

Flavor and Top Physics - WG1

Theoretical Summary

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Flavor in the LHC Era

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Outline

- Theoretical Motivation
- New physics in top interactions: Wtb , V_{tb} , neutral interactions.
- Flavor changing neutral interactions of the top: $FCNC_s$ in top decay and production.
- Signals of new physics strongly coupled to the top: discovering a theory of flavor at the LHC

Physics Beyond the SM and the Top quark

- The top is the least tested quark.
- We will have very large data samples at the LHC.
- It might play a role in EWSB
 - Through radiative breaking (SUSY, Little Higgs models)
 - Through new strong interactions (Topcolor)
- Electroweak Symmetry breaking is strongly coupled to the top:

$$y_t \sim \sqrt{2} \frac{m_t}{v} \sim O(1)$$

- Are there other states strongly coupled to the top ?
 - Maybe associated with EWSB, or
 - Maybe associated with the origin of fermion masses (or at least with m_t).

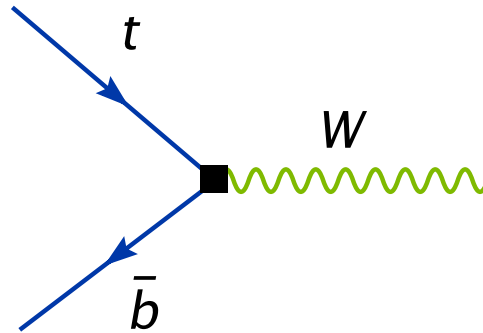
Physics Beyond the SM and the Top

Two ways to study the top:

- New physics above a scale Λ is integrated out. Leads to anomalous couplings of top with gauge bosons, Higgs, rare top decays, etc.
- New states strongly coupled to top, are produced and then decay to top pairs, single top.

Charged Anomalous Couplings

- The Wtb coupling:

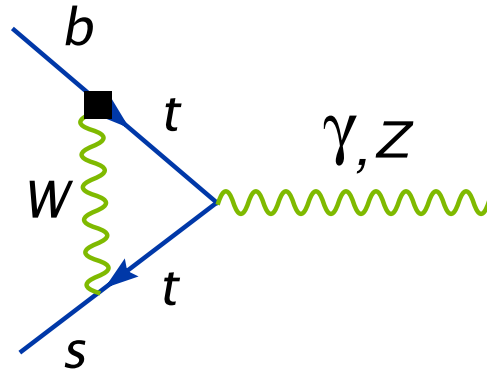


$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L} = & -\frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \bar{b} \gamma^\mu (V_L P_L + V_R P_R) t W_\mu^- \\ & -\frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \bar{b} \frac{i\sigma^{\mu\nu} q_\nu}{M_W} (g_L P_L + g_R P_R) t W_\mu^- + \text{h.c.}, \end{aligned}$$

- Dim-4 (V_L, V_R), and Dim-5 (g_L, g_R) anomalous Wtb couplings

Charged Anomalous Couplings

- Constraints from B physics: $b \rightarrow s\gamma$ and $b \rightarrow sl^+l^-$.



- Leading operator for $b \rightarrow s\gamma$ is

$$O_7 = \frac{e}{16\pi^2} m_b \bar{s}_L \sigma^{\mu\nu} b_R F_{\mu\nu}$$

Wilson coefficient receives the anomalous coupling contribution

Charged Anomalous Couplings

- Branching ratio for $E_\gamma > 1.6$ GeV, and matching scale $\mu_0 = 160$ GeV, is (M. Misiak)

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow X_s \gamma) \times 10^4 &= (3.15 \pm 0.23) - 4.14 (V_L - V_{tb}) + 411 V_R \\ &- 53.9 g_L - 2.12 g_R - 8.03 C_7^{(p)}(\mu_0) \\ &+ \mathcal{O} \left[\left(V_L - V_{tb}, V_R, g_L, g_R, C_7^{(p)} \right)^2 \right], \end{aligned}$$

- To be compared to

$$\mathcal{B}(\bar{B} \rightarrow X_s \gamma) = (3.55 \pm 0.24 \begin{smallmatrix} +0.09 \\ -0.10 \end{smallmatrix} \pm 0.03) \times 10^{-4}$$

Charged Anomalous Couplings

- This results in bounds on V_L , V_R , g_L , g_R

| | $V_L - V_{tb}$ | V_R | g_L | g_R | $C_7^{(p)}(\mu_0)$ |
|-------------|----------------|---------|--------|-------|--------------------|
| upper bound | 0.04 | 0.0024 | 0.003 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| lower bound | -0.24 | -0.0004 | -0.018 | -0.46 | -0.12 |

at 95% C.L., each obtained with all others vanishing.

- If all allowed, no significant bound from $b \rightarrow s\gamma$.
- Need to update study including $b \rightarrow sl^+\ell^-$, and $B^0 - \bar{B}^0$ mixing.
- For ATLAS sensitivity see *Nuno Castro's* talk.

V_{tb} from Single Top Production

(J. Alwall, J. Frederix, J. M. Gerard, A. Giammanco, M. Herquier, E. Kou, V. Lemaitre, F. Maltoni)

- Need direct measurement of V_{tb} . Tevatron measurement of

$$R \equiv \frac{|V_{tb}|^2}{|V_{td}|^2 + |V_{ts}|^2 + |V_{tb}|^2}$$

translated into $|V_{tb}|$ if unitarity assumed.

