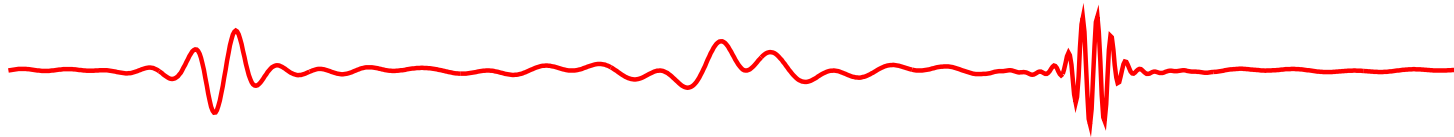


# Optics and non-linear beam dynamics at 4 and 6.5 TeV



OMC Team: T. Bach, A. Langner, Y.I. Levinsen,  
M.J. McAteer, E.H. Maclean, T.H.B. Persson,  
P. Skowronski, R. Tomás and S. White

Thanks to R. Bruce, R. de Maria, S. Fartoukh,  
M. Giovannozzi, B. Goddard, P. Hagen, W. Herr,  
D. Jacquet, V. Kain, A. Macpherson, N. Magnin,  
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G. Vanbavinckhove and J. Wenninger

# Contents I - 2012 experience

- ★ Record low  $\beta$ -beating
- ★ Automatic coupling correction
- ★ MQY 1% calibration errors
- ★ DA measurement at injection
- ★ Chromatic coupling correction
- ★ IR non-linear correction
- ★ Measurement of amplitude detuning

# Contents II - Post LS1 era

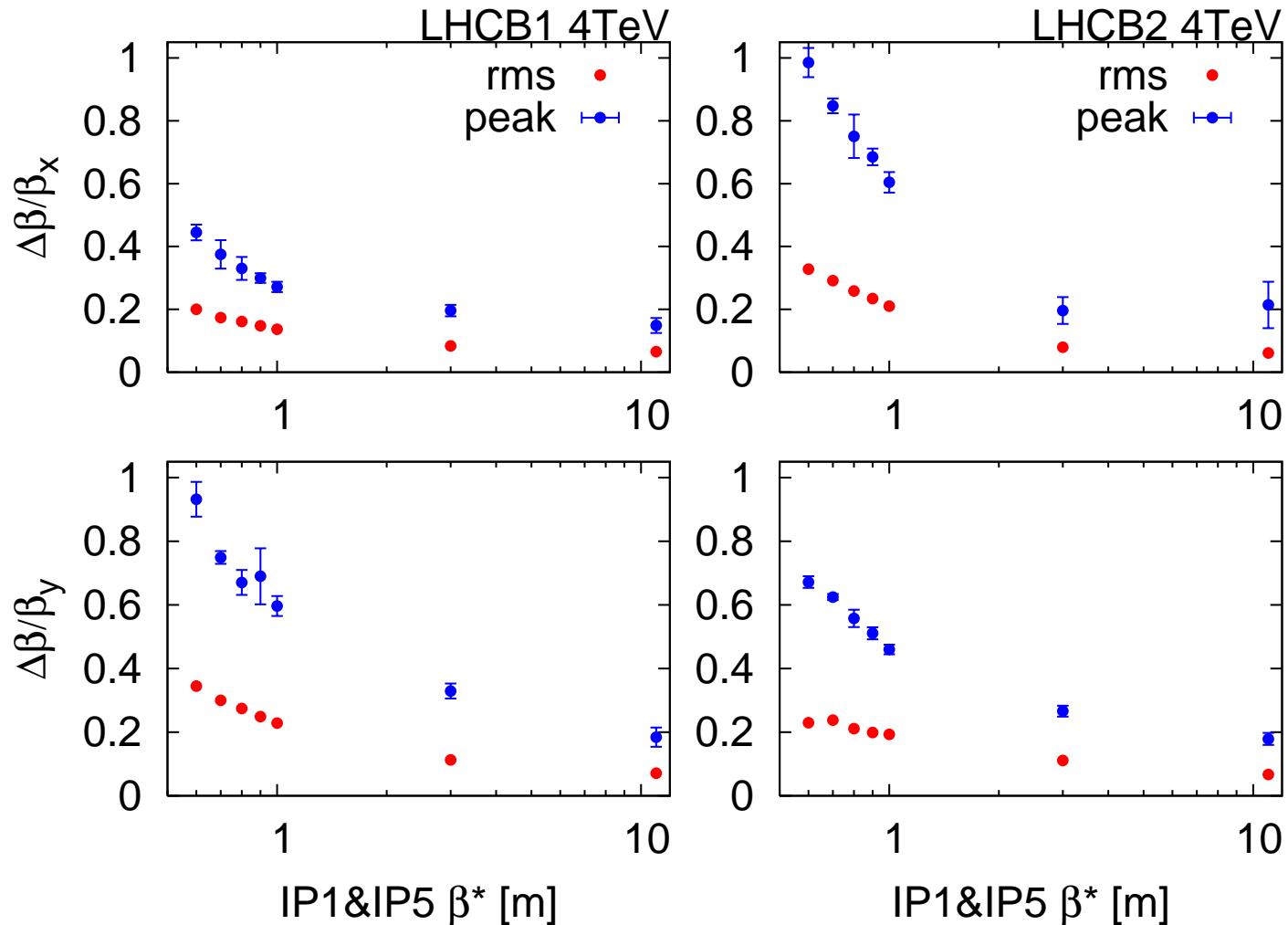
- ★ Injection  $\beta^*$
- ★ Collision tunes @ injection
- ★ Ramp & Squeeze and Collide & Squeeze
- ★ ATS? Flat optics?
- ★ Octupole reach at 6.5 TeV
- ★ DA at 0.4 m (Nominal optics)



OMC team  
2011

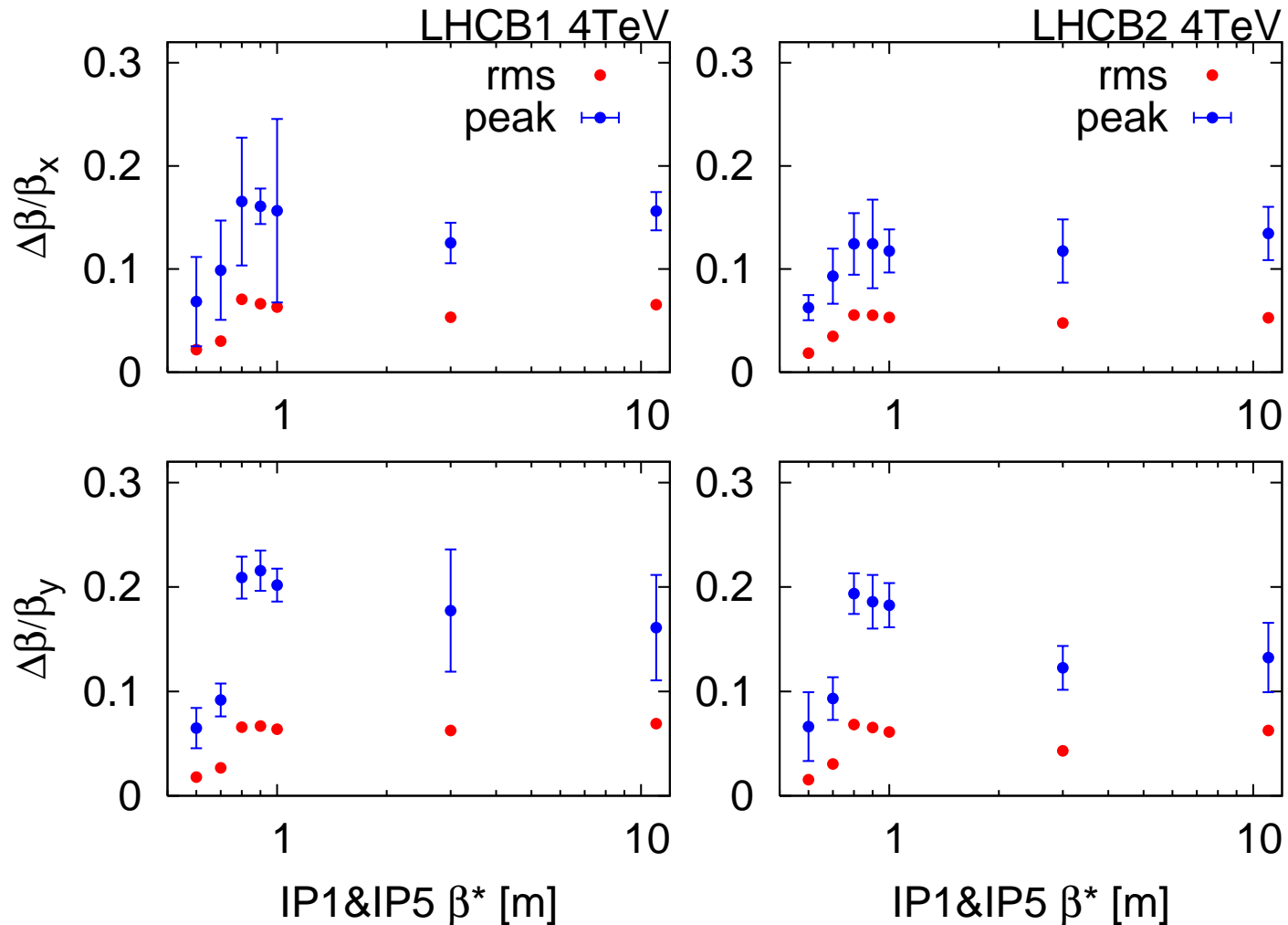


# Record low $\beta$ -beating - Strategy



Measuring virgin machine (100%  $\beta$ -beating!) to compute best local corrections (also for coupling)

# Record low $\beta$ -beating - Correction



Local and global corrections yield about 7%  $\beta$ -beating at 0.6 m!

# LHC optics makes history

PHYSICAL REVIEW SPECIAL TOPICS - ACCELERATORS AND BEAMS **15**, 091001 (2012)

## Record low $\beta$ beating in the LHC

R. Tomás,\* T. Bach, R. Calaga, A. Langner, Y. I. Levinsen, E. H. Maclean, T. H. B. Persson,  
P. K. Skowronski, M. Strzelczyk, and G. Vanbavinckhove  
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R. Miyamoto

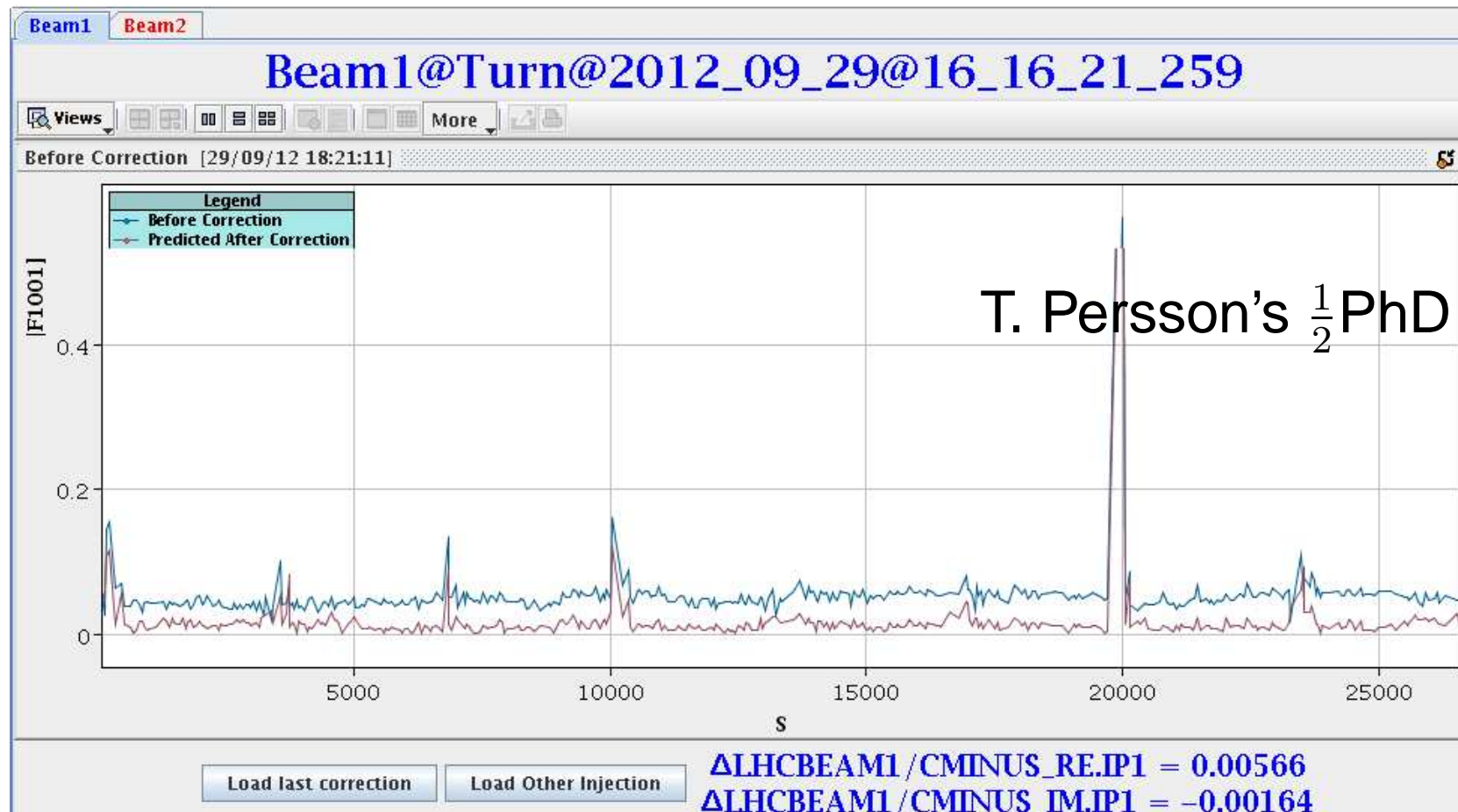
*ESS AB, SE-221 00 Lund, Sweden*

(Received 12 July 2012; published 28 September 2012)

