CernVM Online and Cloud Gateway a uniform interface for CernVM contextualization and deployment

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Background

CernVM: a virtual appliance that serves as a portable environment for developing and running LHC data analysis

- easily deployed in cloud or local environment by supporting various image types and hypervisors
- see Jakob's talk about **µCernVM**, the next-generation CernVM: http://chep2013.org/contrib/213
- visit: http://cernvm.cern.ch



Background

Virtual machine contextualization: is the process of configuring a VM instance for the needs of various deployment use cases

- we apply a context
 - INI file based on the AMIConfig library
 - defines settings for the various contextualization plugins - INI file sections
- using
 - user-data field in clouds that support it
 - HEPIX contextualization



Motivation

This work has to main goals:

- I. make contextualization of local VMs easier
 - no need to write contexts manually
 - reduce the use of the CernVM web appliance to configure local virtual machines by providing easier alternatives
- 2. deployment of CernVM
 - in local environments
 - virtual clusters in the cloud



CernVM Online / Cloud Gateway: interface for contextualization and deployment

CernVM Online contextualization made easy

cernvm-online.cern.ch

Can connect with CERN authentication or create a local account



CernVM Online

Web application: used to define, store and share contexts

- Contexts are immutable. They cannot change, they can only be cloned
- Secure contexts are supported by encrypting context content with user defined passphrase
 - context may contain sensitive information like passwords, keys, etc..



CernVM Online

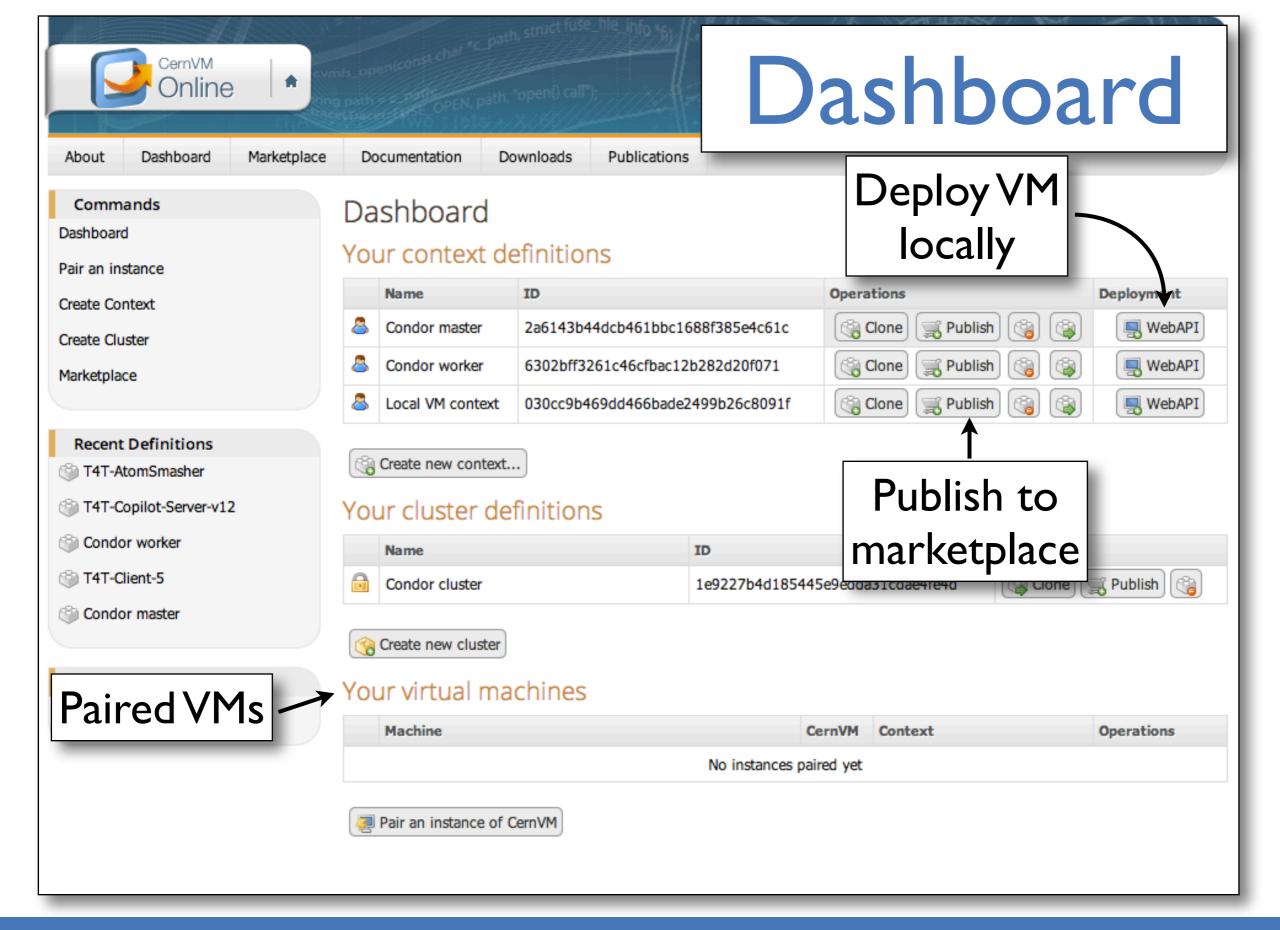
Marketplace: share contexts for common use cases

