

Status and prospects of Kaon experiments

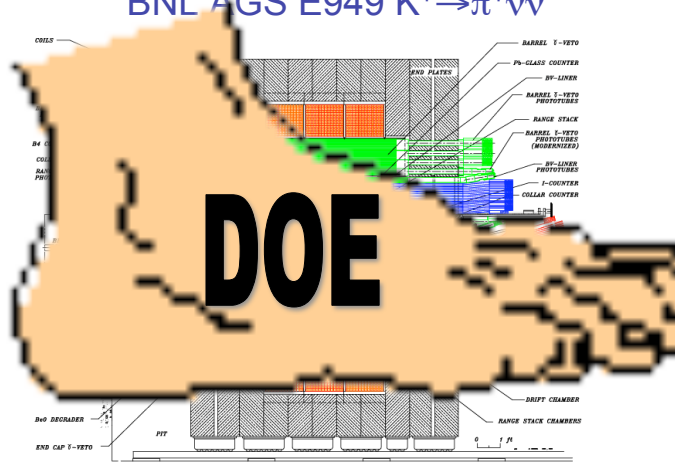


Final Plenary meeting:
CERN, March 26-28 2007

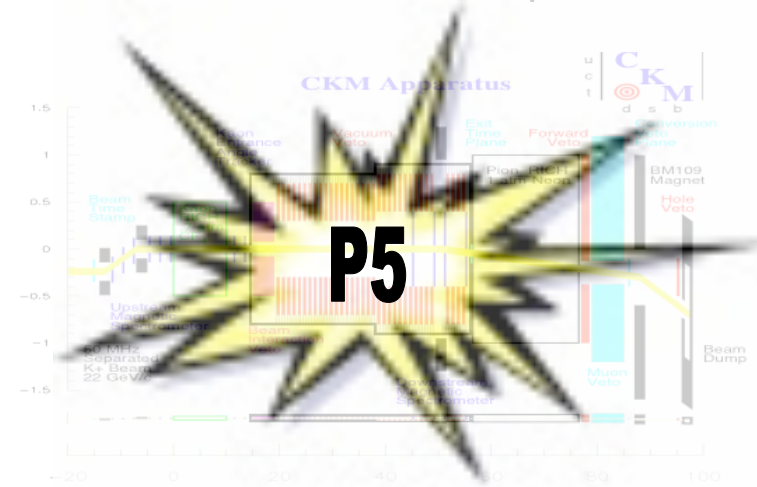
Takeshi K. Komatsubara (KEK, FlavLHC WG2)

L.Littenberg's Kaon talk at the 1st meeting (Nov 05)

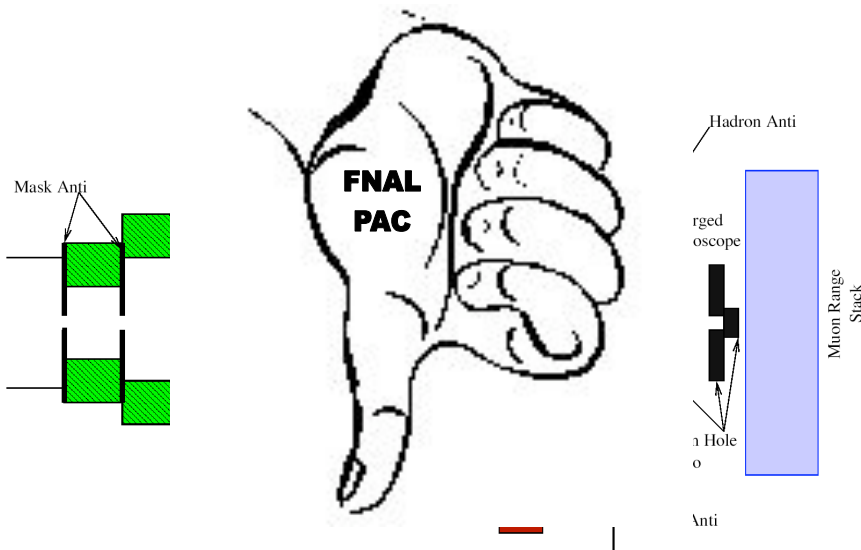
BNL AGS E949 $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$



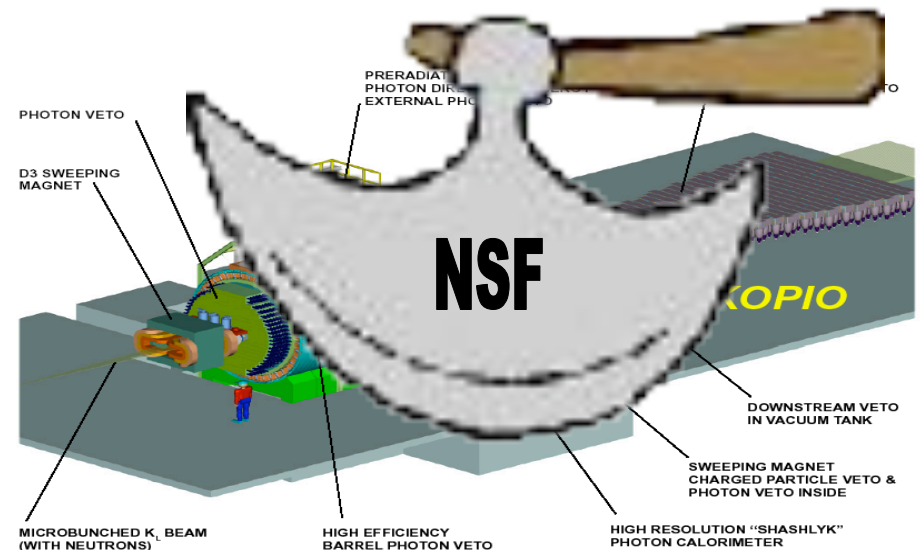
FNAL CKM $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$ Experiment

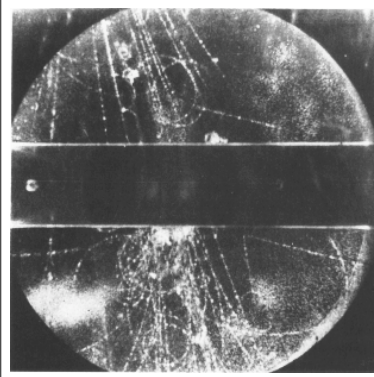


KAMI $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$ at FNAL



KOPIO $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$ at BNL





First V particle (1946). Just below the lead plate, in the lower right-hand quadrant, an inverted V extends to the lower right. Rochester and Butler measured the momentum of the upper particle as 300 MeV/c and determined its charge to be positive. The other (lo particle has a negative charge (if it is moving down or a positive charge (if it is moving upward). From experience, they argued, the two tracks would have closer together to be an electron-positron pair. The tracks cannot be a two-track star; if they were, there should be a visible recoiling nucleus at the apex. Conservation of momentum excludes a pion decaying into an electron, or a muon decaying into an electron. This argument eliminates the only possible alternative. Rochester and Butler concluded that this event had a photographic record of a novel phenomenon: the decay of a previously unknown neutral meson.

From *Image and Logic*, a study of the history and practice of experimental microphysics, authored by Peter Galison and published by The University of Chicago Press.



Proceedings of
KAON 2001
International Conference on CP Violation

International Workshop
Kaon 2005

The purpose of this workshop is to present the latest experimental and theoretical developments in flavor physics with particular emphasis on the kaon system. The HEP community needs to develop a new generation of experiments that challenge the Standard Model. This requires a close collaboration of physicists working in the various subfields of high-energy physics. The format is plenary talks only, with a moderate number of talks each day to allow time for lively discussion.

International Committee

- Dave Asner *U of Pittsburgh*
- Gerhard Buchalla *LMU Munich*
- Andrzej Buras *TMU Munich*
- Nicola Cabibbo *U of Rome/CERN*
- Augusto Cuccucci *CERN*
- Vincenzo Cirigliano *CALTECH*
- Flavio Costantini *U of Pisa*
- Paolo Franzini *U of Rome*
- Yuval Grossman *Technion*
- Bob Hsiung *Nat Taiwan U*
- Gino Isidori *INFN-Frascati*
- Vladimir Kekelidze *Dubna*
- Steve Kettel *Brookhaven Nat Lab*
- Makoto Kobayashi *KEK*
- Bill Marciano *Brookhaven Nat Lab*
- Hitoshi Murayama *Berkeley*
- Tatsuya Nakada *CERN*
- Yusef Nir *Weizmann Institute*
- Antonio Pich *U de Valencia*
- Shojiro Sugimoto *KEK*
- Bob Tschirhart *Fermilab*
- Heinrich Wahl *Ferrara*
- Roland Winston *UC-Merced*
- Taku Yamanaka *Osaka U*
- Mike Zeller *Yale*

Local Committee

- Mayda Velasco (co-chair) *Northwestern*
- Peter Cooper (co-chair) *Fermilab*
- Yau Wah (co-chair) *U of Chicago*
- Carl Albright *Northern Illinois*
- Andre de Gouvea *Northwestern*

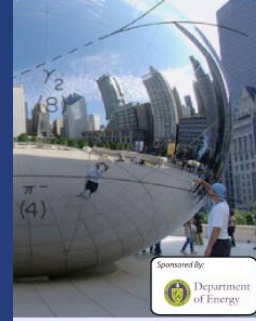
The Chicago Conference on Kaon Physics

KAON '99



Kaon International Conference

Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati dell'INFN
May 21 - 25, 2007



Sponsored By: Department of Energy

<http://www.Inf.infn.it/conference/kaon07/>

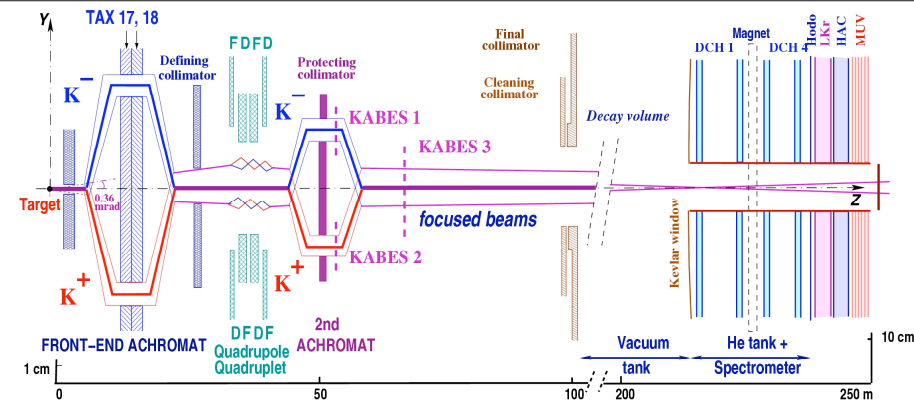
analyses of NA48, KLOE, KTeV, ISTR+, E949/E787, E391a, ...
continue for:

- lifetimes, branching fractions, ...
for V_{us} and V_{ud}
- semi-leptonic/non-leptonic/radiative decays, ...
for low energy QCD
- CPT and QM tests
- Lepton Universality and LFV
- Rare decays and CP violation
for New Physics in the LHC era



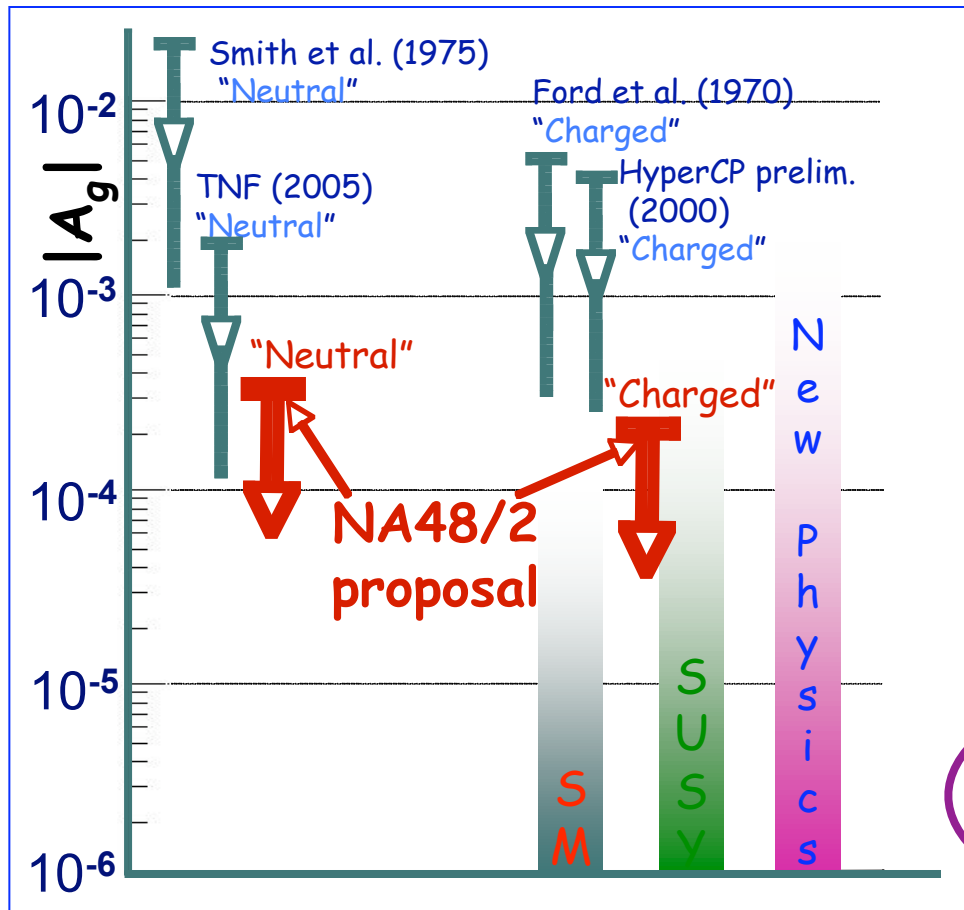
See also the Kaon talks (NA48, KLOE, and KTeV) at Moriond 2007.

