

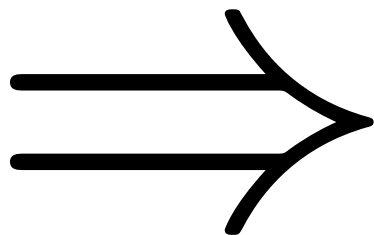
MARMOSET:

The Path from LHC Data to
the New Standard Model
via On-Shell Effective Theories

Nima Arkani-Hamed

with Philip Schuster, Jesse Thaler, Natalia Toro,
Lian-Tao Wang, Bruce Knuteson, Steve Mrenna.

LHC
Data



\mathcal{L} ?

Collective Hadron Collider Discovery Experience

W/Z

No undetermined
parameters

t

One unknown
parameter
(m_t)

In both cases, knew **exactly** what to look for..

The LHC is so exciting
precisely because the
answer to the question
— what will we see? —
has never been
more uncertain!

The questions about new physics that must be answered first are therefore big-picture, structural ones:

What kinds of particles are produced with what rates?

What pattern of decays do they exhibit?

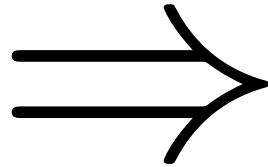
Only with this information can we tackle
the fundamental questions:

What new physical principles are
being revealed at the TeV scale?

Is nature supersymmetric?

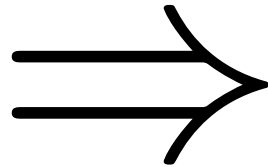
Is the electroweak scale natural?

Natural Theories



Rich Phenomenology

New Colored
Particles < 2 TeV



$10^3 - 10^6$ produced
at 5 fb^{-1}

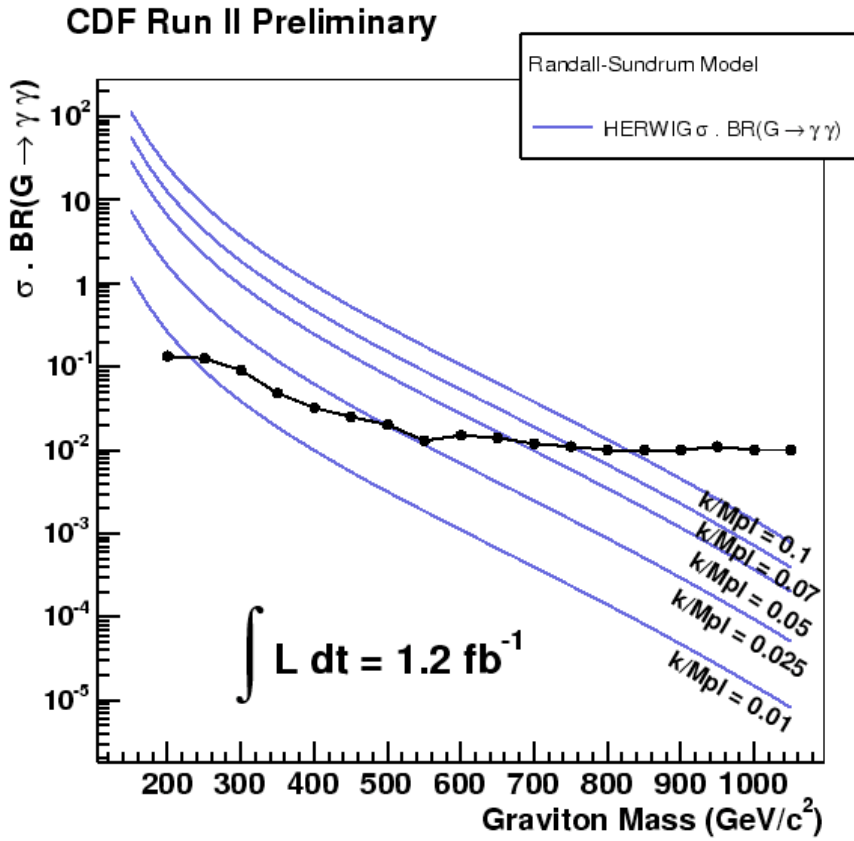
What is the New Physics?

What Information Should We
Extract from LHC Data?

Only a few dynamical variables control the essential phenomenology of new physics at hadron colliders.

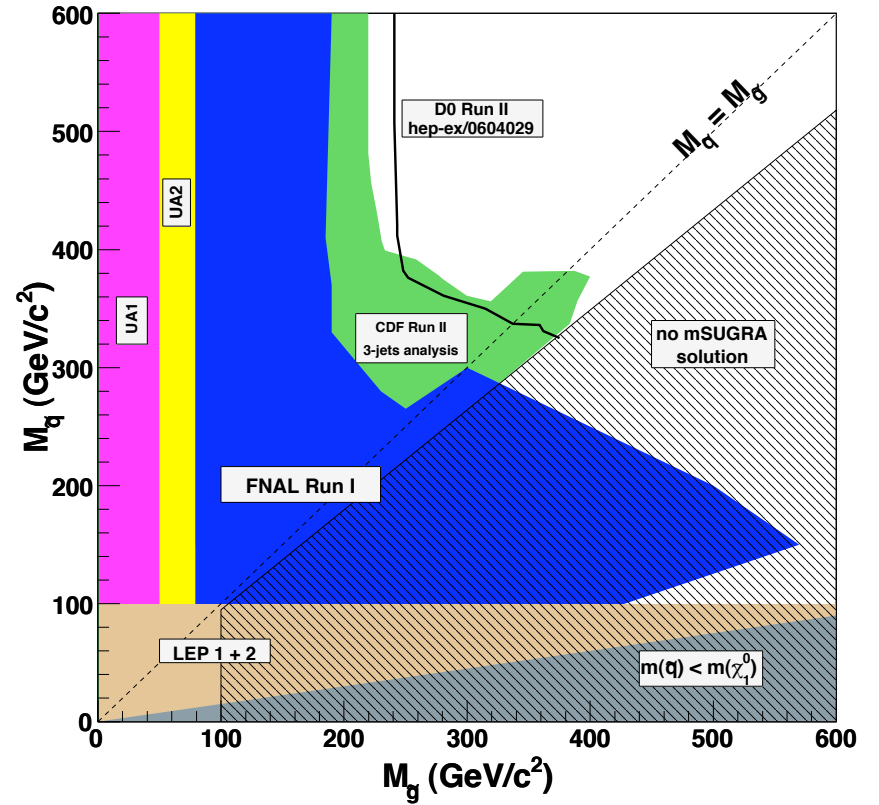
Characterizing new physics directly in terms of these variables permits a simple, accurate parametrization of almost **any** model of new physics —

an On-Shell Effective Theory.



Meaningful

vs.



Useless

MARMOSET:

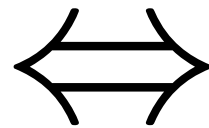
Callithrix jacchus



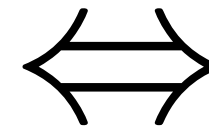
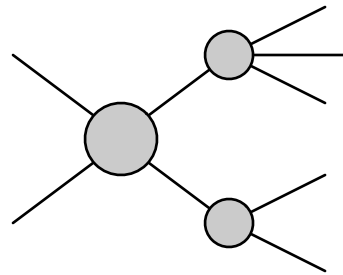
MARMOSET:

Mass And Rate Modeling in
On-Shell Effective Theories

LHC
Signatures



OSET



\mathcal{L}

Masses, Cross Sections, Branchings Ratios

E.g.: Top Quark

Masses, Rates, and Topology vs. Amplitudes

Dominant Top Properties:

$$\sigma(gg \rightarrow t\bar{t})$$

$$\text{Br}(t \rightarrow bW)$$

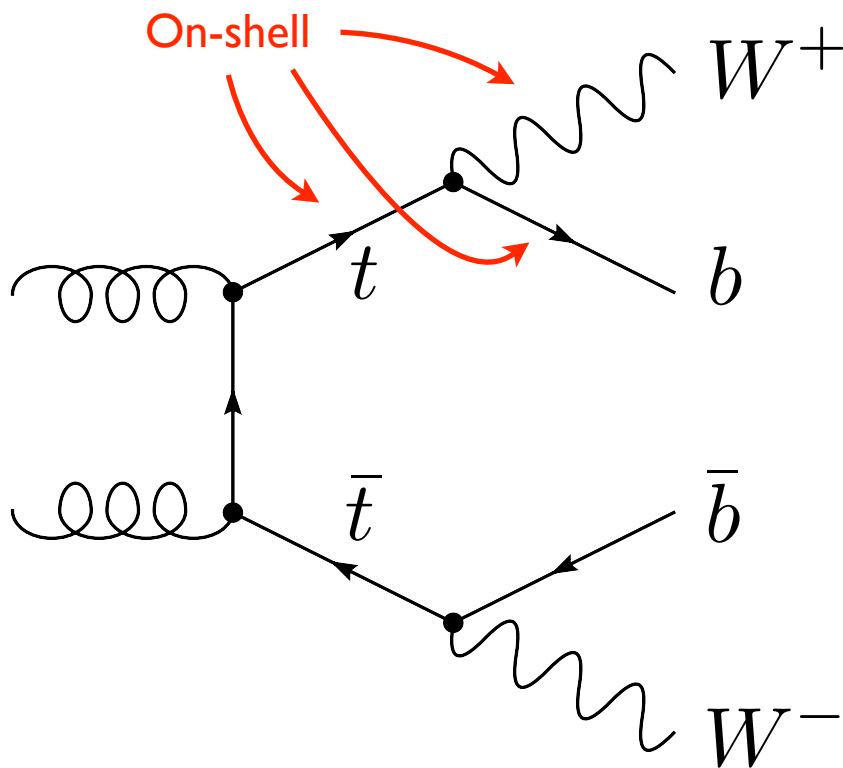
$$m_t, m_W, m_b$$

Detailed Top Properties:

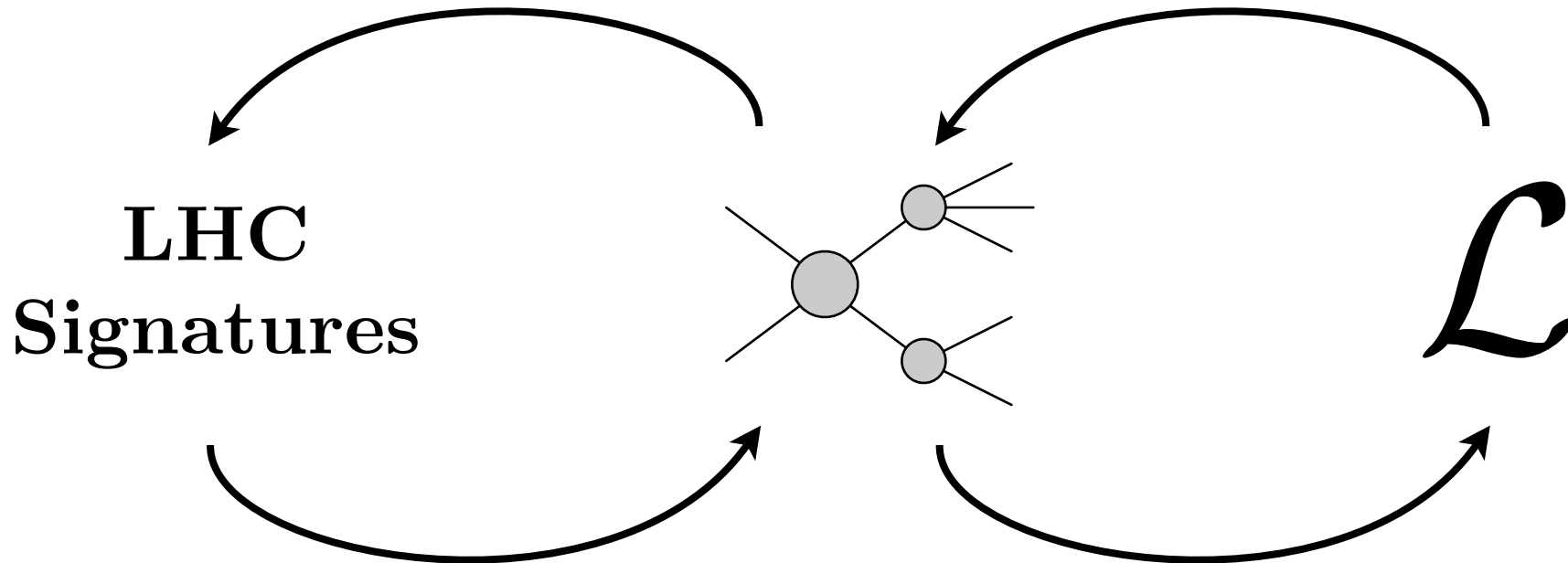
$$d\sigma/d\hat{t}$$

W helicity

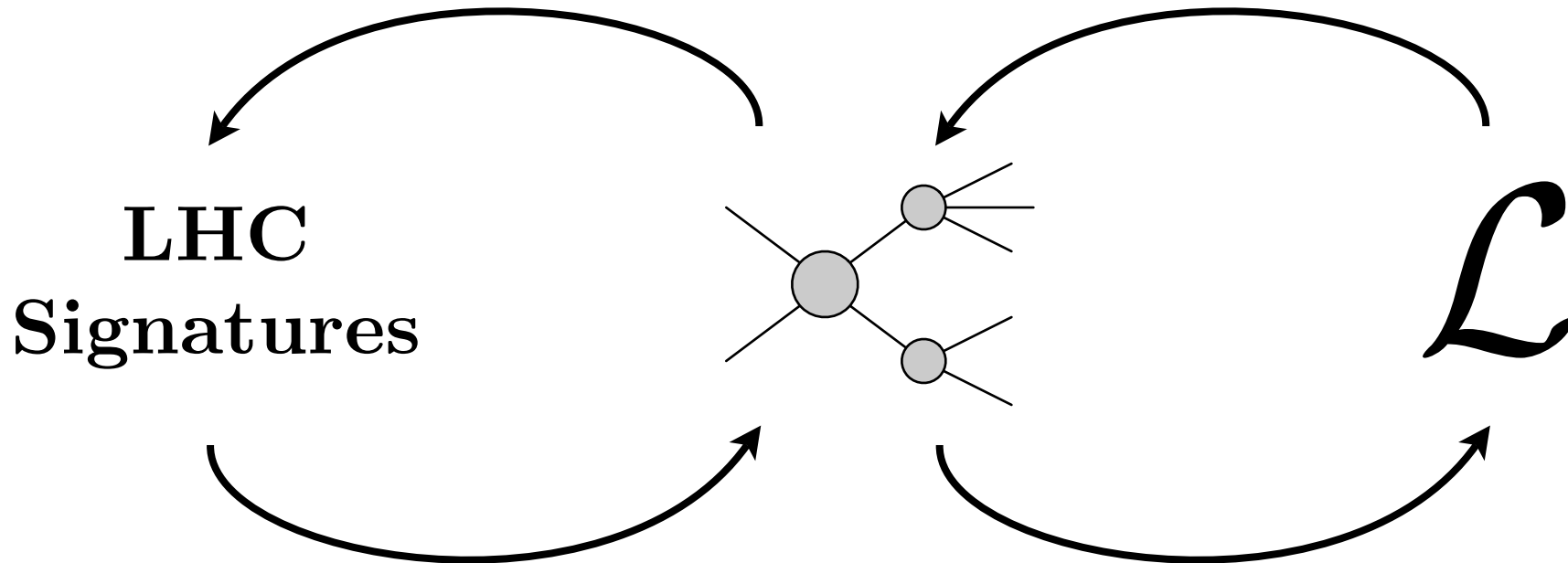
t charge



OSET concisely describes
many topologies with
correlated rates

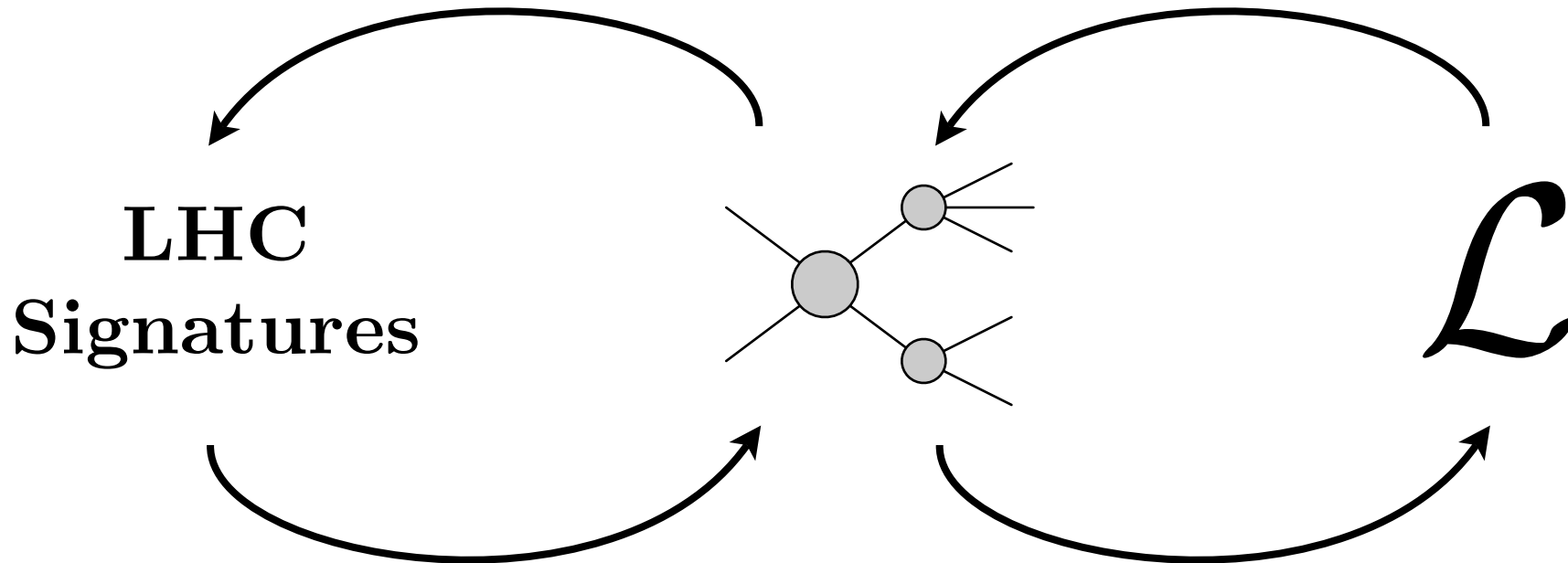


OSET concisely describes
many topologies with
correlated rates



Simple observables and
correlations between
them constrain OSET

OSET concisely describes
many topologies with
correlated rates



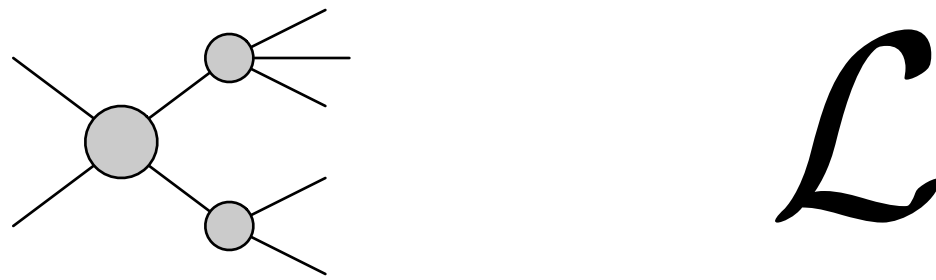
Simple observables and
correlations between
them constrain OSET

OSET constrains and
motivates new
physics Lagrangian

OSET concisely describes
many topologies with
correlated rates

Lagrangian
consistency
constrains OSET

**LHC
Signatures**



Simple observables and
correlations between
them constrain OSET

OSET constrains and
motivates new
physics Lagrangian

MARMOSET @ Princeton

Nima

Path to the New Standard Model

Jesse

Physics of On-Shell Effective Theories

Philip

(LHC Olympics)

MARMOSET in Practice (Cornell BB)

Natalia

(MC4BSM)

An OSET Monte Carlo Tool

Johan

(MC4BSM)

MadGraph and MARMOSET

hep-ph/0703088 @ arXiv.org

Sec. 1 Path to the New Standard Model

Sec. 2 Physics of On-Shell Effective Theories
(App. A, B, C)

Sec. 4 MARMOSET in Practice (Michigan BB)

