

# Missing Energy Signatures at LEP and Tevatron

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# We will find SUSY at the LHC!

VOLUME 49, NUMBER 18

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

1 NOVEMBER 1982

## Fractionally Charged Particles as Evidence for Supersymmetry

VOLUME 77, NUMBER 17

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

21 OCTOBER 1996

## Multilepton Signal for Supersymmetric Particles in the Fermilab Tevatron Data?

PHYSICAL REVIEW D

VOLUME 55, NUMBER 8

15 APRIL 1997

## Evidence for supersymmetric dark matter annihilations into $\gamma$ rays

Dep

### SIGNATURES AND POSSIBLE EVIDENCE FOR SUPERSYMMETRY AT THE CERN COLLIDER

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The astrophysicist  
imagine at

## Low-Energy Supersymmetry and the Tevatron Bottom-Quark Cross Section

E. L. Berger<sup>1</sup>, B. W. Harris<sup>1</sup>, D. E. Kaplan<sup>1,2</sup>, Z. Sullivan<sup>1</sup>, T. M. P. Tait<sup>1</sup> and C. E. M. Wagner<sup>1,2</sup>

## Indirect Evidence for the Supersymmetric Nature of Dark Matter from the Combined Data on Galactic Positrons, Antiprotons and Gamma Rays

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March 25, 2006

Apr 2001

p 2003

## Motivation (see Jay's talk)

- What are the hidden or not-so-hidden assumptions that influence the strength of present (and future) limits?
- Naturalness suggests: light Higgs ( $<115$  GeV?), light spartners
  - Should investigate whether these regions of parameter space open in non-mSUGRA, non-MSSM models

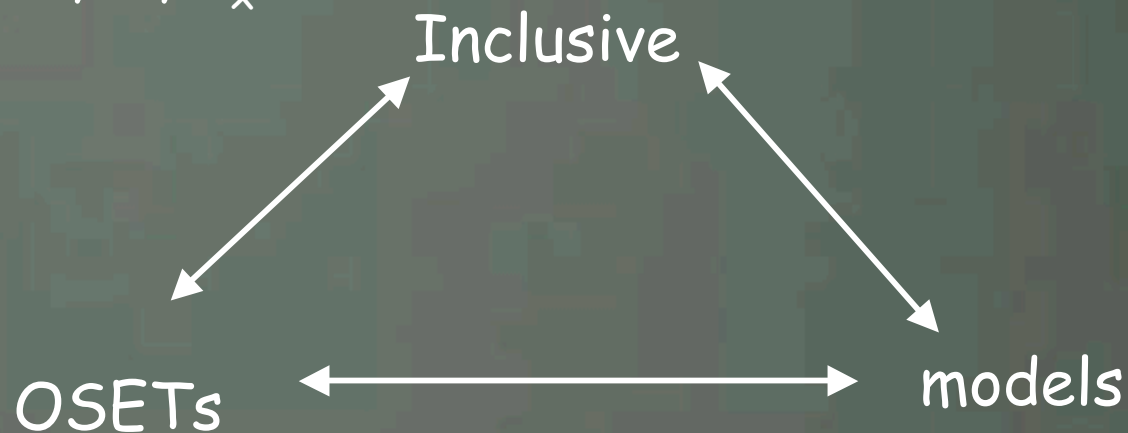
# What Modifications?

- OSETs: Onshell Effective Theories

(Arkani-Hamed, Knuteson, Mrenna, Schuster, Thaler, Toro, Wang)

- Focus on physically relevant parameters:

$\sigma, m, \Gamma_x$



# Which OSETs

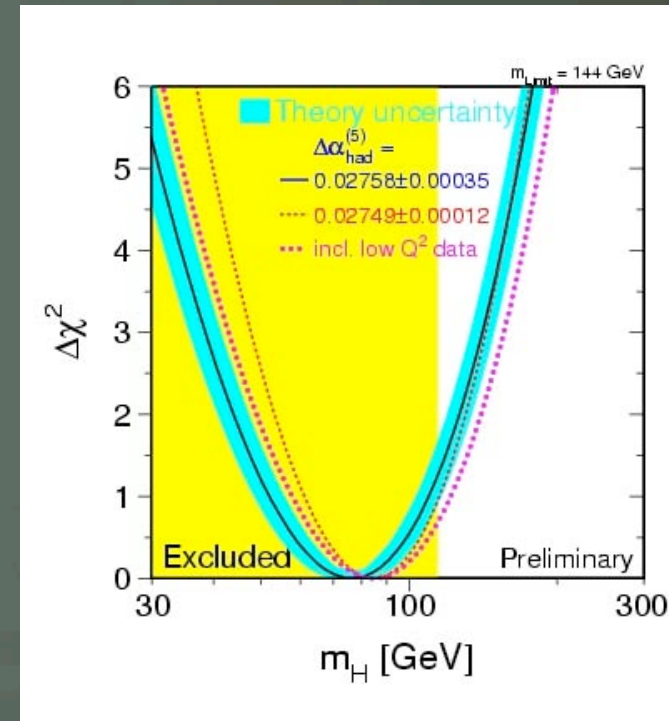
- Two basic modifications
  - UV modifications: new colored states, new gauge bosons, new directly produced particles
  - IR modifications: modify decay chains
    - LEP constrains  $\leq 100$  GeV to be neutral
      - > consider light neutral particles
- Theoretical Motivation
  - Vectorlike matter: Higgsino, top partners
  - Hidden-valley models: other sectors with  $\Lambda < \text{TeV}$
  - Theoretical problems NMSSM
  - RG effects drive neutrals down in mass (often)

# Appended OSETs

- Take known theory/model
- Modify IR with limited particles & decays
- Why?
  - Shows robustness of existing strategies
  - (More) "real" limits
  - Suggests new search strategies

# Example: OSET SM Higgs

- EWPO prefer light Higgs ( $76 < 144/182 \text{ GeV}$ )
- "Naturalness" prefers light Higgs
- Intriguing proposal:  
Suppose Higgs is light but missed (Dermisek & Gunion; Carpenter, Kaplan, Rhee; Strassler, Zurek; Schuster, Toro; Graham, Pierce, Wacker; Chang, Fox, NW)



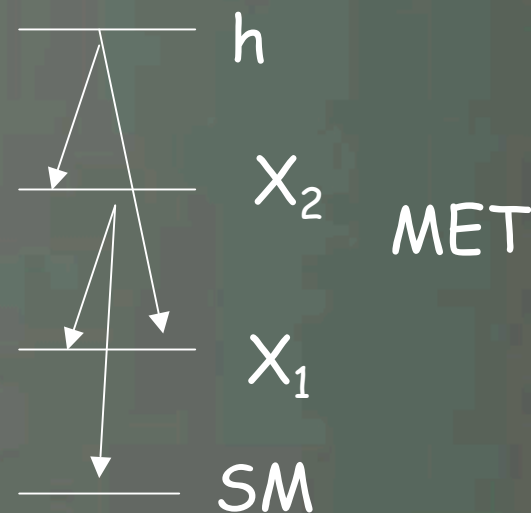
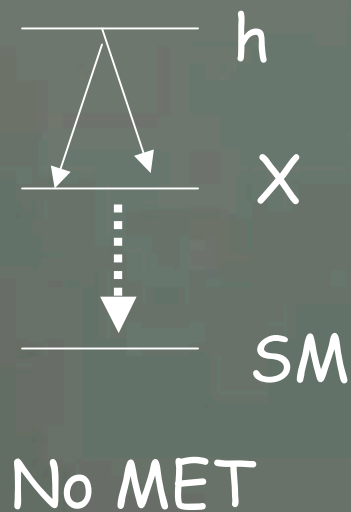
# What do we know about Higgs decays?