NA48/2 : simultaneous K^\pm beam



Measuring $|A_g|$

$$K^\pm \rightarrow \pi^\pm \pi^0 \pi^0, \pi^\pm \pi^+ \pi^-$$



SM theoretical prediction: $10^{-6} \div 5 \cdot 10^{-5}$

Kinematic variables:

$$s_i = (P_K - P_{\pi_i})^2, \quad i = 1-3 \quad (3 = \pi_{\text{odd}})$$

$$s_0 = (s_1 + s_2 + s_3) / 3$$

$$u = (s_3 - s_0) / m_\pi^2$$

$$v = (s_2 - s_1) / m_\pi^2$$

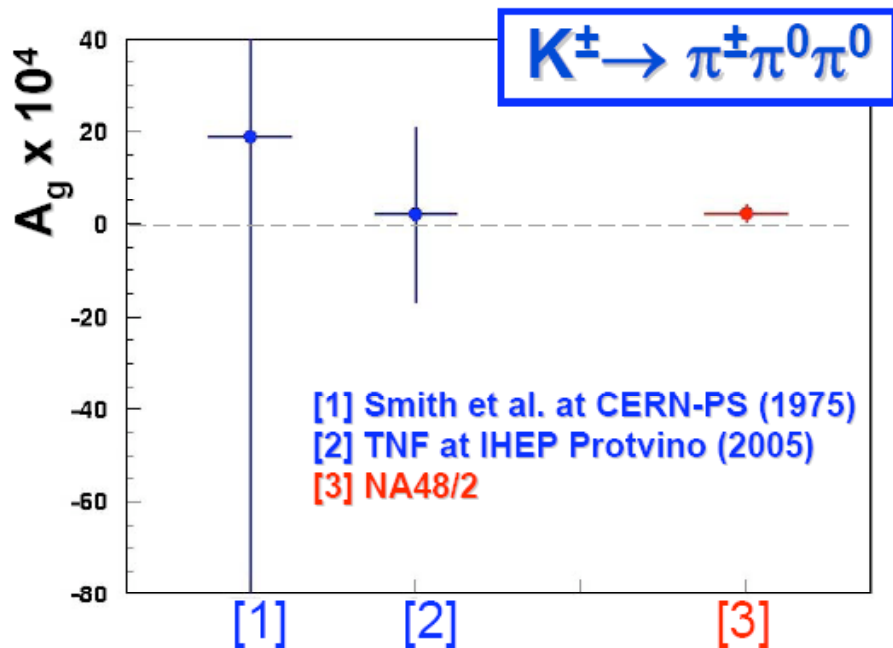
Dalitz plot analyses

Matrix element expansion:

$$|M(u,v)|^2 \sim 1 + gu + hu^2 + kv^2$$

Direct CP violating quantity:
slope asymmetry

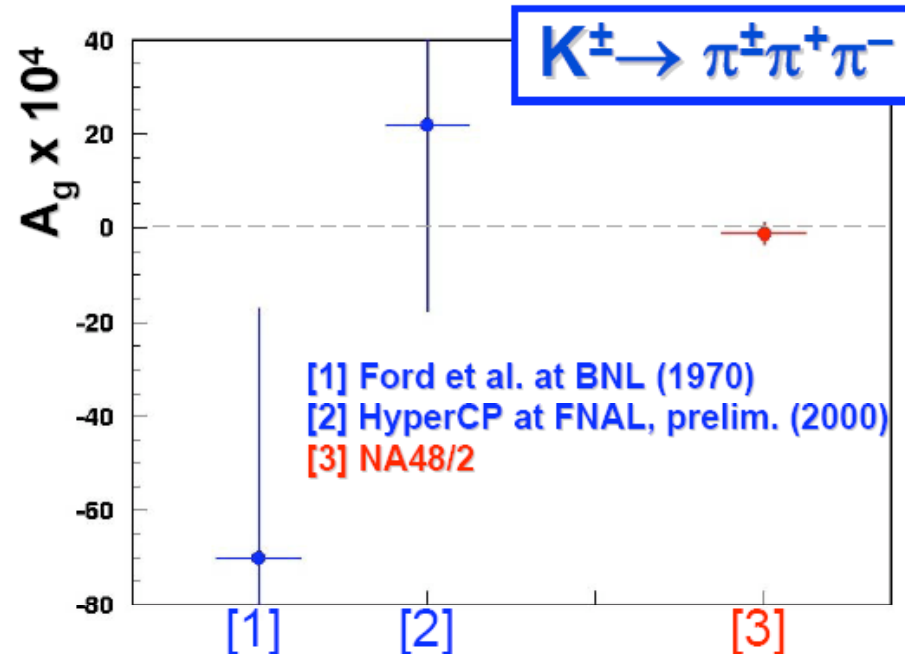
$$A_g = (g^+ - g^-) / (g^+ + g^-) \neq 0$$



2003 + 2004 FINAL RESULT

$$A_g = (1.8 \pm 1.7_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.5_{\text{syst}}) \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$= (1.8 \pm 1.8) \cdot 10^{-4}$$



2003 + 2004 FINAL RESULT

$$A_g = (-1.5 \pm 1.5_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.9_{\text{trig}} \pm 1.1_{\text{syst}}) \cdot 10^{-4}$$

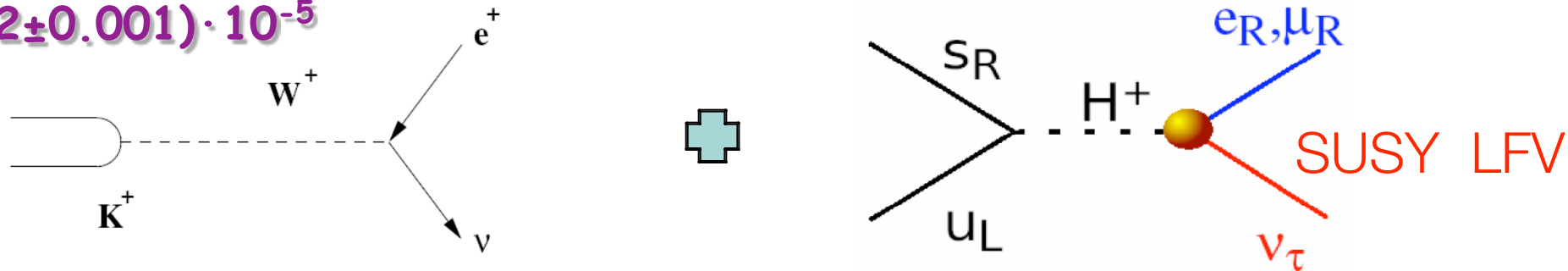
$$= (-1.5 \pm 2.1) \cdot 10^{-4}$$

- No CP violation observed.
 - Statistical uncertainties dominate.
 - Results compatible with Standard Model predictions.

Lepton Universality: $\Gamma(K_{e2})/\Gamma(K_{\mu2})$

V-A couplings - helicity suppressed

$$(2.472 \pm 0.001) \cdot 10^{-5}$$



$$R_{K_{\bullet}}^{LFV} = \frac{\sum_i K \rightarrow e\nu_i}{\sum_i K \rightarrow \mu\nu_i} \simeq \frac{\Gamma_{SM}(K \rightarrow e\nu_e) + \Gamma(K \rightarrow e\nu_{\tau})}{\Gamma_{SM}(K \rightarrow \mu\nu_{\mu})}, \quad i = e, \mu, \tau$$

If $\tan\beta=40$ and $M_{H^+}=500 \text{ GeV}$ with $|\Delta_R^{31}|^2 = 5 \cdot 10^{-4}$

$$\Delta r_{K}^{e-\mu} \simeq \left(\frac{m_K^4}{M_{H^\pm}^4} \right) \left(\frac{m_\tau^2}{m_e^2} \right) |\Delta_R^{31}|^2 \tan^6 \beta \approx 10^{-2}$$

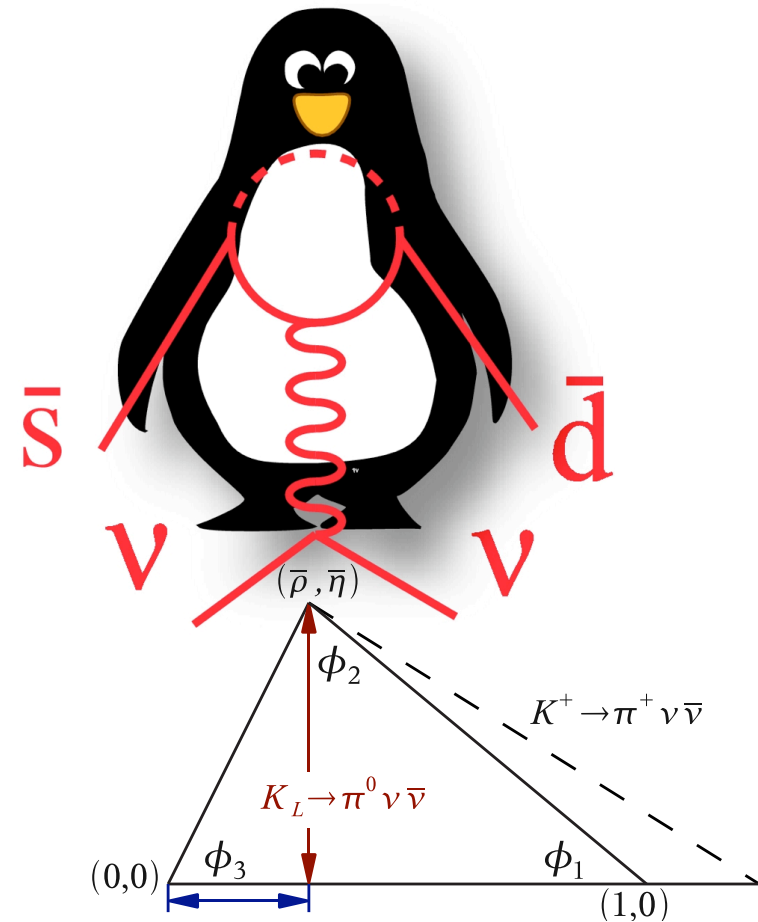
A. Masiero: CERN TH seminar

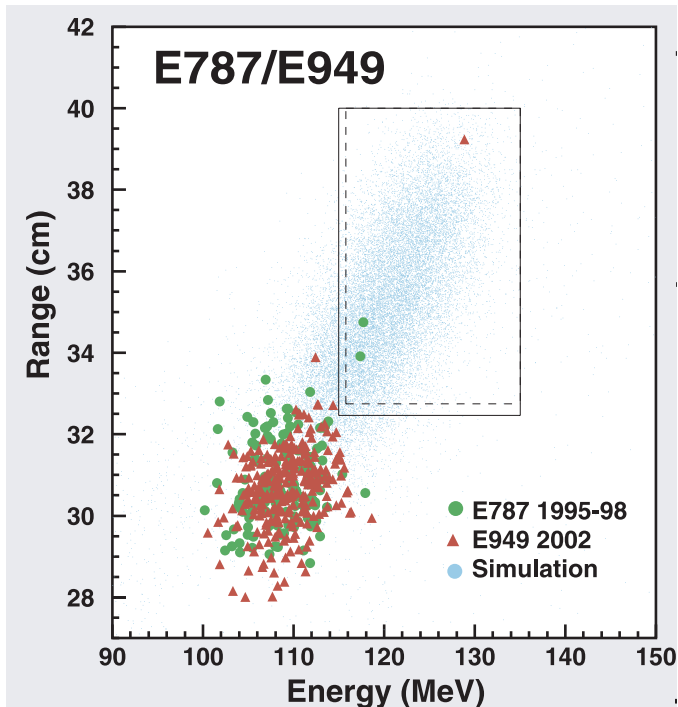
The effect can be as high as 2% and therefore measurable

PR D74 (2006) 011701 (A. Masiero et al.)