Sec. 3 An OSET Monte Carlo Tool

... MadGraph and MARMOSET

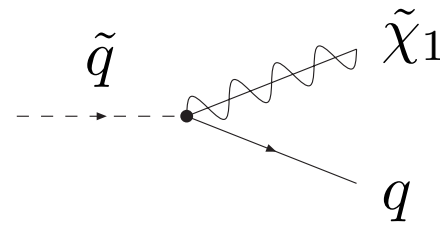
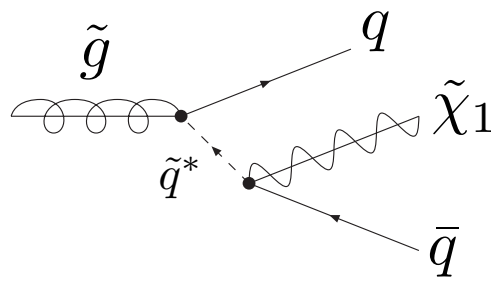
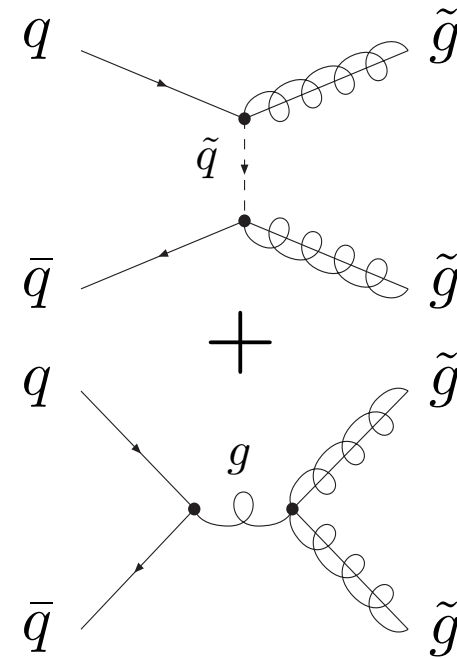
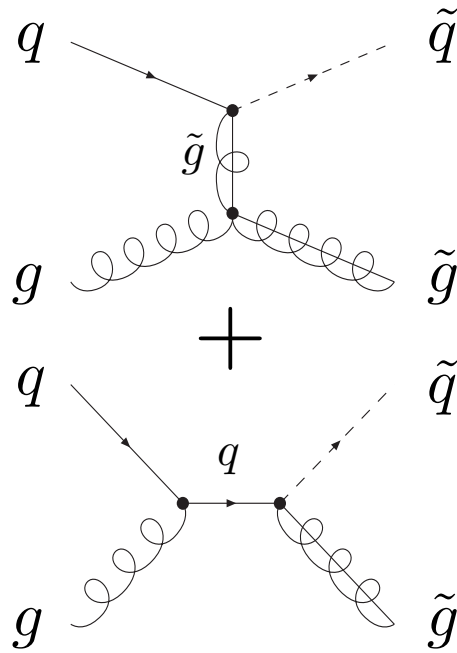
The Physics of MARMOSSET

At **hadron colliders**, it is possible to parametrize production and decay of new particles with physical observables —

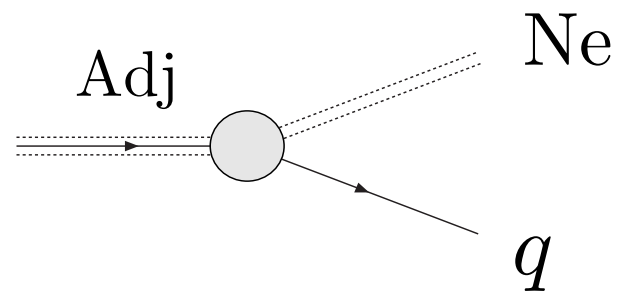
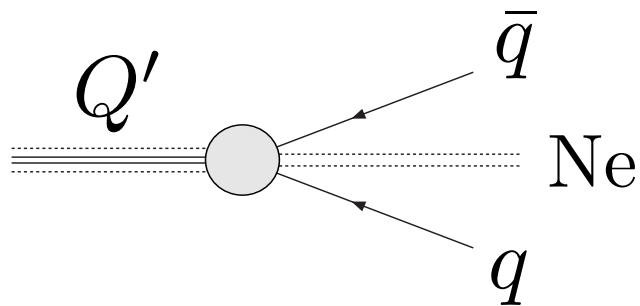
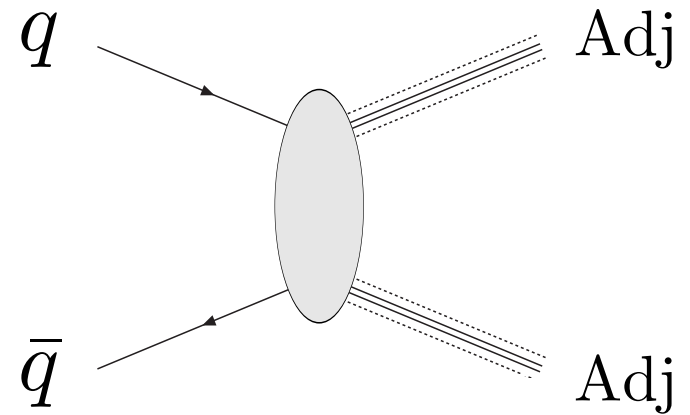
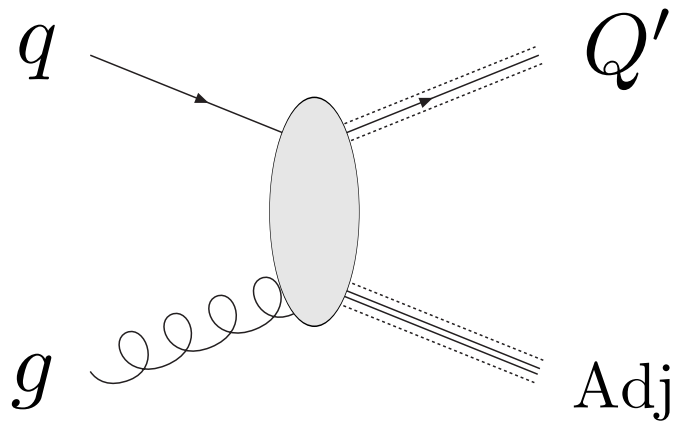
**Masses, Cross Sections,
and Branchings Ratios**

are (almost) entirely sufficient to describe the dominant features of New Physics.

Quantum Amplitudes?



Simple Effective* Parametrization!



* (“Effective” in the “it works!” sense.)

MARMOSET: A Monte Carlo Tool

for simulating the OSET of almost any model

MARMOSET Input

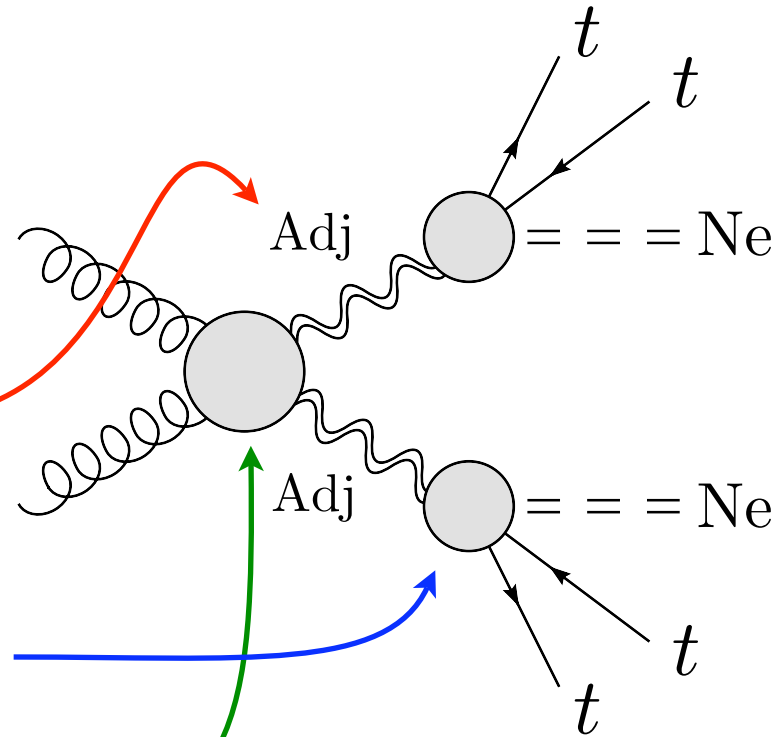
No Amplitudes Means Vast Simplification of MC Input!

Adj : m=700 EM=0 SU3=8
 Ne : m=200 EM=0 SU3=0

Adj > t tbar Ne : matrix=const

g g > Adj Adj : matrix=const

g g > (Adj > t tbar Ne) (Adj > t tbar Ne)



(Cross Sections / Branching Ratios stored for later reweighting.)

MARMOSET Input

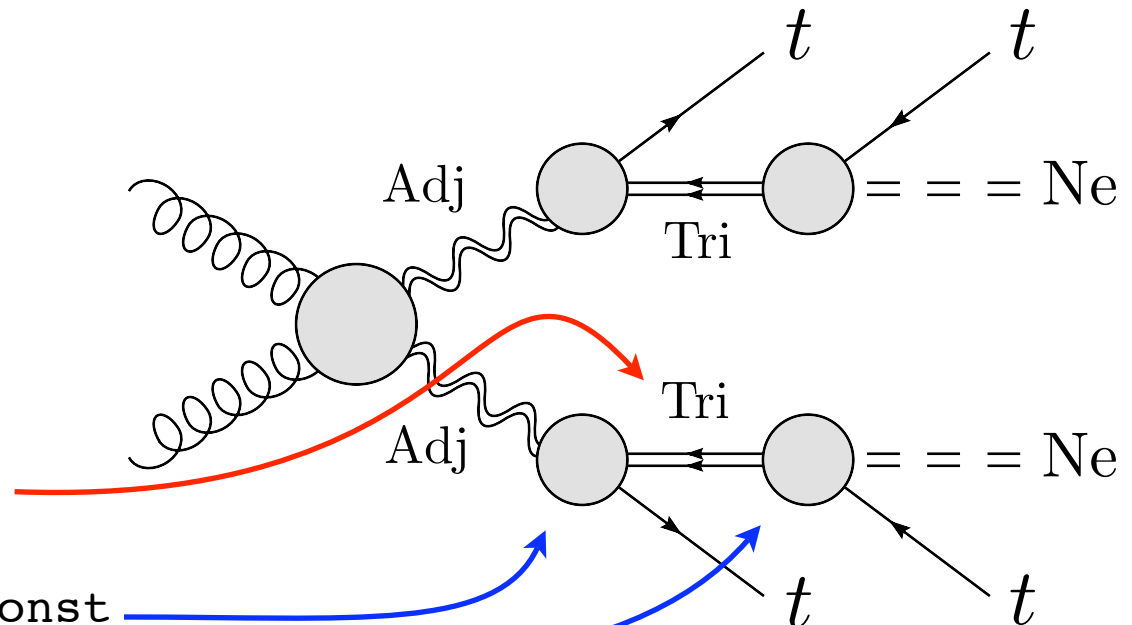
Easy to Extend/Modify
Models. Reusable MC.

Adj : m=700 EM=0 SU3=8
 Ne : m=200 EM=0 SU3=0
 Tri Tri~ : m=500 EM=2 SU3=3

Adj > Tri tbar : matrix=const
 Tri > Ne t : matrix=const

g g > Adj Adj : matrix=const
 g g > Tri Tri~ : matrix=const

g g > (Adj > (Tri > Ne t) tbar) (Adj > (Tri~ > Ne tbar) t)



(Monte Carlo generation with Pythia, output in StdHEP XDR format.)

(MadGraph implementation in development.)

