

B Factories: Status and Prospects

CKM: Cabibbo-Kobayashi-Maskawa
CPV: CP Violation

Masashi Hazumi
(KEK)

March 28, 2007
Flavor in the era of the LHC
CERN

It seems all the important results from B factories have already been shown and discussed at this workshop in the last two days. What should I talk about ?

**CKM: Cabibbo-Kobayashi-Maskawa
CPV: CP Violation**

**Masashi Hazumi
(KEK)**

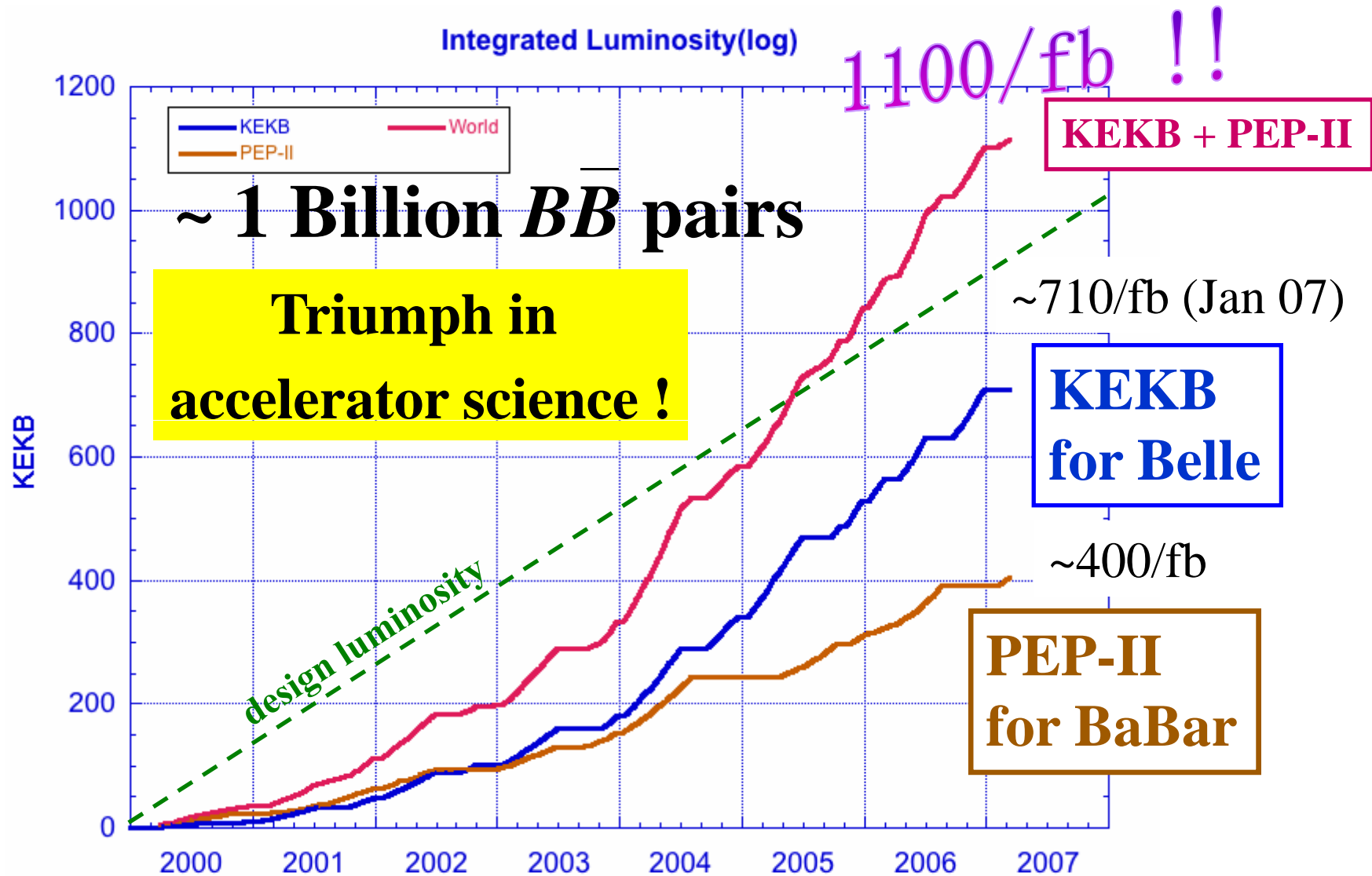
*March 28, 2007
Flavor in the era of the LHC
CERN*

Outline

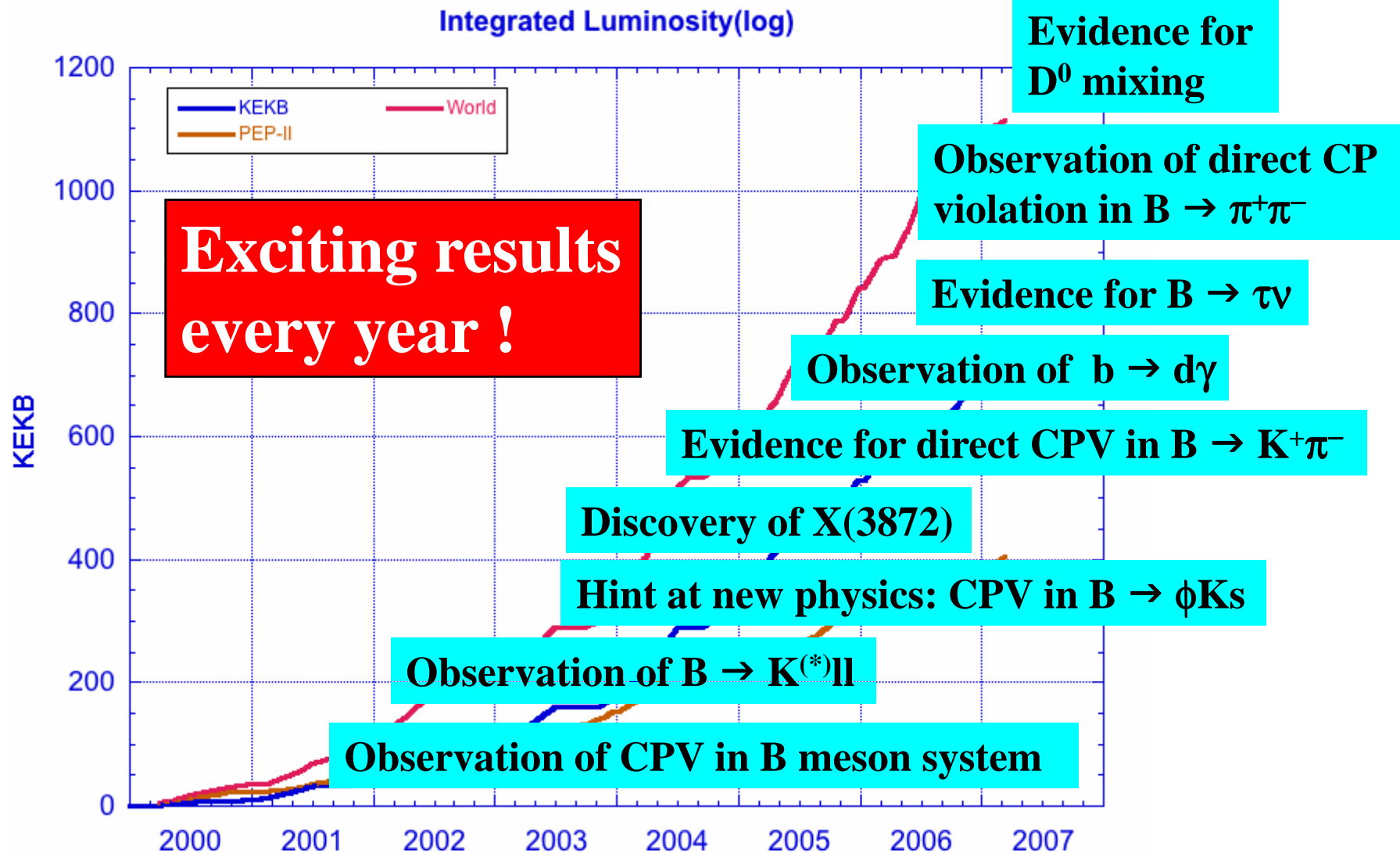
- **Introduction**
- **CPV and CKM**
- **New physics searches**
- **Future prospects**

All introductory slides are put in the backup part.

Integrated luminosity



Achievements at B factories

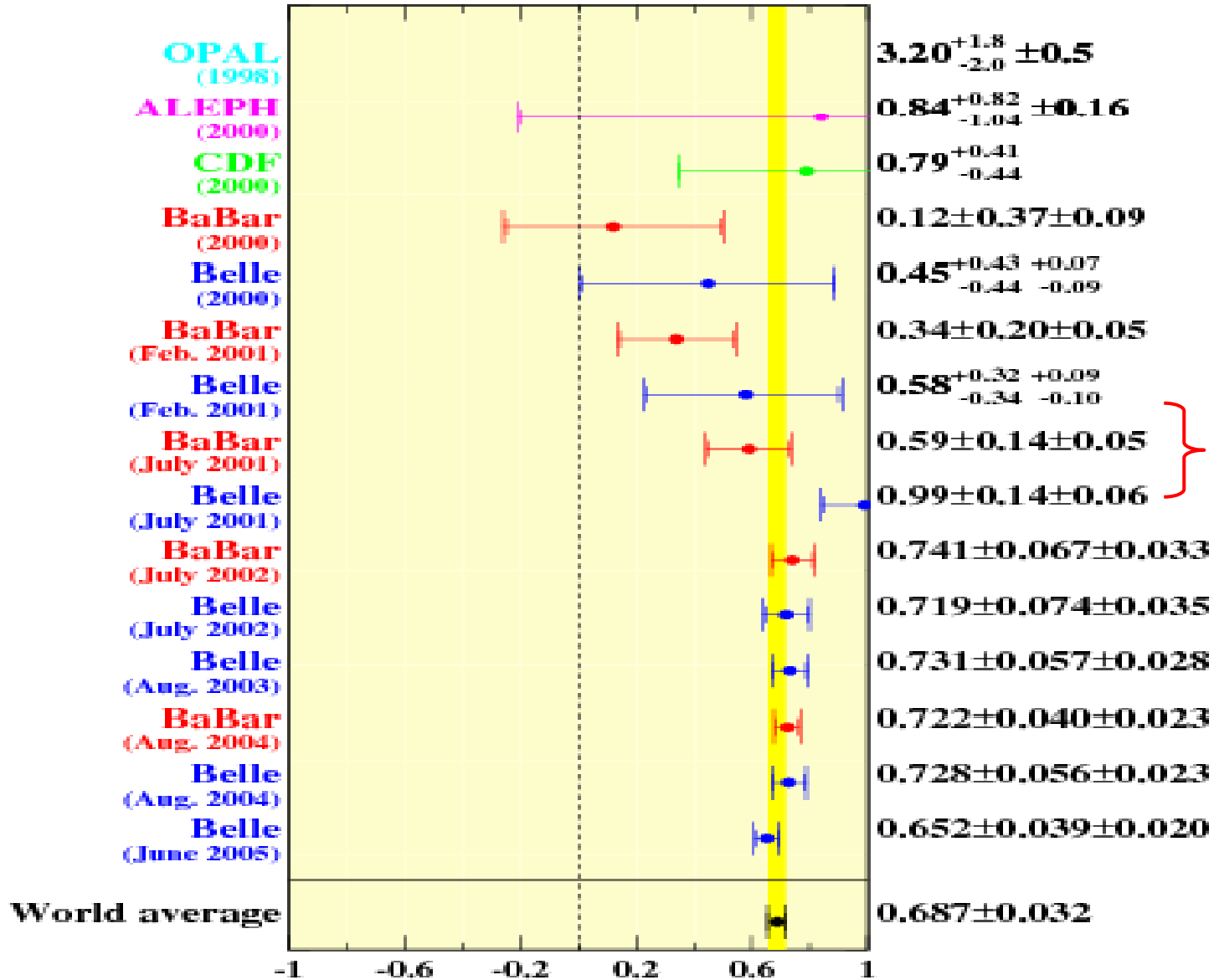




CPV and CKM

Discovery of CPV in the B meson system (2001) by BaBar and Belle

$\sin 2\beta$ history (1998-2005)



Mar. 2007

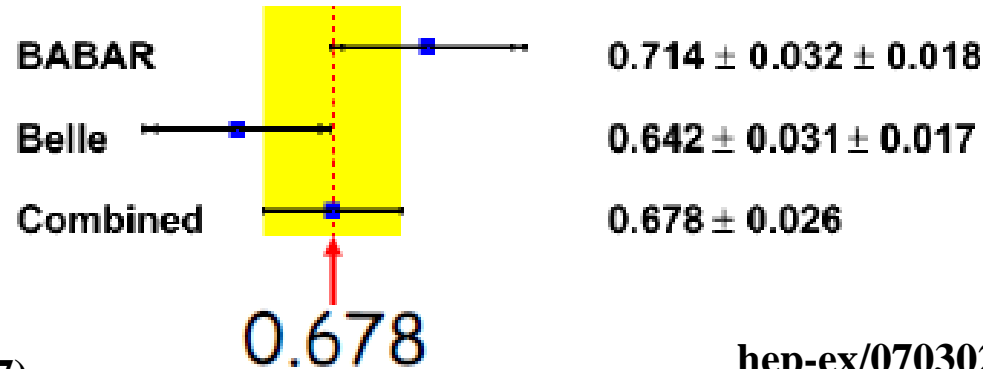
$$\sin 2\phi_1 = 0.678 \pm 0.025 \text{ (4\% accuracy)}$$

$$(\phi_1 = 21.3 \pm 1.0 \text{ deg.})$$

World avg.

(i.e. with OPAL,
ALEPH, CDF)

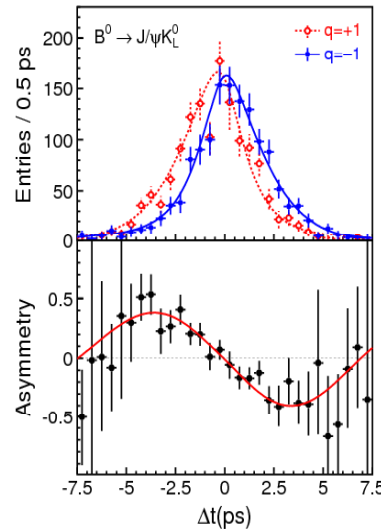
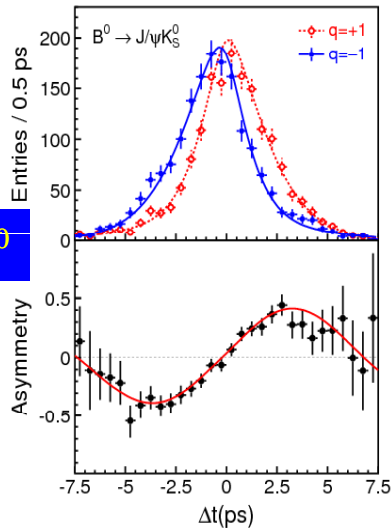
Average with
B factories only



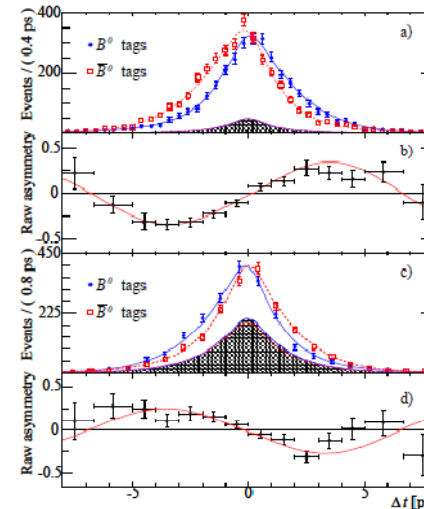
PRL 98, 031802 (2007)



$B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K^0$

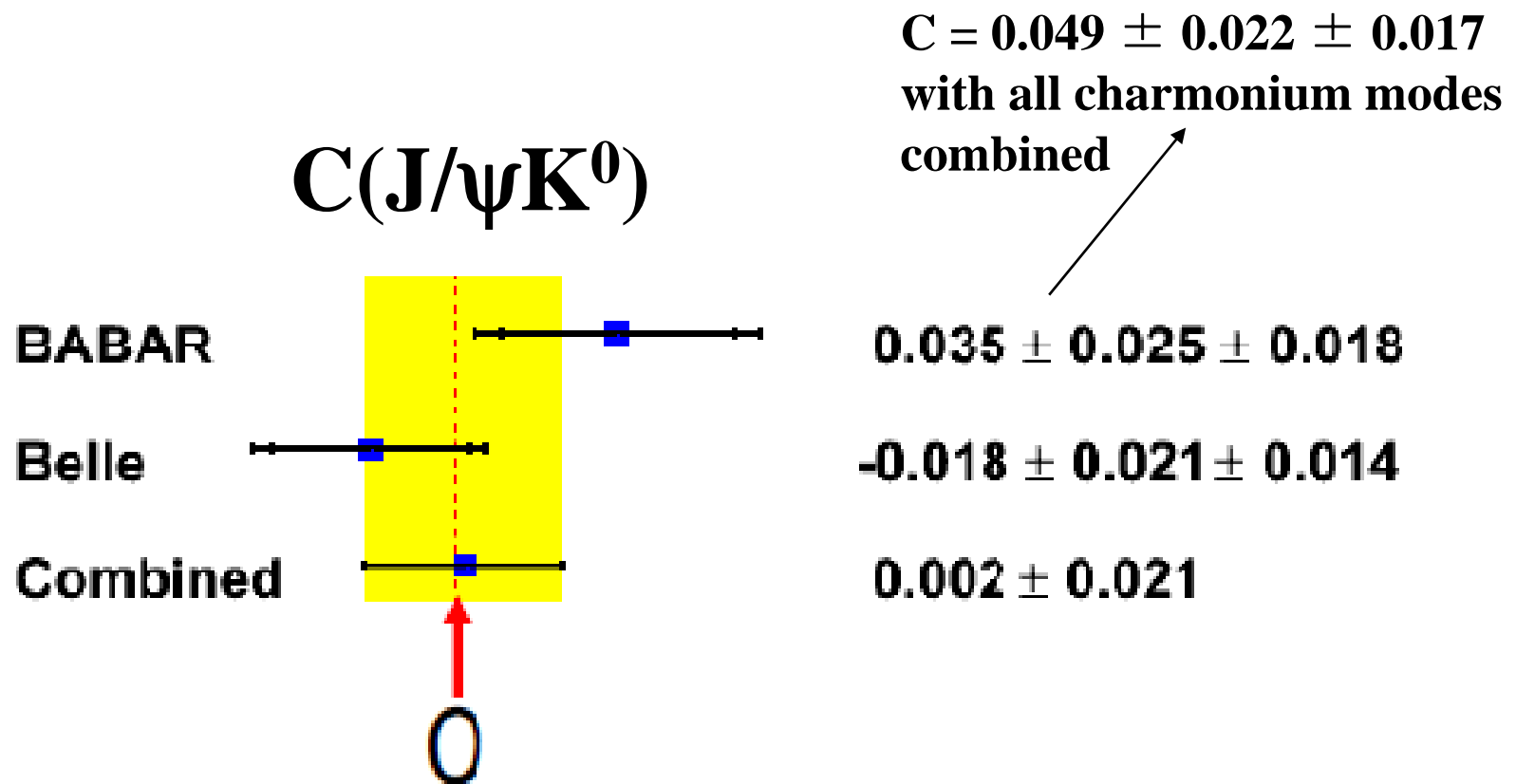


hep-ex/0703021



$B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K^0,$
 $\psi(2S)K_S,$
 $\eta_c K_S,$
 $\chi_{c1} K_S,$
 $J/\psi K^{*0}$

Direct CPV in $B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K^0$



Systematic uncertainties



	$\text{Sin}2\phi_1$	\mathcal{A}
Vertexing	0.012	0.009
Flavor tagging	0.004	0.003
Δt Resolution	0.006	0.001
Physics parameters.	0.001	0.001
Possible fit bias	0.007	0.004
BG fractions ($J/\psi K_S$)	0.003	0.001
BG fractions ($J/\psi K_L$)	0.005	0.002
BG Δt	0.001	0.001
Tag-Side interference	0.001	0.009
total	0.017	0.014

Source/sample	Full	$\text{sin}2\beta$ C
Beamspot	0.005 0.002	
Mistag differences	0.009 0.002	
Δt resolution	0.008 0.002	
$J/\psi K_L^0$ background	0.007 0.004	
Backgrounds	0.007 0.006	
m_{ES} parameterization	0.002 0.001	
$\Delta m_d, \tau_B, \Delta\Gamma_d/\Gamma_d$	0.003 0.001	
Tag-side interference	0.001 0.015	
Fit bias (MC statistics)	0.004 0.002	
Total systematic error	0.018 0.017	

Uncertainties from vertex reconstruction ~ 0.01

OK for present B factories, key for more precise measurements at Super B

$b \rightarrow s$ tCPV: One of the best new physics probes

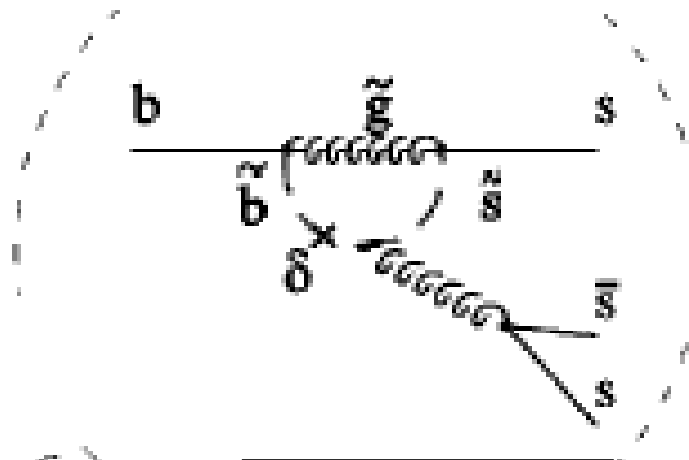
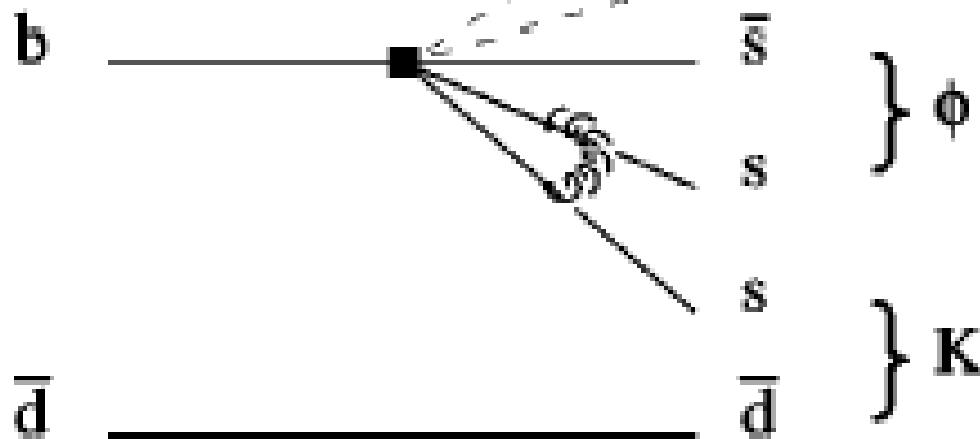
Method: Compare

$S(\phi K^0)$ with $S(J/\psi K^0)$

SM prediction:

$$\Delta S \equiv S(\phi K^0) - S(J/\psi K^0) \cong 0$$

SUSY as an example



New CP-violating phase can enter

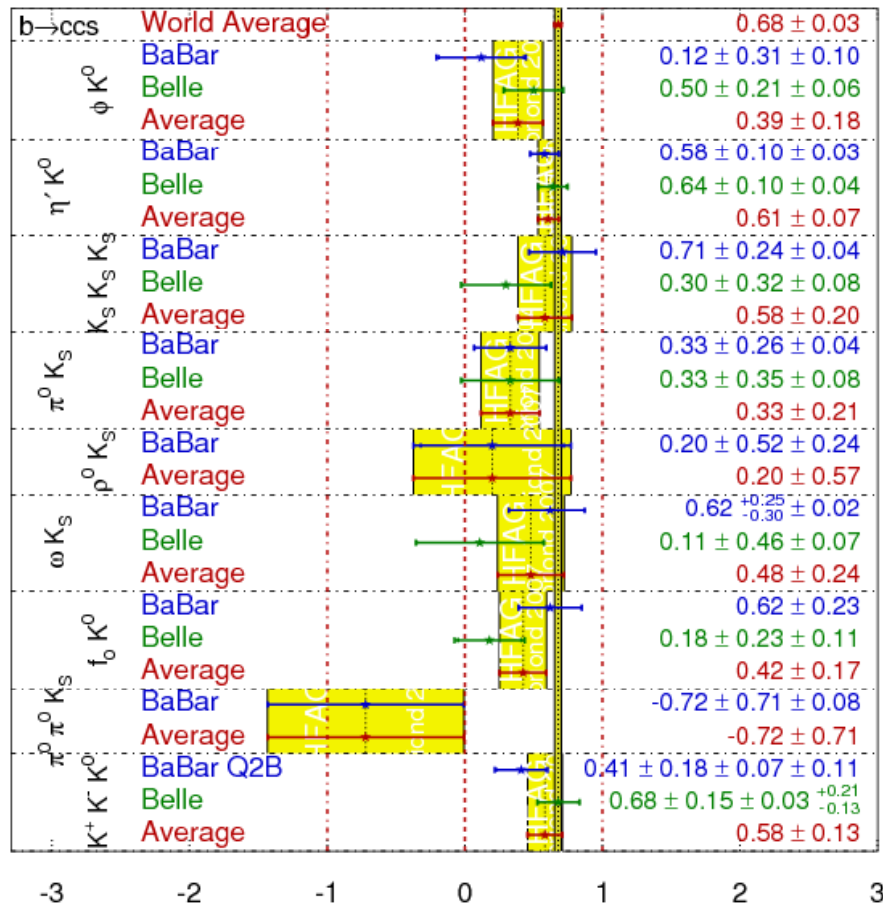
O(1) effect allowed even if SUSY scale is above 2TeV.