Deployment: user can deploy VMs locally with the **CernVM WebAPI**

- browser plugin able to spawn virtual machines automatically using *VirtualBox hypervisor* (is installed by the plugin if not available)
- implemented by Ioannis Charalampidis for Theory division at CERN (http://crowdcrafting.org/app/cernvm/)

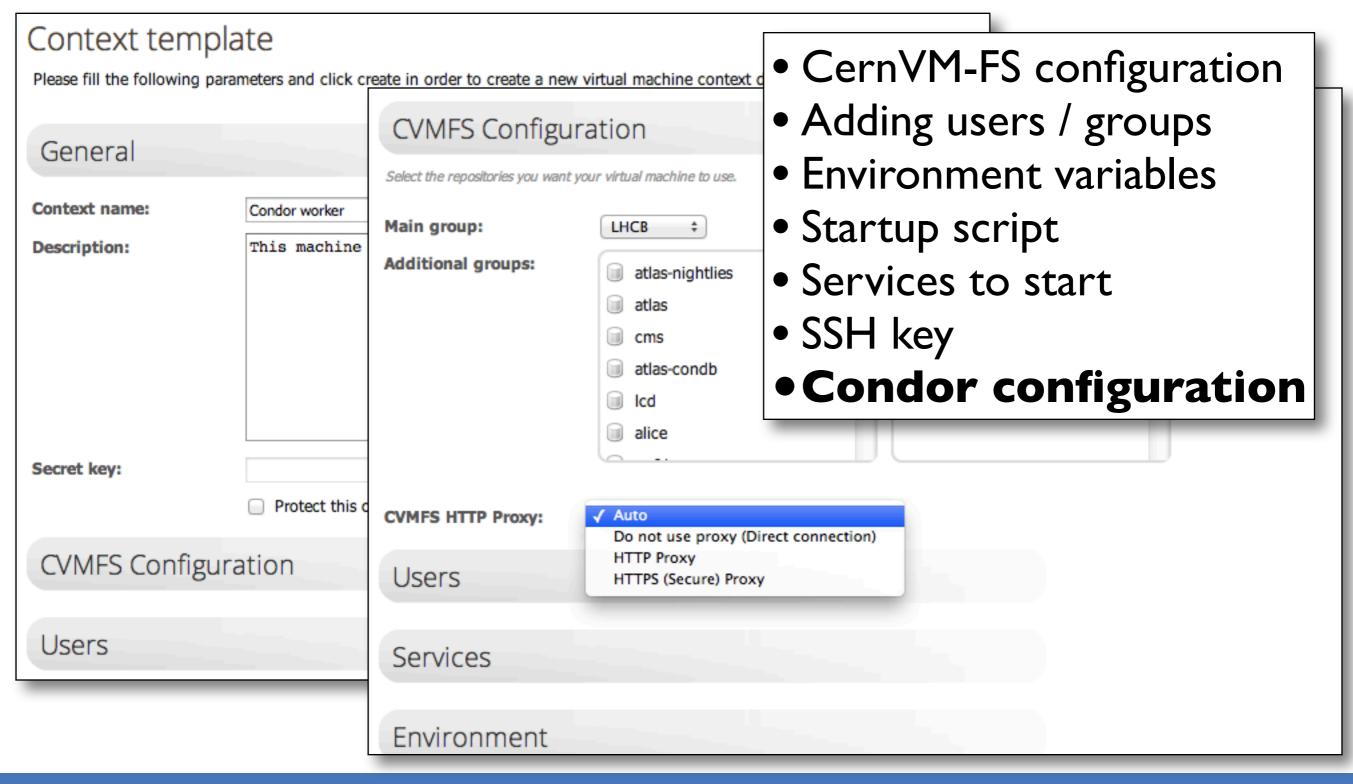
Pairing: contextualization of already running CernVM instances with console access







Context creation





CernVM Marketplace experimental

Marketplace

Pick one of the public contextualization information and pair you CernVM instance.

T4T-Client-5



T4T-AtomSmasher



This is a pilot project from Test4Theory group that allows users to play while helping CERN physicists.