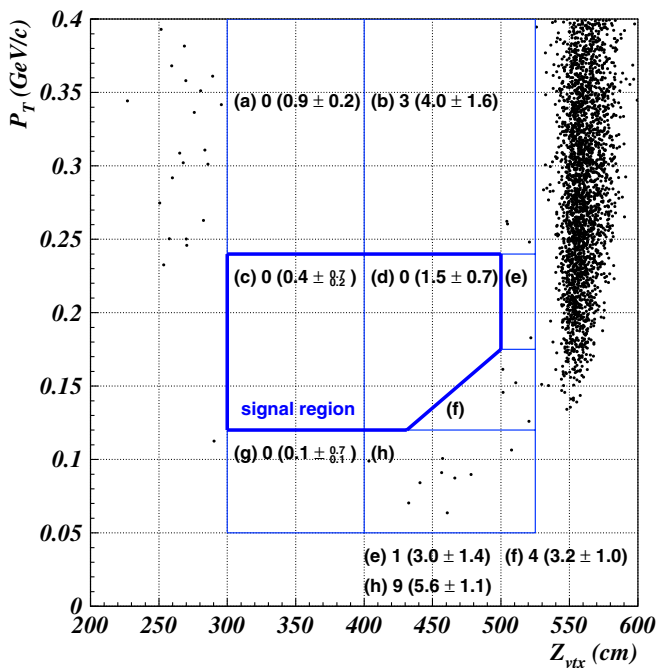
contents (in 35 slides) :

- status ✓
- prospects for the Golden Mode: $K \rightarrow \pi \nu \bar{\nu}$
 - (theoretical motivation)
 - program at CERN
 - program at J-PARCupdates on J-PARC accelerator
- T odd correlation in $K \rightarrow \mu \nu \pi / \mu \nu \gamma$ decays at J-PARC
- DAΦNE upgrade - KLOE2

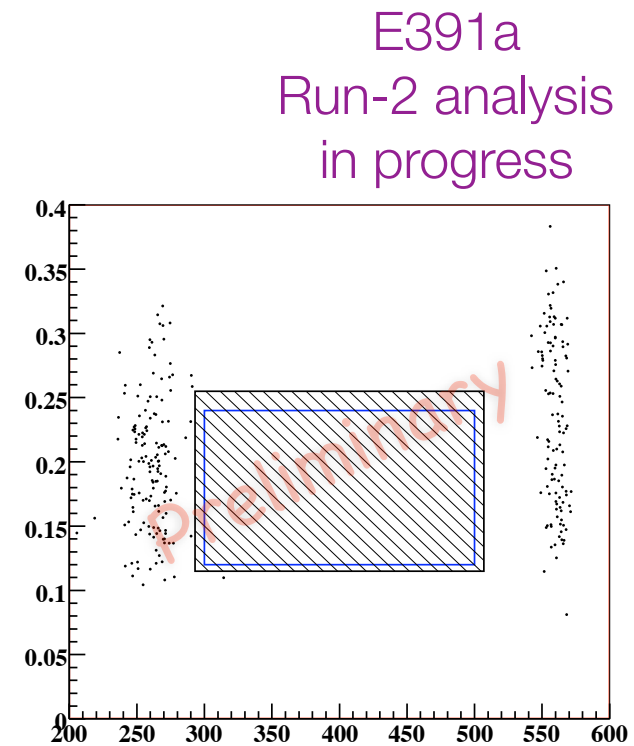




PRL 93 (2004)



PR D74 (2006)
10% of the 1st dataset



aim at sensitivity 10^{-8}

Golden Modes	Standard Model	Experiment
$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$	$8.0^{+1.1}_{-1.1} \times 10^{-11}$	$14.7^{+13.0}_{-8.9} \times 10^{-11}$ E787 E949
$K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$	$2.9^{+0.4}_{-0.4} \times 10^{-11}$	$< 2.1 \times 10^{-7}$ E391a

**15% due to
present CKM accuracy**

Grossman-Nir bound

PLB **398**, 163 (1997)

$$r_{is} \times \frac{\Gamma(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu})}{\Gamma(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu})} = \sin^2 \theta$$

relative CP-violating phase

isospin
breaking
correction
0.954

$$\frac{BR(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu})}{BR(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu})} < \frac{\tau_{K_L}}{\tau_{K^+}} \times \frac{1}{r_{is}} = 4.371... \simeq 4.4$$

$$BR(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}) < 4.4 \times UL_{90\%}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu})$$

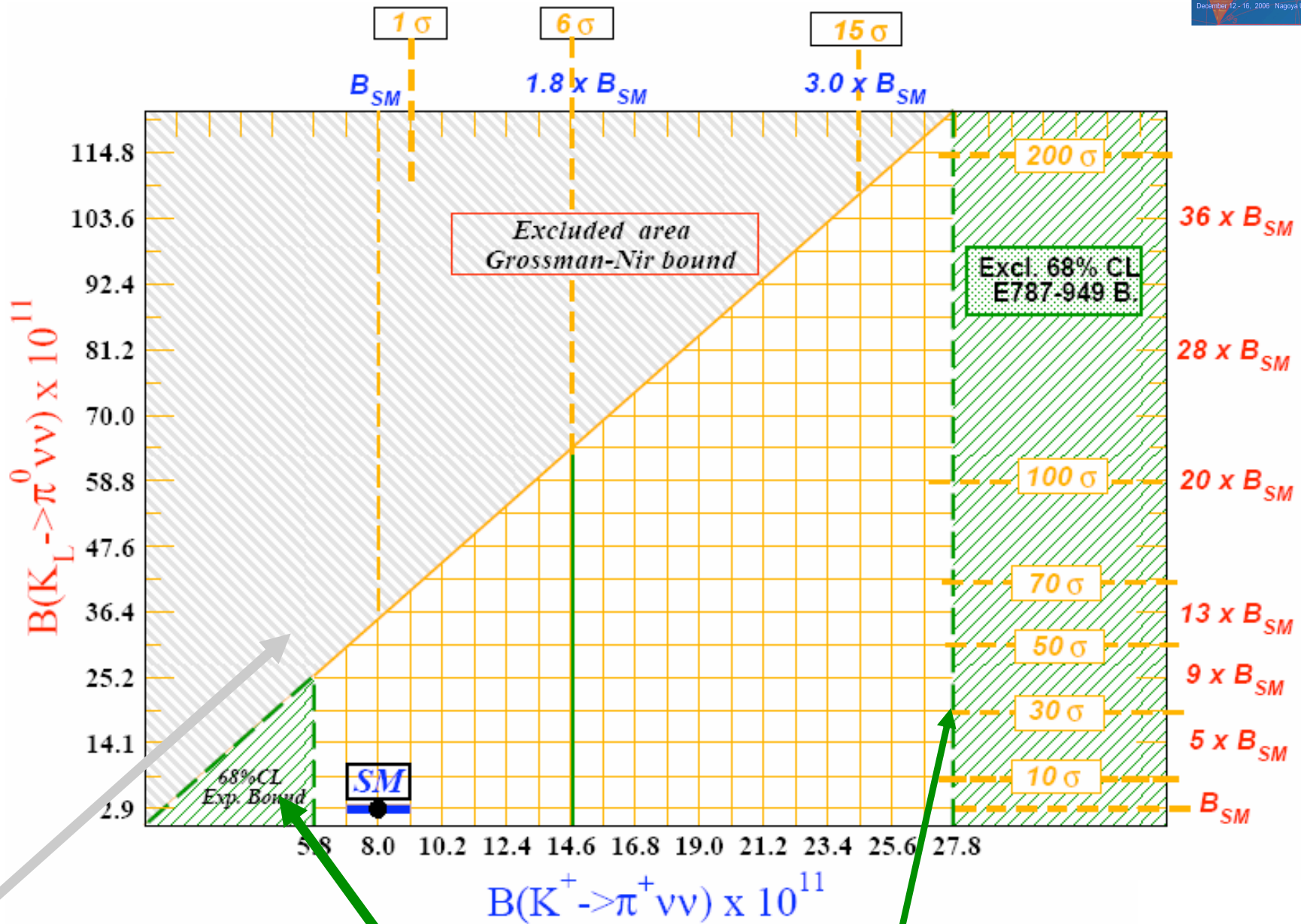
$$\underline{1.4 \times 10^{-9}}$$

Golden Modes	Standard Model	Experiment
$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$	$8.0^{+1.1}_{-1.1} \times 10^{-11}$	$14.7^{+13.0}_{-8.9} \times 10^{-11}$ E787 E949
$K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$	$2.9^{+0.4}_{-0.4} \times 10^{-11}$	$< 2.1 \times 10^{-7}$ E391a

$$< 32.2 \times 10^{-11}$$

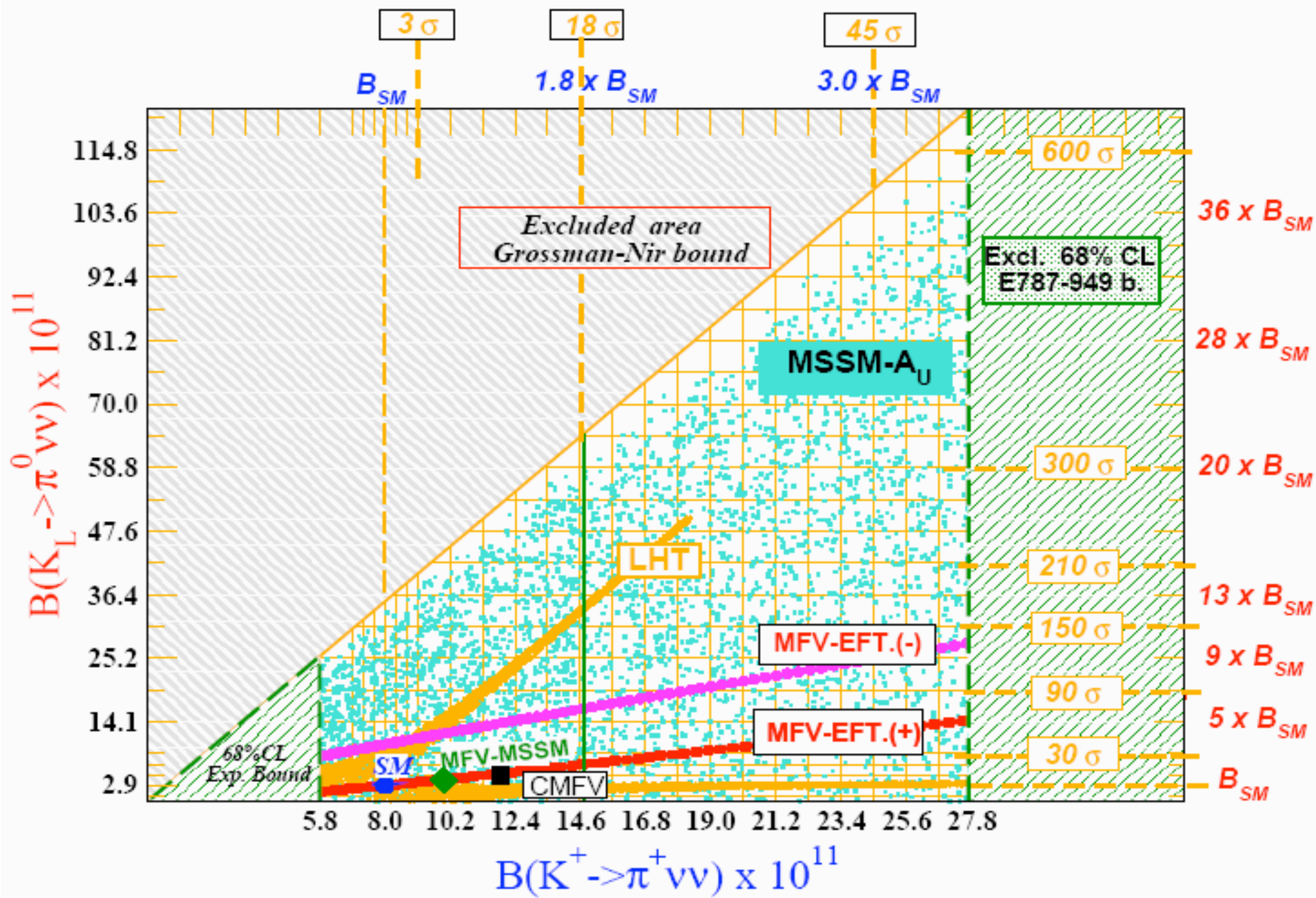
↑

**15% due to
present CKM accuracy**



$$B(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu\bar{\nu}) = 14.7^{+13.0}_{-8.9} \times 10^{-11} \quad [E787-E949]$$

$$B(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu\bar{\nu}) \leq 4.4 B(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu\bar{\nu}) \quad [\text{Grossmann - Nir Bound}]$$

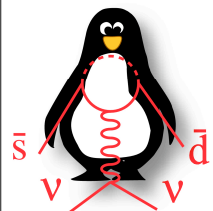




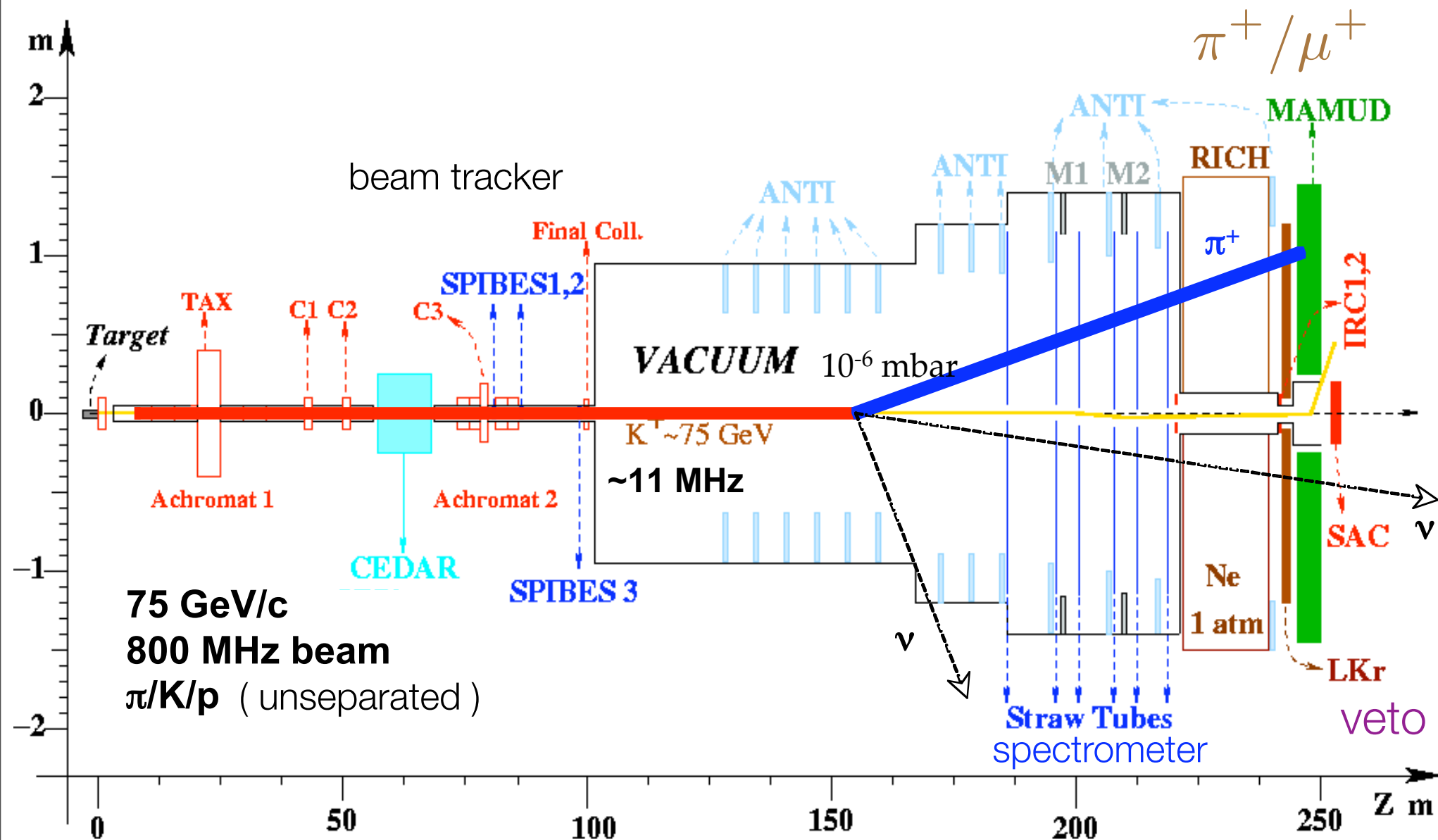
$$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$$

