



# Bunch length monitoring at CTF3

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On behalf of all involved

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A. Dabrowski, 22 January 2008



# Outline



Bunch length manipulation at the CTF3

Diagnostics to monitor bunch length at the CTF3

- > BPR with WR-28 waveguide port
- > RFdeflector and Streak Camera
- ≻"RF-pickup"



 Highlights of Bunch length (and longitudinal dynamics) measurements at CTF3 (2005 - 2007)

•New bunch length monitoring required for 2008  $\rightarrow$  and foreseen improvements to the setup of 2007

➢RF pickup

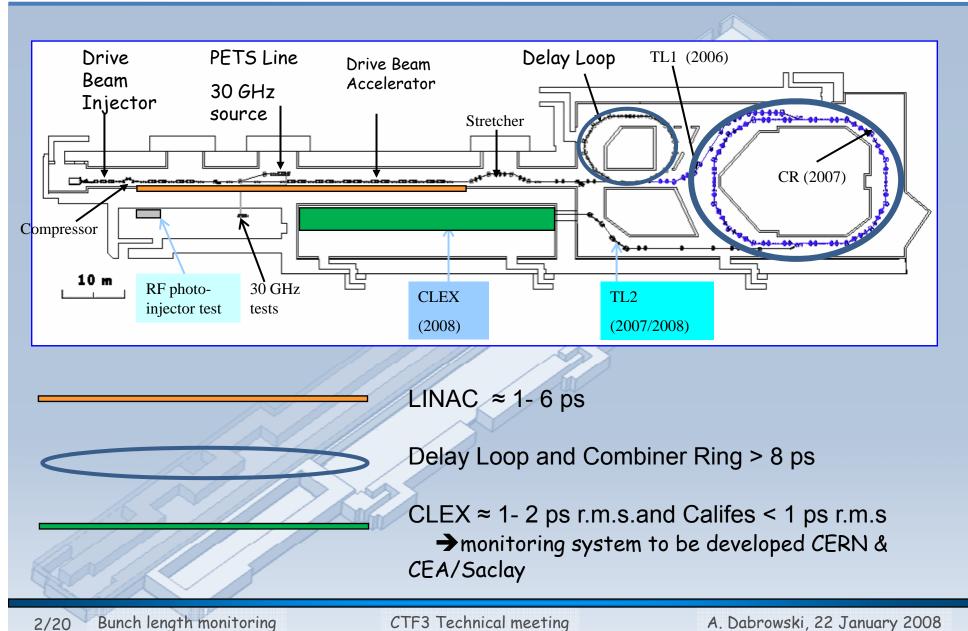