T4T-Copilot-Server-



User can pair/clone contexts made by others

Search for contexts

T4T-AtomSmasher

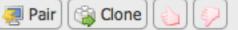
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The Virtual Atom Smasher is an interactive game from the Test4Theory group that allows people from outside CERN to help physicists, by playing an interactive game.

Author: icharala

Tags: t4t + - volunteer + -

Access: Open



Q

ATLAS

CMS

ALICE

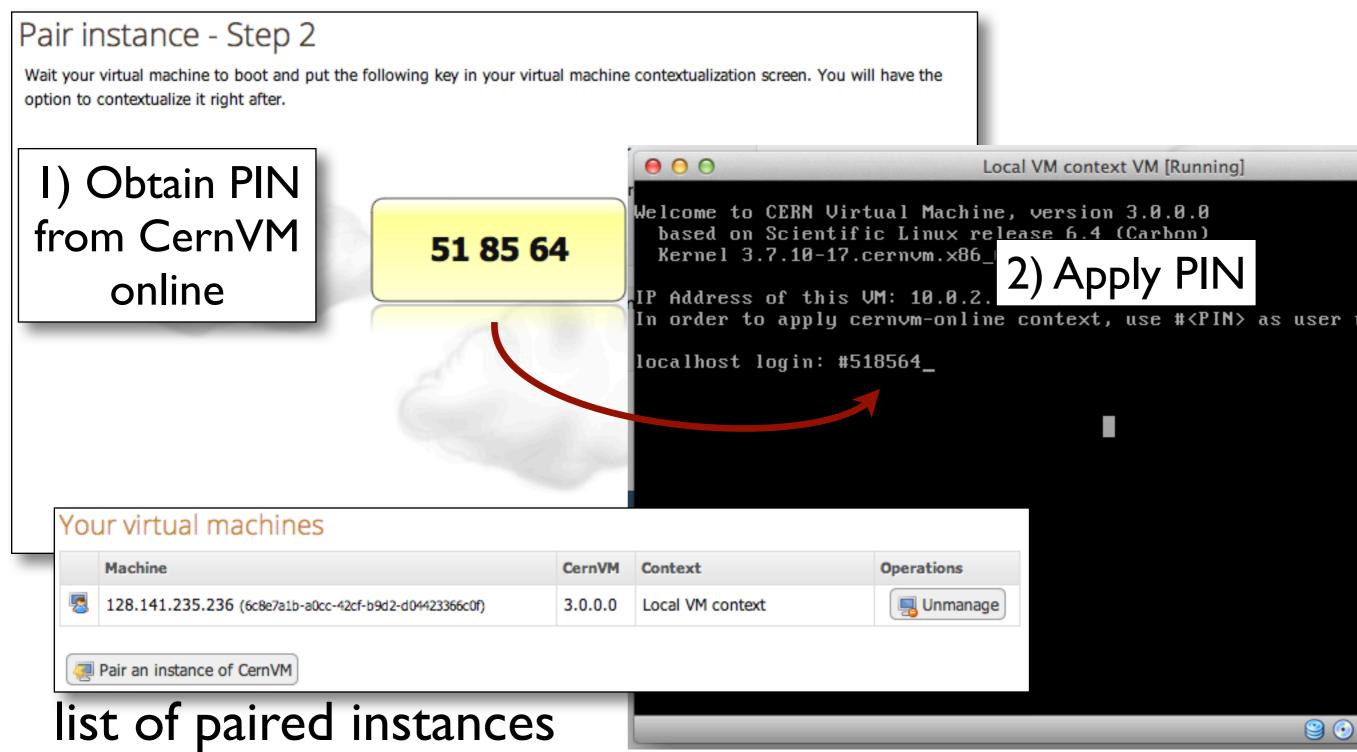
LHCb

NA61

Experimental



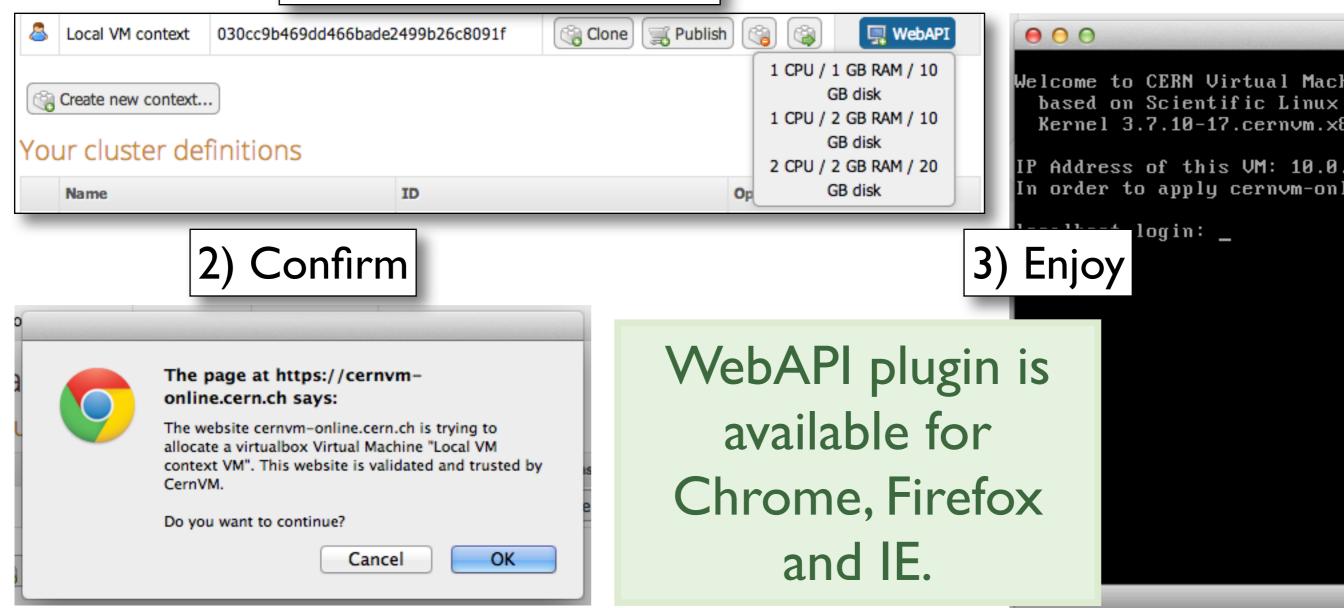
Virtual machine pairing





Deployment with WebAPIbeta

I) Select configuration





Pairing vs WebAPI

WebAPI **spawns** a VM using user's local PC resources

Pairing is contextualizing an existing VM

- requires console access