Mar. 2007: ϕ_1 with $b \rightarrow s$ Penguins

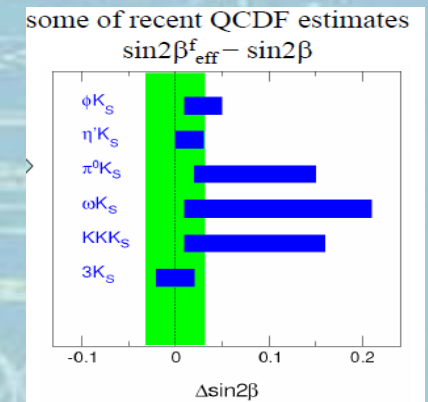
Smaller than $b \rightarrow c\bar{c}s$
in all of 9 modes

$$\sin(2\beta^{\text{eff}}) \equiv \sin(2\phi_1^{\text{eff}})$$

HFAG
Moriond 2007
PRELIMINARY



Theory tends to predict positive shifts (originating from phase in V_{ts})



Naïve average of all $b \rightarrow s$ modes
 $\sin 2\beta^{\text{eff}} = 0.53 \pm 0.05$
 2.6 σ deviation between penguin and tree
 ($b \rightarrow s$) ($b \rightarrow c$)

More statistics crucial for mode-by-mode studies

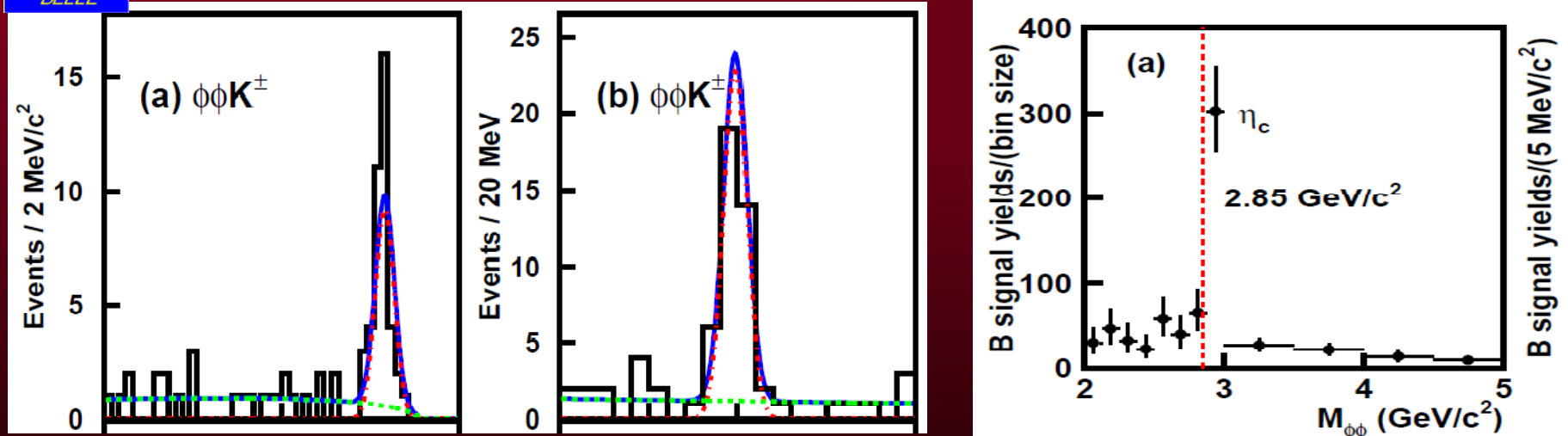
$B^\pm \rightarrow \phi\phi K^\pm$: ultra-clean mode

M. Hazumi, PLB583, 285 (2004)

- Interference between $B \rightarrow \eta_c(\rightarrow \phi\phi)K$ and 3-body $b \rightarrow s$ process
- CP violation in the SM ~ 0 , can be ~ 0.4 if new physics enters $b \rightarrow s$
- Ultra-clean mode to reconstruct, almost no background

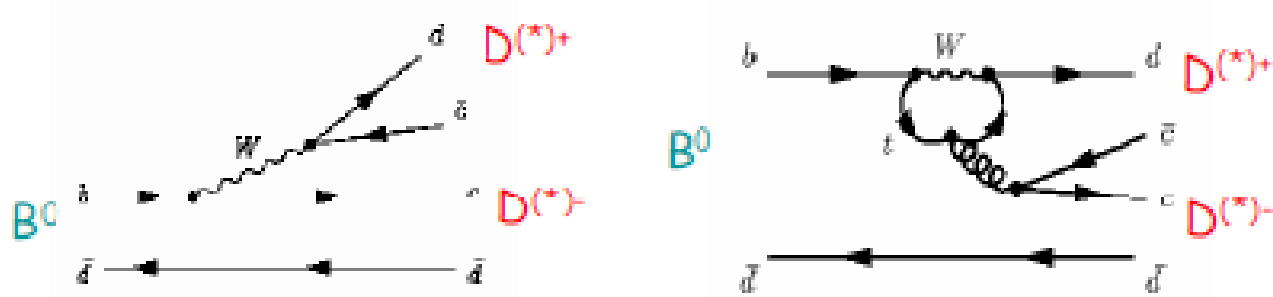


Belle observation (hep-ex/0609016)



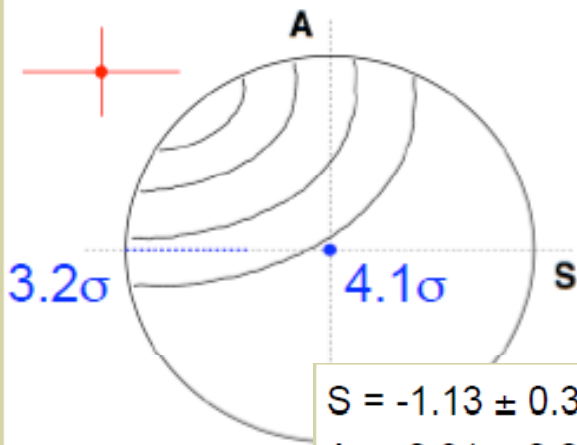
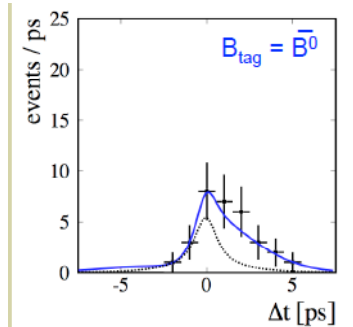
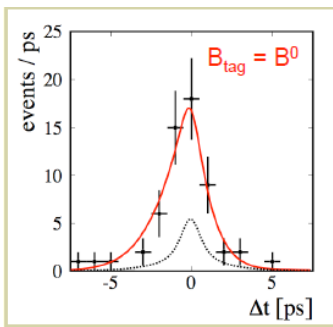
CP asymmetry in η_c region:

$$0.15^{+0.16}_{-0.17} \pm 0.02$$



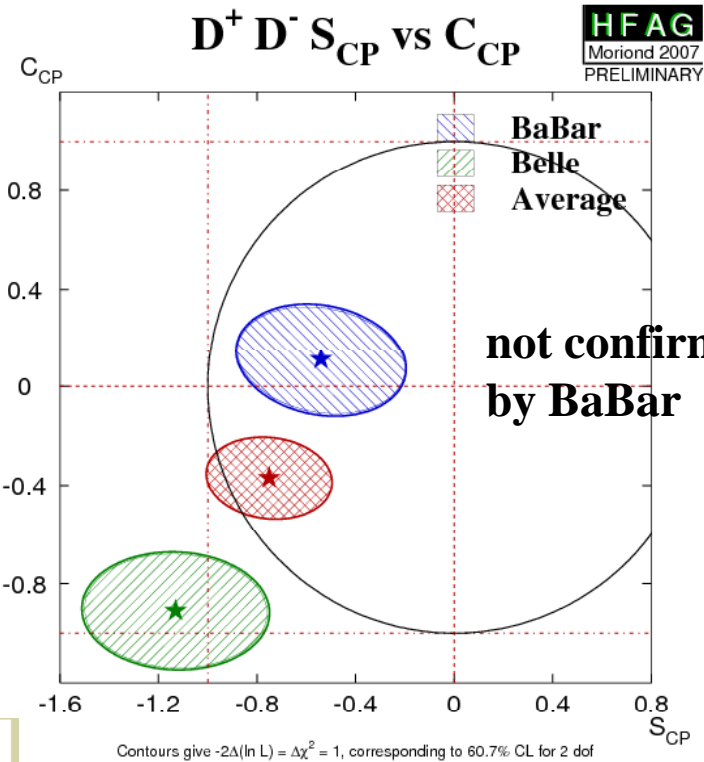
another place to study ϕ_1

hep-ex/0702031 $B^0 \rightarrow D^+D^-$



Evidence for large CPV from Belle

$S = -1.13 \pm 0.37$ (stat) ± 0.09 (syst)
 $A = 0.91 \pm 0.23$ (stat) ± 0.06 (syst)

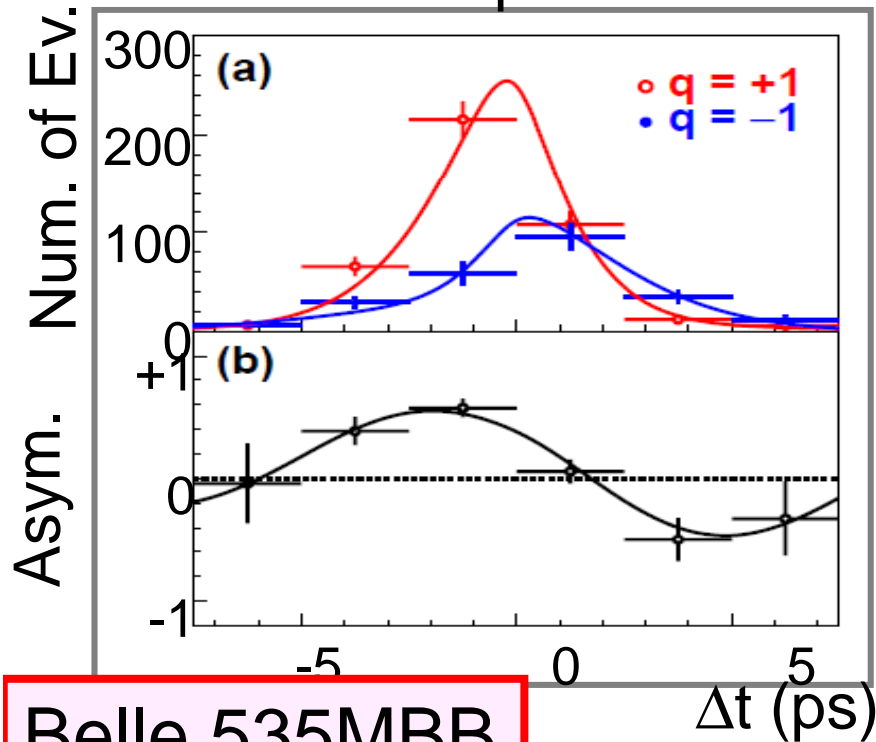


→ Need more data

$\phi_2(\alpha): B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$



hep-ex/0608035

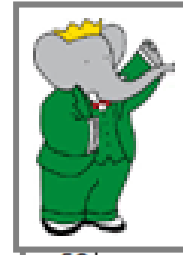


Belle 535MBB

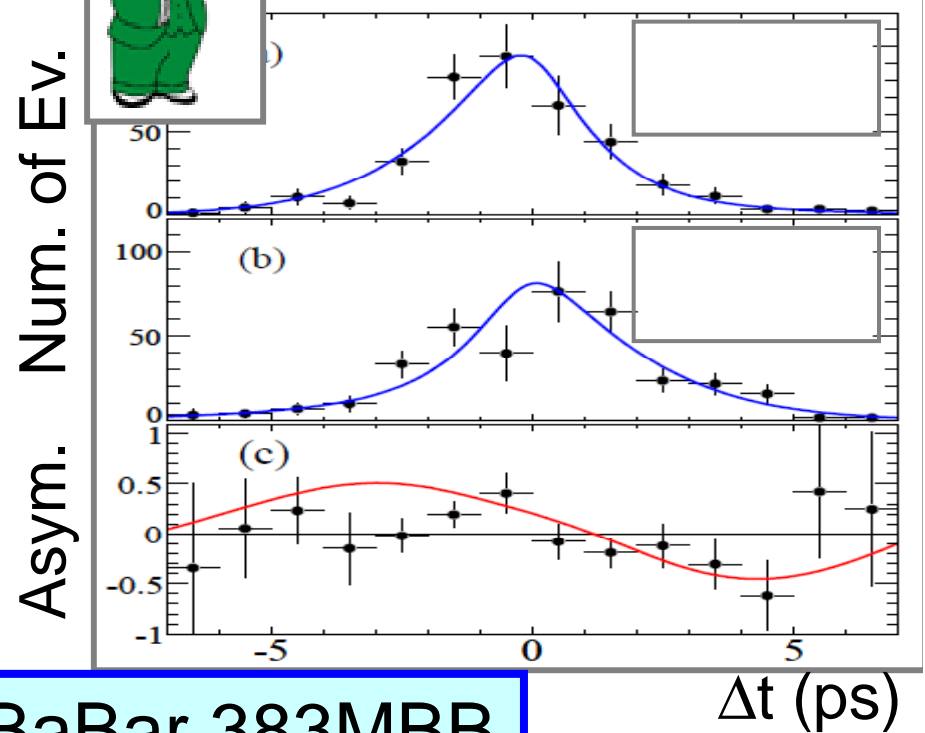
$$\mathcal{A}_{\pi\pi} = +0.55 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.05$$

$$S_{\pi\pi} = -0.61 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.04$$

Direct CPV @ 5.5σ



hep-ex/0703016



BaBar 383MBB

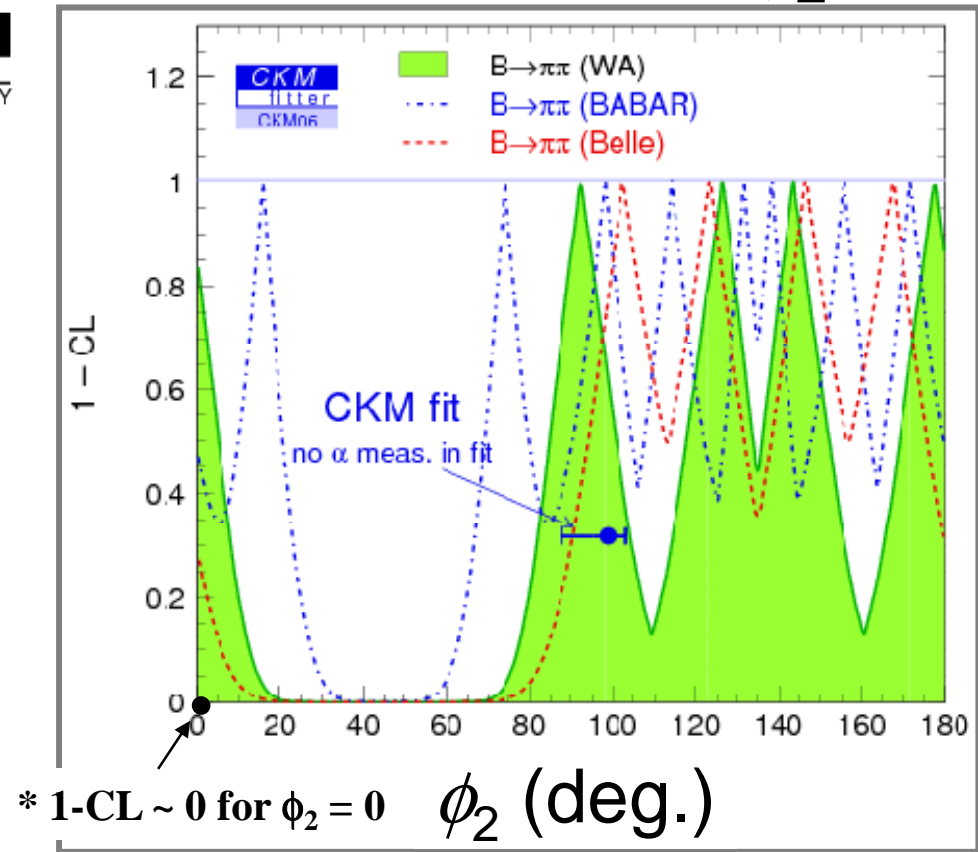
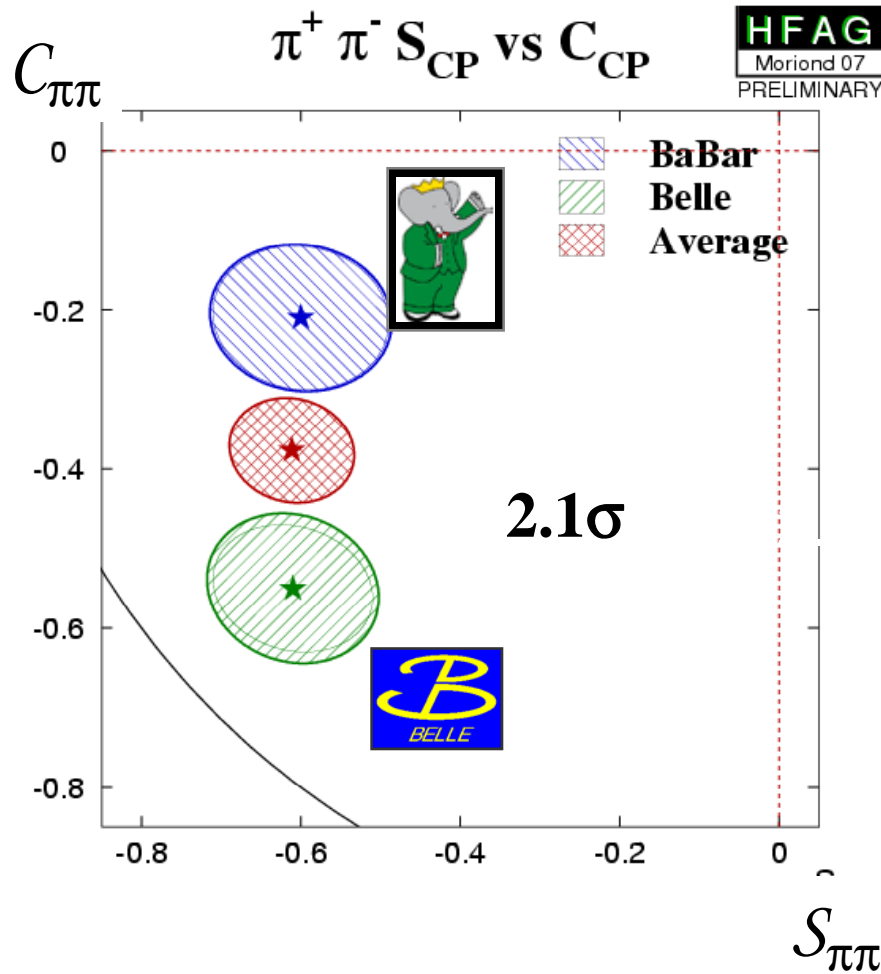
$$C_{\pi\pi} (-\mathcal{A}_{\pi\pi}) = -0.21 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.02$$

$$S_{\pi\pi} = -0.60 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.03$$

CPV @ 5.5σ 15

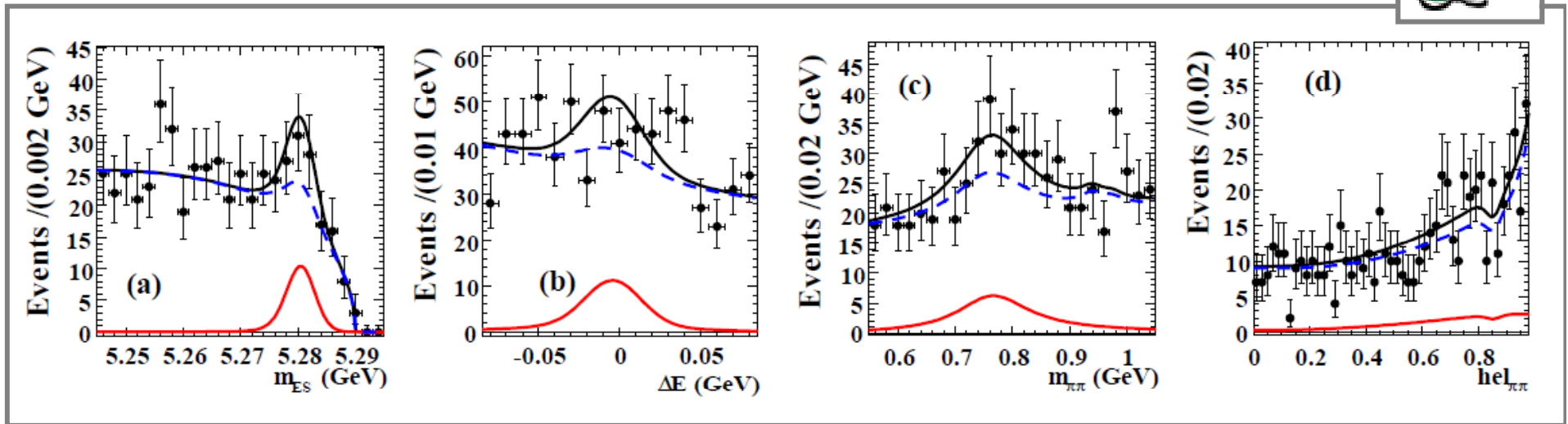
$\phi_2 (\alpha): B^0 \rightarrow \pi\pi$