MARMOSET Output

```
# More Processes
```

```
p003 * b3 b3 s2 $ g g > (Adj > Ne bbar b) (Adj > Ne bbar b) : matrix=1  
p004 * b3 b4 s2 $ g g > (Adj > Ne bbar b) (Adj > Ne cbar c) : matrix=1  
p005 * b4 b3 s2 $ g g > (Adj > Ne cbar c) (Adj > Ne bbar b) : matrix=1  
p006 * b4 b4 s2 $ g g > (Adj > Ne cbar c) (Adj > Ne cbar c) : matrix=1  
p007 * b3 b3 s3 $ g g > (Adj > Ne bbar b) (Adj > Ne bbar b) : matrix=2  
p008 * b3 b4 s3 $ g g > (Adj > Ne bbar b) (Adj > Ne cbar c) : matrix=2  
p009 * b4 b3 s3 $ g g > (Adj > Ne cbar c) (Adj > Ne bbar b) : matrix=2  
p010 * b4 b4 s3 $ g g > (Adj > Ne cbar c) (Adj > Ne cbar c) : matrix=2
```

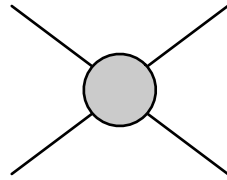
```
# More Rates
```

```
s2 = 1000 $ Sigma( g g > Adj Adj : matrix=1 )  
s3 = 1000 $ Sigma( g g > Adj Adj : matrix=2 )  
b3 = 0.5 $ Br( Adj > Ne bbar b )  
b4 = 0.5 $ Br( Adj > Ne cbar c )  
@ b3 b4
```

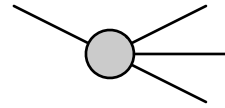
rate information

each process is ready to simulate in Pythia

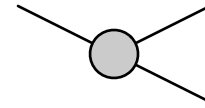
OSET



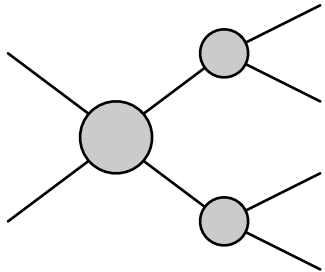
Production Mode A



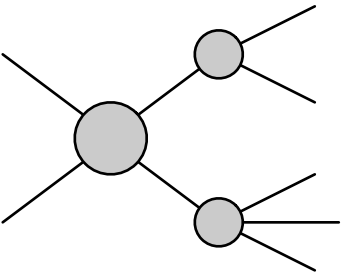
Decay Mode 1



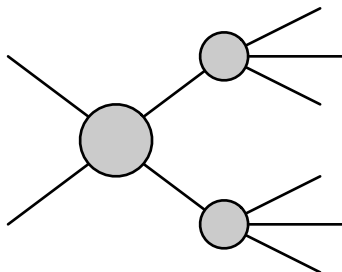
Decay Mode 2



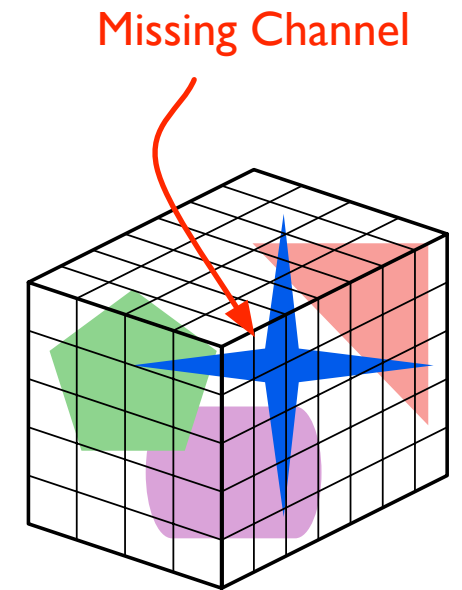
$$= \text{mc_A11} \times \sigma_A \times \text{Br}_1 \times \text{Br}_1$$



$$= \text{mc_A12} \times 2 \times \sigma_A \times \text{Br}_1 \times \text{Br}_2$$



$$= \text{mc_A22} \times \sigma_A \times \text{Br}_2 \times \text{Br}_2$$



LHC
Signatures

MARMOSET

in Practice

Blackbox Examples

The Michigan Black Box

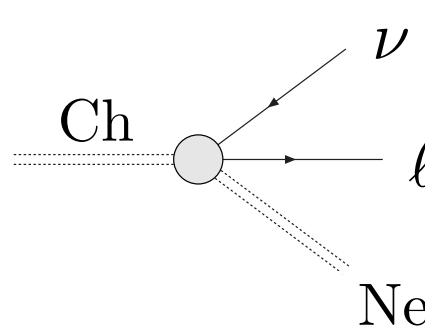
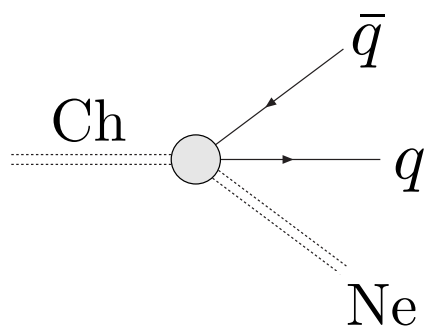
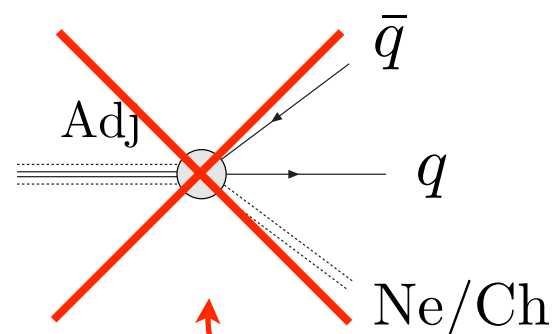
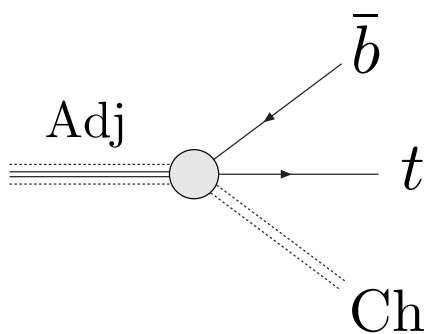
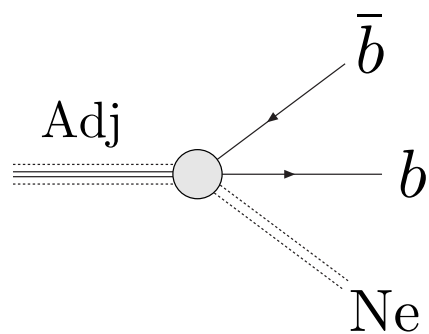
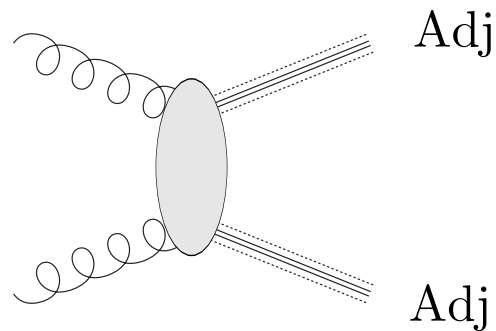
1st and 2nd LHC Olympics

$\tilde{q}_{1,2}$	—————	1.8–2.1 TeV
\tilde{b}_R	—————	2.0 TeV
$\tilde{t}_R, \tilde{q}_{3L}$	—————	1.4 TeV
\widetilde{W}	—————	1.0 TeV
\tilde{B}	—————	480 GeV
\tilde{g}	—————	450 GeV
\tilde{h}	===== ===== =====	125 GeV

($\tan \beta = 19$)

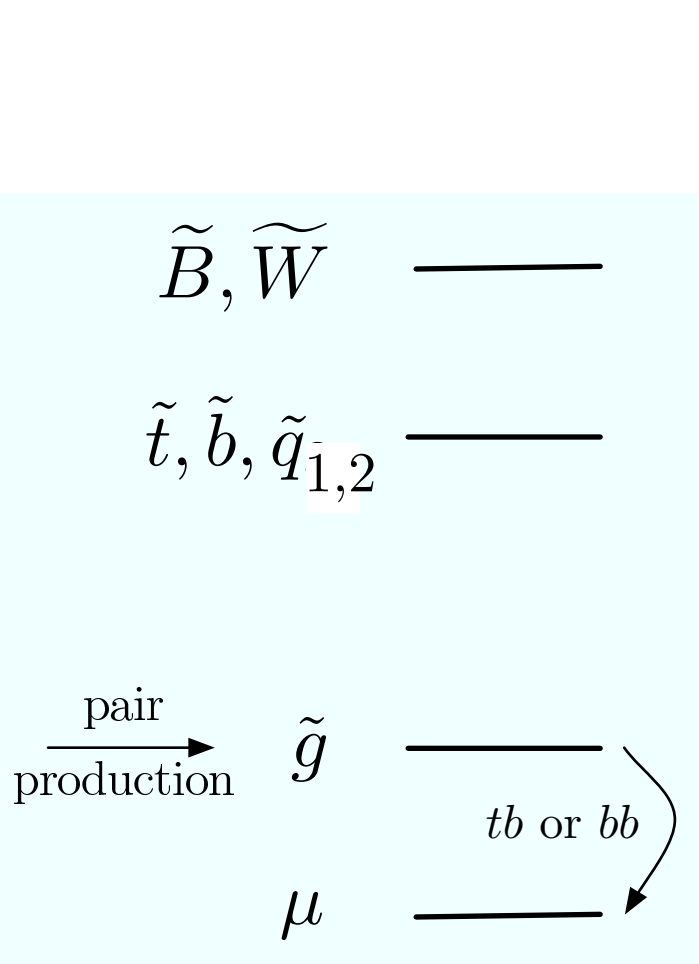
A trip down
memory lane...

The Michigan Black Box

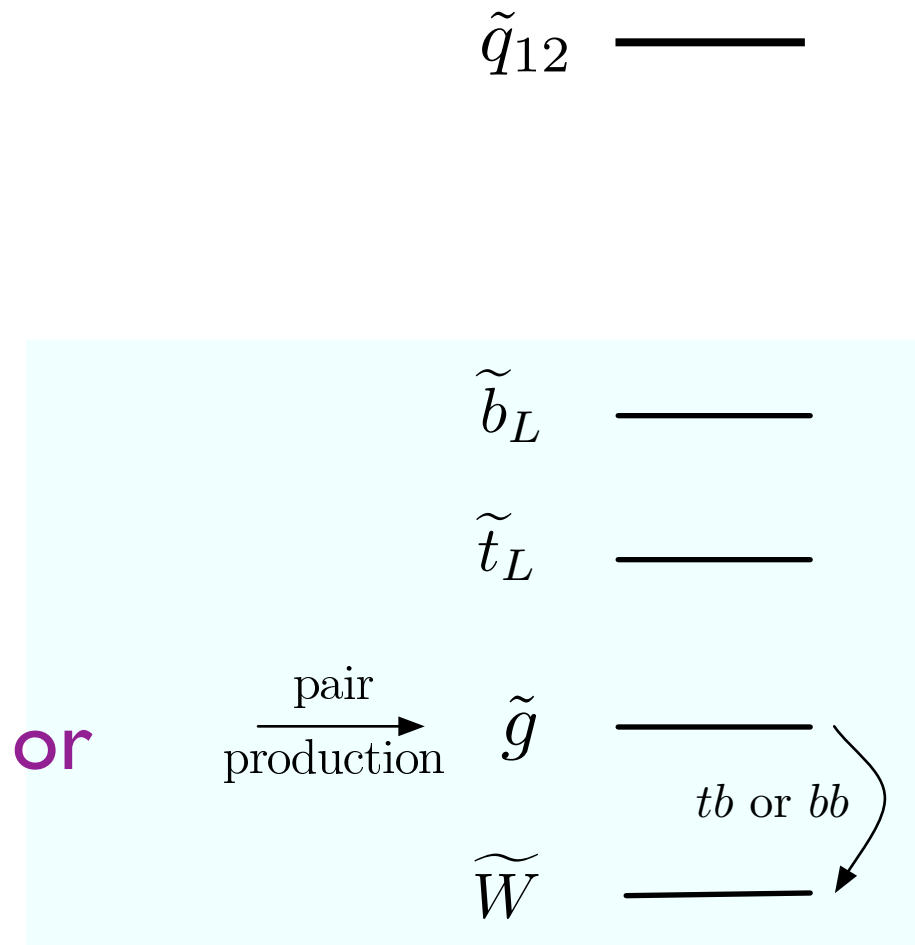


Model must explain its absence!