Lepton Collider	Circumference [km]	Peak $\Delta\beta/\beta$ [%]	Hadron Collider	Circumference [km]	Peak $\Delta\beta/\beta$ [%]
PEP II	2.2	30	HERA-p	6.3	20
LEP	27	20	Tevatron	6.3	20
KEKB	3	20	RHIC	3.8	20
CESR	0.8	7	LHC	27	7

# Coupling correction improvements in 2012

Better global knobs for beam 2, very stable local corrections and an automatic tool based on inj. oscillations:



It seems that coupling problems disappeared in 2012

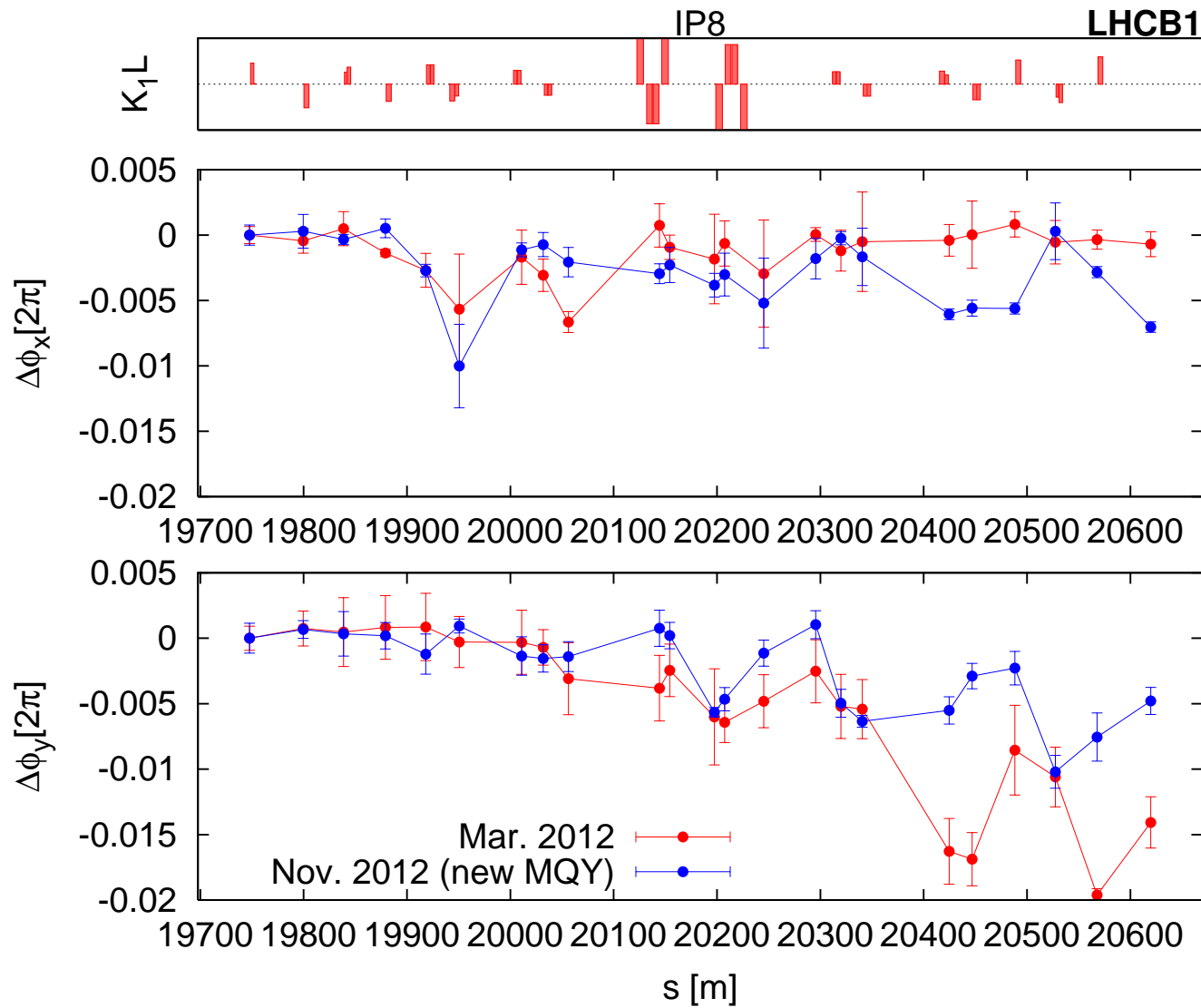


# MQY - Beam based Vs new calibrations

Element	Beam based corrs [%]	Per's new cal [%]
RQ4.L5B2	1.01	1.53
RQ4.L5B1	0	0.32
RQ5.L6B1	0.60	0.72
RQ5.L6B2	0.70	0.73
RQ4.L8B1	1.00	1.22
RQ4.L8B2	0	1.19
RQ4.R8B1	0	0
RQ4.R8B2	2.40	0
RQ5.R8B2	0.80	0.95
RQ5.R8B1	2.70	0.99

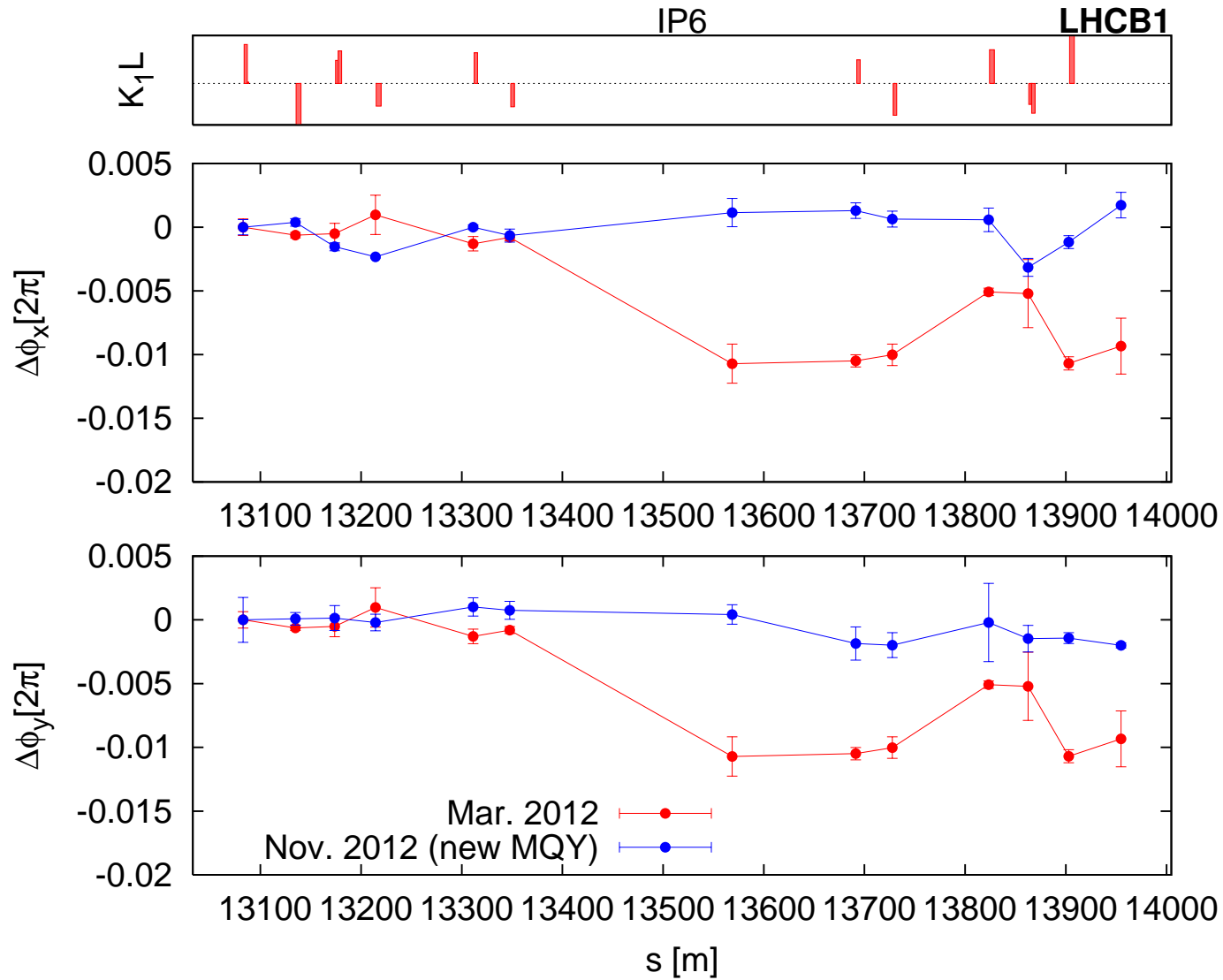
IR5 & IR6 errors found with beam. IR8 always difficult → Needed experiment.

# MQY Experiment - IR8



Excellent!

# MQY Experiment - IR6



Excellent!

# Good bye 1% errors!

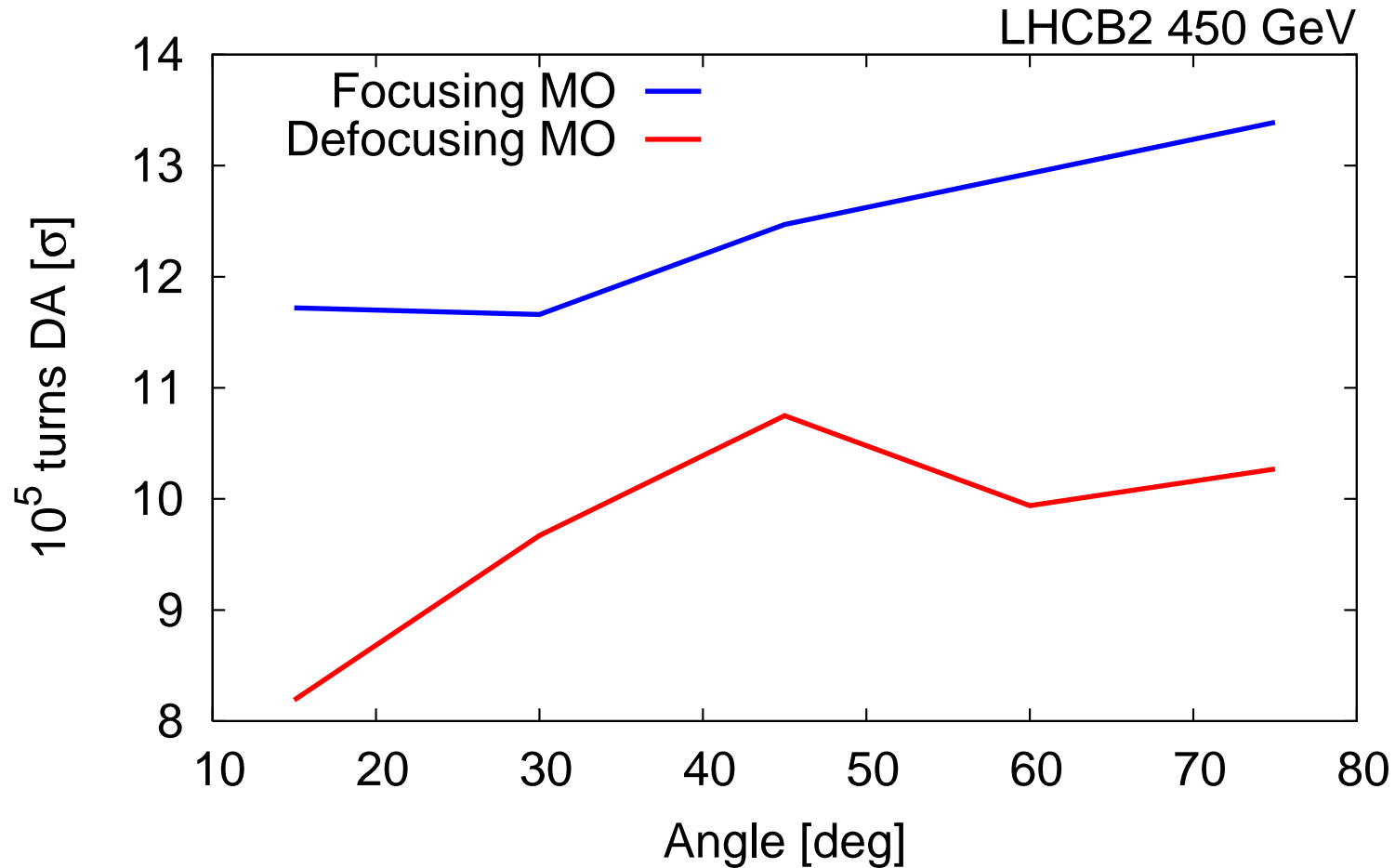


What is left:

- ★ Triplet (et al) errors in the  $1\text{‰}$  level
- ★ Triplet longitudinal misalignments
- ★ Dipole  $b_2$  errors & MQT correction