Constraint on ϕ_2



$$\phi_2 = 92^{+12}_{-10}$$

$\phi_2(\alpha): B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \rho^0$



BaBar 384MBB

hep-ex/0612021

$$B = (1.07 \pm 0.33 \pm 0.19) \times 10^{-6}$$

$$f_L = 0.87 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.04$$

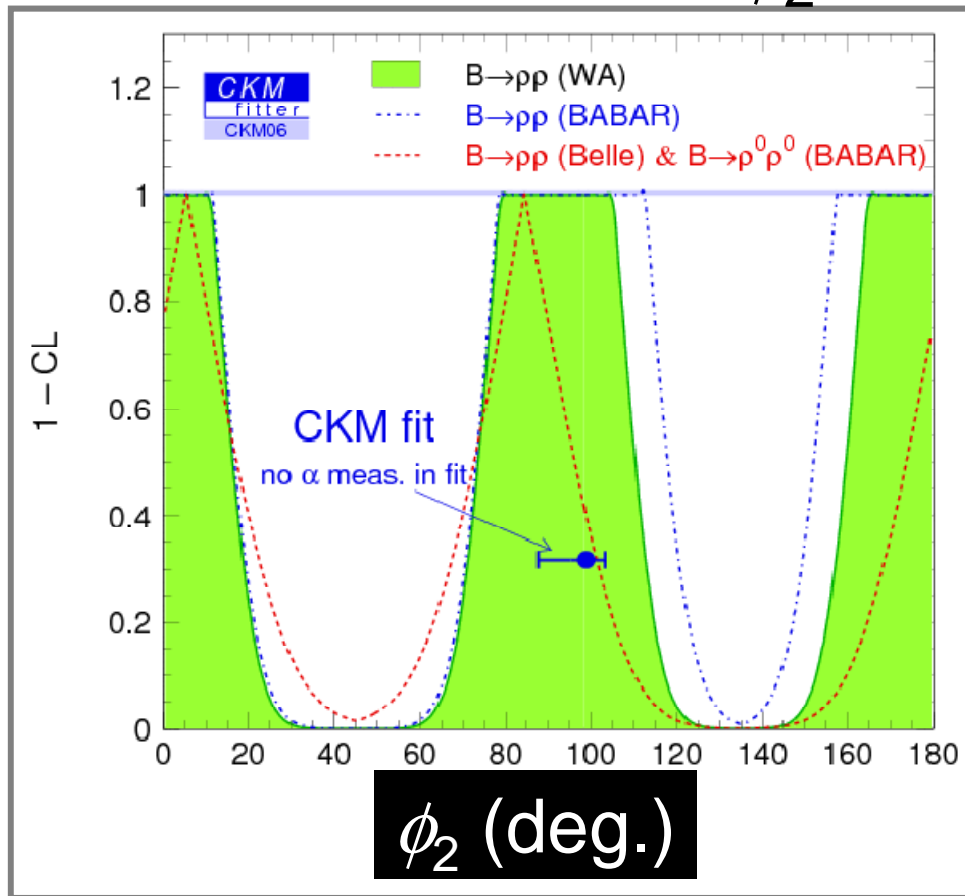
3.5σ

$$\phi_2 (\alpha): B^0 \rightarrow \rho \rho$$

$B \rightarrow \rho\rho$ is

not the best mode anymore

Constraint on ϕ_2



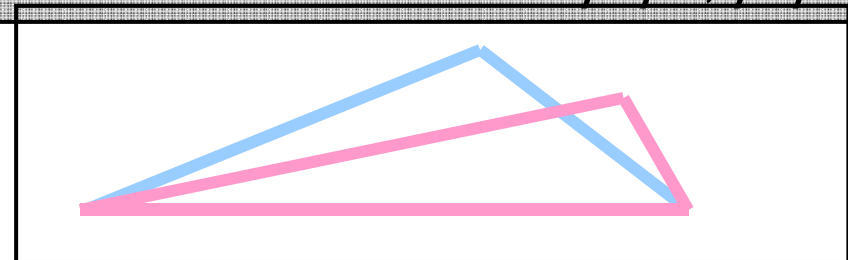
$$\phi_2 = 92 \pm 21 \text{ deg.}$$

Before 2006 Summer



Triangles were squashed

With New B.F. of $B \rightarrow \rho^0 \rho^0, \rho^+ \rho^0$

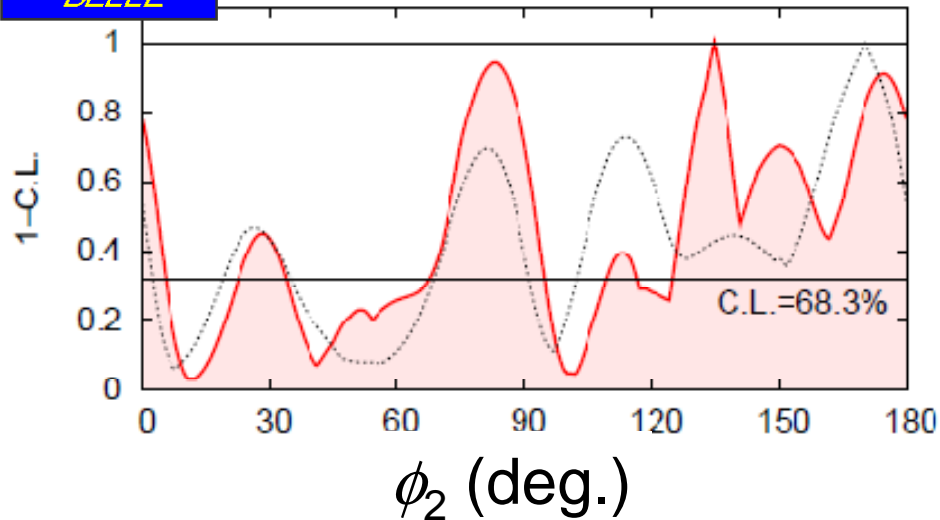


For further improvement, we need A_{CP} of $B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \rho^0$. 18

$\phi_2 (\alpha): B^0 \rightarrow (\rho\pi)^0$ Dalitz Analysis



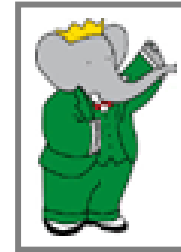
hep-ex/0701015



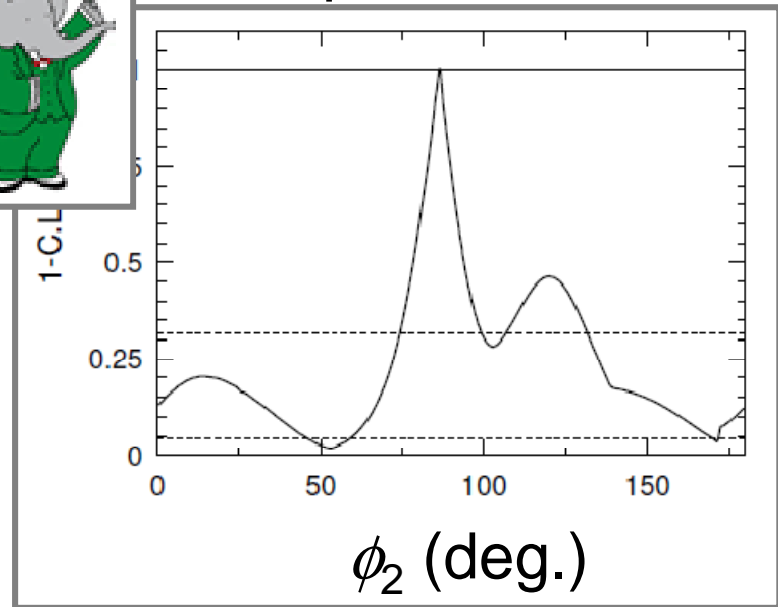
Dalitz + Pentagon Analysis

Belle 449MBB

$68^\circ < \phi_2 < 95^\circ$
with other
allowed regions



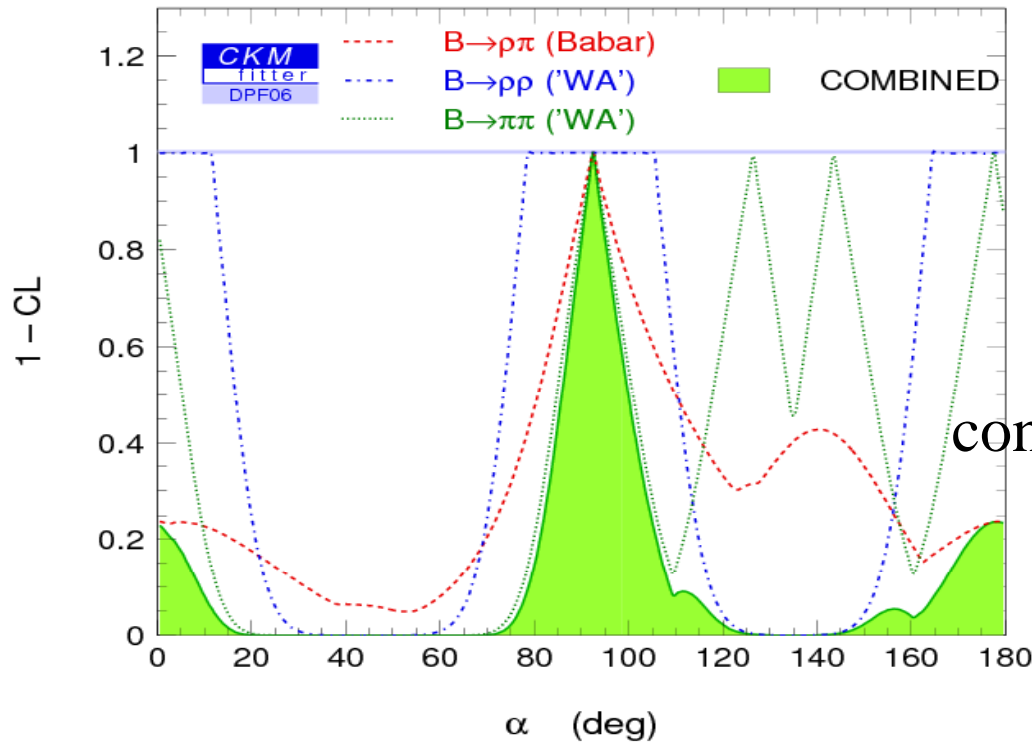
hep-ex/0703008



BaBar 375MBB

$\phi_2 = (87^{+45}_{-13})^\circ$

DPF/JPS2006: BaBar($\pi\pi/\rho\pi/\rho\rho$) + Belle($\pi\pi/\rho\rho$)



$$\alpha/\phi_2 = [93_{-9}^{+11}]^\circ$$

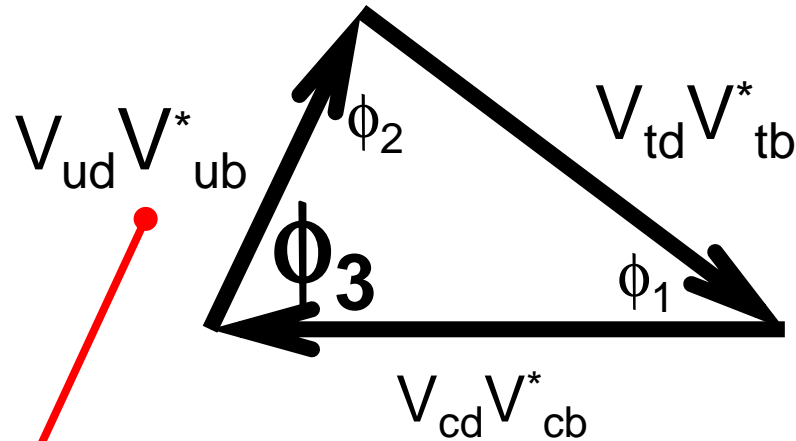
consistent with a global fit w/o α/ϕ_2

$$\alpha_{\text{Global Fit}} = [98_{-19}^{+5}]^\circ$$

$B \rightarrow \rho\pi$ to be included

- **Solution around 0/180deg. is eliminated if $\text{Br}(B_s \rightarrow K^+K^-) + \text{SU}(3)$ is used for $\pi\pi$. (see talk by M.Ciuchini)**

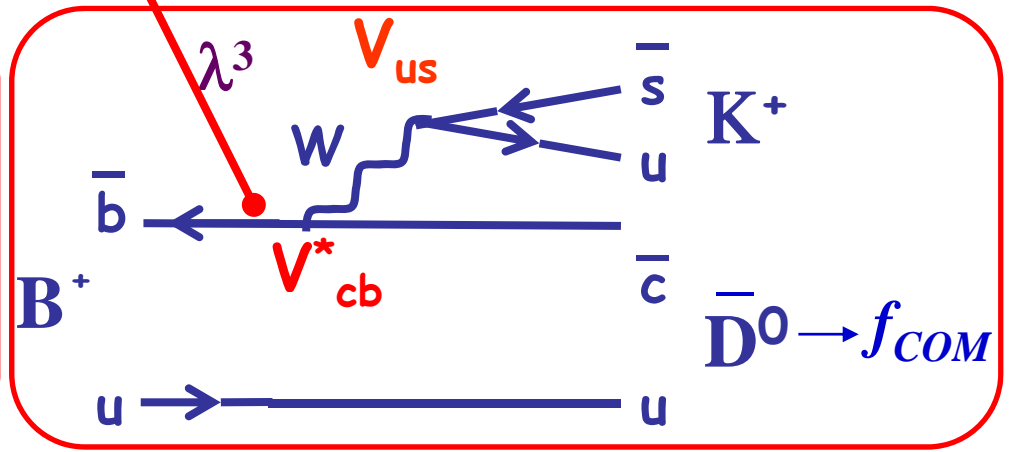
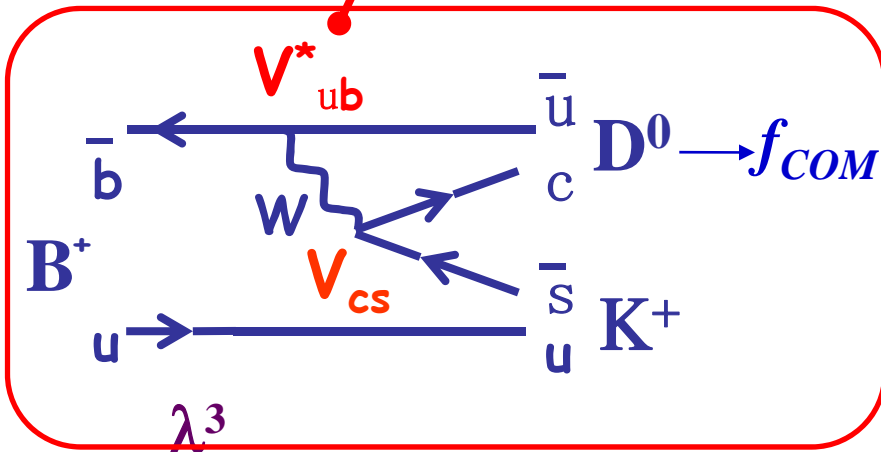
Direct CP violation and ϕ_3 (γ)



B \rightarrow D^(*) K^(*)

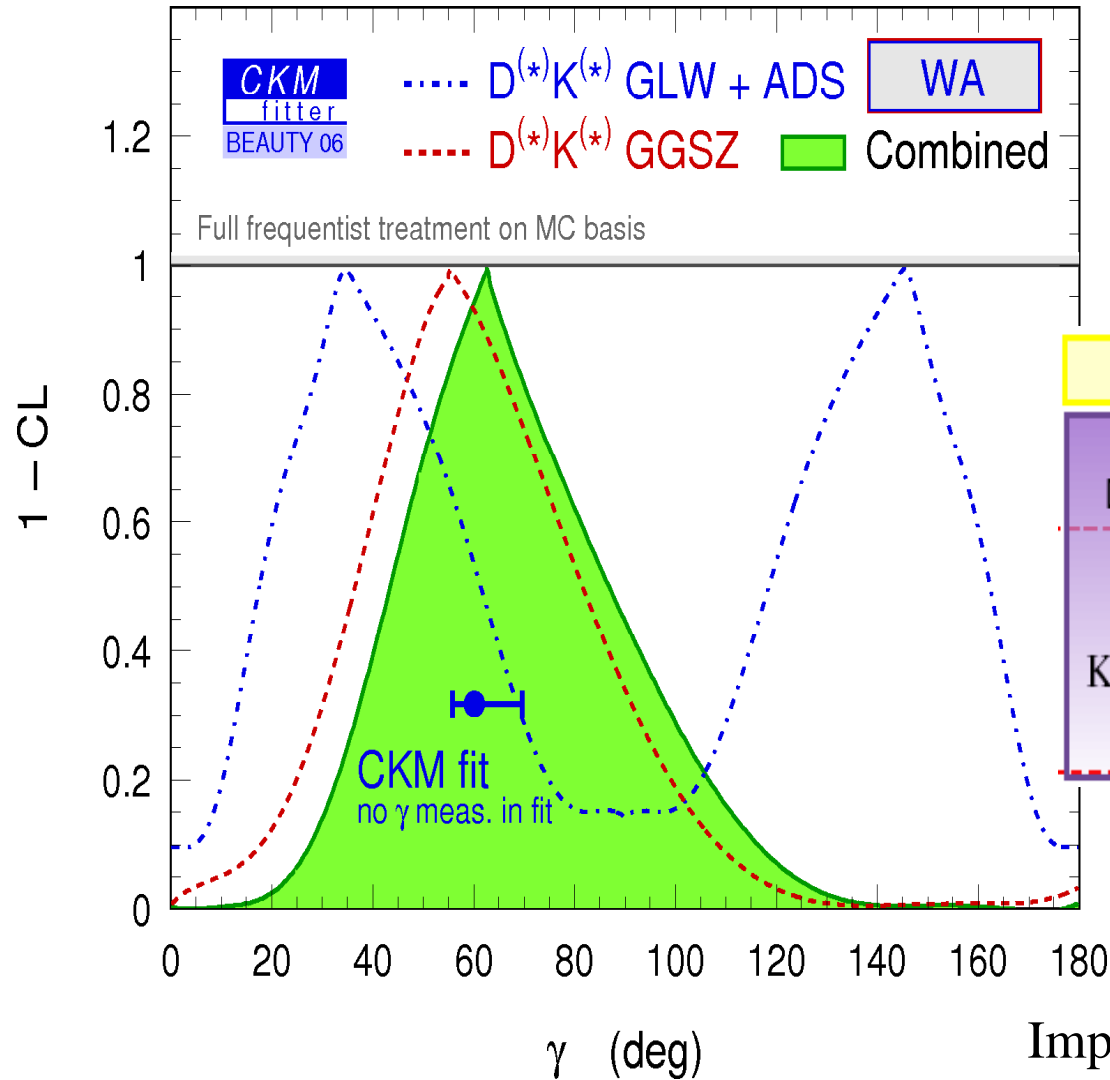
Color suppressed

Color allowed

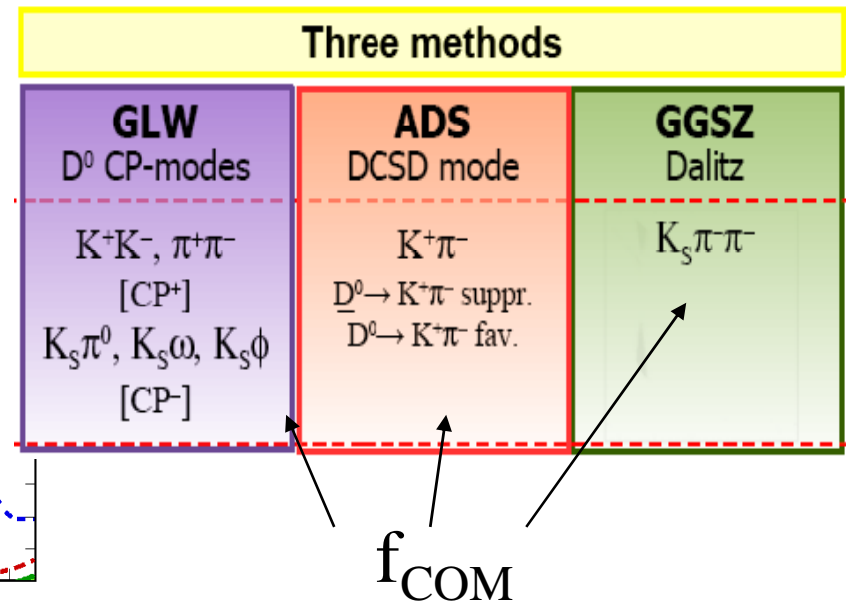


Choice of f_{COM} very important !

ϕ_3 Summary



$$\gamma/\phi_3 = [62^{+38}_{-24}]^\circ$$



Improvements with more statistics
expected in the near future

V_{us}

V_{cb}

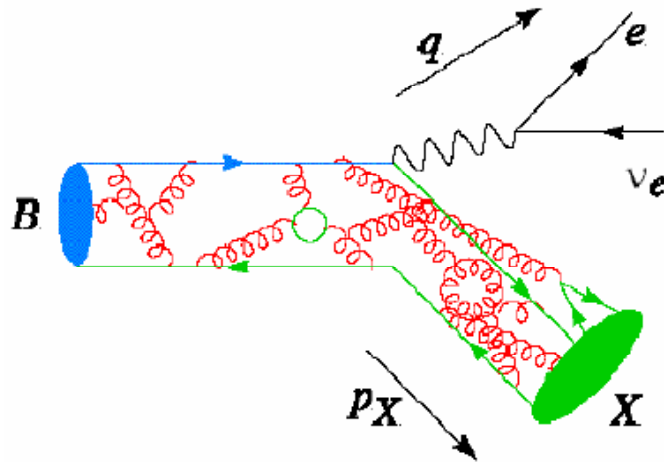
HQE (Heavy Quark Expansion)

Decay rate with expansion in series of $1/m_b$,
non-perturbative parameters extracted
from shape information

THEORY

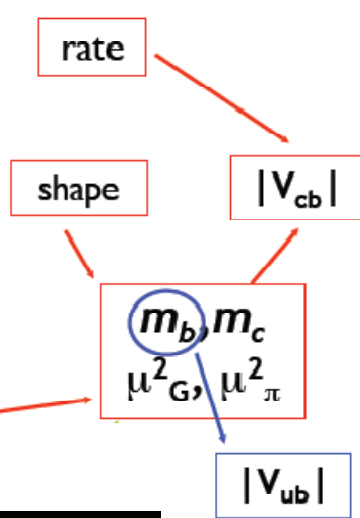
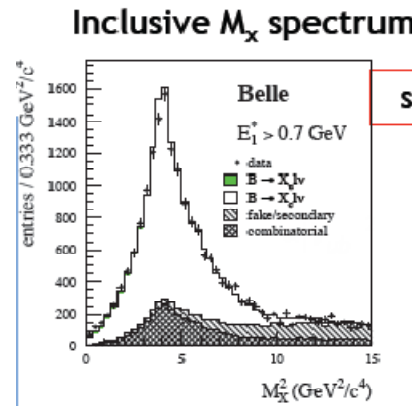
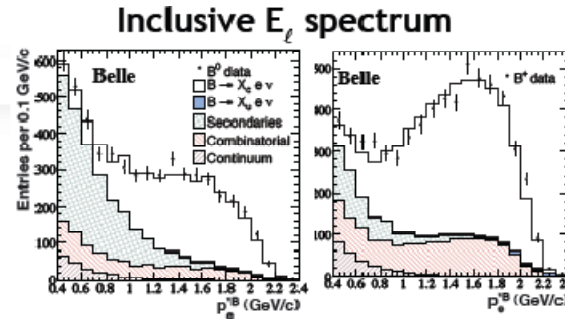
METHOD

Inclusive semileptonic B decays: $B \rightarrow X_c l \nu$

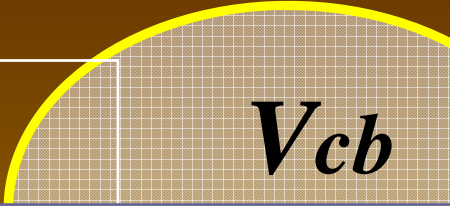


3 independent parameters

- E_l : lepton energy
- q^2 : lepton-neutrino mass squared
- M_X : hadronic mass



EXPERIMENT



V_{cb}

$$|V_{cb}| = (41.69 \pm 0.33_{\text{fit}} \pm 0.20_{\tau}) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$m_b^{1s} = 4.718 \pm 0.030 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\lambda_1 = -0.30 \pm 0.03 \text{ GeV}^2$$

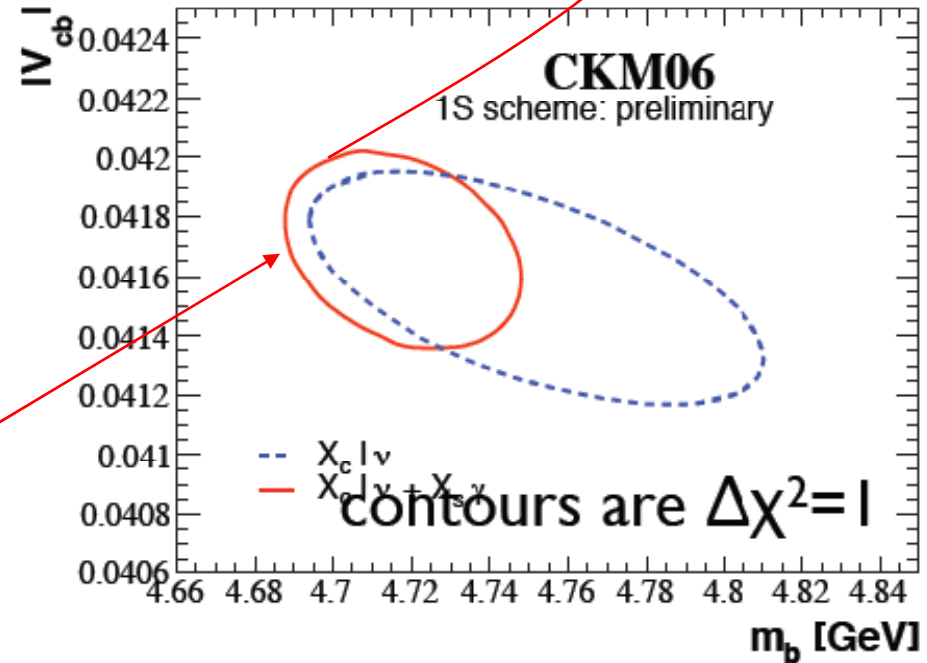
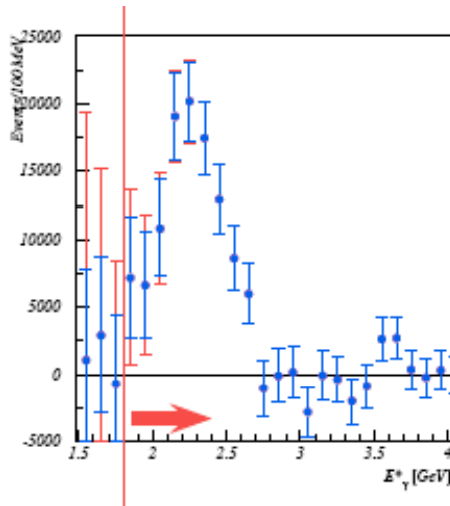
1% accuracy**