Two SUSY Scenarios

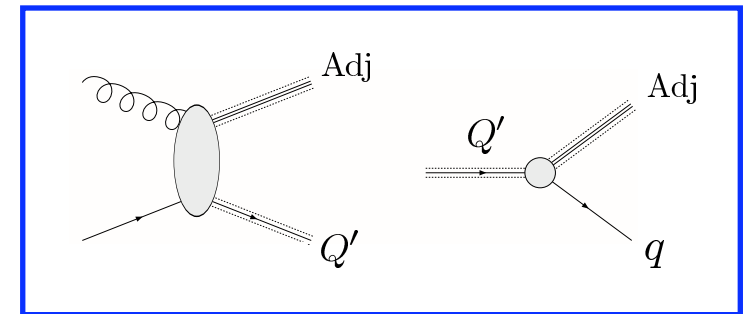
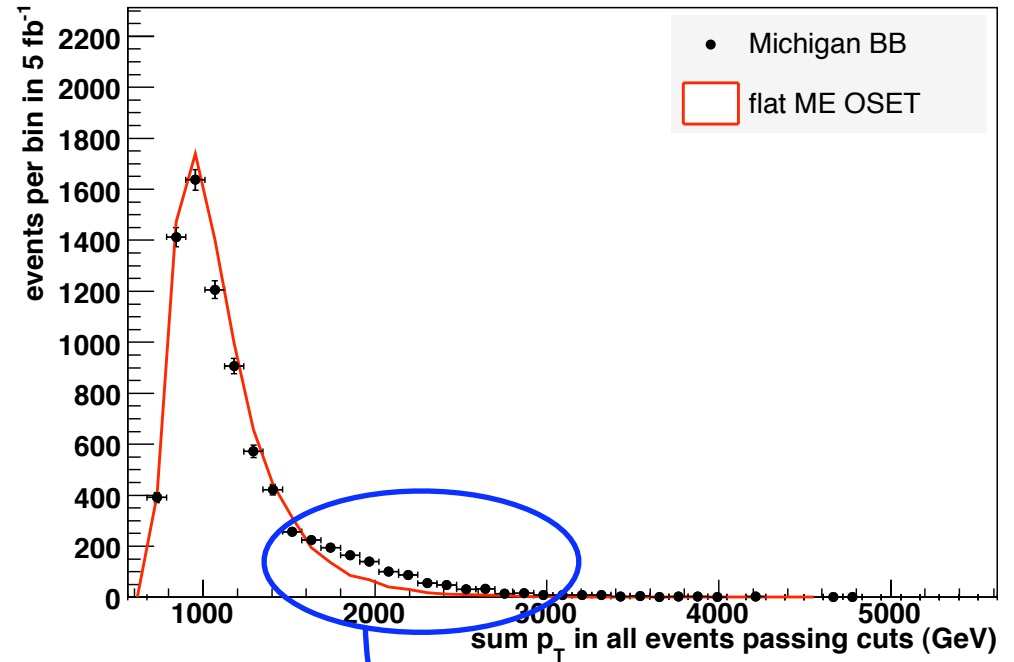
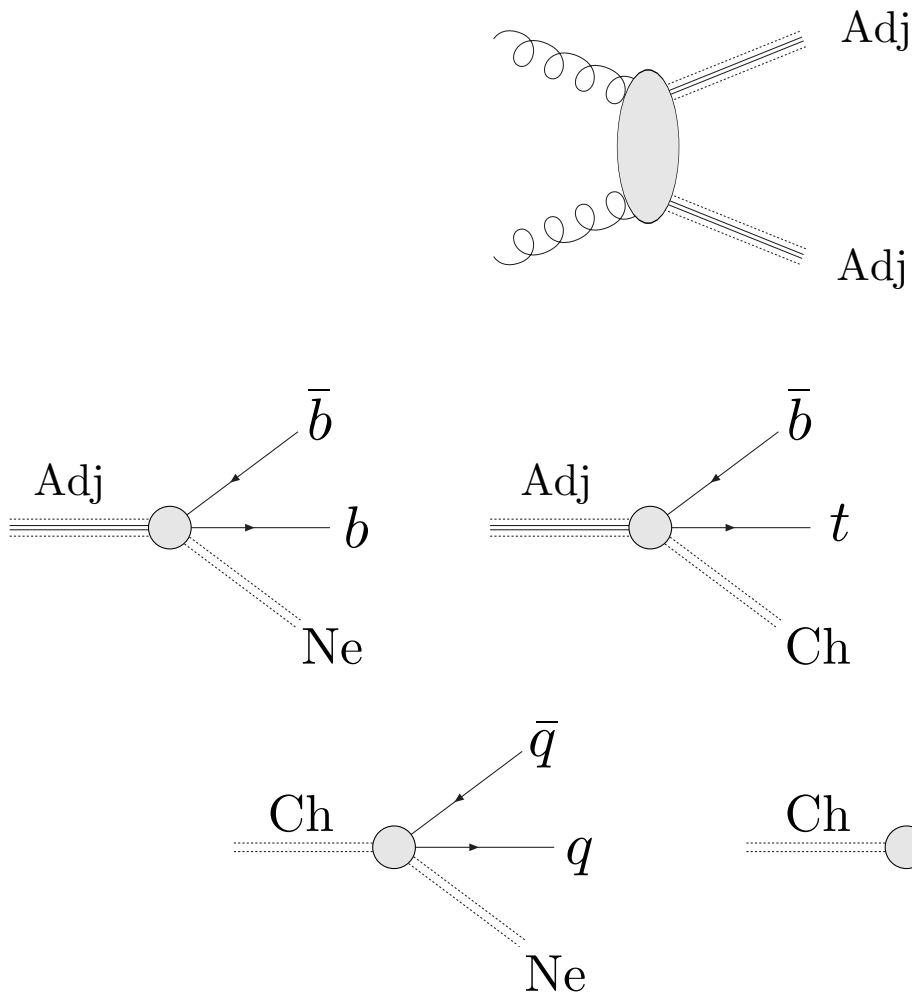


