CTF3 Collaboration Technical Meeting 21-21 January 2008

Concluding Remarks

2008-01-23

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CTF3 - a world wide accelerator development collaboration

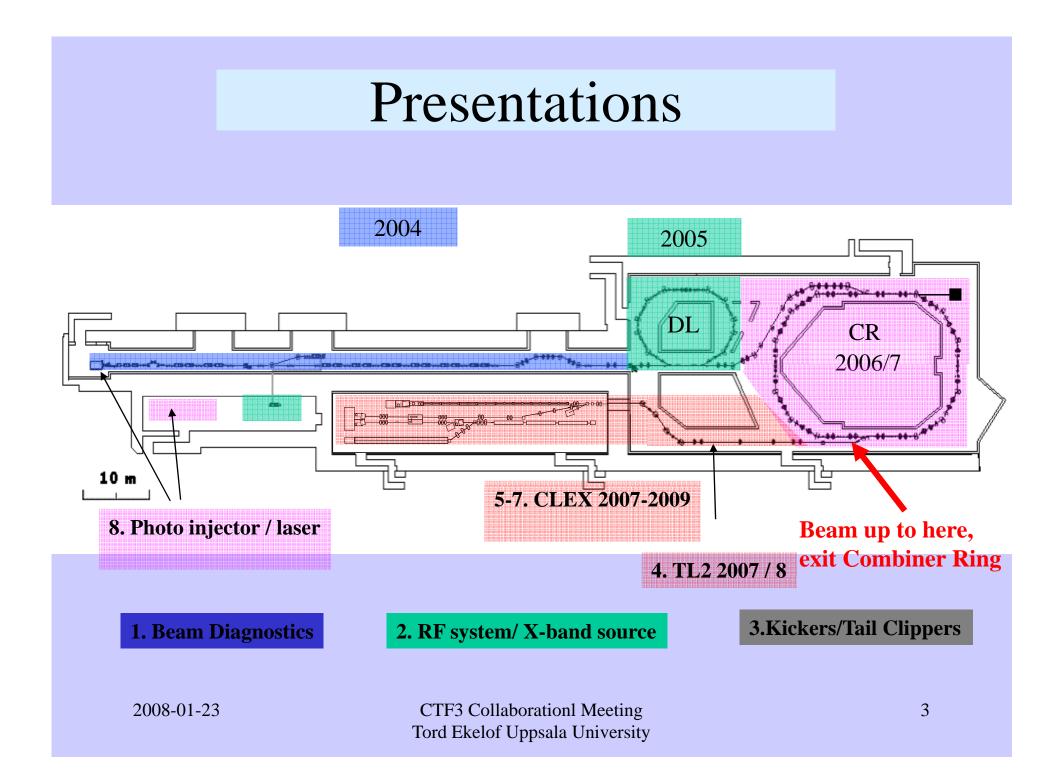
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Ankara University (Turkey) Berlin Tech. Univ. (Germany) BINP (Russia) CERN CIEMAT (Spain) DAPNIA/Saclay (France)

WORLD WIDE CLIC COLLABORATION

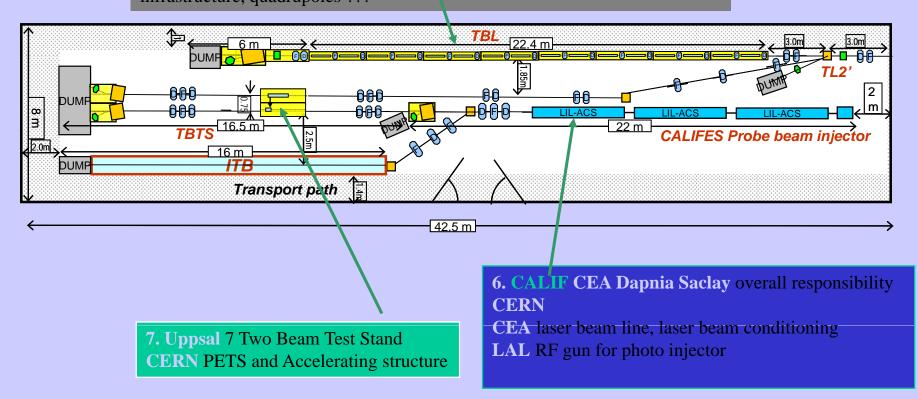
Department of Atomic Energy (India) Finnish Industry (Finland) Helsinki Institute of Physics (Finland) IAP (Russia) Instituto de Fisica Corpuscular (Spain) INFN / LNF (Italy)

JASRI (Japan) JINR (Russia) KEK (Japan) LAL/Orsay (France) LAPP/ESIA (France) LLBL/LBL (USA) North-West. Univ. Illinois (USA) Polytech. University of Catalonia (Spain) RAL (England) SLAC (USA) Svedberg Laboratory (Sweden) Uppsala University (Sweden)



Presentations

5. TBL CIEMAT magnet movers, PETS prototype,(+ series ????), PETS tank (series ???)
UPC & IFIC : BPM development + electronics (series ???)
CERN overall responsibility, optics, RF equipment, diagnostics, infrastructure, quadrupoles ???



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A few comments on....

- Key issues 2008-2010
- LHC results in 2010 and CLIC
- CTF3 beyond 2010

Key issues 2008-2010

- Beam Diagnostics many new devises being developed, tested, installed and used in CTF3 by many different collaborators. Crucial for optimizing and controlling the CTF3 complex.
- RF system a work horse that must not fail. Stand-alone Xband source primordial for achieving a 12 GHz (not 11.4) GHz accelerating structure.
- Kickers the tail clipper crucial for having a flexible pulse length.
- TL2 no T2, no CLEX. Components from many collaborators.
- TBL the stability of the Drive Beam when decelerated through many PETS is one of the key issues for CLIC. To go from 1 to 16 PETS will a big leap. How many PETS will we have (can we afford) for CTF3?

- Probe Beam CALIFE well advanced and coherent project. The photon injector a critical component.
- Two beam Test Stand will serve as first test bench for the PETS and later constitute a first, very short test section of CLIC. Extensively instrumented. One crucial question is; what is the effect on the beam of a spark, which spark frequency is tolerable?
- Photo injector crucial for the optimal operation of both the drive beam and the probe beam.
- Acceleration structures currently work with 11.4 GHz structures can only be done SLAC and KEK (not reported at this meeting). Underlines importance of getting the standalone 12 GHz band power source started to test final structures.
- Operation of the overall CTF3 system invaluable experience.
- CLIC3 -> CLIC extrapolation, tests and simulations required; Drive beam current 35A -> 100 A
 Drive beam energy 100 MeV -> 2500 MeV
 Pulse length 140 ns -> 300 ns

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CTF3 beyond 2010

- CLIC development started in 1985 in operation earliest by 2023, will last till ~2036 - a 50 years time span! (LEP ~20 years, LHC ~30 years). This evolution represents a complication for HEP.
- Current CTF3 planning up to 2010 Establishment of detailed planning for 2010-2013 has now become necessary

LHC results in 2010 and CLIC

- Impossible to predict!
- If new particles and interactions clearly visible, which is their energy scale 0.5, 1 or 3 TeV?
- If not visible before 2010, maybe visible a few years later or after LHC upgrade?

Conclusion

The CTF3 project has come to play an increasingly important role for our long-term possibilities to explore the fundamental structures and forces of Matter and the understanding of the origins of Universe the very substantial progress reported at this meeting is therefore of great significance.

