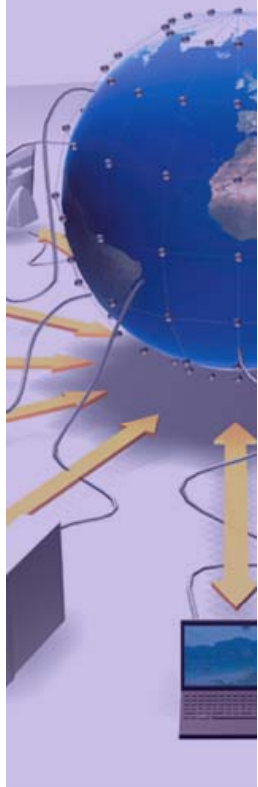
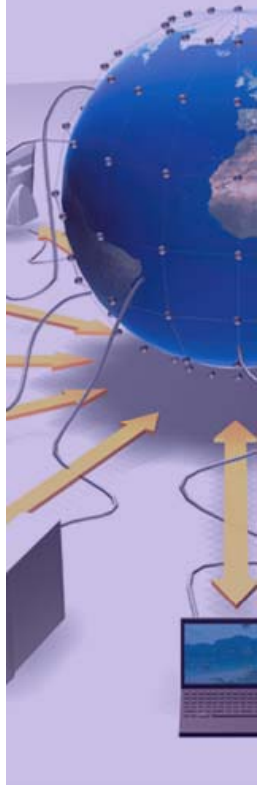


# Service Reliability & Critical Services

January 15<sup>th</sup> 2008



- For the most critical services, maximum downtime of **30'** has been requested
- As has been stated on several occasions, including at the WLCG Service Reliability workshop and at the OB, maximum downtime of **30'** is impossible to guarantee at affordable cost
- **30'** – even for maximum time for a human to begin to intervene – cannot be guaranteed
  - e.g. IT department meeting of yesterday!
- **But much can be done in terms of reliability – by design! (See next slides...)**
- A realistic time for intervention (out of hours – when they are likely to occur!) is **4 hours**
- Christmas shutdown text typically says ½ a day





# Reliable Services – The Techniques

- ☺ DNS load balancing
- ☺ Oracle “Real Application Clusters” & DataGuard
  - H/A Linux (less recommended... because its not really H/A...)
- 💣 **Murphy’s law of Grid Computing!**
  - Standard operations procedures:
    - Contact name(s); basic monitoring & alarms; procedures; hardware matching requirements;
  - **No free lunch! Work must be done right from the start (design) through to operations (much harder to retrofit...)**
  - Reliable services take less effort(!) to run than unreliable ones!
  - 💣 **At least one WLCG service (VOMS) middleware does not currently meet stated service availability requirements**
  - 💣 **Also, ‘flexibility’ not needed by this community has sometimes led to excessive complexity (complexity is the enemy of reliability) (WMS)**
  - **Need also to work through experiment services using a ‘service dashboard’ as was done for WLCG services (see draft [service map](#))**



# Service Reliability: Follow-up Actions

1. Check m/w (prioritized) against techniques - which can / do use them and which cannot? → Priorities for development (service)
2. Experiments' Lists of critical services: service map (FIO+GD criteria)
3. Measured improvement - how do we do it?
4. VO Boxes → VO services
5. Tests - do they exist for all the requested 'services'? → SAM tests for experiments
6. ATLAS & CMS: warrant a dedicated coordinator on both sides
7. Database services: IT & experiment specific
8. Storage - does this warrant a dedicated coordinator? Follow-up by implementation
9. Revisit for Tier1s (and larger Tier2s)
- 10. Overall coordination? → LCG SCM → GDB → MB/OB**
11. Day 1 of WLCG Collaboration workshop in April (21<sup>st</sup>)
12. Long-term follow-up? → solved problem by CHEP 2009
13. "Cook-book" - the current "knowledge" is scattered over a number of papers - should we put it all together in one place? (Probably a paper of at least 20 pages, but this should not be an issue.)

## VOBOX Hardware:

- Resource requirements and planning
  - it is not always easy to have an additional disk on demand because “/data” becomes full
- Hardware warranty
  - Plan for hardware renewal
  - Check warranty duration before moving to production
- Hardware naming and labeling
  - Make use of aliases to facilitate hardware replacement
  - Have a “good” name on the sticker
    - e.g. All lxbiiii machines may be switched off by hand in case of a cooling problem

💣 **Some “critical services” run over Xmas were just that – and nodename hard-coded in application!**



# On-going Follow-up

- We have one day (Monday 21<sup>st</sup> April) dedicated to follow-up on measured improvement in service reliability
- Using the Grid Service Map, we will focus on the most critical services and work through the lists of all experiments
- It requires work on all sides (service provider, developers, experiments) to make concrete progress
- For the services where the guidelines are already implemented, production experience is consistent with the requests from the experiments
- We should use the features of the Grid to ensure that the overall service reliability is consistent with the requirements (i.e. no SPOFs)
- Individual components may fail, but the overall service can and should continue!