RESULTS

Inclusive semileptonic B decays: $B \rightarrow X_c l \nu$

Inputs:
decay rates and moments
(shape) from BaBar, Belle,
CDF, CLEO, DELPHI

$B \rightarrow X_s \gamma$
 E_γ spectrum
also used as
an input



** $B \rightarrow D^{(*)} l \nu$ (exclusive)
with LQCD \rightarrow ~4% accuracy

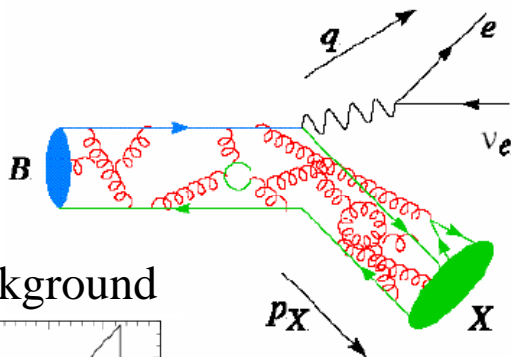
$$|V_{ub}| = (4.49 \pm 0.19 \pm 0.27) \times 10^{-3}$$

~7% accuracy**

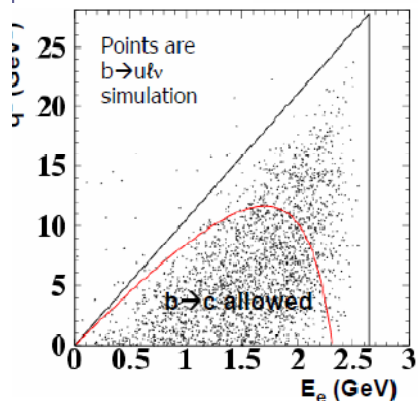
V_{ub}

Method

Inclusive semileptonic
B decays: $B \rightarrow X_u l \nu$



large
 $b \rightarrow c$ background



Tagging:

- untagged
- semileptonic tag
- hadronic tag

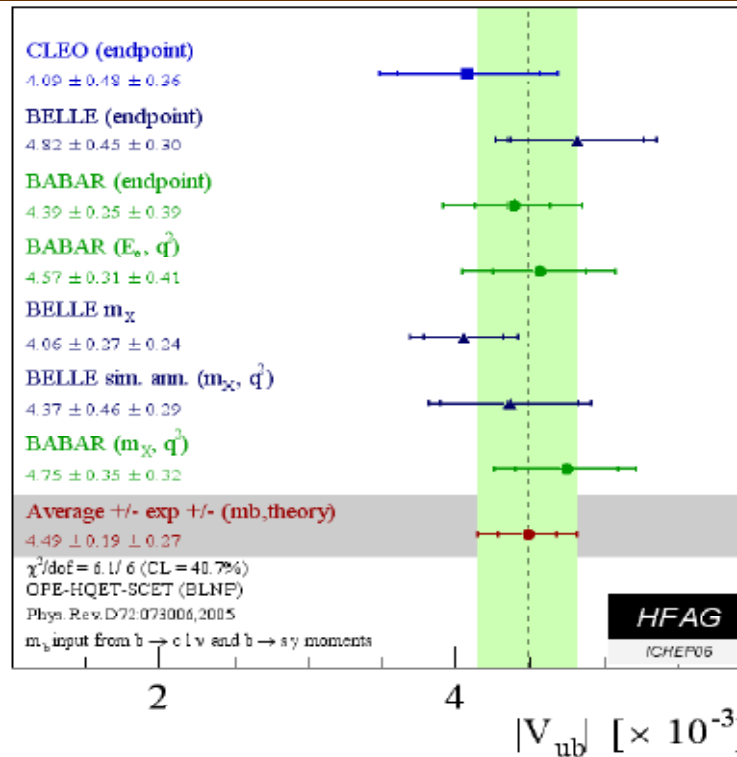
EXPERIMENT

$$|V_{ub}| = \sqrt{\frac{\Delta \mathcal{B}}{\tau_B} \frac{1}{R}}$$

low purity,
high statistics

high purity,
low statistics

theory uncertainties (shape function)
→ several different schemes

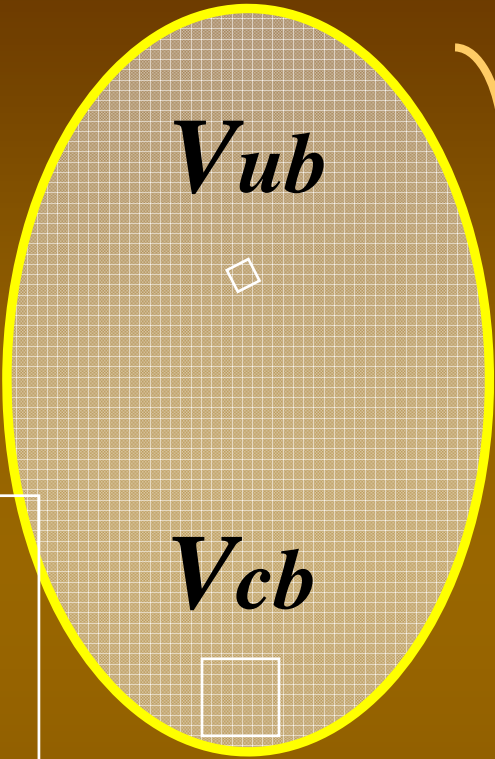


** $B \rightarrow \pi l \nu$ (exclusive) with LQCD → ~12% accuracy



Summary of $|V_{cb}|, |V_{ub}|$

V_{us}



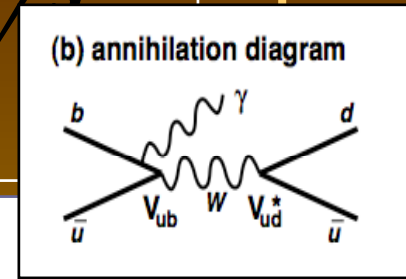
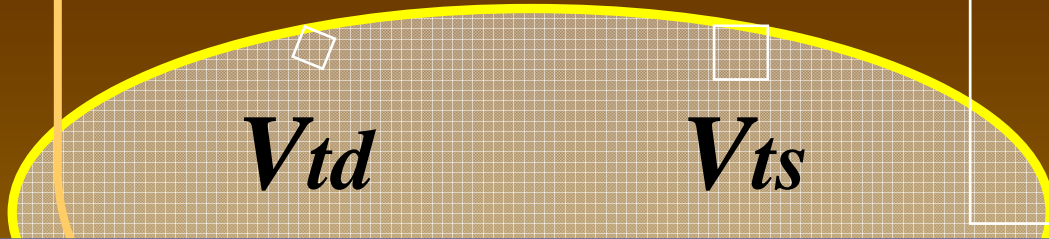
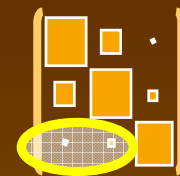
V_{cs}

V_{tb}

V_{ts}

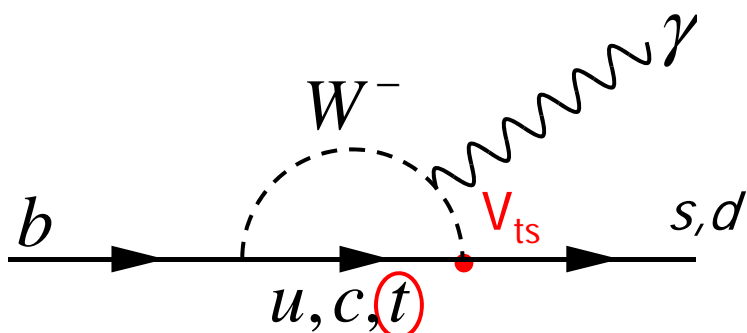
	$ V_{cb} (10^{-3})$	$ V_{ub} (10^{-3})$
Exclusive	39.4 ± 1.6	3.97 ± 0.55
Inclusive	$41.7 \pm 0.4^*$	4.49 ± 0.33

*P. Urquijo, CKM2006
other numbers from C. Schwanda, Lathuile2007



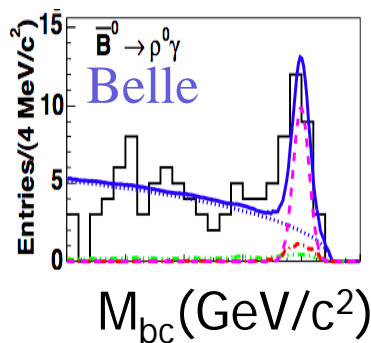
Cannot be measured from top semileptonic decays ...

METHOD1 Loop diagrams



$$\frac{BF(B \rightarrow (\rho / \omega)\gamma)}{BF(B \rightarrow K^* \gamma)} = \left| \frac{V_{td}}{V_{ts}} \right|^2 \left(\frac{m_B^2 - m_\rho^2}{m_B^2 - m_{K^*}^2} \right)^3 \zeta^2 (1 + \Delta R)$$

Light Cone Sum Rules



BaBar+Belle(10⁻⁶)

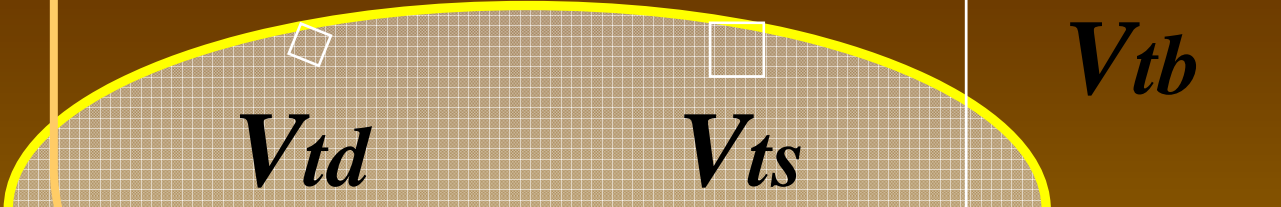
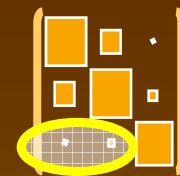
$$1.22^{+0.23}_{-0.21} \pm 0.05$$

Inclusive $BF(B \rightarrow X_s \gamma)$
for $E_\gamma > 1.6 \text{ GeV}$
→ $|V_{ts}|$ with ~7% accuracy

Caveat: This assumes the unitarity.

$$\left| \frac{V_{td}}{V_{ts}} \right|_{\rho\gamma} = 0.197^{+0.019}_{-0.018} (\text{exp}) \pm 0.015 (\text{th})$$

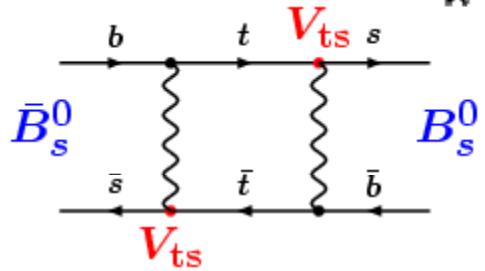
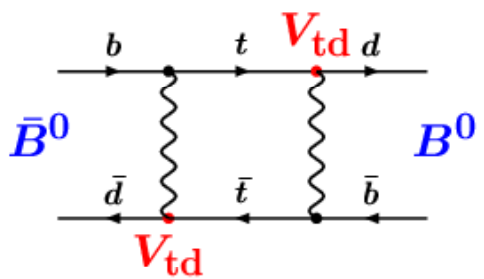
B→pγ



METHOD2

$$\Delta m_q = \frac{G_f^2}{6\pi^2} m_{B_q} M_W^2 f\left(\frac{m_t^2}{M_W^2}\right) \eta_{\text{QCD}} B_{B_q} f_{B_q}^2 |V_{tb}^* V_{tq}|^2 \quad q = d, s$$

Box diagrams



LQCD

$$\sqrt{B_{B_d} f_{B_d}} = 244 \pm 26 \text{ MeV}$$

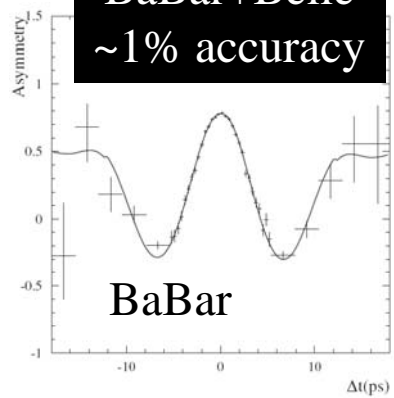
(Okamoto, hep-lat/0510113)

Limits precision on $|V_{td}|, |V_{ts}|$ to $\sim 10\%$

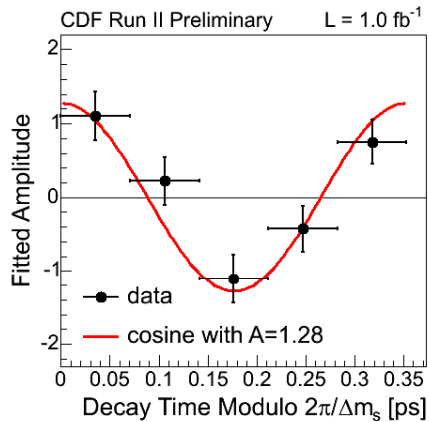
$$|V_{td}| = (7.4 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-3}$$

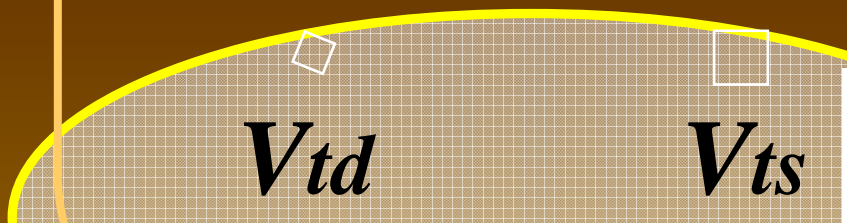
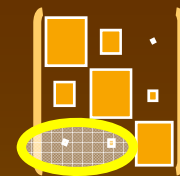
(PDG2006)

BaBar+Belle
~1% accuracy



CDF
~0.7% accuracy



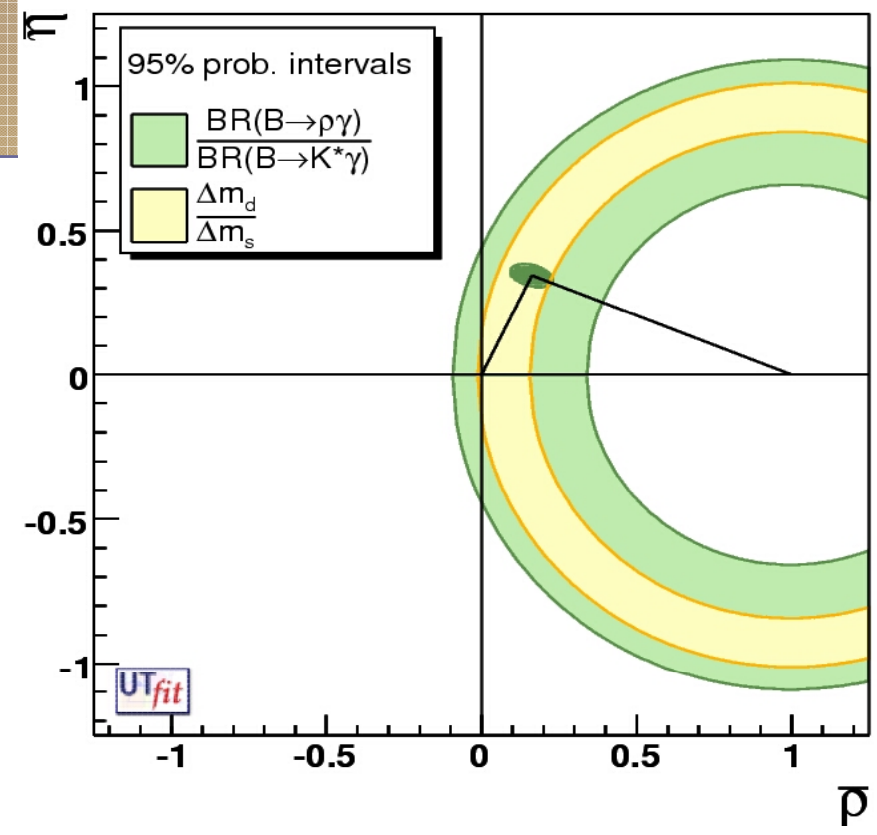


METHOD2 Box diagrams

$$\frac{\Delta m_s}{\Delta m_d} = \frac{m_{B_s}}{m_{B_d}} \xi^2 \left| \frac{V_{ts}}{V_{td}} \right|^2$$

$$\xi = \frac{B_{B_s} \sqrt{f_{B_s}}}{B_{B_d} \sqrt{f_{B_d}}} = 1.210^{+0.047}_{-0.035}$$

(~4% accuracy)

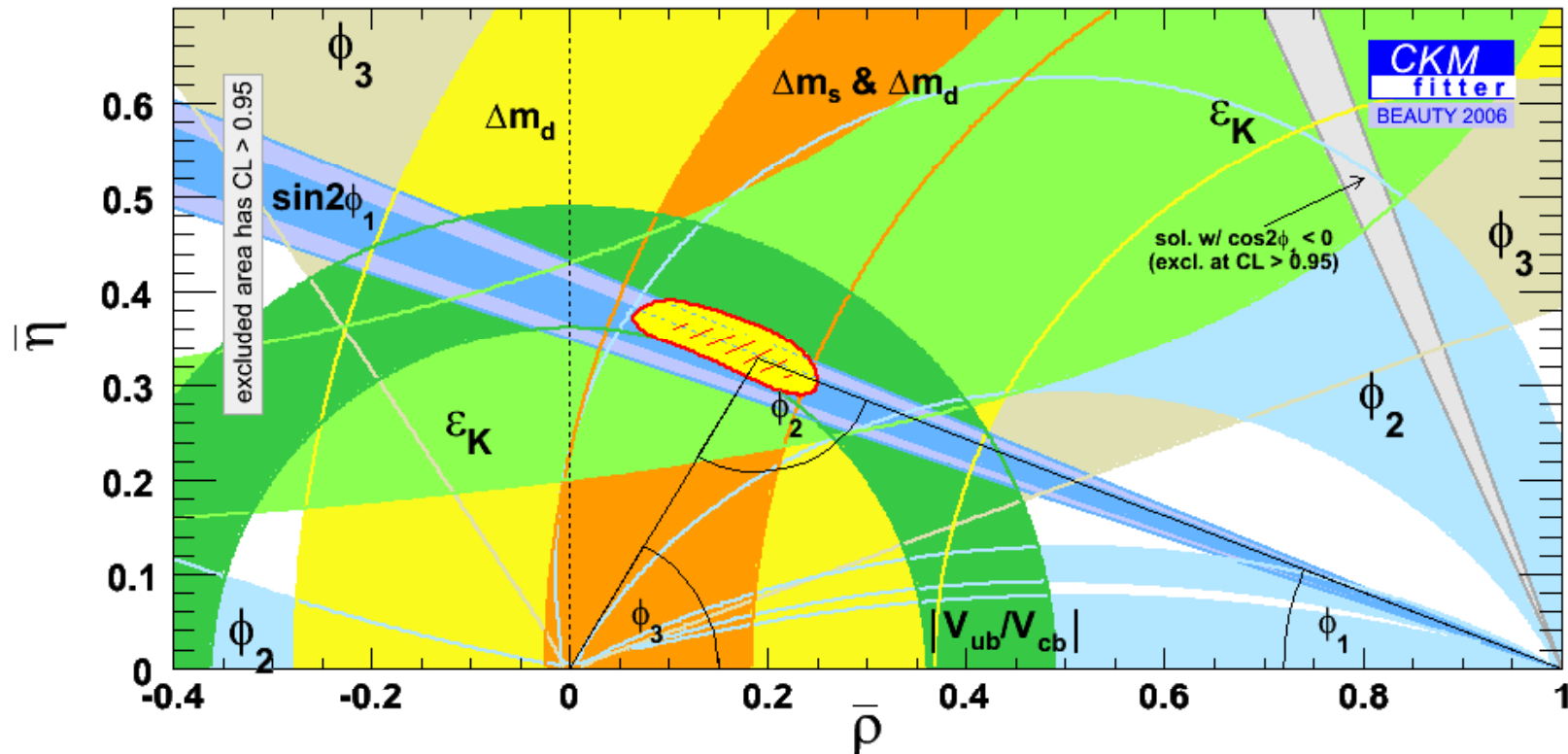


$\Delta m_d = 0.507 \pm 0.005(1\%)$ (PDG 2006)

$\Delta m_s = 17.77 \pm 0.10$ (stat.) ± 0.07 (syst.) ps^{-1} CDF (2006)

$\left| \frac{V_{td}}{V_{ts}} \right| = 0.2060 \pm 0.0007$ (exp.) $^{+0.0081}_{-0.0060}$ (theo.)

CKM Global Fit



Good overall agreement. $O(1)$ new physics unlikely.

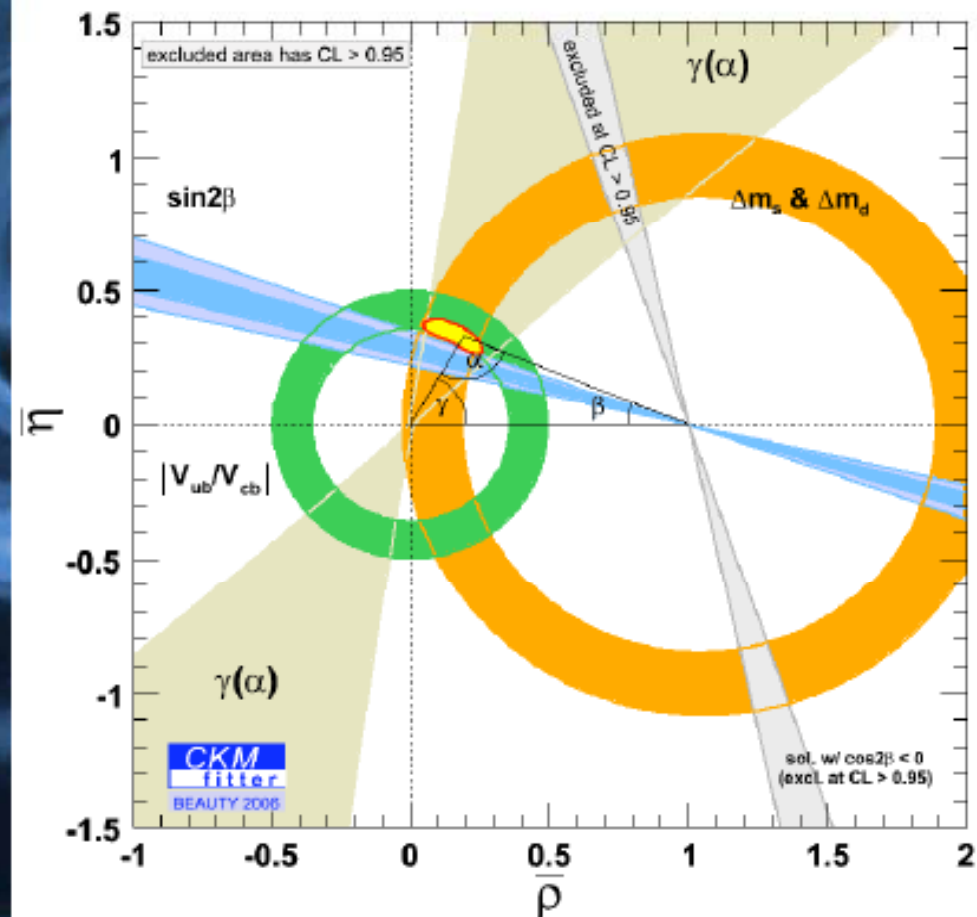
Need to be able to detect $O(0.1)$ effects as the next step.