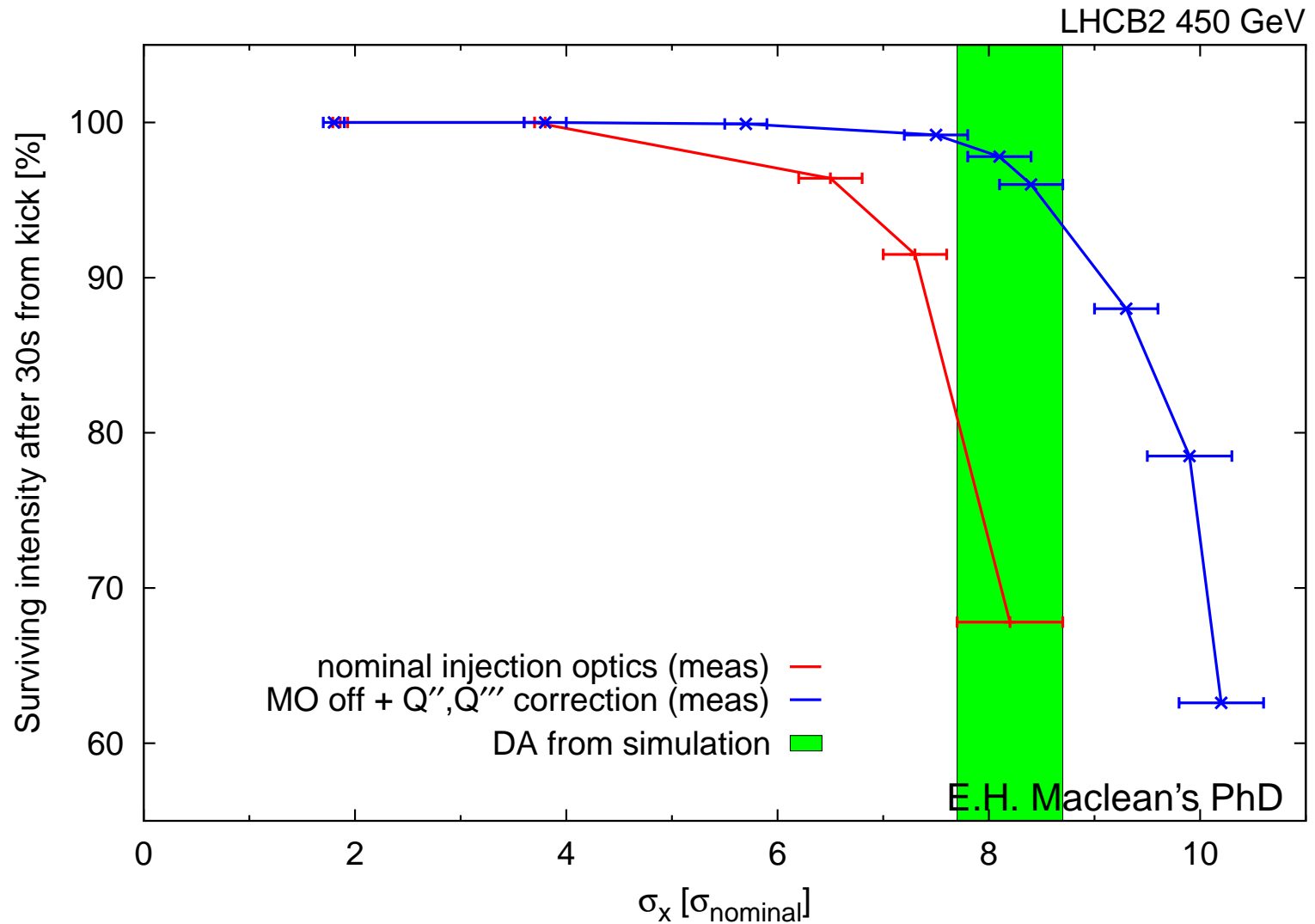
If properly addressed  $\beta$ -beating  $\approx 3\%$  at reach!

# DA at Injection - Two MO polarities



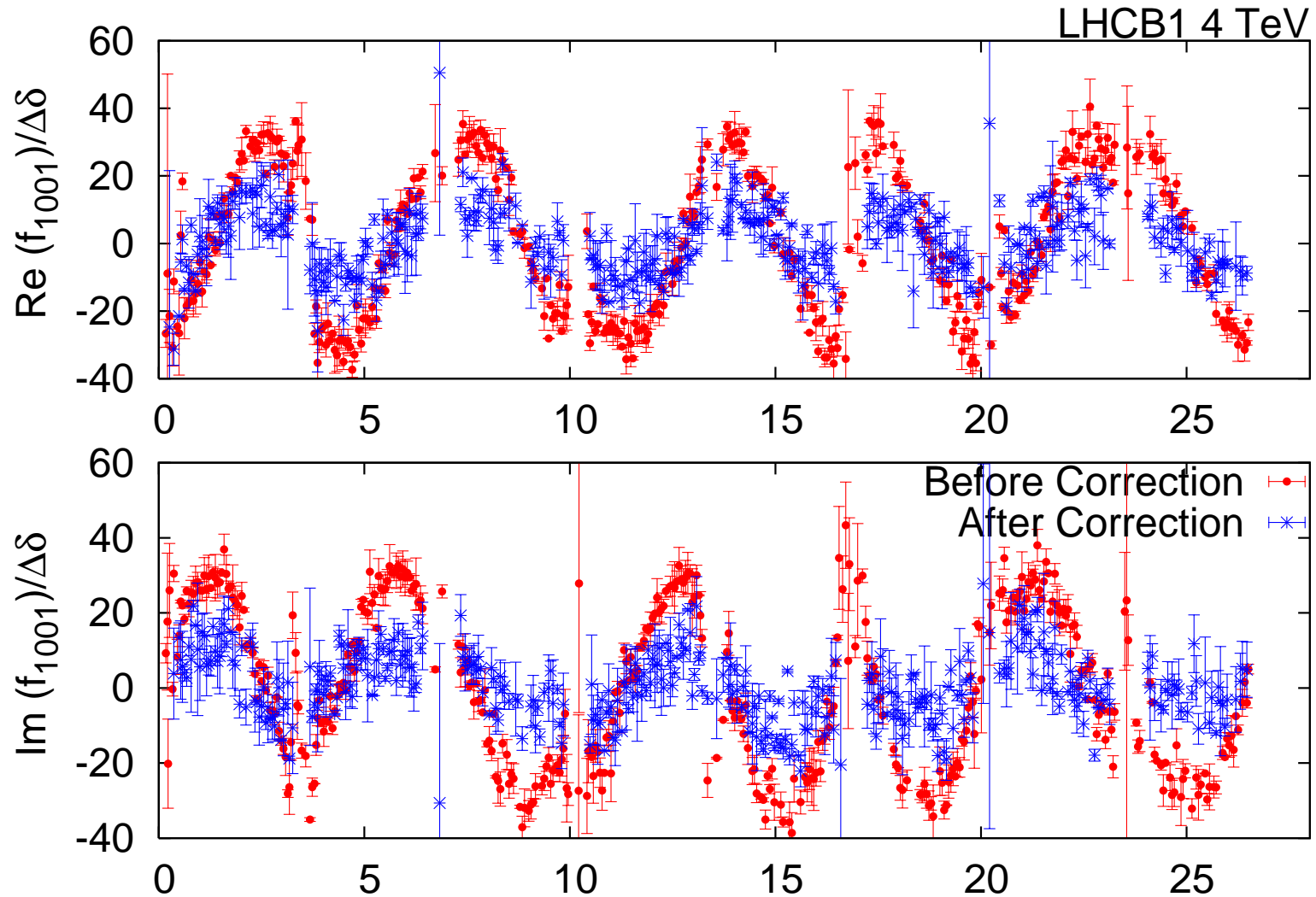
MOs affect DA at injection  $\rightarrow$  Minimize their str.

# DA at Injection - Experimental benchmark



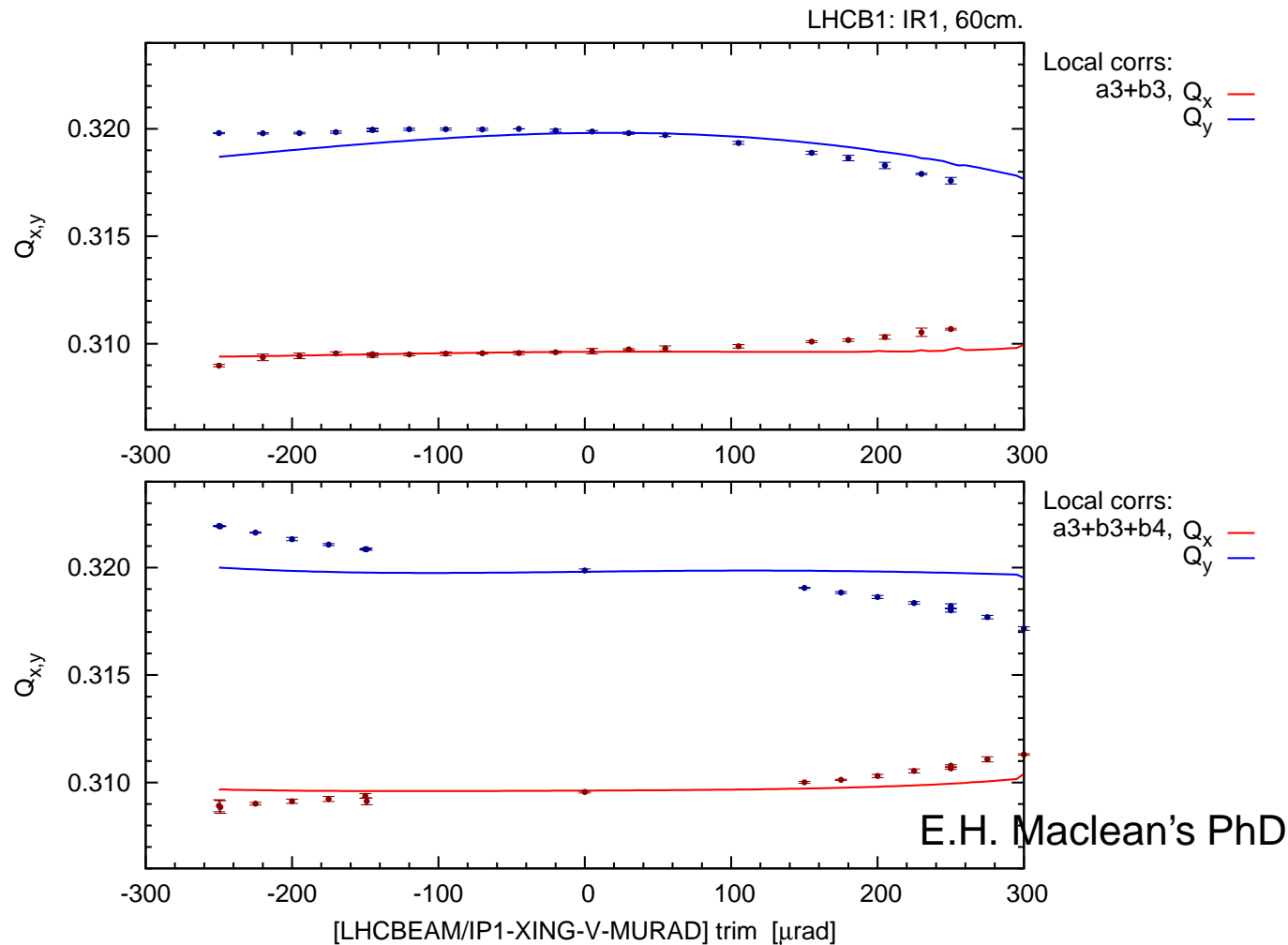
Excellent agreement → Reliable model and simulations.

# Chromatic coupling correction at $\beta^*=0.6$ m



## First chromatic coupling correction in the LHC

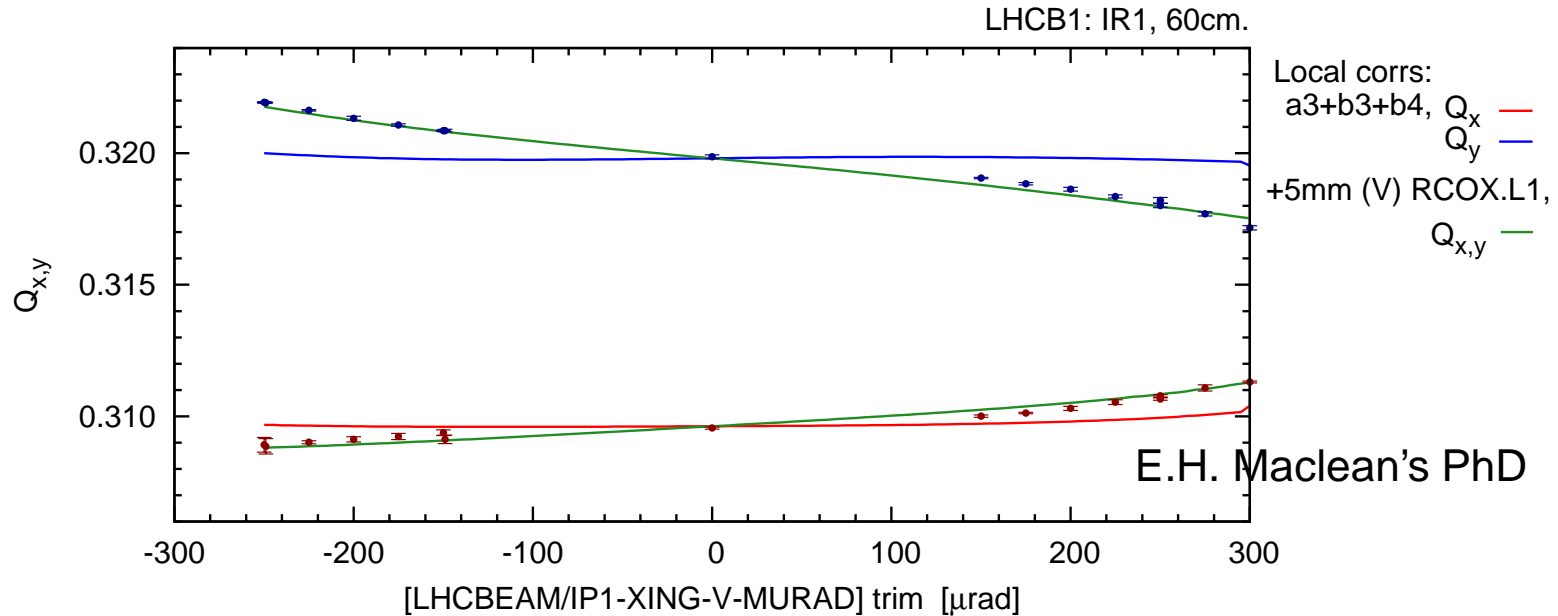
# IR1 non-linear correction - Beam 1



a3 and b3 corrections OK. Large discrepancy when applying the b4 correction.