- $H \rightarrow$  invisible 112.3 GeV
  - $H \rightarrow$  2 jets 110.3 GeV
  - $H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$  117 GeV
  - $H \rightarrow W W^*$  109.7 GeV
  - $H \rightarrow \tau \tau$  115 GeV
- 
- Direct SM decays strongly constrained  
=> new particles lighter than Higgs



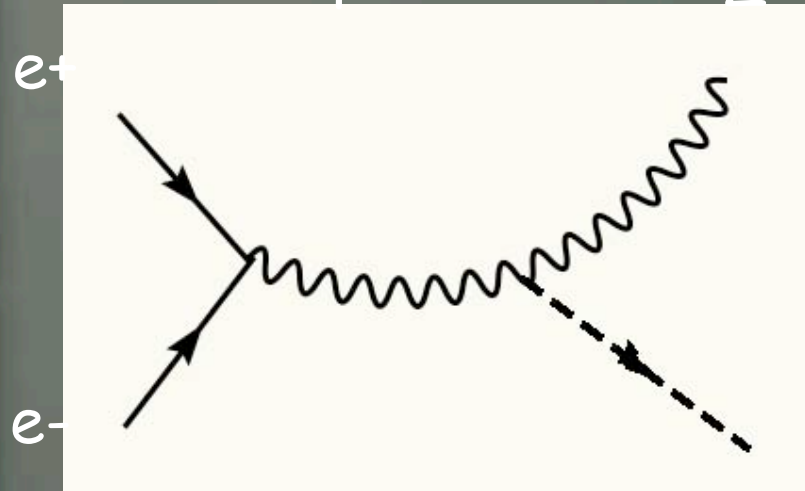
# Multibody Higgs Decays

- $H \rightarrow XX \rightarrow SM$  (4b, 4  $\tau$ , 4 jet, 6 jet, 8 b, 4  $\tau$  4b...)
  - 4b strong limits
  - Others (essentially) unanalyzed