- VM can be local, or remote

Both can be used to avoid having to contextualize manually user's VM with the web appliance.



CernVM Online / Cloud Gateway: interface for contextualization and deployment

CernVM Cloudbeta deploy CernVM virtual clusters

cern.ch/cernvm-cloud

Contact us for a beta tester account



CernVM Cloud Gateway

a distributed system that provides a single interface to use multiple and different clouds:

- by cloud type: OpenStack, CloudStack,
 OpenNebula, ...
- private or public: CERN OpenStack, AWS, ...
- geographically distributed



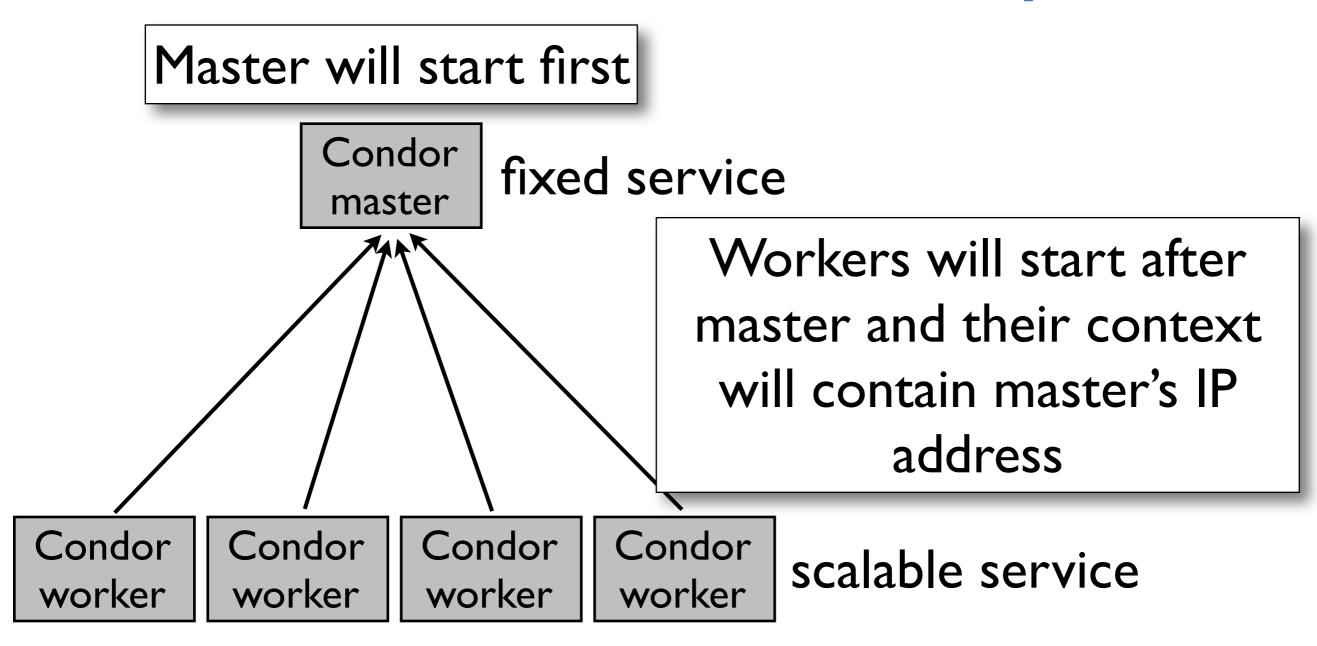
CernVM Virtual clusters

Uses cloud available cloud resources to deploy virtual clusters. **Virtual cluster** is a set of VMs able to communicate with each other:

- consists of services
- each service should be deployed in the cloud
- a service defines:
 - I. the context of the VMs that will implement it,
 - 2. the VM configuration (flavor, CernVM version)
- fixed services are deployed once and before any other service
- scalable services rely on the fixed services and they can be scaled up and down



Virtual cluster example



There are cases with more than one fixed services: proxy server, VO box, etc



Implementation tools

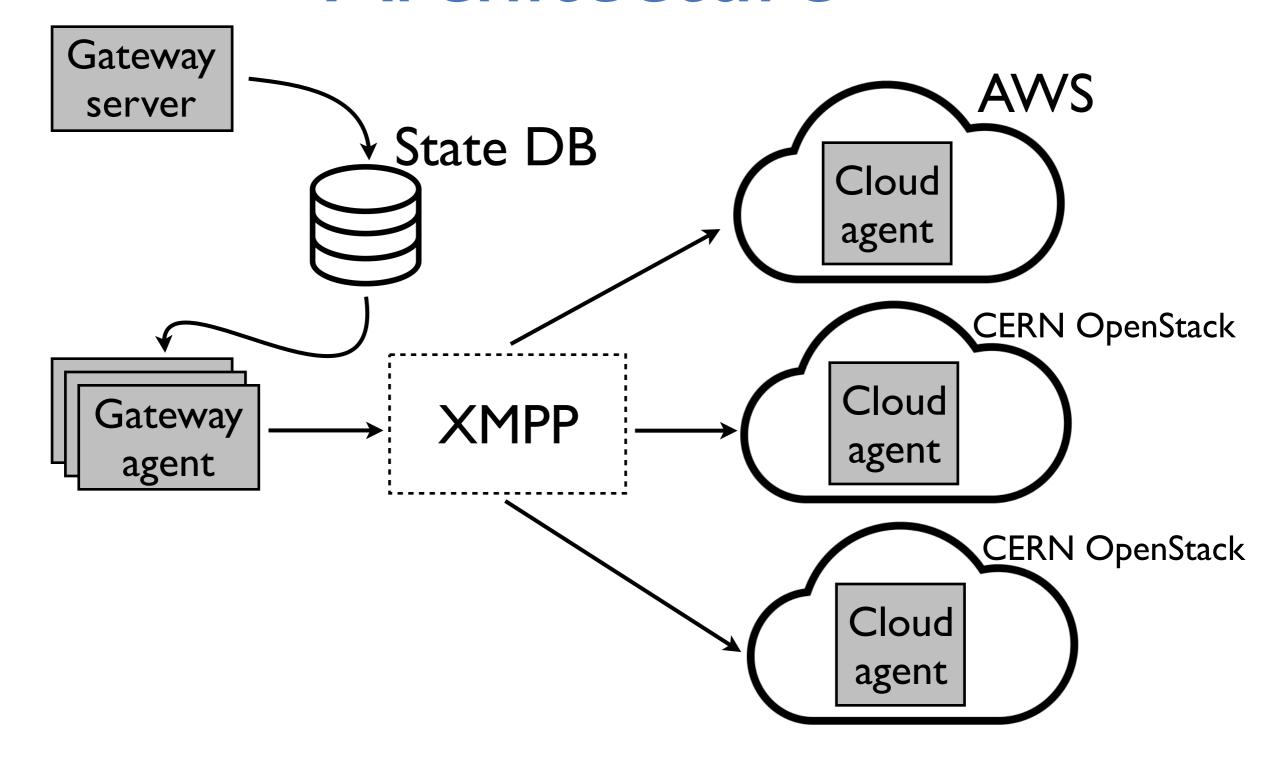
iAgent Framework: implemented in Perl, it provides ways to develop agents that can expose their functionality through XMPP.

XMPP: communication protocol. Has useful features as:

- Presence: to know which agents are online
- Queuing: messages will be delivered once agent is up
- **PubSub channels:** many cloud agents listen for messages from the gateway agents



Architecture





Gateway server / agent

Gateway server: API endpoint and web interface

- Handles client authentication
 - users and groups
- Feeds the system with user requests
- Web interface works with mobile devices (responsive)
- **REST API** provides complete functionality for deploying clusters (http://cern.ch/cernvm-cloud/Wiki/Documentation.html)

Gateway agent: processes the user requests and forwards them to *cloud agents* though XMPP.



