

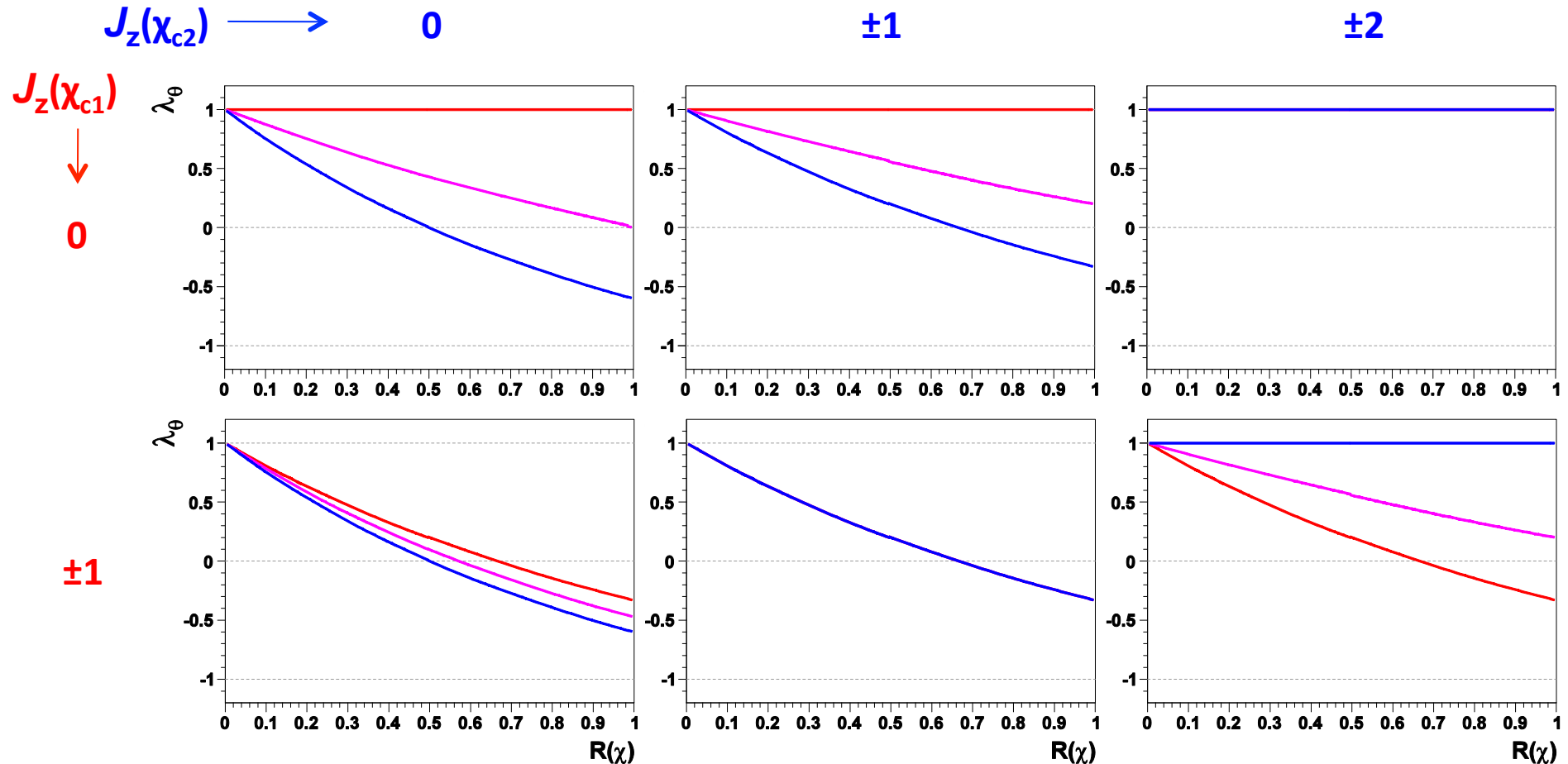
## Prompt vs direct J/ψ polarization

- Measuring *prompt* J/ψ polarization is insufficient for a *clear* solution of existing puzzles. Many prompt J/ψs are indirectly produced, their fraction increasing with  $p_T$
- The feed-down from  $\psi'$  is well understood:
  - J/ψ from  $\psi'$  has approximately the same polarization as the  $\psi'$ :  
BES and CLEO results for angular distributions of 2S-to-1S transitions ( $\psi$  and  $\Upsilon$ ) show that the accompanying  $\pi\pi$  system is predominantly in L=0 state
  - moreover,  $\psi'$  polarization should be similar to the direct-J/ψ polarization  
→ *J/ψ from  $\psi'$   $\cong$  direct-J/ψ polarization*
- The “problem” is the *feed-down from  $\chi_c$* 
  - CDF measured  $\chi_c/\psi$  and  $\chi_{c1}/\chi_{c2}$  ratios averaged over  $p_T$  and  $y$  (i.e. small  $p_T$ , midrapidity)
  - they are unknown at the LHC, especially at high  $p_T$  (and fwd rapidity)
  - J/ψ from  $\chi_c$  can have very different polarization wrt direct J/ψ
  - the relation between “spin-alignment” and shape of the dimuon angular distribution is totally different for  $\chi_c$  and J/ψ  
e.g.:  $\chi_{c1}$  and direct J/ψ both longitudinal ( $J_z=0$ ):  