- Measurements give: $R = 1.12_{-0.23}^{+0.27}$ (CDF) $R = 1.12_{-0.17}^{+0.19}$ (D0)

$\Rightarrow R > 0.61$ at 95% C.L.

V_{tb} from Single Top Production

- New D0 measurement of single top:

$$\sigma^{\text{s-ch}} + \sigma^{\text{t-ch}} = 4.9 \pm 1.4 \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma^{\text{s-ch}} = 1.0 \pm 0.9 \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma^{\text{t-ch}} = 4.2^{+1.8}_{-1.4} \text{ pb}$$

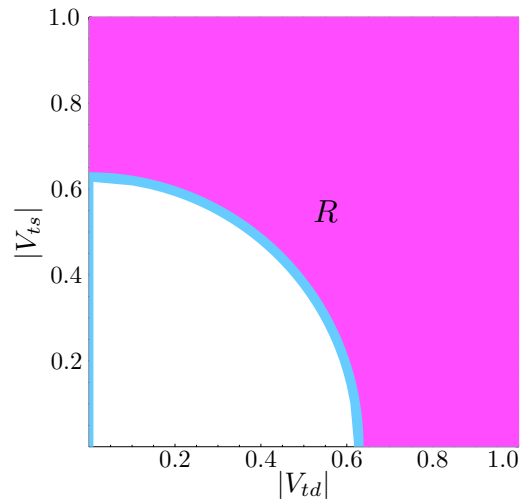
- Plus the CDF upper bounds:

$$\sigma^{\text{s-ch}} + \sigma^{\text{t-ch}} < 2.7 \text{ pb}$$

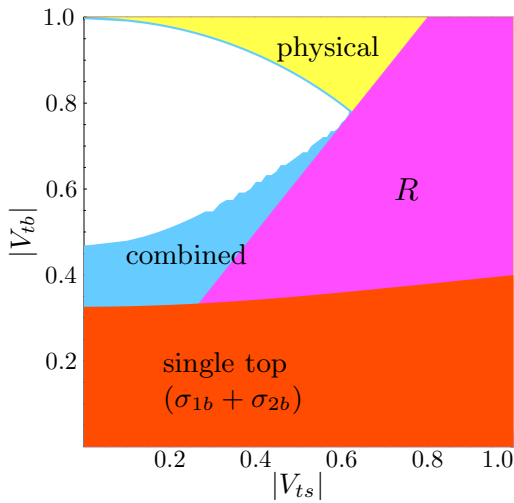
$$\sigma^{\text{s-ch}} < 2.5 \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma^{\text{t-ch}} < 2.3 \text{ pb}$$

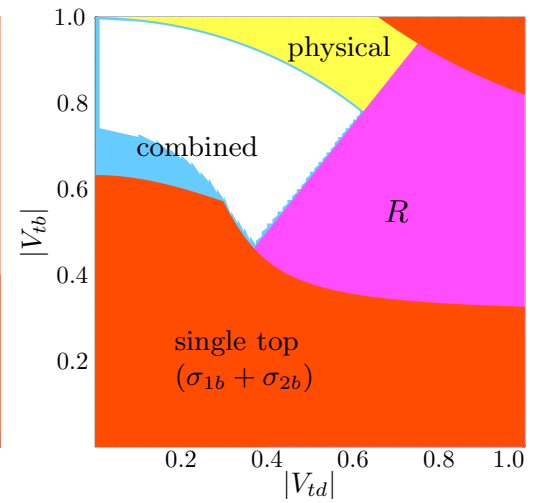
V_{tb} from Single Top Production



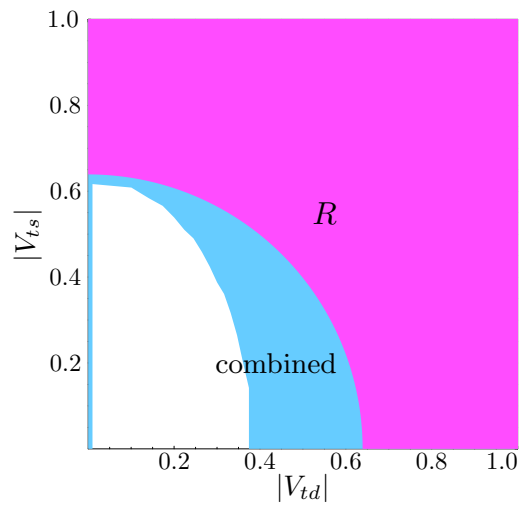
(a)



