

# Status of the TOF spectra analysis

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- $K^+$  at 20 AGeV
- $p, d$  at 20, 30 AGeV
- $pbar$  (energy & centrality dependence)

# $K^+$ @ 20 AGeV

- ❑ **Data set, event selection, track cuts**
- ❑ **Calibration, PID, acceptance, corrections, ..**
- ❑ **Results ( $K^+$   $mt$ -spectra,  $dn/dy$ ,  $T$ )**
- ❑ **Error estimation**
- ❑ **dE/dx-TOF comparision**
- ❑ **Summary**

# Data set & cuts

## Data set:

360k SUD1 (03A) (7% 20 AGeV)

## Event selection:

- $\text{vertex\_fit.iflag} = 0$
- $\text{abs}(\text{vertex\_fit.z} - Z_{\text{target}}) < 1\text{cm}$
- $(N_{\text{TOFhits}})_\pi > 1$

## Track quality cuts:

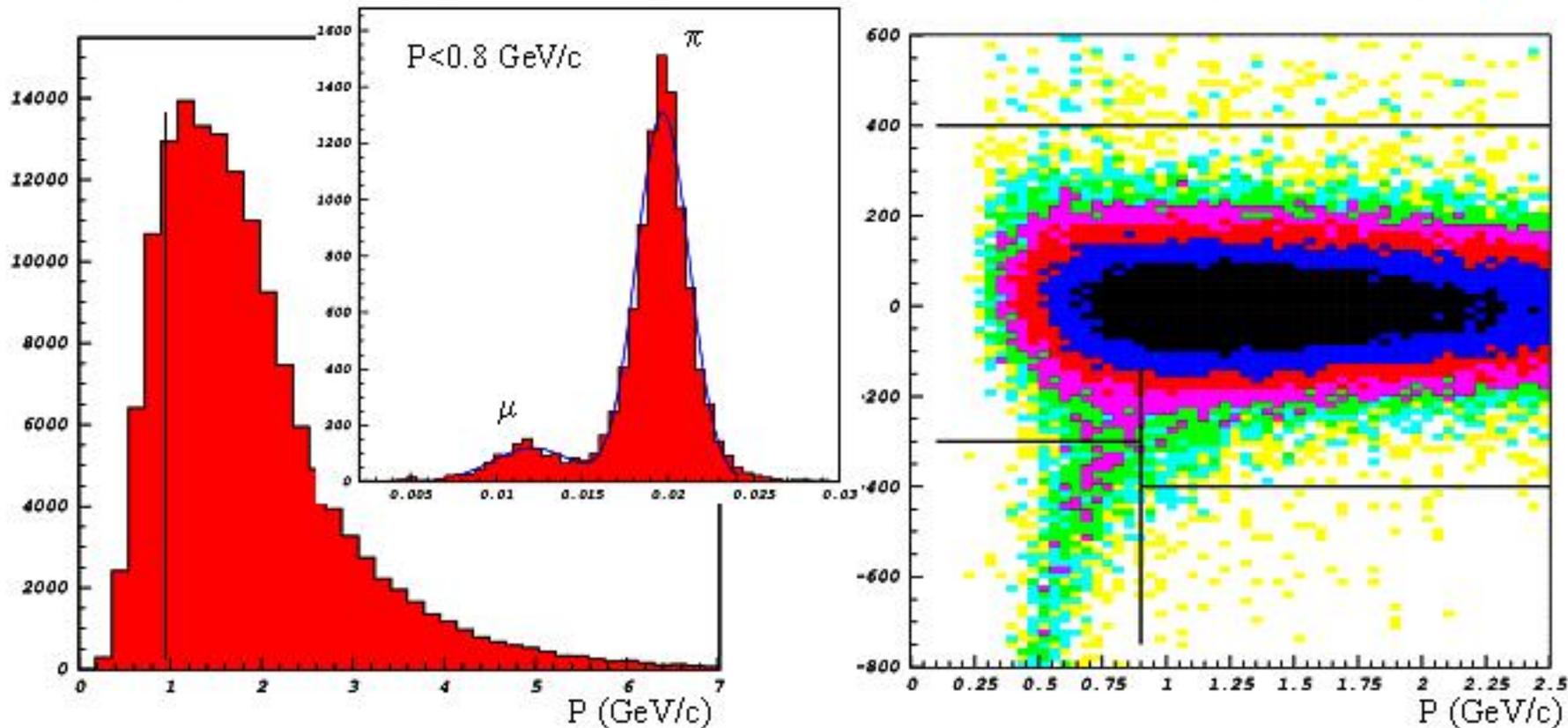
- $\text{track.px} > 0$ .
- global tracks MTPC matched with VT1/VT2
- $\text{track.iflag} = 0$
- last point

## TOF cuts:

- multyhits
- edge cut (1mm)
- QDC cut ( $0.8 < \text{QDC} < 1.6$ )(1.75 for low momentum)

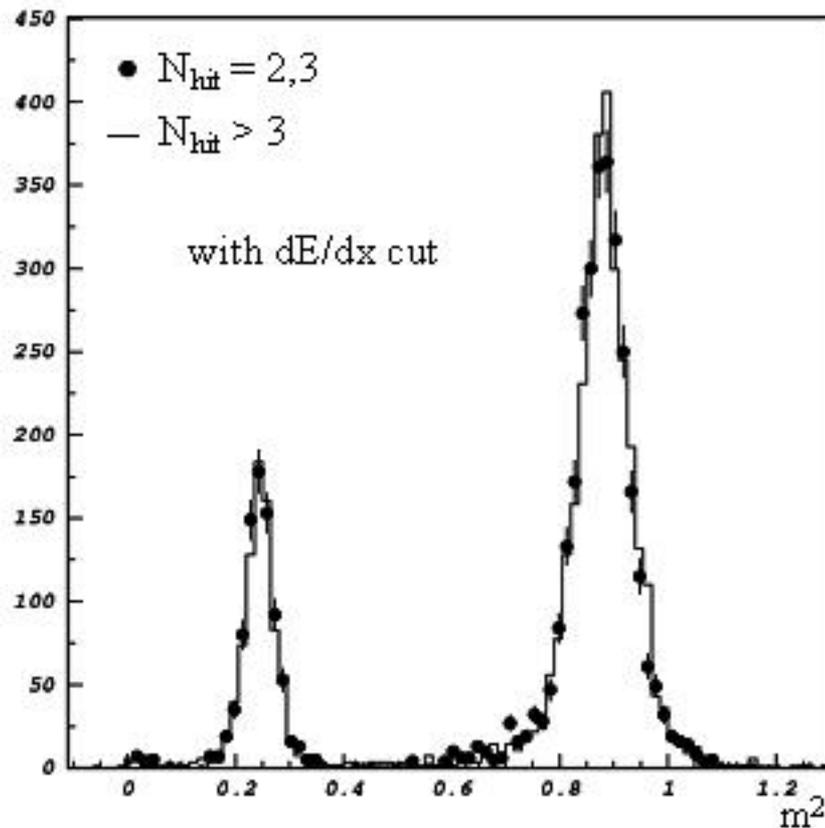
## TOF calibration @ 20 AGeV

**Event-by-event time correction** to correct for the time drift of TOF counters parameters and for start counter signal instabilities (45-100 ps). Method – correct for the mean of the  $(T-T_{\pi})$ -distribution in a predefined time window ( $\pm 400$  ps) in each event. At low beam energies an additional **dE/dx cut** is needed to reject kaons in low multiplicity events ( $N_{\text{TOF hit}}=2,3,4$ ). Also low momentum cut applied to reject  $\mu$ .