# Constraints

0.2-0.7 pb at LEP  $Z$



Constraints depend on final topology

$H \rightarrow \text{MET} + X$

$X = \text{any}$

$X = b\bar{b}$

$X = q\bar{q}$

$X = ll$

$X = \tau\bar{\tau}$

$Z \rightarrow ?$

$2e, 2\mu$

inv

inv

inv

inv

Topology

$2l + X$

$2b + \text{MET}$

$2j + \text{MET}$

$2l + \text{MET}$

$2\tau + \text{MET}$

Limits

OPAL indep

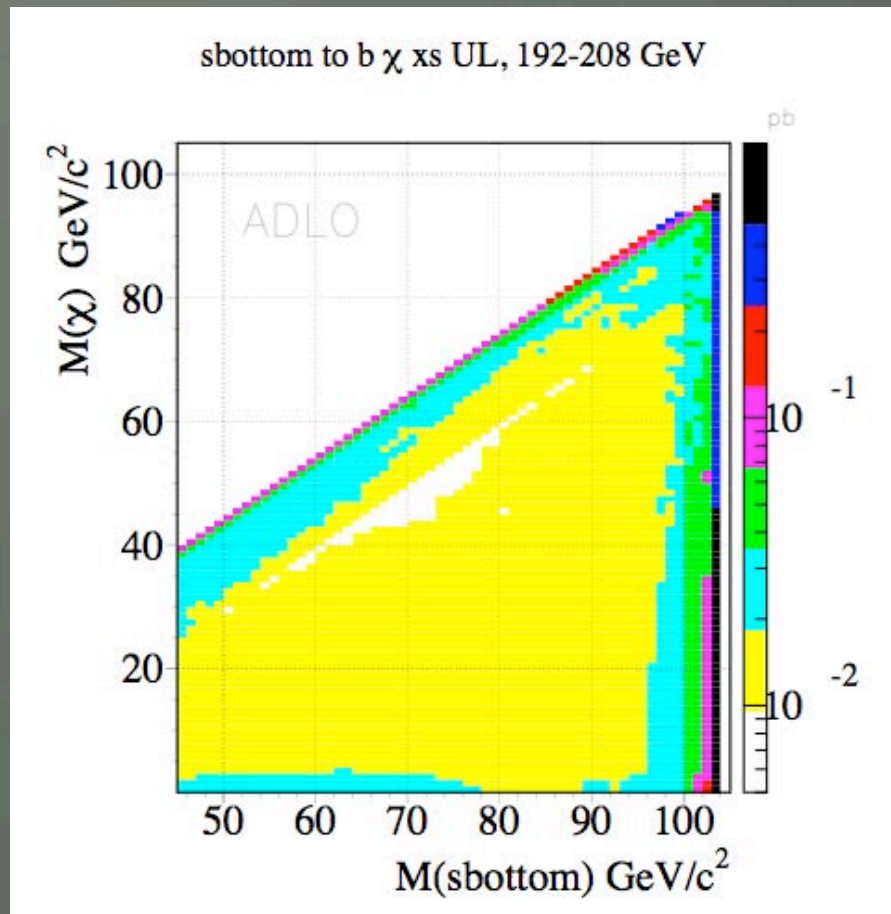
sbottom

squark

slepton

stau

# Sbottom searches: Strong

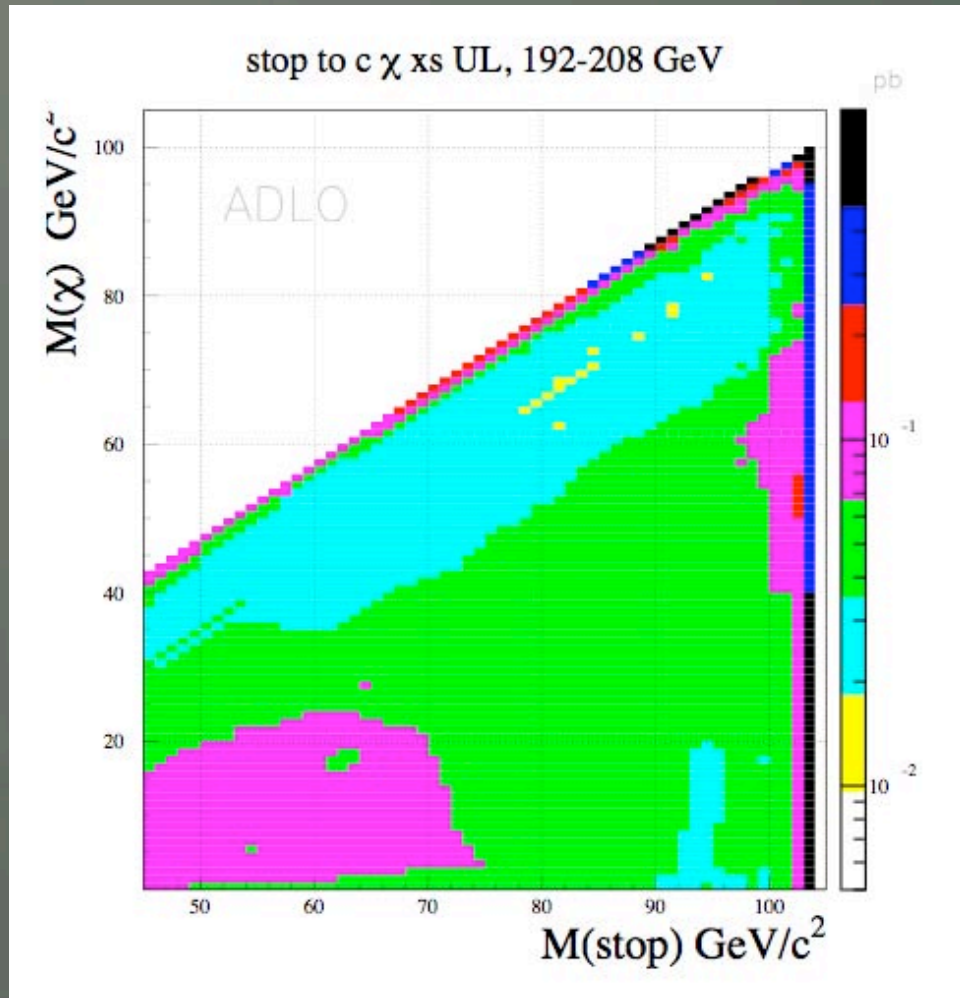


.01 - .02 pb limits

Efficiencies similar  
for "cuts"