Cloud Agent

Associated with a single cloud access credentials

- Listens to XMPP PubSub channel for user requests
 - **simple ACL:** administrator can define which users/ groups for cloud gateway can use his cloud instance
 - soft quota for managed cloud resources
 - mapping of general flavors / templates to cloud specific
- Communicates with respective cloud via a cloud driver that "speaks" its API



Cloud credentials storage

Current model: cloud credentials are stored in the cloud agents

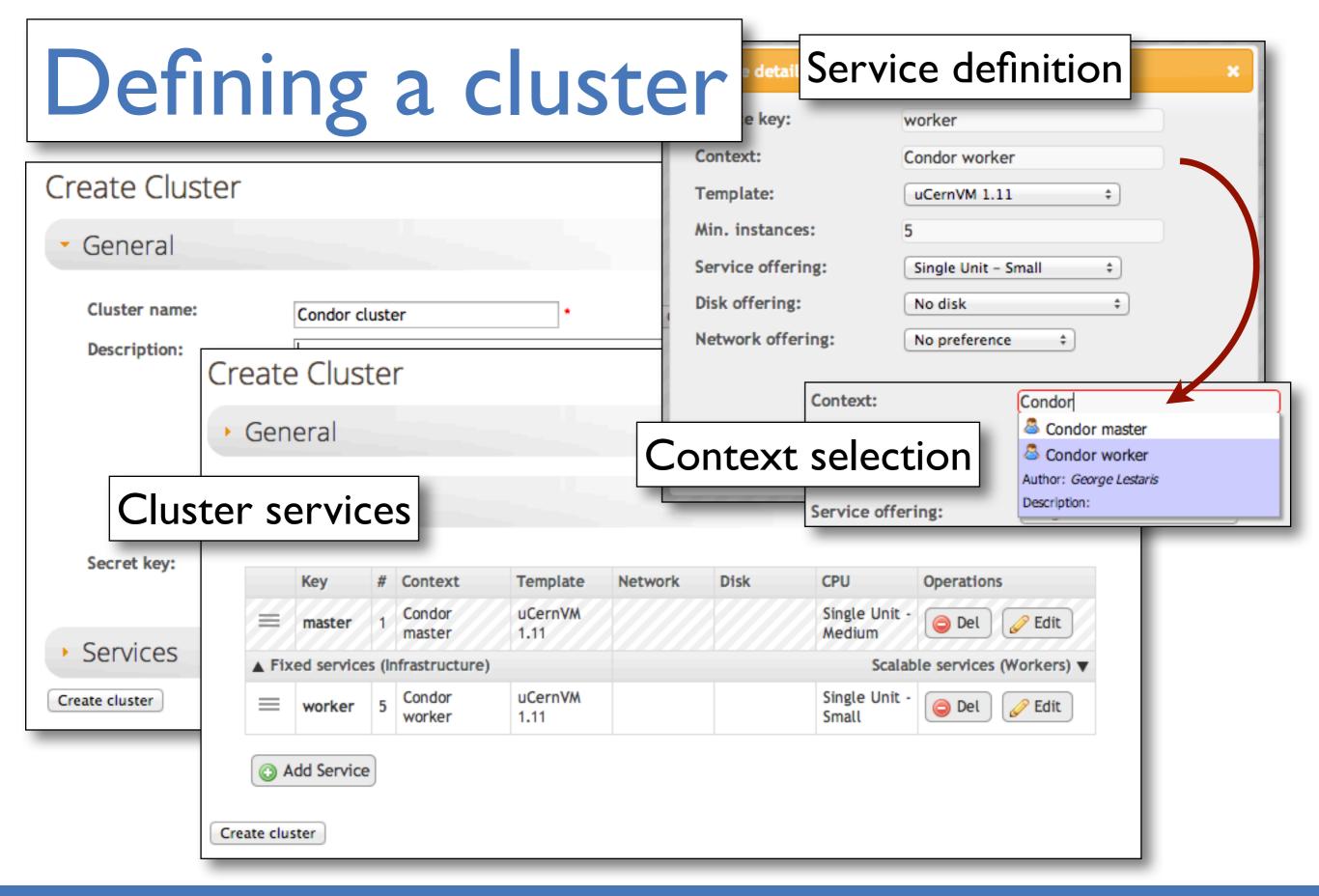
- ✓cloud agent can run in a machine managed by the owner of the credentials
- ✓ sensitive credentials are not communicated to the central server
- a cloud agent has to be deployed for each cloud key-pair