program at CERN: NA48/3 - P326

**CERN, Dubna, Ferrara, Florence, Frascati,
Mainz, Merced, Moscow, Naples,
Perugia, Protvino, Pisa, Rome, Saclay,
San Luis Potosi, Sofia, Turin,
TRIUMF**



K^+ decay in flight to π^+ plus “nothing”

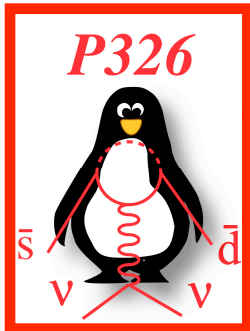


12-MARCH-2007 2007 SPS Fixed Target Programme

Version 2.1

Colour code: blue (dark shading) = not yet allocated ; yellow (light shading) = not allocatable or Machine Development

	P1A	P1B	P2	P3	P4	P5											
	21 2 May 23 May	26 23 May 18 Jun	37 18 Jun 25 Jul	41 25 Jul 4 Sep	36 4 Sep 10 Oct	33 10 Oct 12 Nov											
T2 -H2		EA CMS ZDC SILC R&D 2 5 11	CMS SI R&D 9	CMS Combined 28	CMS Combined 14	CMS HCAL R&D 12	CMS CASTOR 14	PHENIX 9	DREAM 6	HERCAM 8	NA49 FUTURE 13	NA49 FUTURE 19	PAMELA 7	NUCLEON 7			
T2 -H4		EA CMS EACL 2 16	DREAM 7	DREAM 8	ECC 7	AMS RE1 7	PICH 7	CMS ECAL 21	GLAST 8	LHCf 11	LHCf 7	BRAN 8	CMS ECAL 21	CRYSTAL 26	EA MD 4 3		
T4 -H6		EA MEDIX CERF 2 6 3 7	ALICE ZDC 9	RD42 7	CALICE 14	ALICE ECAL 7	ALICE ECAL 14	CALICE 14	MEDIPIX RD42 5 8	MONOPIX 7	DEPFET 6	CERF 8	IMMOROMA 6	DESY TELESCOPE 7	SILC R&D 14	RD42 12	MONOPIX 7
T4 -H8		EA RD22 2 16	EA MD LHCb 2 14	ATLAS LUCID 7	ATLAS BCM 7	ATLAS ZDC 7	LHCb 14	TOTEM 14	LHCb 13	ATLAS 3DSI 9	EA MD 6	RD22 14	ATLAS RP 7	ATLAS RP 19	RD22 14		
T4 -P0				P326 37			P326 41				P326 36			P326 33			
T6 -M2		EA COMPASS 2 16		COMPASS 37			COMPASS 41				COMPASS 36			COMPASS 33			
CNGS																	



SPS/PS-Coordinator: Christoph Rembser

E-mail: SPS.Coordinator@cern.ch

phone: 73113 (ext. +41 22 767 3113)

mobile: 160497 (ext. +41 76 487 0497)

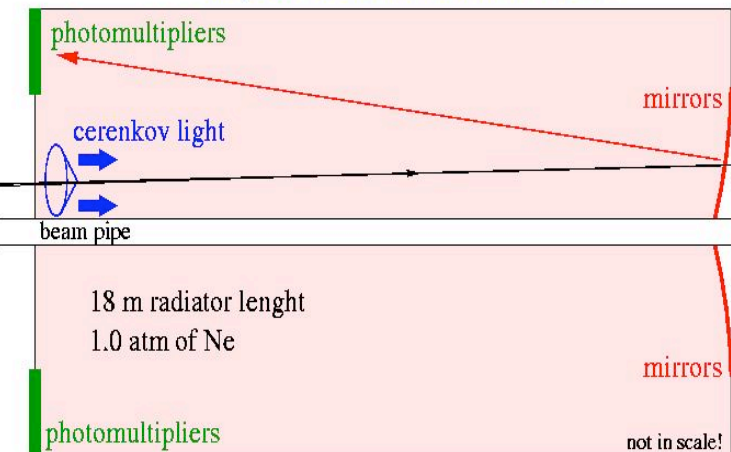
Comments:

- CNGS start subject to PS/SPS Committee (SPSC) decision
- COMPASS Muon run approved
- Summer Student Courses: H6 beam line, 4 mornings/afternoons in August (week 31/32)
- SILC R&D (H2, H6) to be approved by SPSC
- Week 44 and week 45: pion beam for P0 beam line

June-Nov 2007: P326 run at SPS

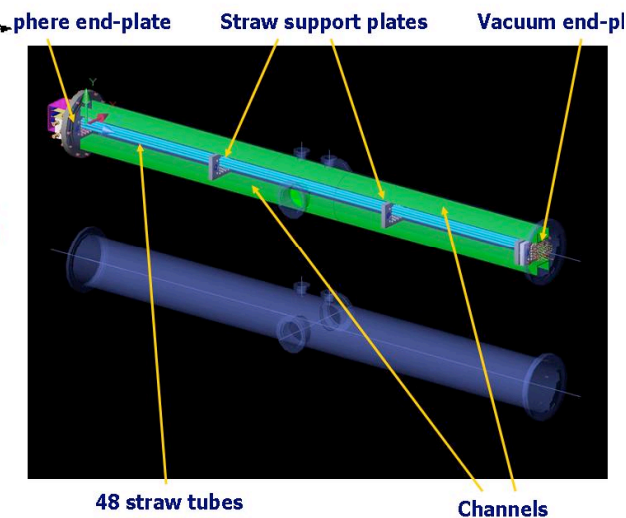
- run for $\Gamma(\mathbf{K}_{e2})/\Gamma(\mathbf{K}_{\mu2})$ to accumulate **150K Ke2 events**
- test of new prototype detectors in the NA48 beam/detector environment:

Layout of the P326 Pion RICH

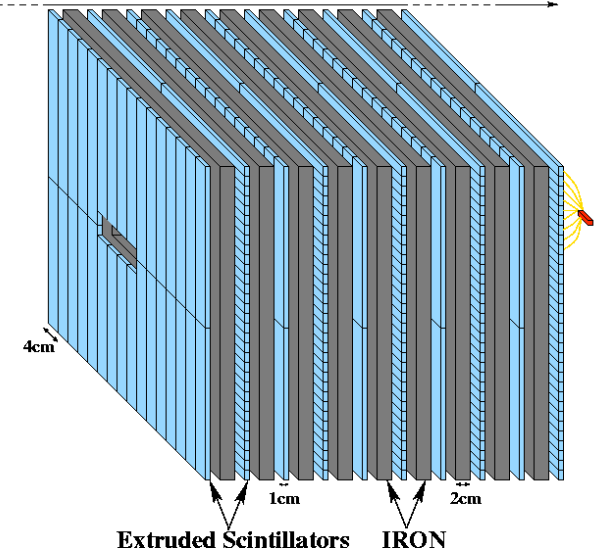


RICH

straw

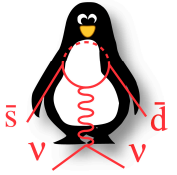


1 Section = 18/19 Iron Planes : $20 \lambda_0$, $2\lambda_0$, 8 Sections in total

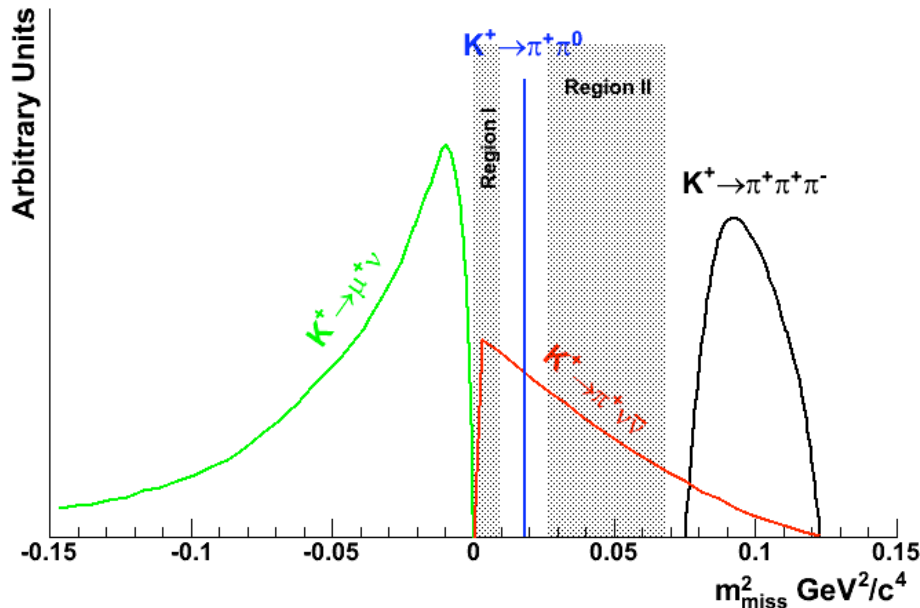


muon veto

Backgrounds



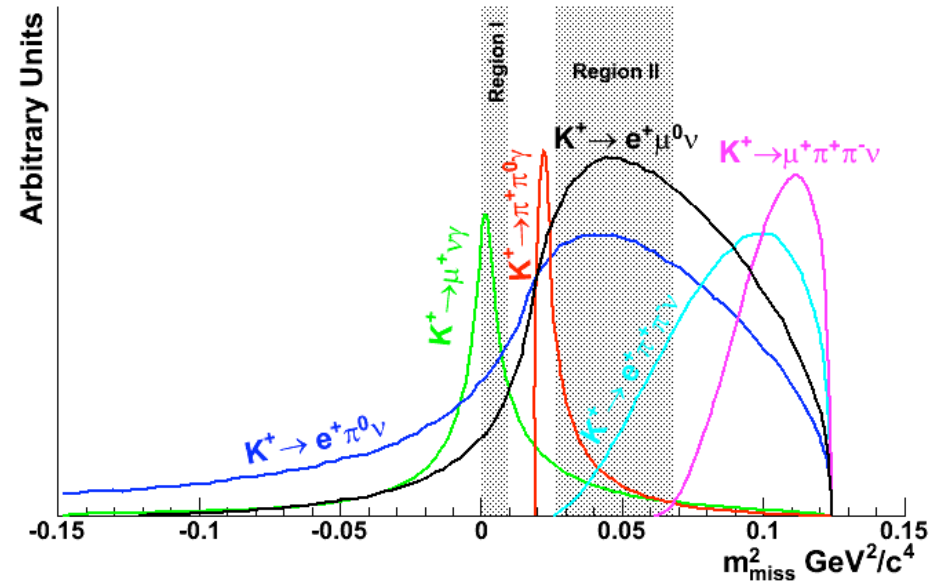
Kinematically constrained



92% of total background

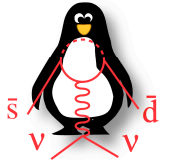
- ▶ Allows us to define a signal region
- ▶ $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0$ forces us to split it into two parts (Region I and Region II)

Not kinematically constrained



8% of total background

- ▶ Span across the signal region
- ▶ Rejection must rely on vetoes



Analysis: background rejection

<i>Events/year</i>	Total	Region I	Region II
Signal (<i>acc=17%</i>)	65	16	49
$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0$	2.7	1.7	1.0
$K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu$	1.2	1.1	<0.1
$K^+ \rightarrow e^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \nu$	~2	negligible	~2
Other 3 – track decays	~1	negligible	~1
$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0 \gamma$	1.3	negligible	1.3
$K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu \gamma$	0.5	0.2	0.2
$K^+ \rightarrow e^+ (\mu^+) \pi^0 \nu$, others	negligible	–	–
Total bckg.	9	3.0	6

