Chromatic Optics, Measurments

M. Aiba, M. Bai, R. Calaga, R. Miyamoto, G. Robert-Demolaize, R. Tomas, G. Vanbavinkove, Y. Luo, BNL & CERN OMCM, CERN, June 20-22 2011

- Motivation
- LHC measurements, 2010-11
- RHIC measurements, 2009 & 2011

Huge Ack: Operations at RHIC & LHC

Motivation

LHC:

For $\beta^* < 30$ cm (upgrade), chromatic limit with existing sextupoles is reached and hierarchy of collimation system may not be preserved.

Correction of chrom β -beating, non-linear chrom and spurious dispersion with a new ATS scheme[†].

- Arc cell phase adv (left & right of IP) $\rightarrow \pi/2$
- New phase adv at all 8 IRs & increased arc $\beta\text{-functions}$

RHIC:

Large chromatic $\beta\text{-beat}$ for $\leq 0.7m$ optics. Aiming at β^{*} ~0.5m

- With heavy ions, rebucketing at top energy increases momentum spread by x3
- For protons, tune space is limited for present working point (3rd & 10th). DA and lifetime "in principle" can be improved with chromatic corrections

RHIC & LHC





2 IPs, $\beta^* = 65 - 70$ cm Recent tests, $\beta^* \le 60$ cm

Future, $\beta^* \leq 50$ cm ?

4 IPs, $\beta^* = 150$ cm, 300-1000 cm 7 TeV, $\beta^* = 55$ cm (perhaps less)

Upgrade, $\beta^* = 15$ cm (perhaps less)

Definitions

Montague, LEP Note 165

Linear Chromatic functions:

$$W_{x,y} = \sqrt{a_{x,y}^{2} + b_{x,y}^{2}}$$
$$a_{x,y} = \frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\Delta \beta}{\Delta p/p} \qquad b_{x,y} = \frac{\Delta \alpha}{\Delta p/p} - \alpha * a_{x,y}$$

Typical Procedure

- Beam excitation (kicker/ac dipole) at different radial offsets
- Compute β -functions using standard tools (see Glenn's talk)
- Fit (typically linear) vs. dp/p to compute chromatic optics

SPS Measurment, 2003

Systematic difference between model

& measurements, <u>source unknown</u>



G. Arduini et al. PAC05

Chromatic Optics Measurements

	Year	E [GeV]	β* [m]	
LHC (0.3-0.7×10 ⁻⁴)	2010		10-12, 3.5	
	2011	450-3500	10-12, 1.5 [†]	
RHIC (1-2×10 ⁻³)	2009	26-250	7.5, 0.7	
	2011	100		

[†]Data not useful, need to remeasure

LHC: Chromatic β -beat @0.45 TeV



Error bars suppressed

Approx $\pm 3\%$ at 1×10^{-3}



Longitudinal Position [km]

W-functions, LHC 3.5 TeV



2011, $\beta^* = 1.5 \text{m}$ @3.5 TeV



Beating-beating < 20% with local corrections between 3.5-1.5m



Unfortunately, beams lost due to loss monitor interlock, +50Hz

RHIC MEASUREMENTS, 2009

	Blue		Yellow	
	26	100/250	26	100/250
# bunches	6 × 6	12 × 12	6 × 6	12 × 12
Intensity [10 ¹¹]	0.01 (Gold) and 1.0 (protons)			
Emittances [µm]	12/20		10/?	
Tunes [Qx/Qy]	0.74/0.72	0.74/0.72	0.72/0.74	0.72/0.74
Chroms [ξx/ξy]	2.6/1.5	2.0	2.0	2.0
dp/p offsets	$\sim 1-2 \times 10^{-3}$			

For Au 2011:

Qx, Qy: 0.23, 0.22 Vertical Chromaticities: ?