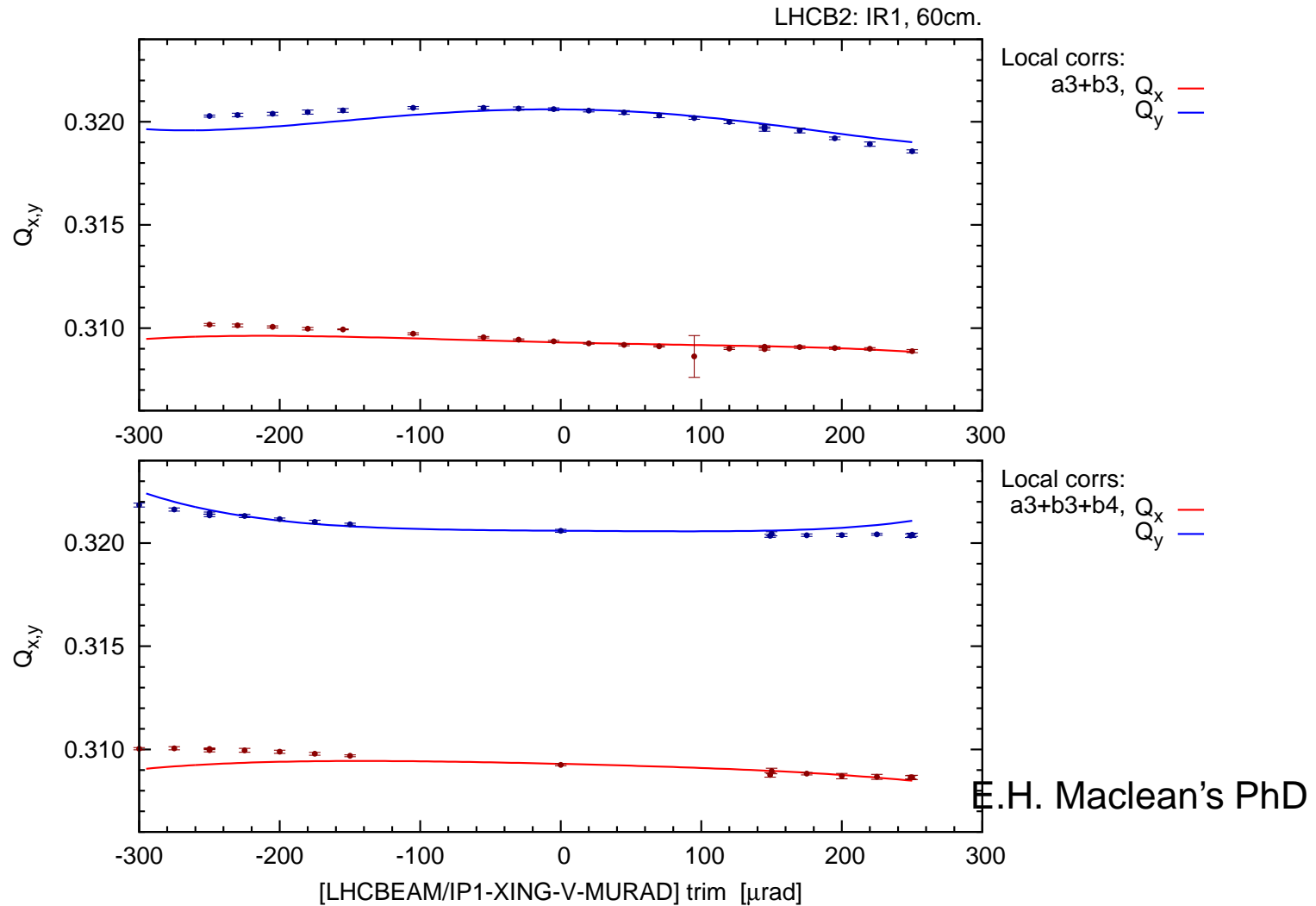


# 5 mm misalignment in RCOX.L1?



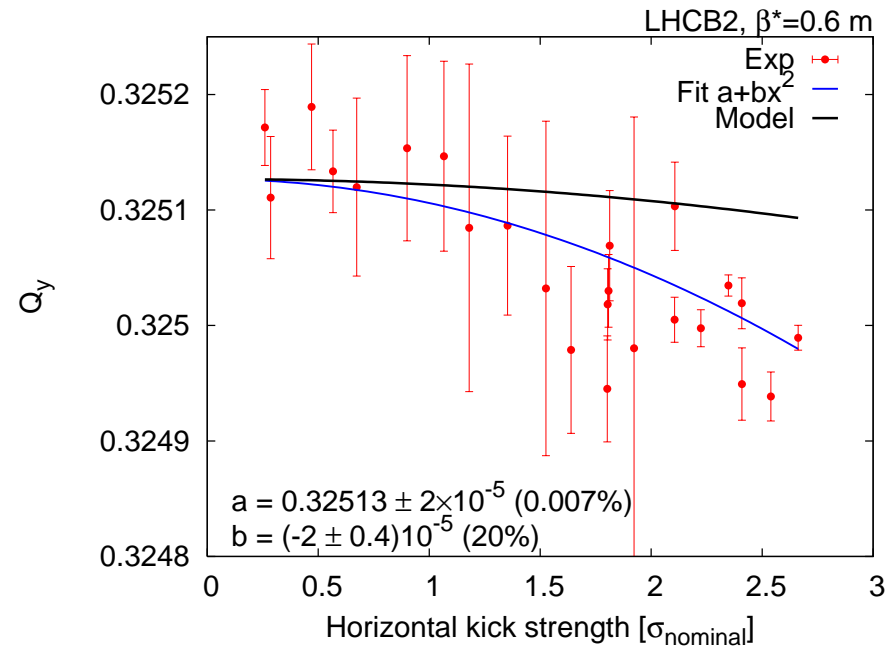
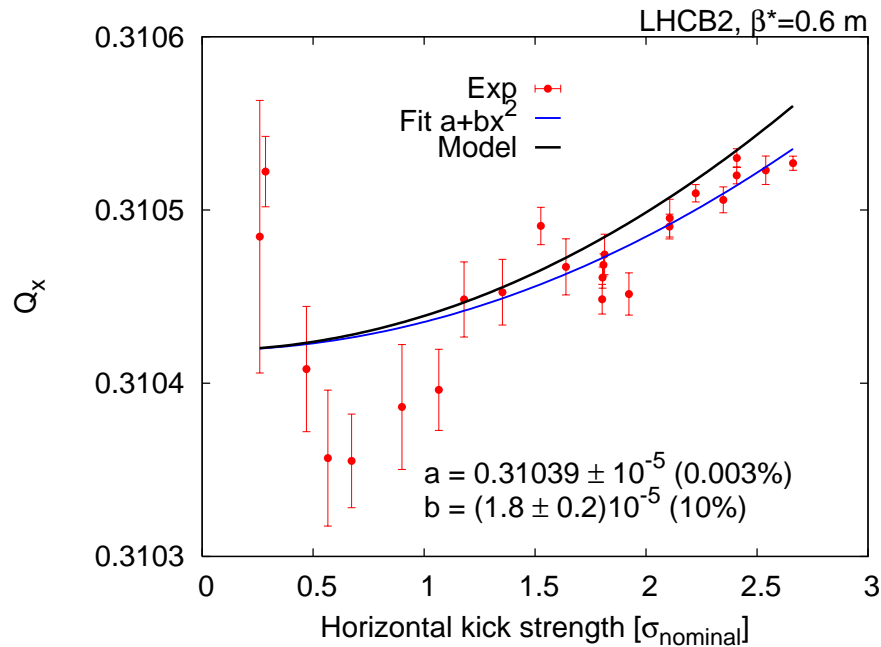
A vertical misalignment of  $\approx 5\text{mm}$  in RCOX.L1 explains the observation. This should be carefully taken into account in future IR corrections.

# IR1 non-linear correction - Beam 2



Good corrections for beam 2.

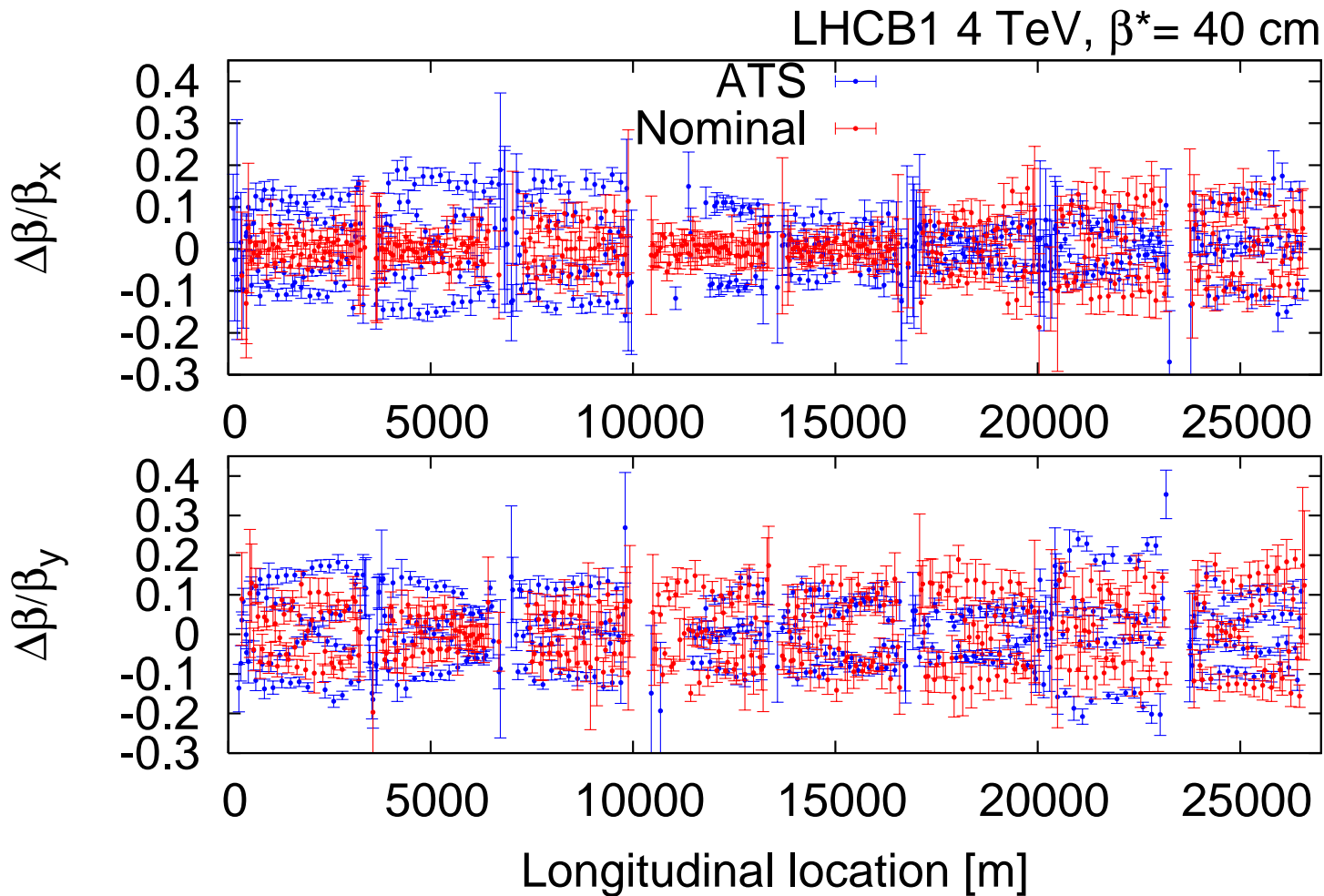
# Amplitude detuning - Beam 2H



First measurement of amplitude detuning with AC dipoles! IR1 and IR5 corrections are in. AC dipole effect on model is under investigation.

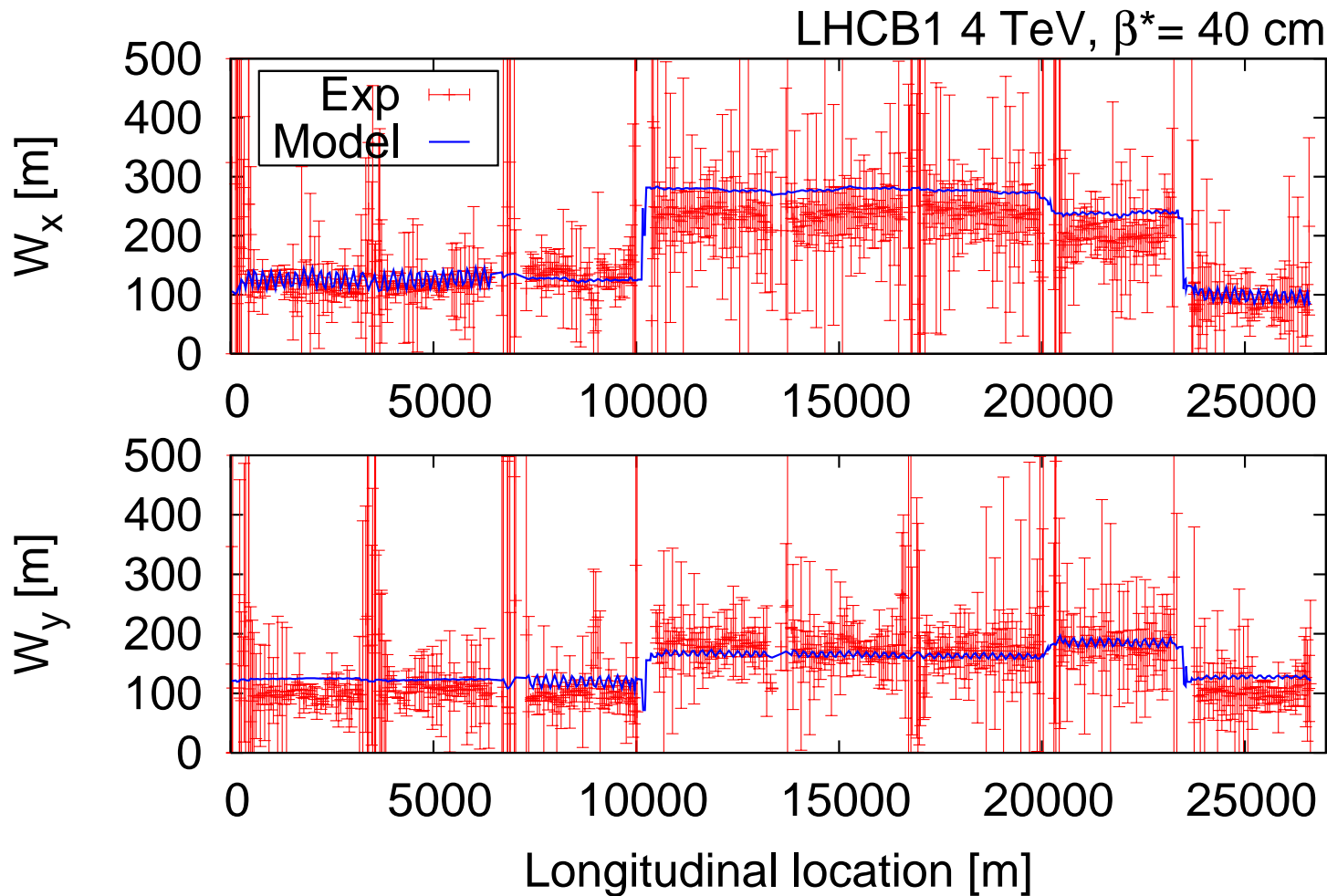
# MDs facing post LS1 era

# $\beta$ -beating at $\beta^* = 40$ cm



Two realizations of  $\beta^* = 40$  cm with local corrections with similar  $\beta$ -beating.