➡ **S/B ~ 8** (Region I ~5, Region II ~9)



$$K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$$

program at J-PARC: E14

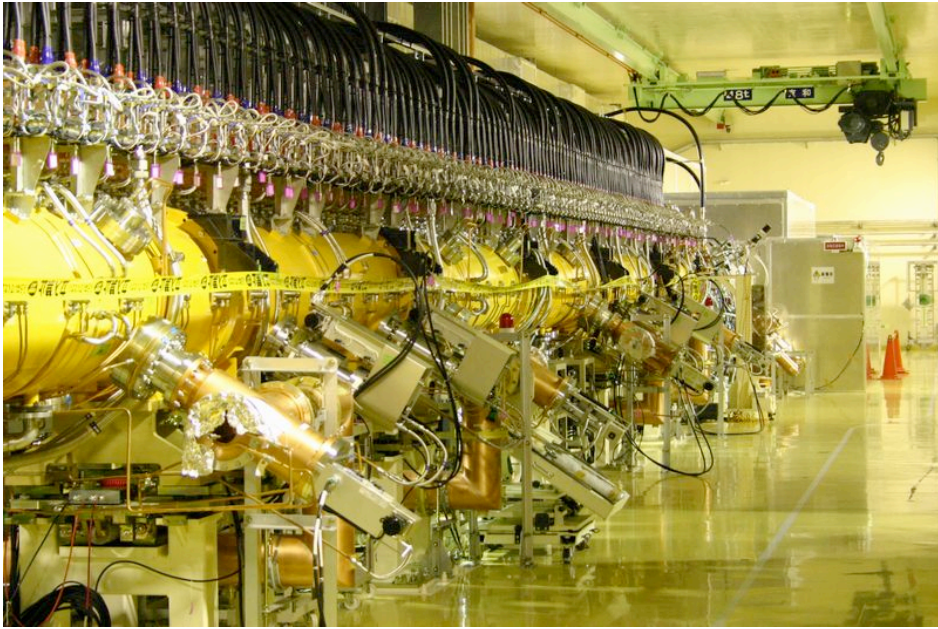
**KEK, Kyoto, NDA, Osaka, Saga, Yamagata,
Arizona State, Chicago, Michigan-Ann Arbor,
JINR,
National Taiwan,
Pusan National, Seoul, CheonBuk**

J-PARC



CERN COURIER

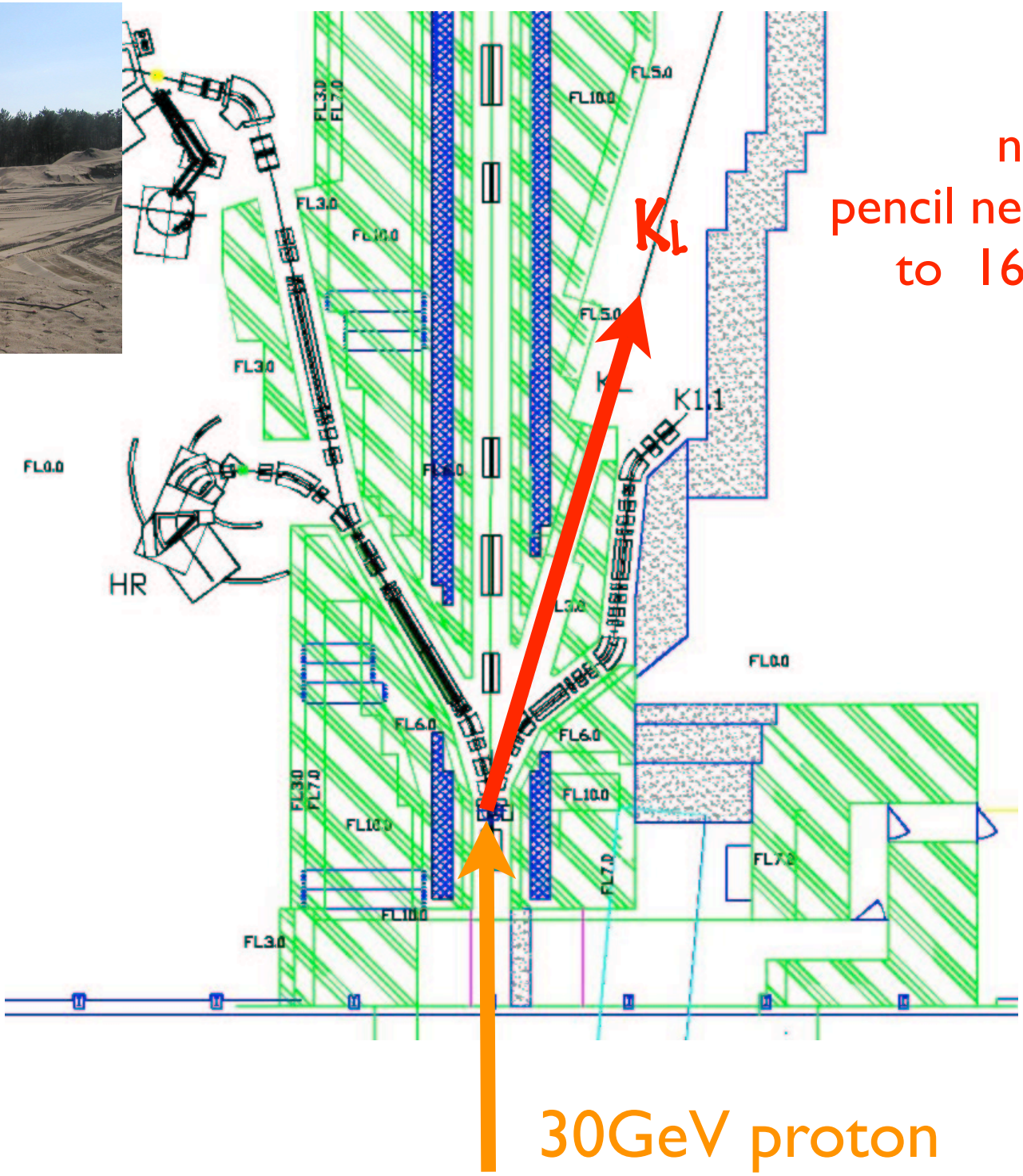
March 2007



Schedule of construction and commissioning

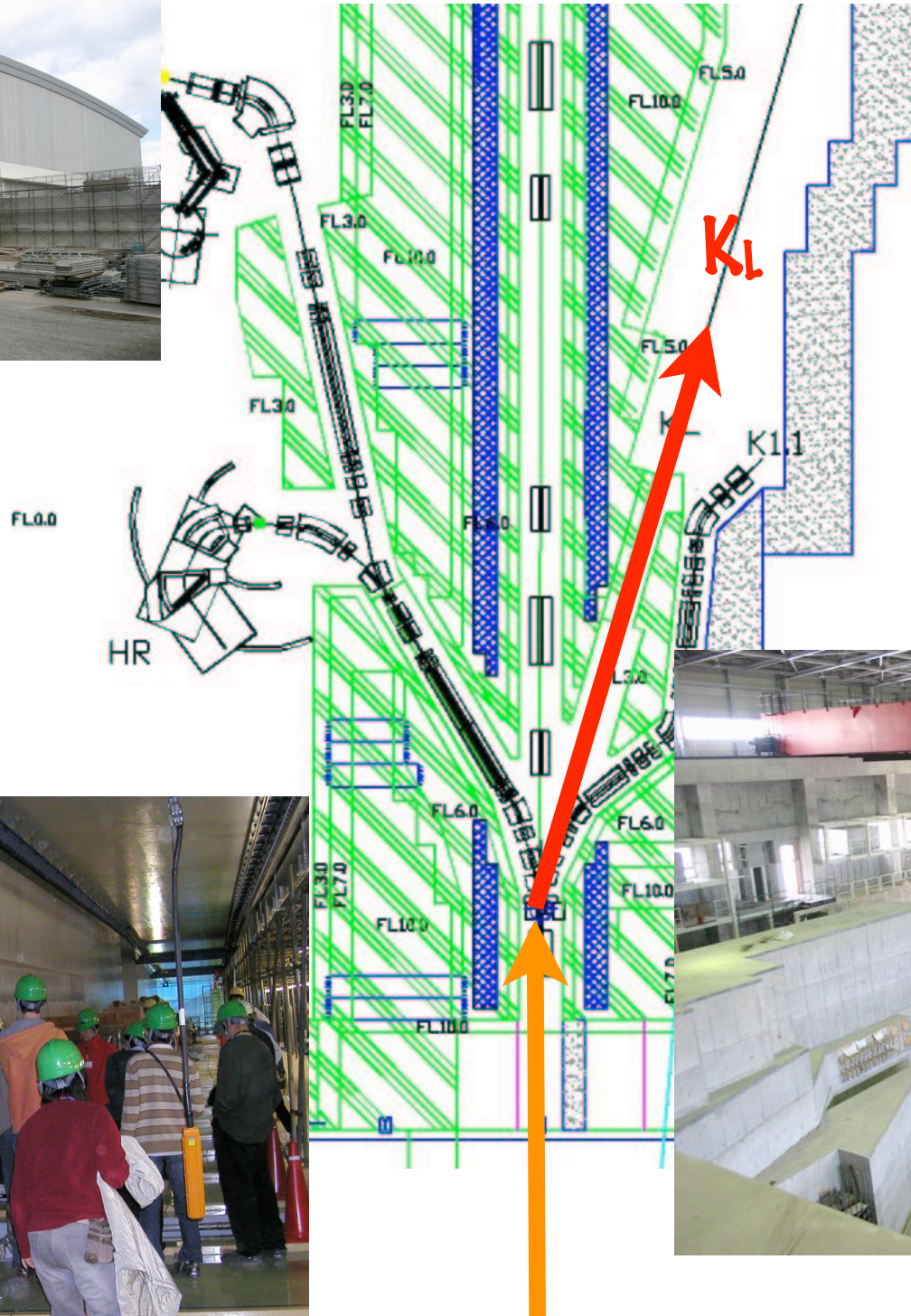
- not official -

April 2004



new
pencil neutral beam
to 16 degree

30GeV proton



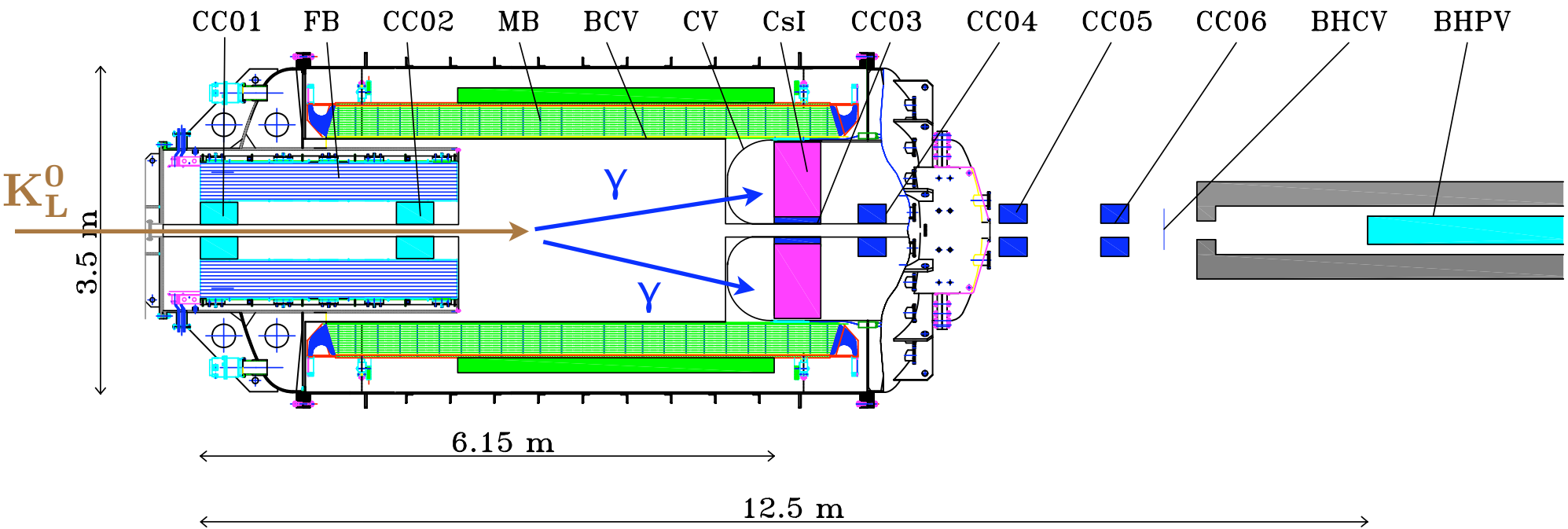
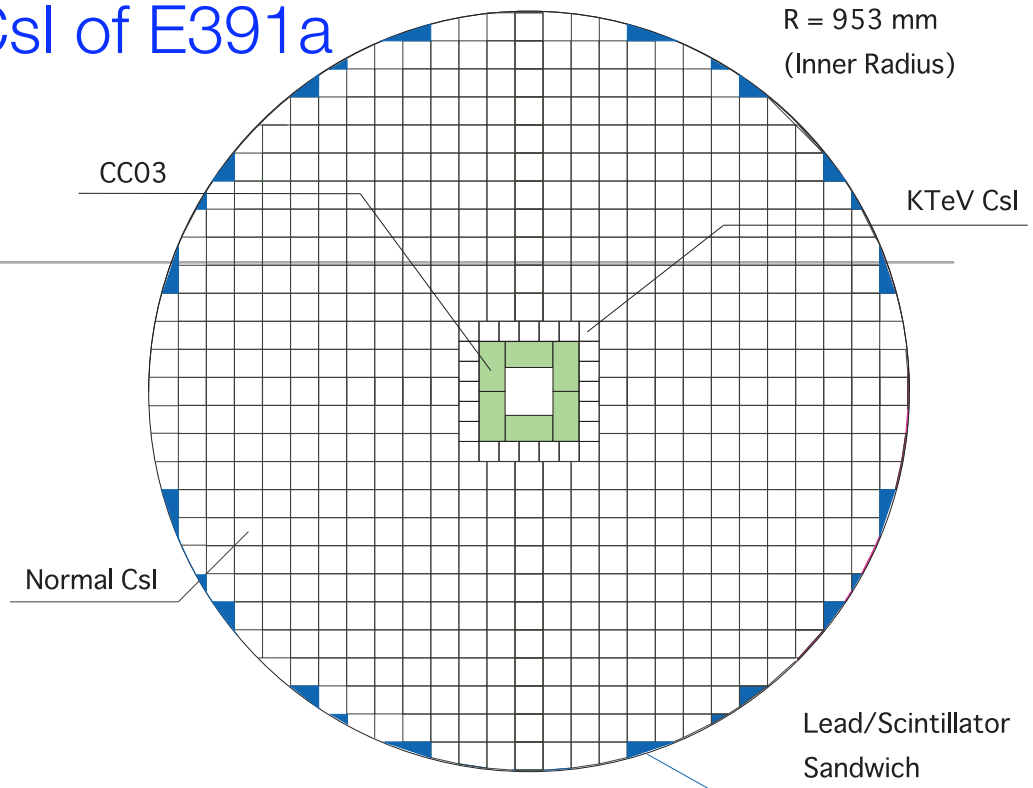
new
pencil neutral beam
to 16 degree