➤Combiner ring measurements

➢ Measurements in CLEX



# Bunch length @ CTF3

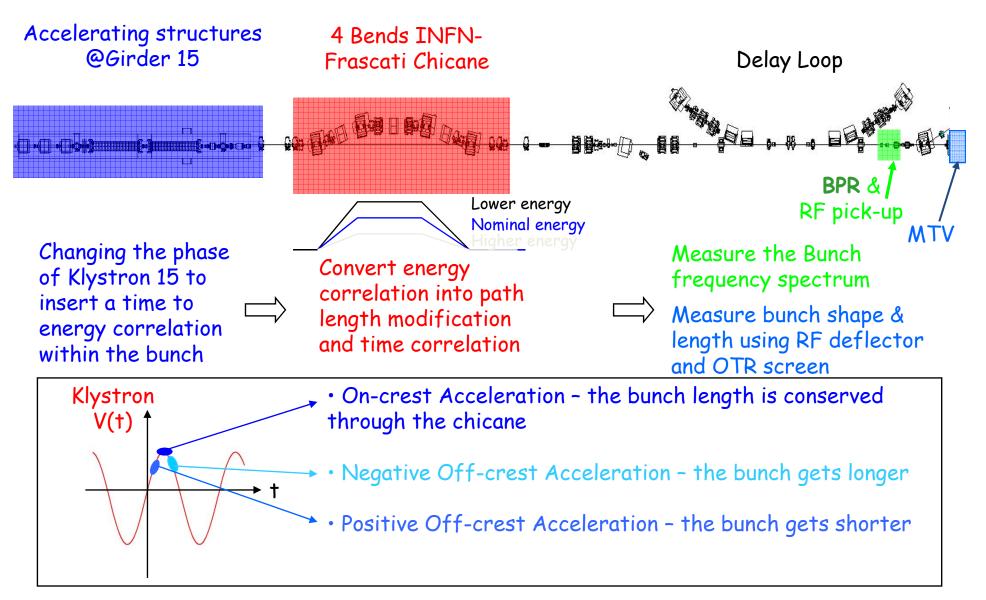






## Bunch length manipulation using INFN Chicane









## BPR with WR-28 waveguide port

•power measurement at 30 GHz (see talks Lars Soby, CTF3 collaboration meeting 2003

•For given beam current & position, maximise the signal  $\rightarrow$  minimise bunch length

http://clic-meeting.web.cern.ch/clic-meeting/CTF3\_Techn\_Mtgs/2003/Presentations/LSoby30903.pdf

#### •BPR's installed in the CTF3:

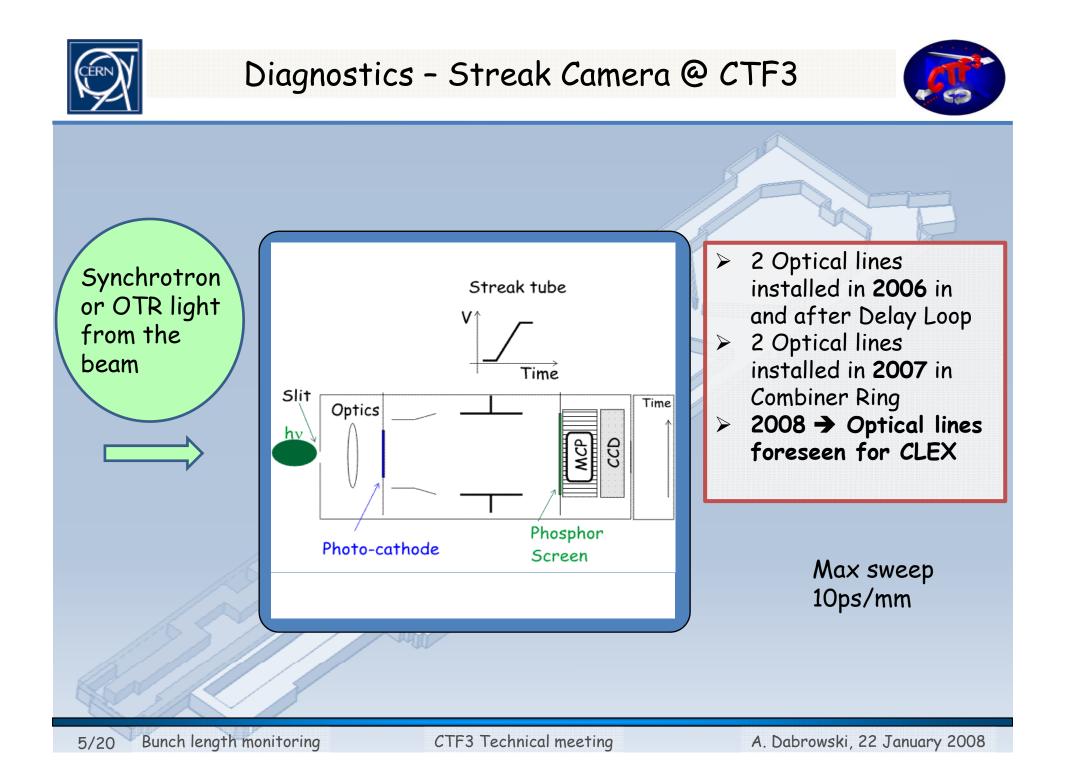
- $\rightarrow$  after injector
- →After chicane (girder 4)