# Chromatic $\beta$ at $\beta^* = 40$ cm (Nominal)



Chromatic  $\beta$  is as predicted by the model.

# POST LS1 ERA

# Optics commissioning

	Shifts	
	2012	2015
Injection	1	1
Ramp <b>or</b> Ramp&Squeeze	0	0 2
Squeeze <b>or</b> $\beta^*$ leveling	3	3 7
Total	4	4-10

Triplet non-linear and chromatic coupling corrections will need extra shifts.

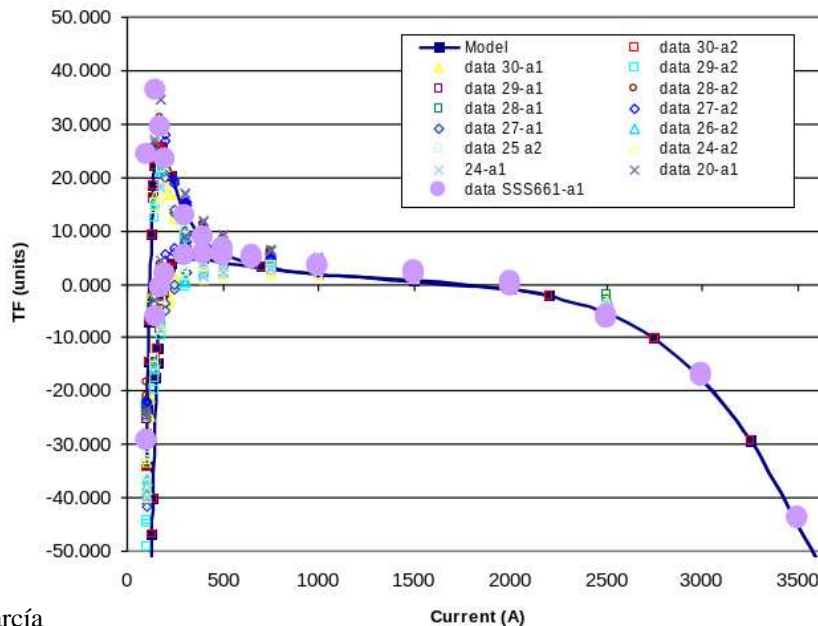


# Lower $\beta^*$ at injection in IR1 & IR5?

- ★ Avoid ramping up & down some magnets → No change of hysteresis branch, better calibration
- ★ Less complexity → Faster commissioning
- ★ Saving time if Ramp & Squeeze does not work or boosting it.
- ★ Limits to the  $\beta^*$  are low magnet strengths and aperture.

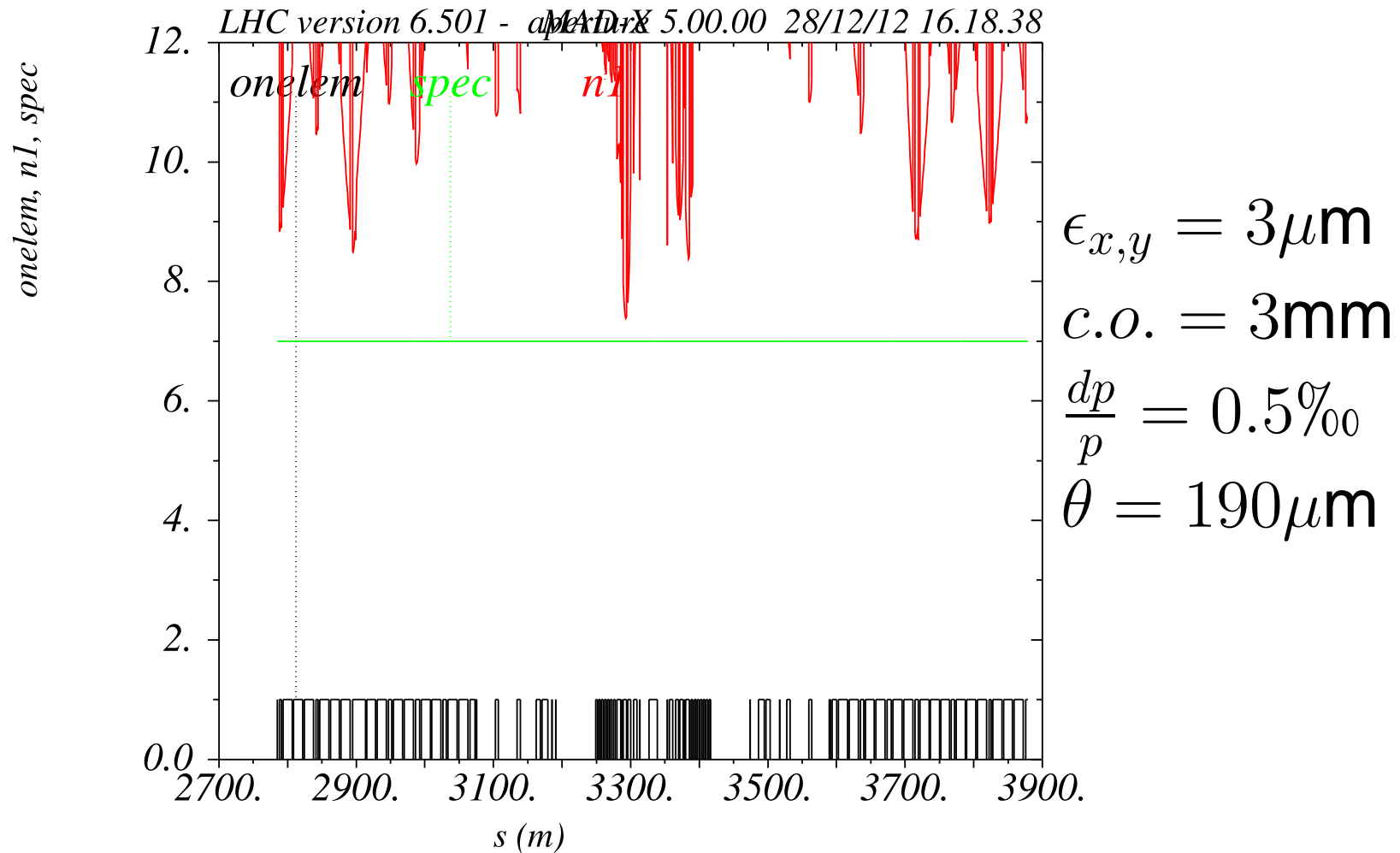
# Lowest $\beta^*$ from magnets - P. Hagen

- ★ Only MQY cause marginal operation ( $I < 120$  A) at  $\beta^* = 5$  m
- ★ However, looking at measurement data we believe the  $I_{\min}$  in the FiDeL model can be lowered to 110-115 A
- ★  $\beta^* = 5$  m OK: Q4.L1B2=119A, Q4.L1B1=116A, Q4.R1B2=119A, ...



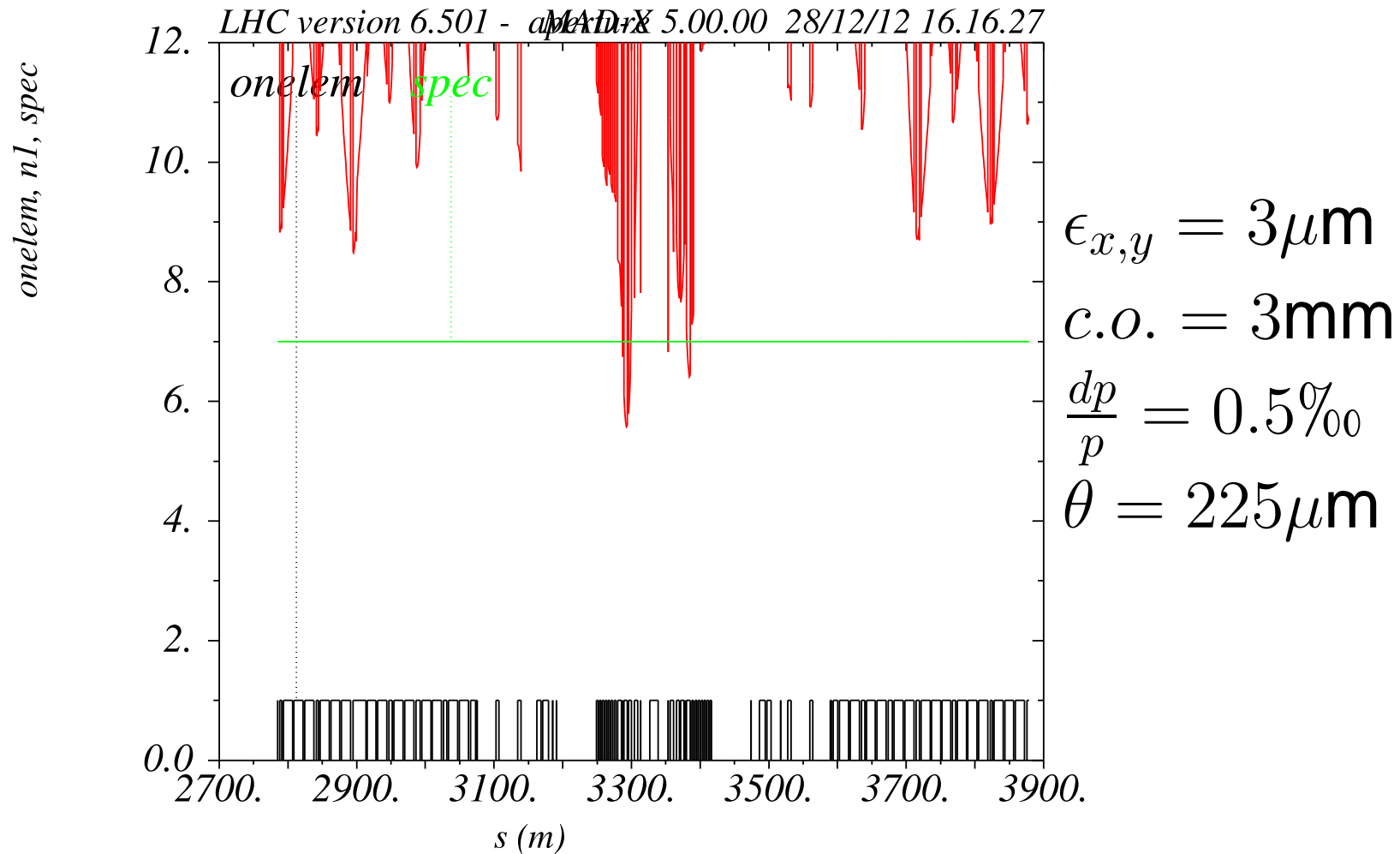
Courtesy of W. Venturini

# Injection $\beta^* = 7$ m in IR1&IR5?



Maybe OK  $\beta^* = 7$  m.