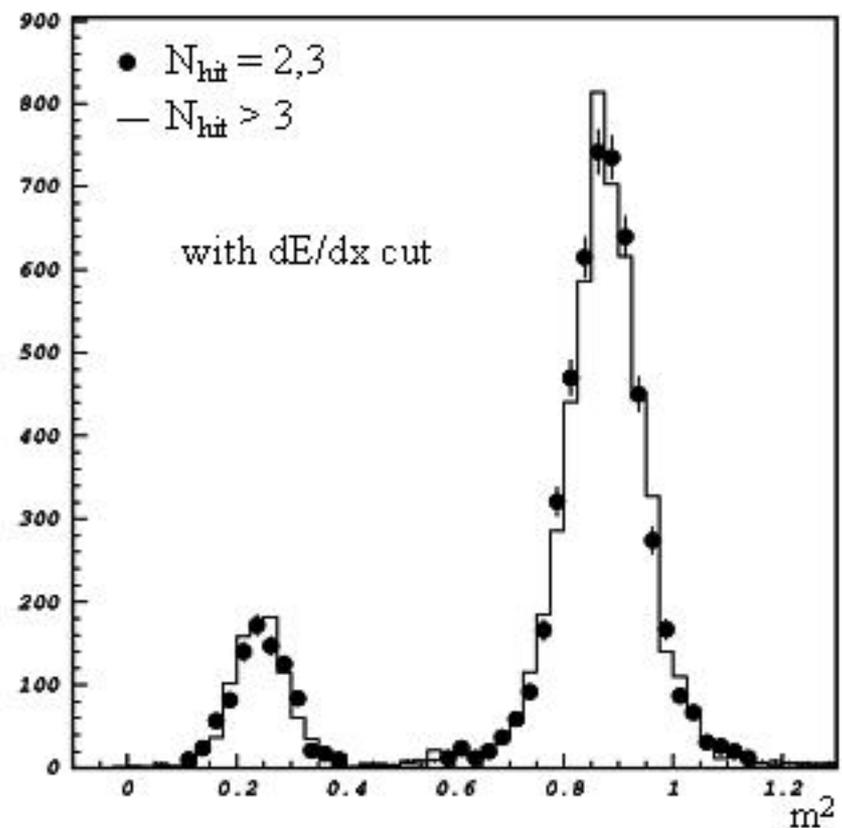


# $m^2 K^+, p$ distributions from 35k events @ 20 AGeV (TOF)

$1.5 < P < 3$  GeV/c

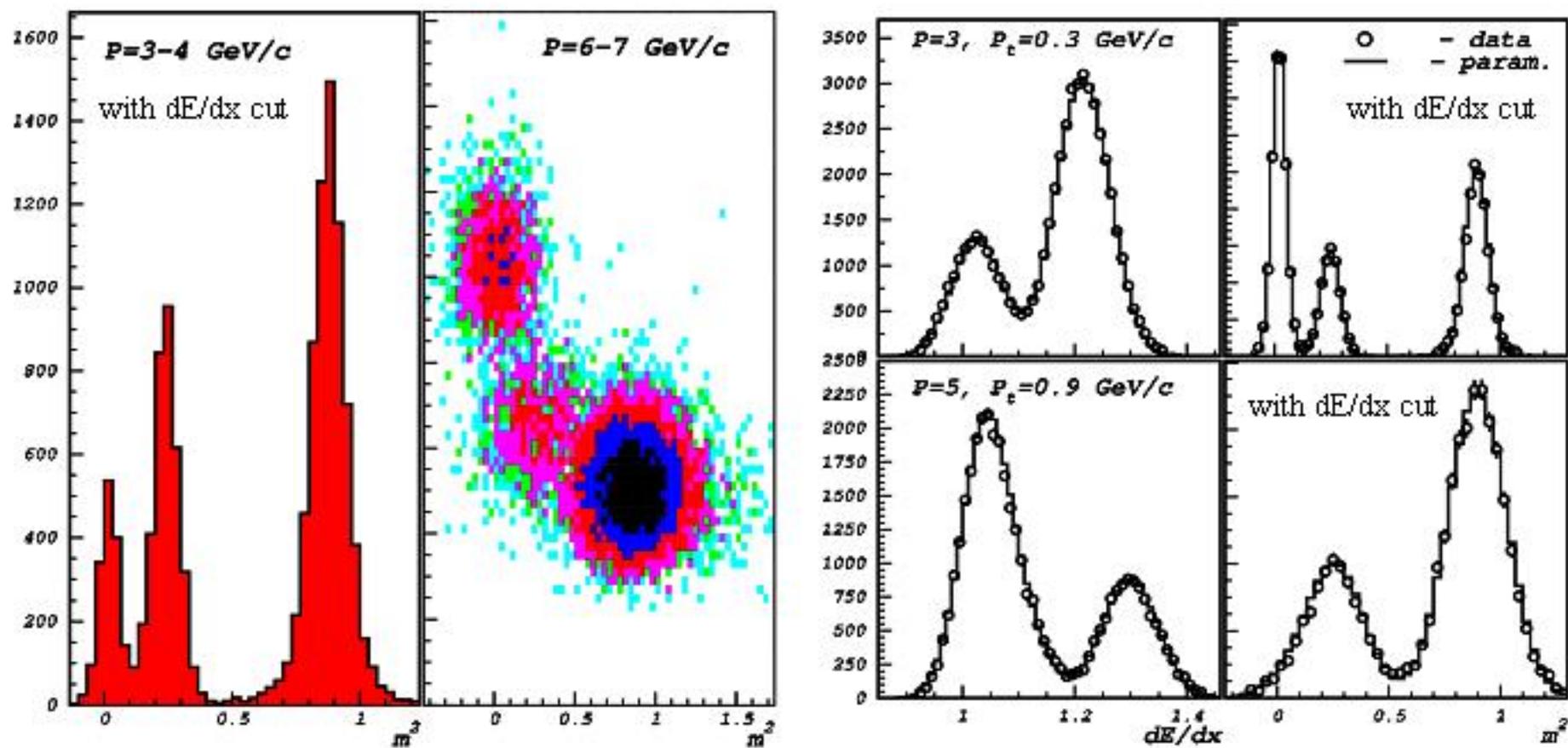


$3 < P < 4.5$  GeV/c

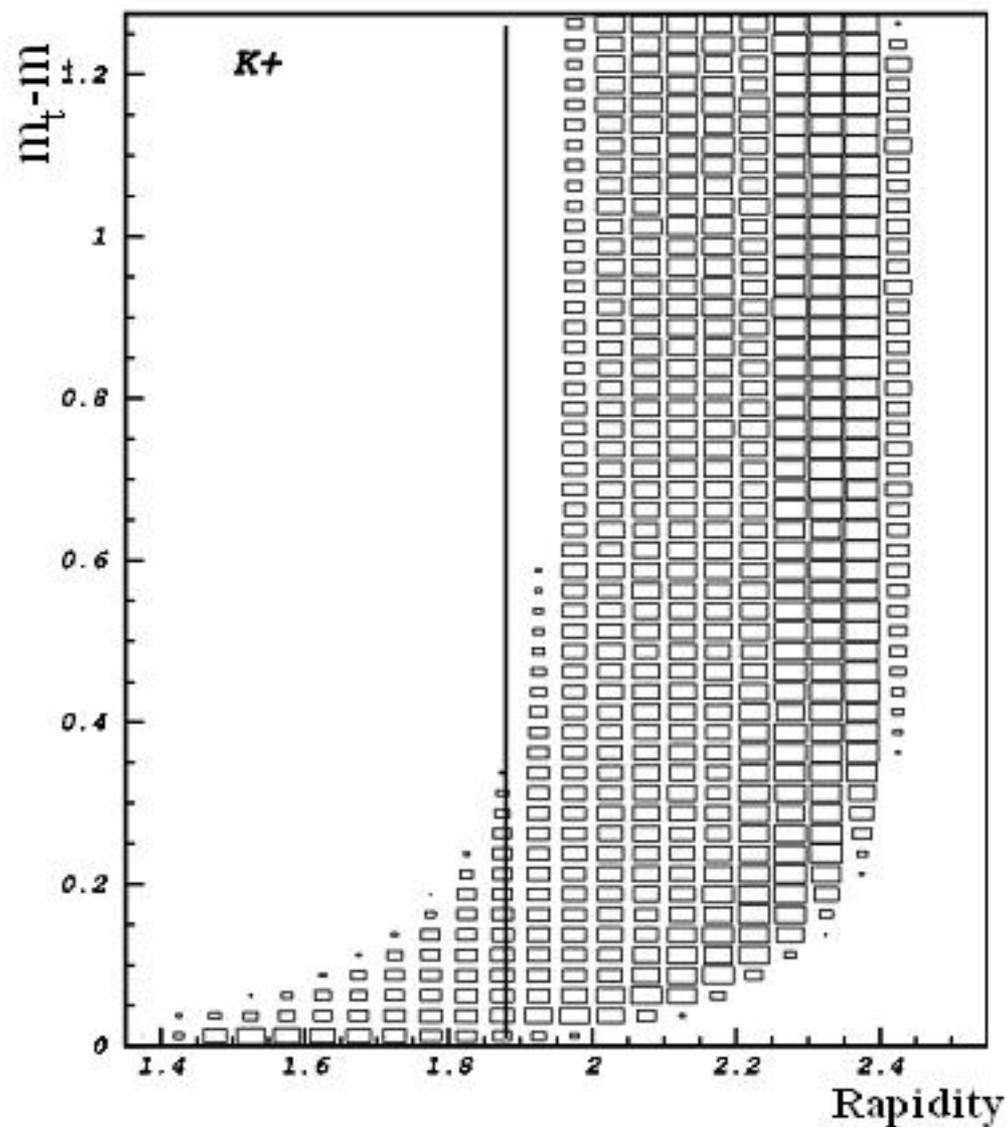


**No difference in yields of  $K^+, p$  in multiplicity selected events @ 20 AGeV**  
**20% events ( $N_{hit} = 0,1$ ) are not analysed**

# Particle ID @ 20 AGeV (dE/dx-TOF)



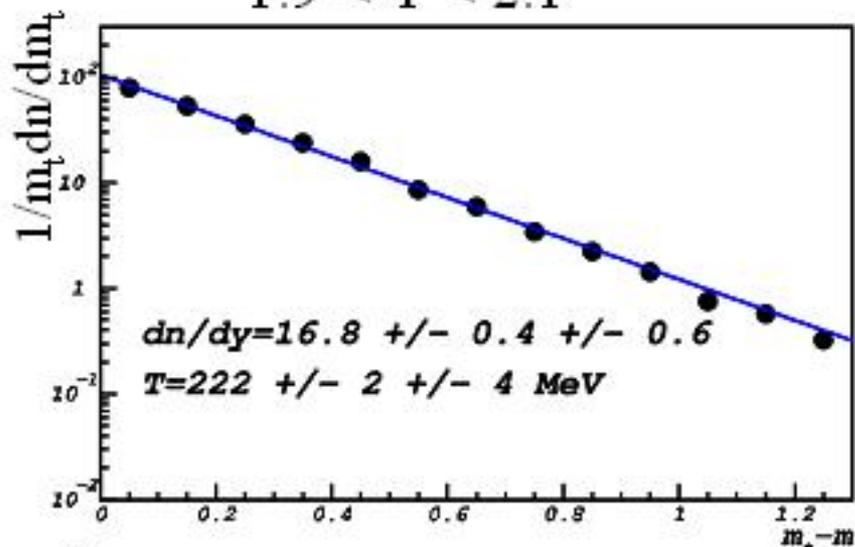
# TOF kaon acceptance @ 20 AGeV



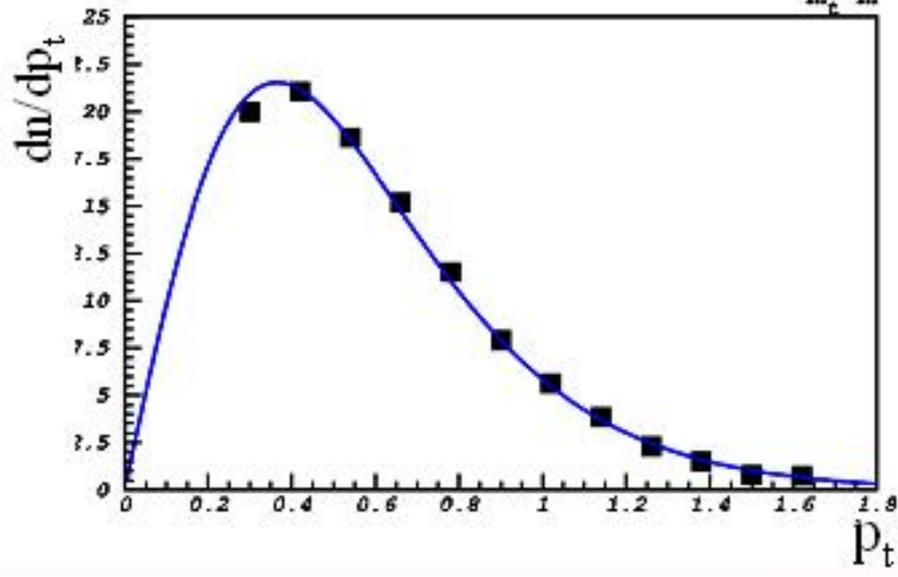
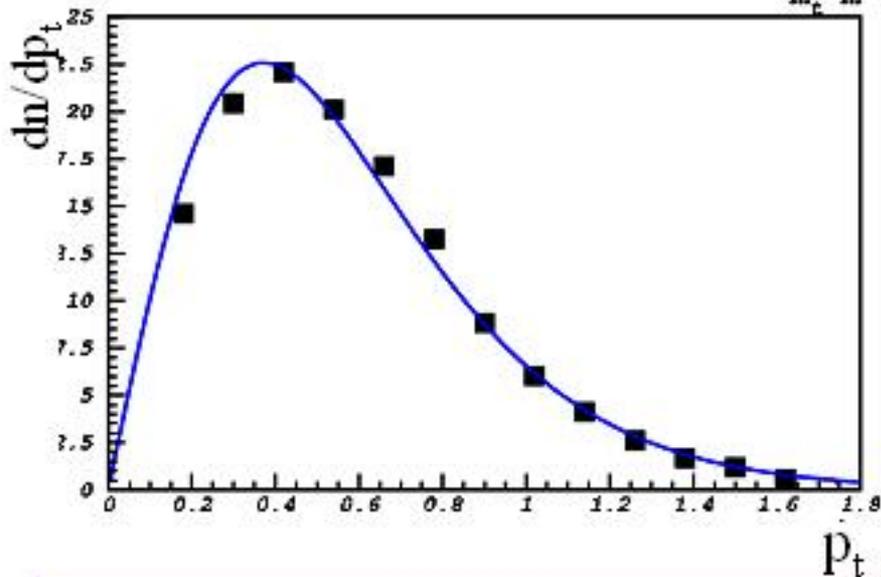
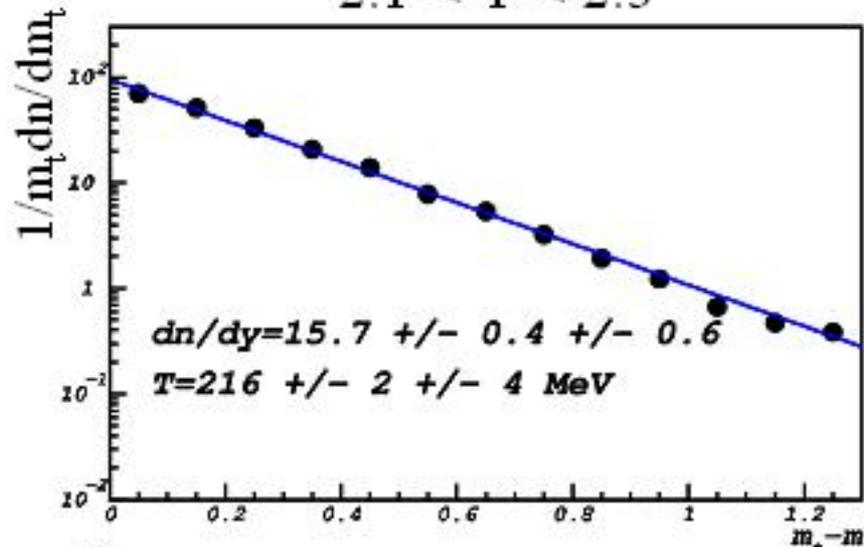
$$Y_{CM} = 1.9$$