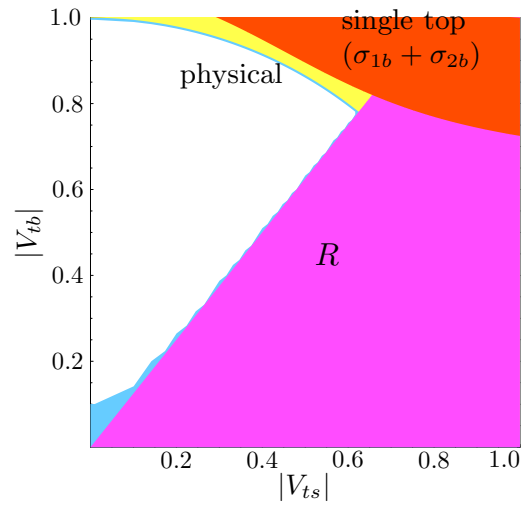
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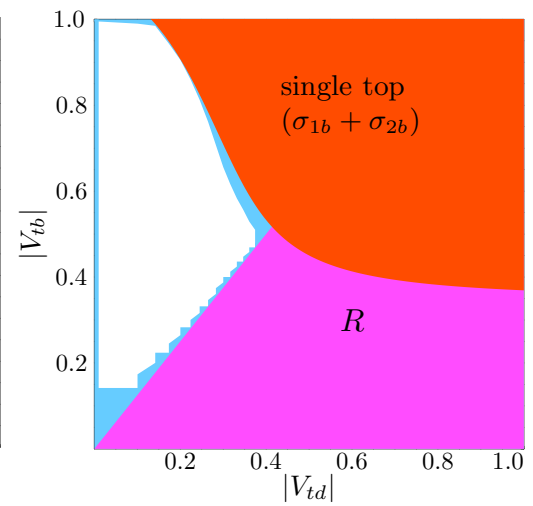
(c)



(d)



(e)



(f)

V_{tb} from Single Top Production

- Message: Still considerable room for extra fermions mixing with SM fermions
- LHC with $10fb^{-1}$ should measure $|V_{tb}|$ with 5% (CMS study).

Neutral Anomalous Couplings

- Many models of EWSB predict a few percent deviation in the $Zt\bar{t}$ coupling. How well do we know it?
- For instance, Dim-4 operators:

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{g}{2c_W} \bar{t} \gamma^\mu (N_L^t P_L + N_R^t P_R) t Z_\mu$$

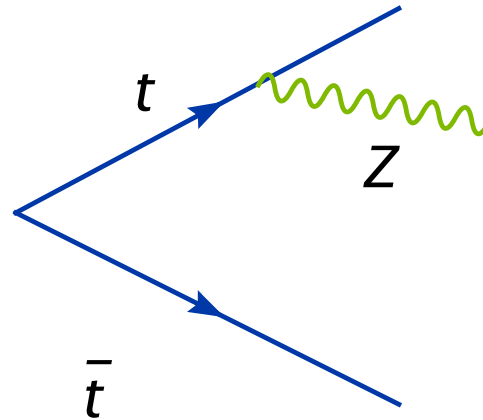
- Bounds from T , R_b :

$$T \sim N_R^t - N_L^t + V_L$$
$$R_b \sim N_L^t - \frac{1}{4} N_R^t$$

- $b \rightarrow sl^+l^-$ about to be constraining (need better than 10% in the Br).

Neutral Anomalous Couplings

- Many BSM theories give “sizable” deviation of up to a few %
- How well can we measure $Zt\bar{t}$?

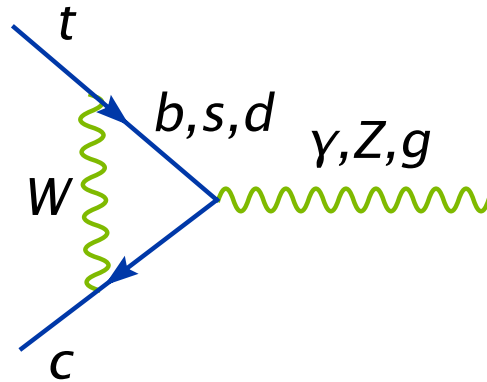


At the LHC, very hard to get better than 10% (U. Baur et al.).

- Need to make use of $b \rightarrow sl^+l^-$.

Flavor Changing Neutral Currents of the Top

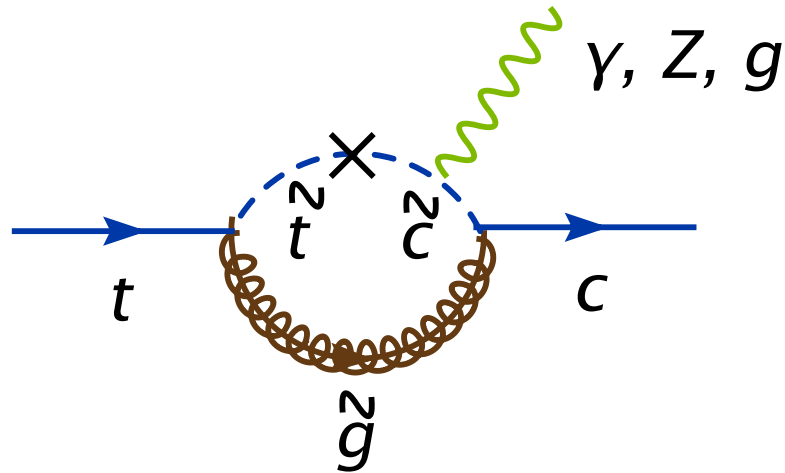
- In the SM, $t \rightarrow cV$ is greatly suppressed:



- E.g. $t \rightarrow c\gamma$ vs. $b \rightarrow s\gamma$:
 - Top mode is more efficiently GIM suppressed: $(m_b/M_W)^2$ instead of $(m_t/M_W)^2$.
 - Top mode competes with $t \rightarrow bW$, which is $O(1)$ w.r.t. to $\lambda \sim \theta_C$.
 $b \rightarrow s\gamma$ vs. $b \rightarrow c\nu$, $O(\lambda^2)$.
 - QCD not so important in $t \rightarrow c\gamma$.
- Typical SM predictions $Br(t \rightarrow cV) \sim (10^{-14} - 10^{-12})$

FCNCs of the Top - SUSY

- Squark mixing induces FCNC at one loop: δ_{23}^{LL} , δ_{23}^{RR} , δ_{23}^{LR}



- Branching ratios as large as $Br(t \rightarrow c\gamma) \sim 10^{-5}$ if LR mixing allowed.