Csl of E391a

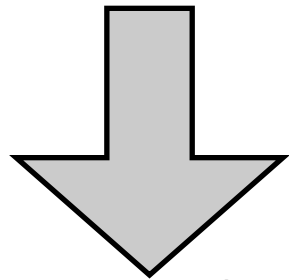
detector for $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$

- transfer and upgrade E391a detector
 - Csl calorimeter
 - readout: waveform digitization
 - photon veto in the beam

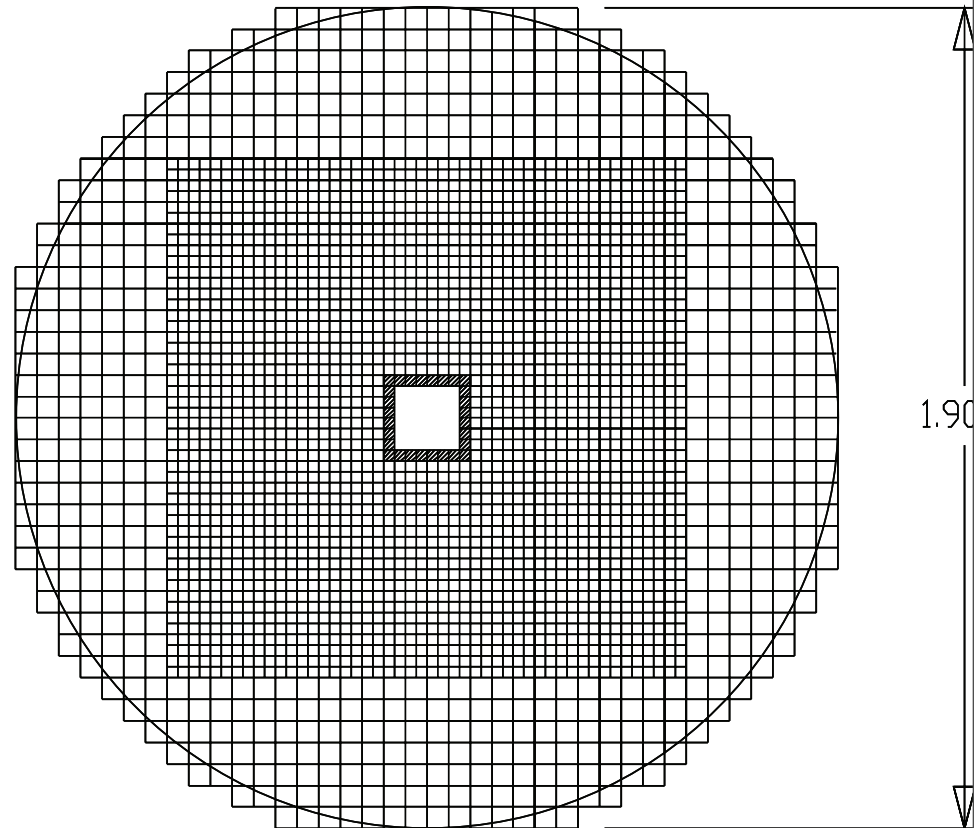
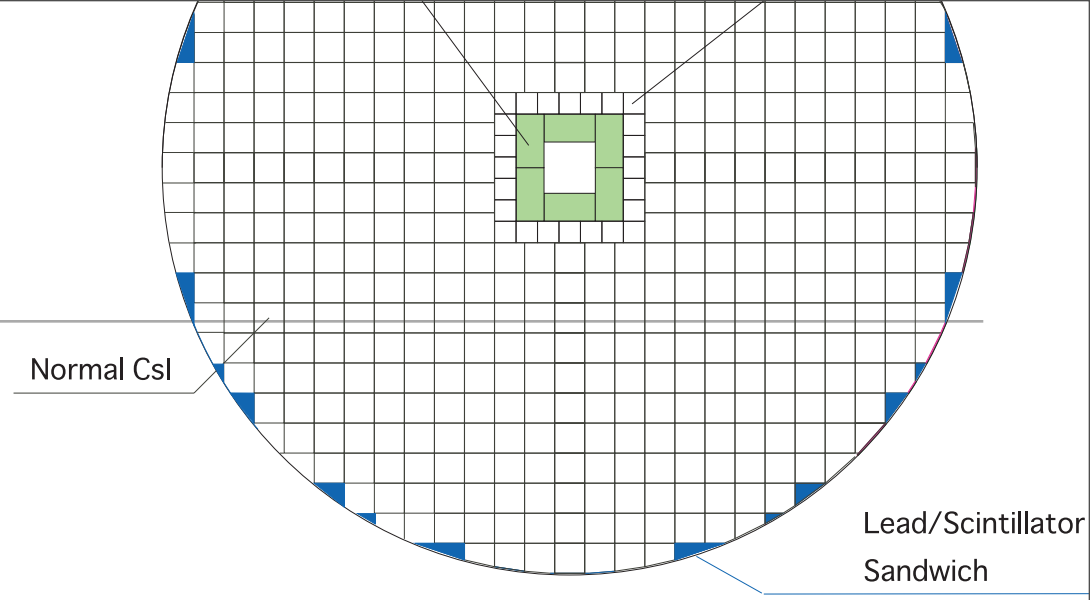


Calorimeter

- 7cm x 7cm x 30cm (16 r.l.)
CsI blocks for E391a (576 ch)

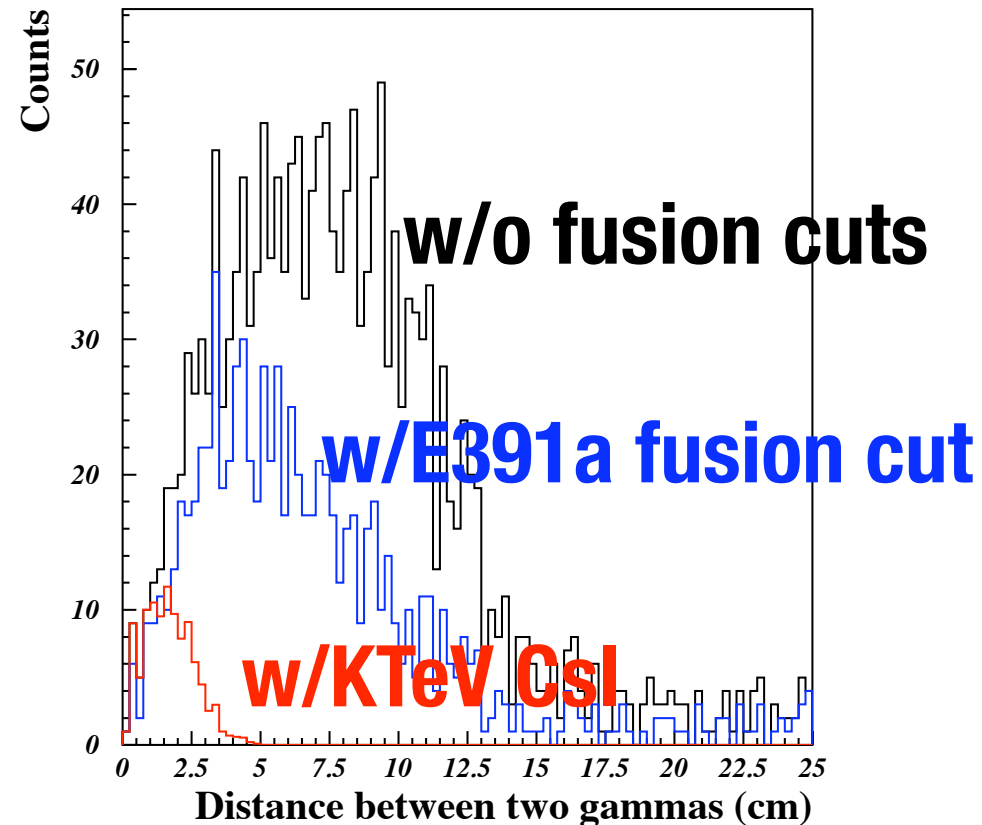
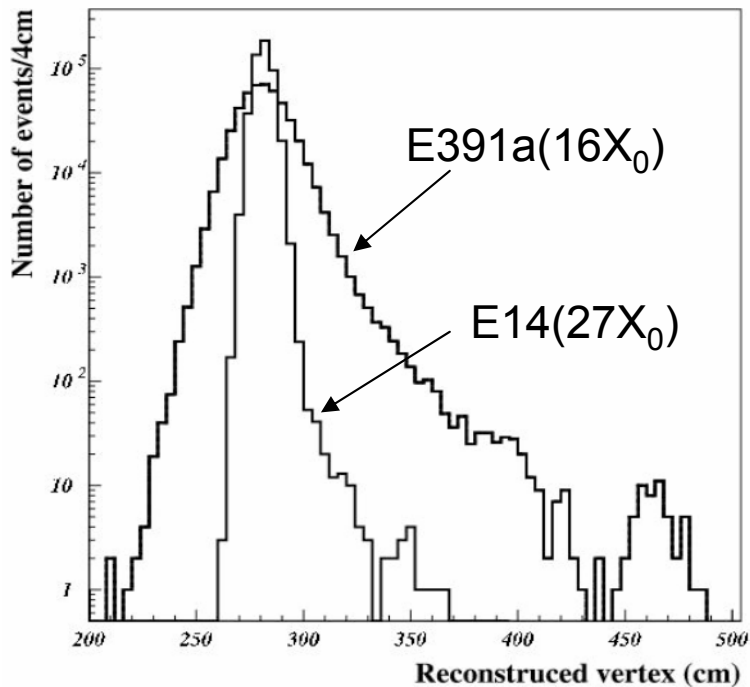
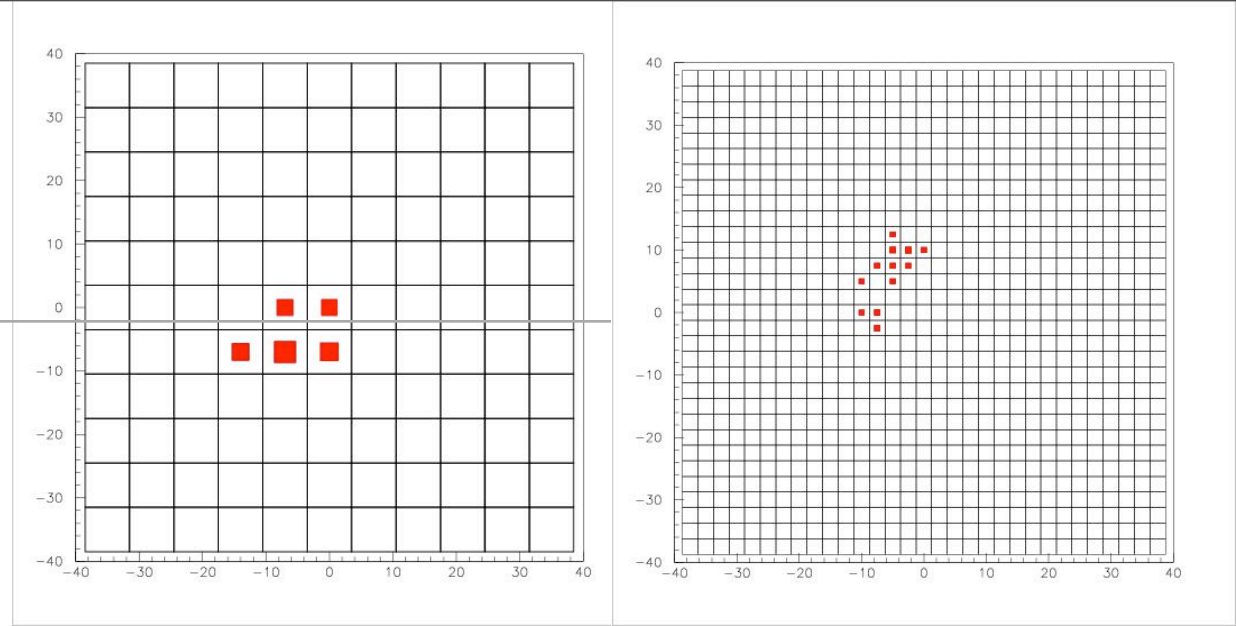