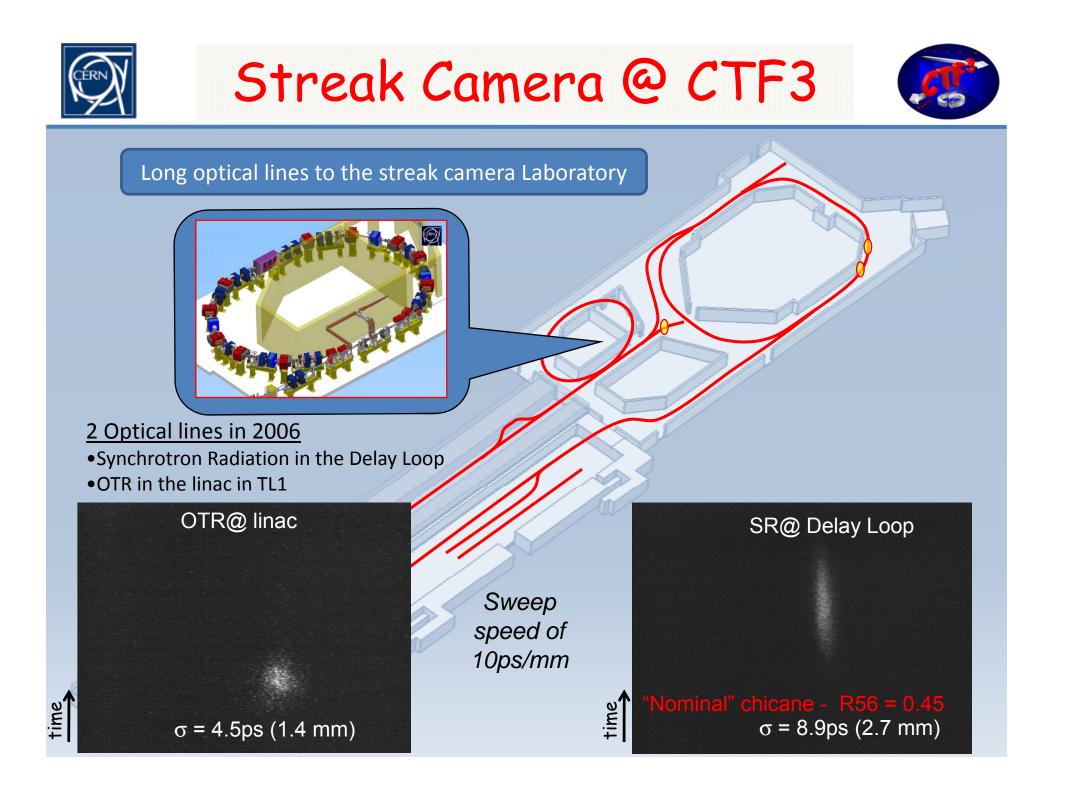
→After INFN/Frascati Chicane end of the Linac. Waveguide port shared with the "RF-pickup"