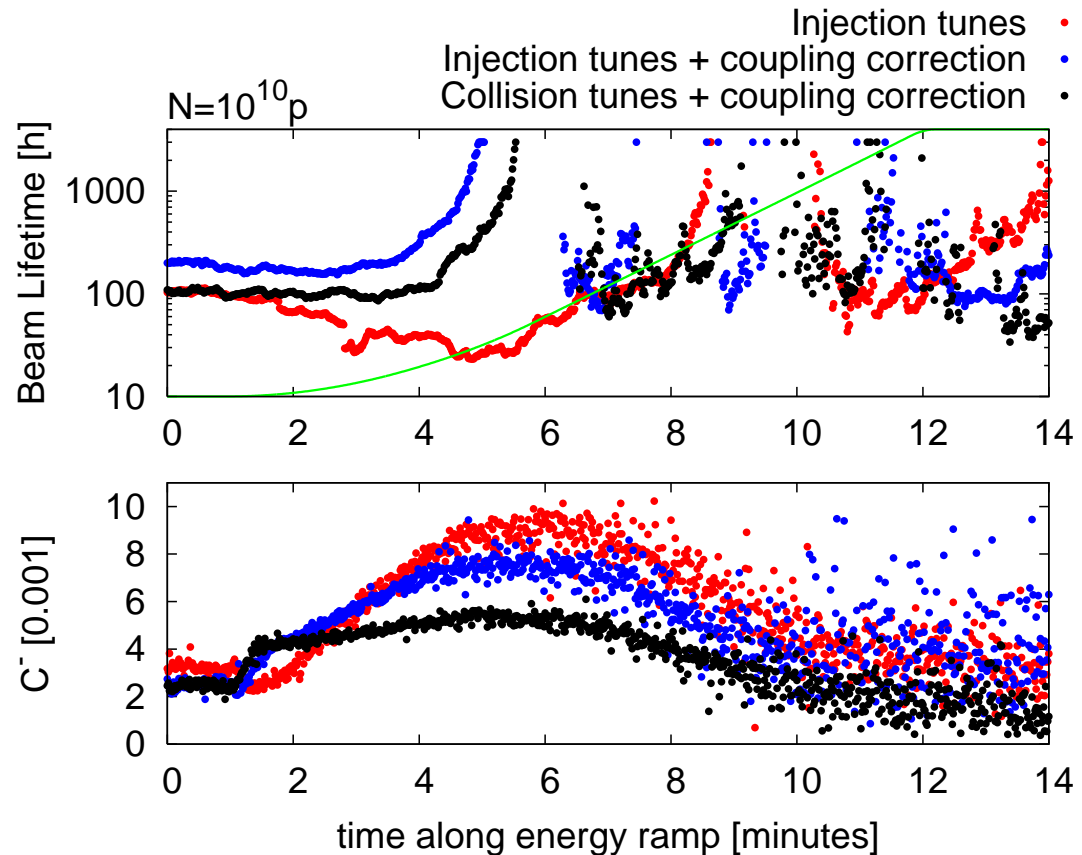
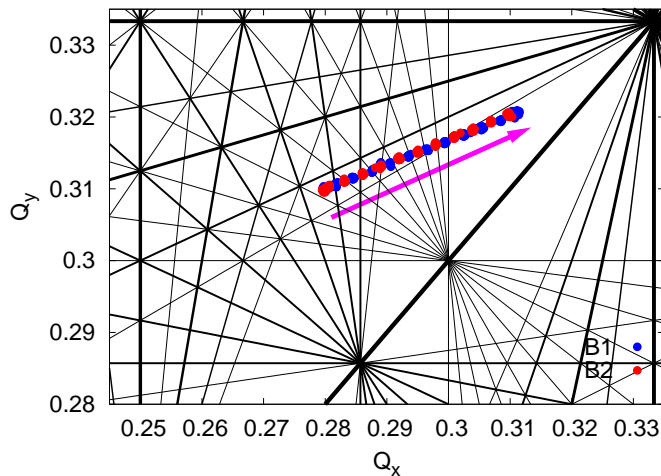
# Injection $\beta^* = 5$ m in IR1&IR5?



Aperture not OK at  $\beta^* \geq 5$  m.

# No tune jump - collision tunes @ injection

- ★ The tune jump is currently too violent for OFB
- ★ At lower  $\beta^*$  it would get more violent
- ★ Collision tunes @ injection and ramp (2011)



# Ramp & Squeeze and Collide & Squeeze

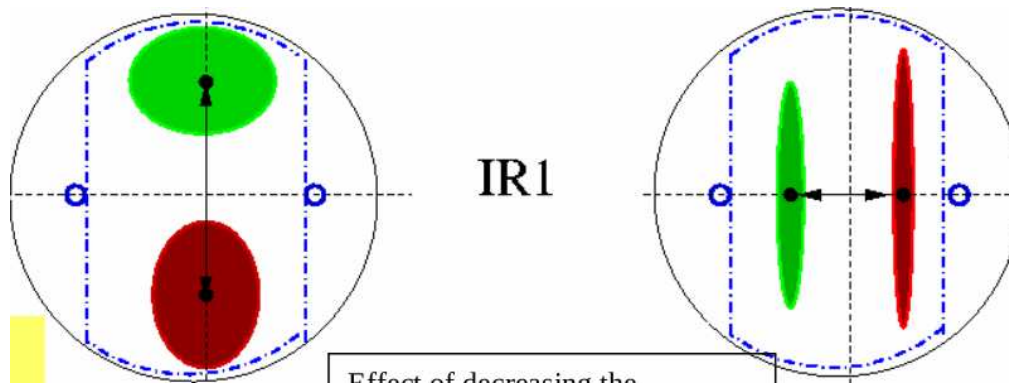
- ★ Too strong triplets in IR2 and IR8 might force ramp & squeeze at  $\approx 6$  TeV
- ★ avoidable **if**  $E \leq 6.45$  TeV or ...
- ★ **but** commissioning cost is not unaffordable.
- ★ Good optics corrections are needed for  $\beta^* \leq 3$  m (natural  $\beta$ -beating  $\approx 35\%$  @ 3m)
- ★ Improved tools are needed!

# Improved tools after LS1

- ★ Moving from static to dynamic measurements
- ★ Already some experience during the ramp but at constant optics
- ★ B. Dehning requests a 3.5% resolution on  $\beta$  (currently  $\approx 10\%$  with single shot)
- ★ We requested to double the length of AC dipole flattop to improve single shot measurement (N. Magnin)
- ★ Need tools that give the optical status of the machine at any given time.

# ATS? Flat optics?

- ★ ATS can reach  $\beta^*=0.3$  m in the pre-squeeze while for Nominal it is not clear
- ★ ATS has some advantages:
  - Matching section apertures & strengths
  - Lower chromatic aberrations
  - Lower  $\beta^*$  at reach 'using the arcs'
- ★ Stephane's flat scheme might allow for lower  $\beta^*$ :



- ★ Final design should be decided based on global performances.



# Lumi Vs $\beta^*$ - 50ns H9 beams

$\beta_x^*$ [m]	$\beta_y^*$ [m]	$\theta$ $\mu\text{rad}$	Luminosity [ $10^{34}\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ ]	$\Delta$ [%]
0.5	0.5	201	1.90	
0.4	0.4	225	2.14	13
0.3	0.3	260	2.41	13
0.6	0.4	184	2.08	
0.6	0.3	184	2.40	15
0.6	0.2	184	2.94	23

# Lumi Vs $\beta^*$ - 25ns H9 beams

$\beta_x^*$ [m]	$\beta_y^*$ [m]	$\theta$ $\mu\text{rad}$	Luminosity [ $10^{34}\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ ]	$\Delta$ [%]
0.5	0.5	282	1.60	
0.45	0.43	298	1.71	7
0.37	0.33	326	1.92	12
0.5	0.33	282	1.97	
0.5	0.23	282	2.36	20

# Octupole reach at 6.5 TeV and $\beta^* = 0.4$ m

- ★ Maximum **focusing** in MO, MCO & MCOX:

$$dQ_x/d^2J_x = \quad 1191 \quad -1012 \text{ Amps (MO equiv.)}$$

$$dQ_y/d^2J_y = \quad 619 \quad -1319 \text{ Amps (MO equiv.)}$$

$$dQ_x/d^2J_y = \quad 650 \quad -2638 \text{ Amps (MO equiv.)}$$

- ★ Maximum **defocusing** in MO, MCO & MCOX:

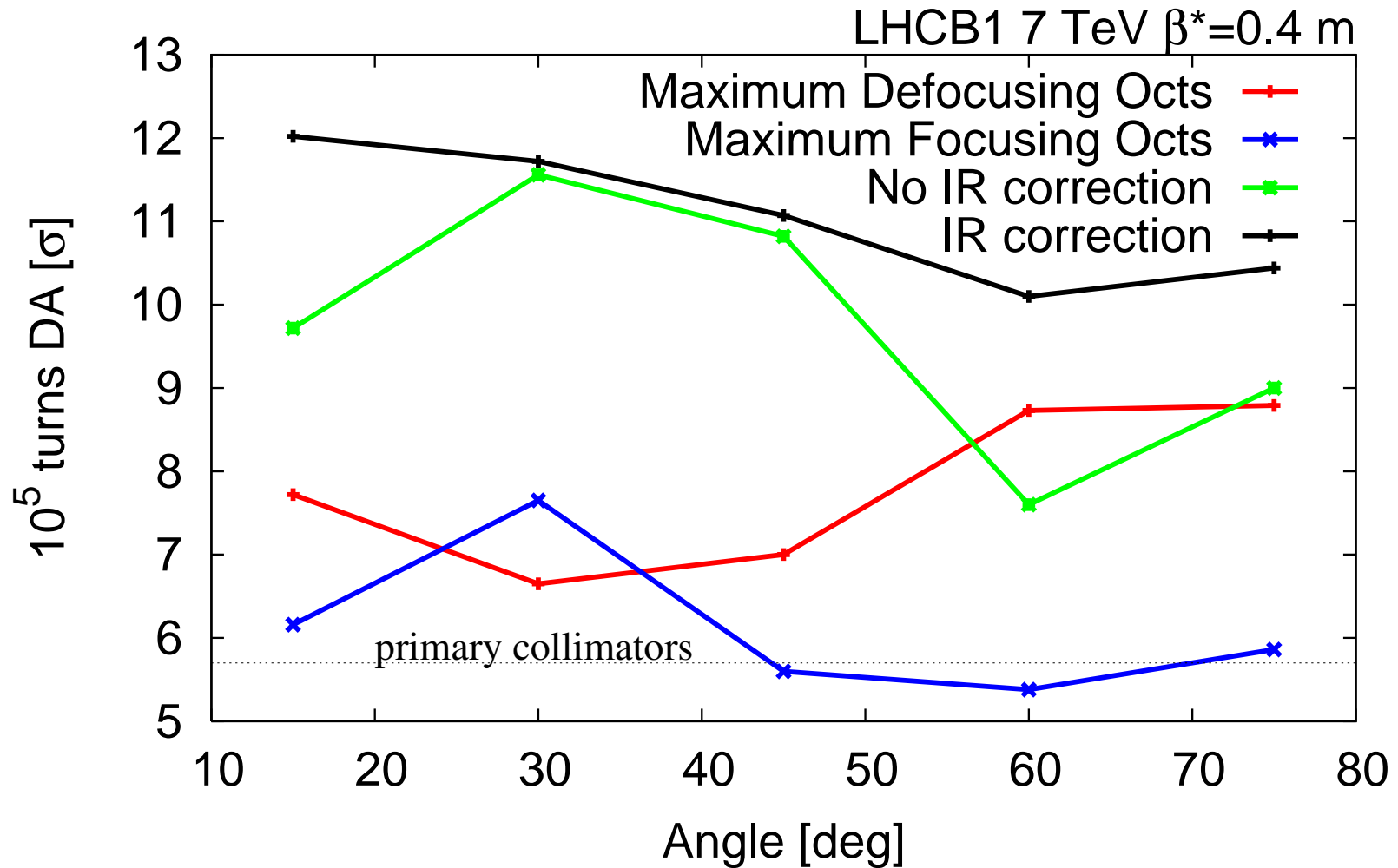
$$dQ_x/d^2J_x = \quad -586 \quad 1540 \text{ Amps (MO equiv.)}$$

$$dQ_y/d^2J_y = \quad -1086 \quad 1082 \text{ Amps (MO equiv.)}$$

$$dQ_x/d^2J_y = \quad -1482 \quad 1976 \text{ Amps (MO equiv.)}$$

- ★  $\pm 1200$  Amps reached at least 50% of the terms, is this OK? DA?

# DA at $\beta^*=0.4$ m, Nominal optics



IR non-linear correction recovers  $4\sigma$ !

DA with strong octupoles is a serious concern.

# Summary

- ★ LHC achieved record low  $\beta$ -beating for hadron colliders and many other first achievements in 2012:
  - DA measurement at injection
  - chromatic coupling correction
  - triplet non-linear correction
  - measurement of amp. detuning with AC dipoles
- ★ Linear and non-linear dynamics very well understood
- ★  $\beta^*$  at injection  $\geq 7$  m
- ★ Let's get rid of the tune jump
- ★ ramp&squeeze, squeeze&collide have a price
- ★ Dynamic measurements will need improved tools
- ★ Final  $\beta^*$  to be decided...
- ★ Triplet non-linear correctors are needed for DA and/or Landau damping (watch DA!).