- unknown  
for shape variables

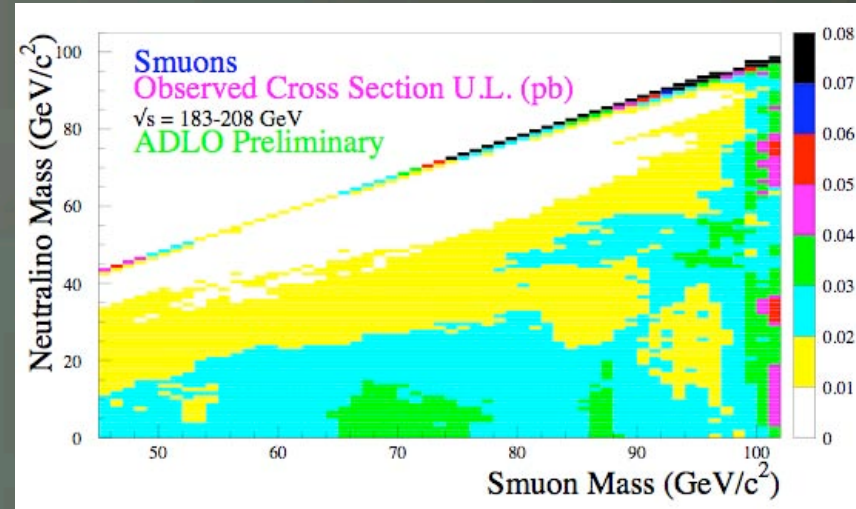
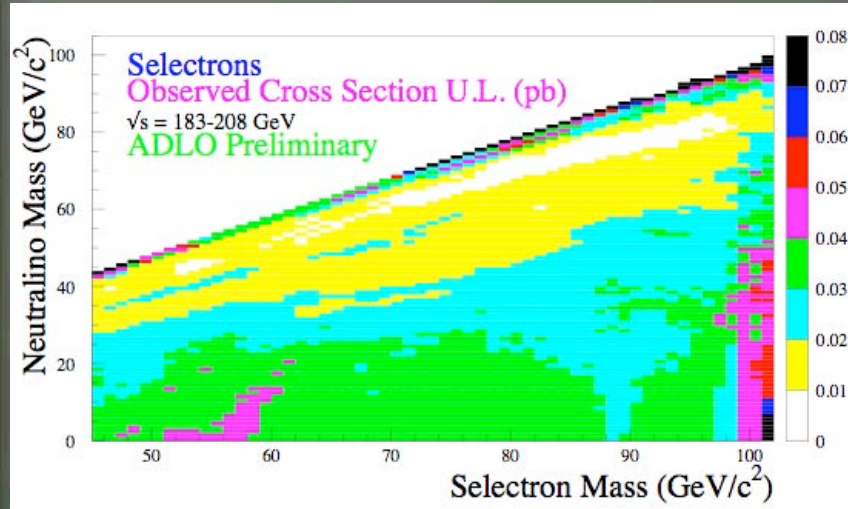
# Light jets: weaker



0.3-0.7 pb

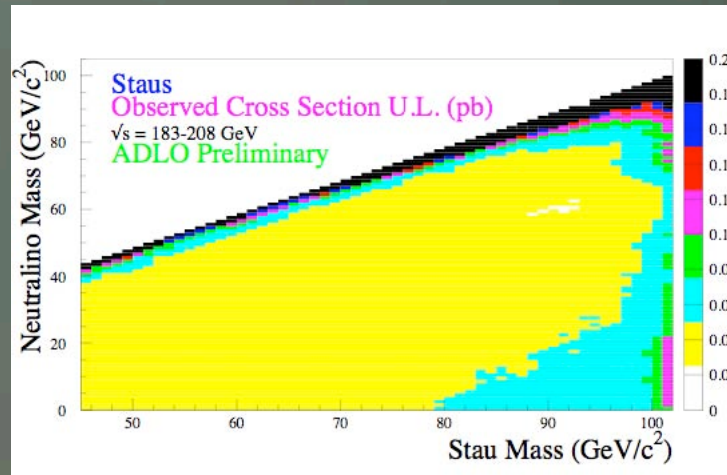
Similar issues as  
sbottoms

# Electrons/Muons/Taus - weak



.01-.03pb

.02-.04pb



.01-.03pb

Sum: .04 - .1 pb

# Comparison

H → MET+X	Z → ?	Toplogy	Limits	
X=any	2e,2μ	2l+X	OPAL indep	82 GeV
X=bb	inv	2b+MET	sbottom	.01-.02
X=qq	inv	2j+MET	squark	.3-.7
X=ll	inv	2l+MET	slepton	.01-.03
X=ττ	inv	2τ+MET	stau	.02-.04
				(leps .04-.1)