2j channel suppressed
by small couplings to Higgsino

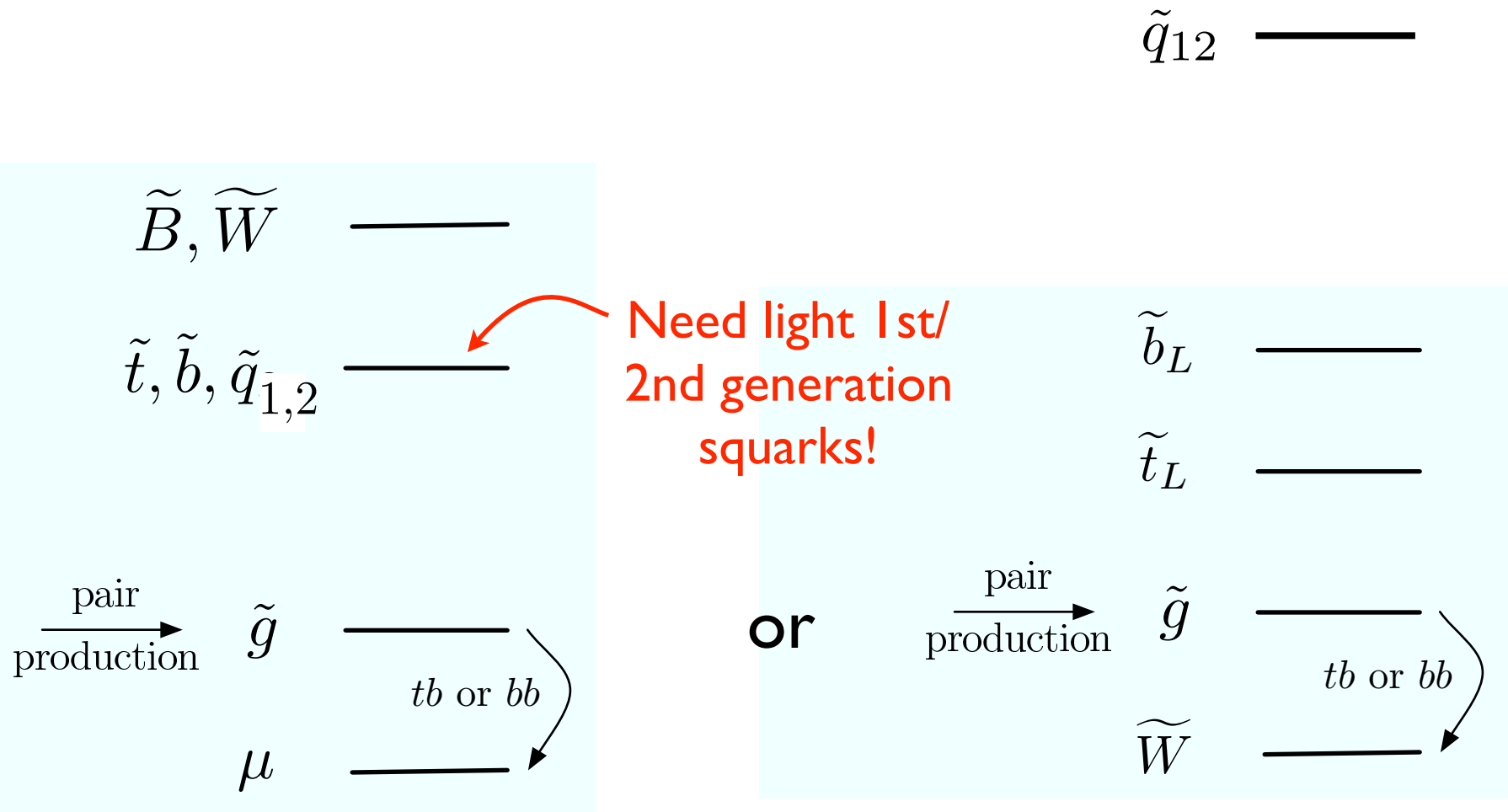


2j channel suppressed
by high squark mass

The Michigan Black Box



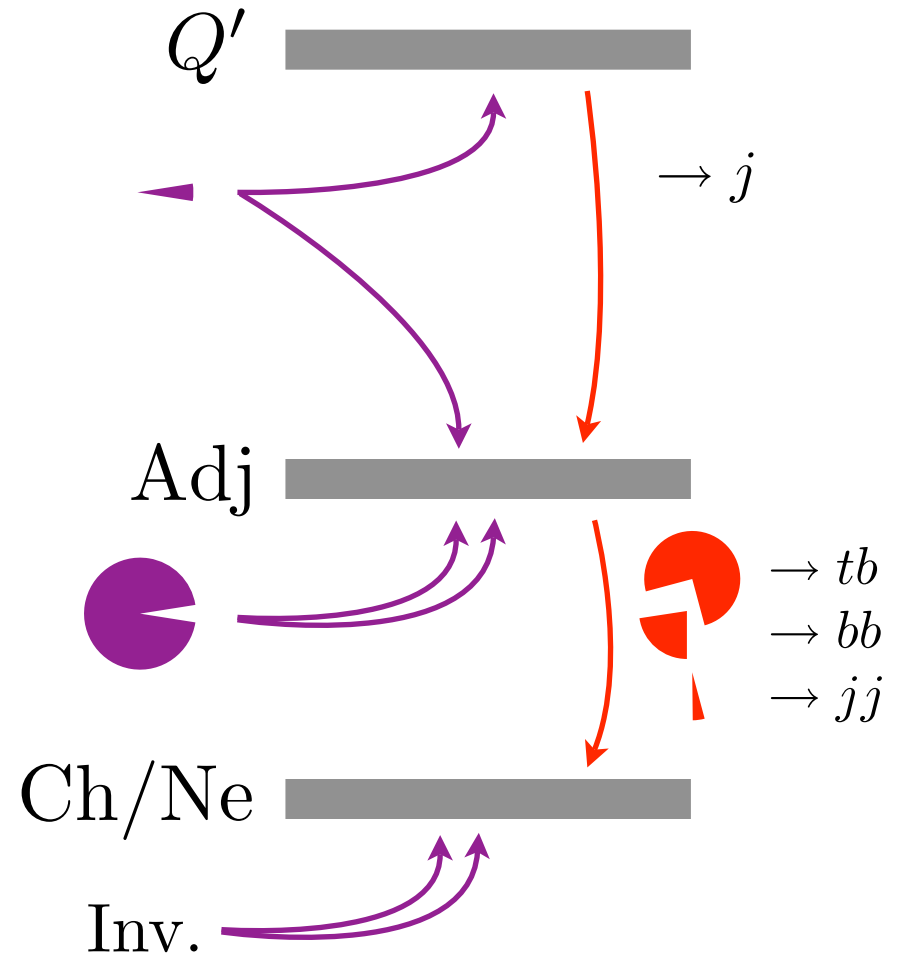
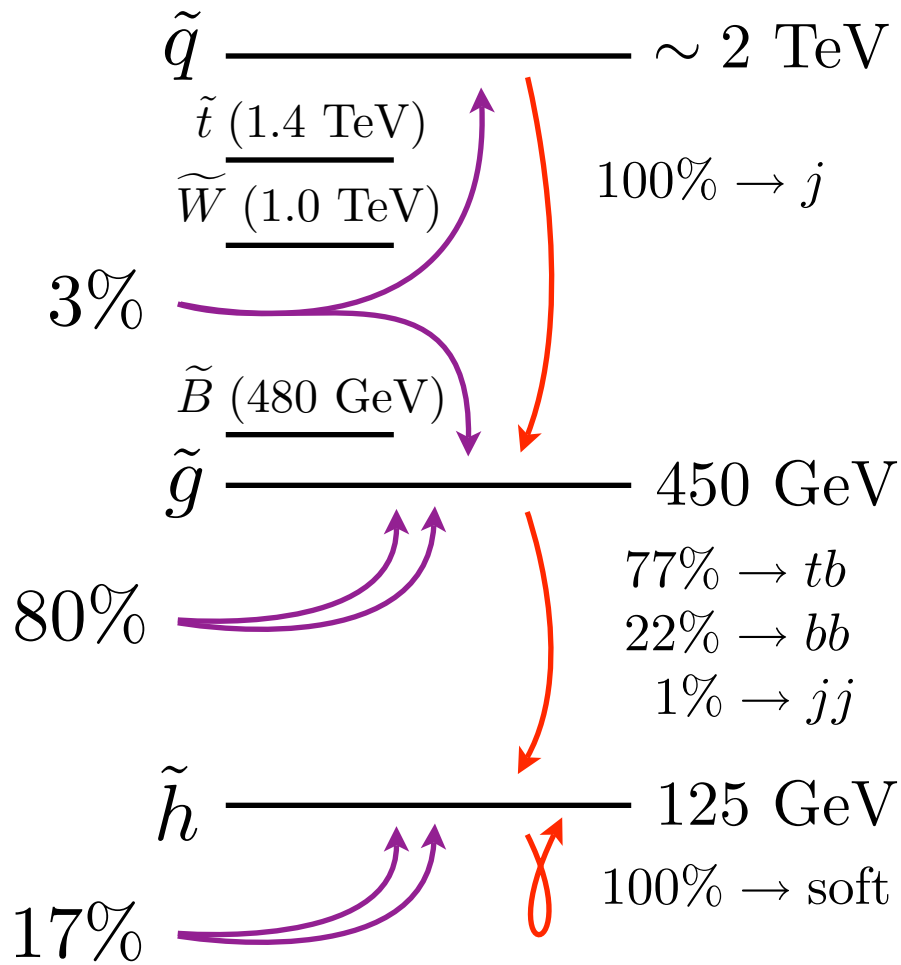
Two SUSY Scenarios



2j channel suppressed
by couplings to Higgsino

2j channel suppressed
by off-shell propagator

Michigan Box (MSSM)



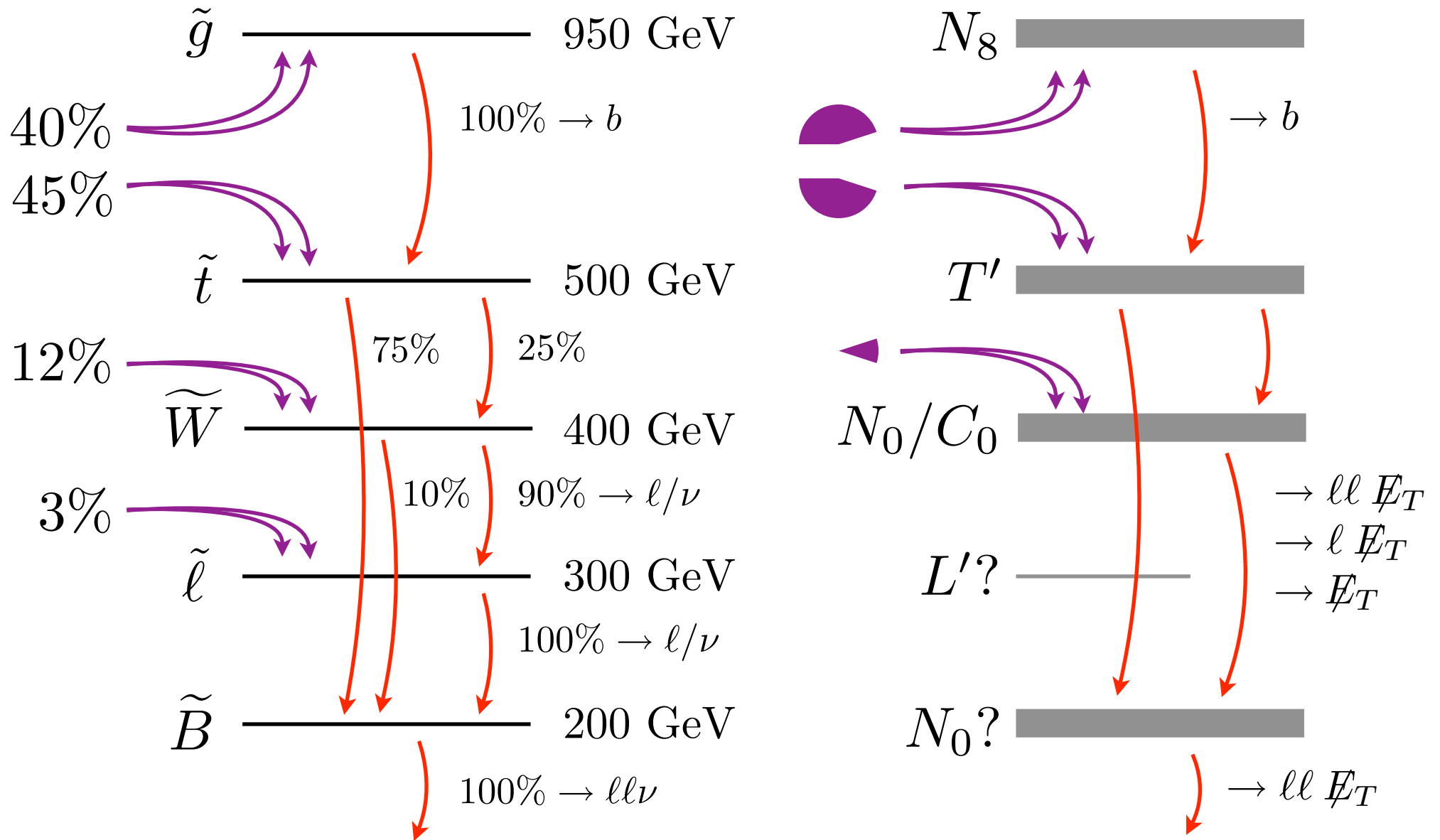
Michigan Lessons

1st and 2nd LHC Olympics

- 3000 CPU hours? Where's the physics?
Does data uniquely determine Lagrangian?
- OSET is simple and readily obtained.
- OSET captures important features of the theory and strongly constrains its structure.

