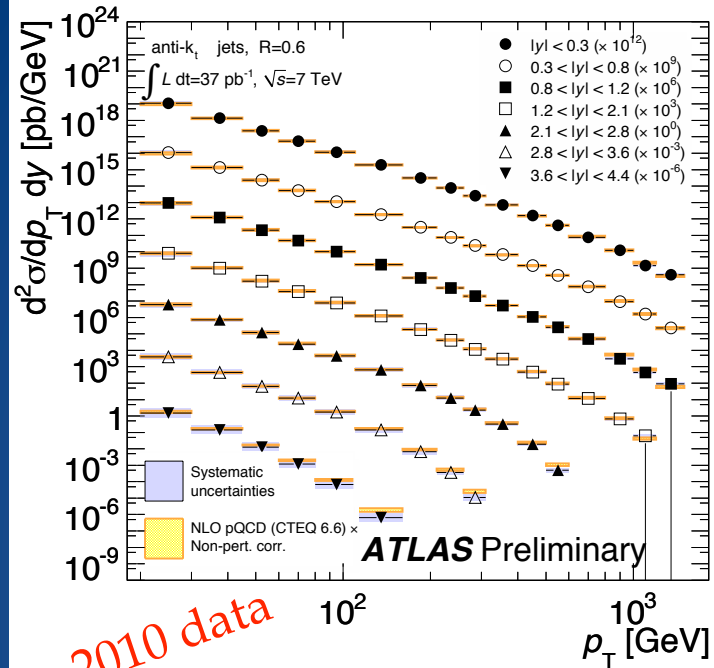


- First direct observation of Jet Quenching
- First publication on J/Psi suppression and Z production in HI at LHC.
 - Both papers sent to journals before Xmas 2010.
- New:
 - Measurement of relative yield (wrt most central bin) of W production in HI vs centrality
 - + many other new measurements (jet quenching, particle flow etc.)

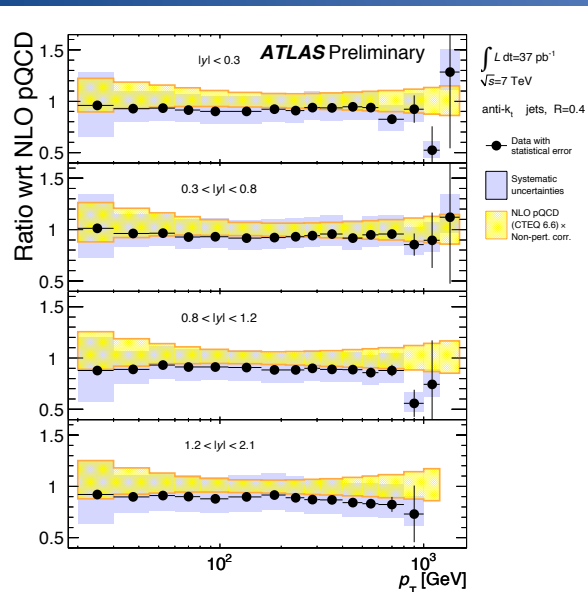
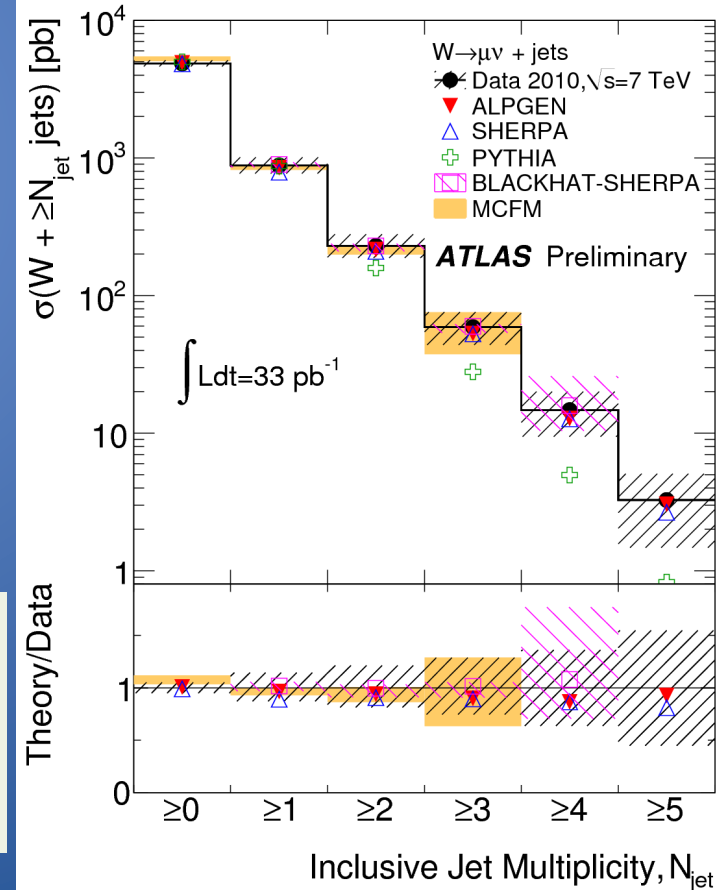


- Measuring the SM processes at 7 TeV extends our knowledge of fundamental physics
 - QCD JET cross section
 - W, Z cross section
 - Di-bosons cross section
 - Top and single Top cross section
- The above processes are backgrounds for New Physics and Higgs searches
 - Understanding these processes is essential for the quest of New Physics
- Benchmark processes for the understanding of the detector





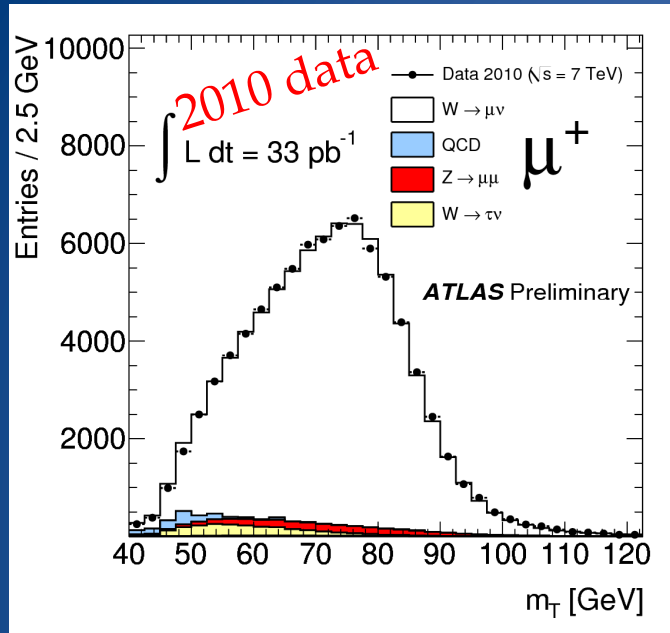
- Double Differential Jet cross section vs P_T
- 7 rapidity bins, up to $|y|=4.4$ units
- P_T range from 20 GeV to 1.5 TeV
- ~9 orders of magnitude in cross section
- Total uncertainty, from 50% to 10%, dominated by JES



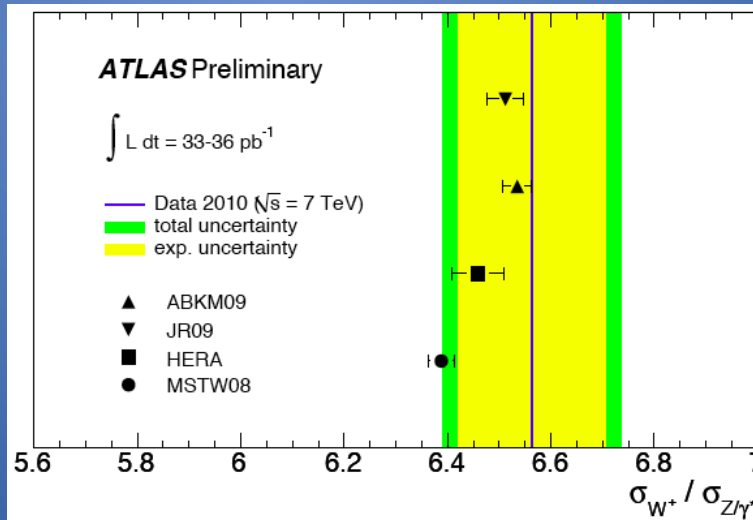
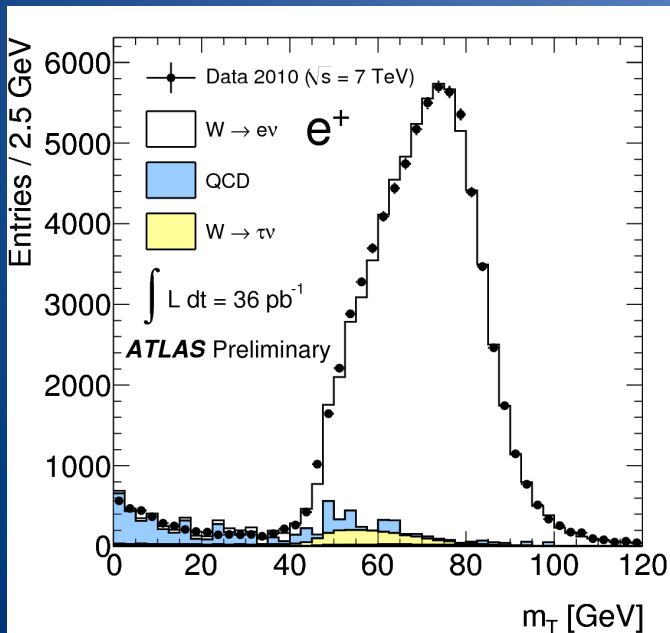
- Jet Multiplicity in W + Jets events very well predicted by AlpGen and Sherpa

Kinematical distributions are well understood: good agreement Data/MC

Inclusive W-Z cross section and W+/Z cross section ratio



	$\sigma_{W(\pm)}^{\text{tot}} \cdot \text{BR}(W \rightarrow \ell\nu)$ [nb]
W^+	$6.257 \pm 0.017(\text{sta}) \pm 0.152(\text{sys}) \pm 0.213(\text{lum}) \pm 0.188(\text{acc})$
W^-	$4.149 \pm 0.014(\text{sta}) \pm 0.102(\text{sys}) \pm 0.141(\text{lum}) \pm 0.124(\text{acc})$
W	$10.391 \pm 0.022(\text{sta}) \pm 0.238(\text{sys}) \pm 0.353(\text{lum}) \pm 0.312(\text{acc})$
$\sigma_{Z/\gamma^*}^{\text{tot}} \cdot \text{BR}(Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \ell\ell)$ [nb], $66 < m_{ee} < 116$ GeV	
Z/γ^*	$0.945 \pm 0.006(\text{sta}) \pm 0.011(\text{sys}) \pm 0.032(\text{lum}) \pm 0.038(\text{acc})$



• NNLO predictions consistent with data

• Remarkable success of pQCD and PDFs

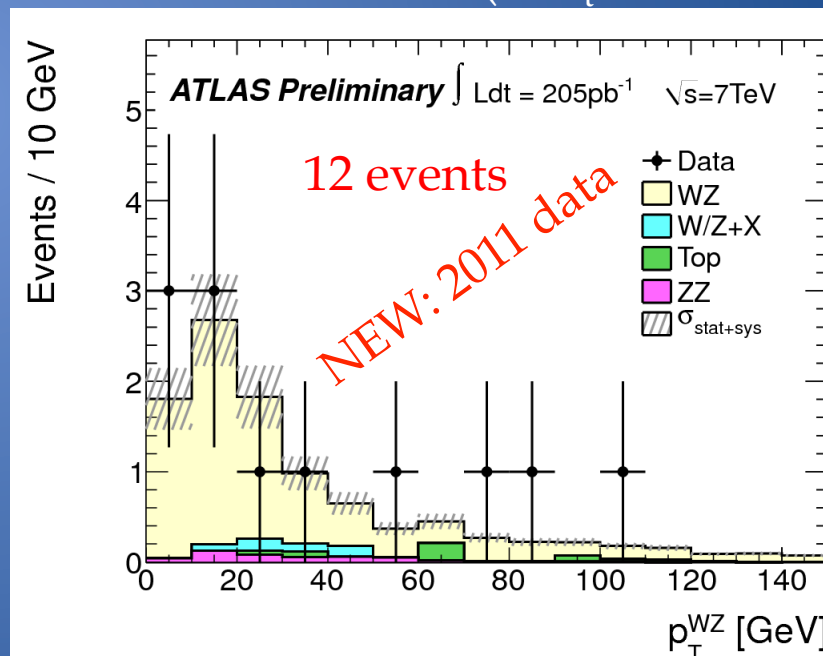
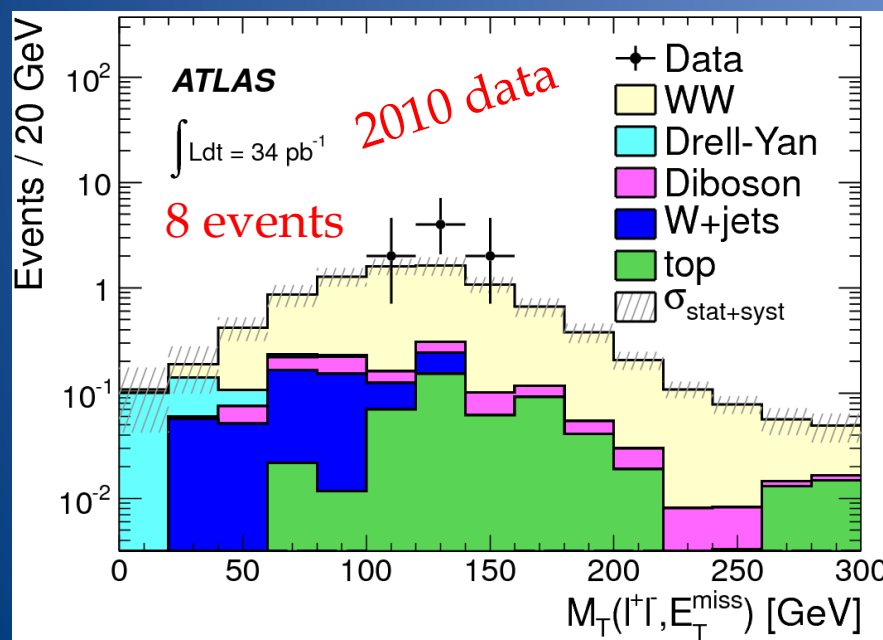
• QCD background always estimated with data driven techniques



- Measurement of WW , WZ and $W\gamma$, $Z\gamma$ production cross section with 2010-11 data
- The goal is to test the non-Abelian nature of the Electro-Weak interaction: Triple Gauge Coupling
- Important background for Higgs and New Physics searches

Trans. Mass (l^+l^- , E_{miss}) for WW cand.