Kobayashi-Maskawa model of CP violation has been firmly established, just like Newtonian mechanics was established.

Moriond EW 2007

Impact of precise $|V_{ub}|$

- ✧ Combined average $\sin 2\beta = 0.647 \pm 0.024$ below “tree” value $\sin 2\beta = 0.794 \pm 0.045$ deduced from $|V_{ub}|$ and $|V_{td}|$
- ✧ Deviation 2.9σ (!)
- ✧ Increased precision in $|V_{ub}|$ and recent measurement of $B_s - \bar{B}_s$ mixing (D0, CDF) crucial

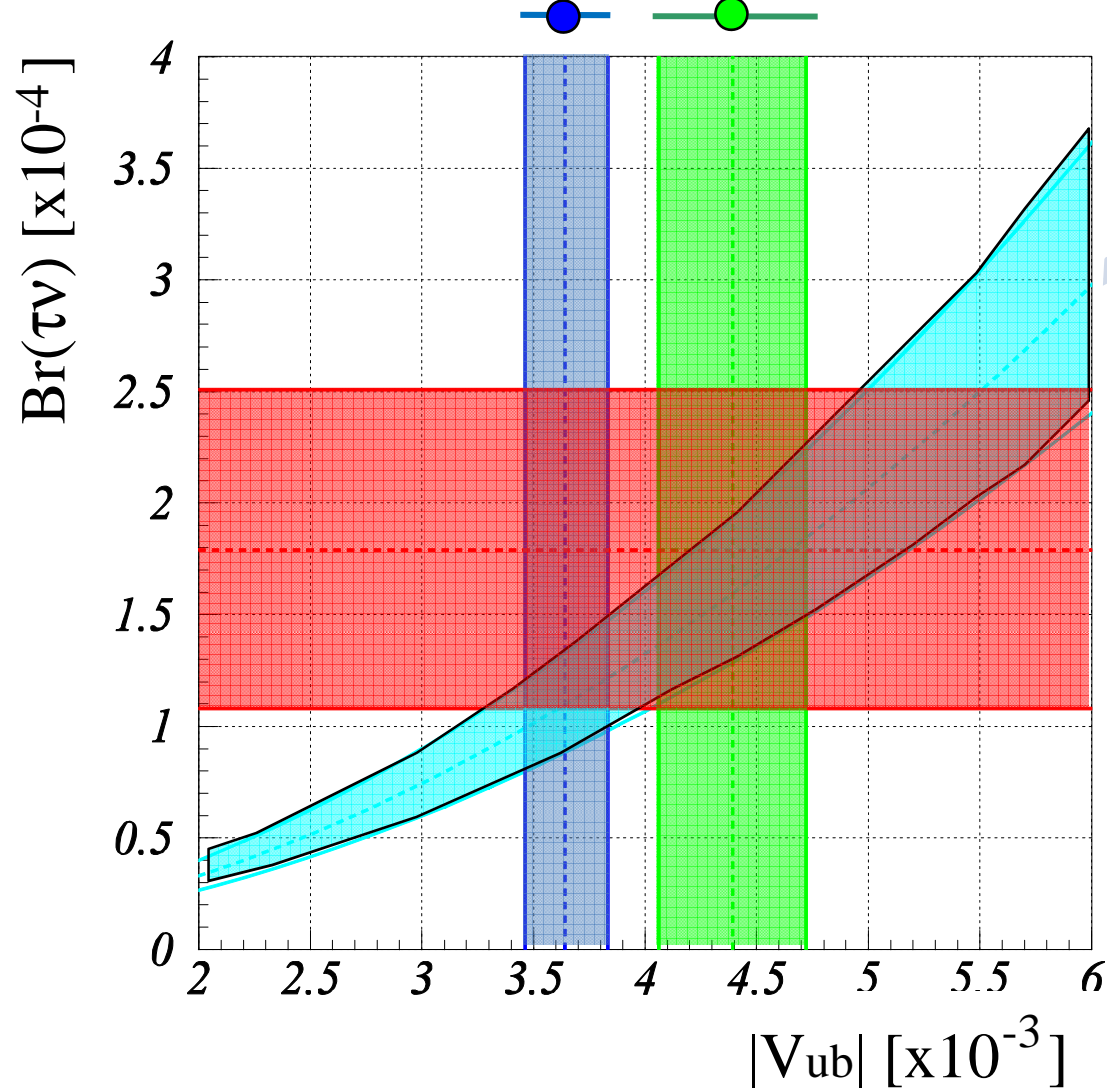


Comment on $|V_{ub}|$ tension (2)

T. Iijima

$|V_{ub}|$ from CKM fit
(direct meas. not included)

$|V_{ub}|$ from SL



SM formula w/
 $f_B = 0.216 \pm 0.022$ GeV

$$Br(B \rightarrow \tau \nu) \propto |V_{ub}|^2$$

● Belle result
 $Br = (1.79 \pm 0.72 \pm 0.71) \times 10^{-4}$

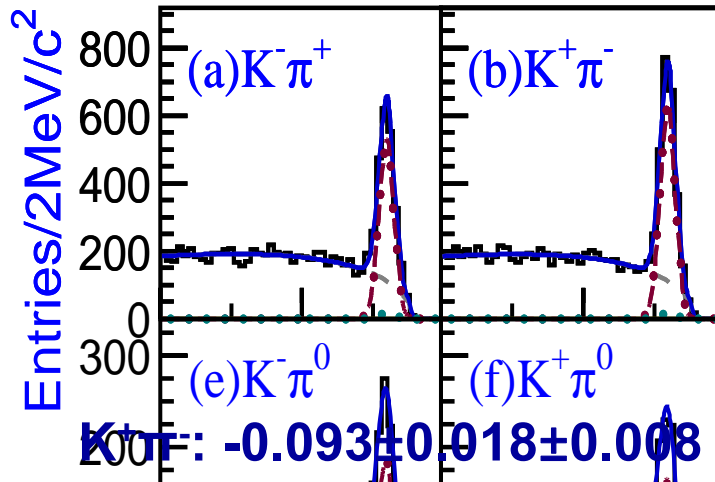
**Improved $Br(B \rightarrow \tau \nu)$ meas.
important to disentangle
possible origins of the
“ V_{ub} tension”**

Direct CPV in $B^0 \rightarrow K^+\pi^-$ (established in 2004)

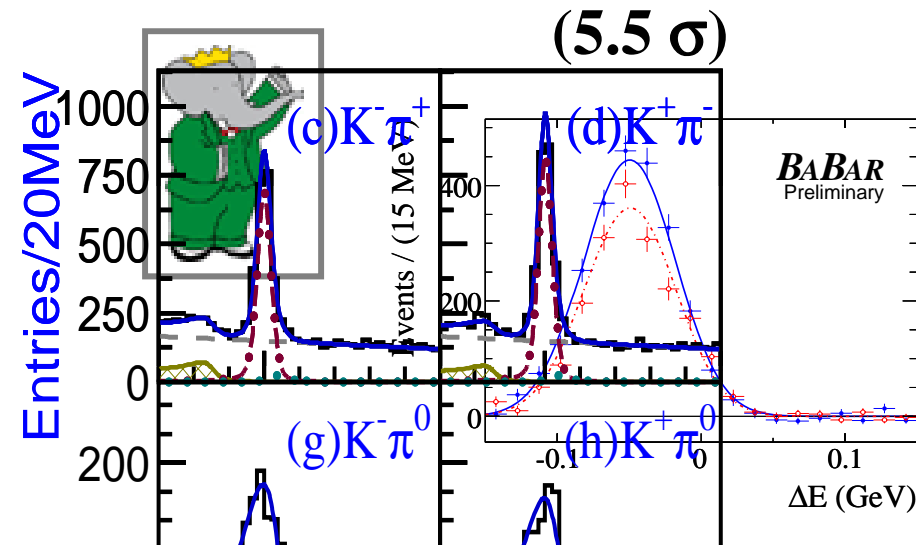


hep-ex/0608049

$$\mathcal{A}_{K\pi} = -0.107 \pm 0.018 \text{ (stat)}_{-0.004}^{+0.007} \text{ (syst)}$$



(4.7 σ)



(5.5 σ)

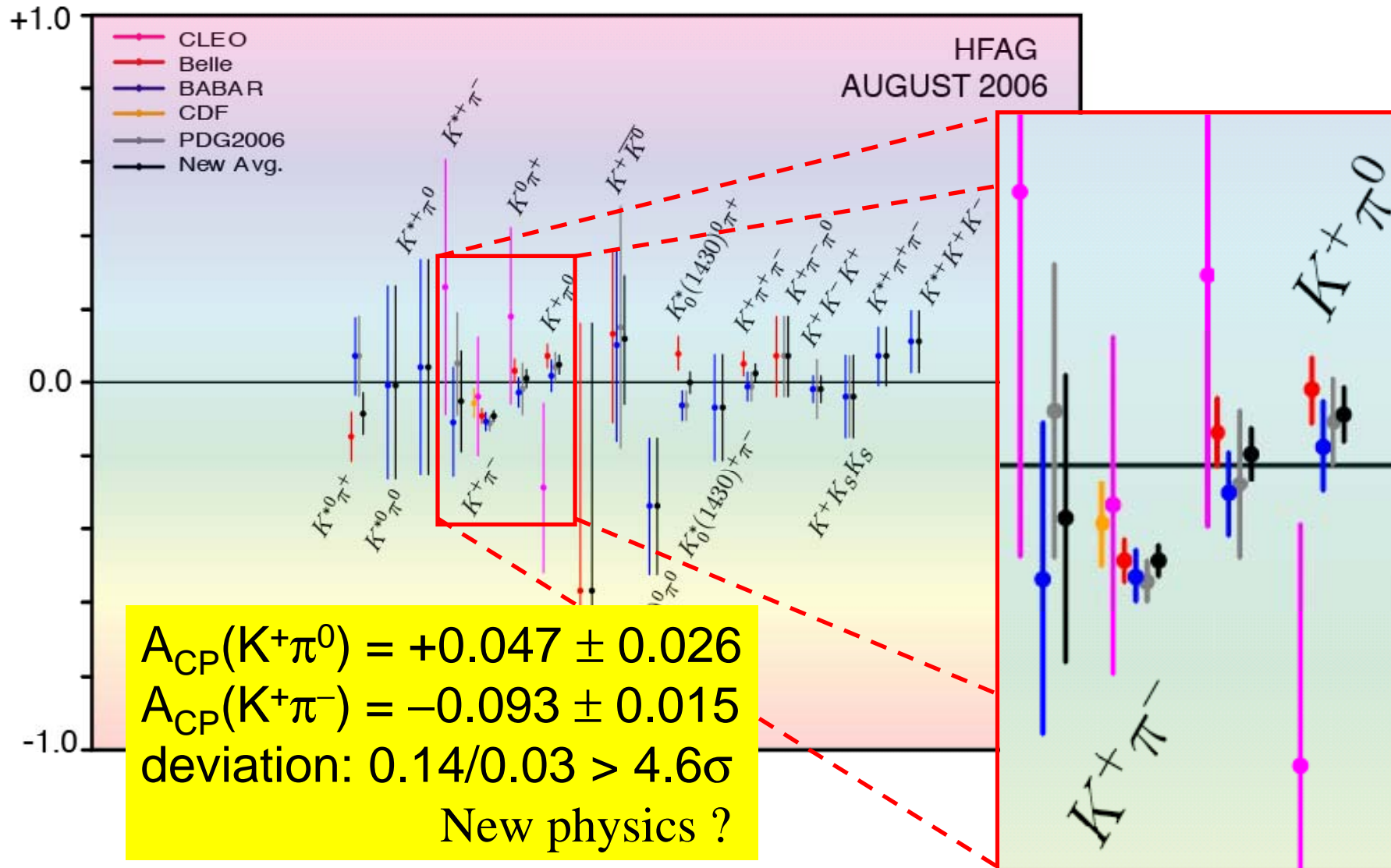
hep-ex/0703016

- Direct CPV already observed in K decays. Important to see it in B decays ? \rightarrow Yes ! There are well-motivated “B-superweak” models.
 - e.g. Superstring-inspired “B-superweak” model that also allows SUSY EW baryogenesis [M. Brhlik et al., PRL 84, 3041 (2000)].

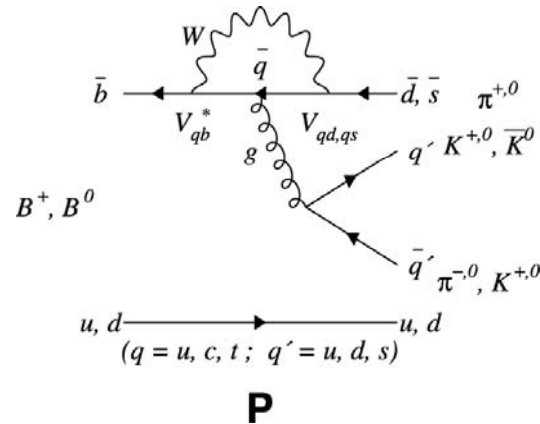
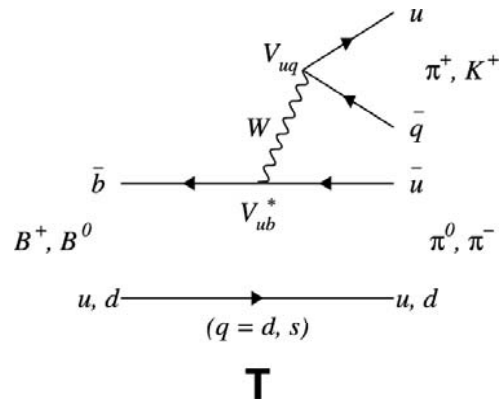
M_{bc} (GeV/ c^-)

ΔE (GeV)

$A_{CP}(K\pi)$ puzzle ?



A_{CP}(Kπ) puzzle ?



- Naive expectation, $A_{CP}(K^+\pi^0) \sim A_{CP}(K^+\pi^-)$, is too crude and is not adequate for new physics search. ☹️
 - Large color-suppressed tree may exist.
- “Sum rule” offers more precise tests. 😊

D. Atwood, A. Soni, PRD58 (1998) 036005

M. Gronau, PLB627 (2005) 82

$$\mathcal{A}(K^+\pi^-) + \mathcal{A}(K^0\pi^+) \frac{\mathcal{B}(K^0\pi^+) \tau_0}{\mathcal{B}(K^+\pi^-) \tau_+} = \mathcal{A}(K^+\pi^0) \frac{2\mathcal{B}(K^+\pi^0) \tau_0}{\mathcal{B}(K^+\pi^-) \tau_+} + \mathcal{A}(K^0\pi^0) \frac{2\mathcal{B}(K^0\pi^0)}{\mathcal{B}(K^+\pi^-)}$$

$$\mathcal{A}(K^0\pi^0) = -0.16 \pm 0.04 \text{ (from sum rule)}$$

$$\mathcal{A}(K^0\pi^0) = -0.12 \pm 0.11 \text{ (tCPV meas.)}$$

(as of Aug.2006)

Summary of CPV and CKM

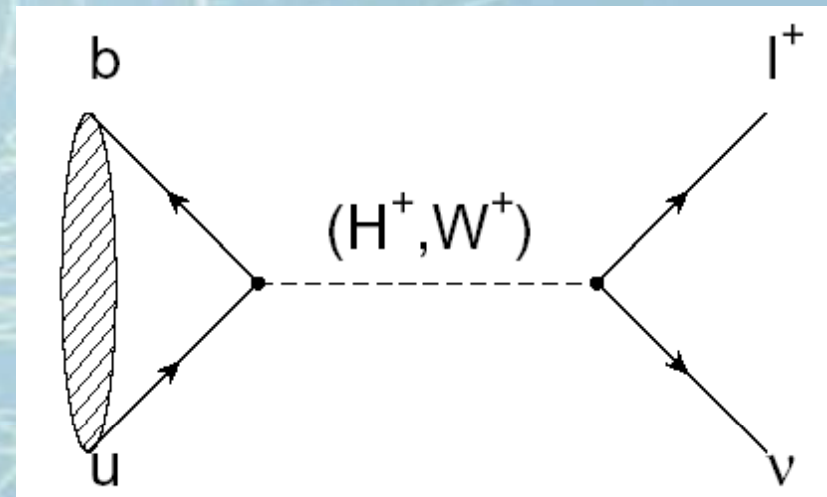
- **Kobayashi-Maskawa model of CP violation has been established, just like Newtonian mechanics was established.**
- **Yet there are several inconsistencies that are uncomfortable for the Standard Model.**
 - **$b \rightarrow s$ tCPV (2.6σ)**
 - **V_{ub} tension (2.9σ if you think $b \rightarrow s$ tCPV anomaly is a statistical fluctuation and use combined $\sin 2\phi_1$)**
- **Only more data will tell us the truth. At the same time, theoretical improvements are also important.**



New physics searches

$$B^\pm \rightarrow \tau^\pm \nu$$

Decays w/
“Missing $E(>1\nu)$ ”



SM :

$$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow \tau \nu) = \frac{G_F^2 m_B}{8\pi} m_\tau^2 \left(1 - \frac{m_\tau^2}{m_B^2}\right)^2 f_B^2 |V_{ub}|^2 \tau_B$$

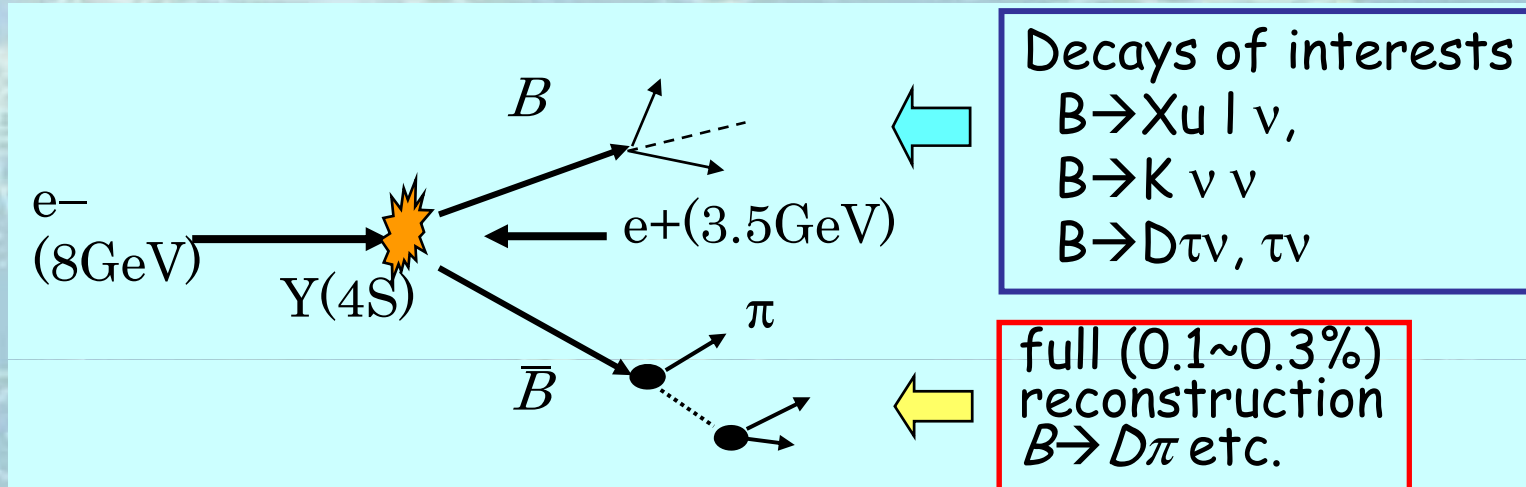
B decay constant \leftrightarrow Lattice QCD

BSM : sensitive to New Physics from H^\pm

Full Reconstruction Method

- Fully reconstruct one of the B's to tag
 - B production
 - B flavor/charge
 - B momentum

Equivalent to
"single B meson beam" !



Powerful tools for B decays w/ neutrinos

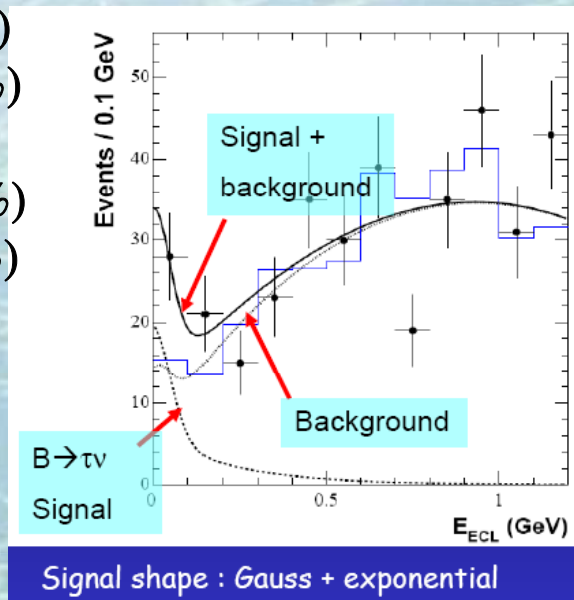
B → τν results

Belle

PRL97, 251802 (2006).

Belle Hadronic tag

e⁺νν (3.6%)
 μ⁺νν (2.4%)
 π⁺ν (4.9%)
 π⁺π⁰ν (2.0%)
 πππν (0.8%)



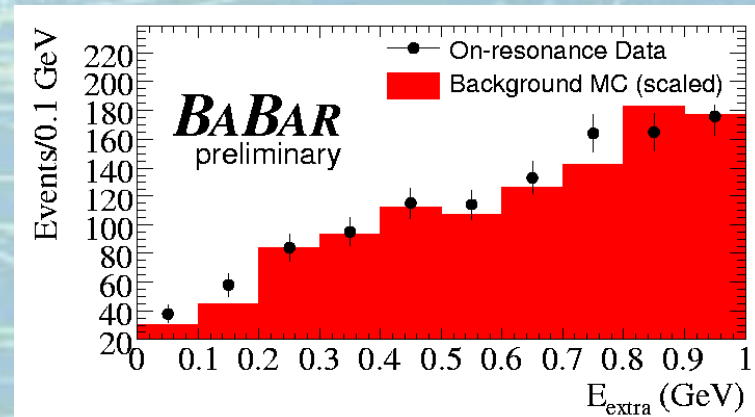
$$\text{Br}(B \rightarrow \tau \nu) = \left(1.79^{+0.56}_{-0.49} \quad +0.46 \quad -0.51 \right) \times 10^{-4}$$

First evidence, 3.5 σ

BaBar

hep-ex/0608019

D | ν tag

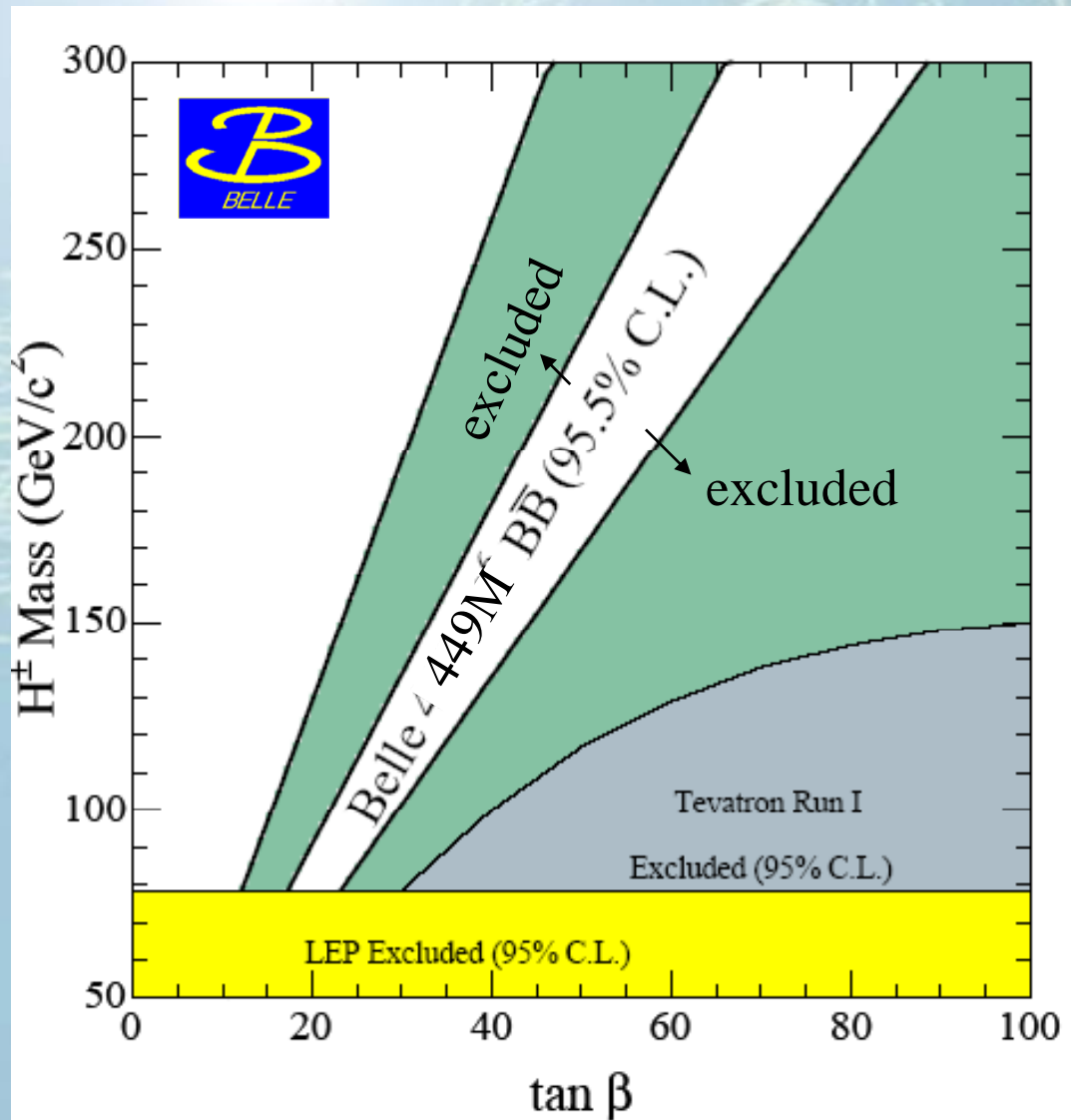


τ⁺ → e⁺νν (eff: 4.1%), μ⁺νν (2.4%),
 π⁺ν (4.9%), π⁺π⁰ν (1.2%)

$$(0.88^{+0.68}_{-0.67}(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.11(\text{syst.})) \times 10^{-4}$$

No clear signal

Constraints on H^\pm mass

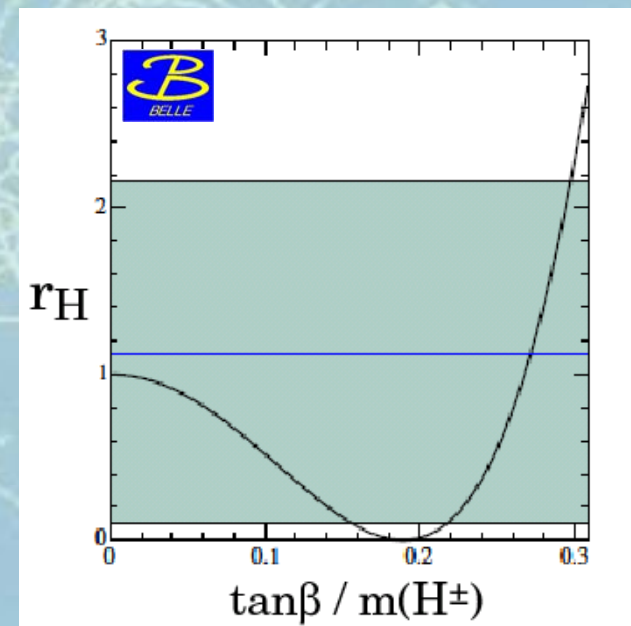


Use known f_B and $|V_{ub}|$
Ratio to the SM BF.