BEAM LOSSES DURING MEASUREMENTS



Phase-Beat @250 GeV



Phase-Beat @250 GeV



Longitudinal Position [km]

Chromatic β -beat Injection

Protons, 2009



Only Blue ring available for injection measurements (\pm 5% beating at 1 x 10⁻³)

Published in the IPAC10 Proceedings

Chromatic $\beta\text{-beat}$ at 250 GeV



Chromatic $\beta\text{-beat}$ at 100 GeV



Normalized Dispersion @100 GeV



Dispersion, automatic Outcome from measurement (**Au-2011**)

Dispersion beating is not negligible, ${\sim}15\%~\text{rms}$

RMS Dy \sim 10 cm





 γ -T quads to locally perturb $\{\beta_{x,y}, D_x\}$ & compensate tunes γ -T next to focusing quads & $\phi_{x,y} \sim 90^0$ & $\{\beta_{x,y}, D_x\}$ are approx equal

Use $\gamma\text{-}T$ quads to adjust $W_{_{\!X,y}} functions$ In 2004, $\gamma\text{-}T$ corrs were used for $\phi_{_{\!X,y}}$ adjustments for beam-beam

→ LHC corrections (see S. Fartoukh, optics challenges tomorrow)

[†]RHIC Design report

My 2 Cents

Motivation of chromatic corrections

Looks good on paper for RHIC, but effect on JL.dt ? Some years before it may become a problem for the LHC

Measurements

Few measurements in both machines show good agreement Precise model at each dp/p is nominal procedure now

Correction

RHIC will likely require a dedicated/careful effort Elaborate effort already in place for LHC (S. Fartoukh et al.)

A1: BPM Failure (Only Tune Filtering)



A2: AU-2011, CONDITIONS LESS IDEAL







No change in v-BTF after several units of v-chromaticity change

A3: Orbit Noise and 10 Hz, RHIC



Average orbit noise at $50\mu m$ peak to peak (10 Hz)

A4: Chromatic Func, Wx,y

Reduction fairly effective with γT quads

 $\beta^{*} \; 0.71/0.32 \rightarrow 0.78/0.73$ Proton Parameters Chrom Amp Func, W_X 2.8 IP6 IP& በአማብር][]ʃʃ͡// 2.4 ՈՈՆՆ ռՈՈՆ 2 "Brute force matching" 1.6 մՄՄՄՆ አማርሳ , 1.2 กระงาไไ 0.8 VUUUV վութ Nominal, 70cm 0.4 QGT [5-8] 0 0.5 1.5 2 2.5 3.5 3 0 2.8 Chrom Amp Func, W_Y որնեն ՆՂՂՂՂՂՂ 2.4 ՆԱԱՆՆ JUL DU 2 ነቡቡያን 1.6 յիլի Nominal QGT [5-8] 1.2 0.5 1.5 2.5 3.5 2 З

Longitudinal Position [km]

 $\beta \texttt{*} \ 0.71/0.73 \rightarrow 0.78/0.73$

A6: GAMMA-T Quads Settings

 $eta^* \ 0.71/0.73
ightarrow 0.78/0.73$ $\xi^{"} \ 1274
ightarrow -471$

Protons, 2009

Name	kl _{init}	$kI_{final} imes 10^{-3}$	$kI_{final} imes 10^{-3}$
BO[6-7]_QGT[6-8, 12-18]		-7.10	-7.31
BI[8,9]_QGT[5-7, 11-17]	7.5 × 10 ⁻⁵	3.16	-0.21
BO[10,11]_QGT[6-8, 12-18]		0.07	18.0
BI[12,1]_QGT[5-7, 11-17]		3.47	-10.3
BO[2,3]_QGT[6-8, 12-18]		1.80	3.82
BI[4,5]_QGT[5-7, 12-18]		3.48	5.81
	·	1	

Maybe <u>not enough</u> strength in GammaT quads (max kL $\sim 2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^{-1}$)

* Use tune feedback to avoid running into resonances

 $\beta \texttt{*} \ 0.71/0.73 \rightarrow 0.80/0.72$

Au 2011

Name	kl _{init}	$kl_{final} \ge 10^{-3}$	$kl_{final} \ge 10^{-3}$
BO[6-7]_QGT[6-8, 12-18]		-1.69	-
BI[8,9]_QGT[5-7, 11-17]		1.90	_
BO[10,11]_QGT[6-8, 12-18]	0 3 × 10 ⁻⁵	3.74	_
BI[12,1]_QGT[5-7, 11-17]	9.5 × 10	2.90	_
BO[2,3]_QGT[6-8, 12-18]		2.41	_
BI[4,5]_QGT[5-7, 12-18]		2.18	_