Pt distribution of WZ (lll, E_t^{miss}) Candidates



$$\sigma_{WW} = 40_{-16}^{+20} (stat) \pm 7 (syst) pb$$

$$\sigma_{WZ} = 18_{-6}^{+7} (stat) \pm 3 (syst) \pm 1 (lumi) pb$$

- Top production cross section obtained combining 5 different analyses:

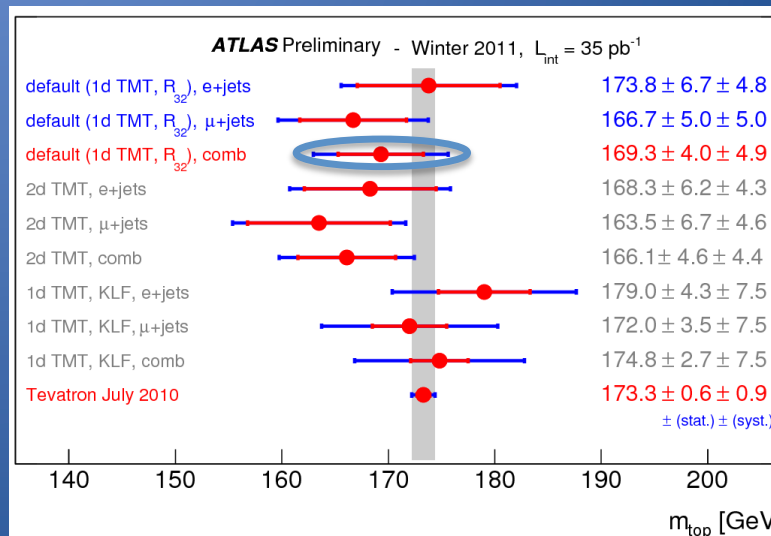
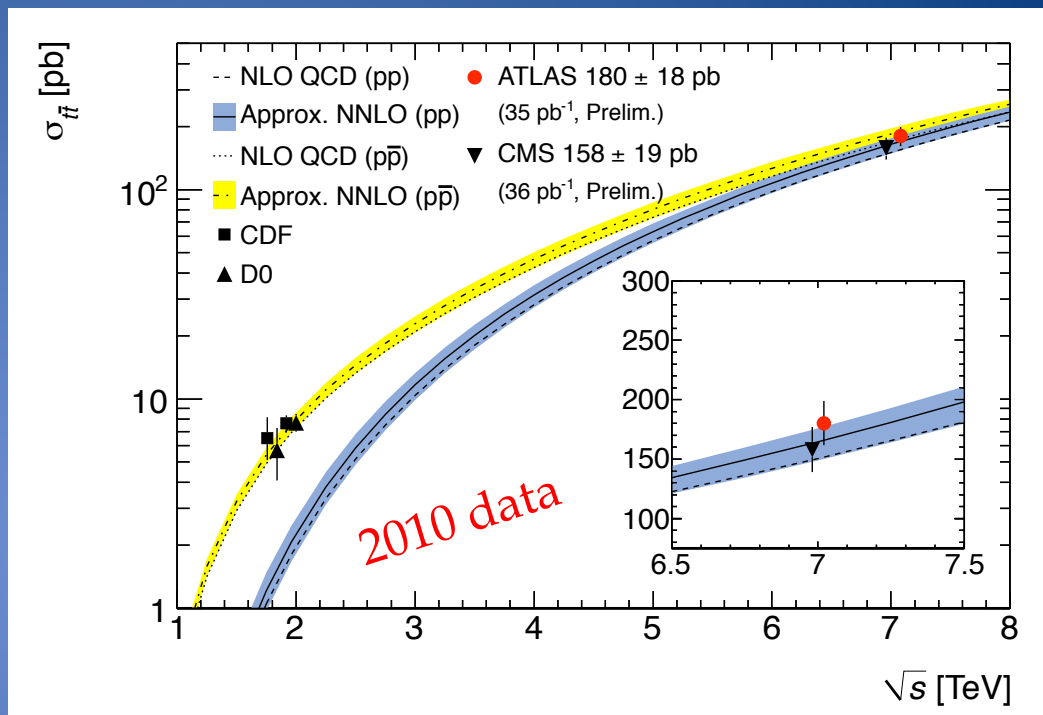
- e+jets, with b-taging
- μ + jets, with b-tagging
- ee+jets (w/o b-tagging)
- $\mu\mu$ +jets (w/o b-tagging)
- $e\mu$ +jets (w/o b-tagging)

$$\sigma(tt) = 180 \pm 9 \pm 15 \pm 6 \text{ pb}$$

[10% total uncertainty]

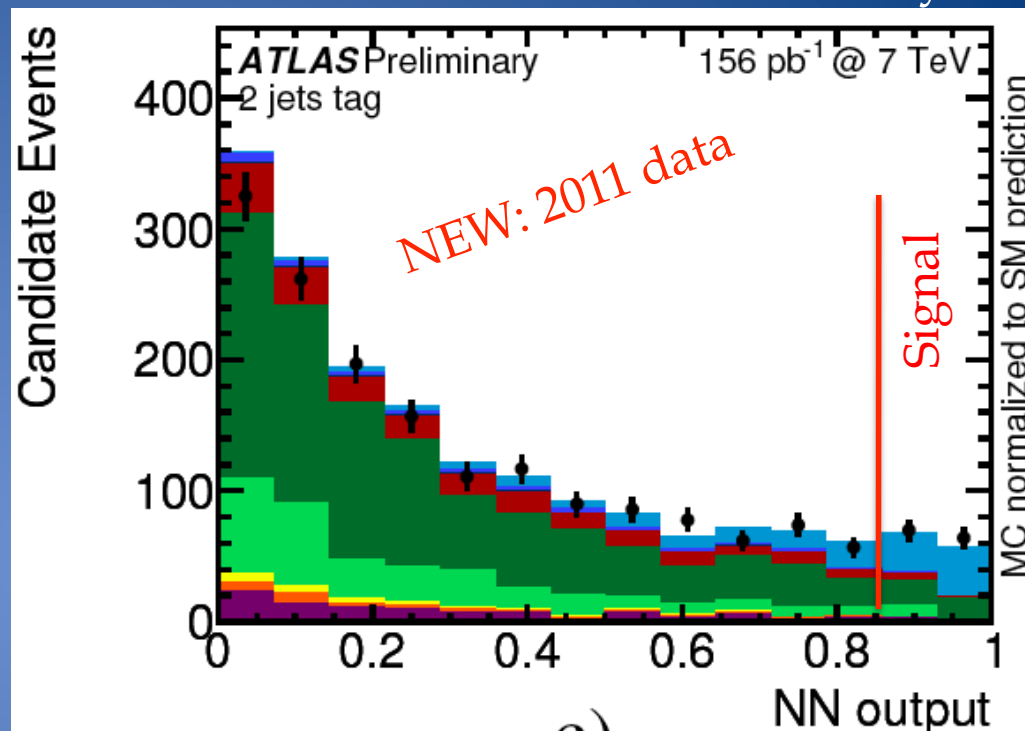
- Top Quark Mass measured in the Lepton + Jets channel.

$$M_t = 196 \pm 4.0 \pm 4.9 \text{ GeV}$$



- Single Top production is a direct probe of the W - t - b coupling and is sensitive to New Physics
- Events selection: exactly 1 lepton, 2 jets (1 B-tagged) and $E_{\text{miss}} > 25 \text{ GeV}$
- Main backgrounds: MultiJet, W + Jets, $t\bar{t}$
- Two analyses:
 - Cut and Count (C-C)
 - Neural Network

Nb of candidate events in NN analysis



SM cross section for t-channel

$$\sigma_{t,SM} = 66.2 \text{ pb}$$

Neural Network result

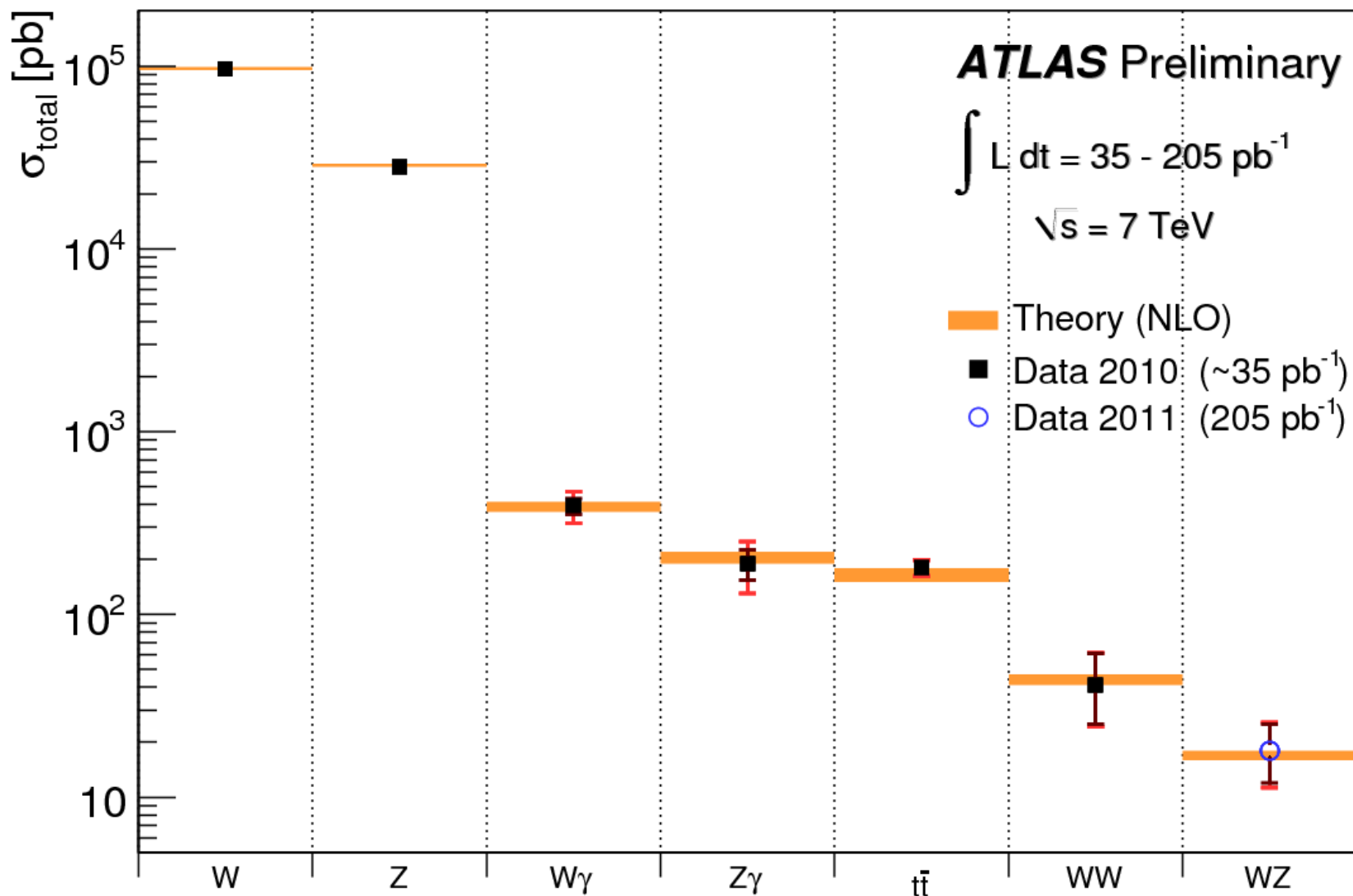
$$\sigma_t = 76^{+41}_{-21} \text{ pb}$$

Significance

$$6.2\sigma$$

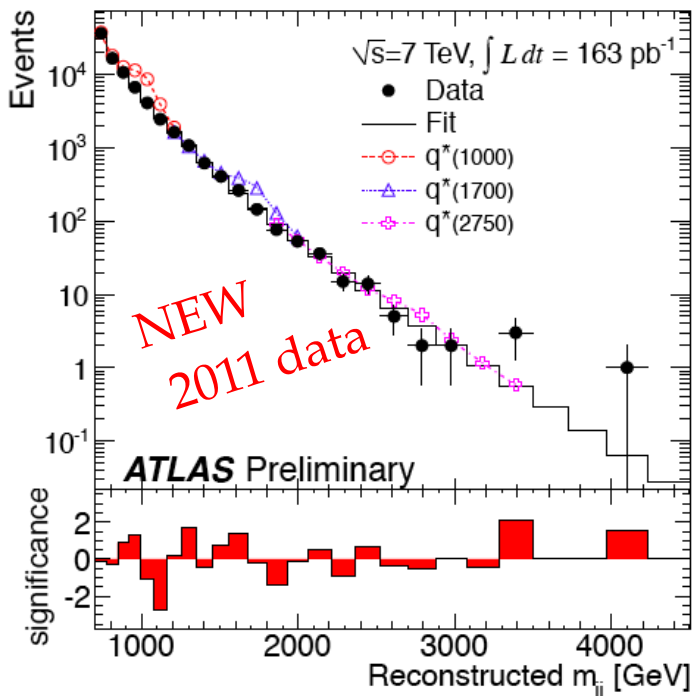


Main SM cross sections measured by ATLAS



- Report on new results with 2011 data:
 - Excited Quarks and Quark Compositeness:
 - Di-jet mass and angular distributions
 - New heavy Gauge Bosons e.g. W' and Z' :
 - Transverse mass and Di-lepton mass distributions
 - T-Tbar resonances
 - Multijet, Lepton, Neutrino Invariant mass distribution
- Many more results published with 2010 data not discussed here:
 - R-S gravitons, Extra Dimensions, New Contact interactions, Lepto-quarks, Hidden Valley and many more.