FCNCs of the Top - SUSY

We can also consider the single top production induced by this FCNC vertices

Particularly $t c g$ (J. Guasch, W. Hollik, S. Peñaranda, J. Solà)

- Compute $\sigma_{tc} \equiv \sigma(pp \rightarrow t\bar{c})$:

$$\sigma_{tc} \sim \left(\delta_{23}^{(t)LL} \right)^2 \frac{m_t^2 (A_t - \mu/\tan\beta)^2}{M_{\text{SUSY}}^4} \frac{1}{m_{\tilde{g}}^2}$$

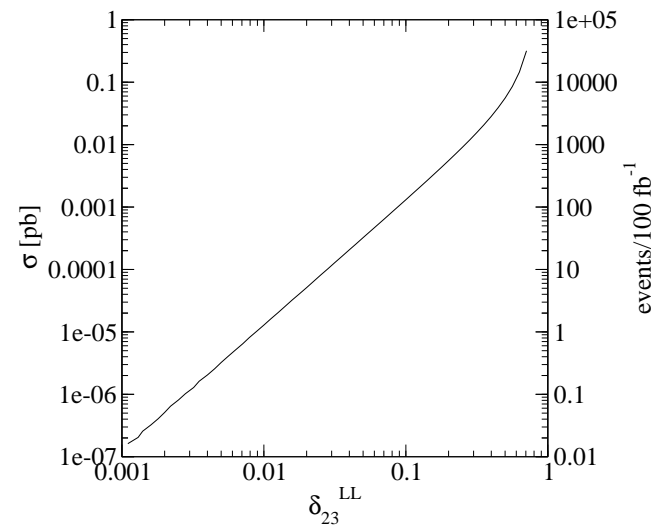
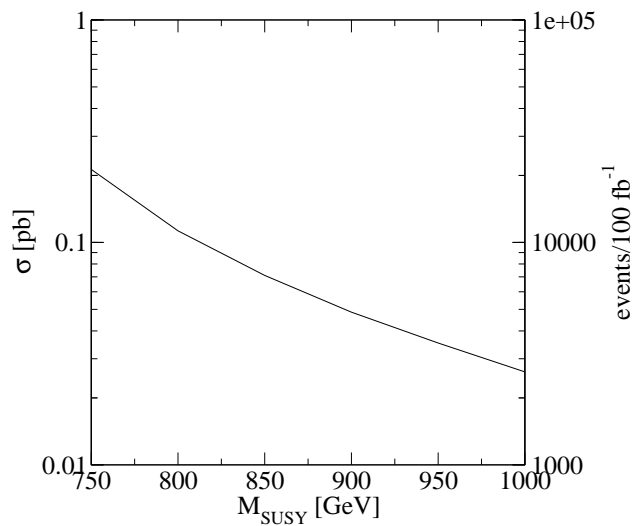
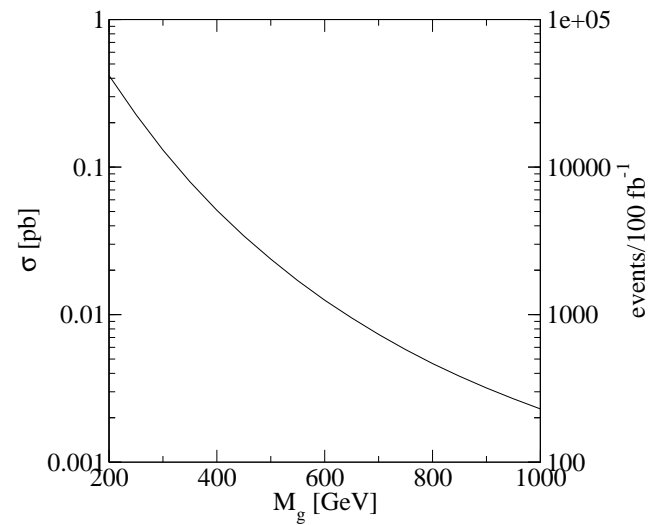
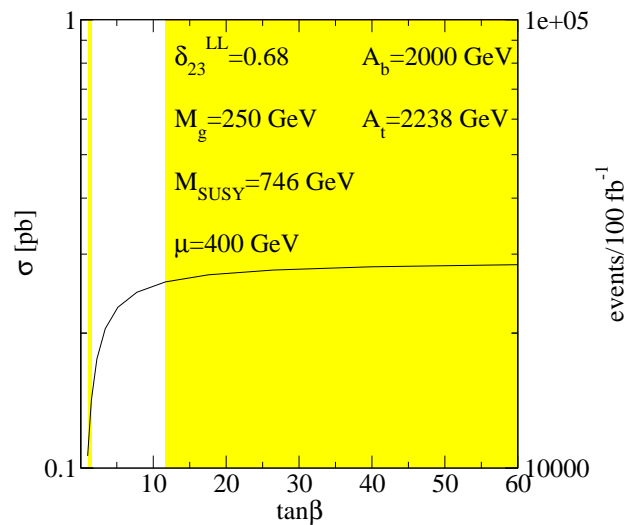
- Correlations with $b \rightarrow s\gamma$:

- $\tan\beta$

- μ

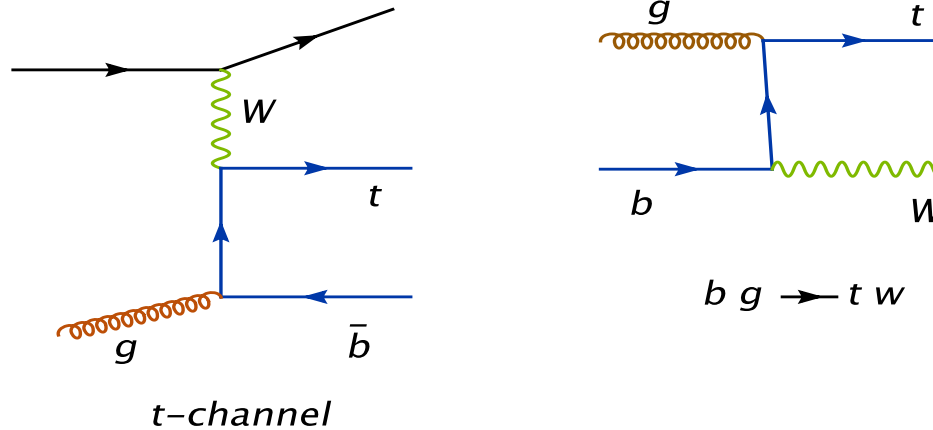
- $\delta_{23}^{(t)LL}$ related to $\delta_{23}^{(b)LL}$ through CKM rotation.

FCNCs of the Top - SUSY



SUSY Contributions to Single Top Production

Compute the NLO electroweak (SM and SUSY) contributions
 (M. Beccaria, G. Macorini, F. M. Renard and C. Verzegnassi)

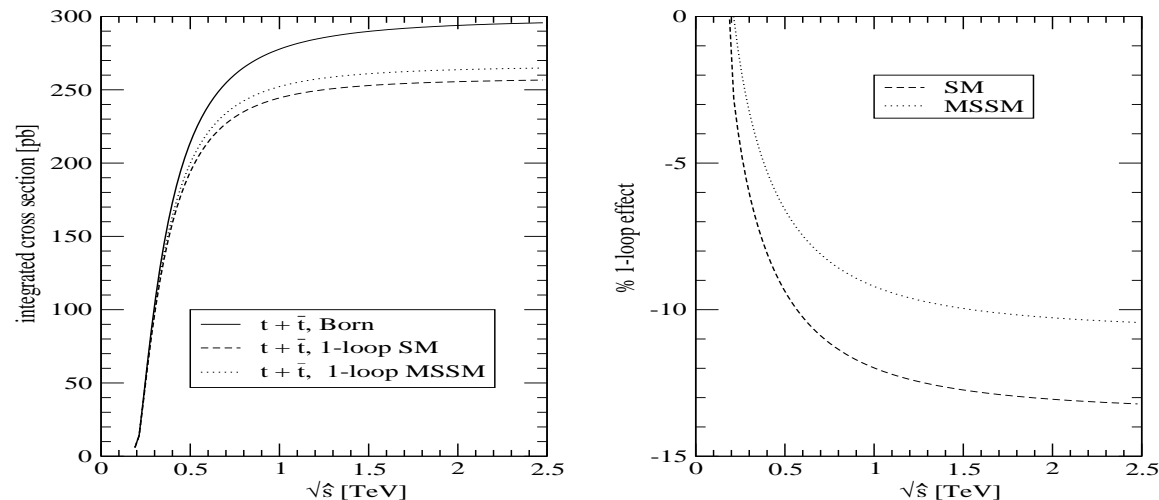


- t channel (W-gluon fusion): Largest $\sim 250 \text{ pb}$ ($\sim 6\%$ SM QCD correction).
- Associated production ($bg \rightarrow tW$): $\sim 30 \text{ pb}$ (10% SM QCD, 6% SUSY QCD).
- s-channel: $\sim 10 \text{ pb}$ (50% SM QCD correction).

EW Corrections to Single Top Production

t-channel (W-gluon fusion)