W. S. Hou, PRD48, 2342 (1993)

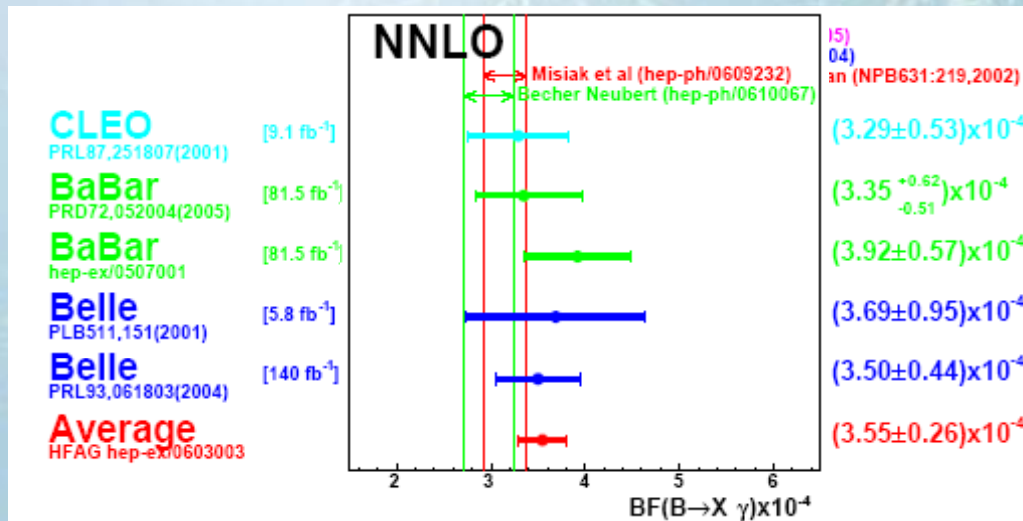
$$r_H = \left(1 - \frac{m_B^2}{m_H^2} \tan^2 \beta\right)^2$$

$$r_H = 1.13 \pm 0.51$$

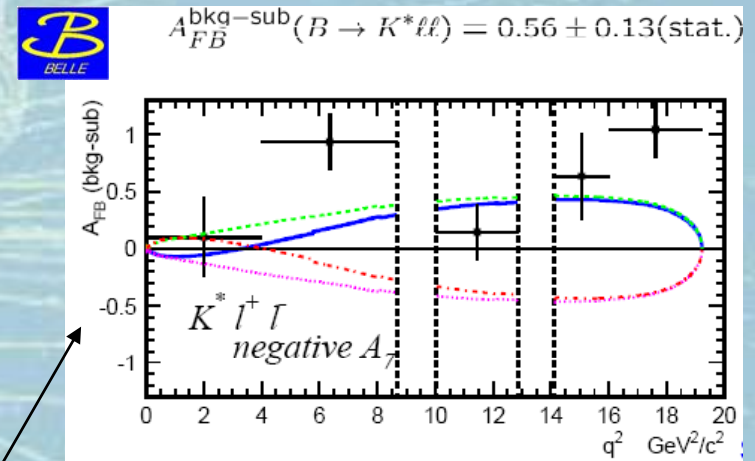


Other searches with B decays

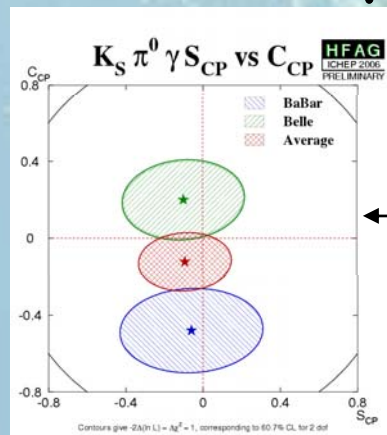
- $\text{Br}(b \rightarrow s\gamma)$: best NP killer so far



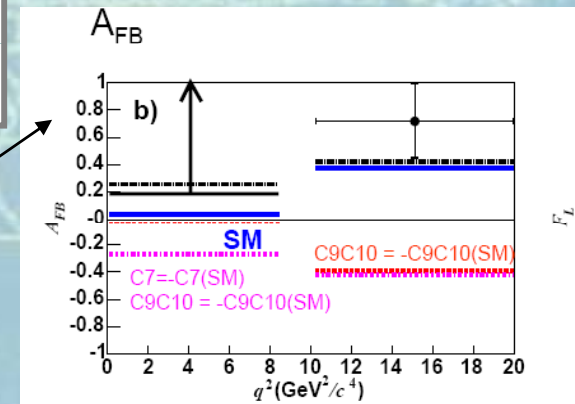
$A_{FB}(B \rightarrow K^* \ell \ell)$



- $B^0 \rightarrow K_S \pi^0 \gamma$ tCPV



Extreme NP scenarios are already excluded.





Low q^2 : excludes SM at 98% CL
 $A_{FB} > 0.19$ at 95% CL (SM $A_{FB} = 0.03$)

Tau LFV summary

J. Yi, Moriond QCD 2007

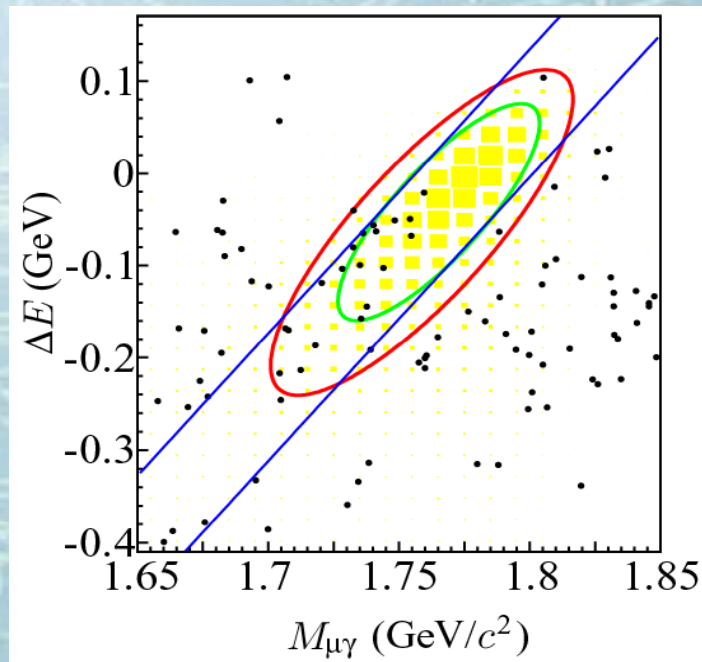
BRANCHING FRACTION UPPER LIMITS AT 90% C.L.

	 BABAR	 BELLE
	BF U.L. $\times 10^{-7}$ (LUMI FB^{-1})	BF U.L. $\times 10^{-7}$ (LUMI FB^{-1})
$\tau^\pm \rightarrow e^\pm \gamma$	1.1 (232.2) <small>PRL 96, 41801 (2006)</small>	1.2 (535.0) <small>HEP-EX/0609049</small>
$\tau^\pm \rightarrow \mu^\pm \gamma$	0.7 (232.2) <small>PRL 95, 41802 (2005)</small>	0.5 (535.0) <small>HEP-EX/0609049</small>
$\tau^\pm \rightarrow e^\pm \pi^0$	1.3 (339.0) <small>PRL98, 061803 (2007)</small>	0.8 (401.0) <small>HEP-EX/0609013</small>
$\tau^\pm \rightarrow \mu^\pm \pi^0$	1.1 (339.0) <small>PRL98, 061803 (2007)</small>	1.2 (401.0) <small>HEP-EX/0609013</small>
$\tau^\pm \rightarrow e^\pm \eta$	1.6 (339.0) <small>PRL98, 061803 (2007)</small>	0.9 (401.0) <small>HEP-EX/0609013</small>
$\tau^\pm \rightarrow \mu^\pm \eta$	1.5 (339.0) <small>PRL98, 061803 (2007)</small>	0.7 (401.0) <small>HEP-EX/0609013</small>
$\tau^\pm \rightarrow e^\pm \eta'$	2.4 (339.0) <small>PRL98, 061803 (2007)</small>	1.6 (401.0) <small>HEP-EX/0609013</small>
$\tau^\pm \rightarrow \mu^\pm \eta'$	1.4 (339.0) <small>PRL98, 061803 (2007)</small>	1.3 (401.0) <small>HEP-EX/0609013</small>

$\tau \rightarrow \mu\gamma$



535/fb



- Dominant background: $\tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu + \text{ISR}$ (90%)
 - Small contamination of $\mu\mu$ BG in $\Delta E > 0$



Evidence for D^0 mixing

384/fb



hep-ex/0703020

K. Flood at Moriond EW 2007

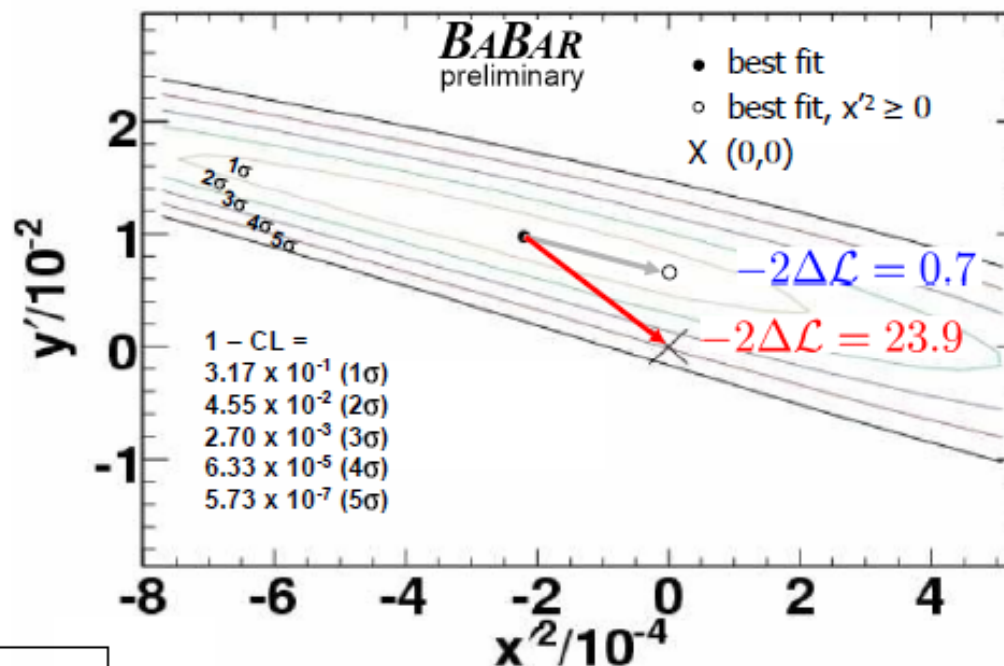
- y' , x'^2 contours computed by change in log likelihood

- Best-fit point is in non-physical region $x'^2 < 0$, but 1-sigma contour extends into physical region

- correlation: -0.94

- Contours include systematic errors

• Accounting for systematic errors, the no-mixing point is at ~4-sigma contour



$$R_D: (3.03 \pm 0.16 \pm 0.06) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$x'^2: (-0.22 \pm 0.30 \pm 0.20) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$y': (9.7 \pm 4.4 \pm 2.9) \times 10^{-3}$$

* No CPV is seen

Evidence for D^0 mixing

hep-ex/0703036

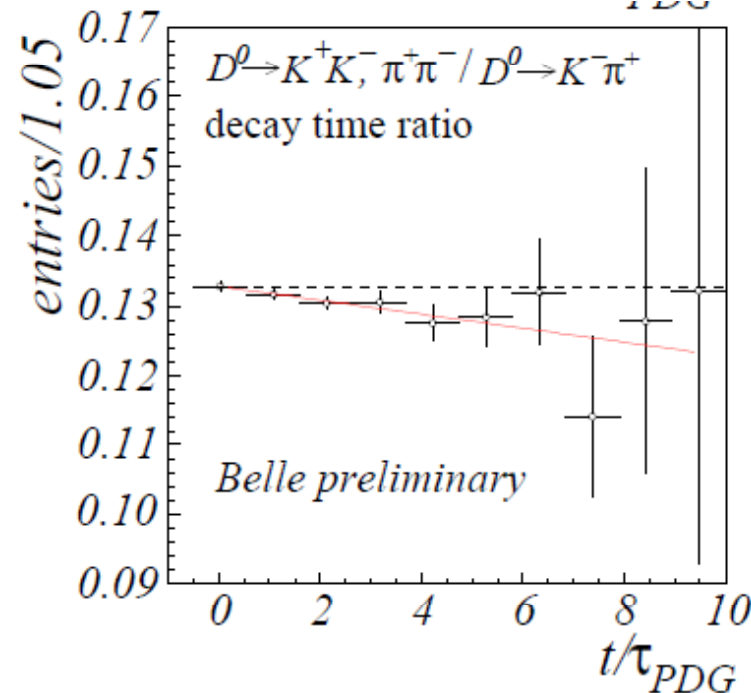
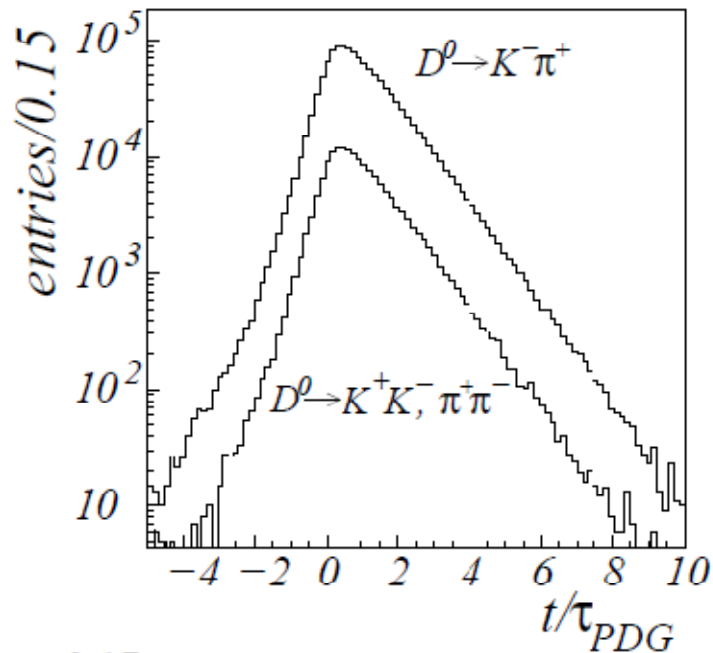


Presented at Moriond EW

Belle Preliminary
540/fb

$$y_{CP} = 1.31 \pm 0.32 \pm 0.25 \%$$

$> 3\sigma$ above zero (4.1σ stat. only)



(* No CP violation seen)

Search for light dark matter on Upsilon(3S)

[PRL 98, 132001 \(2007\)](#)

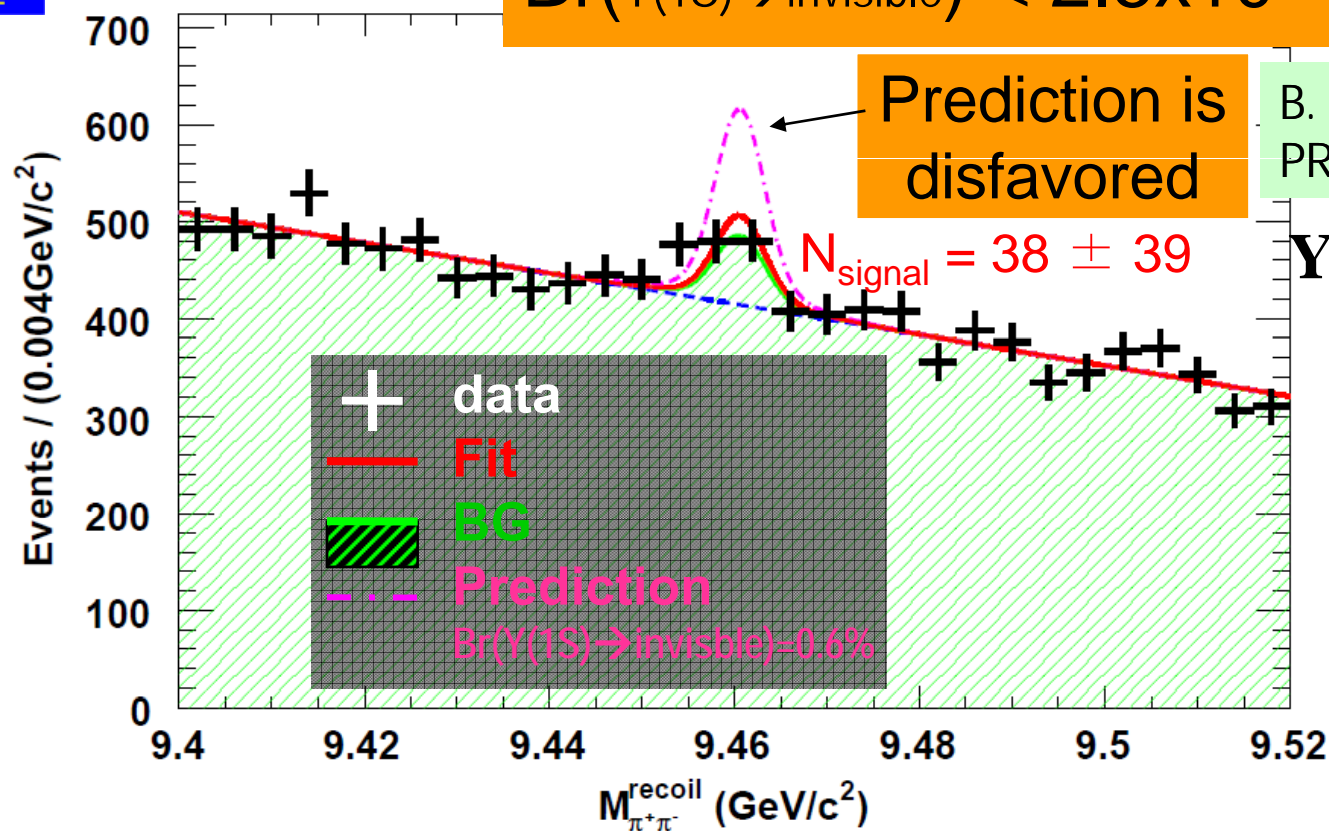
Y(3S) runs : 2.9 fb⁻¹
(Feb, 2006 : 4days)

← better sensitivity than ~7year Y(4S) data

$$Y(3S) \rightarrow Y(1S)\pi^+\pi^-$$



$Br(Y(1S) \rightarrow \text{invisible}) < 2.5 \times 10^{-3}$ (90% C.L.)



B. McElrath,
PRD 72, 103508 (2005)

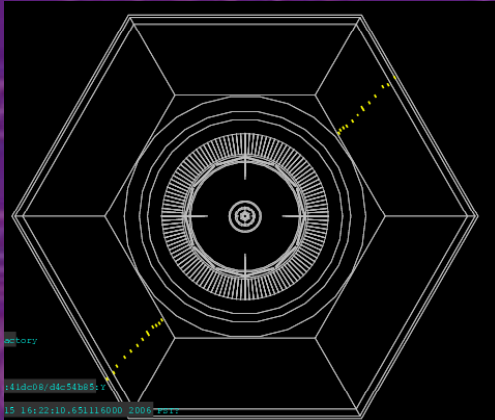
Y(1S) → DM DM



Future prospects

Efforts for improvements never stop !

→ Oide's talk



Cosmic-ray μ in newly-installed BaBar LST sextants (Nov.06)
→ better μ detection efficiency



Crab cavities installed (Jan.07)
→ luminosity goal = $3 \times 10^{34}/\text{cm}^2/\text{s}$

- $\sim 2/\text{ab}$ from BaBar+Belle by the end of 2008
- BaBar will end in 2008
- Belle proposing a major upgrade (= SuperKEKB)
 - part of the “Japanese HEP master plan”
 - luminosity goal : $8 \times 10^{35}/\text{cm}^2/\text{s}$ (peak), 50/ab (integrated)

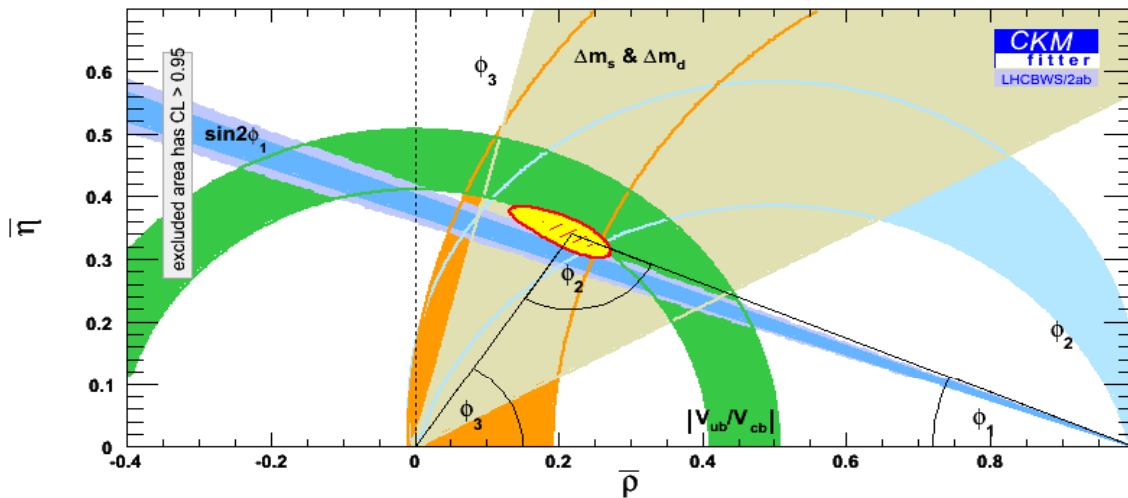
Important topics with 2/ab

- $b \rightarrow s$ tCPV: $2.6\sigma \rightarrow \sim 4\sigma$ (for the same central values)
- V_{ub} tension: $2.9\sigma \rightarrow ?$ (depend on data + theory)
- Improved measurements of D^0 mixing
- Improved measurements of $B \rightarrow \tau\nu$
- Evidence for $B \rightarrow \mu\nu$
- More precise angle measurements, in particular ϕ_3 with significant observation in $B \rightarrow D^{(*)}K^{(*)}$

Other new physics searches may also find something surprising !