# $K^+$ $m_T$ -spectra @ 20 AGeV

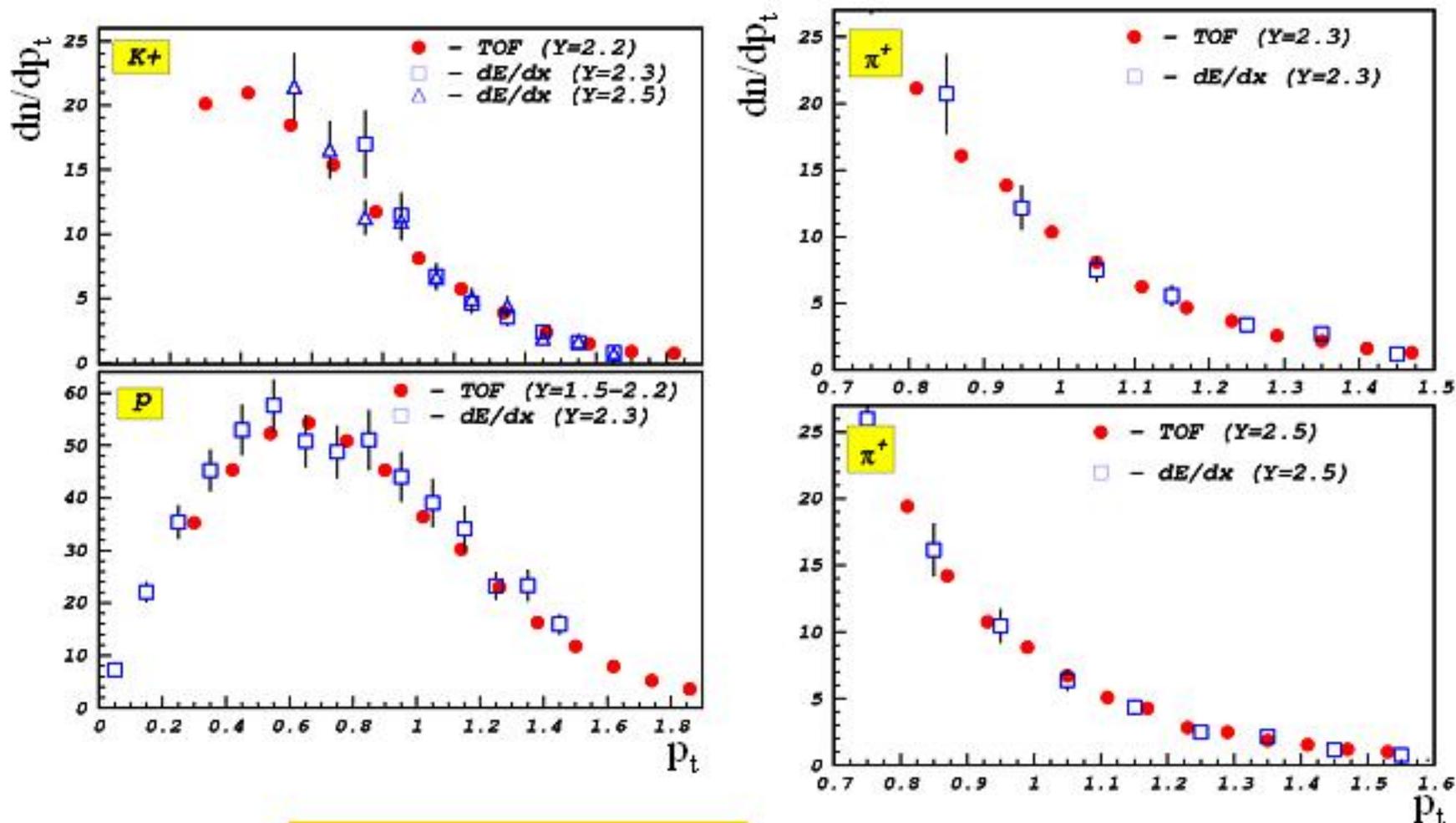
1.9 < Y < 2.1



2.1 < Y < 2.3



# dE/dx-TOF spectra comparison ( $K^+$ , $p$ , $\pi^+$ ) @ 20 AGeV

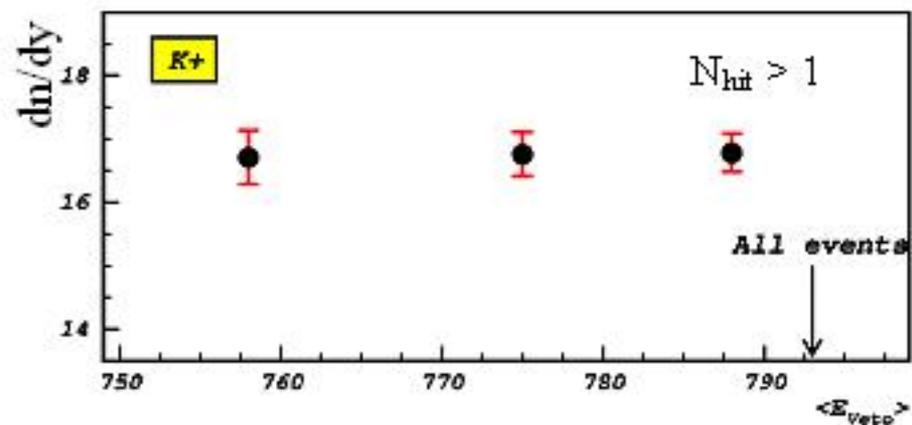


Agreement is good

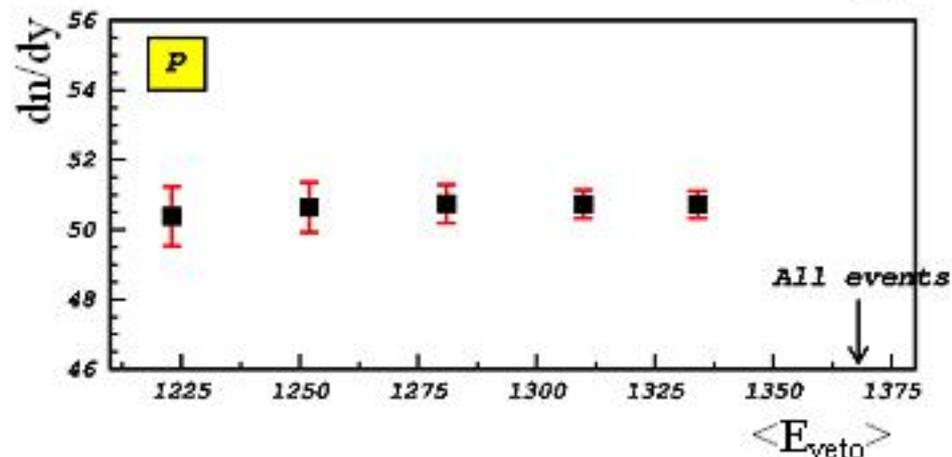
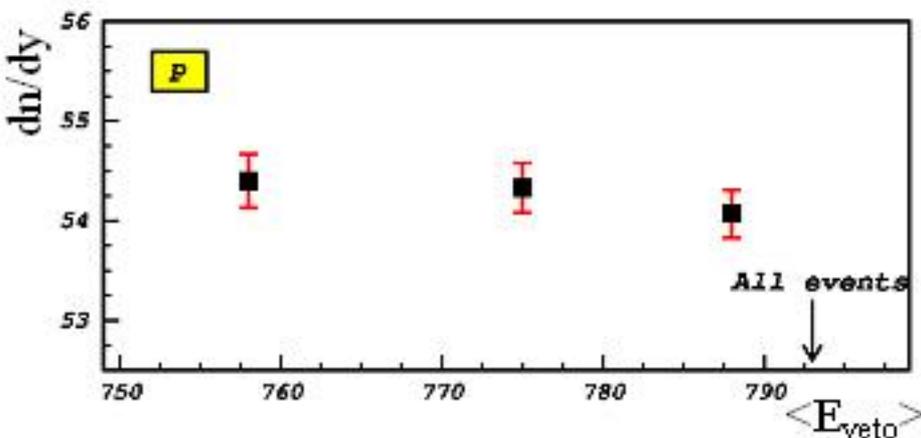
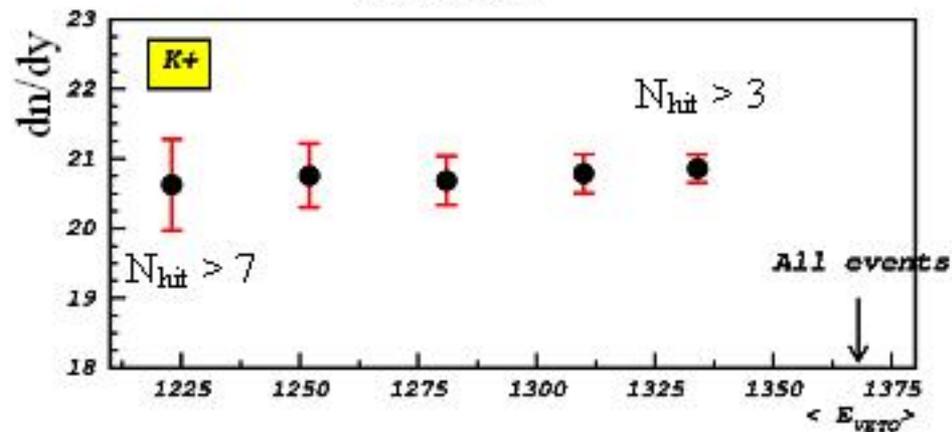
## Errors estimation

Correction	$\Delta dn/dy$ (%)	$\Delta T$ (MeV)
Identification	2%	1-2
TOF quality cuts	1.5%	2
Acceptance (decay)	0	0
$N_{\text{hit}} > 1$ cut	1-2%	1
Fitting, number of points	1%	2-3
<b>Total (absolute value)</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>5</b>

20 AGeV



30 AGeV



**No  $N_{\text{TOF}}$  hit dependence is seen for  $K^+$  &  $p$**

## Summary

- Analysis of the energy dependence of  $K^+$  production (TOF) is now complete
- $m_t(p_t)$  distributions of  $K^+$  @ 20 AGeV (7% Pb+Pb) are shown
- $dn/dy$  and slope parameter  $T$  of  $K^+$  @ 20 AGeV are derived
$$\begin{aligned}dn/dy &= 16.8 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.6 \\ T &= 222 \pm 4 \pm 5 \text{ MeV}\end{aligned}$$
- Results are consistent with those from the  $dE/dx$  analysis at all energies.

# Energy & centrality dependence of $p\bar{p}$ production

**Energy:** 5%(10%) **central @ 158 AGeV**, 7% **@ 40,80 AGeV**.

Results (feeddown corrected  $p\bar{p}$ ) were presented at QM02 and SQM02.

7% **central @ 30,20 AGeV** – analysis in progress

(Nothing new to present at the moment ...)

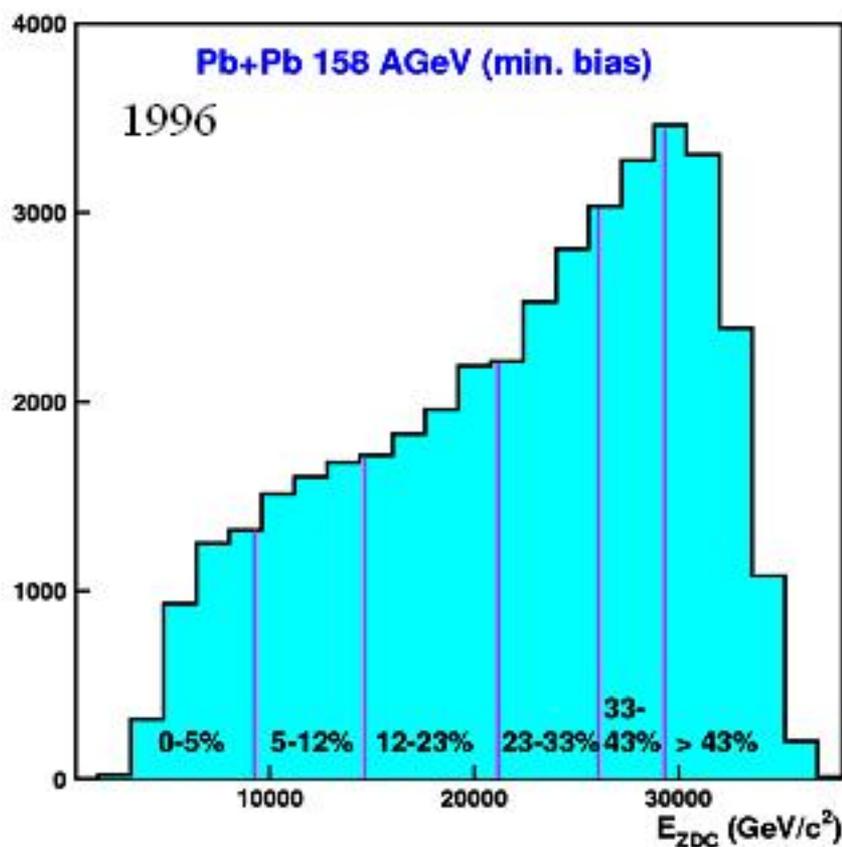
**Centrality:** first results from TOF in **min. bias Pb+Pb @ 158 AGeV**  
(feeddown corrected  $p\bar{p}$ )

**Data set:** 1996 00M STD+ (100k), 2000 01C STD+ (280k)

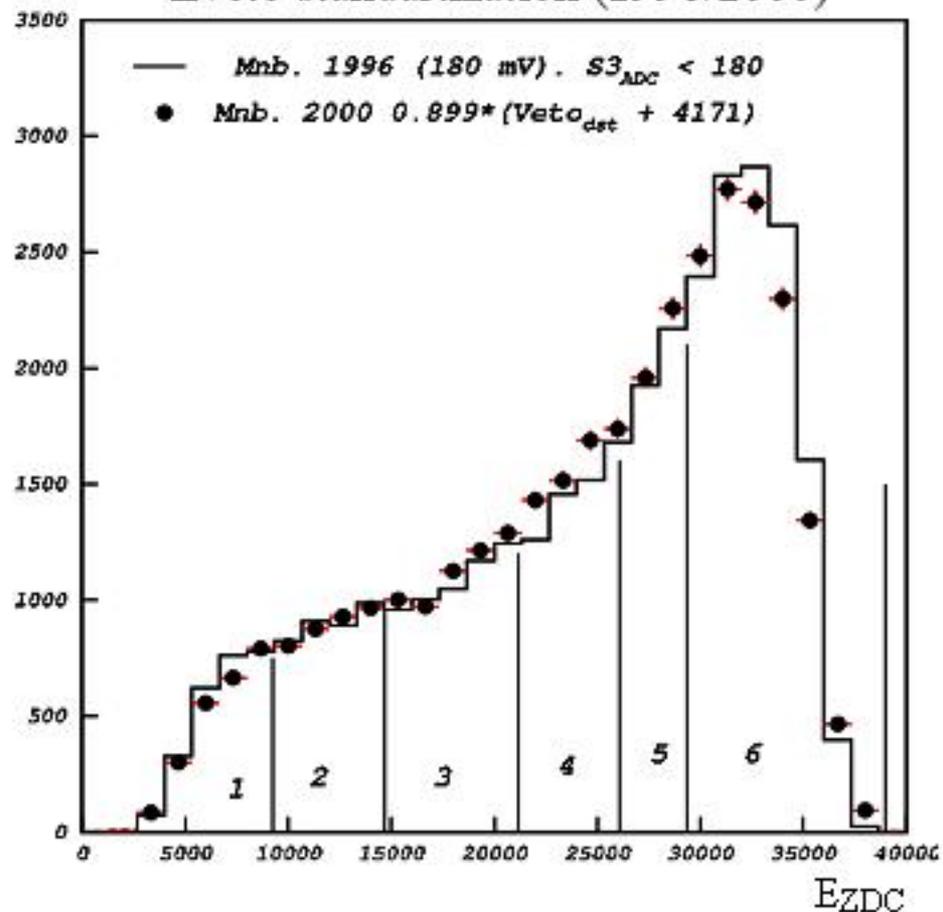
Also results from 10% central Pb+Pb @ 158 AGeV can be used  
(centrality bins 1,2)