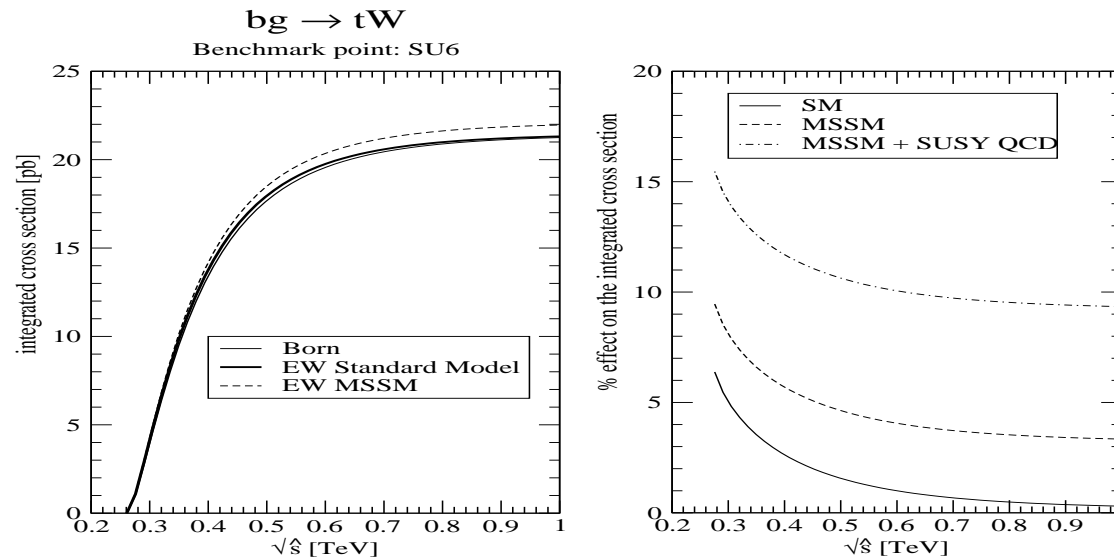
$t + \bar{t}$ production



- True SUSY effect is small here: $\lesssim 2\%$.
- One loop SM EW correction is large: $\sim 13\%$. Larger than the SM NLO QCD effect.

SUSY Contributions to Single Top Production

Associated production ($bg \rightarrow tW$)



- The SUSY effect can be large here: as much as $\lesssim 13\%$, depending on the energy.
- The pure NLO EW SM effect is negligible.
- Complementarity between t-channel and associated production.

FCNCs of the Top - Higgs

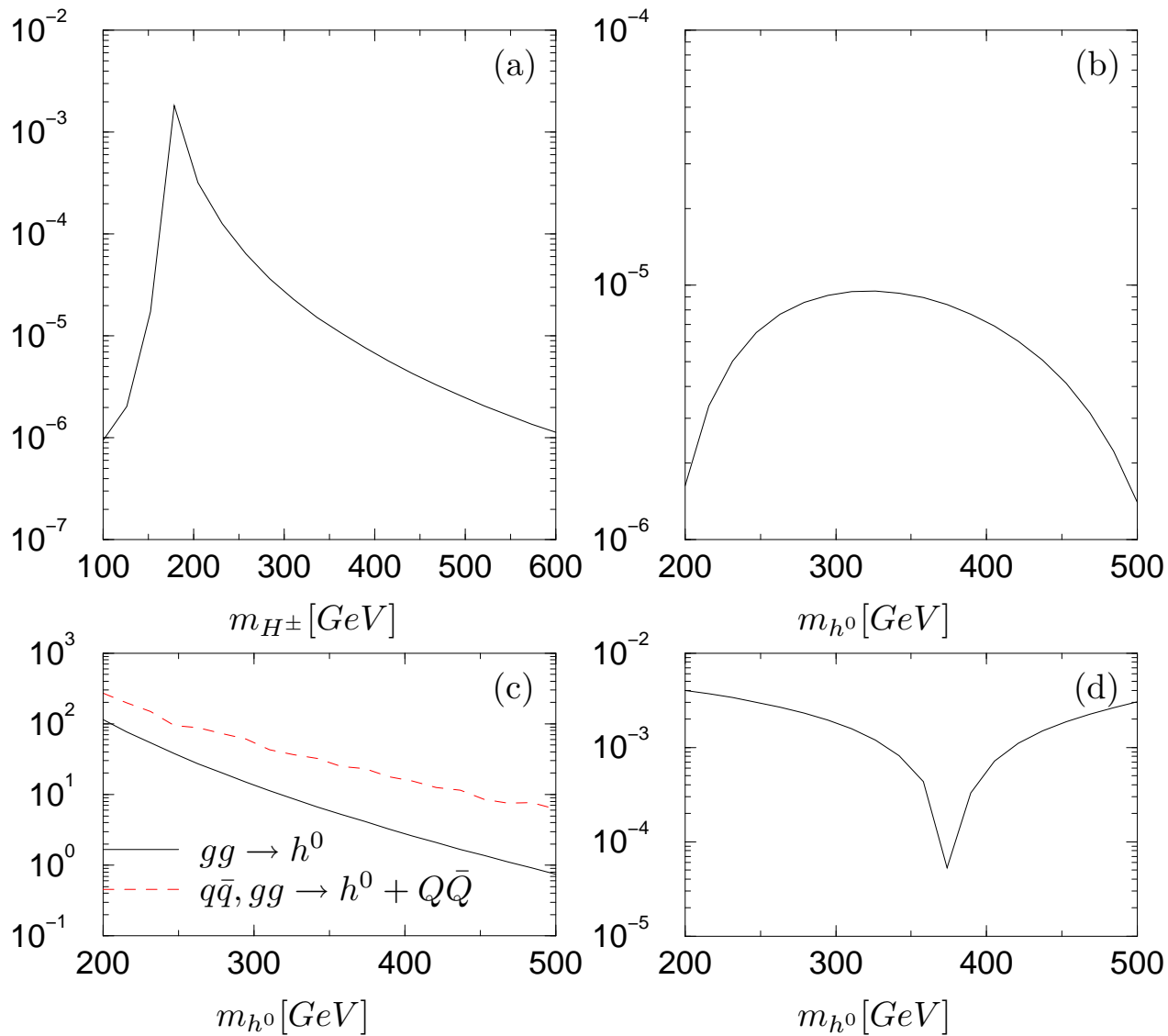
Loop induced FCNC decays Higgs bosons into a top in a 2HDM
(S. Béjar, J. Guasch, J. Solà)