J/ψ from $\chi_{c1}$	→	$\mathbf{1} + \cos^2 \vartheta$
direct J/ψ	→	$\mathbf{1} - \cos^2 \vartheta$
- Even if the *direct* J/ψ would be fully polarized, the observed *prompt* J/ψ polarization is expected to be smeared by the  $\chi_c$  feed-down contribution

# Prompt J/ψ polarization vs R(χ<sub>c</sub>)

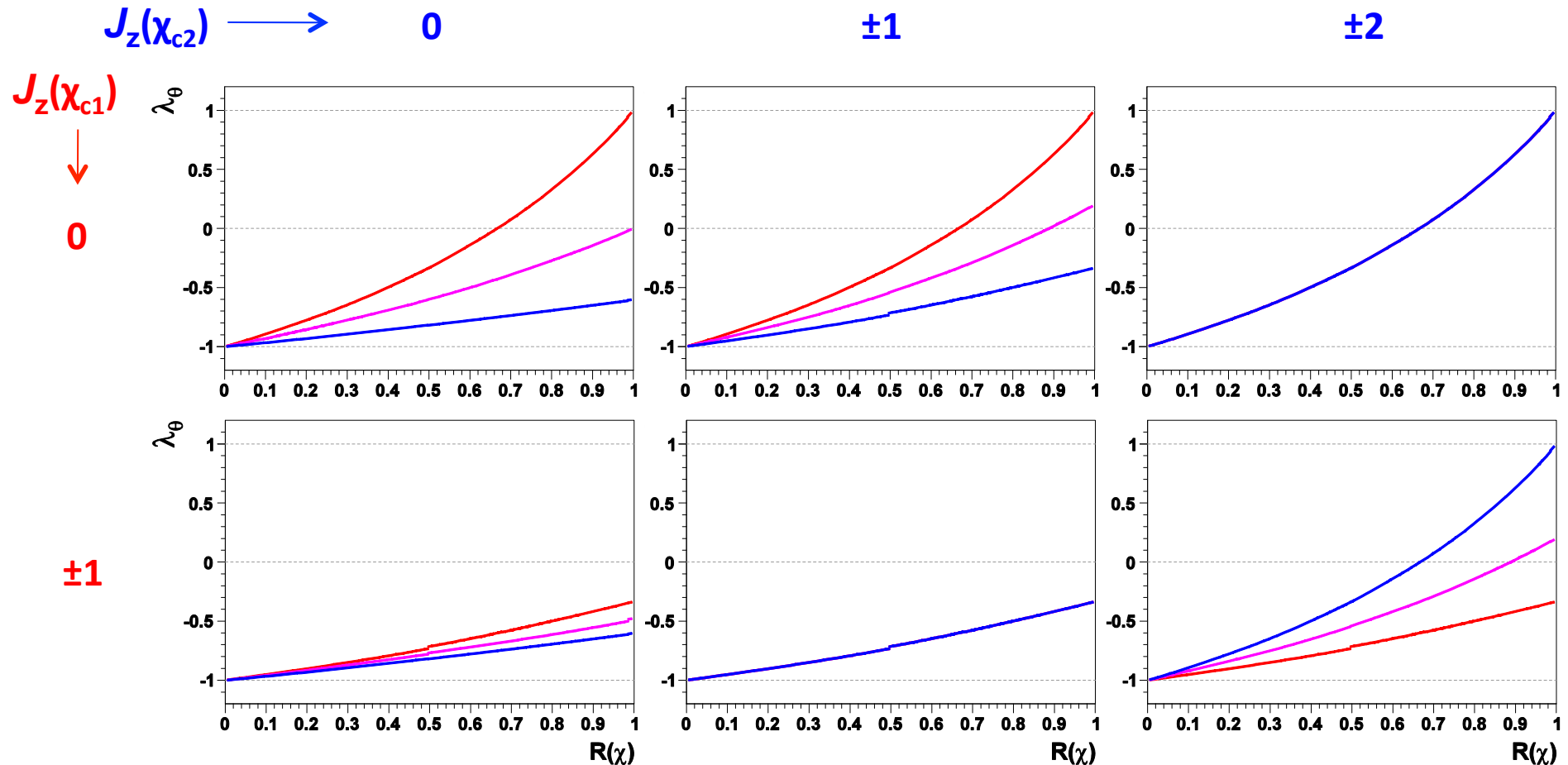
$J_z(J/\psi_{\text{dir}}) = \pm 1$  fully transverse direct J/ψ (plots valid for p > 5 GeV/c)



- $J/\psi$ 's from  $\chi_{c1}$  dominate over  $J/\psi$ 's from  $\chi_{c2}$
- same number of  $J/\psi$ 's from  $\chi_{c1}$  and  $J/\psi$ 's from  $\chi_{c2}$
- $J/\psi$ 's from  $\chi_{c2}$  dominate over  $J/\psi$ 's from  $\chi_{c1}$

# Prompt J/ψ polarization vs R(χ<sub>c</sub>)

$J_z(J/\psi_{\text{dir}}) = 0$  fully longitudinal direct J/ψ (plots valid for p > 5 GeV/c)



- J/ψ's from  $\chi_{c1}$  dominate over J/ψ's from  $\chi_{c2}$
- same number of J/ψ's from  $\chi_{c1}$  and J/ψ's from  $\chi_{c2}$
- J/ψ's from  $\chi_{c2}$  dominate over J/ψ's from  $\chi_{c1}$