Proposal and Testing for ATLAS Distributed Analysis Monitoring System

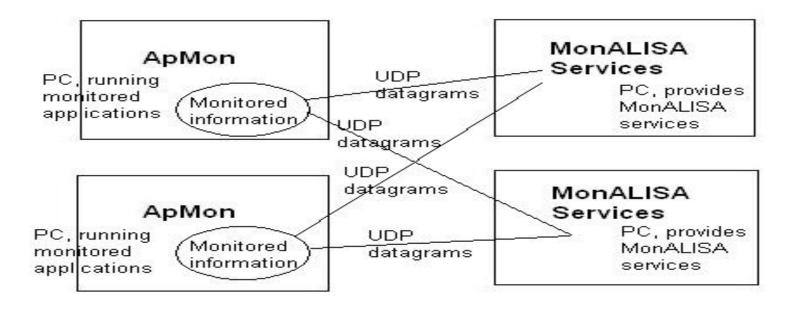
Mariam John UTA 03/30/2006

Introduction

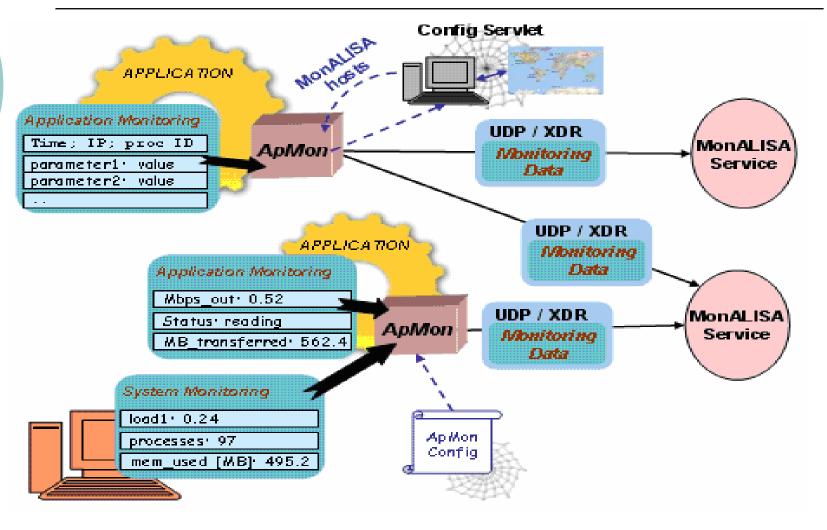
- Aim of distributed analysis is to enable ATLAS users to use grid resources for rapid analysis of data in physics and detector groups.
- Idea is to share as much backbone of the framework for distributed production and analysis.
- As a first step, we look into monitoring system for Distributed Analysis System.

Overview of MonALISA Scalability Test

 ApMon is a set of flexible API's used by applications to send monitoring information to MonALISA services.

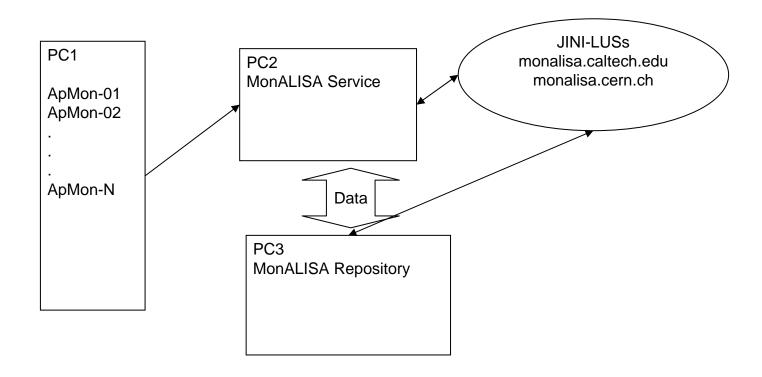


ApMon



Architecture

Basic Structure of the Test



Architecture

- The basic architecture for this experiment defines three different machines:
 - PC1 runs ApMon, which provides monitored data to the MonALISA services
 - PC2 hosts a MonALISA service which gathers monitored information from ApMon.
 - PC3 hosts MonALISA repository which stores the monitored data that the MonALISA service has gathered.
- In this experiment, ApMon simulates 1000 hits/sec of monitored data

Tree Structure Of ApMon programs

```
TestCluster_001
0
     -- ----- Node_001_1
0
         -----Parameter_0
0
            -----Parameter_1
0
         -----Parameter_9
0
0
     -- ----Node_001_2
0
      -----Node_001_10
0
   TestCluster_002
    . . . . . . . .
0
   TestCluster_010
    ......
0
```

Mechanism

- 10 copies of the ApMon programs running at the same time.
- Each one simulates a cluster with 10 nodes.
- Each node generates 10 string parameters.
- There is a 10 millisecond interval between any two transfers of values of the parameters.
- Then, in 1 second, 1000 data grams will be sent.

Implementation of ML Repository

- o Example:
 - If we want to see the values of Parameter_0 of Node_006_3 of TestCluster_006 in the past 1 minute
 - We can run:
 - ./run_client "heptest017" "TestCluster_006" "Node_006_3" "Parameter_0" -60000 0
- Arguments (respectively):
 - farm name
 - cluster name
 - node name
 - parameter name
 - from time (in milliseconds): 60000 means from the past 60 sec
 - to time (in milliseconds): 0 means now

7

[heptest016] /home/mlrep/MLWSClients/WS-Clients/Java-Axis/getValues > ./run_client "heptest017" "Te stCluster_006" "Node_006_3" "Parameter_0" -60000 0 Feb 7, 2006 11:57:20 AM org.apache.axis.utils.JavaUtils isAttachmentSupported

WARNING: Unable to find required classes (javax.activation.DataHandler and javax.mail.internet.Mime Multipart). Attachment support is disabled.

-----> Received values <-----

FarmName: heptest017

ClusterName: TestCluster 006

NodeName: Node 006 3

Parameters:

Parameter 0 : 1.4642179284553853

Time: 1139334985862

FarmName: heptest017

ClusterName: TestCluster 006

NodeName: Node 006 3

Parameters:

Parameter_0 : 1.7570228187377621

Time: 1139334985864

FarmName: heptest017

ClusterName: TestCluster 006

NodeName: Node 006 3

Parameters:

Parameter 0 : 1.6394790068778262

Time: 1139334985864

FarmName: heptest017

ClusterName: TestCluster 006

NodeName: Node 006 3

Parameters:

Parameter 0 : 1.0997952124786856

Conclusion

- This experiment successfully tested MonaLISA's ability to handle large number of hits to a certain extent.
- All machines in this test were within the same subnet.
- Future work would include testing MonALISA for large hits from ApMon programs running outside the subnet and also to get ApMon to monitor real jobs.