→Combiner ring

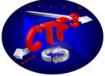
→ TL2 before entrance to CLEX / TBL

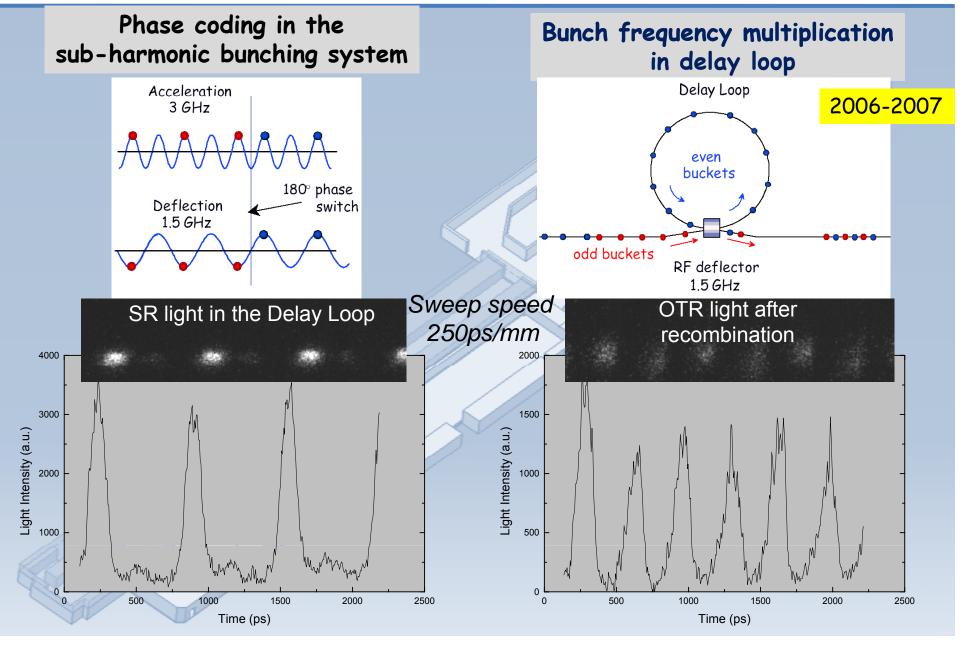


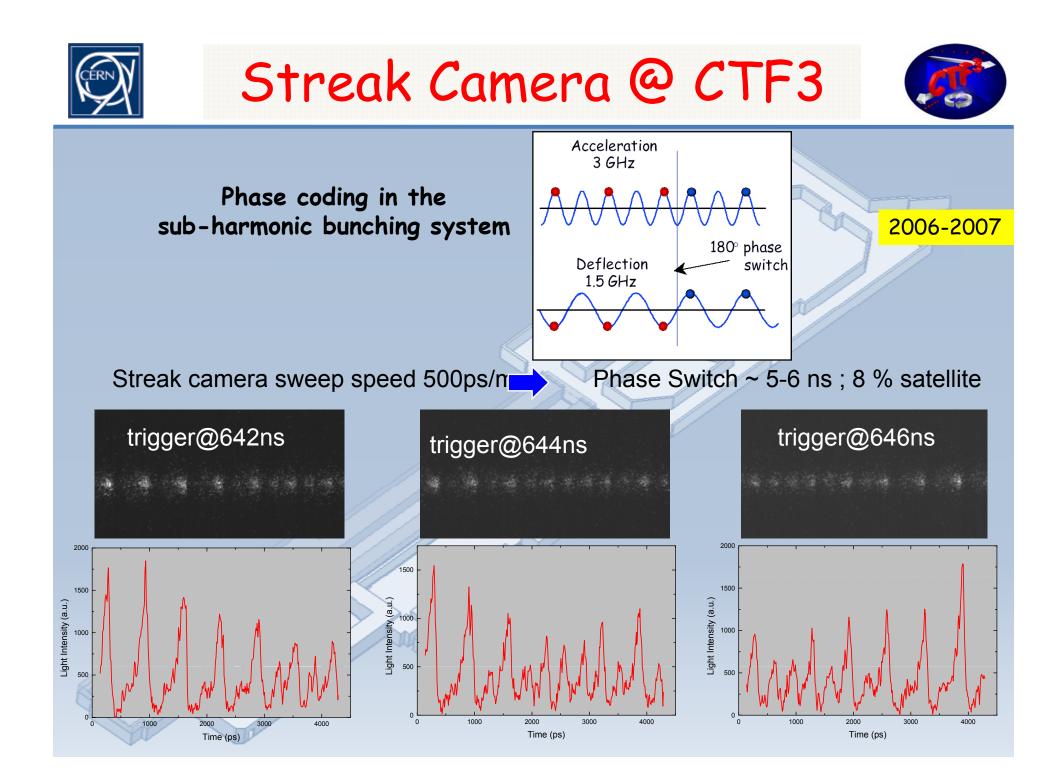








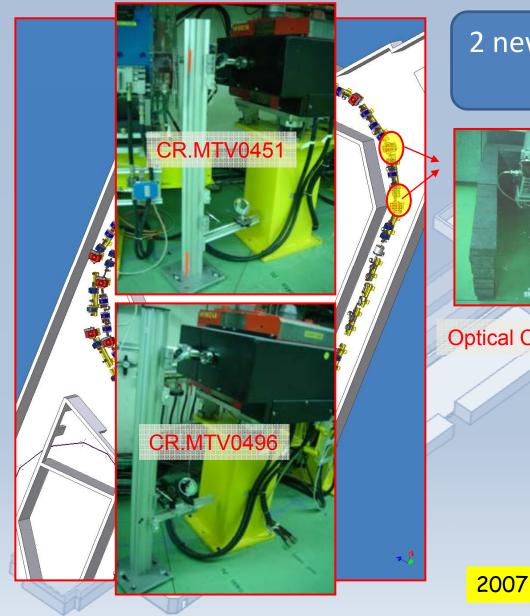




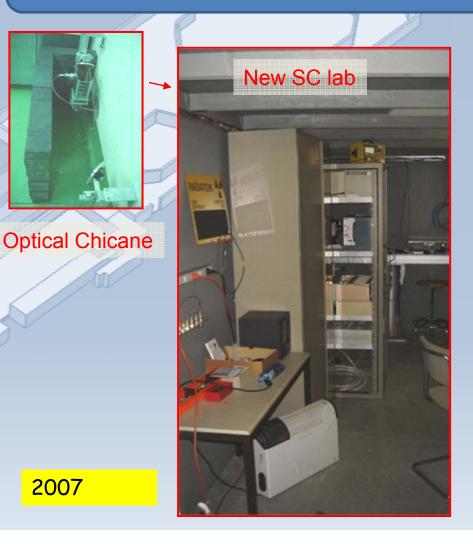








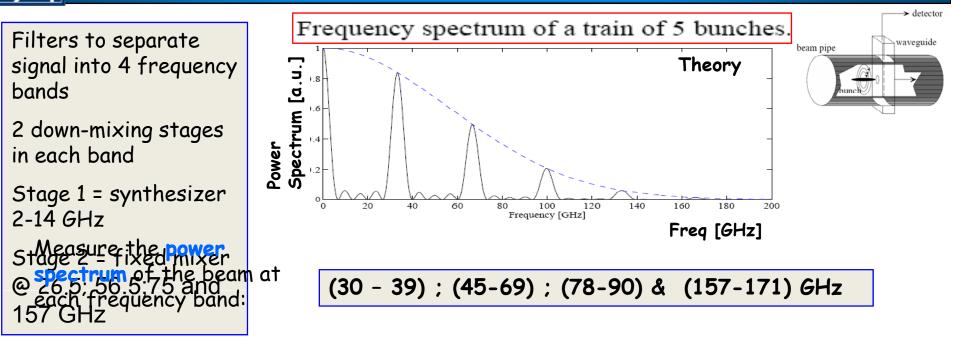