ABox (RPV SUSY)

Variant of Rutgers's Blackbox (3rd LHC Olympics)



DBox

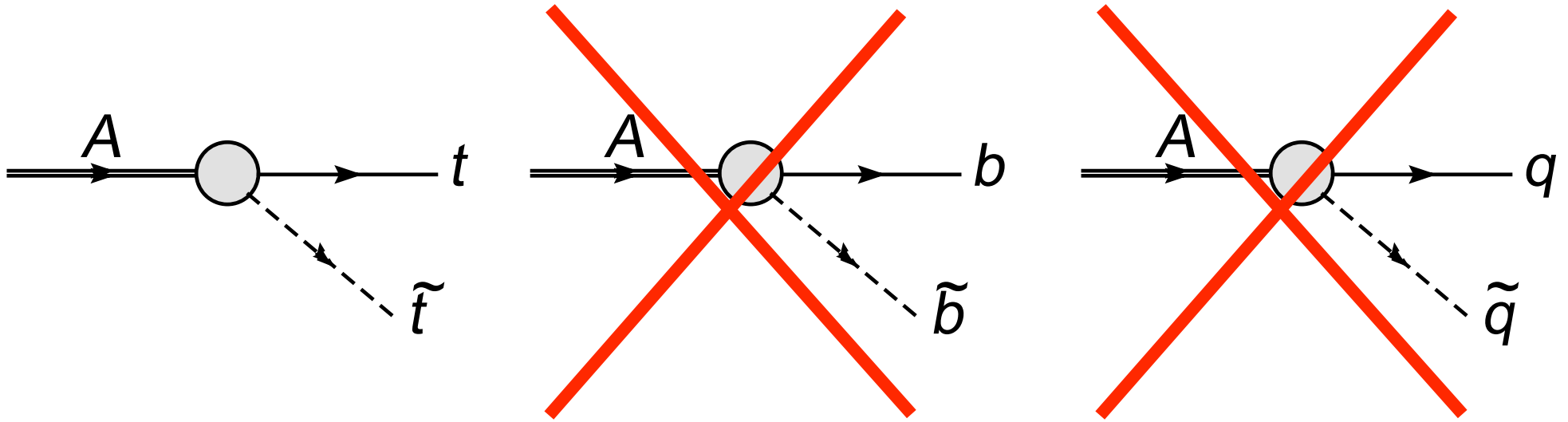
Nima & Natalia vs. Jesse & Philip
(Marmoset Smackdown)

- SUSY with very heavy gauginos (> 5 TeV)
- Light scalars
- **also** light colored adjoint Φ decaying through

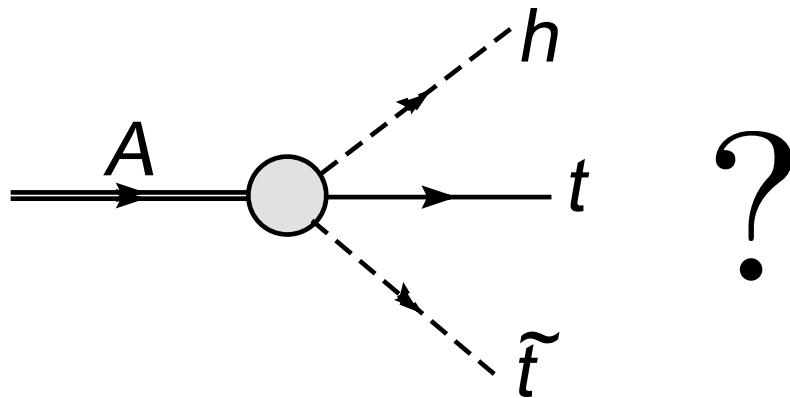
$$W \supset \frac{\Phi}{M} Q_3 H_u U_3^c$$

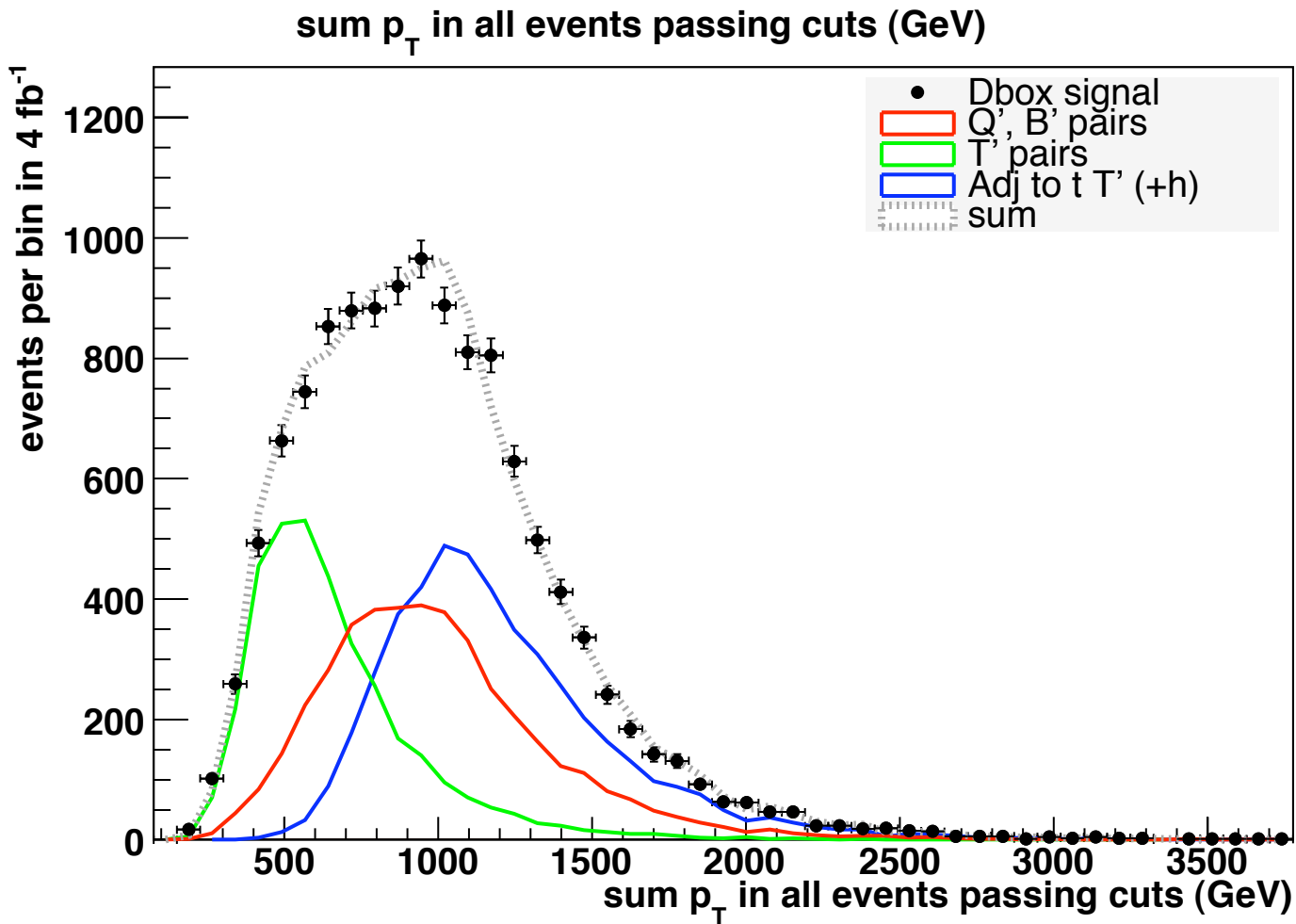
- looks like gluino with wrong decay modes!

DBox “Gluino” Decays?



Hints of a rare decay? (some many- b events, two jets+ $\gamma\gamma$ with $m_{\gamma\gamma} = 114$ GeV)

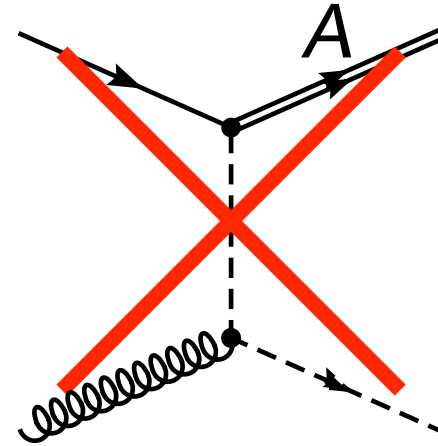
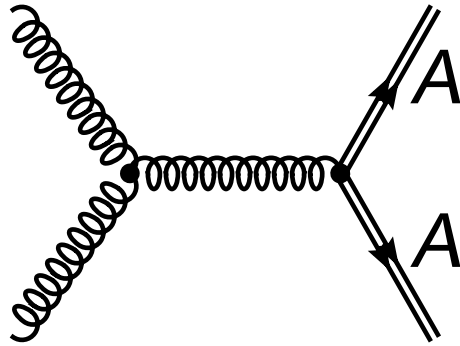
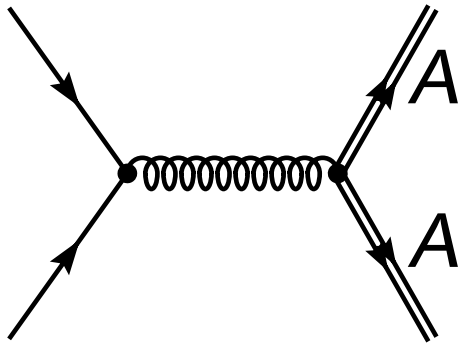




$$H_T = \sum_i E_T^i + \cancel{E}_T$$

DBox “Gluino” Production

rate consistent with QCD production through fermion only...