# Centrality selection

made by G.Cooper



Eveto standartization (1996/2000)



	central	↔	peripheral
$\langle N_{part} \rangle$	366		85
$b$ (fm)	0-3.4		10-14

## The estimation of a mean number of participants

In each centrality bin a direct estimate of the number of participating nucleons was made by estimated of the net barion number carried by produced particles.

$$(B - \bar{B}) = (p - \bar{p}) + (n - \bar{n}) + (Y - \bar{Y})$$

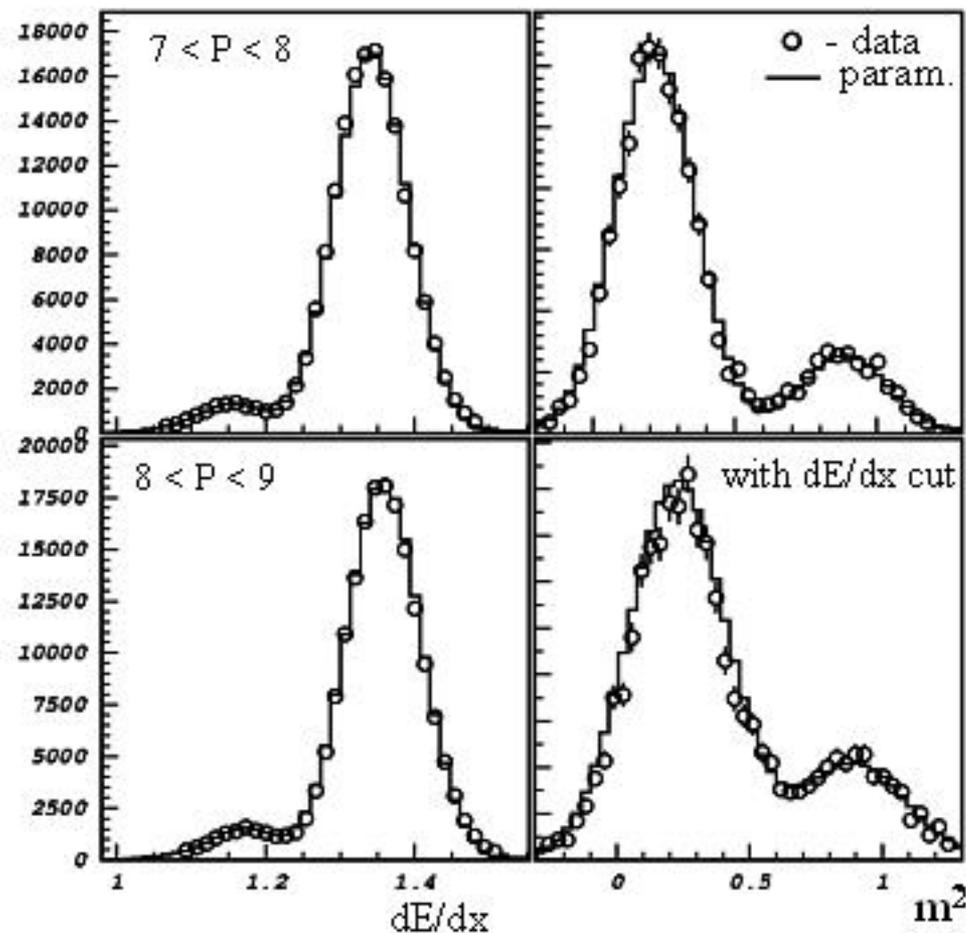
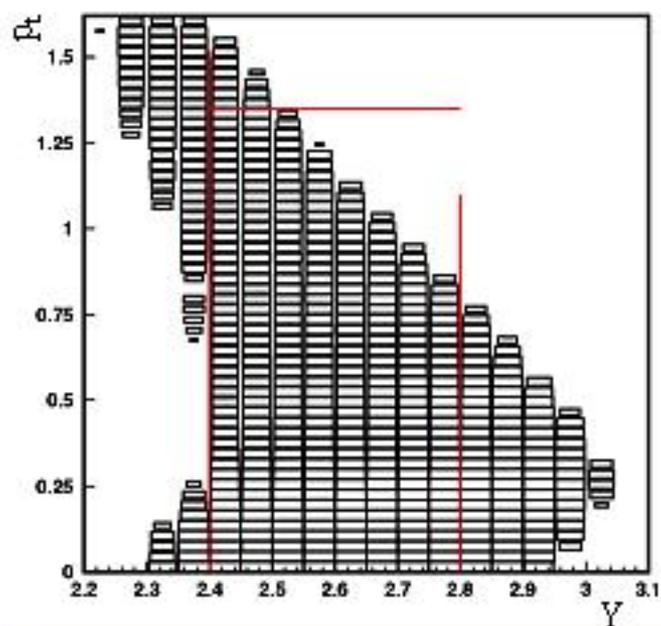
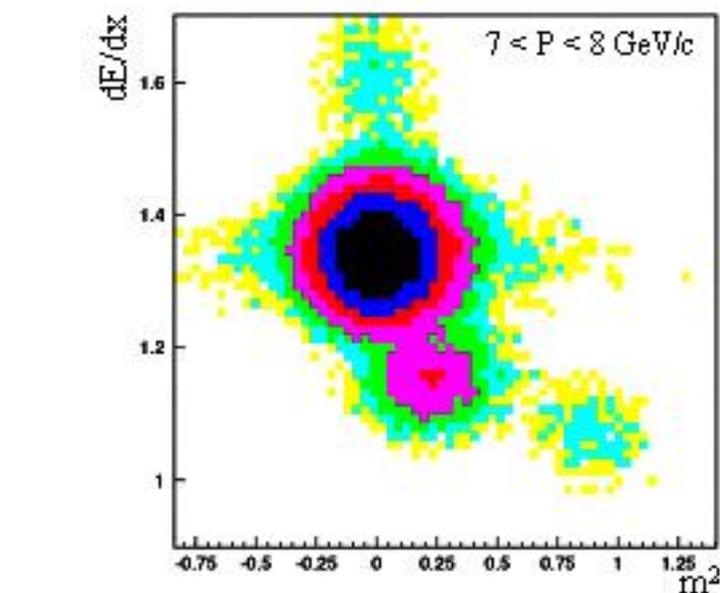
Averaging the results of several models and experimental data:

$$N_{part} = (1 + \alpha)(p - \bar{p}) + 2 \frac{1 + \beta}{1 + 2\beta} (K^+ - K^-)$$

$$\text{where } \alpha = (n - \bar{n}) / (p - \bar{p}) \approx 1.07 \quad \beta = (Y - \bar{Y})_{s=2} / (Y - \bar{Y})_{s=1} \approx 0.1$$

Bin	E/E <sub>beam</sub>	$\sigma/\sigma_{tot}(\%)$	$\langle N_{part} \rangle$	$\langle N_w \rangle$	b (fm)
1	0-0.25	0-5	366 ± 8	352	0-3.4
2	0.25-0.4	5-12	309 ± 10	281	3.4-5.3
3	0.4-0.58	12-23	242 ± 10	204	5.3-7.3
4	0.58-0.71	23-33	178 ± 10	134	7.4-9.1
5	0.71-0.8	33-43	132 ± 10	88	9.1-10.2
6	0.8-1.0	43-100	85 ± 6	42	10.2-14.0

# PID, acceptance, etc.



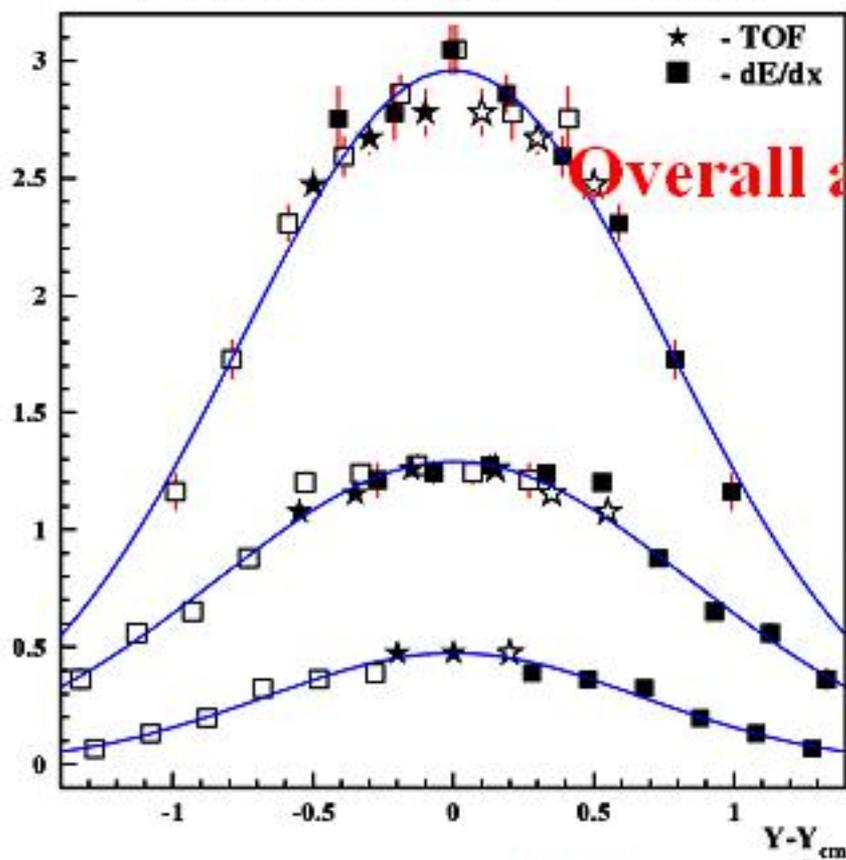
$$2.4 < Y < 2.8$$

$$0 < p_t < 1.35 \text{ GeV}/c$$

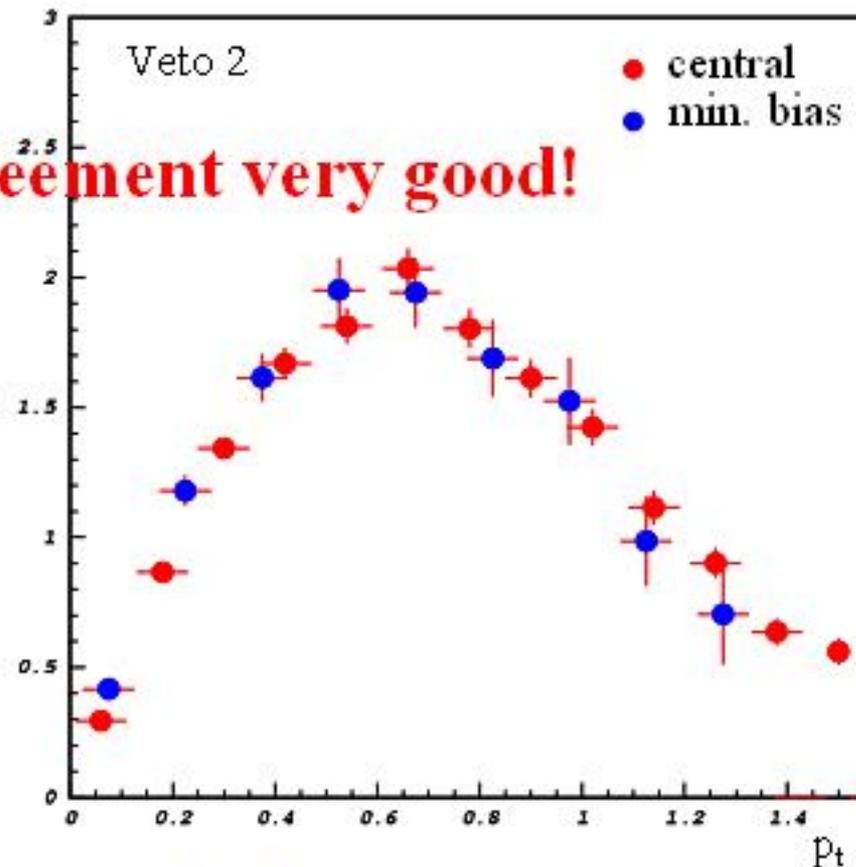
$$0 < m_t - m < 0.75 \text{ GeV}/c^2$$

# $Pbar p_{\tau}$ -distributions (w/o feeddown)

$\bar{P}$  yield at 40,80,160 GeV (uncorrected)



central  
 1996  
 Eveto96  
 TOFL



min. bias  
 1996(35%)+2000(65%)  
 Eveto96 + Eveto00  
 TOFR

# Feeddown correction

(see NA49 *p/d* publication for details)