For comparison, production is  $(0.2-0.7) \times 1/5$   
 $= 0.04-0.14 \text{ pb}$

H →	MET+bb	excluded	
	MET+jj	OK	~ 90 GeV
	MET+ll	borderline	Higgs
	MET + mixture	OK	

# Squark/Gluino searches

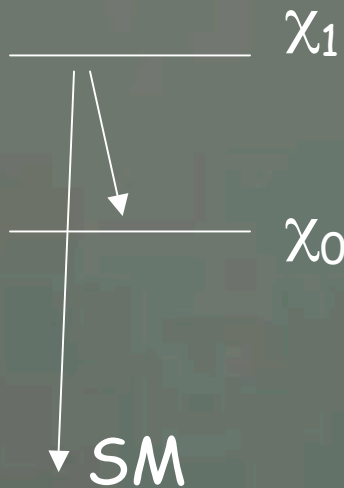
- Natural to consider consequences for colored particle searches
  - Heavy squarks/gluinos  $\rightarrow$  unnatural theories
    - $\rightarrow$  ugly DM (heavy Higgsino)
- What to compare? Pt in NMSSM to mSUGRA?

Appended OSETs!

- Take point in mSUGRA,
  - Append OSET
  - Study

# mSUGRA'0SET

- Simplest approx: PLSP approx (pseudo-LSP)



Only question is mass and decay of final particle



# D0 squark search

TABLE I: Selection criteria for the three analyses (all energies in GeV); see the text for further details.

Preselection Cut		All Analyses		
1st jet $E_T^a$		$\geq 35$		
2nd jet $E_T^a$		$\geq 35$		
$\cancel{E}_T$		$\geq 40$		
Acoplanarity		$< 165^\circ$		
Vertex z pos.		$< 60$ cm		
Selection Cut	"dijet"	"3-jets"	"gluino"	
Trigger	acoplanar dijet	multijet	multijet	
3rd jet $E_T^b$	–	$\geq 35$	$\geq 35$	
4th jet $E_T^b$	–	–	$\geq 20$	
$\cancel{E}_T$	$\geq 75$	$\geq 75$	$\geq 75$	
Electron veto	yes	yes	yes	
Muon veto	yes	yes	yes	
$\Delta\phi(\cancel{E}_T, \text{jet}_1)$	$\geq 90^\circ$	$\geq 90^\circ$	$\geq 90^\circ$	
$\Delta\phi(\cancel{E}_T, \text{jet}_2)$	$\geq 50^\circ$	$\geq 50^\circ$	$\geq 50^\circ$	
$\Delta\phi_{\min}(\cancel{E}_T, \text{any jet})$	$\geq 40^\circ$	–	–	
$H_T$	$\geq 300$	$\geq 400$	$\geq 300$	
$\cancel{E}_T$	$\geq 225$	$\geq 150$	$\geq 100$	

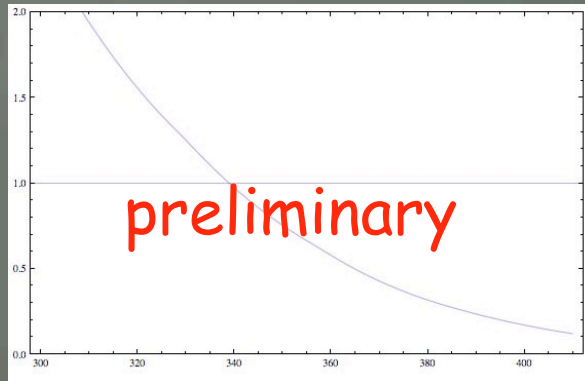
<sup>a</sup>The first and second leading jets were also required to be central ( $|\eta_{\text{det}}| < 0.8$ ), and to have  $CPF \geq 0.85$ .