- Compute

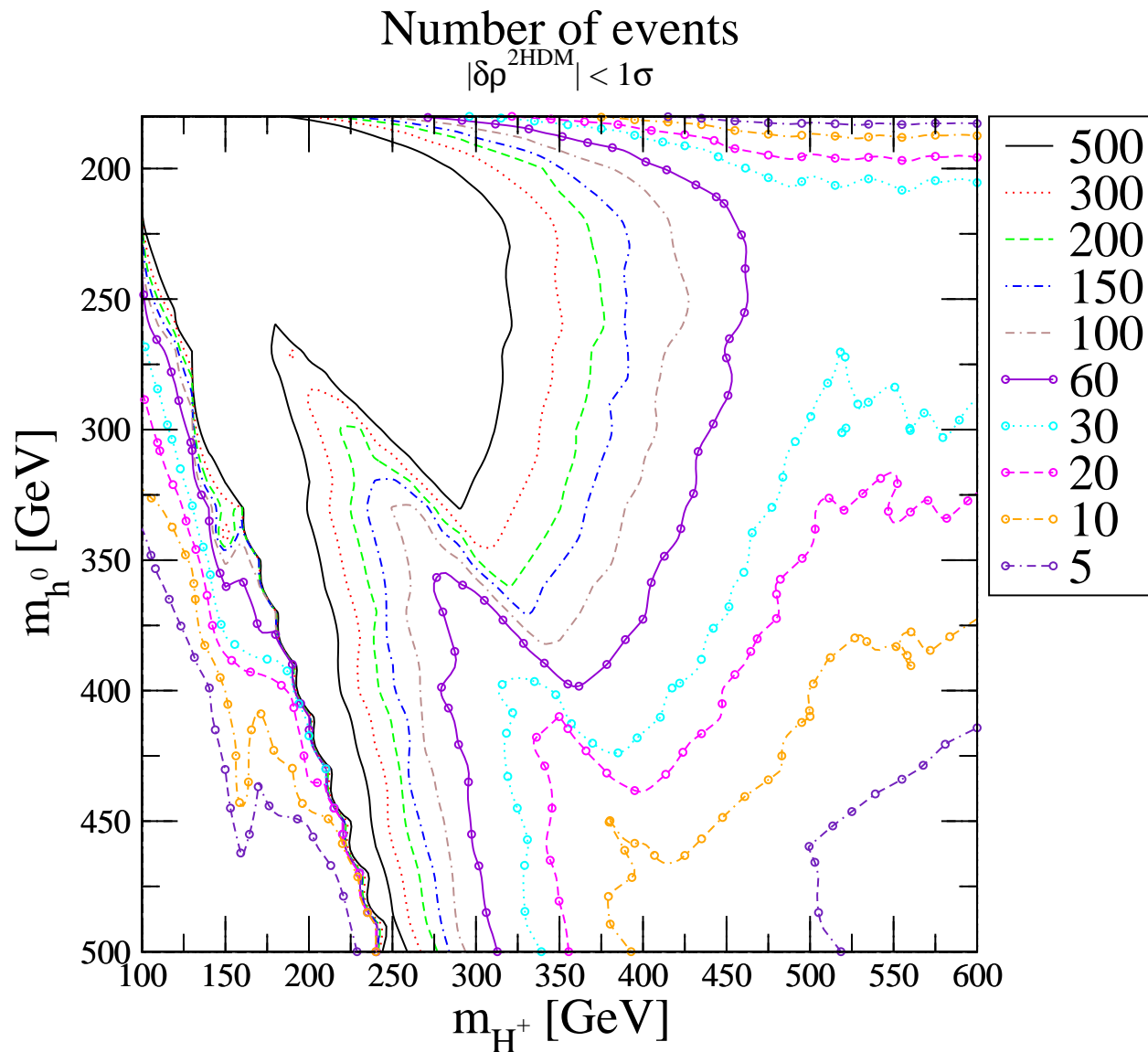
$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow h \rightarrow tc) = \sigma(pp \rightarrow hX) Br(h \rightarrow tc)$$

- Taking into account constraints from
 - $b \rightarrow s\gamma$: $m_{H^\pm} \gtrsim 350 \text{ GeV}$,
 - perturbativity: $0.1 \lesssim \tan\beta \lesssim 60$,
 - custodial symmetry: $|\delta\rho^{2\text{HDM}}| \lesssim 0.1\%$
- For the 2HDMII, sizable branching ratios for lightest CP-even into tc

FCNCs of the Top - Higgs



FCNCs of the Top - Higgs



New Physics and Top production

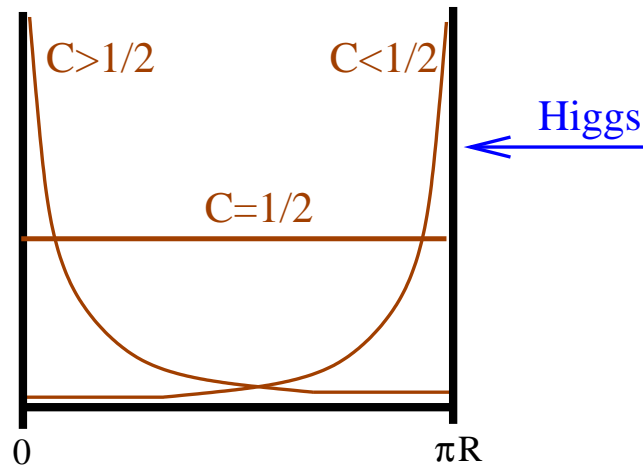
- Also consider direct production of new physics strongly coupled to top
- Typically, associated to the origin of fermion masses
- Example: Warped Extra Dimensions (Randall-Sundrum) with matter and gauge fields in 5D bulk:

localization of fermions \leftrightarrow fermion mass hierarchy

- \Rightarrow in addition to solving the Hierarchy Problem, Theory of Flavor. What are the signals ? All over flavor physics ?
- Is there a signal at the LHC ? (P. Aquino, O. Eboli, G.B.)