- 2.5cm x 2.5cm x 50cm (27 r.l.)
or 5cm x 5cm x 50cm
CsI blocks from KTeV (2816 ch)



improvements

- photon isolation
- x8 bkg reduction
- energy resolution (punch-through)
- suppress neutron bkg



Signal Sensitivity for “Step1” = first observation

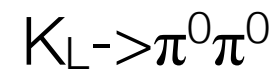
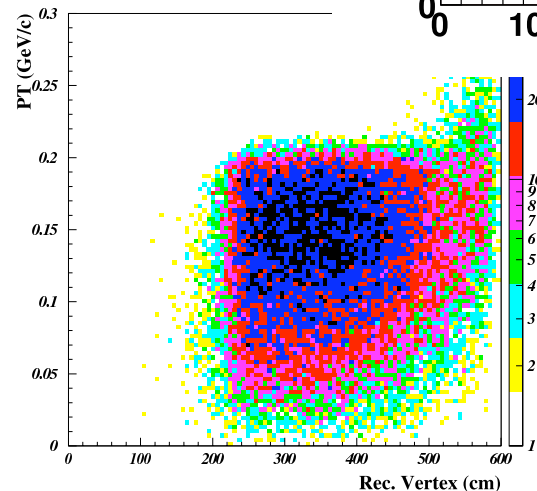
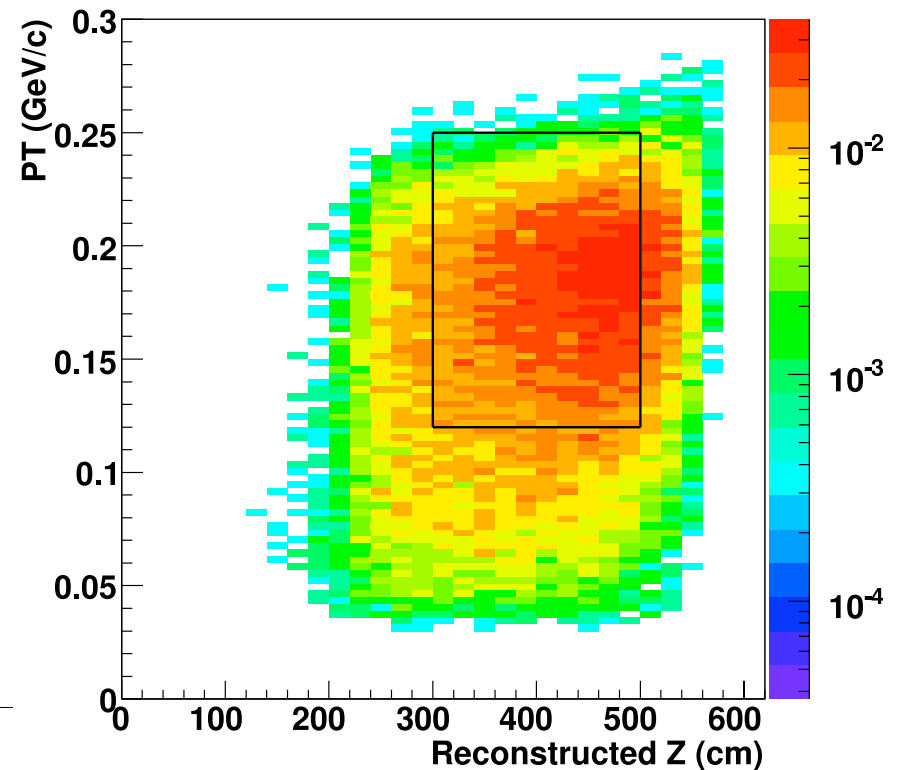
- acceptance : 4.7%
- 2.6×10^{12} K_L decays
w/ $2E14$ protons x $3E7$ sec

- Sensitivity = 8×10^{-12}

3.5 SM events

- Background = 2 events

Pt vs. Z



even pairing

schedule

- NA48/3 : R&D endorsed by CERN Research Board
 - Aims to complete R&D by the end of 2007
 - **Start of data taking in 2011**
- E14 : Stage-1 (scientific) approved by PAC
 - preparation of the beam line and detector upgrade
 - make 100 channel system for CsI readout and do beam test
 - Beam survey at the end of JFY2008
 - assemble detector in JFY2009
 - **start Step1 experiment in JFY2010**

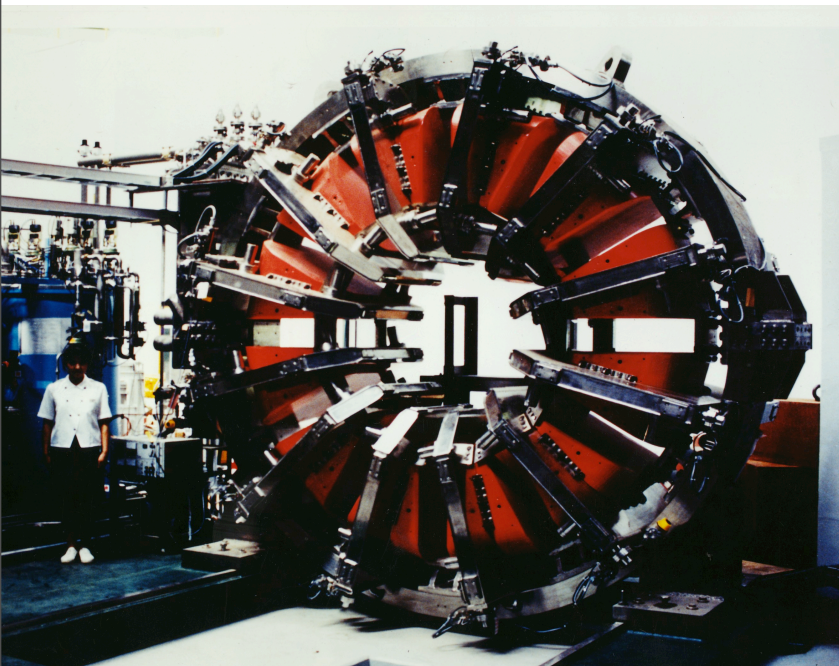
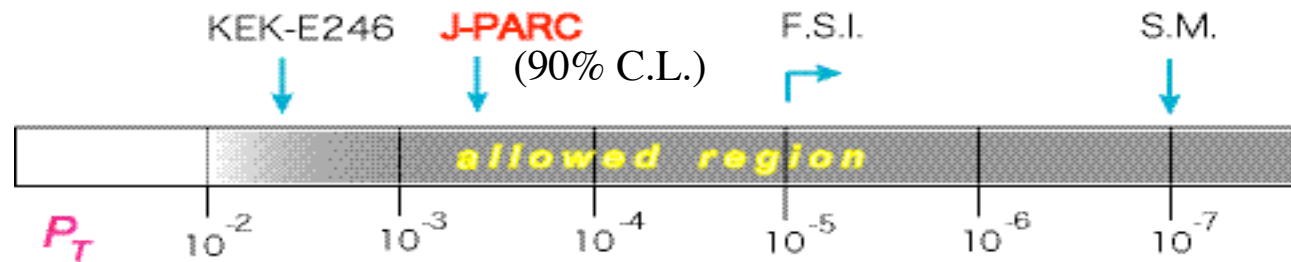
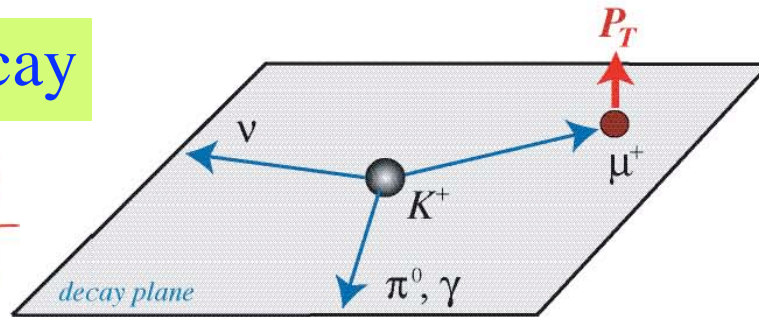
***to be performed
by the date of
“5 years of LHC” (~ 2012/2013)***



Transverse muon polarization

$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^0 \mu^+ \nu$ decay

$$P_T = \frac{\sigma_\mu \cdot (\mathbf{p}_{\pi^0, \gamma} \times \mathbf{p}_{\mu^+})}{|\mathbf{p}_{\pi^0, \gamma} \times \mathbf{p}_{\mu^+}|}$$

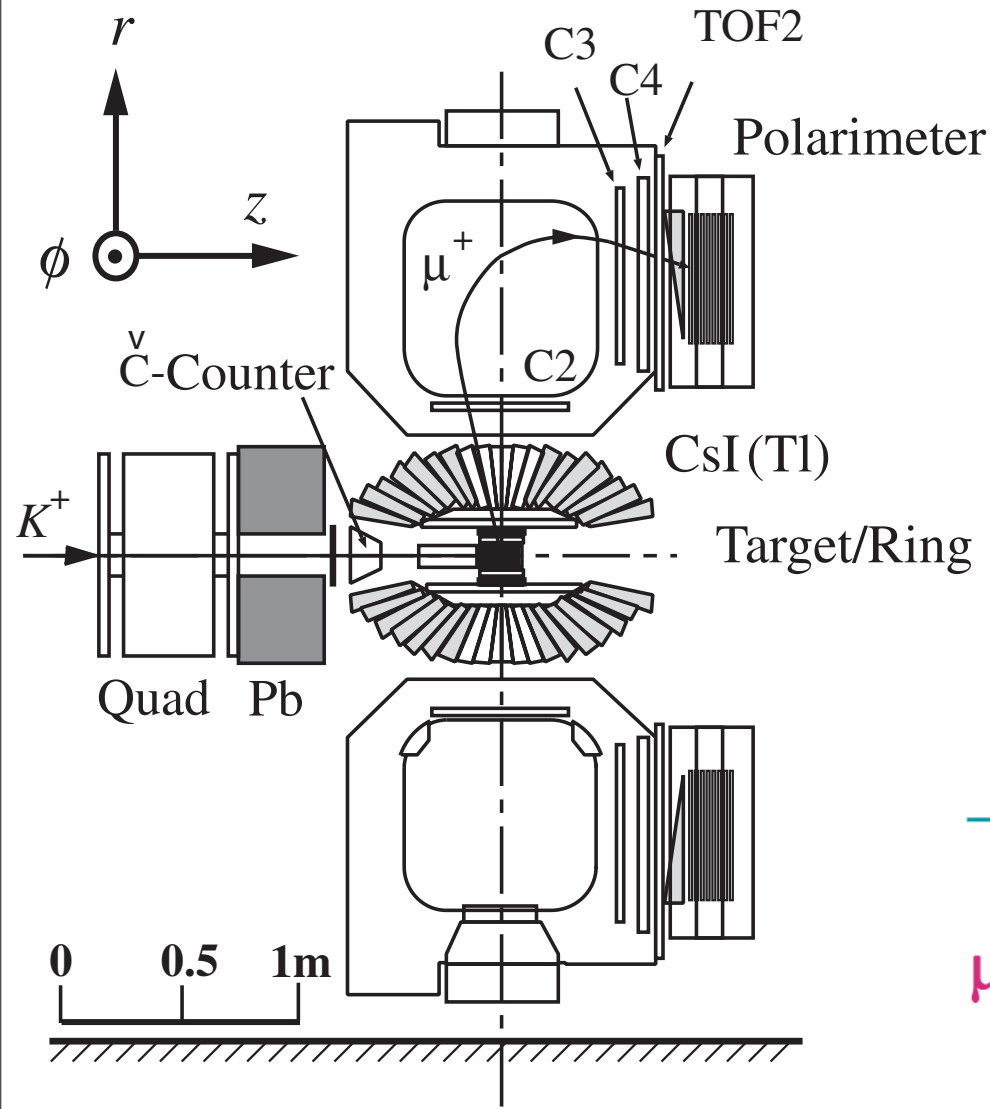


KEK-PS experiment E246 (1996-2000)

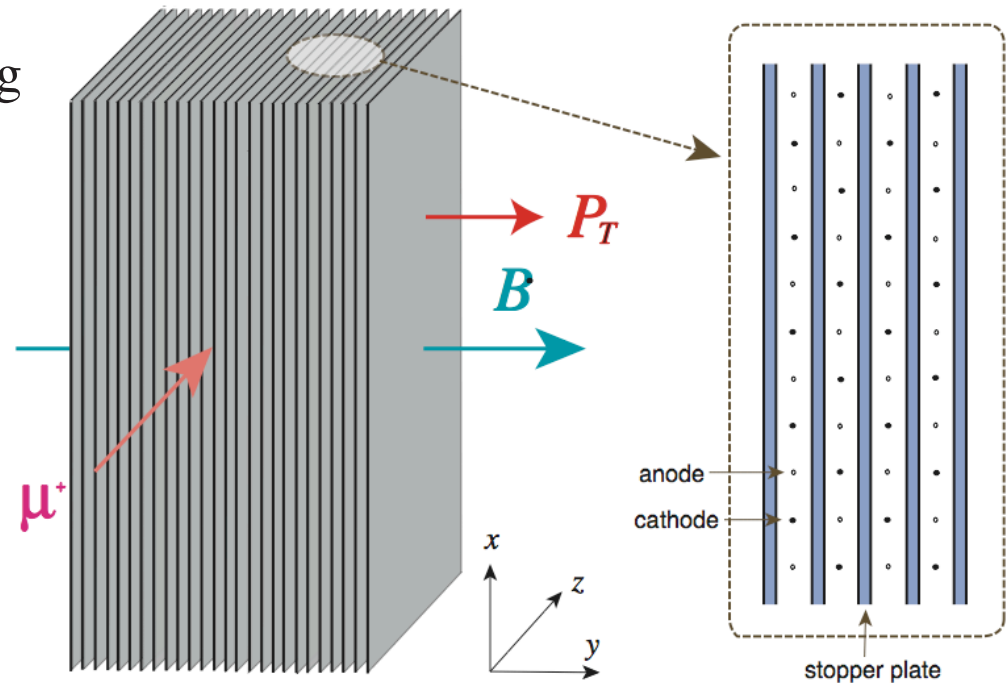
K^+ decay at rest
SC toroidal spectrometer with 12 gaps