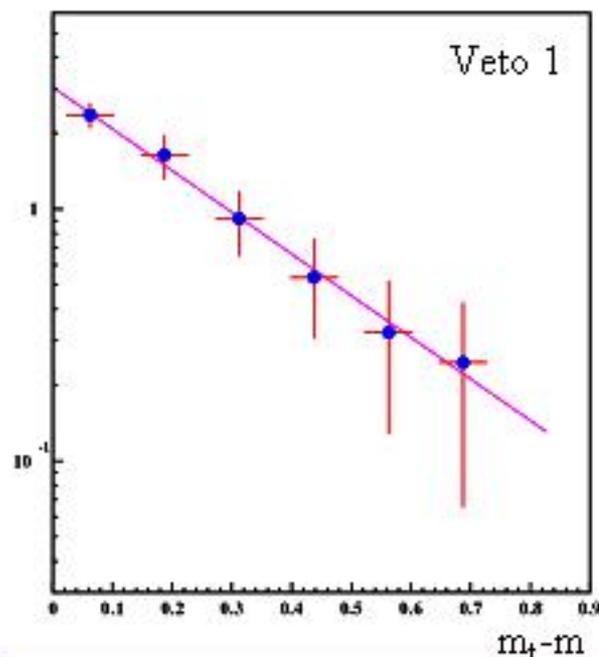
VENUS + GEANT + reconstruction

As an input for the  $\bar{\Lambda}$  phase-space distribution the following experimental data were used:

NA49 – 10% central Pb+Pb @ 158 AGeV (A.Mischke)

NA57 – min. bias Pb+Pb @ 158 AGeV ( $N_{\text{wound}} = 50 \div 360$ )

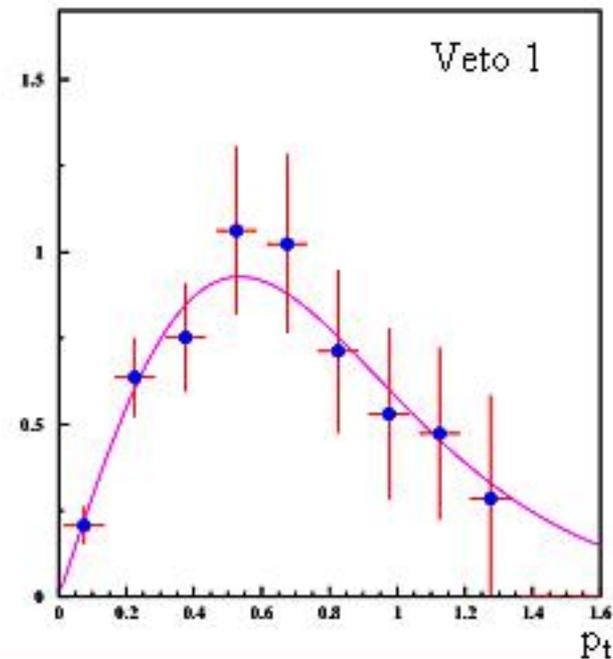
WA97 – min. bias Pb+Pb @ 158 AGeV ( $N_{\text{part}} = 120 \div 360$ )



Feeddown ( $\bar{\Lambda} + \bar{\Sigma}$ ):

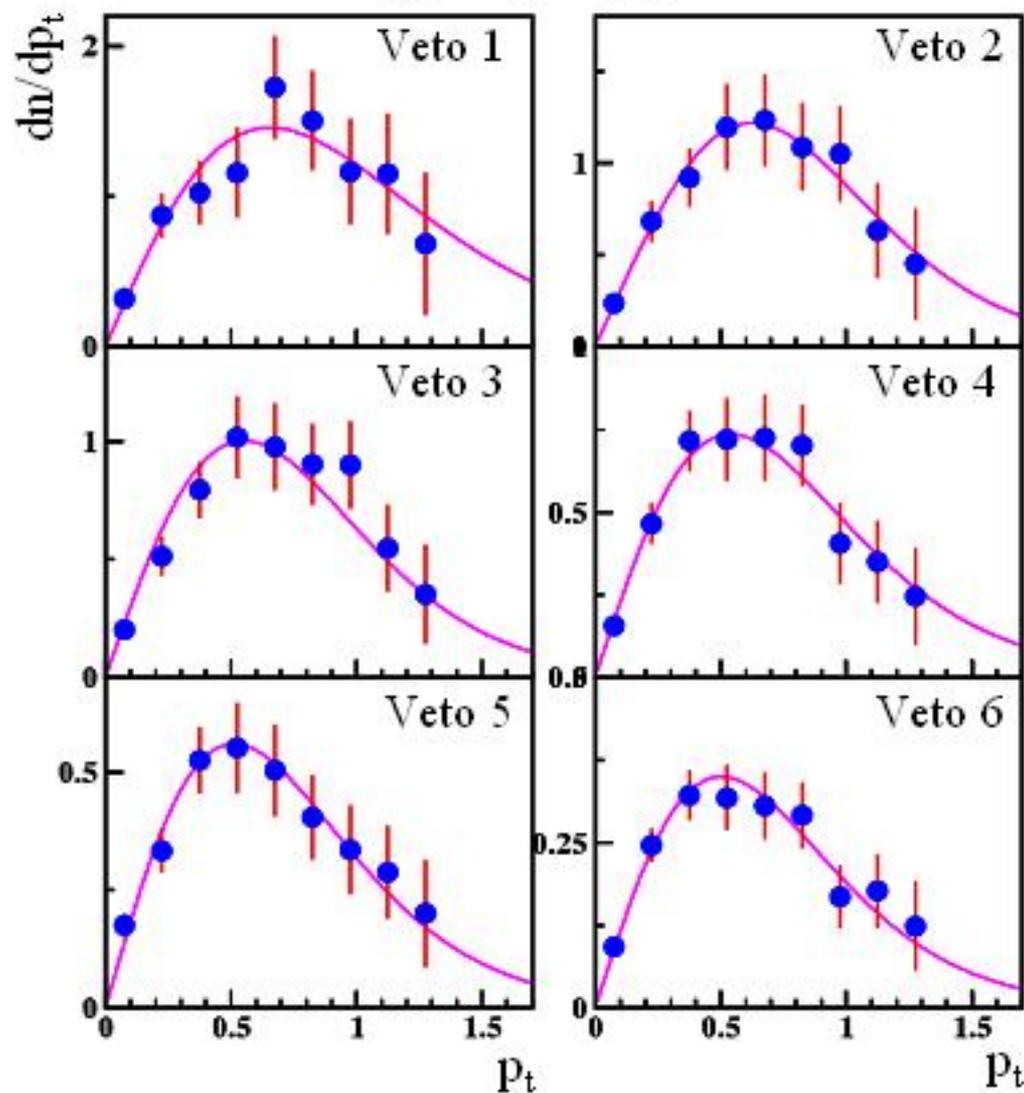
$$dn/dy(\%) = 25 \div 35\%$$

$$T = 215 \div 265 \text{ MeV}$$



# $Pbar$ $p_t$ -spectra at 158 AGeV (w. feeddown)

$2.4 < Y < 2.8$

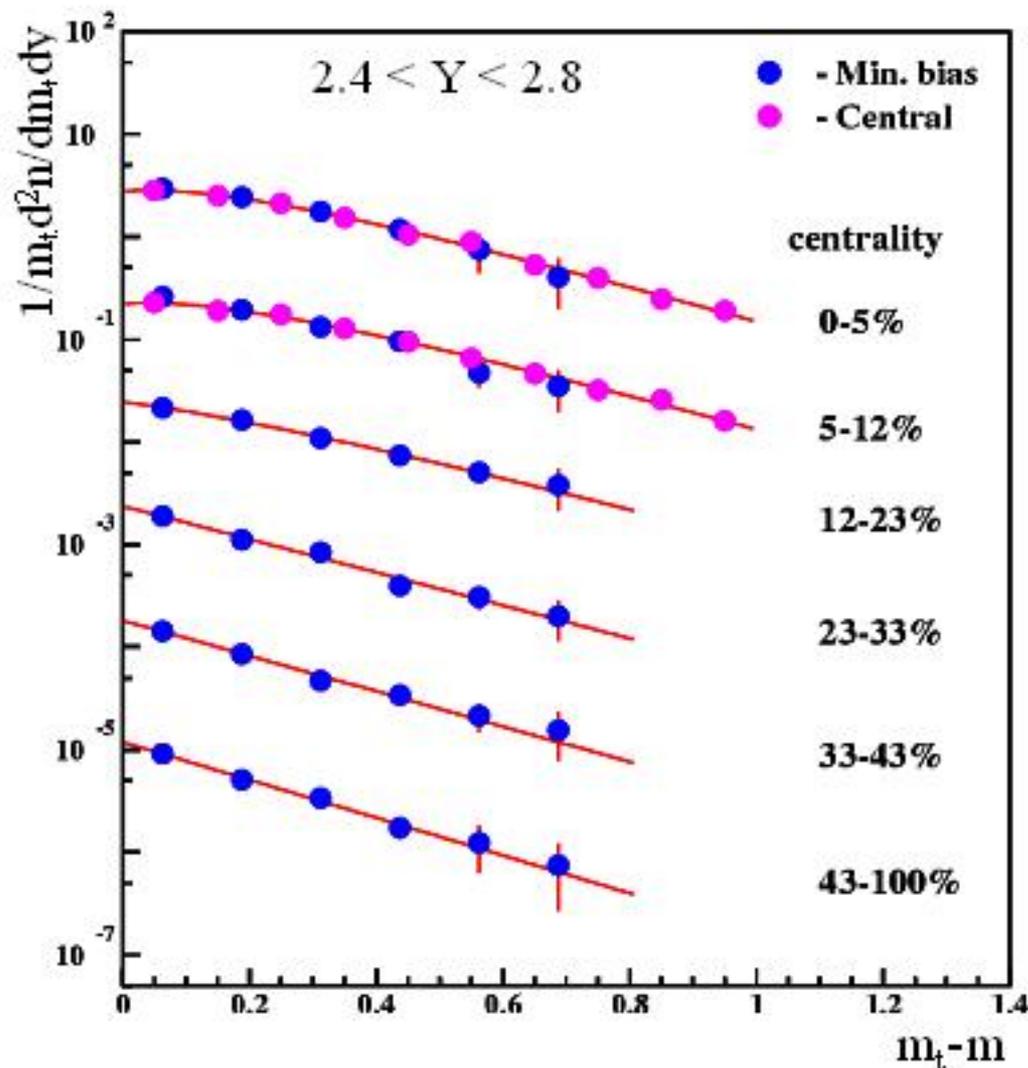


$$\frac{dn}{dy} = \sum_i^{13} y_i \cdot \Delta p_t + \underbrace{\int_{13}^{\infty} f(p_t) dp_t}_I$$

$$I \approx (8 \div 15)\%$$

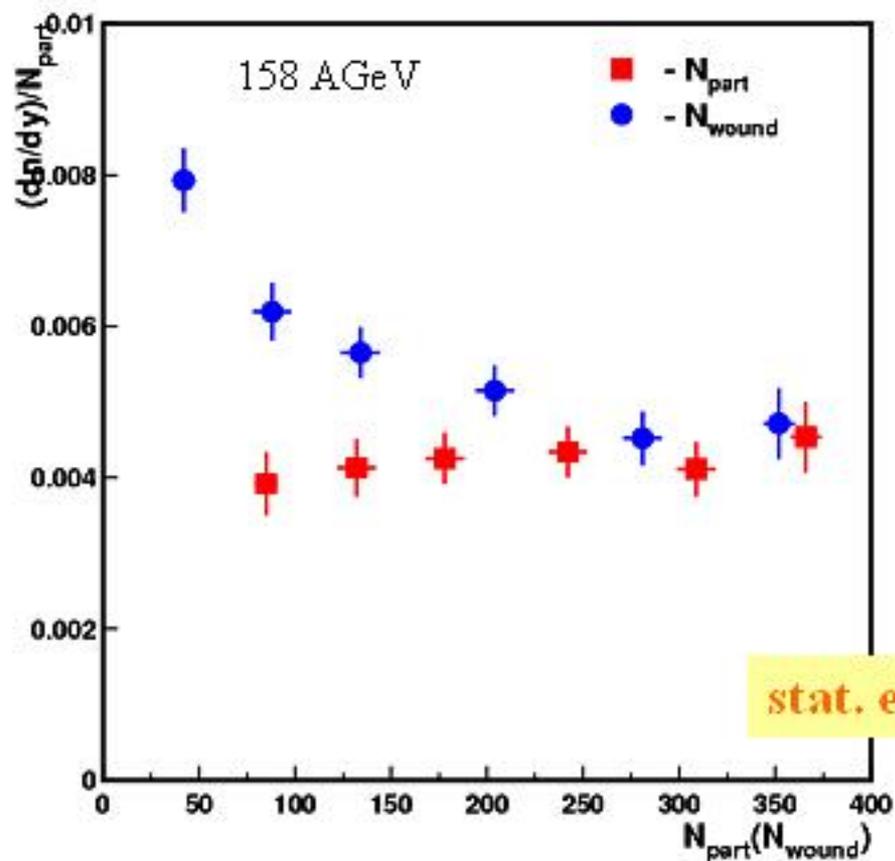
Veto #	$dn/dy$
1	$1.66 \pm 0.17$
2	$1.27 \pm 0.11$
3	$1.05 \pm 0.08$
4	$0.76 \pm 0.06$
5	$0.55 \pm 0.05$
6	$0.33 \pm 0.04$