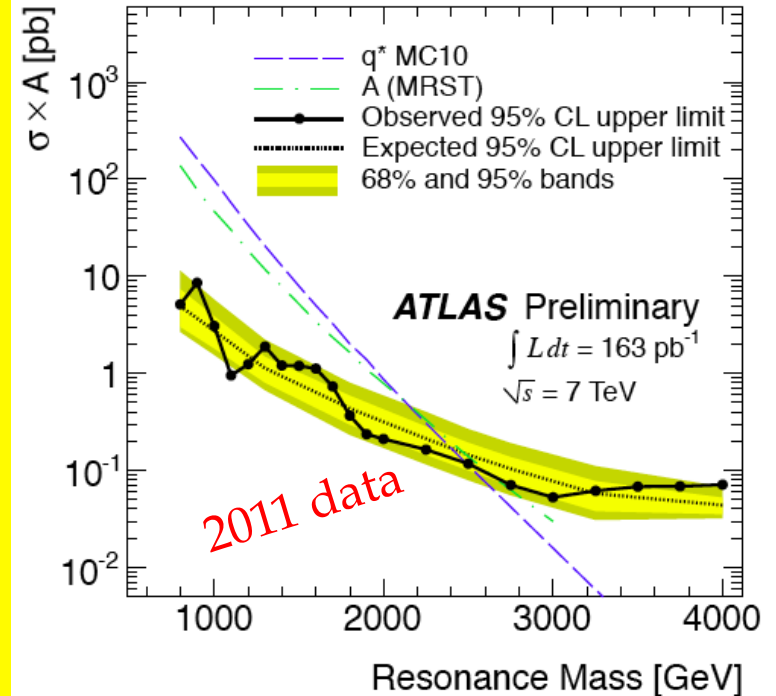
- Excited Quarks search:
- Compare bin by bin the M_{jj} distribution with a fit to data over the full M_{jj} range
- Look for bumps using the BumpHunter algorithm.
 - Select events with ≥ 2 Jets with $P_{t1} > 150$ GeV and $P_{t2} > 30$ GeV. Largest M_{jj} probed in central region: 4 TeV



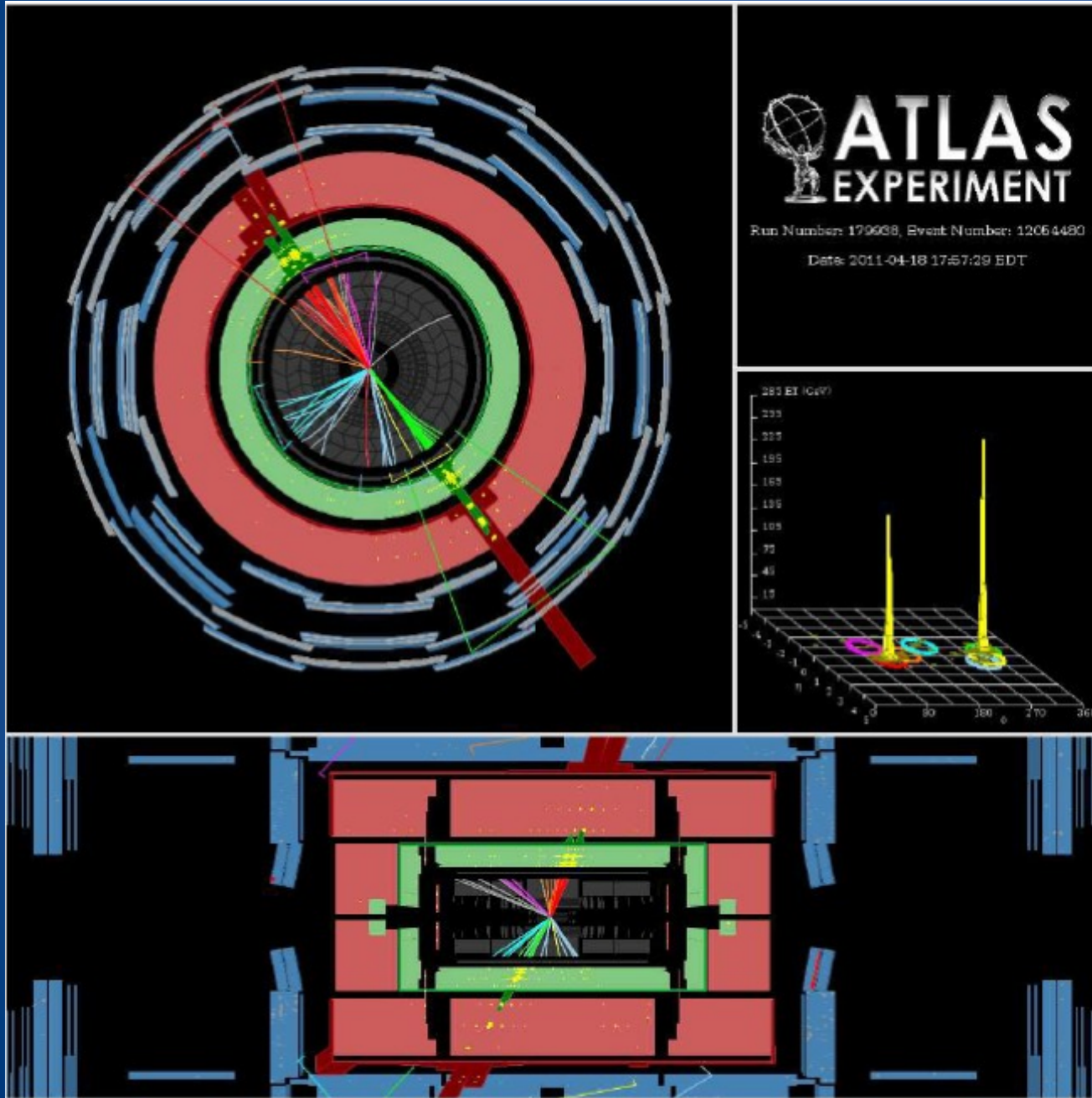
Good agreement btw. Fit and data over more than 4 order of magnitude.

No bumps observed

New Limit: Q^* Mass > 2.49 TeV @95% CL



Highest Dijet Mass: $M_{jj} = 4 \text{ TeV}$

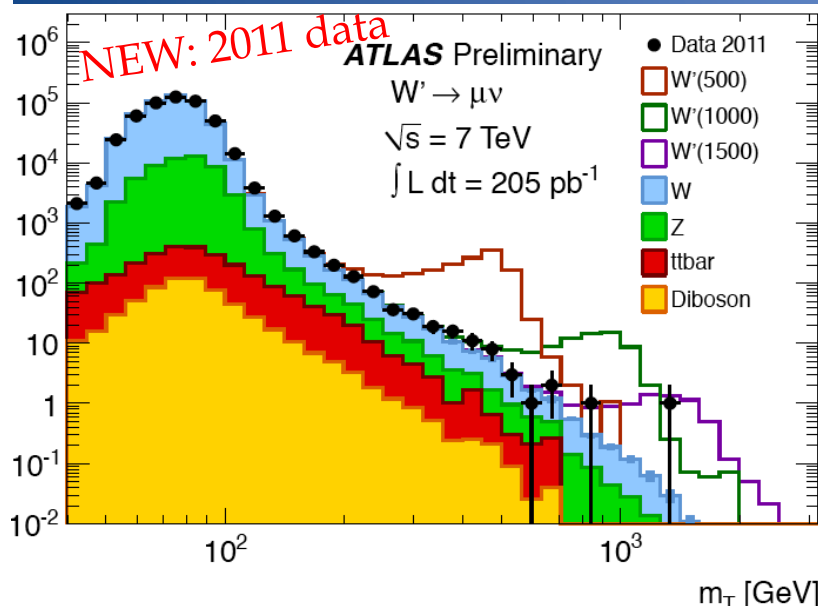


- Highest Di-Jet mass in central region
- $M_{jj} = 4.04 \text{ TeV}$
- $P_{\uparrow}^1 = 1850 \text{ GeV}$
- $P_{\uparrow}^2 = 1840 \text{ GeV}$
- $\eta^1 = 0.32$
- $\eta^2 = -0.53$

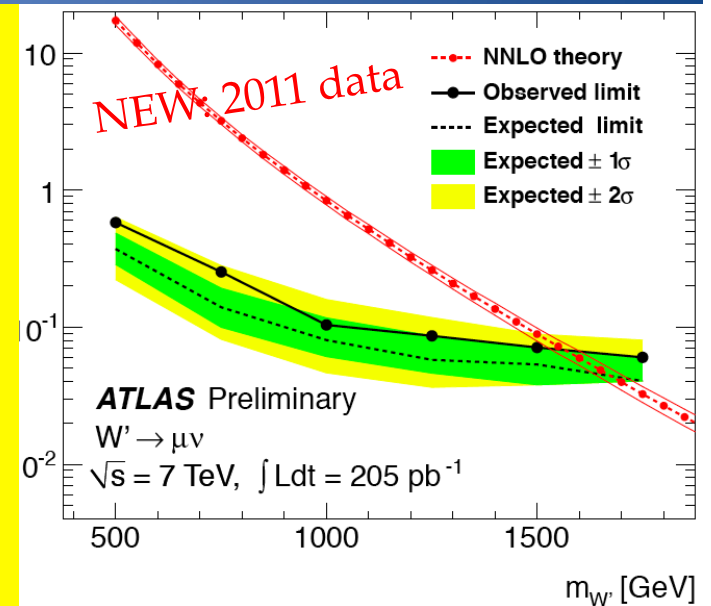
- W' search based on the transverse mass spectrum

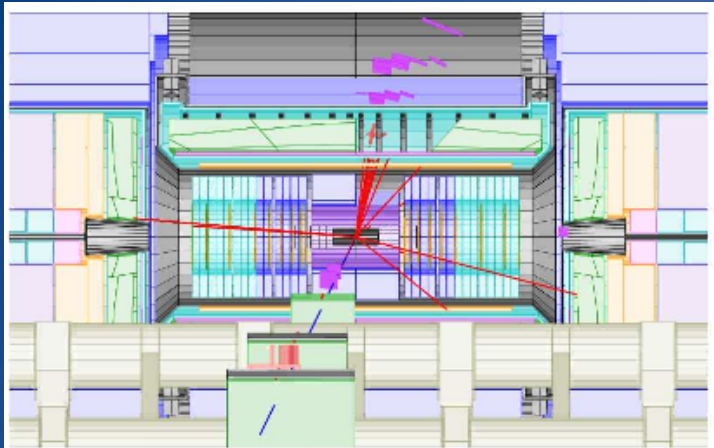
$$m_T = \sqrt{2p_T^l E_T^{miss} (1 - \cos \phi_{l\nu})}$$

- Need to understand Missing E_T and Muons at very high momentum
- Main background:
 - W
 - Z (if one lepton is missed)
 - Top and Di-Boson
- Quoted limits for W' and Z' are obtained in the SSM model with SM couplings for the W' and Z'

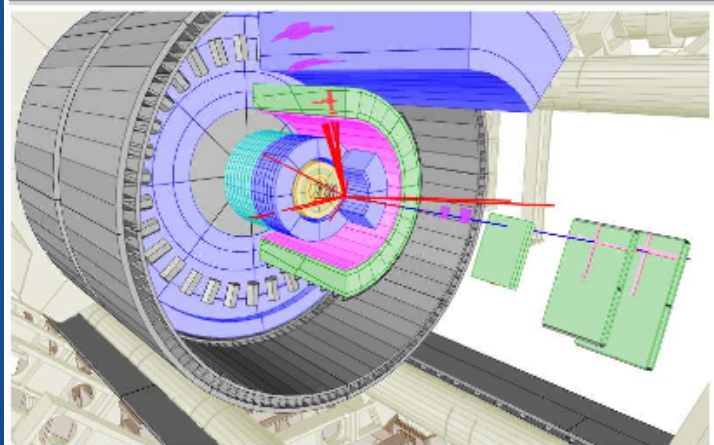


No significant excess over SM background
 Highest M_T
 1.35 TeV
 New Limit:
 $M_{W'} > 1.57$ TeV
 95% CL 1.68 exp