## 2 new optical lines installed in 2007 on the Combiner ring











Setup @ CTF3 was installed & first data taking in Nov 2006

Non-intercepting device, easy to implement in machine, sub-ps resolution, self calibrating if bunch length scan is performed

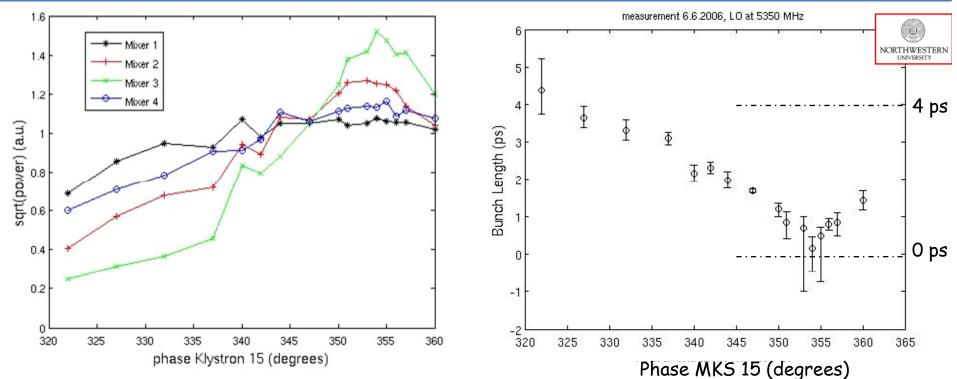
→RF deflector and/or a streak camera @CTF3 provide an excellent cross calibration of device