<sup>b</sup>The  $|\eta_{\text{det}}|$  cut on the third and fourth jet was  $< 2.5$  and no CPF requirement was imposed on those jets.

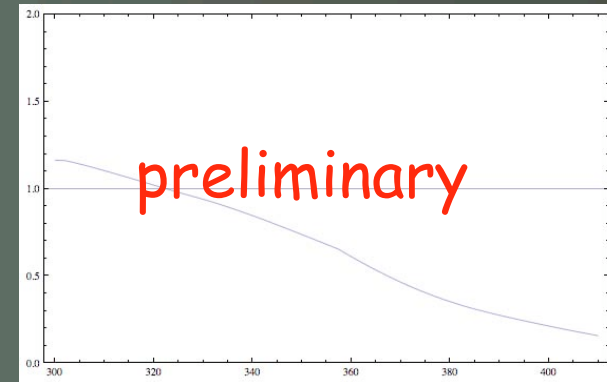
Calculate efficiency for D0 optimized points

# tau dominated decays (3jet benchmark)

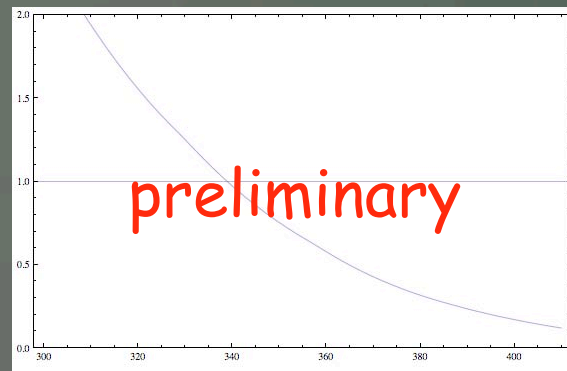
$$\frac{\epsilon \sigma}{\epsilon \sigma_{D0}}$$



$$\frac{\epsilon \sigma}{\epsilon \sigma_{D0}}$$



$$\frac{\epsilon \sigma}{\epsilon \sigma_{D0}}$$

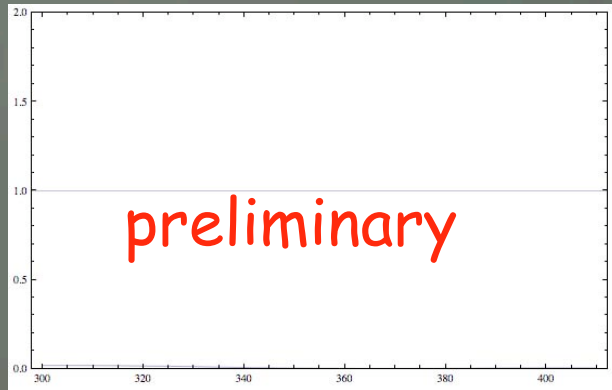


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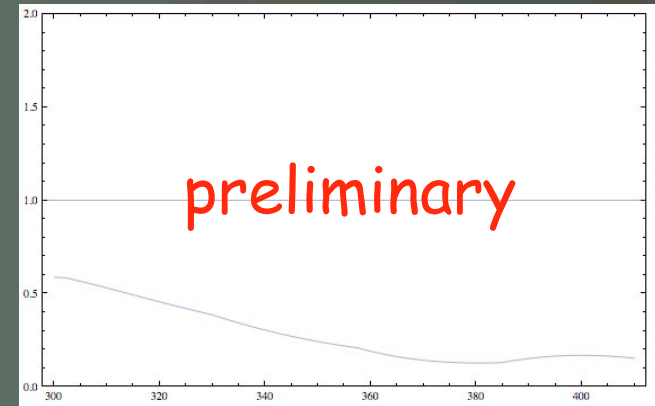
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# lepton dominated decays (3jet benchmark)

