

Determination of the Muon
Reconstruction Efficiency using the
 $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ events in p-p Collisions

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Introduction:

- We want to estimate the muon reconstruction efficiency in ATLAS .
- The muons we use are from Z boson decays which are almost background free.
- We apply Tag and Probe method to estimate the muon reconstruction efficiency.

The ATLAS detector

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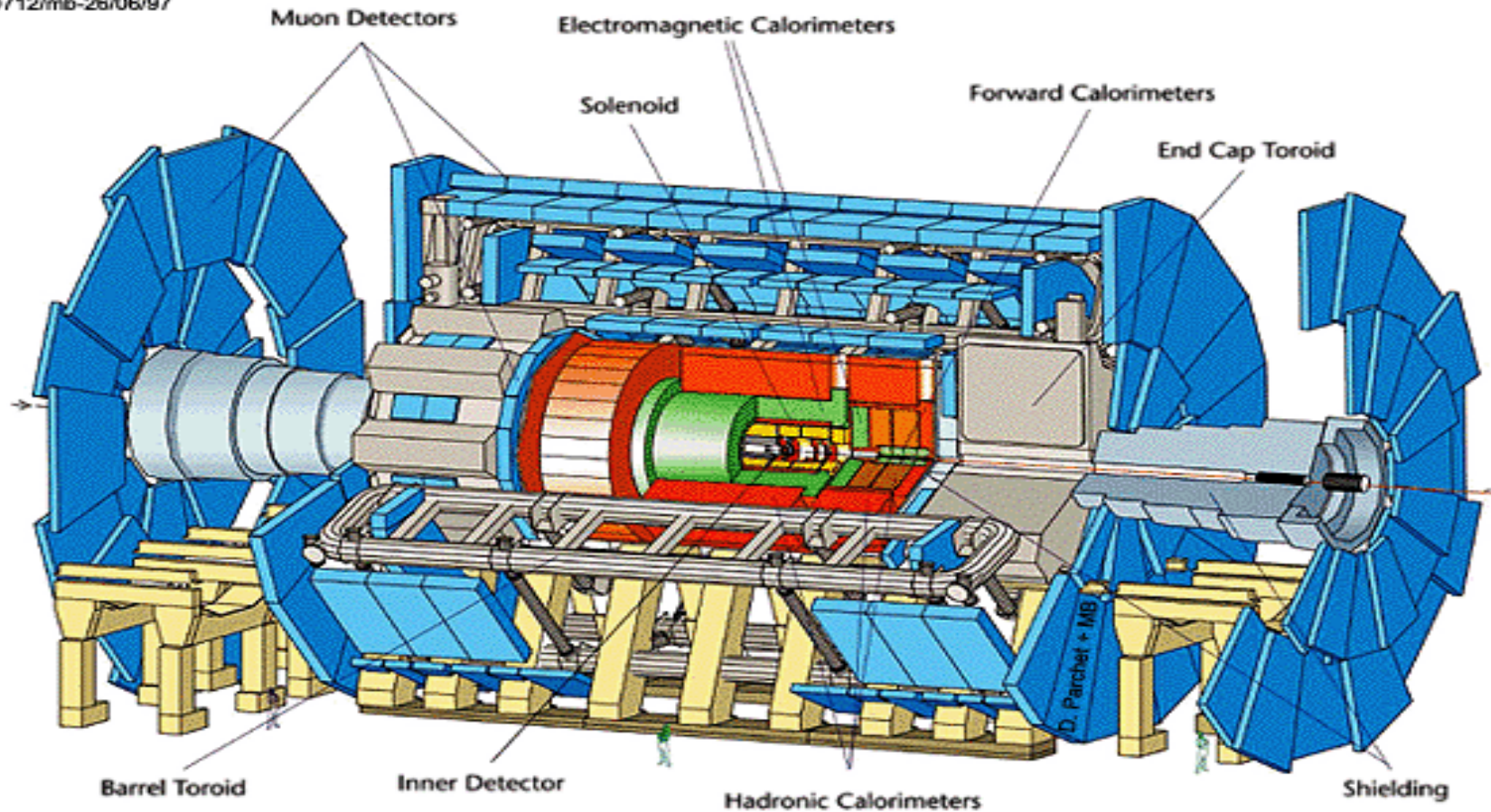
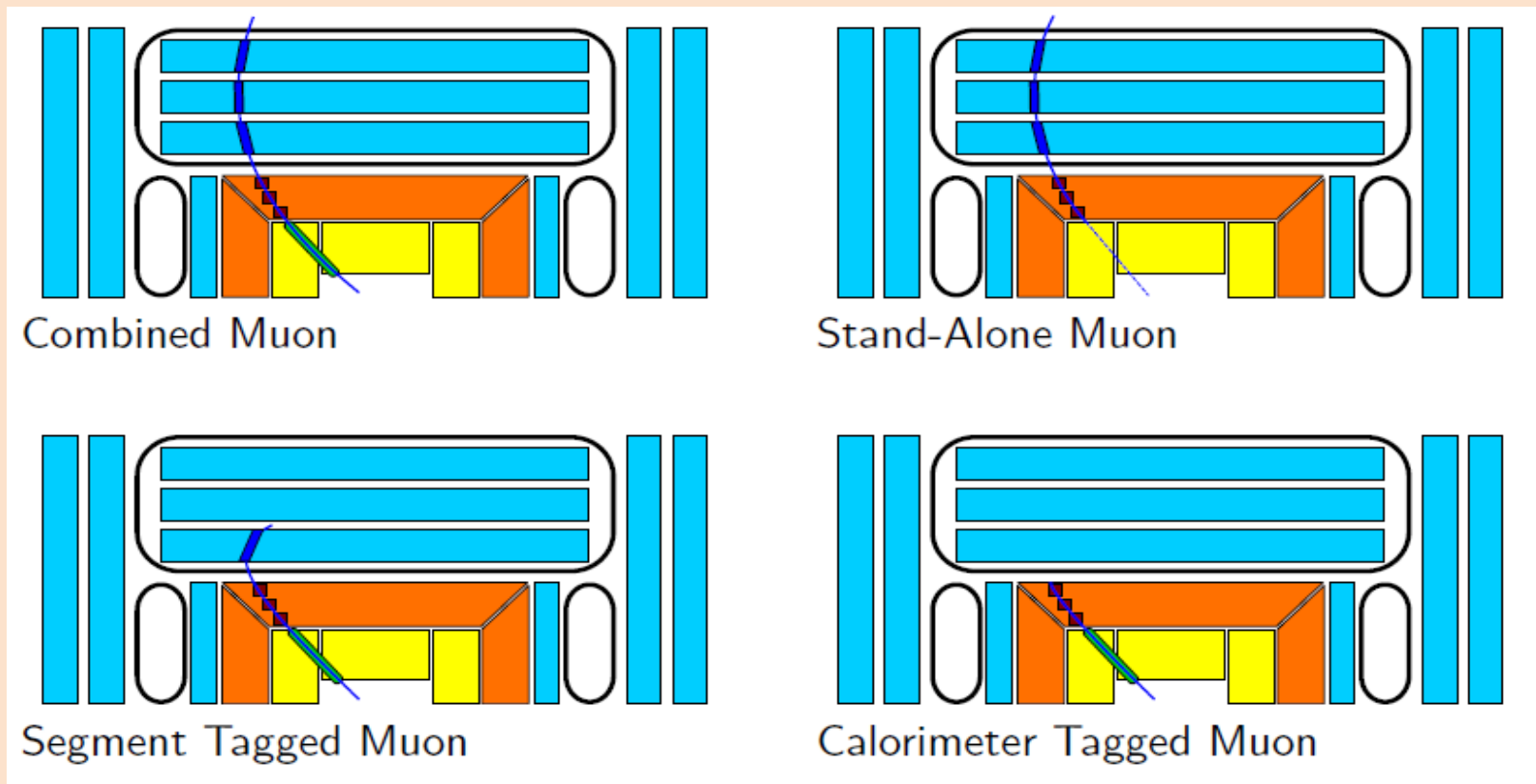