# *Pbar* *m<sub>t</sub>*-spectra at 158 AGeV (min.b @ central)

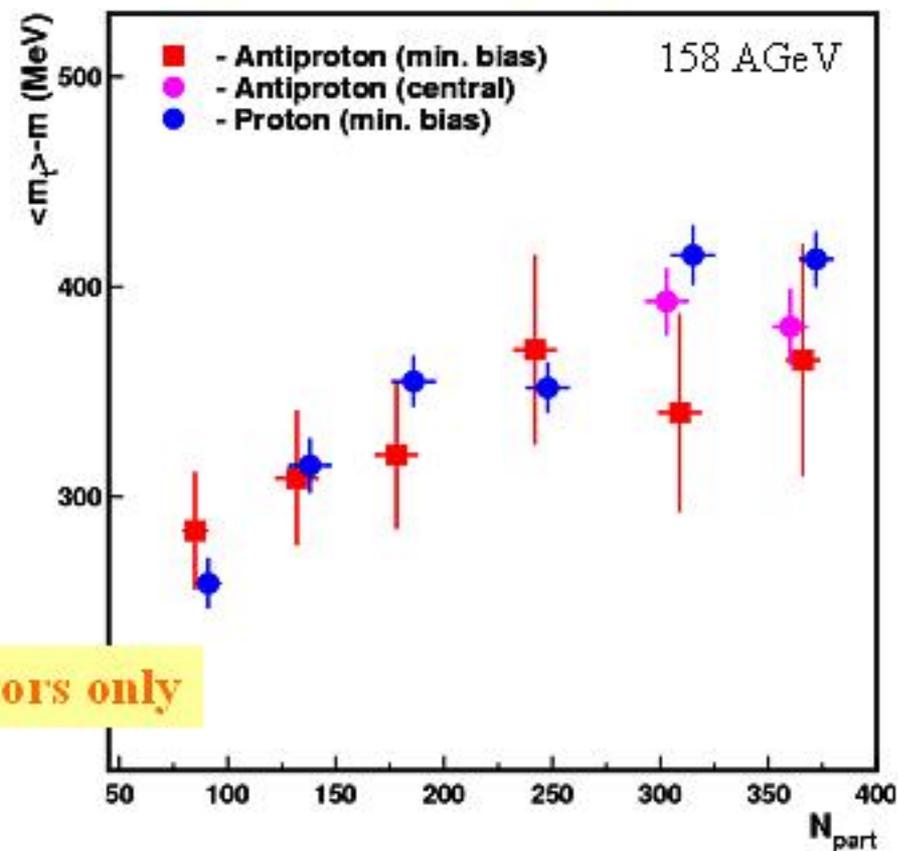


Veto #	$\langle m_t \rangle - m$ (MeV)
1	$381 \pm 18$
2	$393 \pm 16$
3	$370 \pm 45$
4	$326 \pm 35$
5	$305 \pm 32$
6	$283 \pm 28$

## *Pbar* density per participant



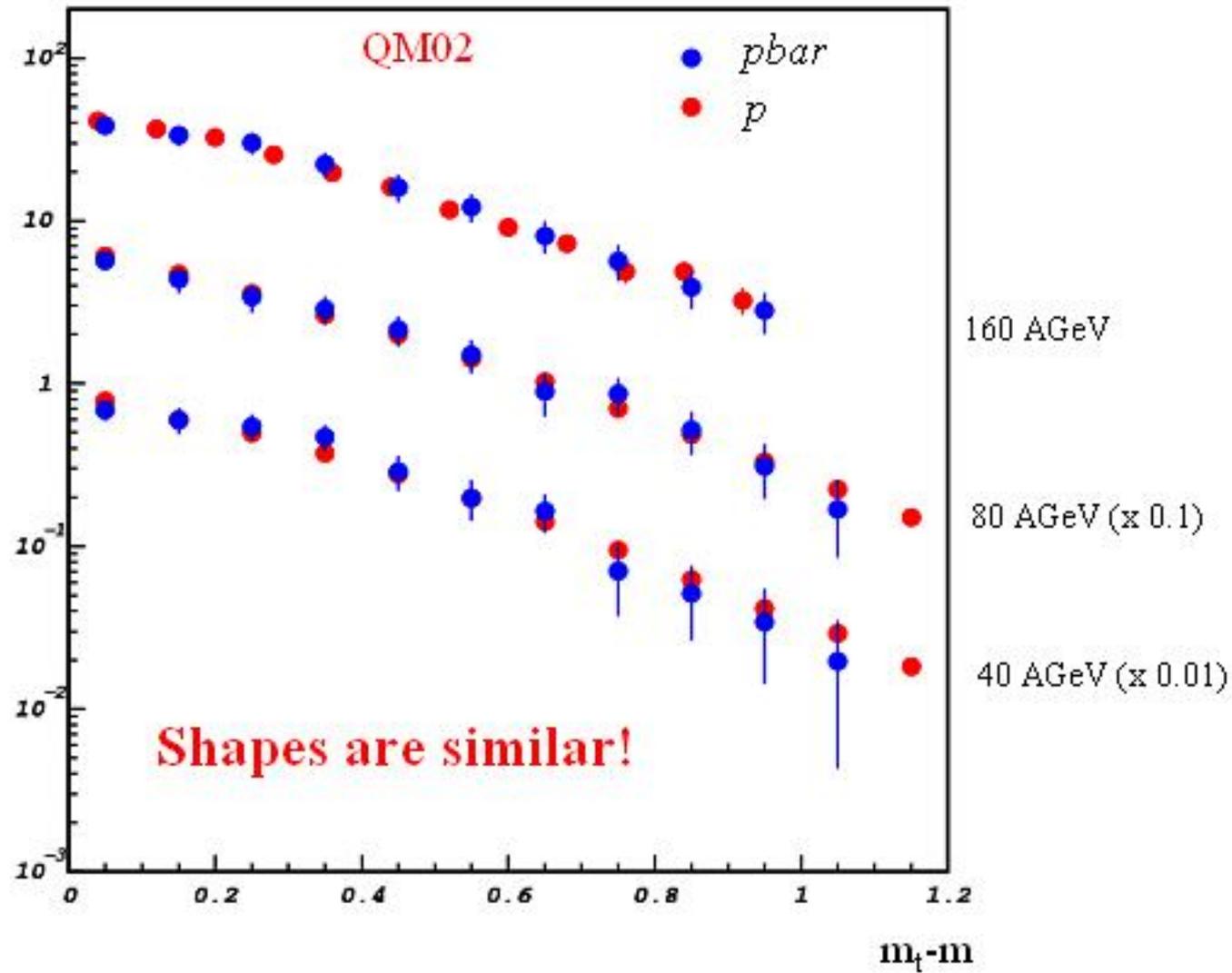
## $\langle m_{\ell} \rangle - m$ centrality dependence



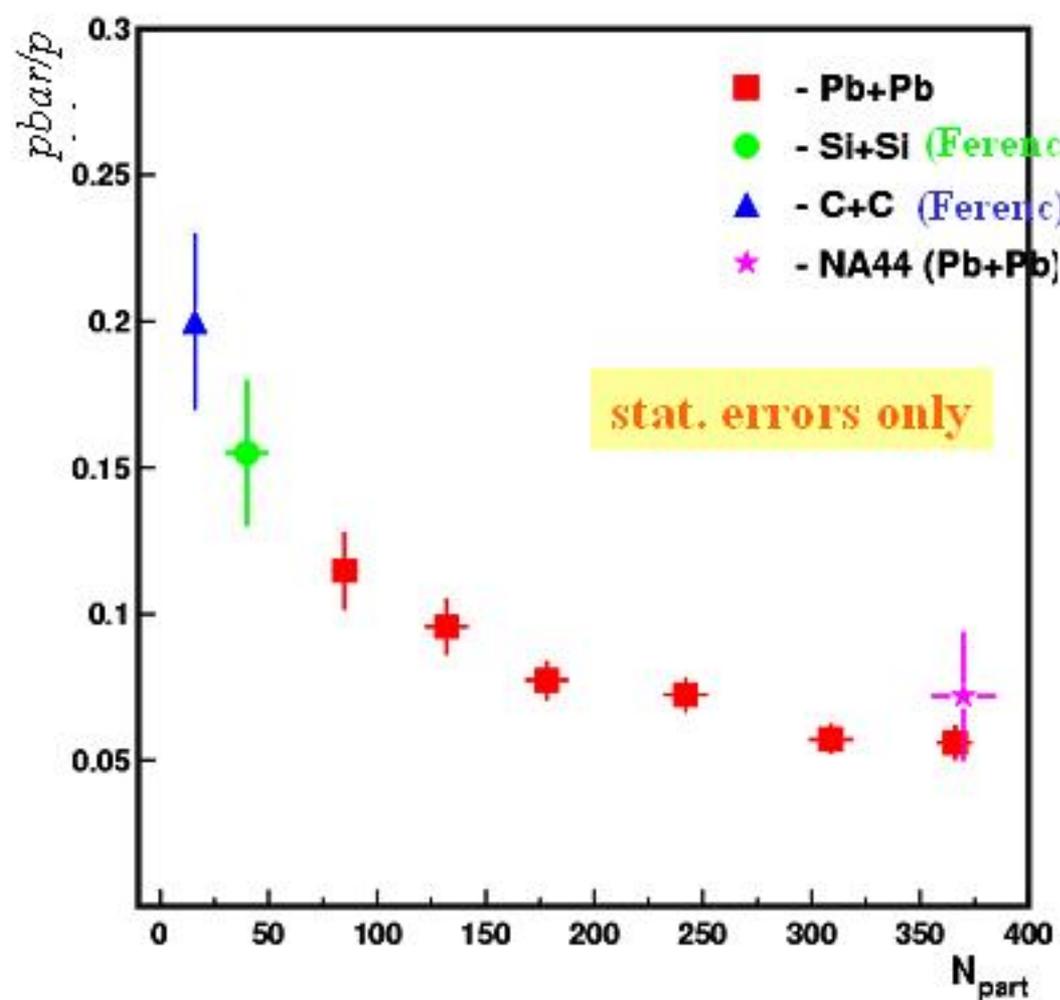
*Pbar* per participant at  $Y_{CM}$  is flat as a function of  $N_{part}$ , but that increases versus  $N_{wound}$  towards peripheral collisions

Shapes of the  $m_{\ell}$ -distributions of  $p$  and  $pbar$  are similar for all centralities

# $p, pbar$ $m_{\tau}$ -spectra in central P+Pb



## Centrality dependence of the $p\bar{p}/p$ ratio @ 158 AGeV



## Summary

- *Pbar* mid-rapidity spectra from the NA49 TOF detector measured in min. bias Pb+Pb collisions @ 158 AGeV are shown
- Feeddown correction is made using results on  $\bar{\Lambda}$  production from NA49, WA97 and NA57 experiments
- *Pbar* midrapidity  $m_{\perp}(p_{\perp})$ -spectra for six centrality bins are presented,  $dn/dy$  and  $\langle m_{\perp} \rangle$ - $m$  are obtained
- Transverse mass distributions of pbars are similar to those of protons at all centralities and beam energies
- Midrapidity yield of antiprotons per participant is flat as a function of  $N_{\text{part}}$ , but grows as a function of  $N_{\text{wound}}$  towards peripheral collisions

## To Do:

- *Pbar* @ 30 AGeV (analysis in progress)
- *Pbar* @ 20 AGeV (not started yet)
- For all above  $\bar{\Lambda}$  @ 20,30 AGeV is needed

# $p, d @ 20, 30 \text{ AGeV}$

(the same as for  $K^+$ )

## Data set:

360k SUD1 (03A) (7% 20 AGeV)

## Event selection:

- $\text{vertex\_fit.iflag} = 0$
- $\text{abs}(\text{vertex\_fit.z} - Z_{\text{target}}) < 1\text{cm}$
- $(N_{\text{TOFhits}})_\pi > 1$