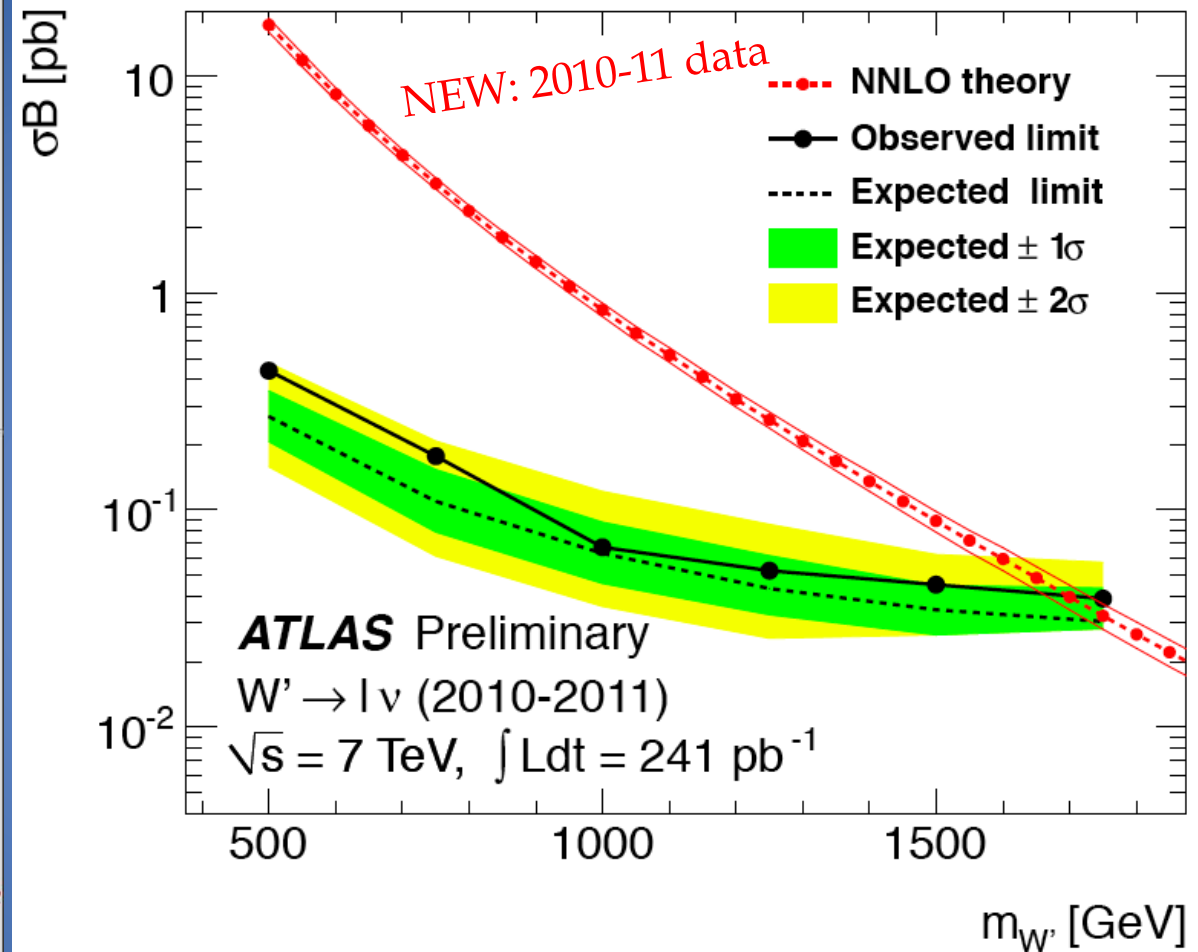




YZ view



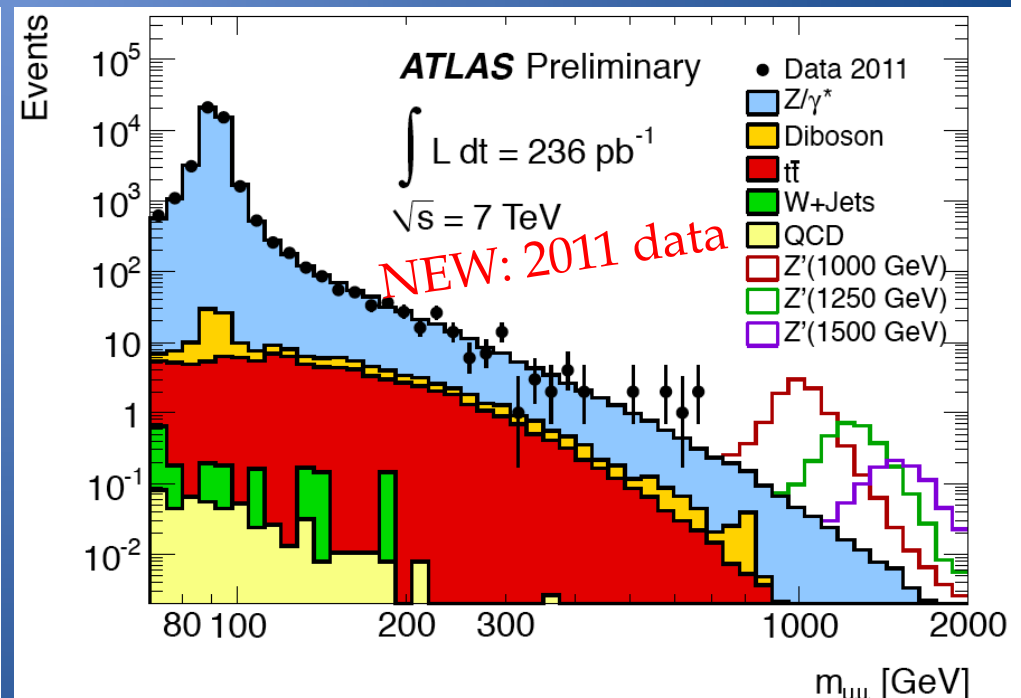
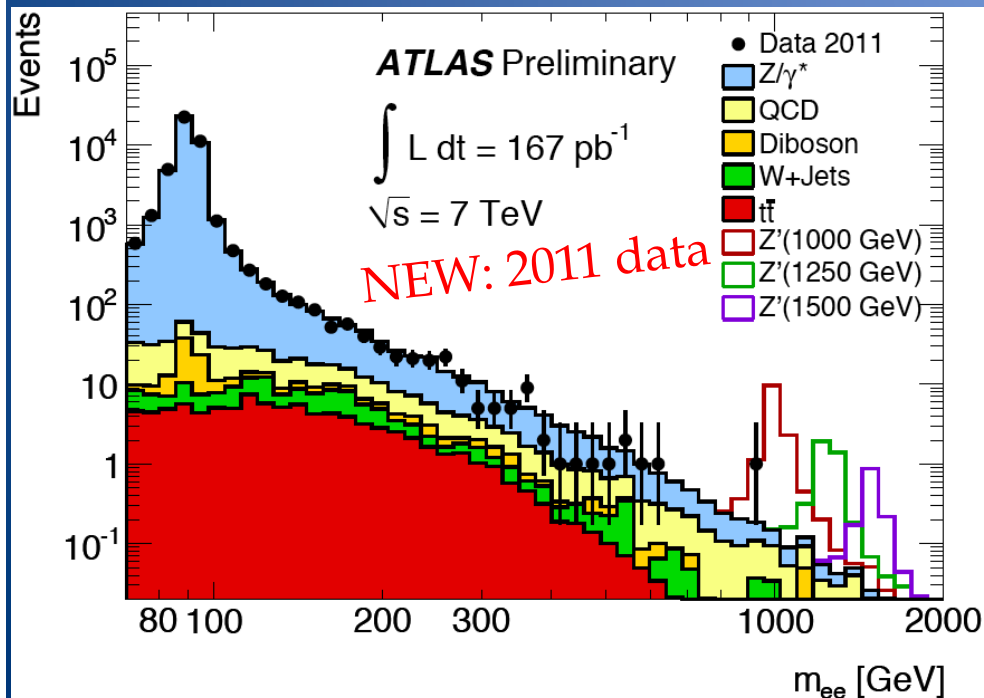
Run Number: 180149, Cells: Tiles, EMC
Event Number: 25360846
Date: 2011-04-22, 20:17:34 CET

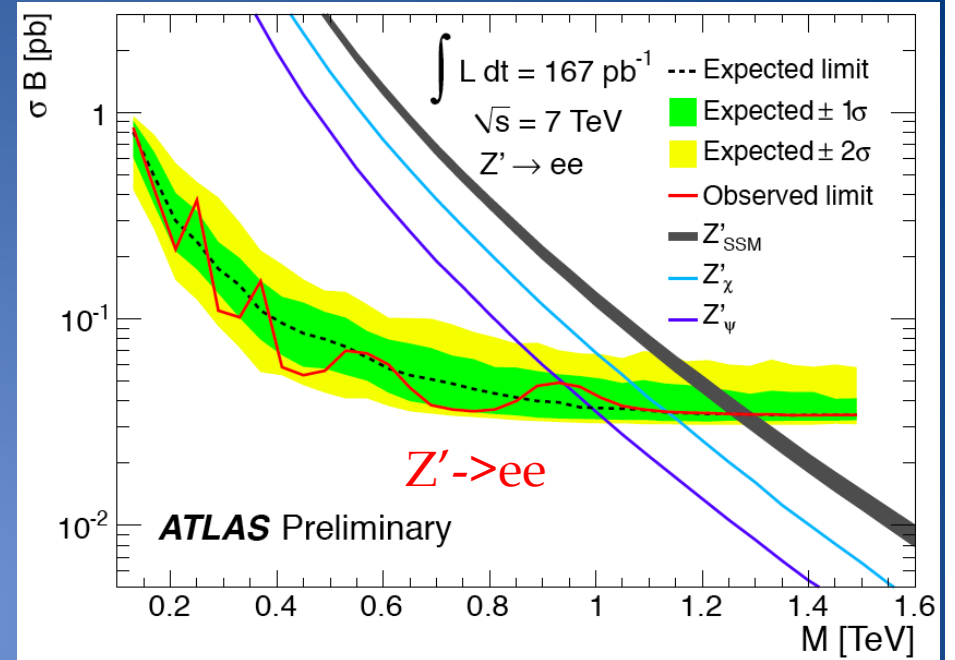
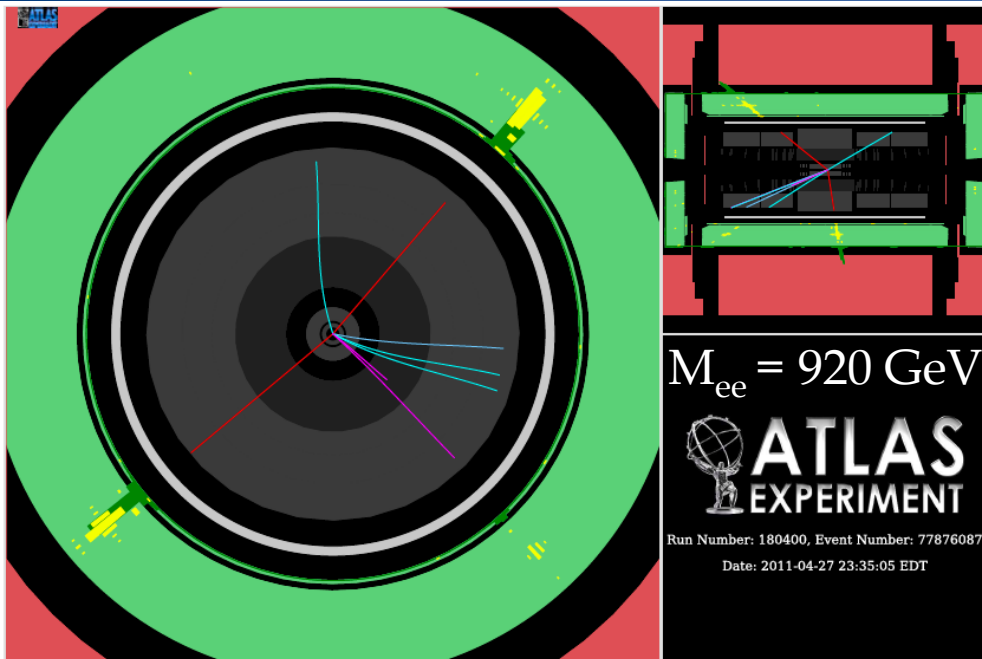


- Limit improved combining the 2010 electron and muon results with the 2011 muon result
 - $M_{W'} > 1.70 \text{ TeV} @ 95\% \text{ CL}$ (1.77 expected)



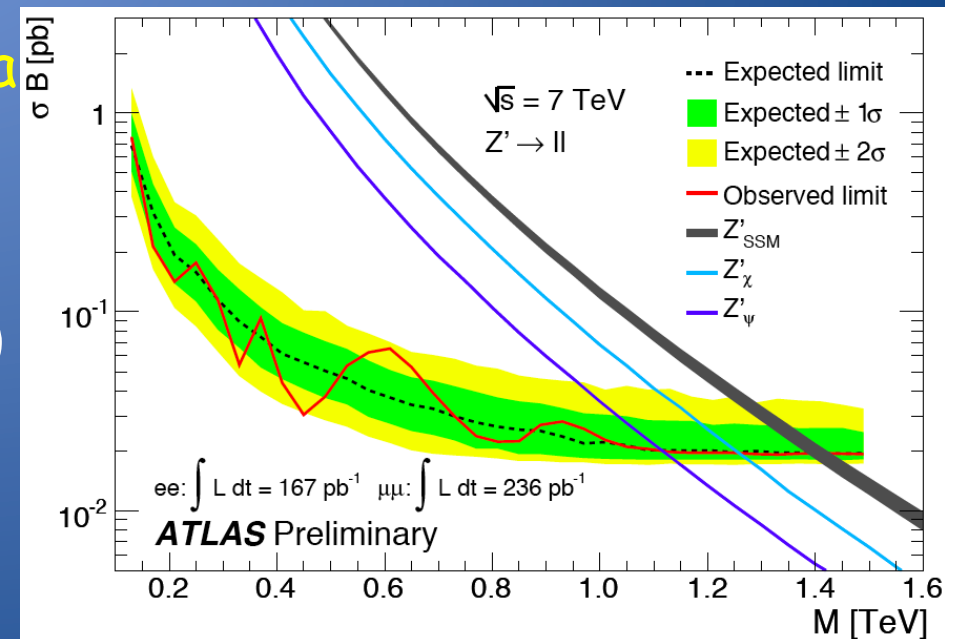
- Search for narrow di-lepton resonances
- Selection:
 - Two Isolated, High P_T Electrons or Muons :
 - $E_T(e) > 25 \text{ GeV}, P_T(\mu) > 25 \text{ GeV}$
- Main backgrounds:
 - Drell-Yan, W, Top (estimated via MC), QCD fakes (data-driven)





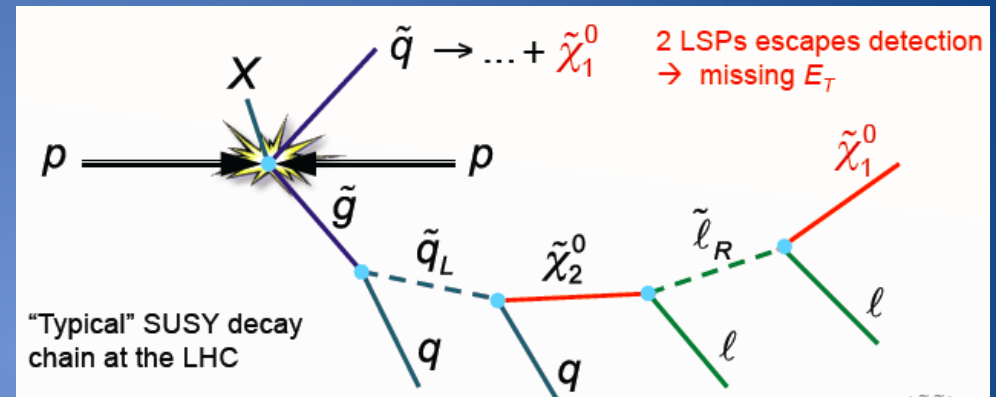
Combined limit

- Good agreement between Data and background expectations
- SSM Z' lower limits
 - Electron Chan. > 1.27 TeV (1.27)
 - Muon Chan. > 1.22 TeV. (1.23)
 - e - μ Combined > 1.41 TeV (1.48)



- Search for SUSY particles in many different final states all including MET

- Jets+ MET
- Leptons + Jets + MET
- B-jets + MET
- Di-leptons + MET
- Multileptons+ Jets+ MET

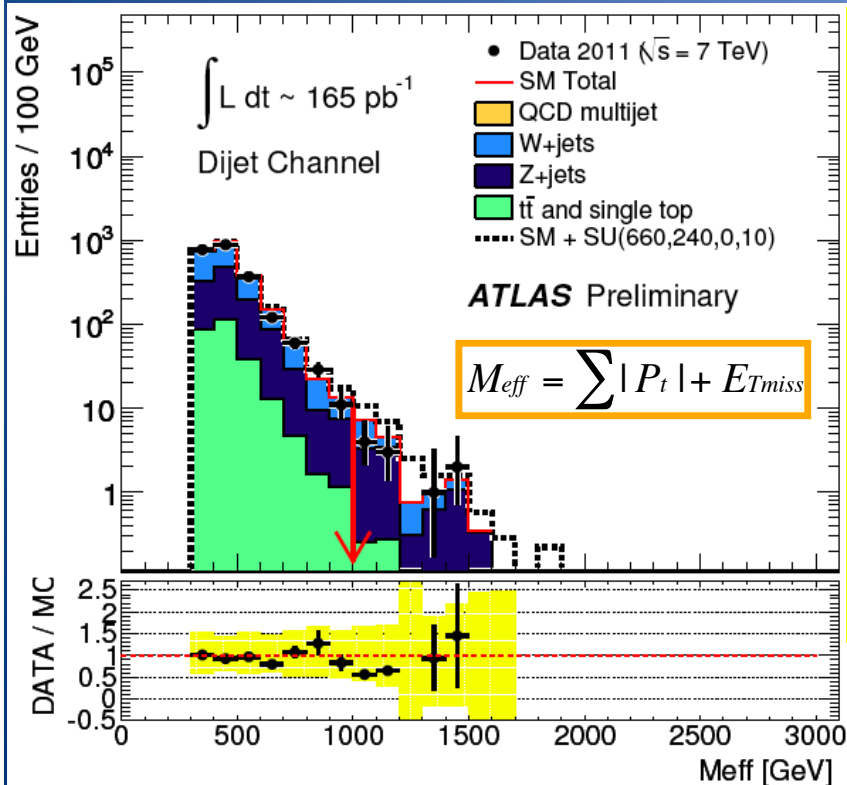


- Incomplete reconstruction of events
 - SUSY evidence from tails of distributions
 - Crucial to understand Backgrounds and experimental tails