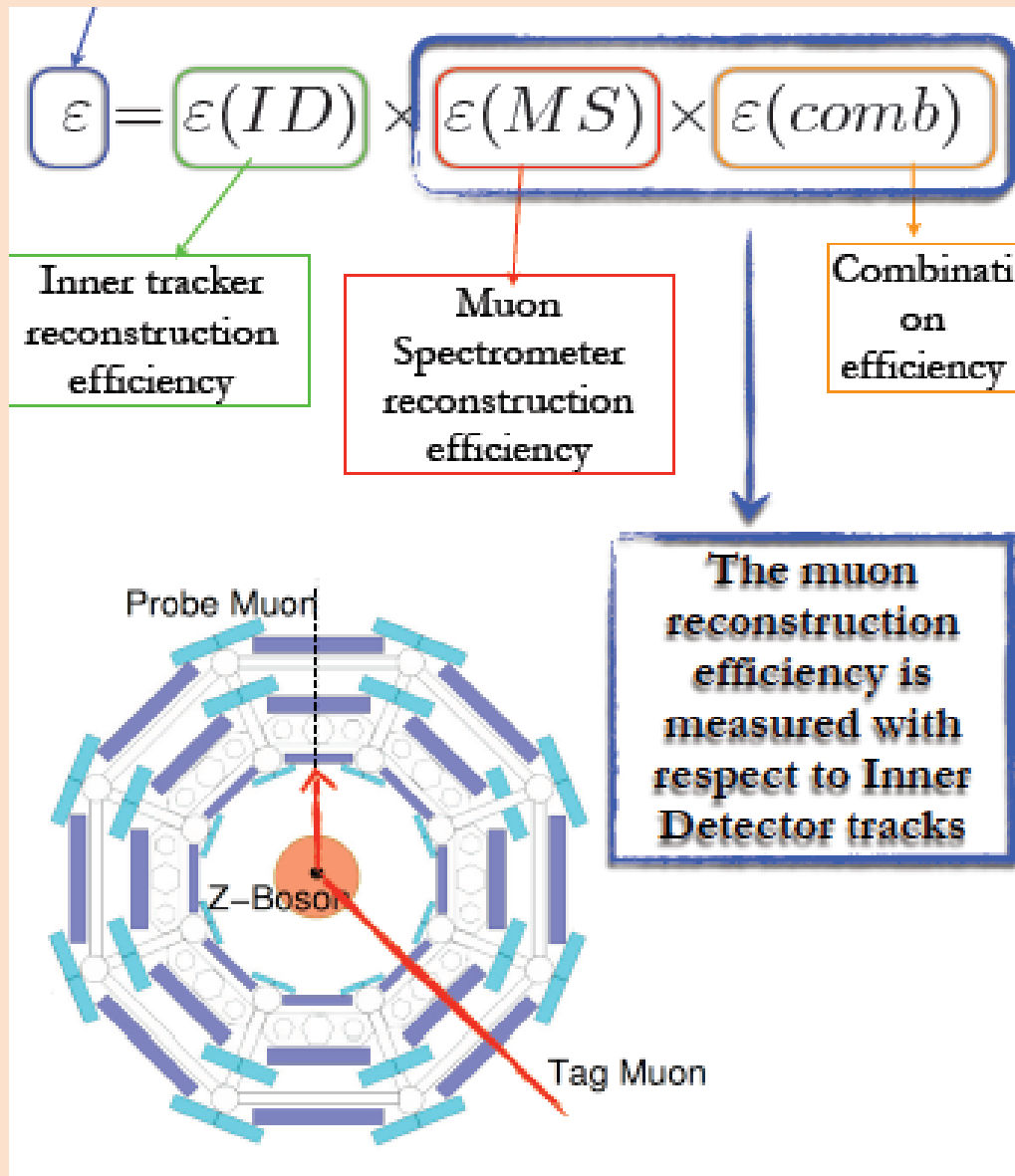
FIG. 1: Lay-out of the ATLAS detector with its major sub-system components. The diameter is about 25m, the total length about 46m, and the weight 7000 Tons.