#### PAC07 proceedings:

http://doc.cern.ch/archive/electronic/cern/preprints/ab/ab-2007-070.pdf







Goal 2007: →Optimise highest frequency measurement > 143 GHz →Cross calibrate device with RF deflector measurements

- TH done with lowest 5 mixing stages ( 100 of 12).
- 19 free parameters fit → 3 response amplitudes and 16 bunch lengths

$$\chi^{2} = \sum_{j}^{16} \sum_{i}^{3} (A_{i} e^{(-(2\pi f_{i})^{2}(\sigma_{j})^{2}} - y_{ij})^{2}$$

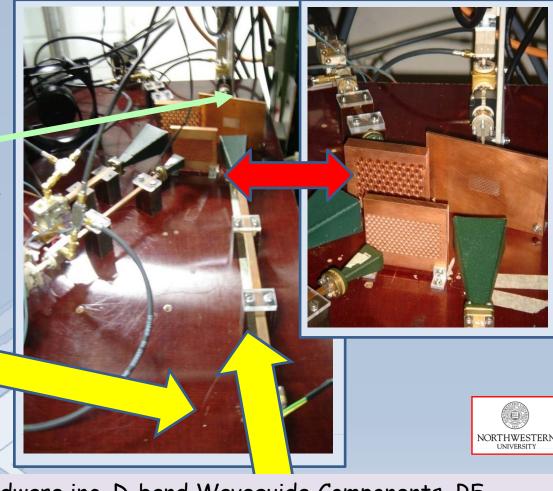


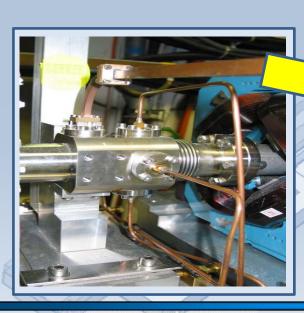
RF Pick-up @ CTF3 2007



## Improvements to setup in 2007:

→ RF Diamond window (0.500 ± 0.005 mm thick) prototype installed previously ~ 3 mm thick Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>
→ Parabolic filter @ 143 GHz (measure beam frequencies (157 ± 14 ) GHz) & refocus better reflecting signal In 2006 Filter was @ 157 GHz





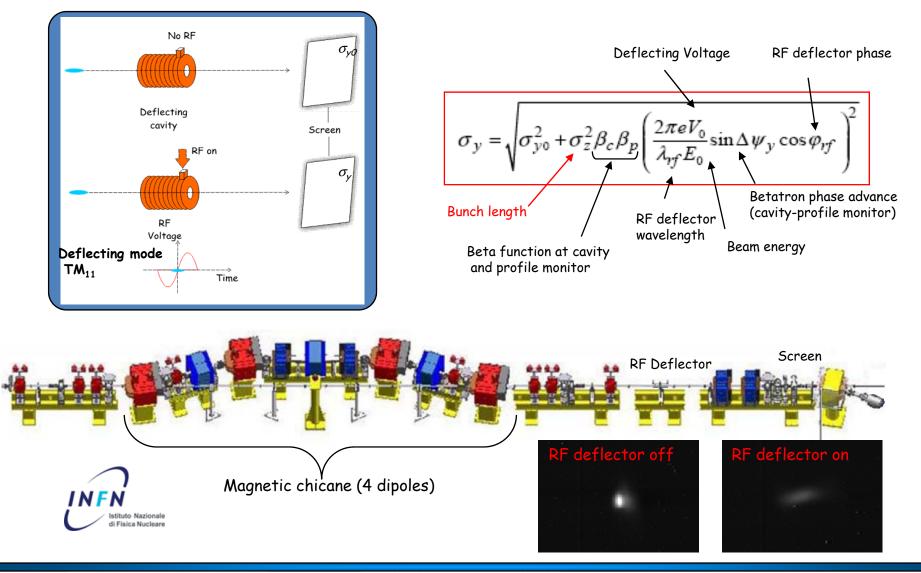
Hardware inc. D-band Waveguide Components, RF Window and fast ADC's provided by Northwestern Univ.