Flavor Models in WED

- $O(1)$ flavor breaking in bulk can generate fermion mass hierarchy:



Fermions localized toward the TeV brane can have larger Yukawas, Those localized toward the Planck brane have highly suppressed ones.

- But fermions at $\simeq \pi R \Rightarrow$ strong couplings to 1st KK gauge bosons. E.g: 3rd generation quarks might have large couplings \rightarrow flavor violation.

Signals for a Theory of Flavor

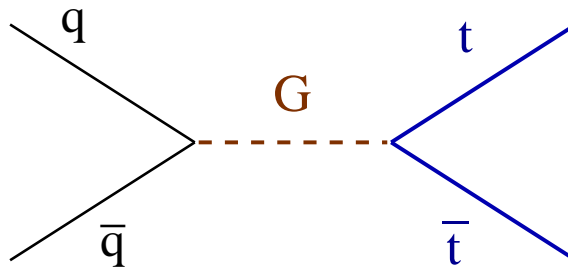
- Assume a generic RS bulk model:
 - Bulk fermions and gauge bosons.
 - Bulk masses ($c's$) \Rightarrow Fermion masses / CKM.
- Model(s) satisfy all EWPC ($S, T, Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, etc.).
- Assume typical masses $m_{KK} \simeq O(1)$ TeV

How do we test this flavor theory at the LHC ?

Signals for Flavor Violation

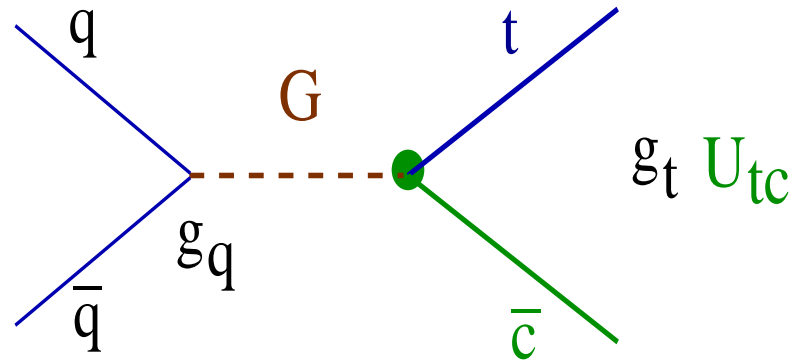
What is the best signal for flavor violation ?

- Flavor diagonal vertices:



Compare $t\bar{t}$ resonances with light quark resonances.
Observing these is hard.

Single Top Production at High Invariant Mass



- Signal: $t + \text{jet}$, very large invariant mass (>1.5 TeV).
- Use $t \rightarrow b\nu$.
- Typically few hundred fb^{-1} .

Single Top Production at High Invariant Mass

Results for $U_R^{tq} = 1$.

| Process | $M_G = 1 \text{ TeV}$ | | | $M_G = 2 \text{ TeV}$ | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| | $\sigma - \text{Cut I}$ | $\sigma - \text{Cut II}$ | $\sigma - \text{Cut III}$ | $\sigma - \text{Cut I}$ | $\sigma - \text{Cut II}$ | $\sigma - \text{Cut III}$ |
| $pp \rightarrow tj$ | 148 fb | 103 fb | 103 fb | 5.10 fb | 2.18 fb | 2.18 fb |
| $pp \rightarrow Wjj$ | 243 fb | 42.0 fb | 21.0 fb | 25.4 fb | 3.79 fb | 0.95 fb |
| $pp \rightarrow Wbb$ | 11.1 fb | 4.07 fb | 3.19 fb | 0.97 fb | 0.45 fb | 0.06 fb |
| $pp \rightarrow tb$ | 1.53 fb | 0.70 fb | 0.61 fb | 0.04 fb | 0.02 fb | 0.02 fb |
| $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ | 44.4 fb | 15.1 fb | 14.2 fb | 1.60 fb | 0.29 fb | 0.24 fb |
| Wg fusion | 32.0 fb | 5.23 fb | 5.23 fb | 1.20 fb | 0.10 fb | 0.10 fb |

Single Top Production at High Invariant Mass

Reach in U_R^{tq}

| M_G [TeV] | $30fb^{-1}$ | $100fb^{-1}$ | $300fb^{-1}$ |
|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1 | 0.24 | 0.18 | 0.14 |
| 2 | 0.65 | 0.50 | 0.36 |

Conclusions/Outlook

- The top quark is a natural window to physics beyond the SM
 - Its mass is of the order of the weak scale $m_t \sim v$
 - It is strongly coupled to the (mystery) Higgs sector
 - It appears to be involved in **EWSB**
- The LHC will have access to lots of top quarks
 - We can measure its couplings with precision \Rightarrow constrain heavy new physics through loops, tree-level suppressed interactions: Wtb , V_{tb} , **neutral couplings**, **FCNCs**, etc.
 - Check for consistency of emerging picture at the TeV scale (e.g.: corrections to single top in the **MSSM**).
- It will have access to the energy frontier: new physics states might couple strongly to top. Maybe even a window to the theory of flavor.