Physics reach at $2/ab$

	Today	$2ab^{-1}$
$\sin 2\phi_1 / \beta(b \rightarrow c)$	0.026	0.020
$\sin 2\phi_1 / \beta(b \rightarrow s)$	0.05	0.035
ϕ_2	11°	6°
ϕ_3	19°	12°
V_{ub} (inclusive)	6.3%	4.9%
Δm_d	0.8%	0.8%
$B(B \rightarrow (\rho, \omega)\gamma)$	20.4%	10.3%
$B(B \rightarrow \tau\nu)$	36%	27%
$A_{FB}(K^*l^+l^-)$	23%	10%



$$\delta(\bar{\rho}, \bar{\eta}) = (10.0\%, 4.4\%)$$

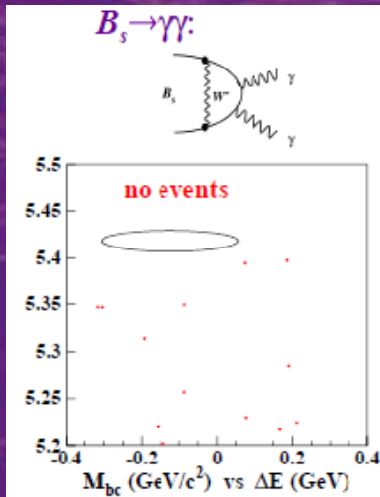
R. Itoh, @LHC upgrade WS,
Jan. 2007

World sample: four runs

1985 CLEO	$\sim 0.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
2003 CLEOIII	$0.42 \text{ fb}^{-1} \rightarrow \text{PRL 95, 261801 (2005)}$
→ 2005 Belle	1.9 fb^{-1}
2006 Belle	21.7 fb^{-1} (~3 weeks)

Upsilon(5S) run

- 2 papers on exclusive and inclusive Br
 - PRL 98, 052001 (2007)
 - hep-ex/0610003



$\text{Br} < 0.53 \times 10^{-4}$ world best

- Papers based on 22/fb data set this year

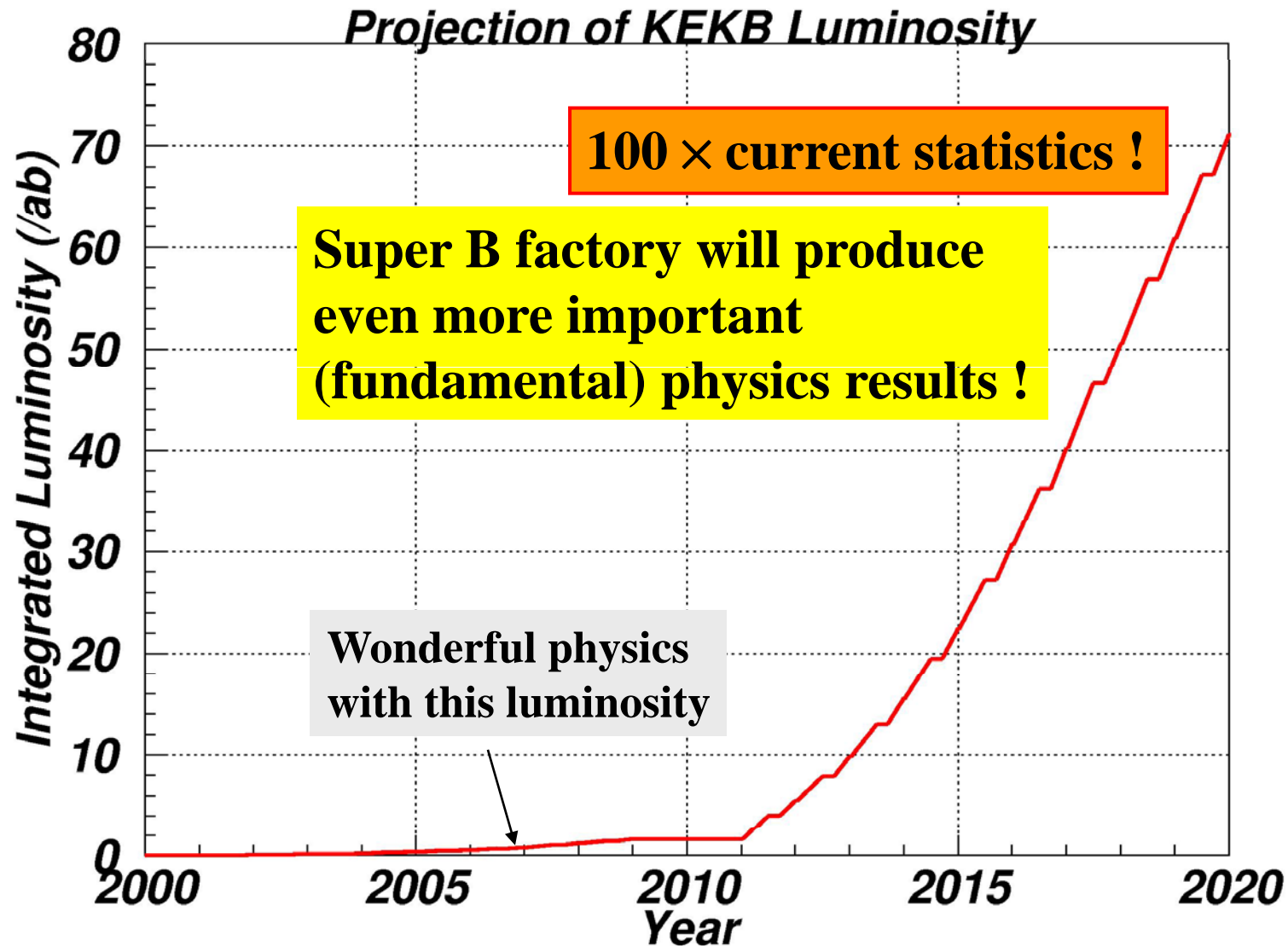
Estimated yields for 100/fb (6months)

Final state	Process	\mathcal{B}_{est}	$\epsilon_{\text{recon}} (\%)$	Events/100 fb ⁻¹
$D_s^- \pi^+$	spectator	2.9×10^{-3}	0.81	220
$D_s^{*-} \pi^+$	spectator	2.8×10^{-3}	0.45	120
$D_s^- \rho^+$	spectator	7.7×10^{-3}	0.15	110
$D_s^{*-} \rho^+$	spectator	6.8×10^{-3}	0.081	52
$D_{sJ}^-(2317) \pi^+$	spectator	7.3×10^{-4}	0.28	19
$J/\psi \phi$	color suppressed spectator	1.3×10^{-3}	1.3	180
$J/\psi \eta$	color-suppressed spectator	8.5×10^{-4}	0.56	45
$J/\psi \eta'$	color-suppressed spectator	$xx \times 10^{-3}$	xx	xx
$D_s^+ D_s^-$	spectator	8.0×10^{-3}	0.020	19
$D_s^{*+} D_s^-$	spectator	2.0×10^{-2}	0.0099	19
$D_s^{*+} D_s^{*-}$	spectator	1.9×10^{-2}	0.0052	15
$\phi \gamma$	$b \rightarrow s$ penguin	4.0×10^{-5}	5.9	22
$\bar{D}^0 K_S$	color-suppressed spectator	3.0×10^{-4}	1.2	34
$D_s^- K^+$	spectator; ϕ_3	2.0×10^{-4}	0.64	12
$K^- K^+$	$b \rightarrow s$ penguin, $b \rightarrow u$ spectator	4.0×10^{-5}	9.5	36
$K^+ \pi^-$	$b \rightarrow s$ penguin, $b \rightarrow d$ penguin	5.0×10^{-6}	8.7	4.1
$\gamma\gamma$	intrinsic penguin	1.0×10^{-6}	20.0	1.9

Why are B factories so successful ?

- **Great ideas (tCPV, innovative collider design)**
- **Clear target luminosity from physics requirement**
- **Competition between two B factories**
- **Simple physics goal**
 - **Discover CP violation in the B meson system !**
- **Large variety of measurements**
 - **Different star results every year → press release every year**
- **New ideas for measurements after the experiments started**
 - **Dalitz analysis for ϕ_3**
 - **3-body CP eigenstates (KsKsKs etc.)**
 - **Vertexing with Ks and IP constraint (Ks π^0 etc.)**
- **Constant improvements**
 - **continuous injection**
 - **sophisticated flavor tagging $\epsilon_{\text{eff}} = 20\% \rightarrow 30\%$**

Integrated Luminosity Projection for SuperKEKB



Peak Luminosity History and Prospects

10^{39}

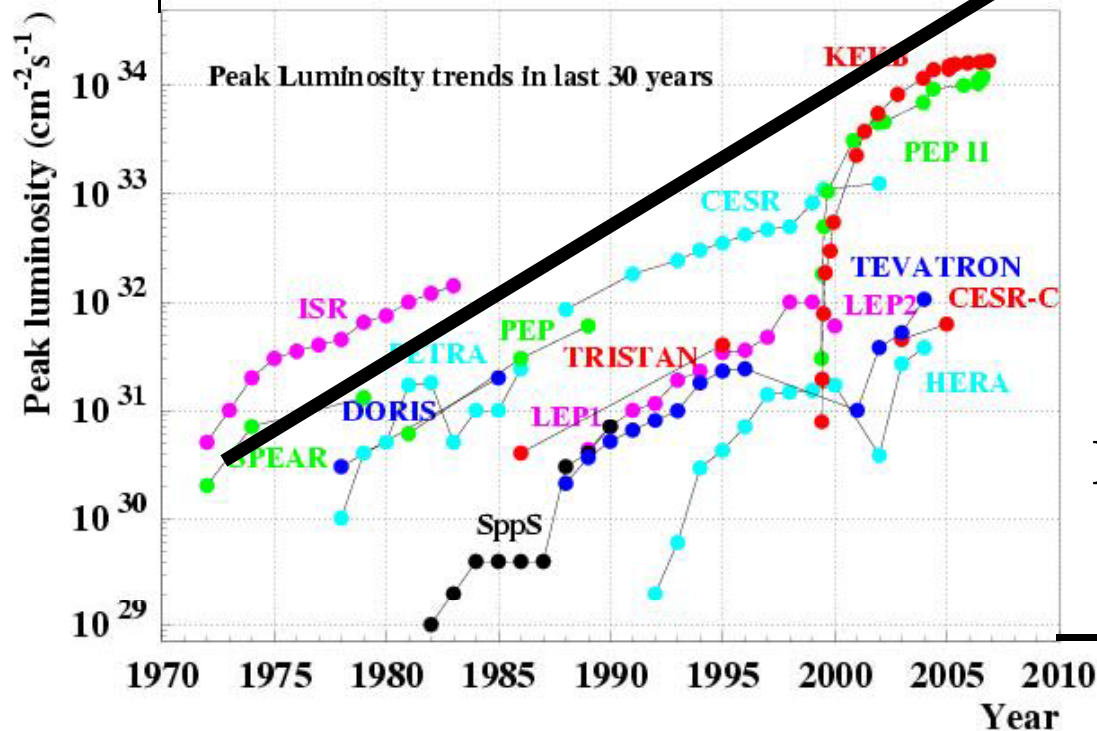
2046

32

$L = 10^{39}/\text{cm}^2/\text{s}$
in 2046

sounds more
impressive than
100TeV collider !

Flavor physics will continue
beyond your retirement.



2050



Backup Slides

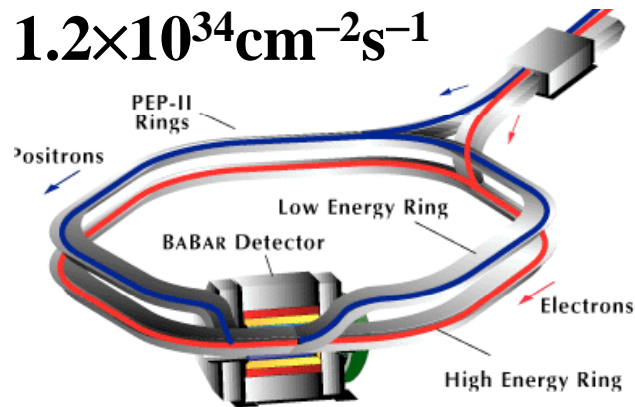
Two asymmetric-energy *B* factories

PEP-II at SLAC

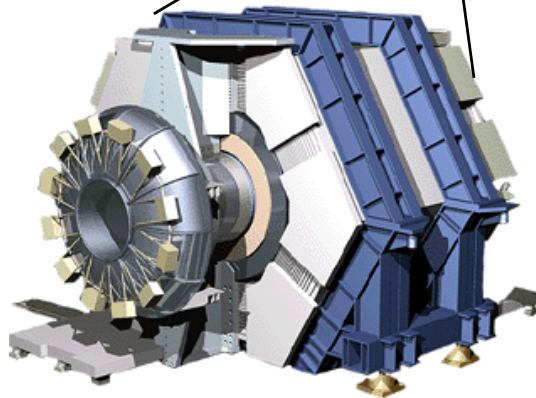
9GeV (e^-) \times 3.1GeV (e^+)

peak luminosity:

$$1.2 \times 10^{34} \text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$$

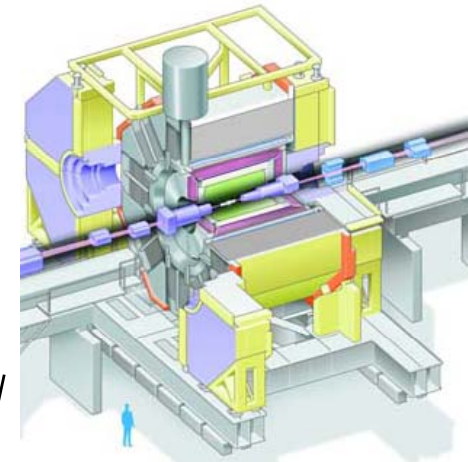


BaBar

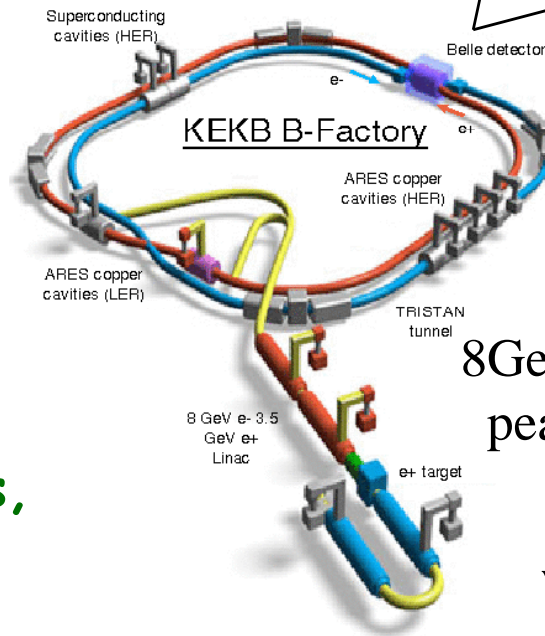


11 nations,
80 institutes,
623 persons

13 countries,
57 institutes,
~400 collaborators



Belle



KEKB at KEK

8GeV (e^-) \times 3.5GeV (e^+)

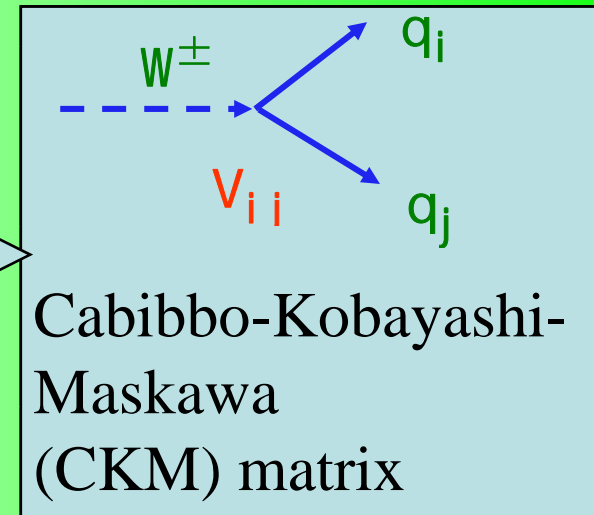
peak luminosity:

$$1.7 \times 10^{34} \text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$$

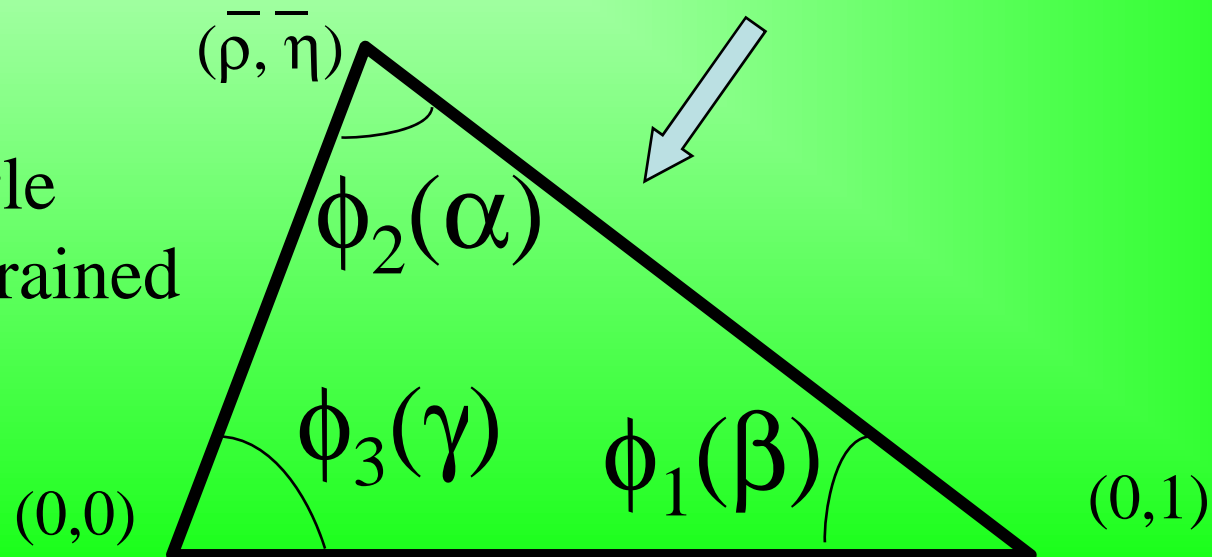
world record

B Factory Physics Program

- I. CP Violation in B Decays
- II. Fundamental SM Parameters (Complex Quark Couplings)
- III. Beyond the SM (BSM)
- IV. Unanticipated New Particles



Unitarity Triangle
being overconstrained
at B factories

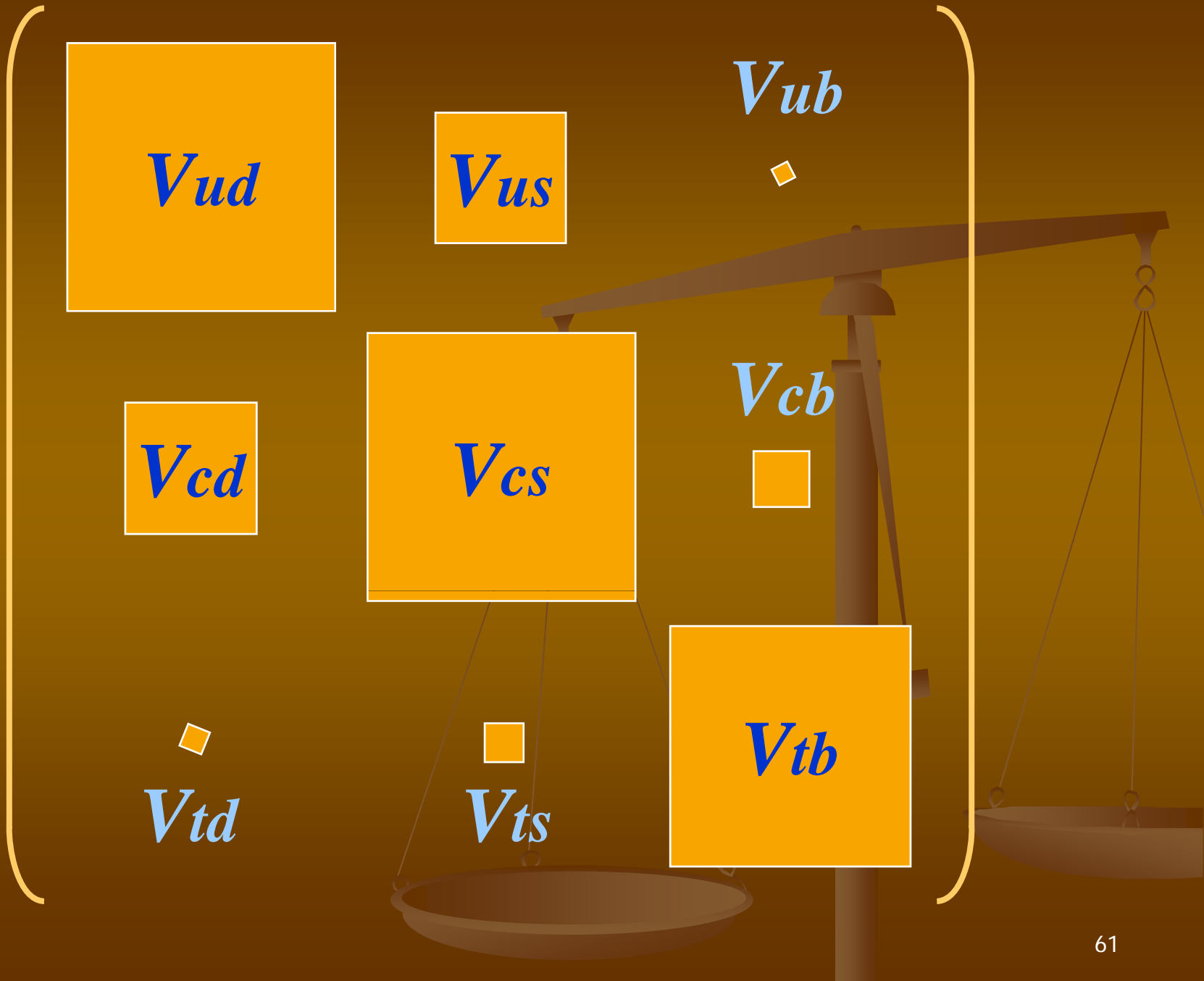


Some Statistics on B Factories

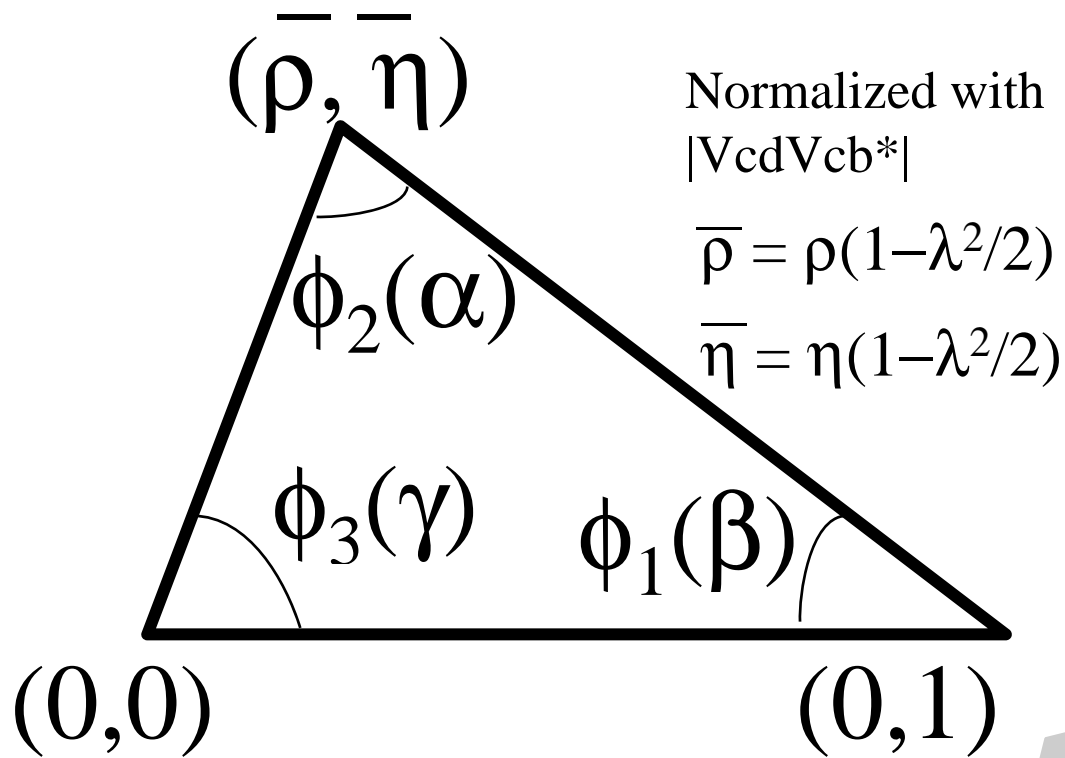
from spires as of Mar. 27, 2007

	BaBar	Belle
# of “well-known” papers (≥ 50 citations)	33	41
Total # of papers	446	297
Total # of citations	8000	7571