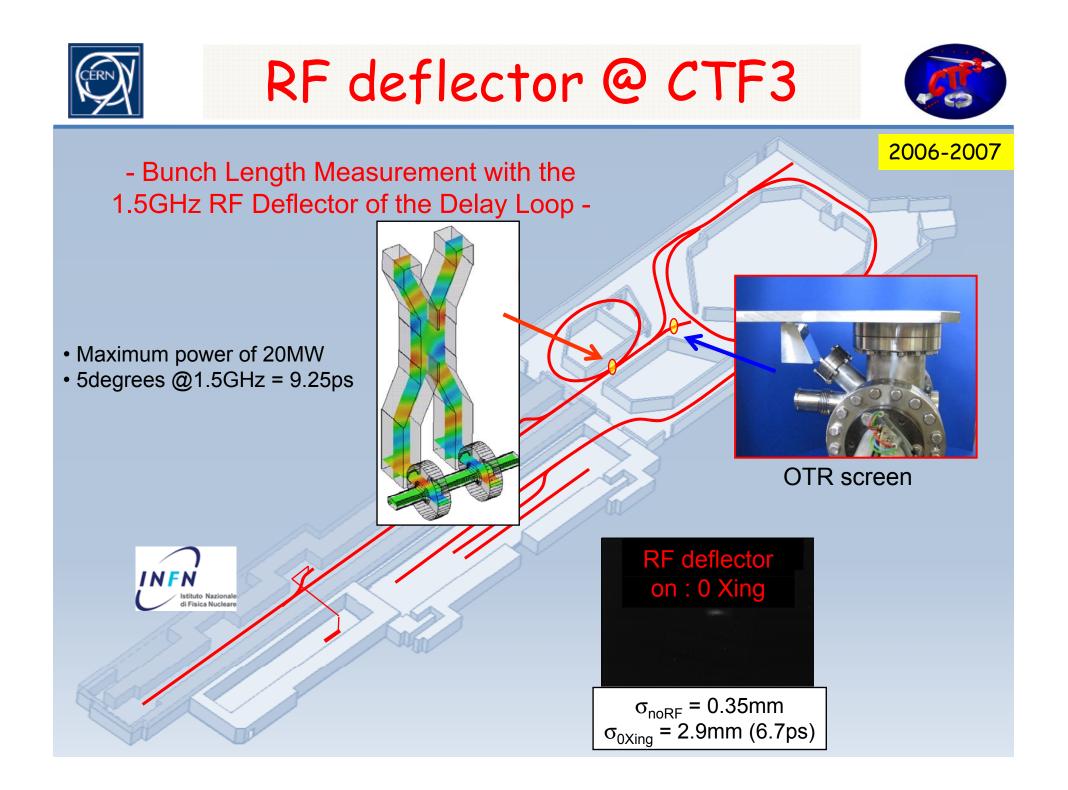
2007





## Chicane optics & bunch length measurements - 2004







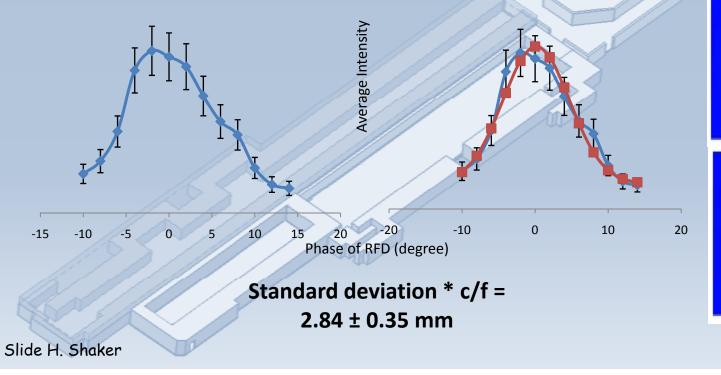
## Measurement RF deflector 2007



#### Measurement method ("scan" method)

Change the 1.5 GHz RF deflector phase and measure the average intensity of a thin band on the middle of screen per each phase. The phase of RFD related to bunch length by c/f factor. (c is speed of light and f=1.5 GHz)