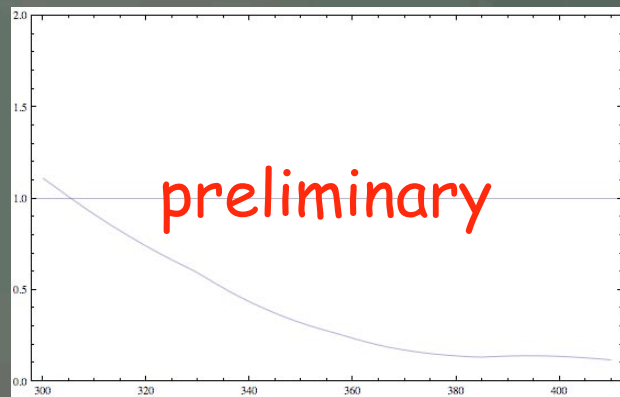
$$\frac{\epsilon \sigma}{\epsilon \sigma_{D0}}$$



$$\frac{\epsilon \sigma}{\epsilon \sigma_{D0}}$$



$$\frac{\epsilon \sigma}{\epsilon \sigma_{D0}}$$

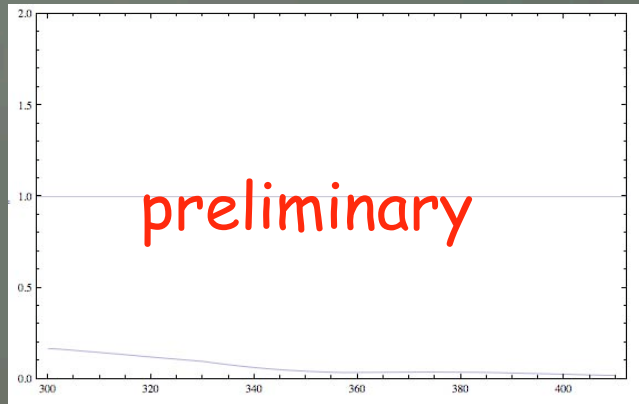


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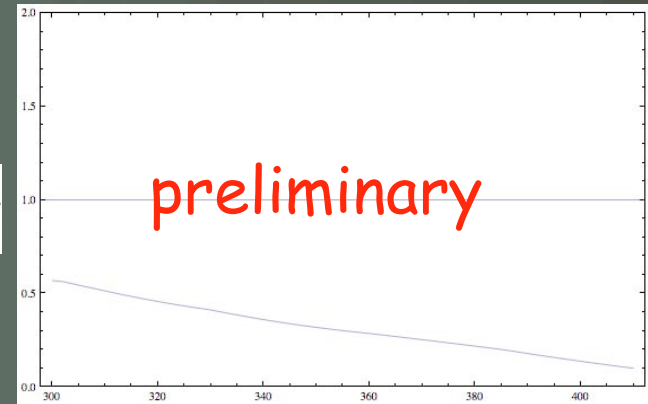
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# mixed decays (3jet benchmark)

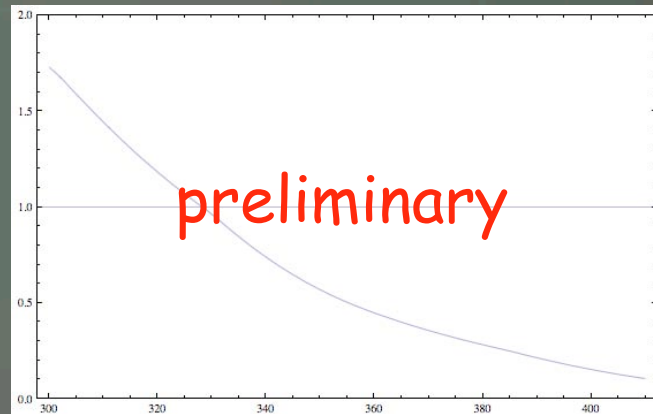
$$\frac{\epsilon \sigma}{\epsilon \sigma_{D0}}$$



$$\frac{\epsilon \sigma}{\epsilon \sigma_{D0}}$$



$$\frac{\epsilon \sigma}{\epsilon \sigma_{D0}}$$



27/08/07

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# Conclusions

- Not surprising: modifying IR of theory has important consequences for limits
- (Perhaps) more surprising: minor modifications lead to very significant results
  - Higgs well below LEP limits
  - Colored particles below Tevatron bounds
- Relevance for additional analyses