Muon Categories at ATLAS



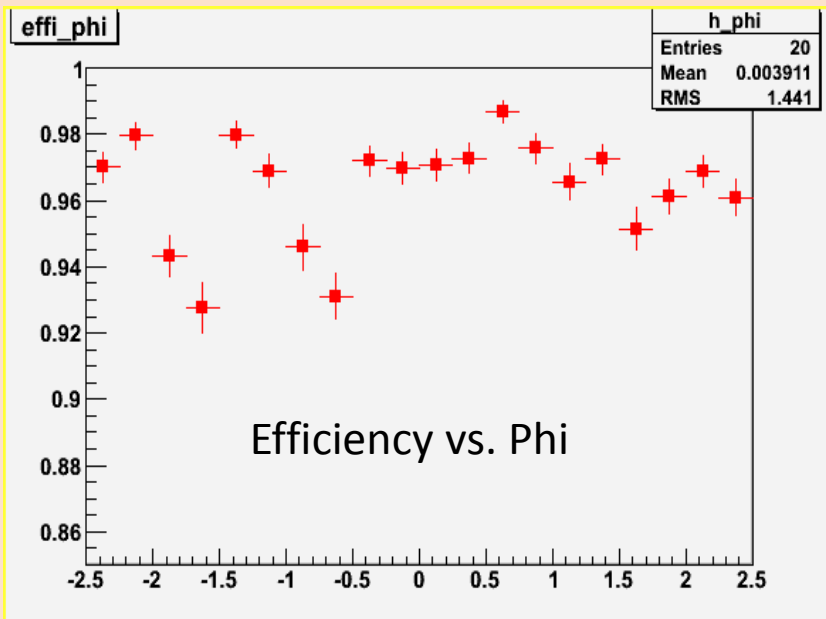
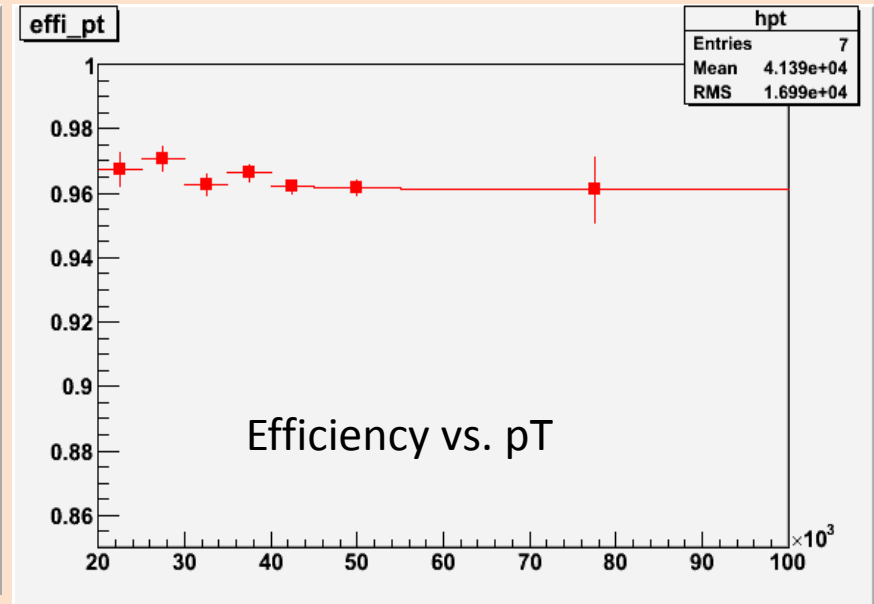
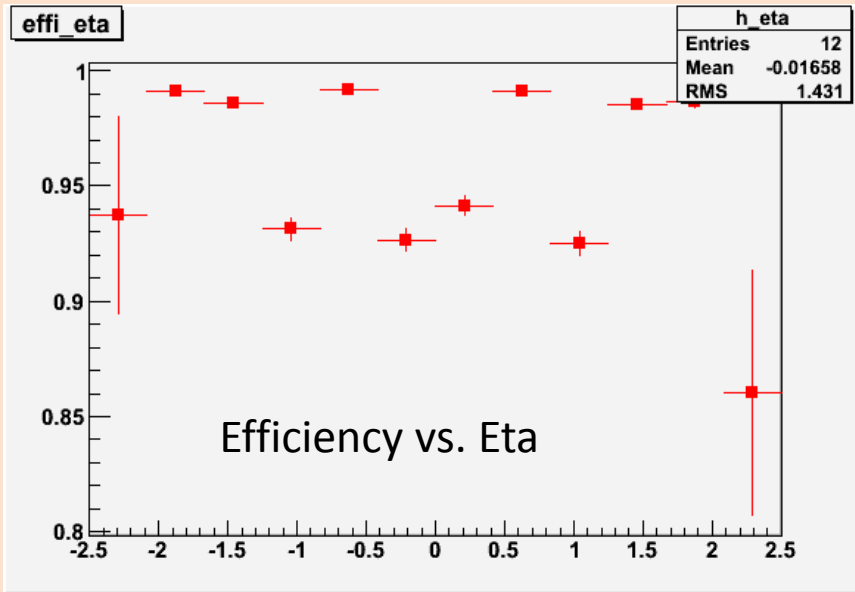
- Combined muon: reconstructed by matching the measurements from Inner Detector (ID) and Muon Spectrometer (MS)
- StandAlone muon: MS track extrapolated to interaction point
- Segment tagged muon: ID track matched to MS segments
- Calorimeter tagged muon: ID track matched to clusters in Calorimeter

The Tag and Probe Method



- Tag: selected from the combined muons with high quality.
- Probe: selected from Inner Detector tracks which satisfy a set of quality criteria.
- Matching: the muon reconstruction efficiency is determined as the probability for the probe to match a reconstructed combined or segment-tagged muon.

Preliminary results with 7TeV Zmm MC:



- These efficiencies are measured for combined muons.
- Efficiencies are slightly higher than the official results. This is being investigated.

Next steps

- We will fine-tune the selection and matching cuts in the current analysis to get consistent results with official ones.
- Then we will apply the tag-probe analysis to the 8TeV real data collected this year, and determine the muon reconstruction efficiencies, and perform systematic uncertainty studies.



Thanks