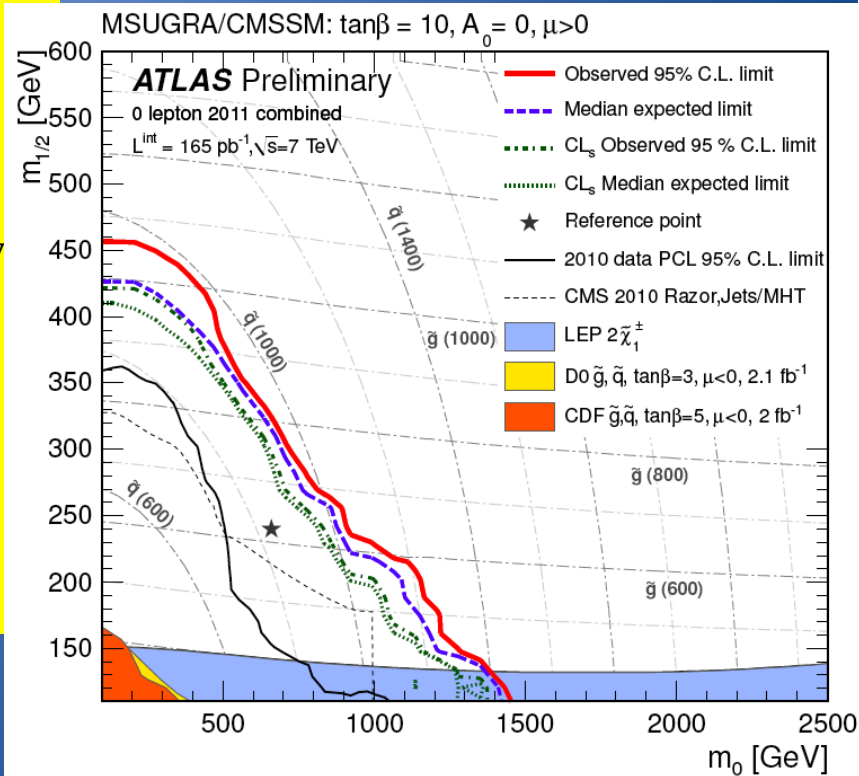
- Search for Squarks and Gluinos produced in pairs (R-parity conserving models) decaying in purely hadronic final states + MET : 2, 3, 4 Jets + MET

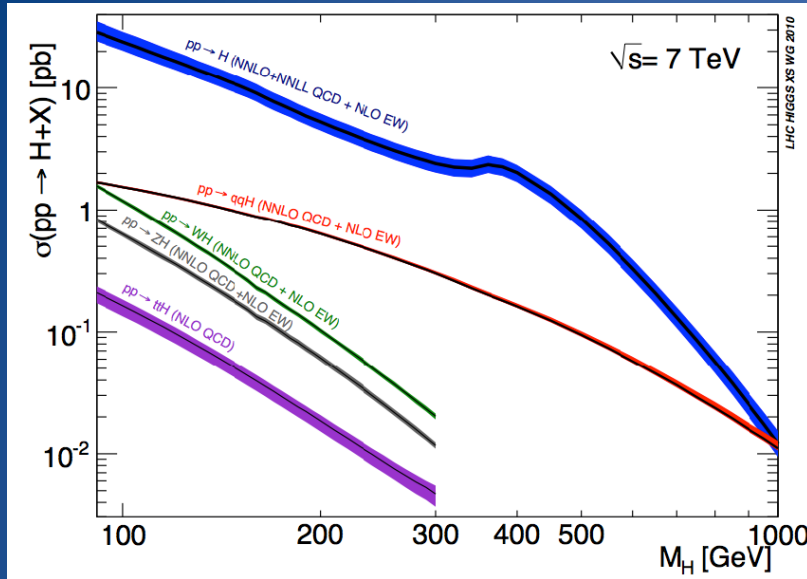
- squark $\rightarrow q\chi^0_1$, $\hat{g} \rightarrow qq\chi^0_1$ (χ^0_1 produces the E_{Tmiss})
- M_{eff} distributions compared with data driven BKG
- BKG: QCD, W+Jets, Z+Jets, Top

Comb. Excl. limit in m_0 - $m_{1/2}$ plane



In MSUGRA/
 CMSSM
 Exclude
 $m_{1/2} < 455 \text{ GeV}$
 and
 For $M_s = M_g$
 $M_s < 950 \text{ GeV}$

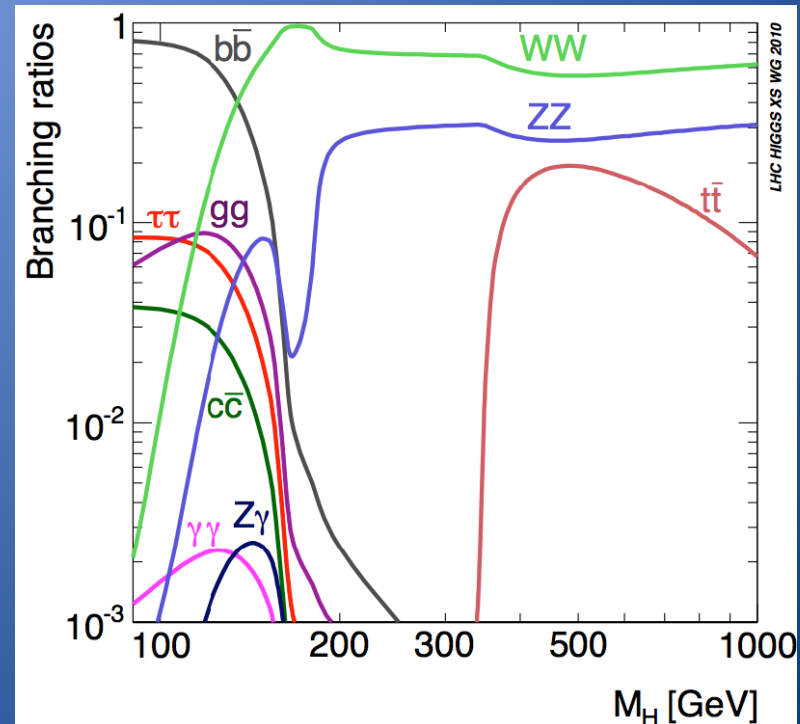




- Gluon-Gluon Fusion is the dominant production mechanism at LHC
 - Known at NNLO
 - Cross Section uncertainty $O(15\%)$
- Vector Boson Fusion (VBF) ≈ 1 order of magnitude smaller
 - Known at NLO
 - Uncertainty $O(5\%)$

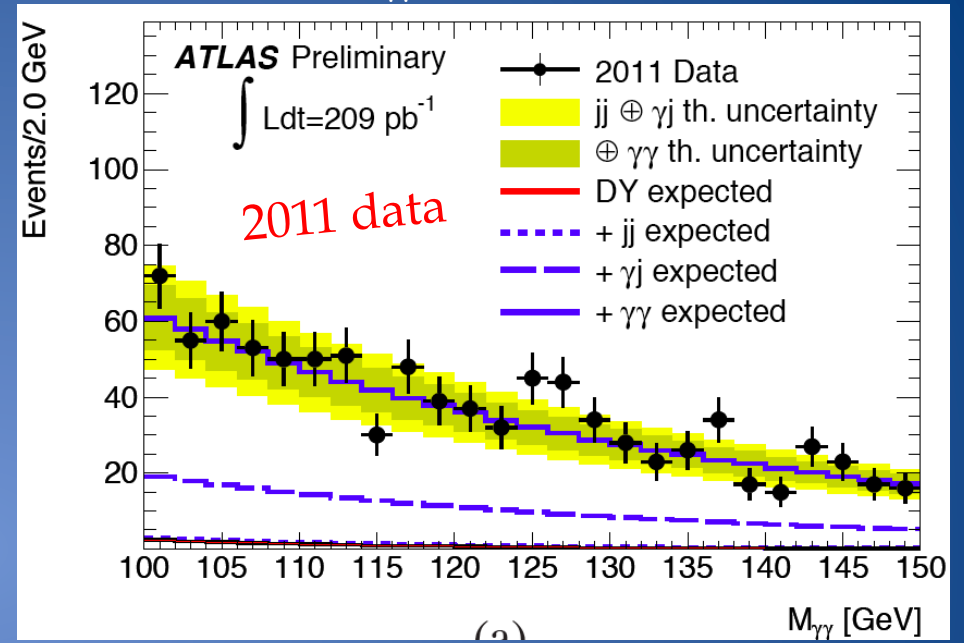
Higgs Branching Ratios vs M_H

- Low Mass range ($M_H < 130$ GeV):
 - $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma, H \rightarrow \tau\tau$
- Intermediate ($130 < M_H < 200$ GeV):
 - $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu, H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$
- High ($M_H > 200$ GeV):
 - $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow llqq, H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow ll\nu\nu, H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu qq$

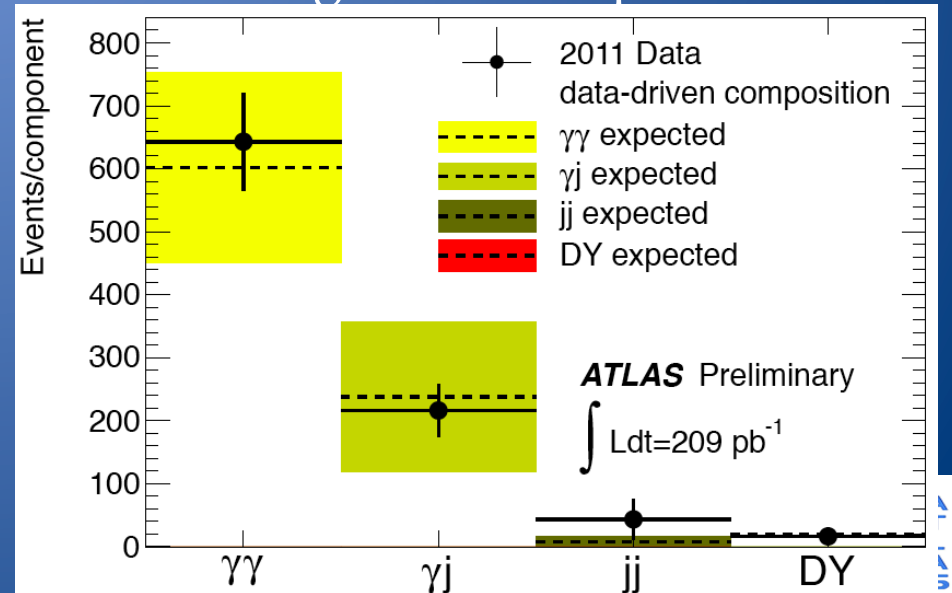


- Cleanest channels for very low Mass Higgs,
- Needs:
 - Good di-photon mass resolution
 - Determination of primary vertex
 - Good Photon Id.
 - $\gamma/\text{Jet}, \gamma/\pi^0$ discrimination
- Need to understand backgrounds with high precision with Data Driven techniques
 - QCD $\gamma\gamma$ production
 - γ -Jet and Jet-Jet production

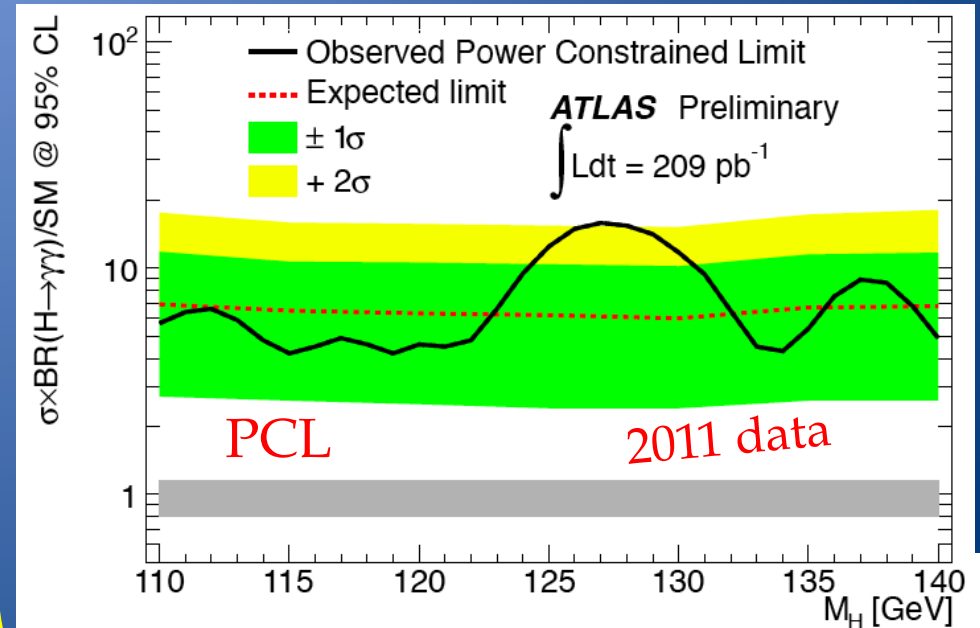
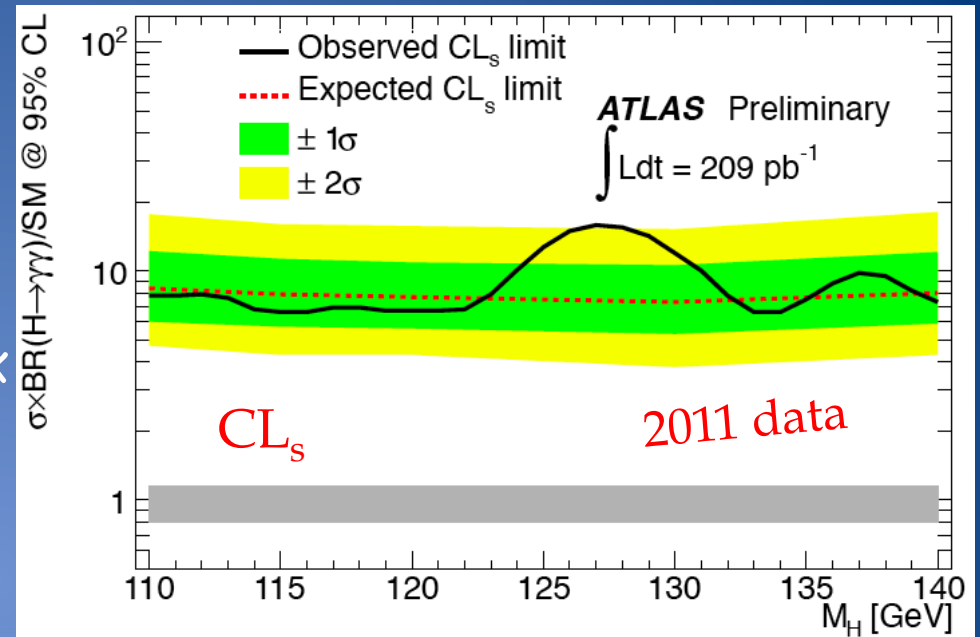
$M_{\gamma\gamma}$ Spectrum