CernVM Online / Cloud Gateway: interface for contextualization and deployment

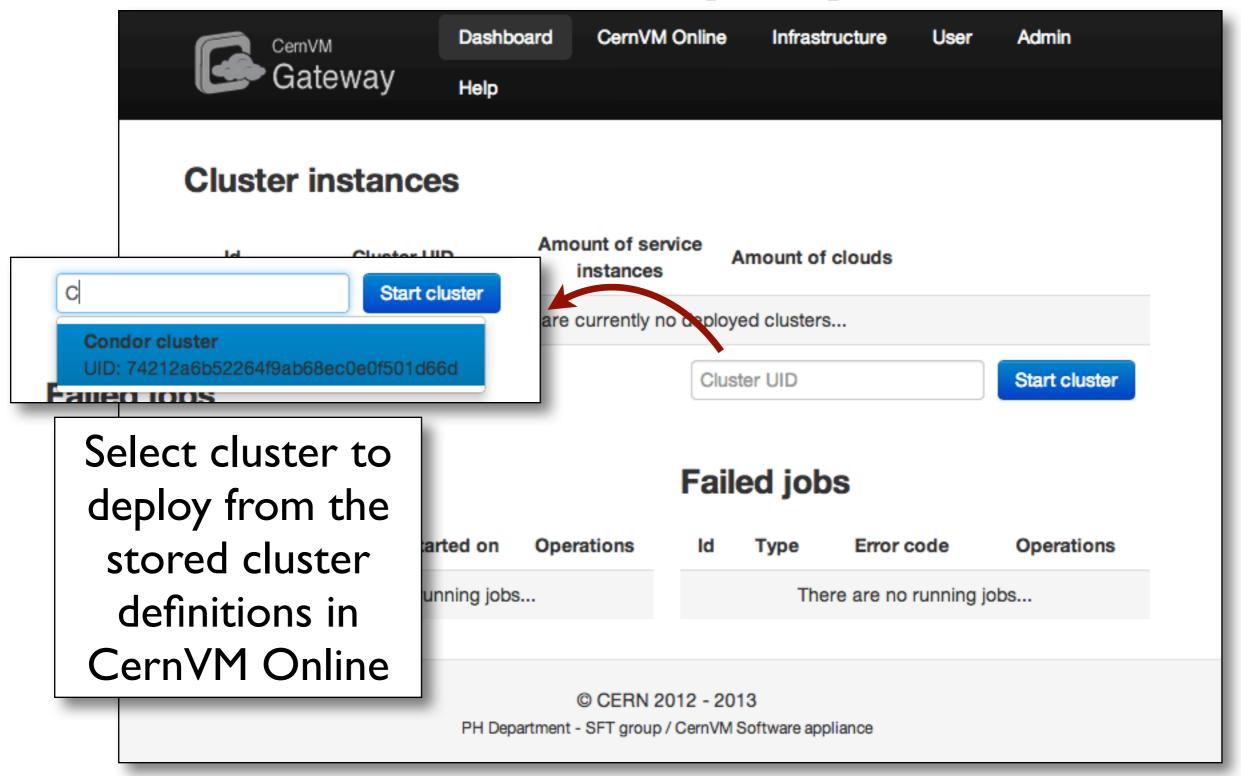
CernVM Cloud in action





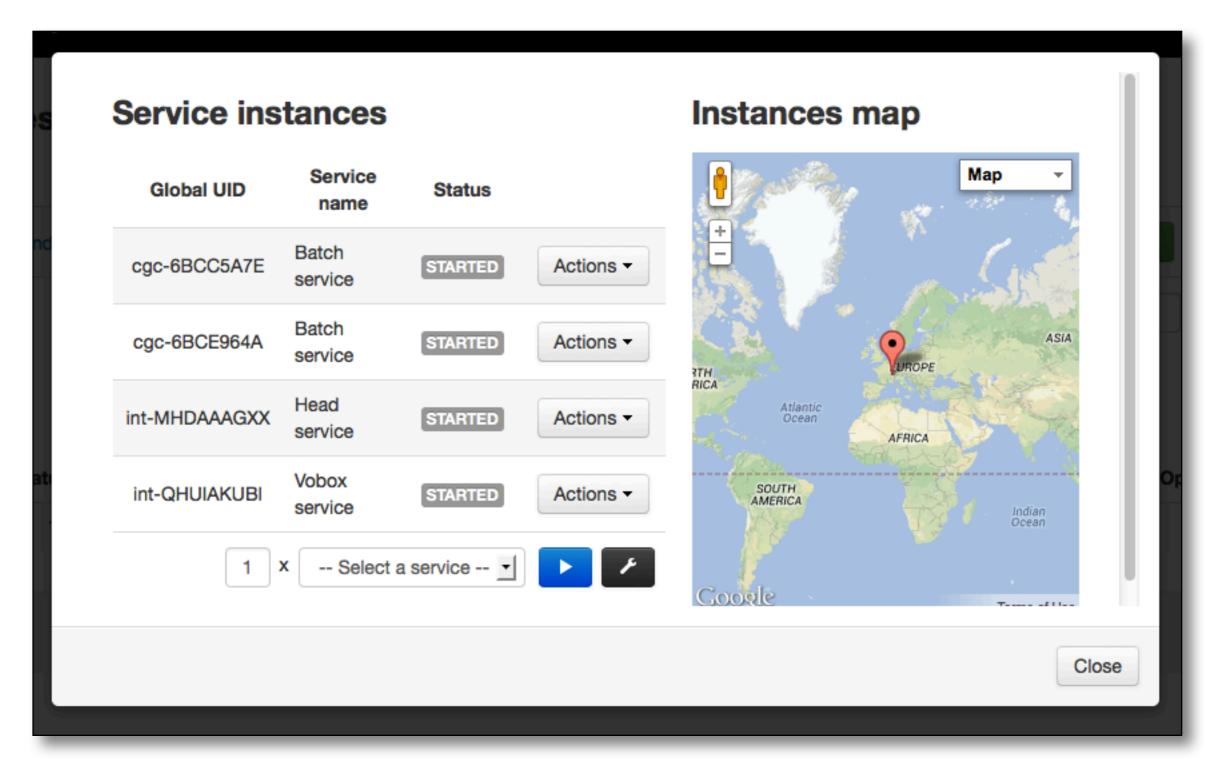


Cluster deployment



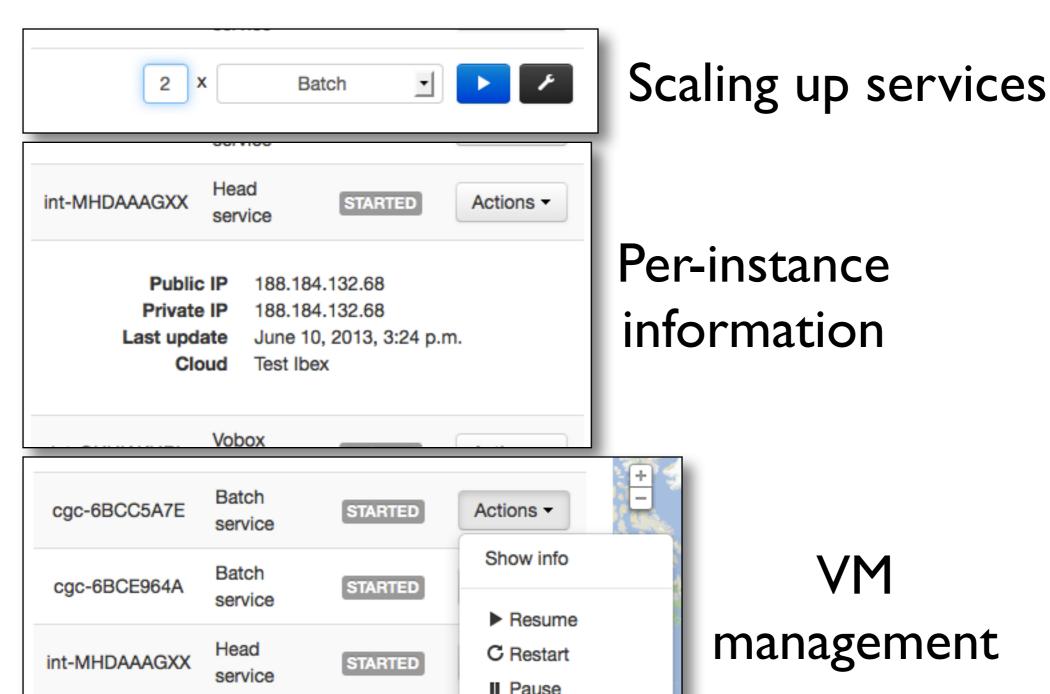


Deployment management





Deployment management



STARTED



Vobox

service

int-QHUIAKUBI

Clusters overflowing clouds

Experimental VM VM VM



Clusters overflowing clouds

Experimental

- CernVM Cloud can support multiple clouds
- Once a cluster reaches cloud's capacity and user requests to scale it up, it expands to another cloud
- In this expansion the fixed services are being replicated to the new cloud
- √ Cluster VMs will be able to communicate with fixed services
 as they will always be in the local network of the same cloud



Conclusion

CernVM Online: production

- define, store and share contexts with a nice web UI
- Pairing and WebAPI to deploy single VM

CernVM Cloud: beta

- deploy clusters defined in CernVM online
- multiple & different clouds
- overflowing clouds and expanding clusters to different clouds
- RESTful API