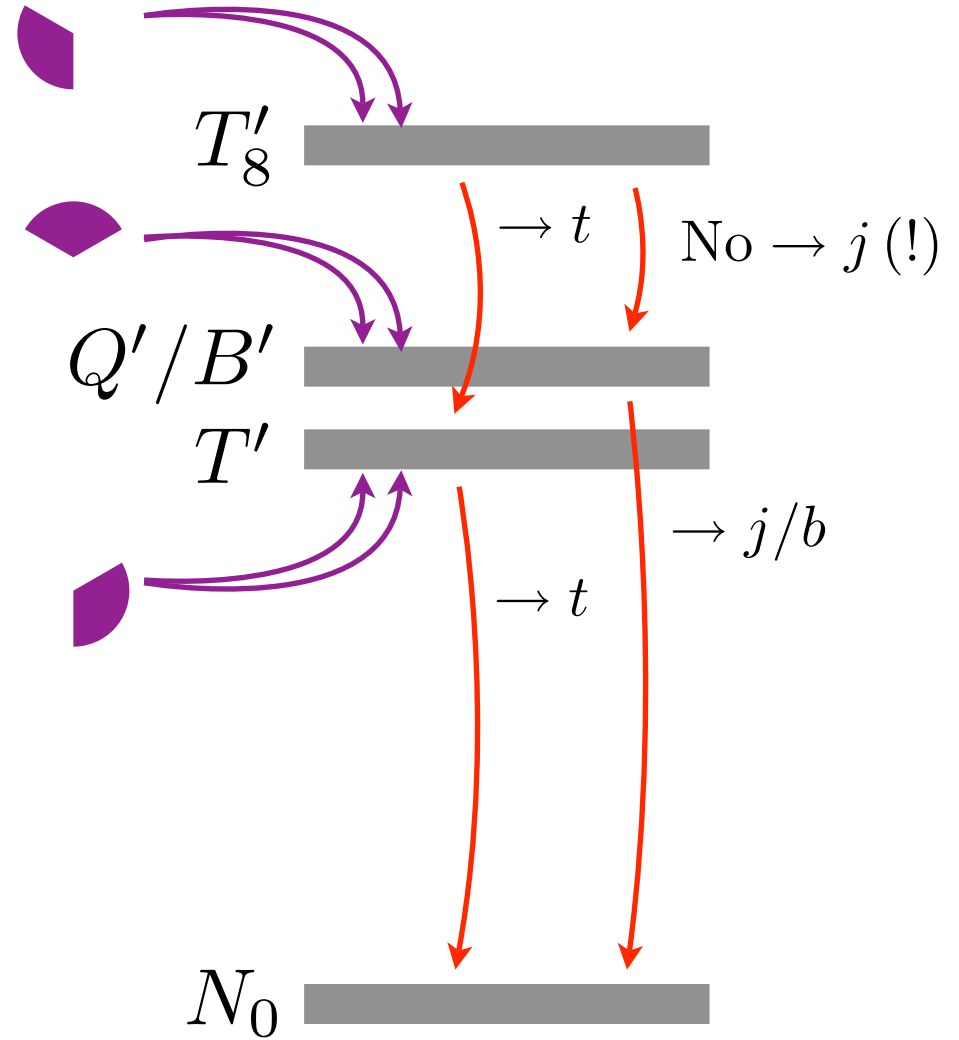
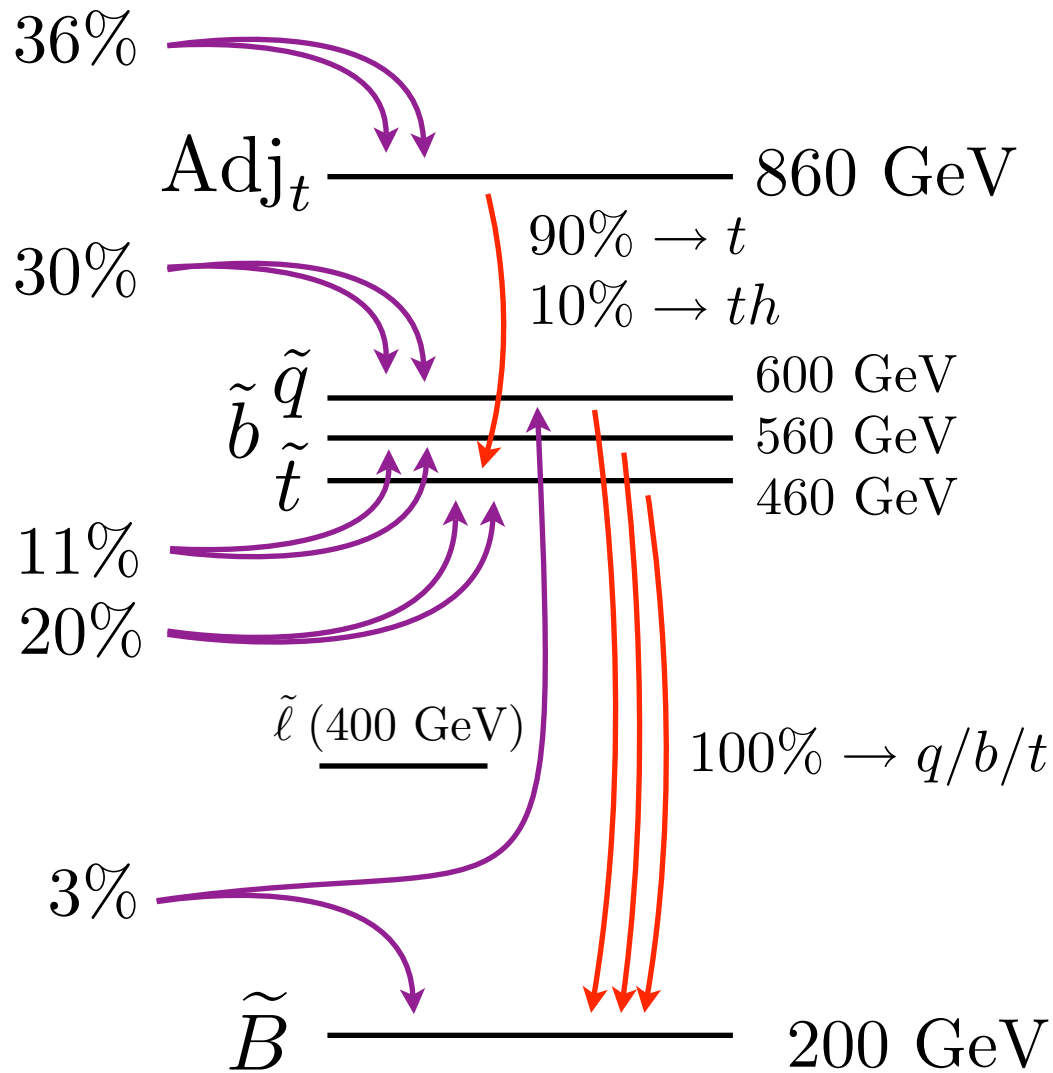


...and no associated production with squark.

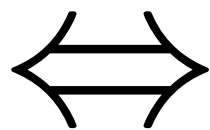
It's not a gluino!

Only couples to tops $\rightarrow W \supset \frac{\Phi}{M} Q_3 H_u U_3^c$

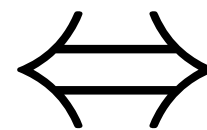
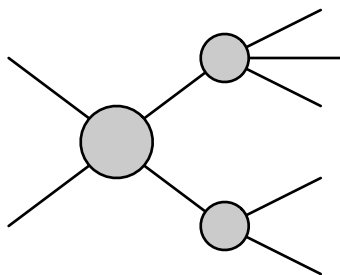
DBox



LHC
Signatures



OSET



\mathcal{L}

Please try this at home!

So far, trial testing on data challenges
has taught us a lot

Should try it on as many (qualitatively different)
data challenges as possible!

Using these techniques on real data would be best!

Easy-to-use (beta version) of MARMOSET:

www.marmoset-mc.net

`cvs checkout Marmoset`

arXiv paper: [hep-ph/0703088](https://arxiv.org/abs/hep-ph/0703088)

Only a few dynamical variables control the essential phenomenology of new physics at hadron colliders.

Characterizing new physics directly in terms of these variables permits a simple, accurate parametrization of almost **any** model of new physics —

an On-Shell Effective Theory.

MARMOSET:

Simple Monte Carlo for Any Model

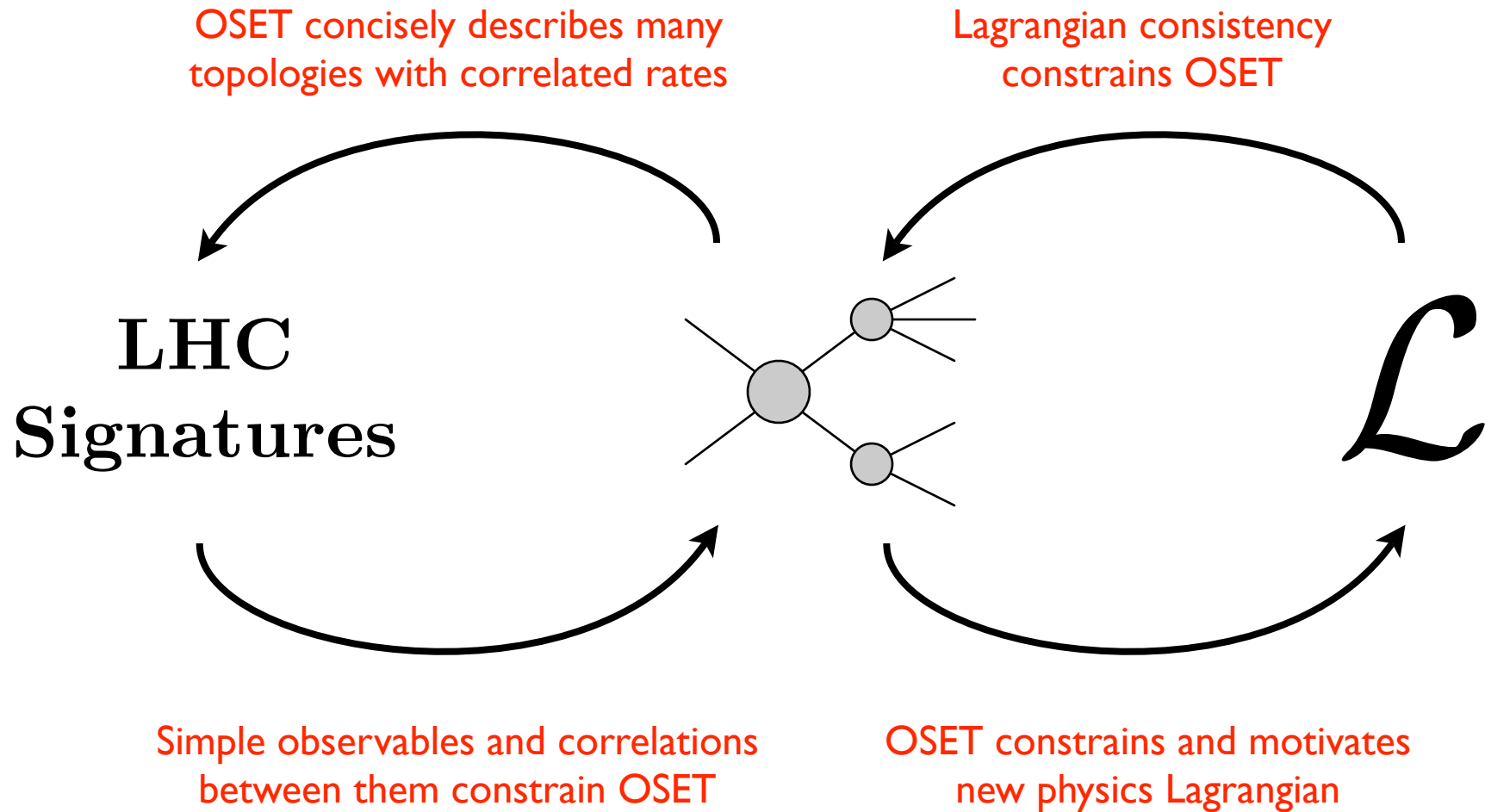
Coarse Mass
Scanning

Rate Scanning by
Reweighting Existing
Monte Carlo

vs.

Lagrangian Simulation

Intricate dependence of σ, Br on many Lagrangian parameters demands fine scanning of all of them.



A successful Lagrangian characterization may be derived from the top down or from the bottom up, and will be most convincing when understood in both ways.

An OSET characterization of LHC data is not an end in itself but a waystation on the path to a fundamental theory.

The OSET framework will only be successful if it leads to a compelling Lagrangian that obviates the need for an OSET description.

Ultimately, understanding the structure of this effective Lagrangian will unveil the new principles of Nature long anticipated at the weak scale.