Background composition



- Cleanest channels for very low Mass Higgs,
- Needs:
 - Good di-photon mass resolution
 - Determination of primary vertex
 - Good Photon Id.
 - γ /Jet, γ / π^0 discrimination
- Need to understand backgrounds with high precision with Data Driven techniques
 - QCD $\gamma\gamma$ production
 - γ -Jet and Jet-Jet production
- No significant excess seen
 - New Limit $\approx (4.2-15.8) \times SM$

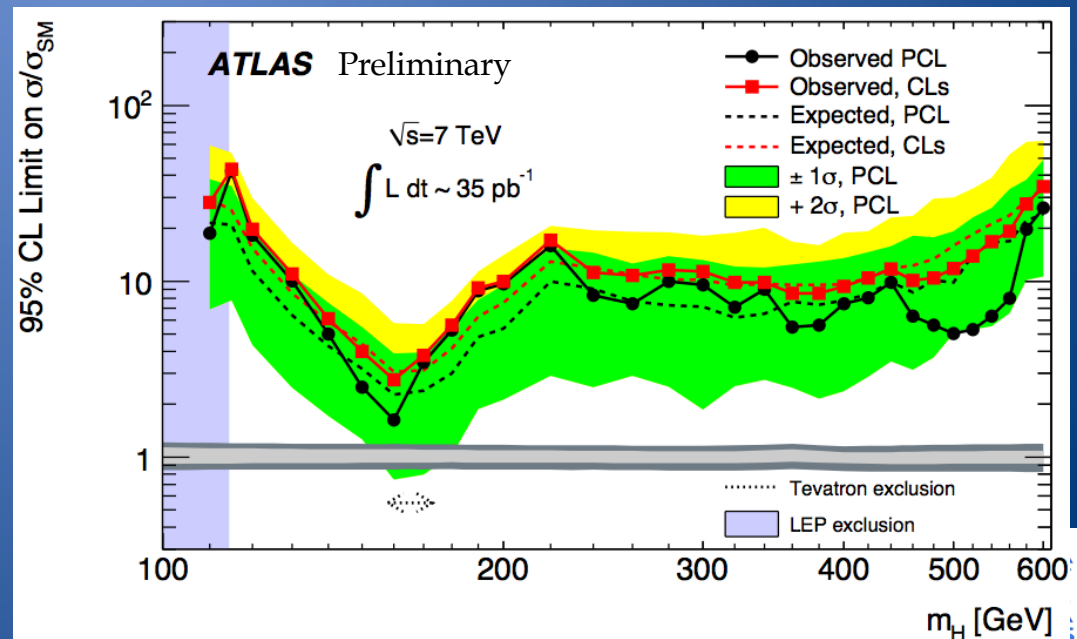
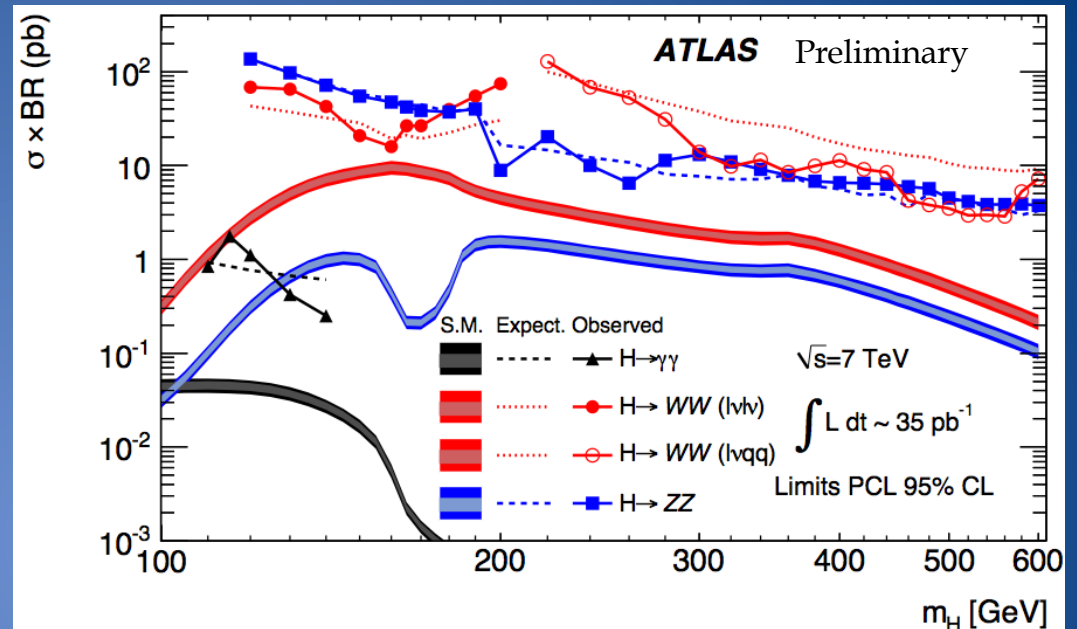


- NEW: Combination of all the different channels studied in 2010.

– $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$, $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu, l\nu qq$,
 $H \rightarrow ZZ^{(*)} \rightarrow 4l, ll\nu\nu$

– SM Higgs not yet excluded anywhere by ATLAS 2010 data

– With 2011 data we should be able to exclude large ranges of the M_H values



- ATLAS is taking very good quality Data with 95% Data taking efficiency
- Data analysis is proceeding at high speed
- 36 Papers and 190 Conf Notes have been published with 2010 and 2011 data
- With this year's data we are in Terra Incognita and we are ready to harvest whatever Nature will provide us.....

.....More news ASAP

And a Big Thanks to the LHC acceller
and to the LHC Computing Grid team
for their excellent performances

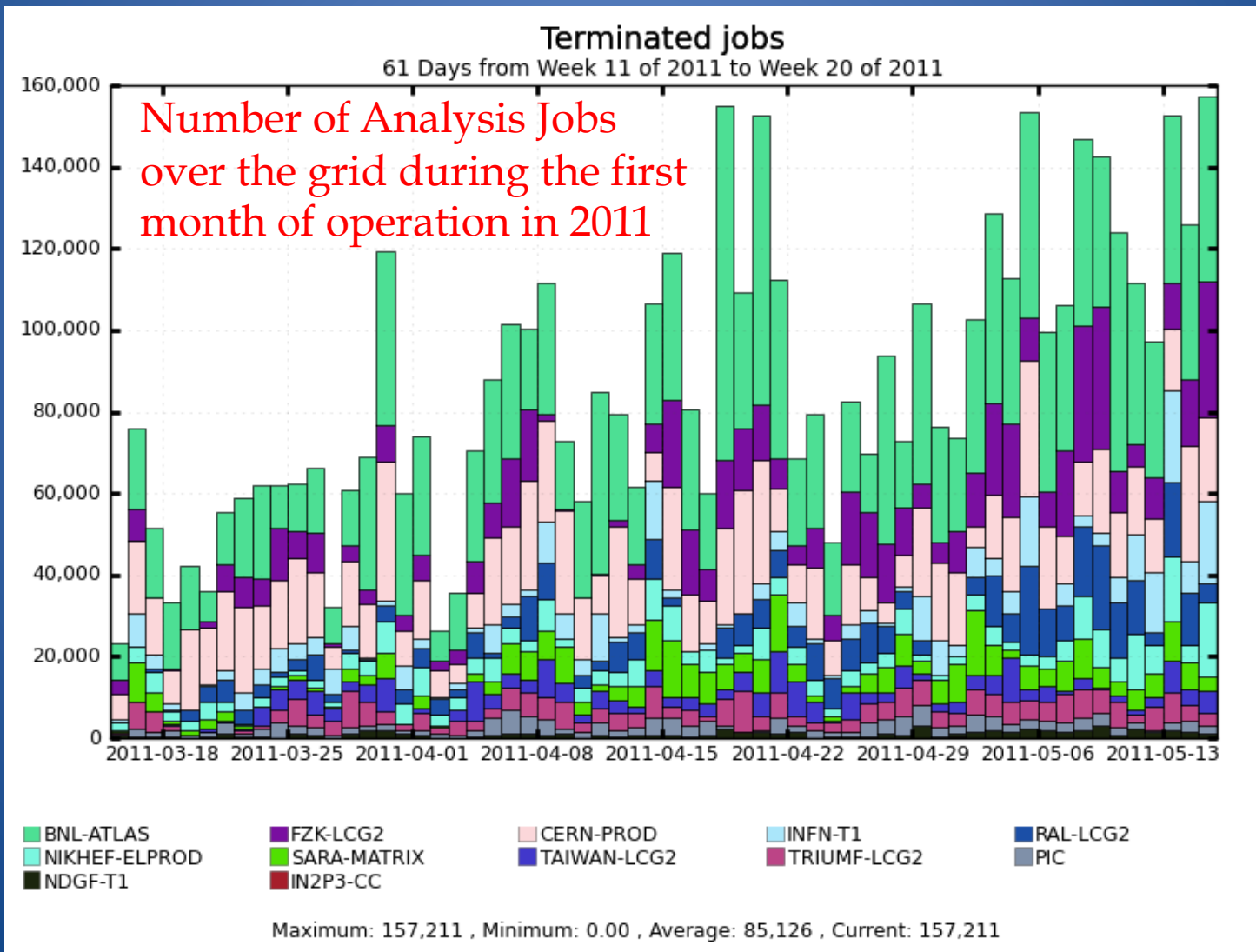


- Results from lead-lead collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}}=2.76$ TeV with ATLAS at the LHC
- EWK-diboson production in ATLAS
- Vector Boson production in ATLAS
- ATLAS measurement of particle multiplicities and correlations
- Multijet and the internal structure of jets measurement in ATLAS
- Diffraction and the inelastic cross section measurement with ATLAS
- Recent EVK results from ATLAS
- Recent hard QCD results from ATLAS
- Top results from ATLAS
- Quarkonium production at ATLAS
- Jet production in association with vector bosons at ATLAS
- Jet production measurement with the ATLAS detector
- Top quark pair production cross section measurement in the single lepton and di-lepton channels with ATLAS
- Search for single Top-Quark production with the ATLAS detector in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV
- Top quark property measurements at ATLAS
- Recent Higgs results from ATLAS
- Recent results from new Physics searches in ATLAS
- ATLAS Higgs results
- Overview of the ATLAS Supersymmetry searches with 2010 LHC data
- Searches for new particles decaying into jet pairs in 2011 ATLAS data
- Search for Susy in Jets plus missing transverse momentum final states with the ATLAS detector
- Search for Susy in lepton jets and missing transverse momentum final states at ATLAS
- Search for new Heavy Gauge Bosons in 2011 ATLAS data
- Search for $T\bar{t}$ resonances in 2011 ATLAS data

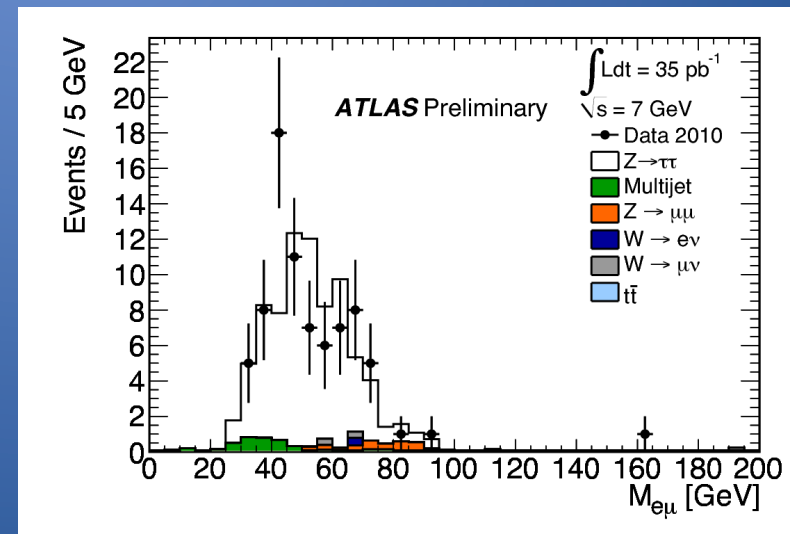
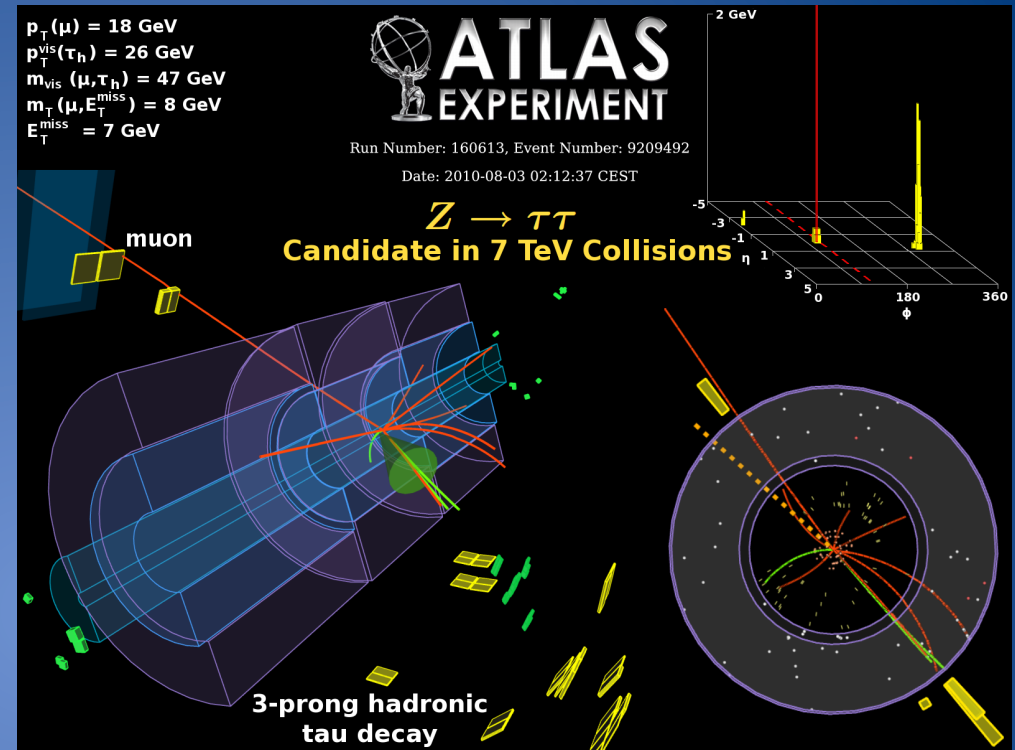