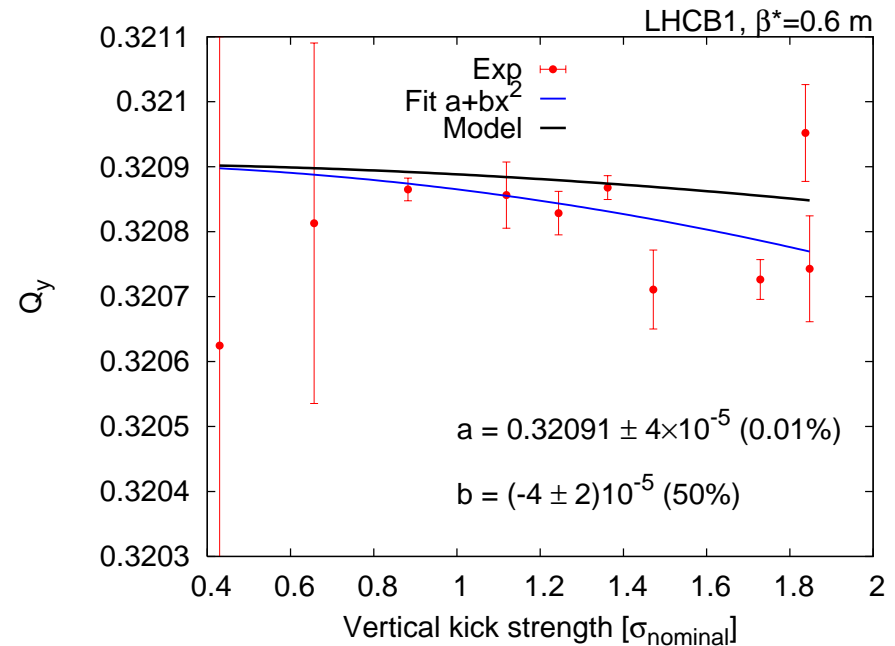
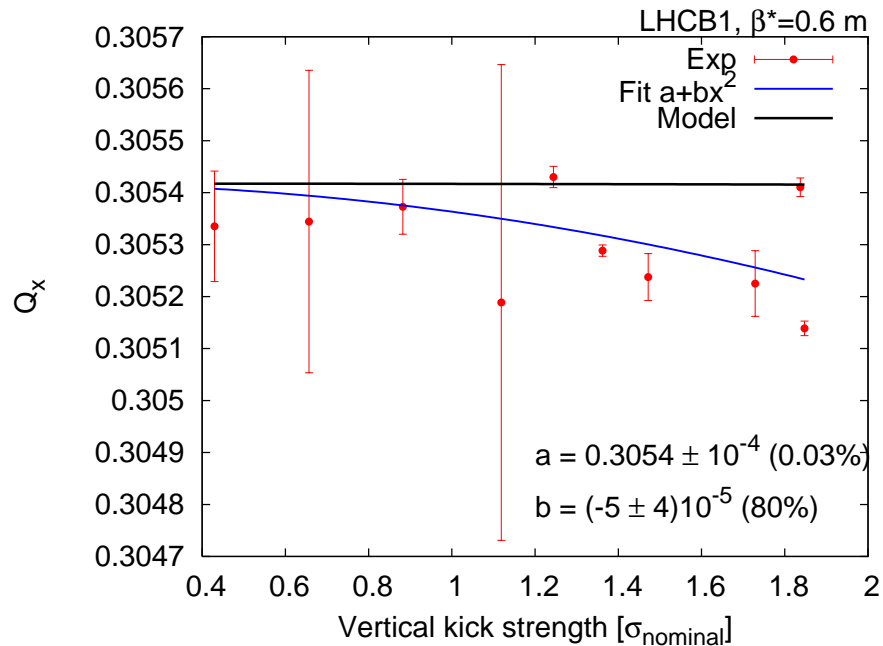
# Extra Slides

# Chromatic coupling: Model Vs Exp

	Beam 1		Beam 2	
	Model	Exp	Model	Exp
KSS.a12	-0.0523	-0.0076	-0.0544	-0.0105
KSS.a23	-0.0335	0.0088	-0.0365	0.0101
KSS.a34	-0.0325	0.0028	-0.0313	0.0003
KSS.a45	-0.0313	-0.0049	-0.0239	-0.0069
KSS.a56	-0.0021	-0.0003	-0.0039	0.0024
KSS.a67	-0.0068	-0.0078	-0.0022	-0.0098
KSS.a78	-0.0356	-0.0058	-0.0335	-0.0070
KSS.a81	-0.0152	<b>0.0000</b>	-0.0182	0.0099

Experimental correction is weaker, good!

# Amplitude detuning - Beam 1V



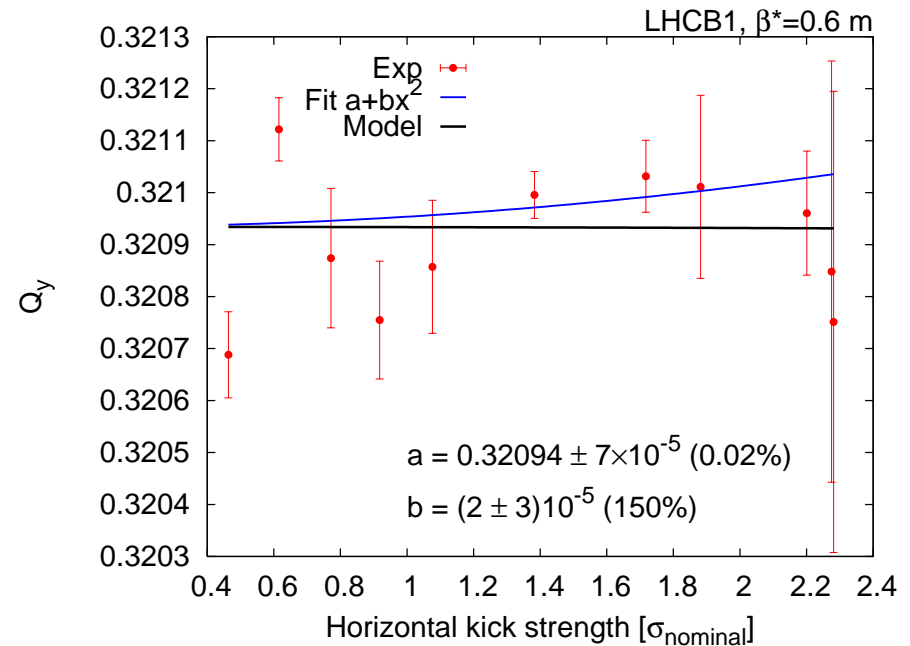
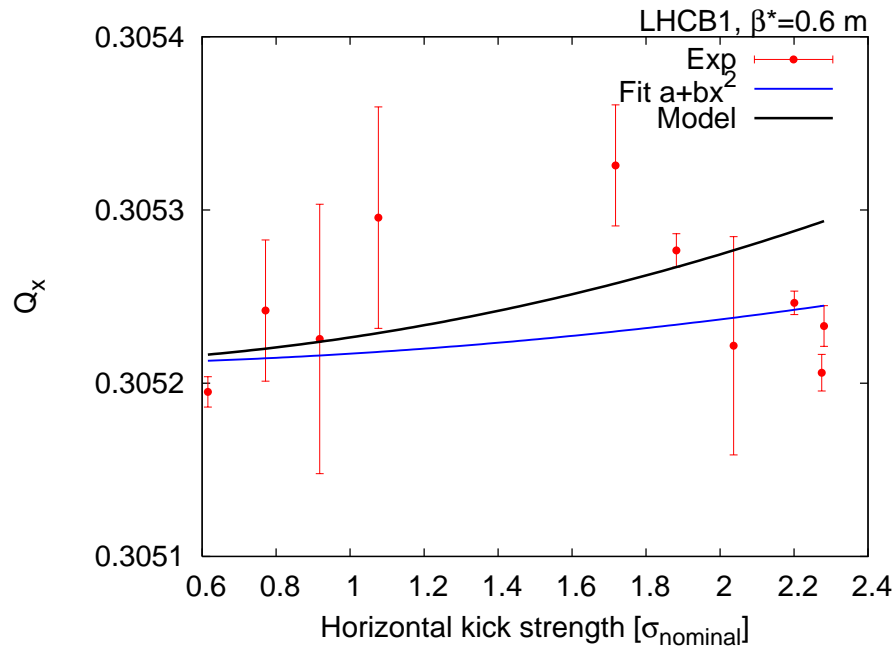
Lower excitation amplitude and poorer amplitude detuning measurement, yet consistent with model.



# Amplitude detuning - Beam 1H

$$a = 0.3052 \pm 2 \times 10^{-5} (0.006\%)$$

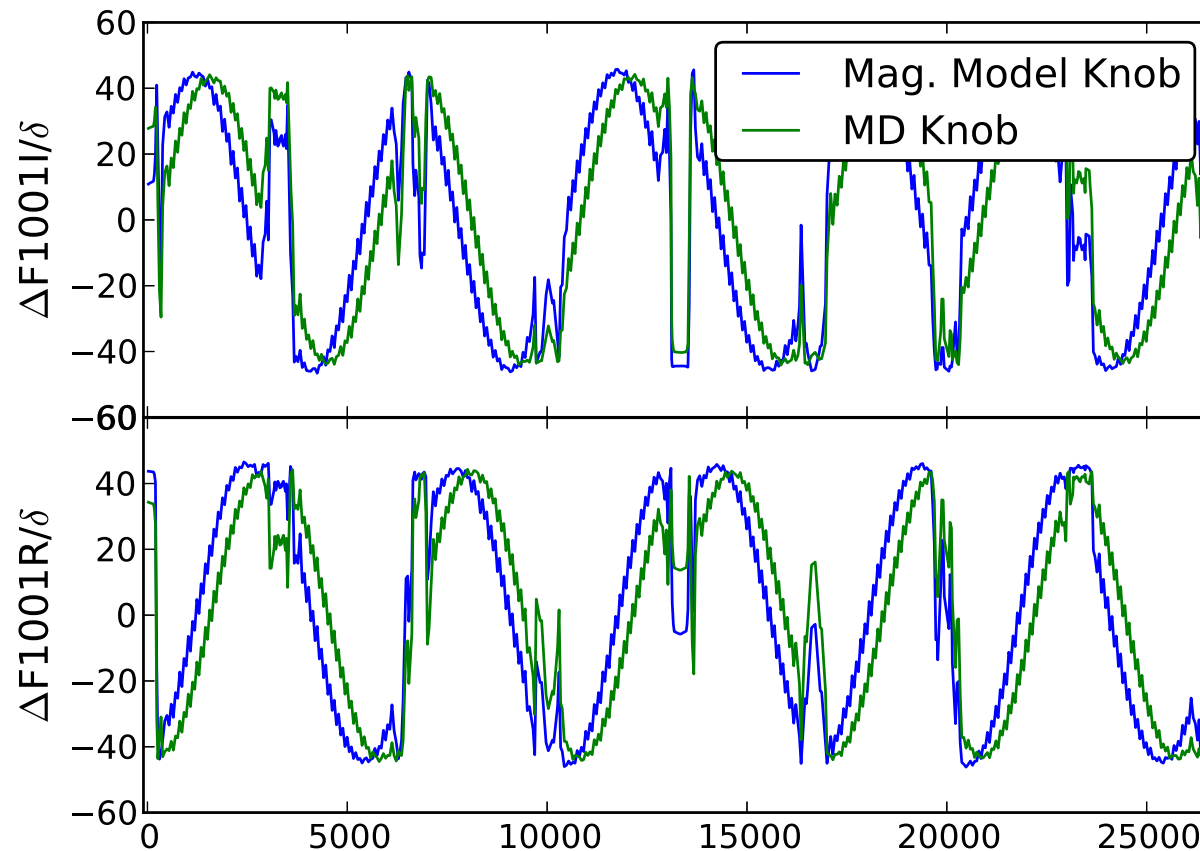
$$b = (0.7 \pm 0.5)10^{-5} (80\%)$$



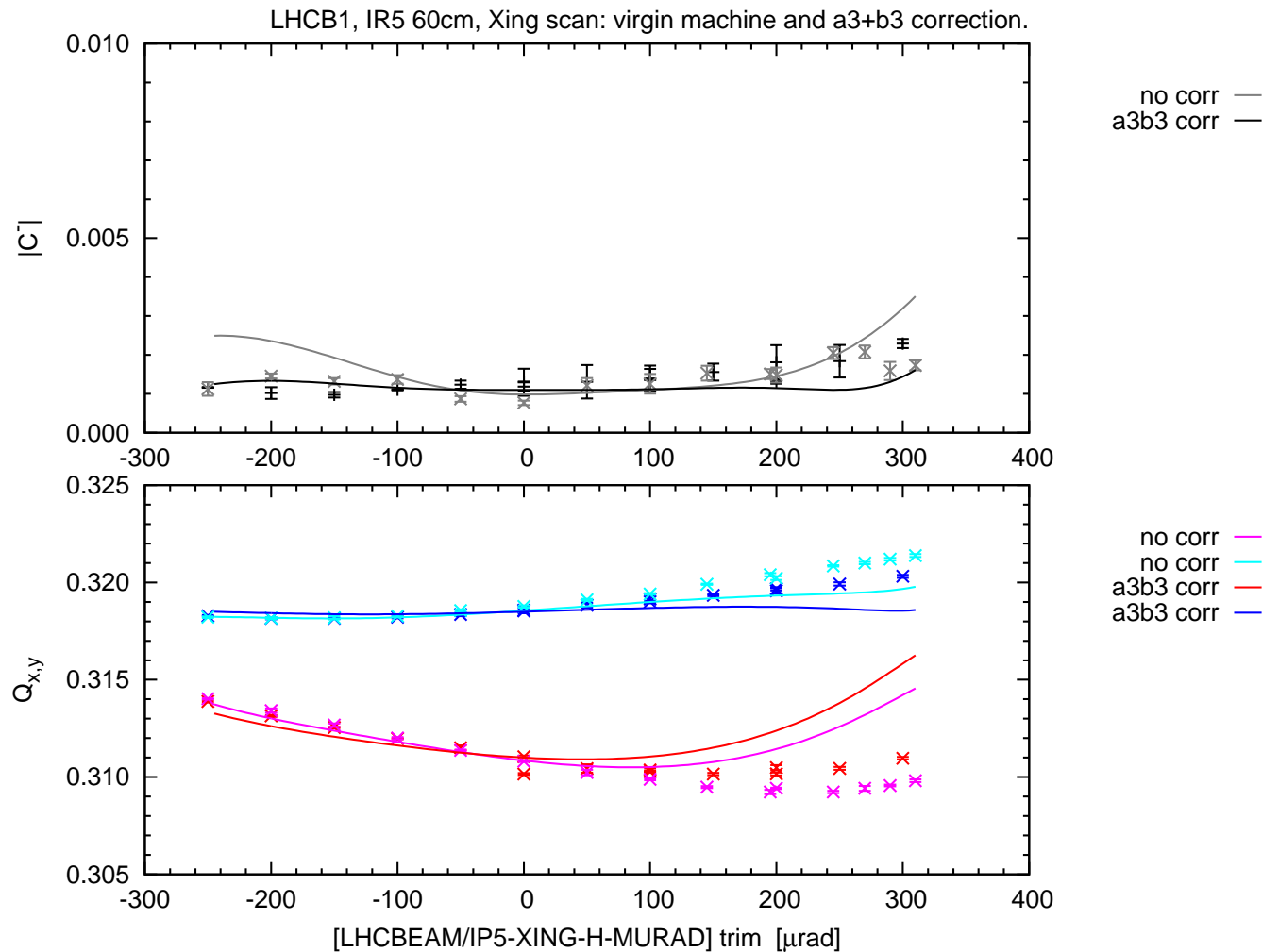
Beam 1 seems to have smaller amplitude detuning than Beam 2. Measurement still poor and consistent with model.