Final result **Phys. Rev. D73, 072005 (2006)**

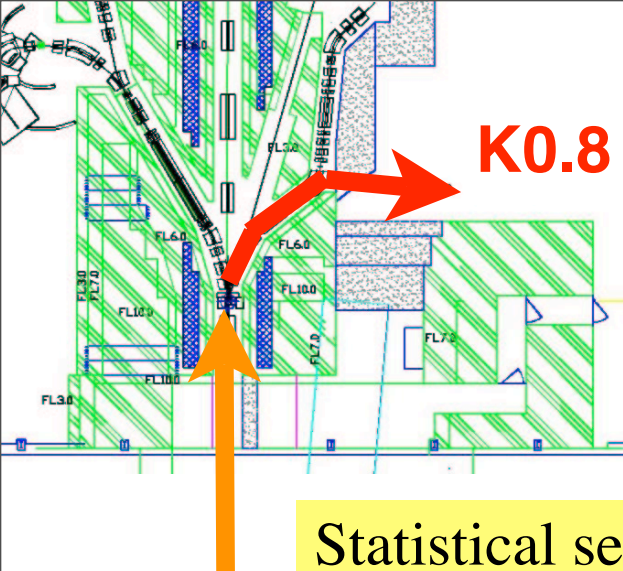
J-PARC experiment E06



detector upgrades with active muon polarimeter



Parallel plate stopper with Gap drift chambers



Sensitivity estimate

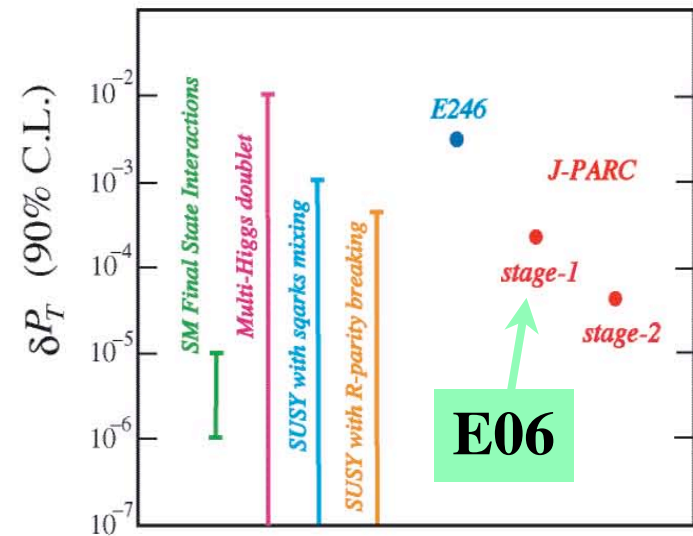
Statistical sensitivity

Standard analysis

- Net run time 1.0×10^7 s
- Proton beam intensity $9 \mu\text{A}$ on T1
- K^+ beam intensity 3×10^6 /s
- Total number of good $K_{\mu 3}$ 2.4×10^9
- Total number of *fwd/bwd* (N) 7.2×10^8
- Sensitivity coefficient $3.73/\sqrt{N}$
- δP_T 1.35×10^{-4}

including left/right regions

- δP_T 0.8×10^{-4}
(A careful systematic error study is necessary)

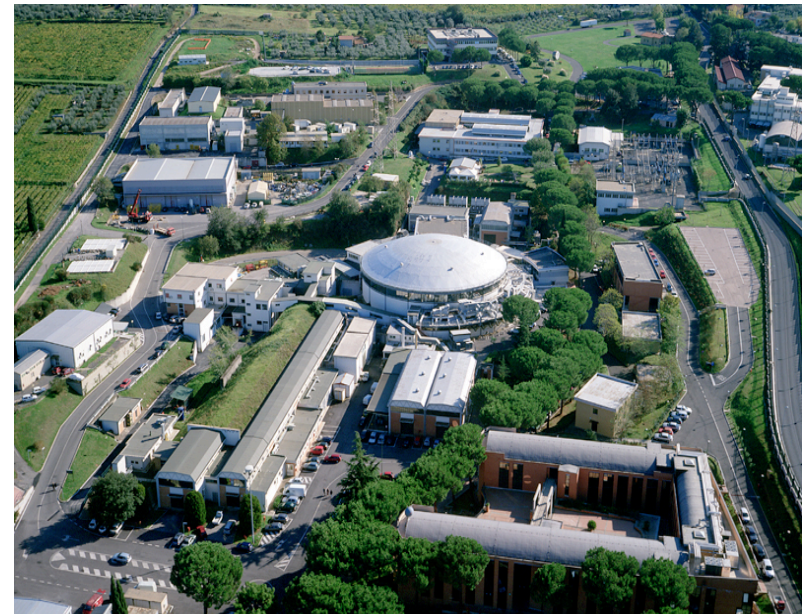
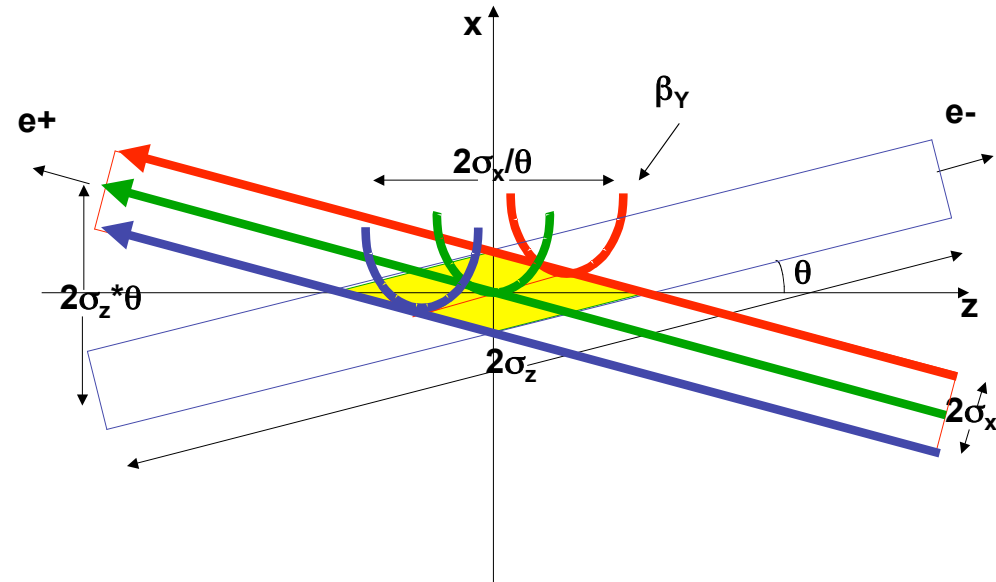


Systematic errors

Source	δP_T
δ_z	$< 10^{-4}$
θ_z	$< 10^{-4}$
θ_{e^+}, E_{e^+}	$< 10^{-4}$
Total	$\sim 10^{-4}$

DAΦNE upgrade

- **Crabbed Waist** collisions to increase the luminosity - $O(10^{33})$
(and to **test the idea for the SuperB project**)
- new **SIDDHARTA** experiment : 2007 --
(Kaonic atoms)
- KLOE detector upgrade (KLOE2)
 - neutral kaon interferometry (CPT and QM tests)
 - rare Ks decays
 - eta and eta' decays
 - hadron cross-section measurements
 - ...



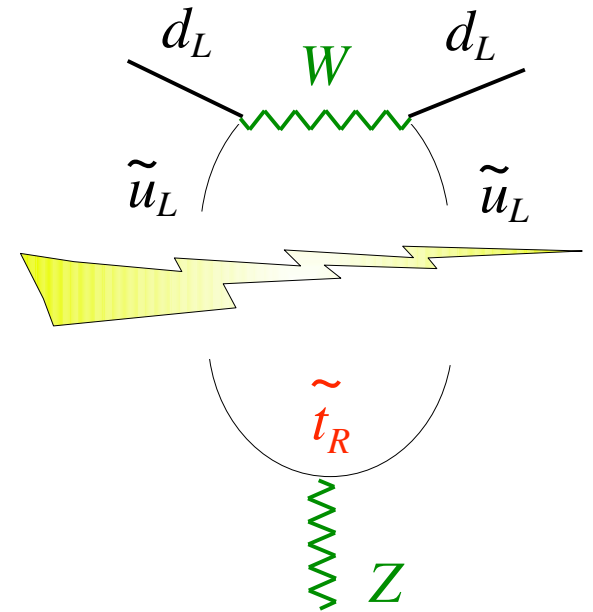
conclusions:

- The study of kaon physics continues to make great strides.

- Future kaon programs at the date of
“5 years of LHC” (~ 2012/2013)
will be:

- $K \rightarrow \pi \nu \bar{\nu}$
- T odd correlation in $K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu \pi / \mu^+ \nu \gamma$
- Lepton Universality
- CPT and QM tests, rare Ks decays [KLOE2]

- new super-flavor factory **J-PARC** is rising.





New physics is there !!

We know it for sure, at least from neutrino physics & dark matter [\rightarrow Masiero]

What we don't know yet are
energy scale & flavour structure of NP

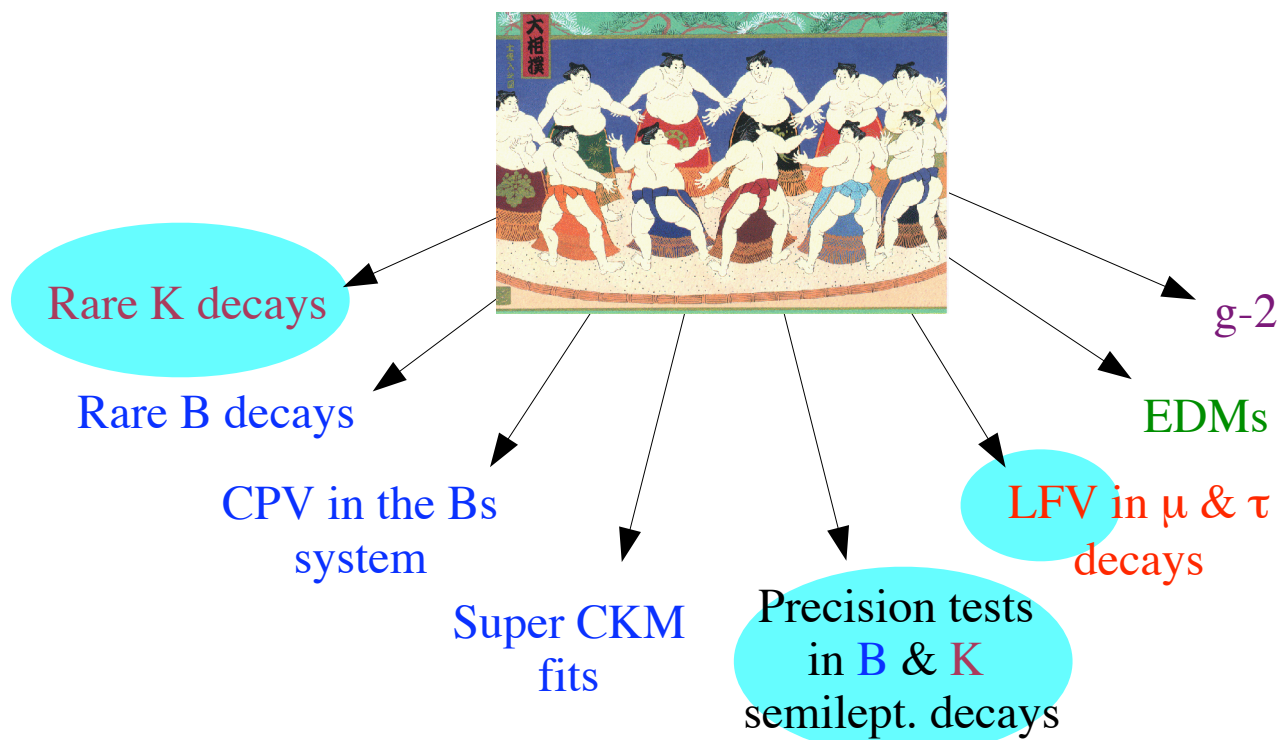
LHC



we should not be
pessimistic...

LHC will find NP @ TeV !

*...and the collective effort toward
flavour physics will be rewarded !*



Backup slides

prospects for $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \ell^+ \ell^-$

- theoretical uncertainties (direct-CP/indirect-CP/CPC) are under control : allowing significant test of flavor physics
- need **spectrometer** for tracking $(\mu^+ \mu^-)$ $(e^+ e^-)$
do not need a pencil beam
- trackers in front of the calorimeter **may do harm** for $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0$ background rejection (**photon inefficiency**);
--> trackers will not be located at the Step1 experiment for $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$
- We are doing R&D of trackers for future.