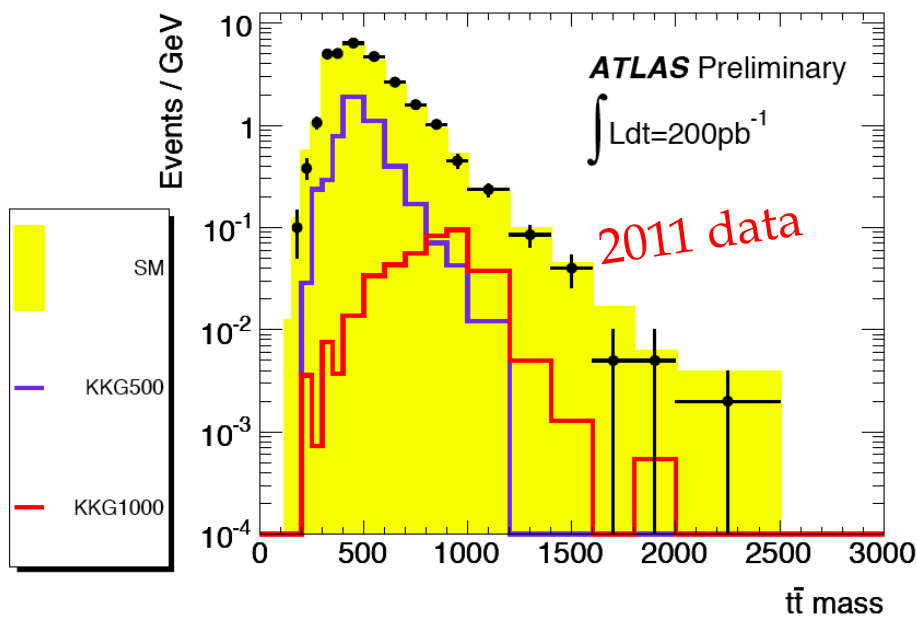
- Data Volume becomes to be Huge
- Need of efficient distribute Computing



- $Z \rightarrow \tau_{had} \tau_l$ decays measured both in the muon and in the electron channel using 35 pb^{-1}
- 75 candidate events with 6.4 expected background events
- SM expected yield: 69 ± 16

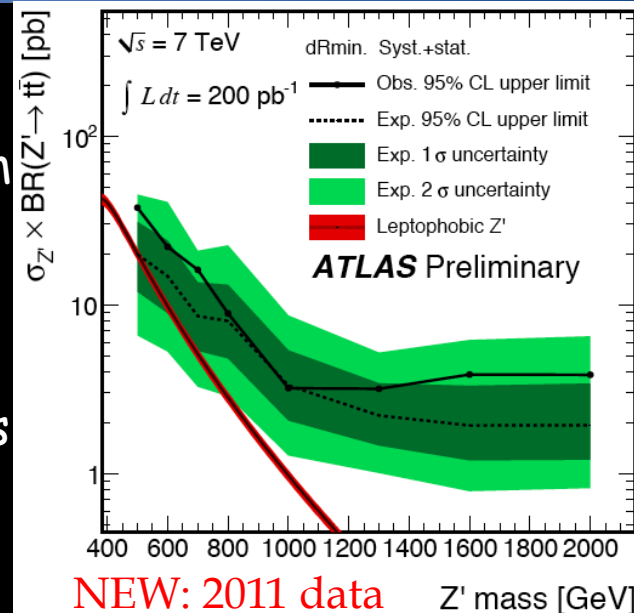


- Search for new Heavy Particles (eg. Leptophobic Z' or Kaluza-Klein gluons) decaying in $TTbar$ pairs
- Final states: $e+Jets+E_{Tmiss}$ and $\mu+Jets+E_{Tmiss}$
 - Select high momentum isolated lepton with ≥ 4 Jets (1 B-tagged) and large Missing E_t
 - Compare the $4Jlv$ invariant mass distribution with SM expectations
- Background: $TT, W+Jets, Z+Jets, Di-boson$



For narrow Z' models limits on $\sigma \times BR$ ranging from 47 to 4 pb @95% CL

K-K Gluons masses below 680 GeV excluded at 95% CL

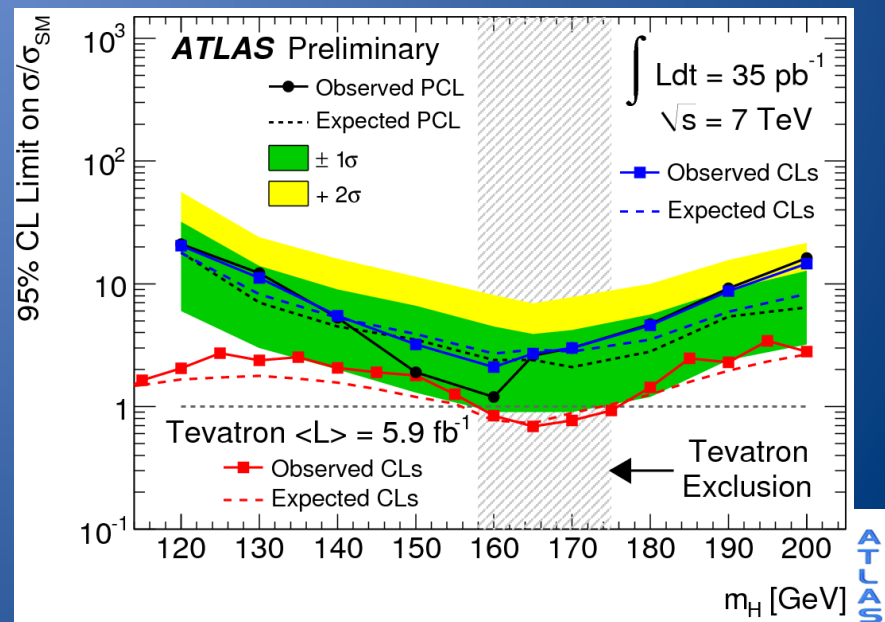
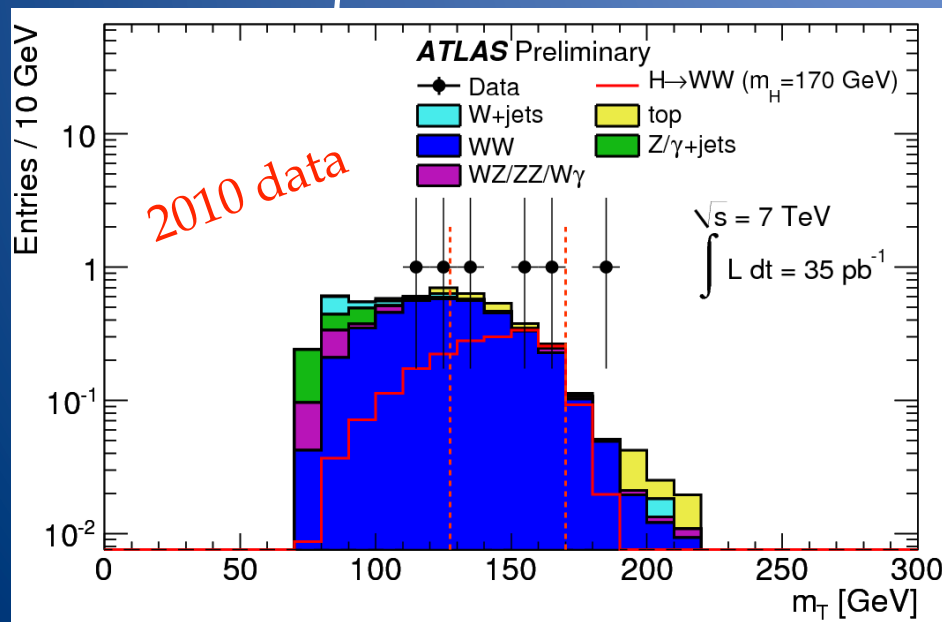


NEW: 2011 data Z' mass [GeV]

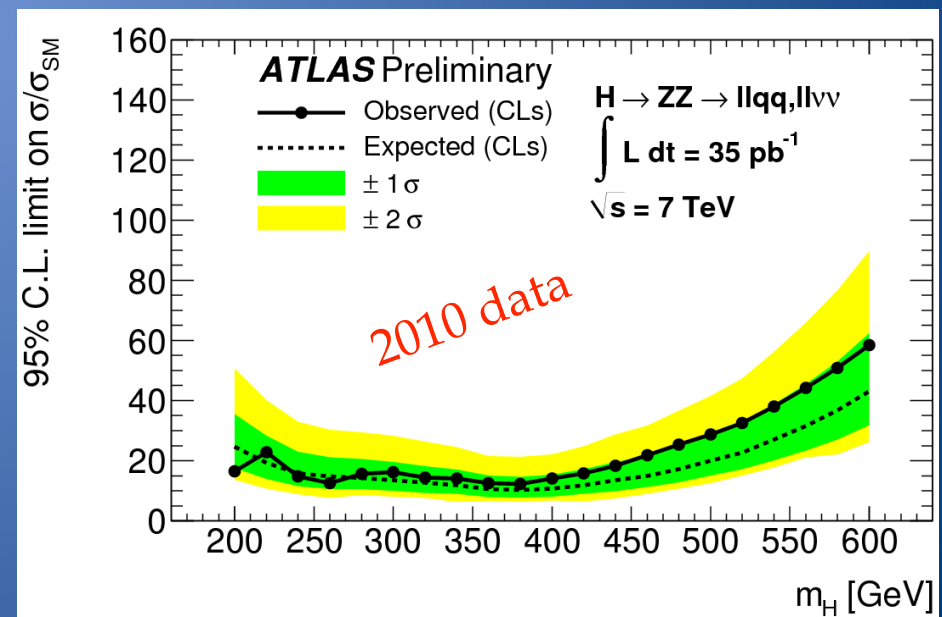
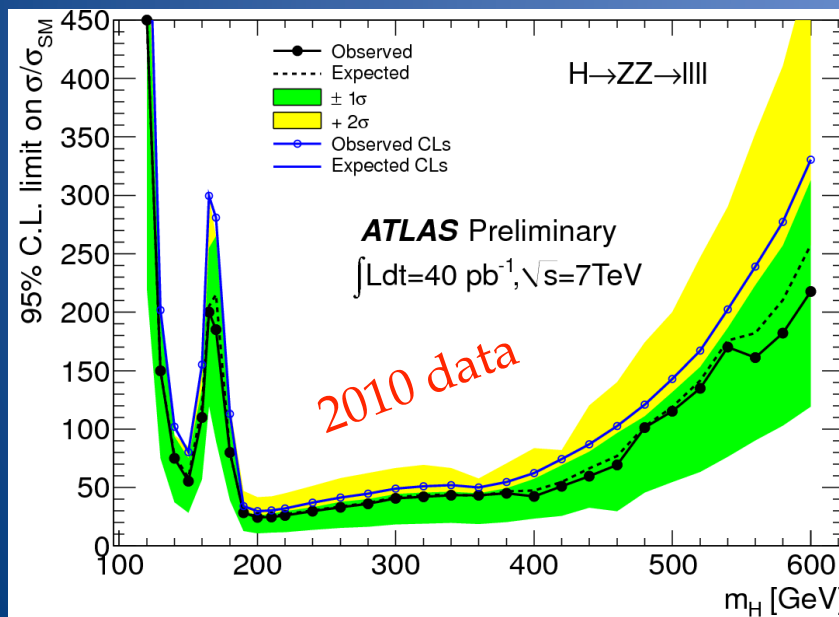


- Most sensitive channel for intermediate Higgs mass (120-200 GeV)
- Analysis in 3 final states
 - 2 opposite sign leptons + E_{miss}+0, 1, 2 Jets
 - Disc Variable: Transverse Mass of the di-lepton, E_{miss}, Delta phi ll
 - Main backgrounds: WW, Di-boson, Top and W/Z+Jets all determined with Data Driven techniques

With 35 pb⁻¹ ATLAS exclude 1.2 × SM cross section for a Higgs mass of 160 GeV
Very close to the TEVATRON exclusion



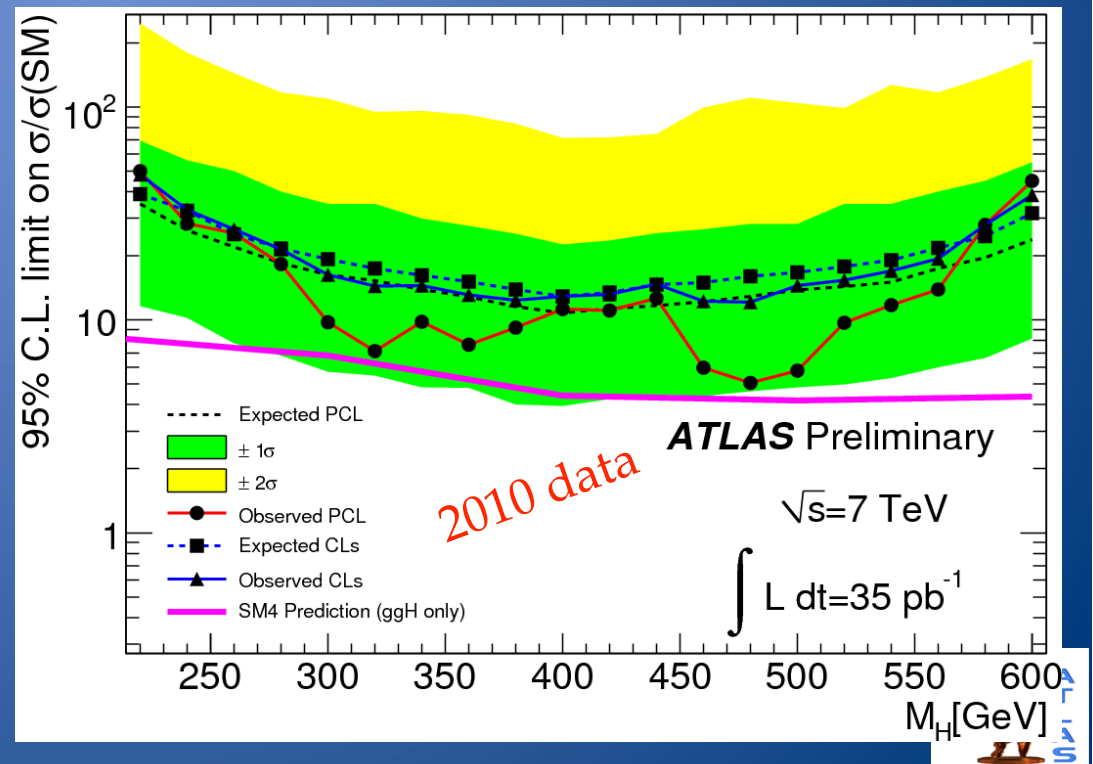
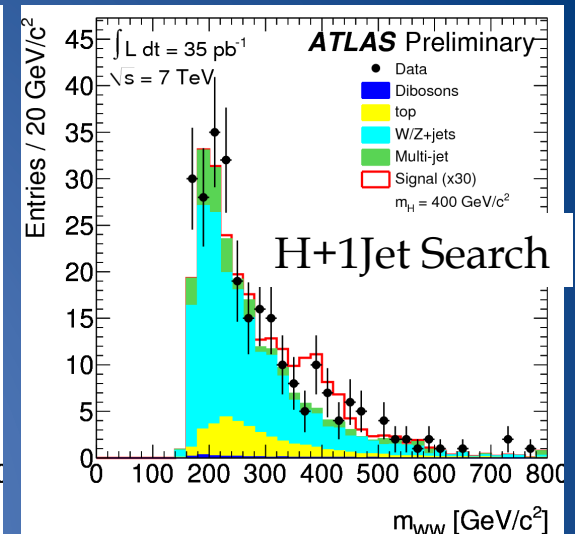
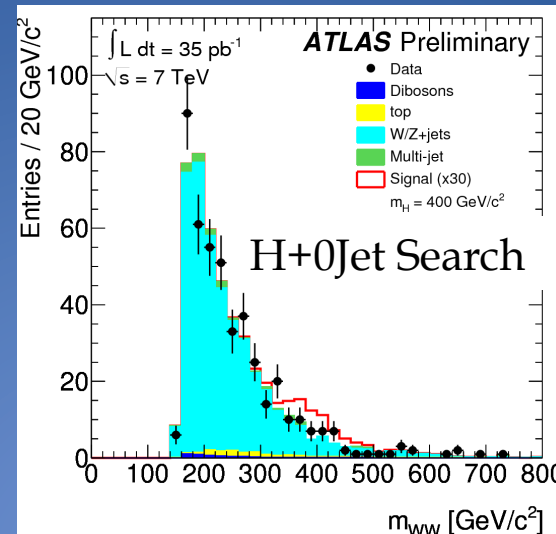
- Search performed in 3 different decay channels:
 - ZZ(*) → 4 leptons, (mass range 130-600 GeV)
 - Very clean but low sensitivity
 - ZZ → ll νν, ZZ → ll qq, (mass range 200-600 GeV)
 - Higher sensitivity due to higher BR (x27), but more difficult topologies