+ many indirect citations through PDG/HFAG citations



$$V_{ud}V_{ub}^* + V_{cd}V_{cb}^* + V_{td}V_{tb}^* = 0$$



$$V_{ub} = |V_{ub}| \exp(-i\phi_3)$$

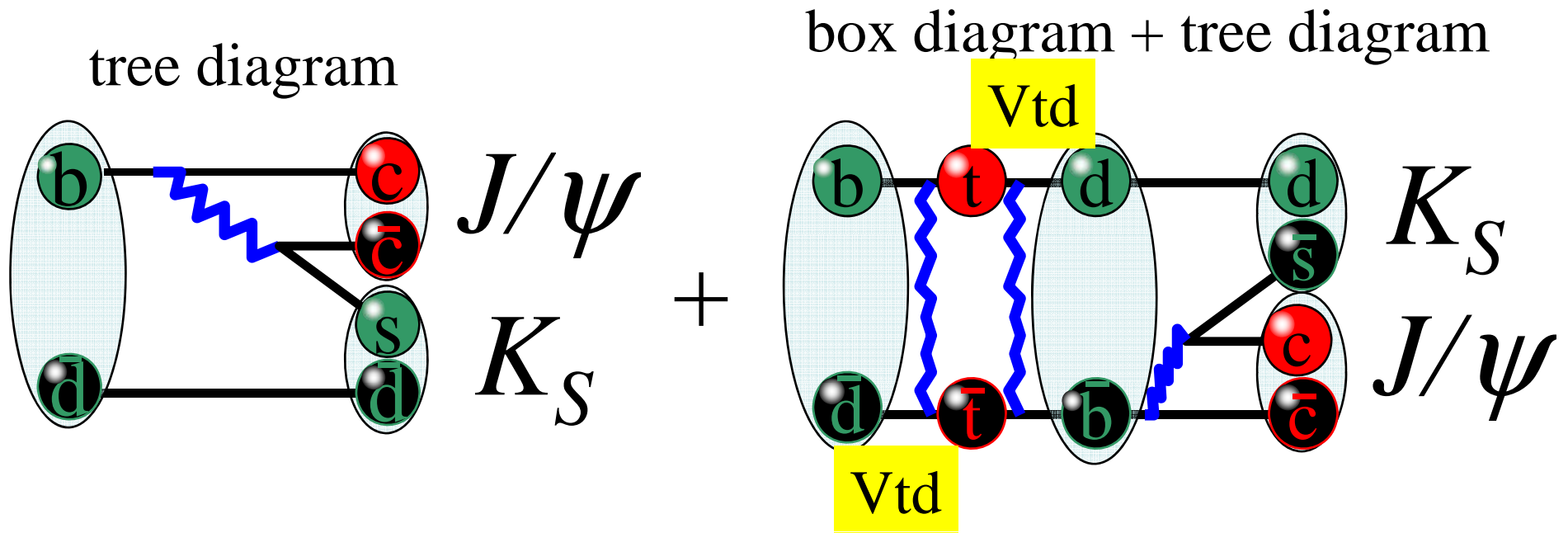


$$V_{td} = |V_{td}| \exp(-i\phi_1)$$

Time-dependent CP violation (tCPV)

“double-slit experiment” with particles and antiparticles

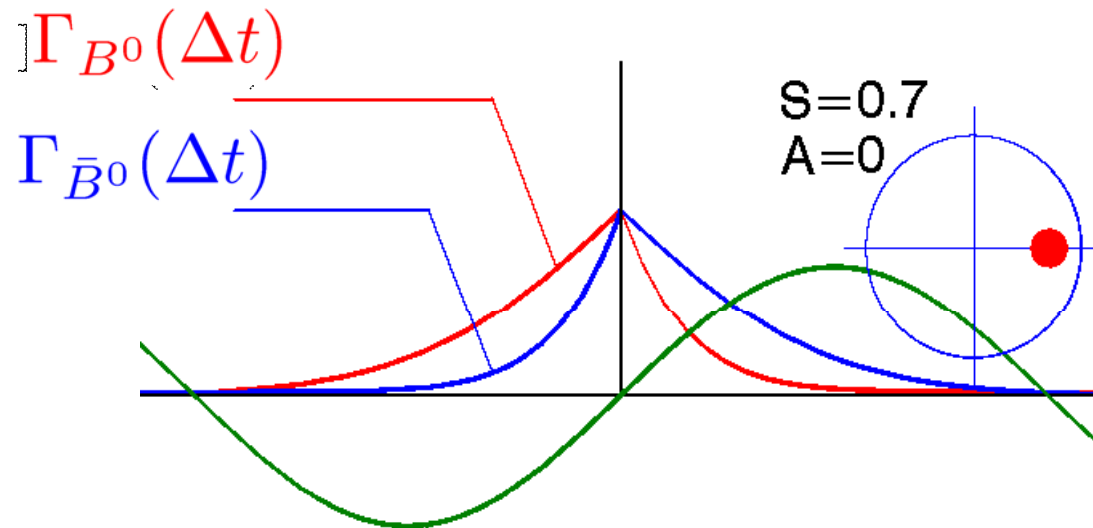
Quantum interference between two diagrams



$$V_{td} = |V_{td}| \exp(-i\phi_1)$$

You need to “wait” (i.e. $\Delta t \neq 0$) to have the box diagram contribution.

tCPV in B⁰ decays



$$\begin{aligned}
 A_{CP}(\Delta t) & \equiv \frac{\Gamma_{\bar{B}^0}(\Delta t) - \Gamma_{B^0}(\Delta t)}{\Gamma_{\bar{B}^0}(\Delta t) + \Gamma_{B^0}(\Delta t)} \\
 & = S \sin \Delta m \Delta t + \mathcal{A} \cos \Delta m \Delta t
 \end{aligned}$$

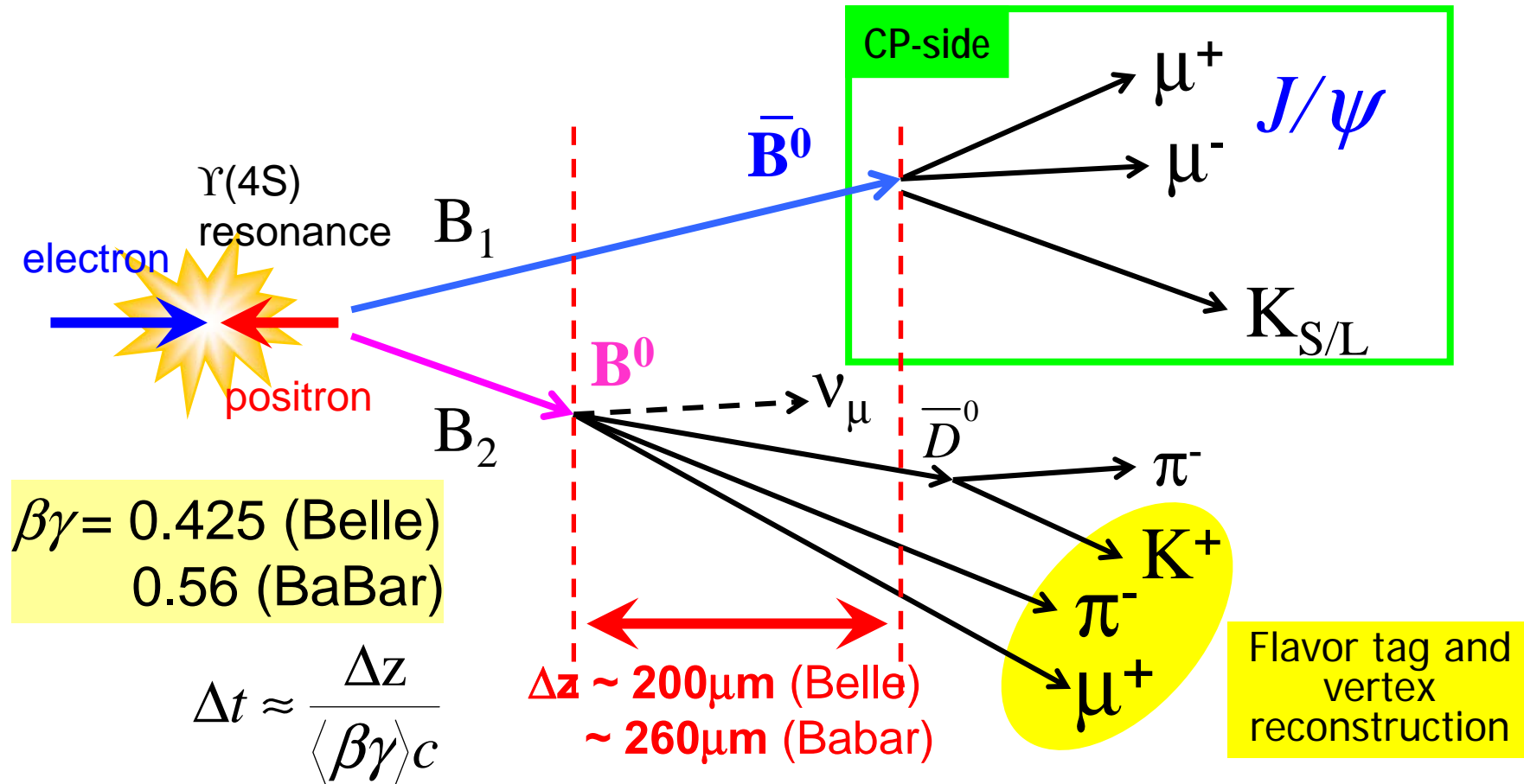
Mixing-induced CPV

Direct CPV

e.g. for $J/\psi K_s$
 $S = -\xi_{CP} \sin 2\phi_1 = +\sin 2\phi_1$
 $\mathcal{A} = 0$
 to a good approximation
 (ξ_{CP} : CP eigenvalue)

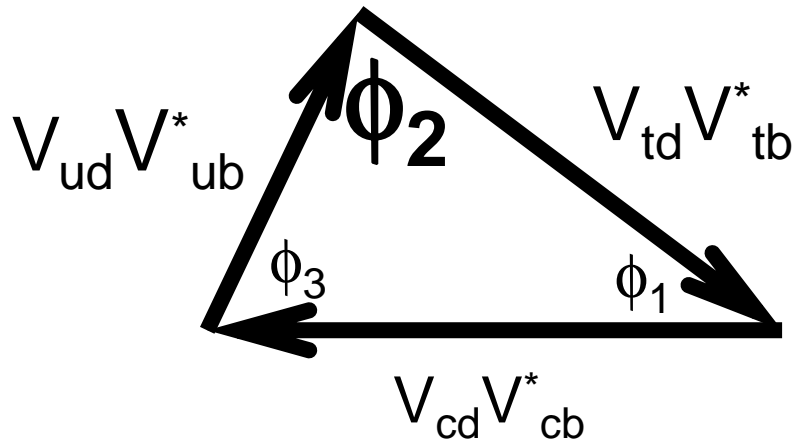
($\mathcal{A} = -C$ a la BaBar)

Principle of $tCPV$ measurement



1. Fully reconstruct one B-meson which decays to CP eigenstate
2. Tag-side determines its flavor (effective efficiency = 30%)
3. Proper time (Δt) is measured from decay-vertex difference (Δz)

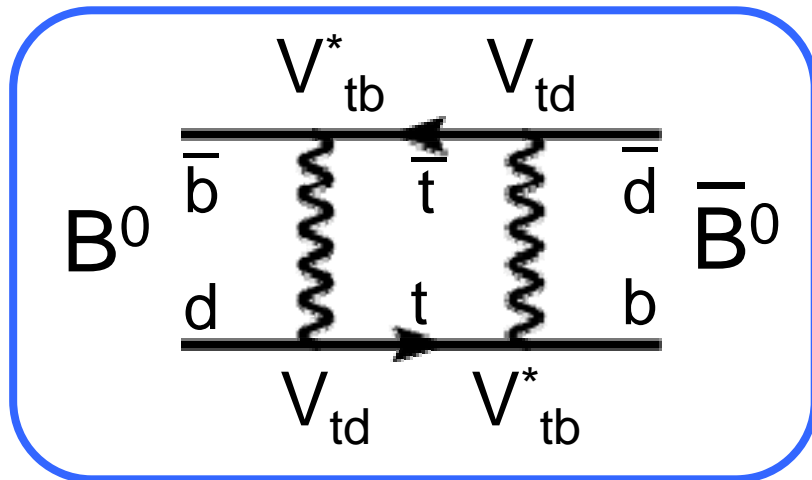
$tCPV$ and $\phi_2 (\alpha)$



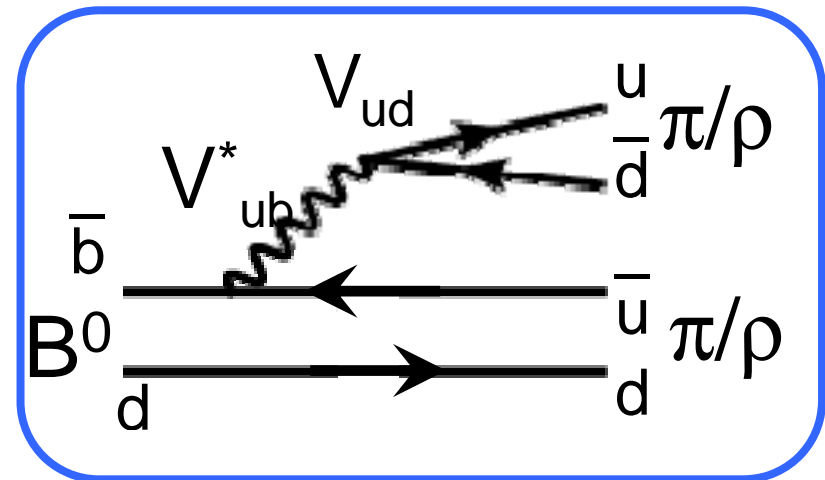
With the tree diagram only

$$S_{\pi^+\pi^-} = +\sin 2\phi_2$$

$$\mathcal{A}_{\pi^+\pi^-} = 0$$



Mixing diagram

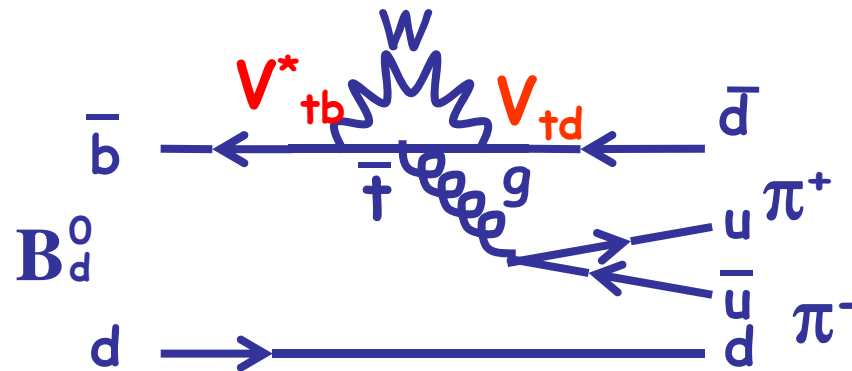


Decay diagram (tree)

3 measurements: $\pi\pi, \rho\rho, \rho\pi$

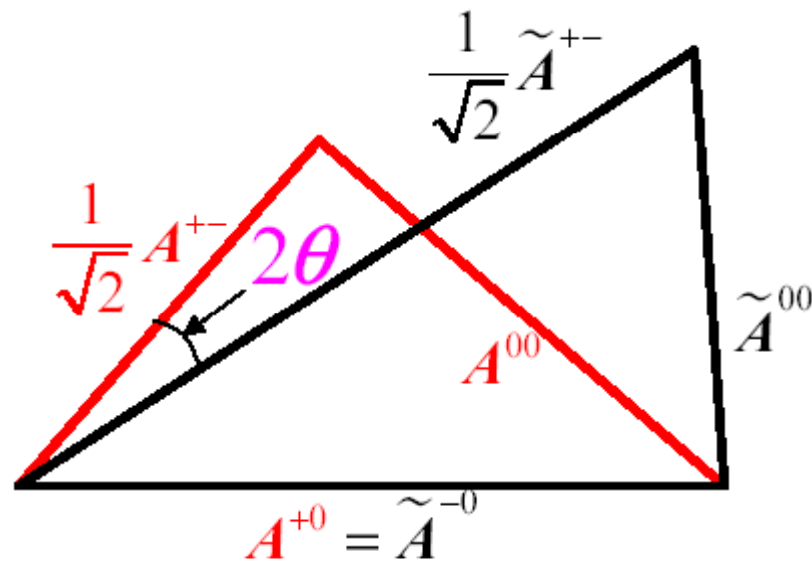
$\pi\pi$:tough bananas

- $\mathcal{A}_{\pi\pi}$ world average \rightarrow observation of large direct CPV
- Large penguin diagram (P) \sim Tree diagram (T)
- Large strong phase difference between P and T



$$S_{\pi\pi} = \sqrt{1 - A_{\pi\pi}^2} \sin(2\phi_2^{eff}) \quad \phi_2^{eff} = \phi_2 + \theta$$

Isospin analysis: flavor SU(2) symmetry



[Gronau-London 1990]

	<i>Amplitude for</i>
$A^{+-}(\bar{A}^{+-})$	$B^0(\bar{B}^0) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$
$A^{00}(\bar{A}^{00})$	$B^0(\bar{B}^0) \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0$
$A^{+0}(\bar{A}^{-0})$	$B^+(B^-) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0 (\pi^- \pi^0)$

$$\tilde{A}^{ij} = e^{2\phi_3} \bar{A}^{ij}$$

- Model-independent (symmetry-dependent) method
- SU(2) breaking effect well below present statistical errors

“Penguin pollution” can be removed by isospin analysis

Interpretation: Direct CP violation+SU(3)

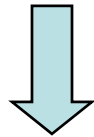
The results support the expectation from SU(3) symmetry that

$$A_{CP}(\pi^+\pi^-) \sim -3A_{CP}(K^+\pi^-)$$

N.G. Deshpande and X.-G. He, PRL 75, 1703 (1995)

M. Gronau and J.L. Rosner, PLB 595, 339 (2004)

$$A_{CP}(K^+\pi^-) = -0.093 \pm 0.015 \quad \text{HFAG summer 2006}$$

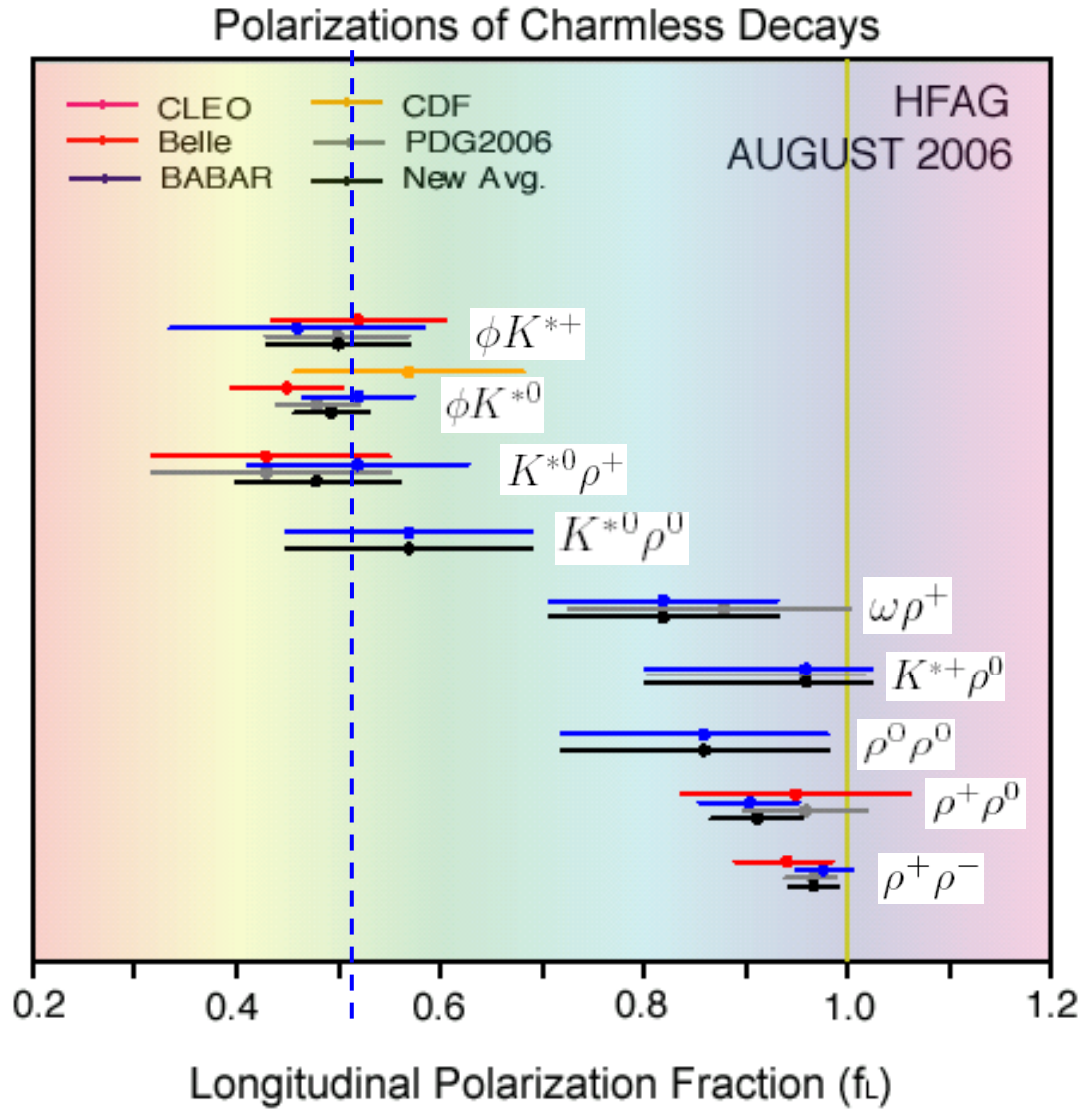


$$A_{CP}(\pi^+\pi^-) \sim +0.3$$

ICHEP2006 World Average

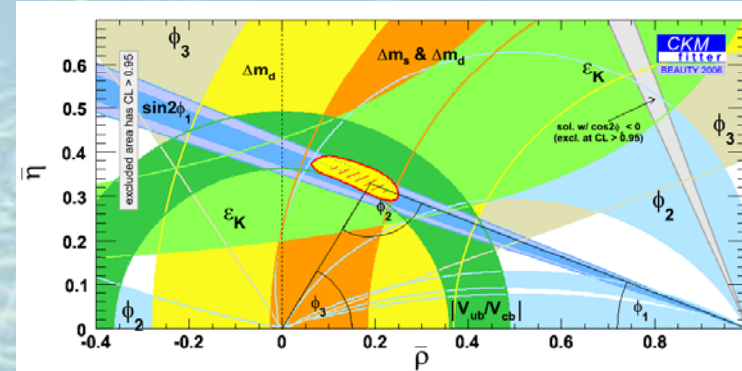
$$A_{CP}(\pi^+\pi^-) \sim +0.39 \pm 0.07$$

VV polarization



Experimental targets today and near future

Kobayashi-Maskawa (KM) model of CP violation is now a tested theory. No need to introduce an alternative framework.



Paradigm shift at the beginning of 21st century thanks to two B factories.

New targets

- Effects of TeV new physics \rightarrow deviations from SM
- LFV and new source of CPV
- Hidden flavor symmetry and its breaking