## Track quality cuts:

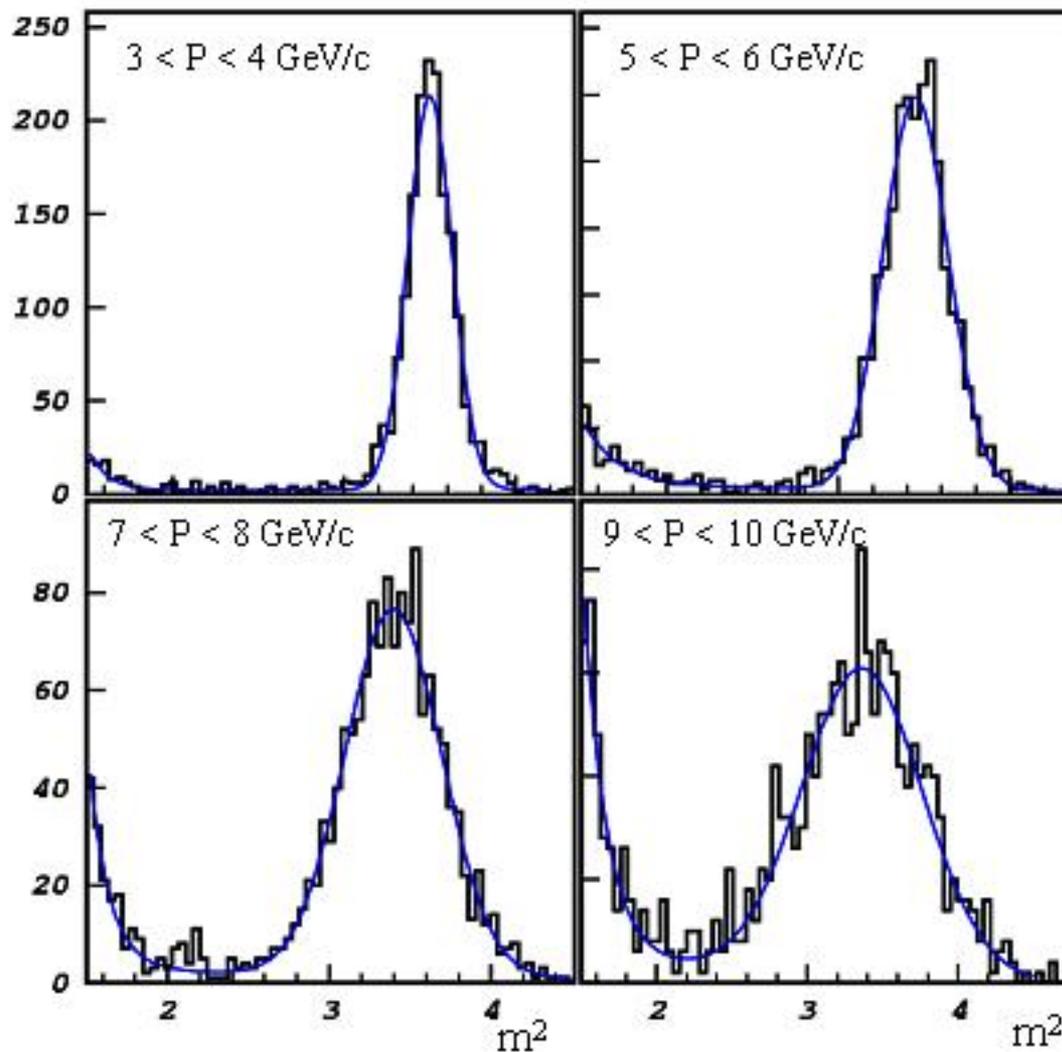
- $\text{track.px} > 0$ .
- global tracks MTPC matched with VT1/VT2
- $\text{track.iflag} = 0$
- last point

## TOF cuts:

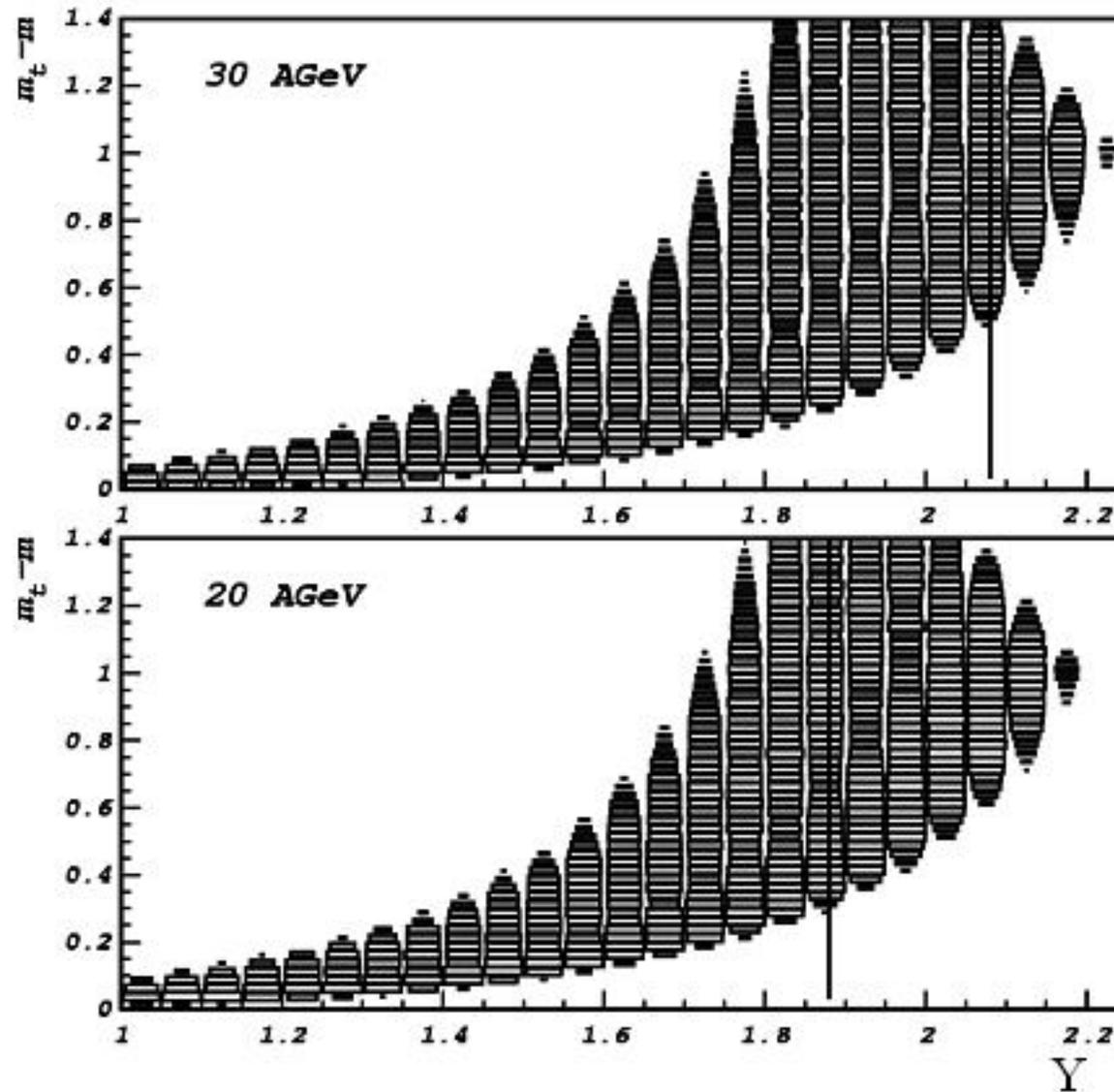
- multyhits
- edge cut (1mm)
- QDC cut ( $0.8 < \text{QDC} < 1.6$ )(1.75 for low momentum)

# Deuteron ID @ 20, 30 AGeV

$$dE/dx < (E_{\text{mean}} + 3\sigma_E)$$

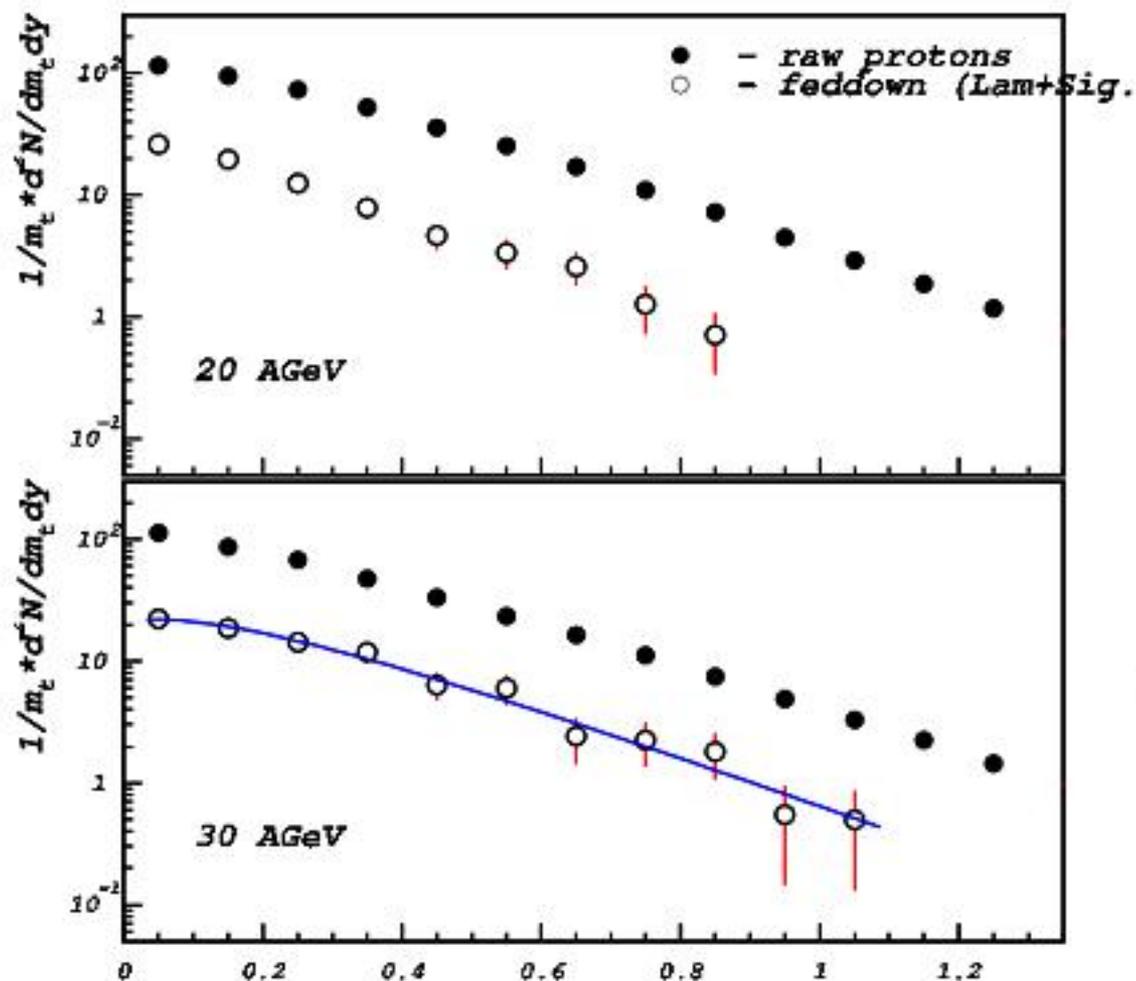


# Deuteron acceptance (TOF)



# Feeddown correction

(standart procedure)