- Reach sensitivities of about X20 of standard model cross section with 2010 statistics

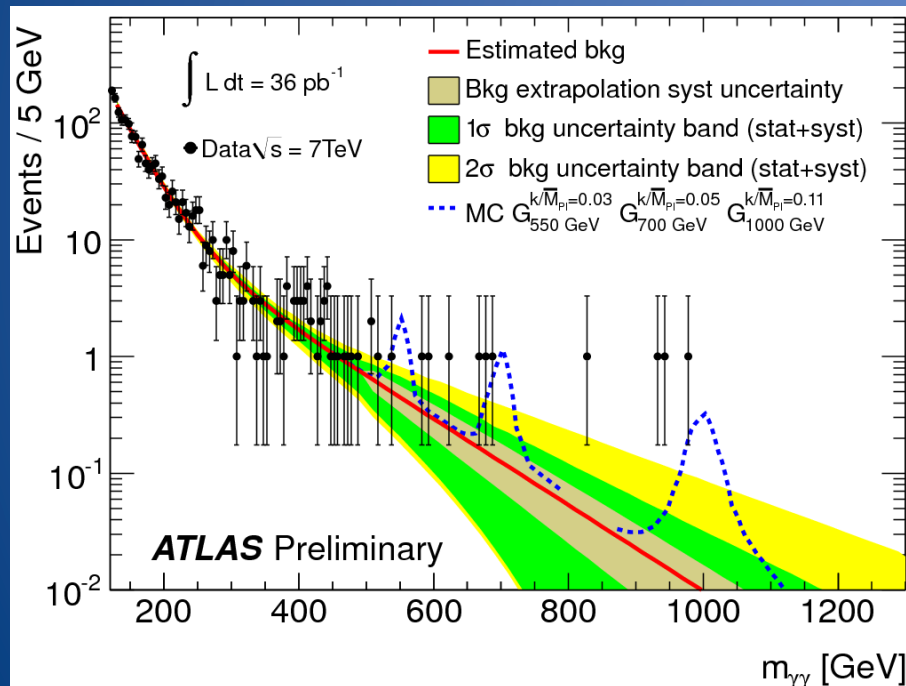


- High Mass range
- Final states include 1 electron or 1 muon + E_{miss} + 2 or 3 Jets
- Reconstruct the Invariant Mass of the 2 Ws by imposing:
 - $M_{l\nu} = M_W$
- Backgrounds:
 - W/Z+Jets, Multi-Jets, Top and Dibosons
- Limits : for $M_H = 400 \text{ GeV}$ exclude Cross Sections > 12.9 SM

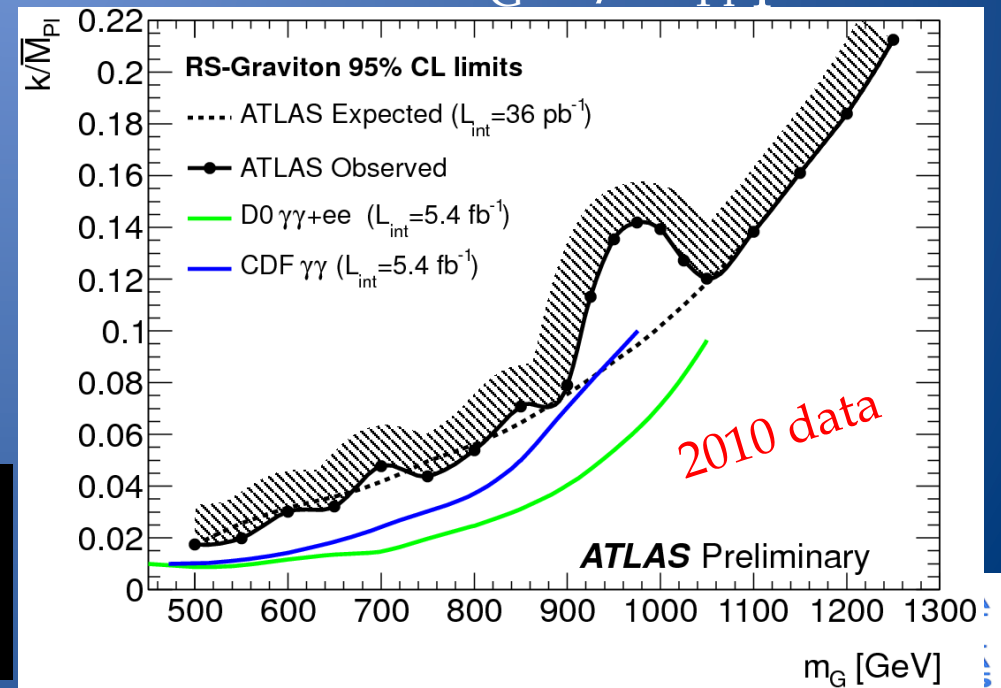


Final State	$eee + E_T^{\text{miss}}$	$ee\mu + E_T^{\text{miss}}$	$e\mu\mu + E_T^{\text{miss}}$	$\mu\mu\mu + E_T^{\text{miss}}$	combined
Observed	2	2	2	6	12
Signal	1.32 ± 0.09	1.76 ± 0.10	2.48 ± 0.11	3.52 ± 0.13	$9.08 \pm 0.22 \pm 1.26$
Bkg					
ZZ	0.03 ± 0.03	0.12 ± 0.01	0.08 ± 0.01	0.18 ± 0.01	$0.40 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.05$
W/Z+jets	0.09 ± 0.02	0.17 ± 0.04	0.24 ± 0.07	0.52 ± 0.08	$1.02 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.50$
Top	–	0 ± 0.03	–	0.35 ± 0.18	$0.35 \pm 0.18 \pm 0.05$
W/Z + γ	0.14 ± 0.14	0 ± 0	0.07 ± 0.07	0 ± 0	$0.21 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.07$
Bkg(tot)	0.25 ± 0.14	0.29 ± 0.05	0.39 ± 0.10	1.05 ± 0.19	$1.98 \pm 0.27 \pm 0.67$
S/B	5.3	6.2	6.3	3.3	4.6

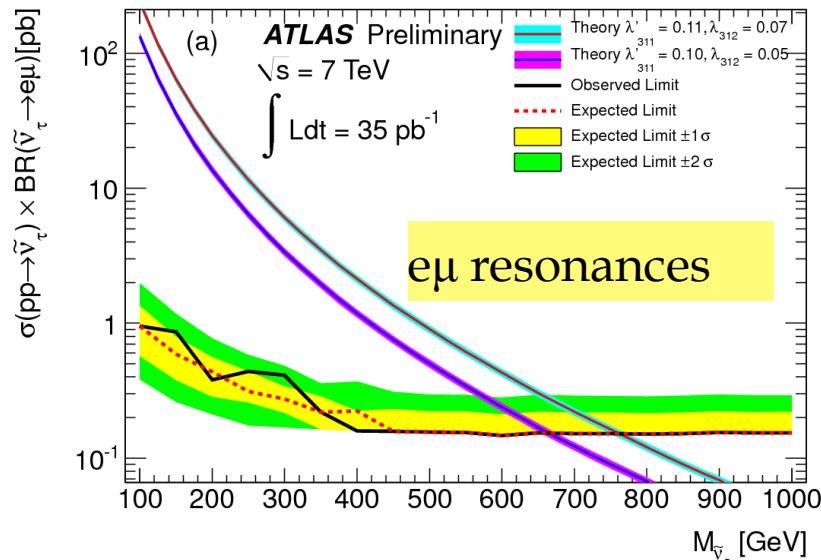
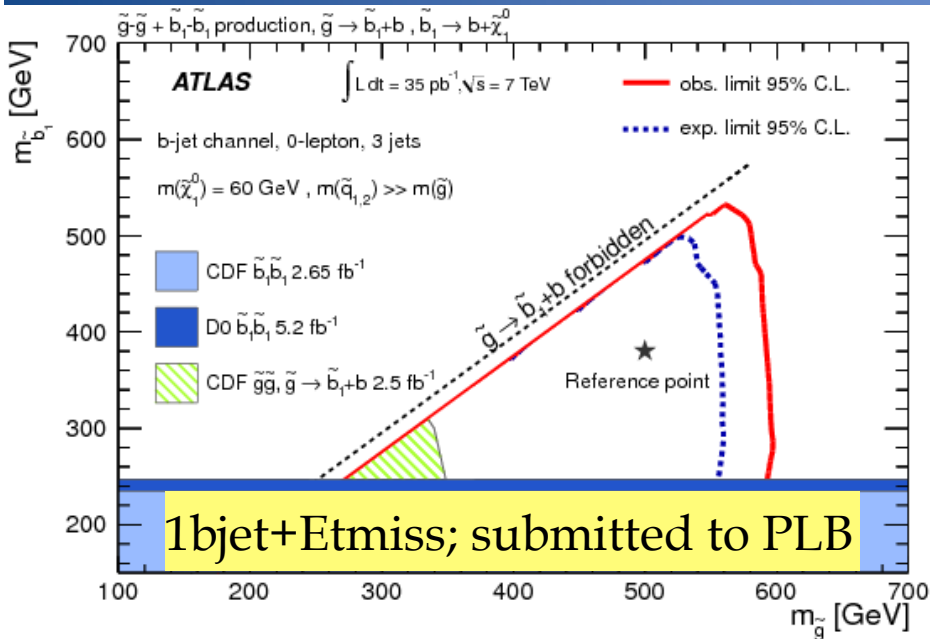
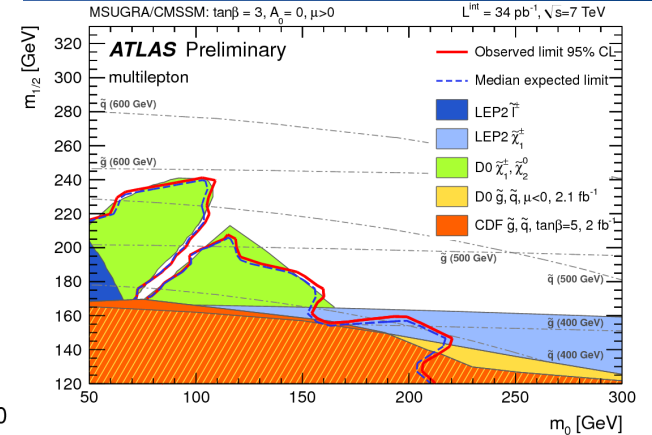
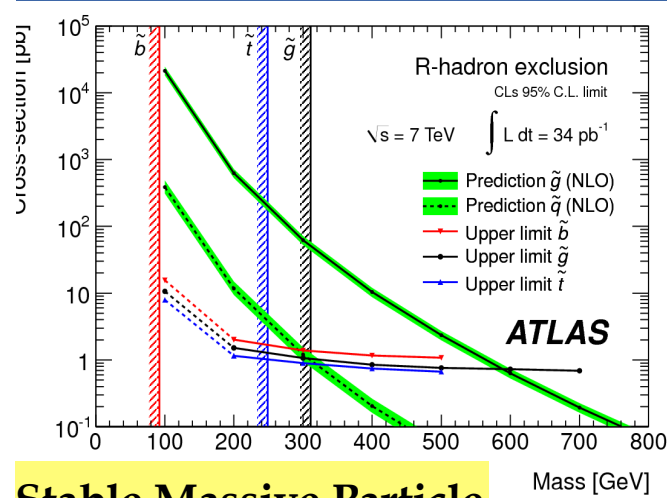
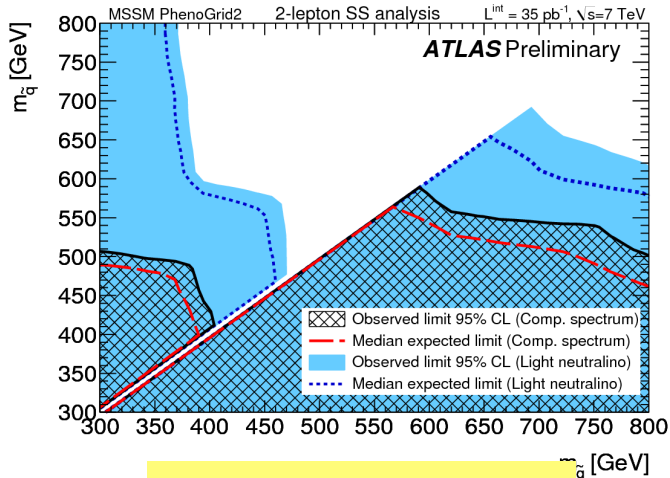
- Randal-Sundrum Model predicts Graviton production with the subsequent decay in di-photons
- Look for narrow resonances in the di-photon mass spectrum
- Main background: SM $\gamma\gamma$, γ +Jet and MultiJet



Start to be competitive with
Tevatron with only 36 pb⁻¹
Limits in the M_G - k/M_{Pl} plane



$M_G > 545 \text{ GeV} (k/M_{Pl} = 0.02)$
 $M_G > 920 \text{ GeV} (k/M_{Pl} = 0.1)$



- Fraction of Good Data per detector

Inner Tracking Detectors			Calorimeters				Muon Detectors				Magnets	
Pixel	SCT	TRT	LAr EM	LAr HAD	LAr FWD	Tile	MDT	RPC	CSC	TGC	Solenoid	Toroid
99.5	99.4	100	87.5	92.4	94.5	100	100	99.0	99.9	99.8	96.8	95.1

- Data are processed at Tier0 after 36 hours needed to complete Calibrations
 - Updates on detector Calibrations/Conditions, Beam Spot and Data Quality Sign Off
 - First pass of reconstruction with well calibrated detector