# Chromatic coupling: Model Vs Exp

## Beam 2

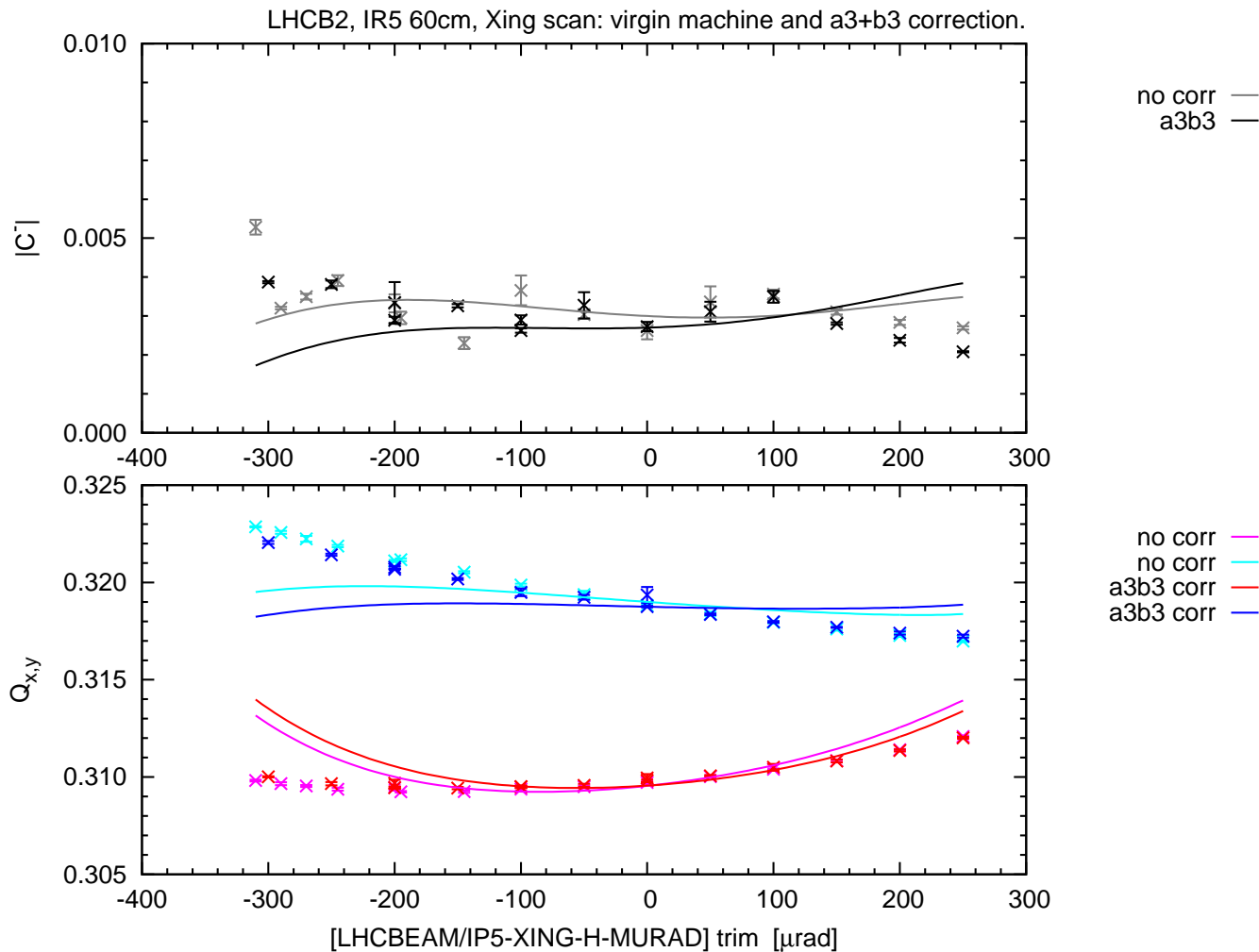


# IR5 non-linear correction - Beam 1



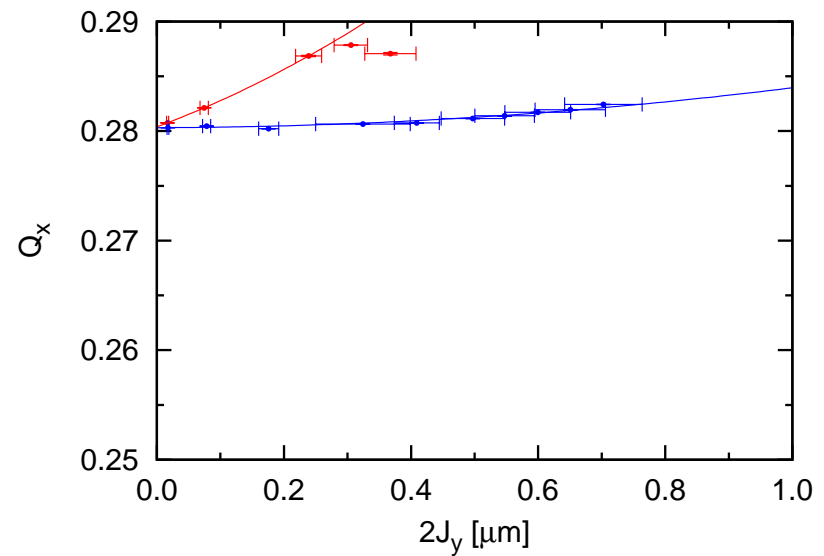
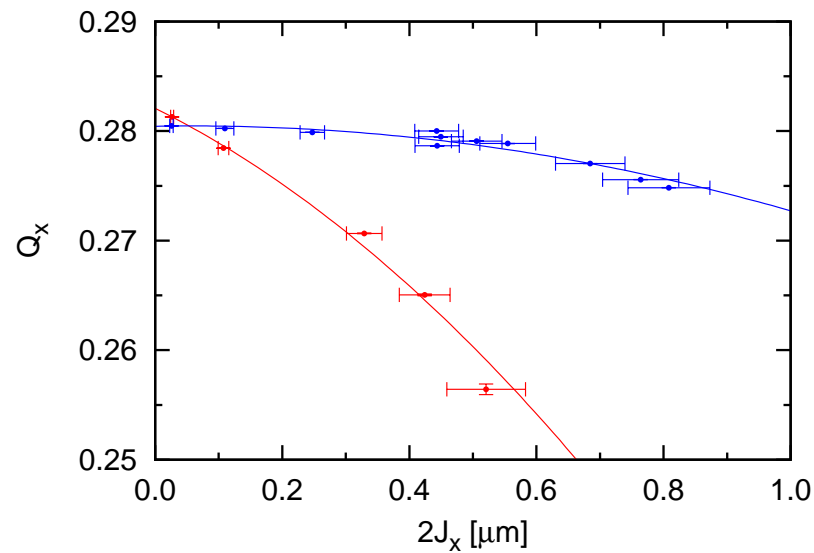
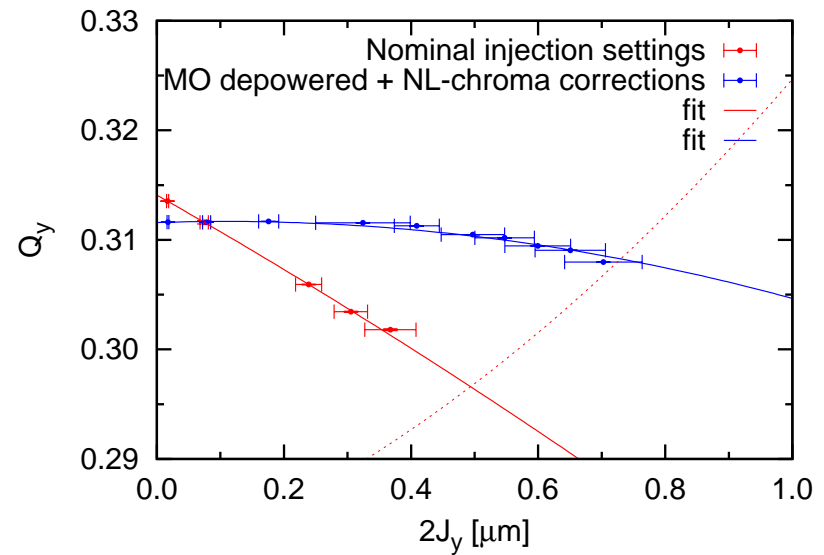
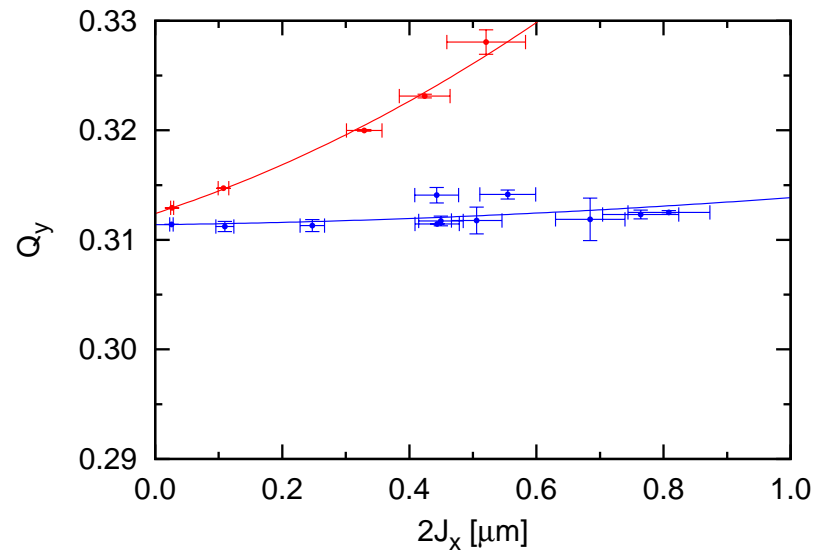
Significant deviations in IR5.

# IR5 non-linear correction - Beam 2

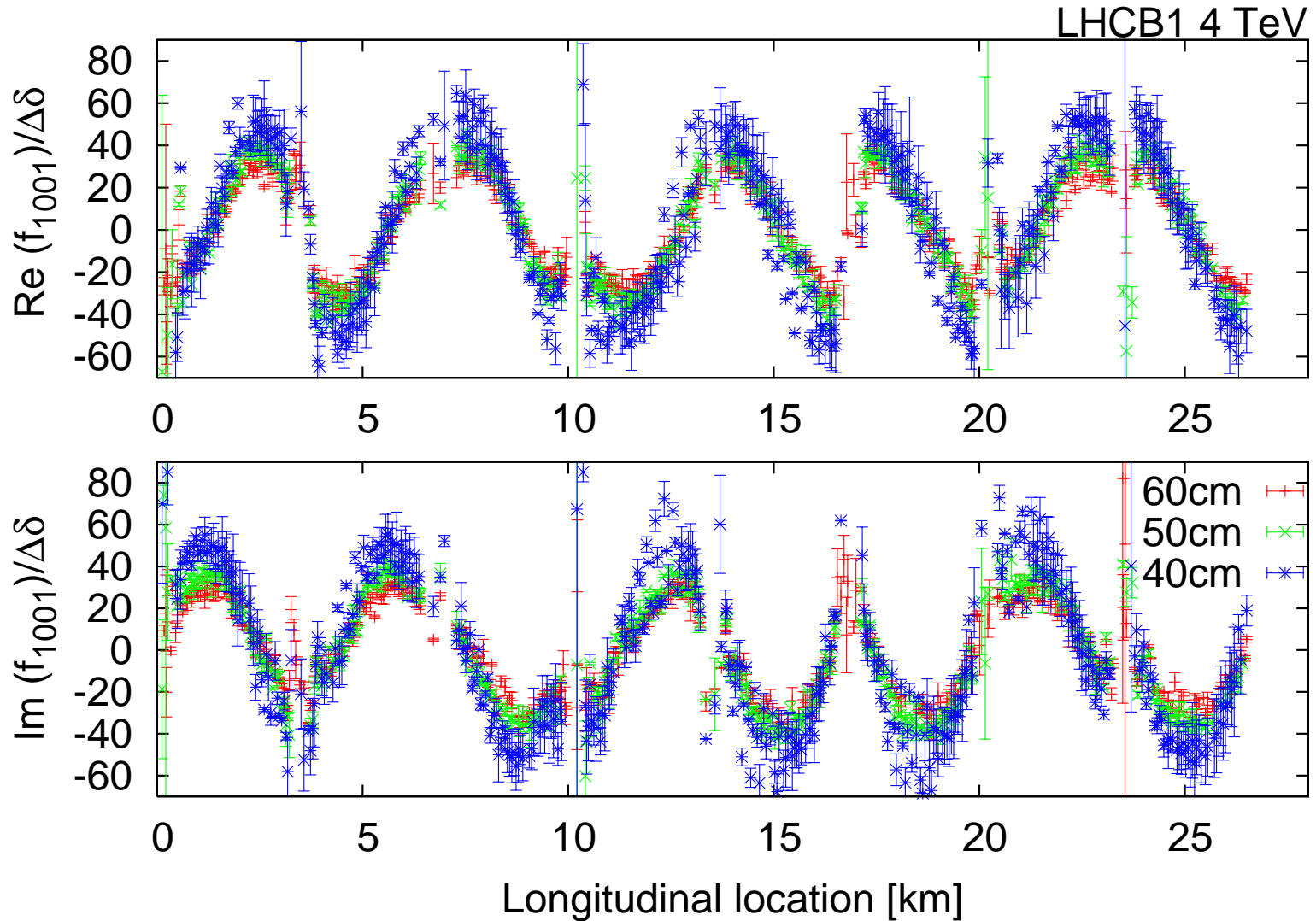


Also for beam 2  $\rightarrow$  need better corrections for IR5.

# Amplitude detuning at injection, Beam 2



# Chromatic coupling Vs $\beta^*$



At  $\beta^* = 0.4$  m a  $dp/p = 0.001$  gives  $\Delta\Delta Q_{\min} = 0.0024$ .