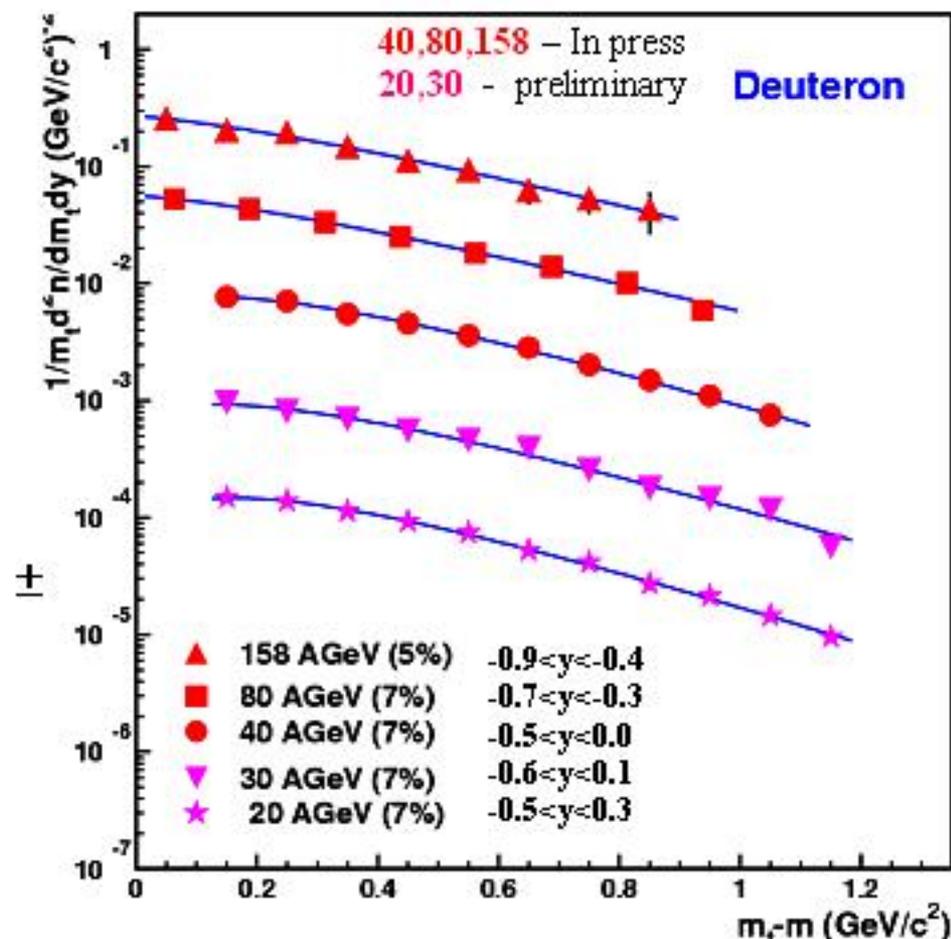
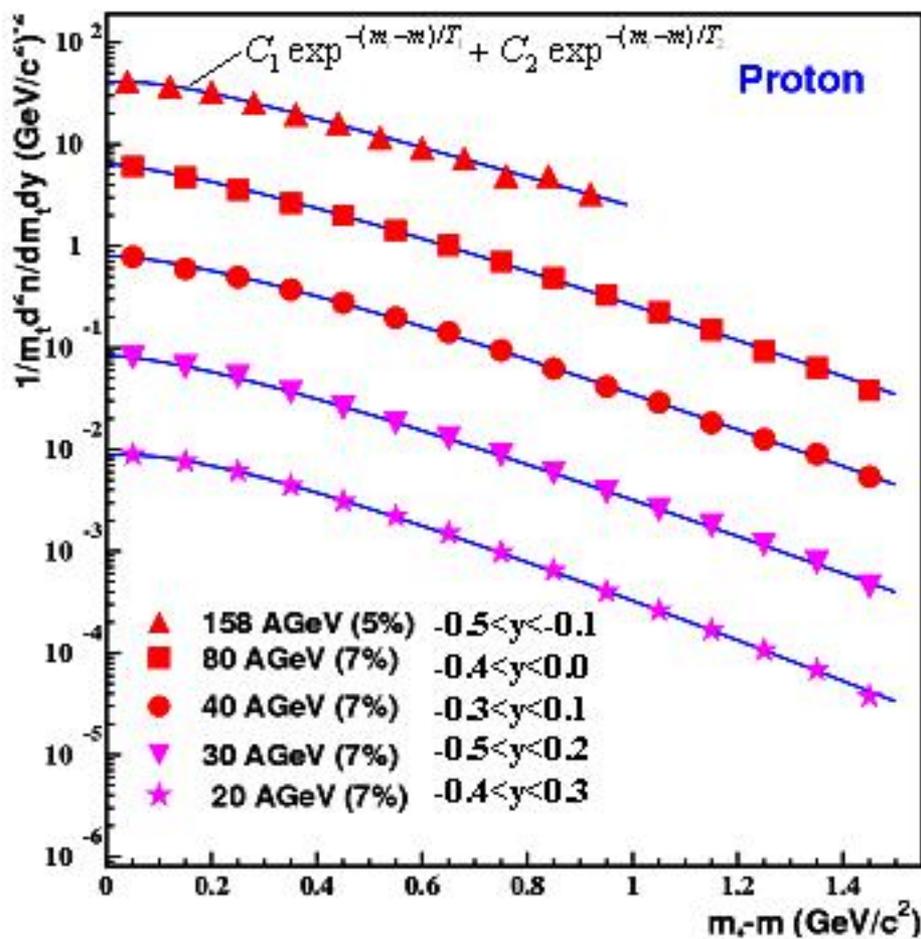
$$\langle \Lambda \rangle = \frac{\langle K^+ \rangle - \langle K^- \rangle}{0.8}$$

$$T_\Lambda = T_p$$

Feeddown correction:

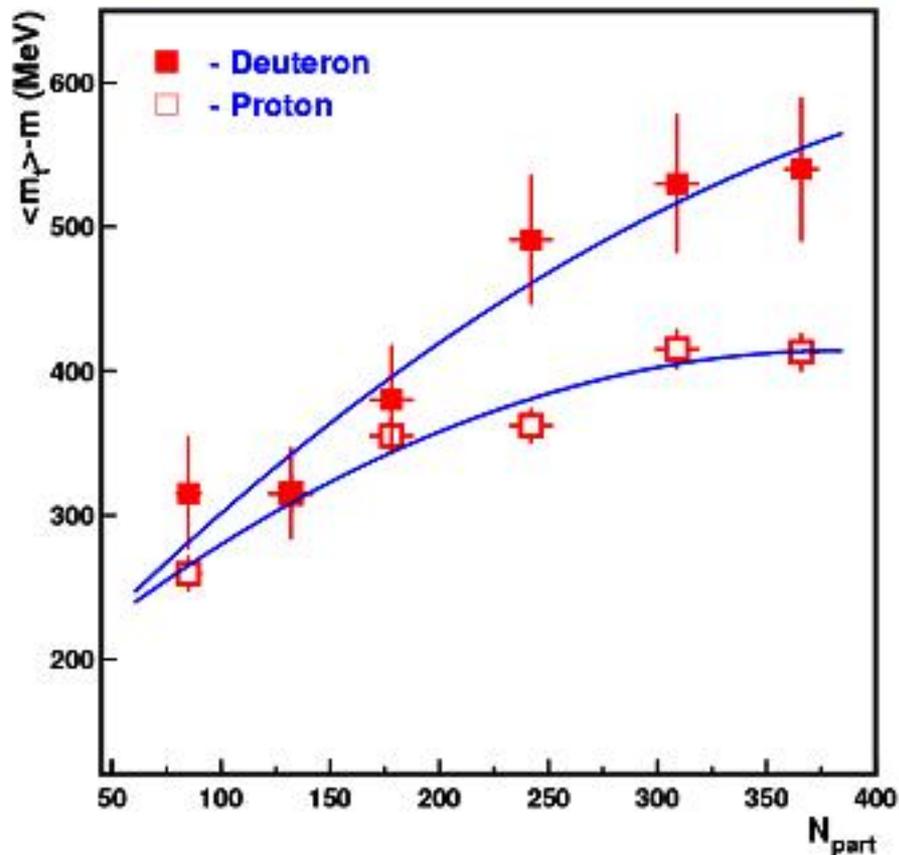
(14 – 17)% @ 20, 30 AGeV

# Mid-rapidity $p, d$ $m_T$ -spectra in central Pb+Pb @ 20-158 AGeV

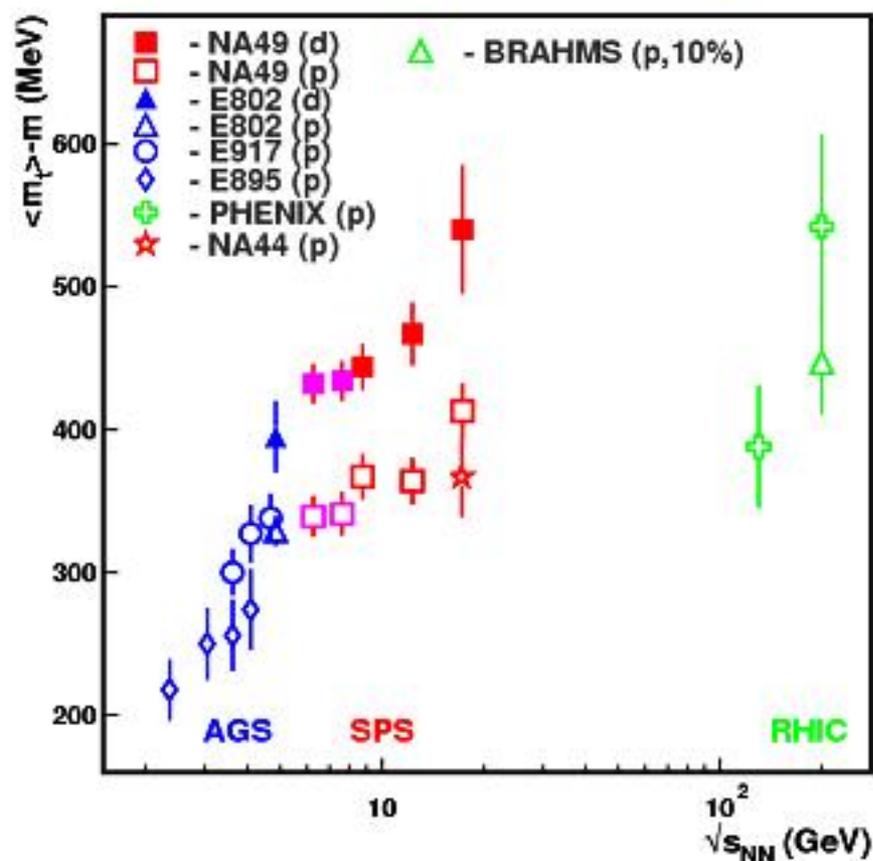


$E_{\text{beam}}/A$ (GeV)	20	30	40	80	158
$dn/dy$ ( $d$ )	$2.11 \pm 0.19$	$1.38 \pm 0.15$	$1.02 \pm 0.12$	$0.59 \pm 0.08$	$0.33 \pm 0.04$
$dn/dy$ ( $p$ )	$45.0 \pm 3.0$	$41.6 \pm 3.0$	$41.3 \pm 2.4$	$30.1 \pm 2.0$	$29.6 \pm 2.1$

## 158 AGeV (Pb+Pb min. bias)

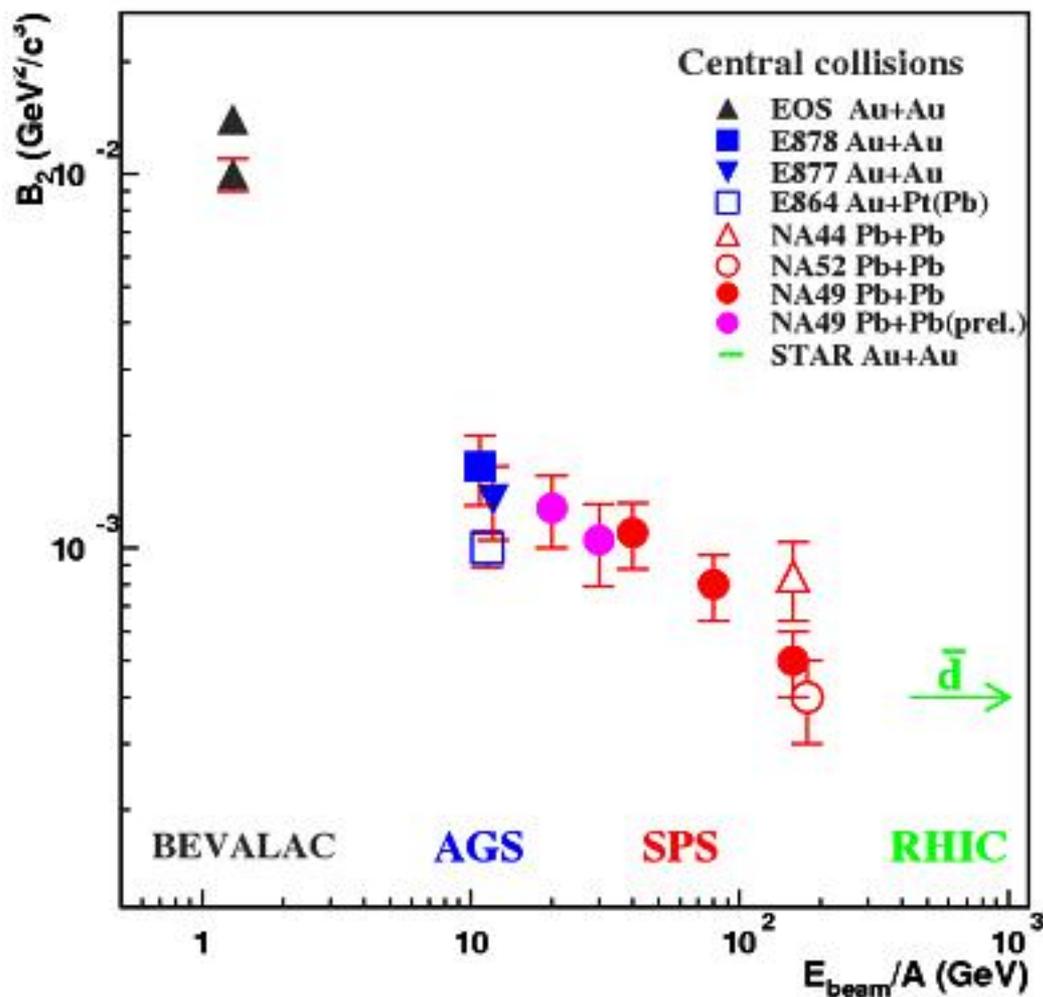


## Central (Pb+Pb, Au+Au)



- $\langle m_t \rangle - m_d \gg \langle m_t \rangle - m_p$  in central A+A collisions at all energies
- $\langle m_t \rangle - m_d \approx \langle m_t \rangle - m_p$  in peripheral collisions

# $B_2$ energy dependence (Bevalac-AGS-SPS-RHIC)



## Coalescence model:

$$E_d \frac{d^3 N_d}{dp_d^3} = B_2 \left( E_p \frac{d^3 N_p}{dp_p^3} \right)^2, \quad p_d = 2 \cdot p_p$$

$B_2$  decreases with energy (factor of 3 at SPS)

## Summary

- **$p, d$  midrapidity transverse mass spectra measured by NA49 in Pb+Pb at 20, 30 AGeV are presented**
- **Feeddown correction (15%) to protons based on an estimation of  $\Lambda$  yield obtained from the kaon results**
- **$m_t$  distributions of deuterons are harder than those of protons in central A+A collisions at all energies**
- **$B_2$  decreases with increasing of beam energy (factor of 3 at SP)**