→ Matlab code written for automisation of the scan





## Measurement RF deflector 2004-2007



Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare

#### "Single Image" method:

1) Measure the bunch length in monitor in pixel units for a single image

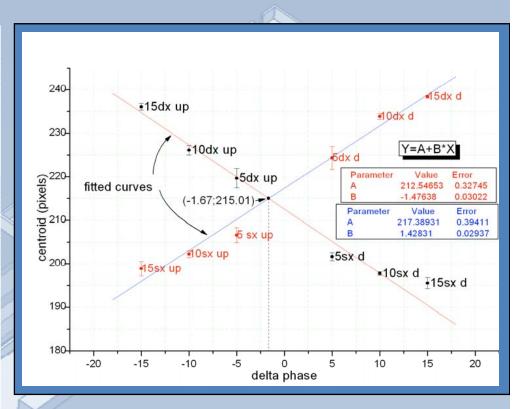
2) Calibrate the monitor by finding the equivalence between pixel unit and length unit (mm) by measuring the relationship between the center of the image position per RF deflector phase

Advantage "Scan" method vs. "Single Image" method:

 $\rightarrow$  Avoid non-linearity effects from the screen  $\rightarrow$  Image can be bigger than the screen (improved resolution)

Disadvantage "Scan" method vs. "Single Image" method:

→Need to assume bunch shape remains constant during the scan Slide H. Shaker



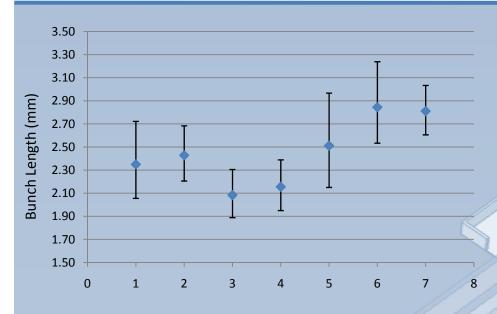
Example of Calibration curve for "Single Image" method ref. *D.Alesini et al* CTFF3-010 INFN

Used in bunch length measurement from INFN CTF3 2005 data



## Measurement RF deflector 2007

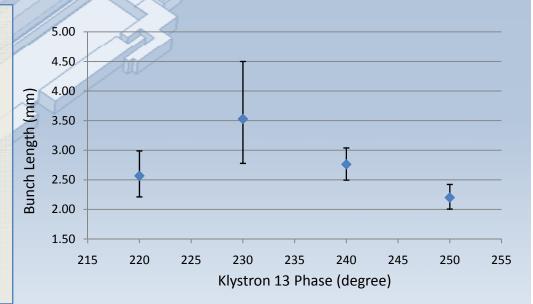




#### December 2007

Wanted to calibrate "RF-pickup" with RF deflector measurements Procedure established, but beam not stable enough for reliable calibration (beam shape not constant, large current contribution in satalites)

Slice of Shoker



May 2007

Bunch length =  $2.45 \pm 0.28$  mm

Phase of MKS constant for 7

measurements, "Scan" method used







- Make absolute calibration of the "RF pickup" already installed after delay loop & understand resolution (use RF deflector and compare)
- Learn from "RF pickup" already installed to design most cost effective solution & sensitive design for bunch length monitoring in CLEX
  - Selection of down mixing frequency stages
  - Length of waveguide vs. down mixing closer to machine?
  - Requirements on ADC's
  - Need for 2 stage down mixing?? Save on cost of synthesizer?
  - Optimal RF window
- Development of RF pick-up / RF deflector for TL2 and Califes (collaboration with CEA/Saclay)→ characterise the longitudinal dynamics of the beam
- Prepare a new Streak Camera laboratory for CLEX
- Invest in New Streak Camera (± 180 K euro) for CLEX







→ Optical lines to Streak Camera in & after DL successfully measured:

\*\* bunch length, \*\* 180 degree phase switching & \*\* Bunch frequency multiplication **2005-2007** 

→ Two new optical lines have been installed in CR, to the New CR Streak Camera Laboratory 2007

→ Bunch length measurements with RF deflector performed using 2 methods 2004-2007

→ "RF pickup" with improvements in 2007 commissioned to measure bunch length at end of LINAC (or after delay loop) 2006-2007

→ Absolute calibration of "RF pickup" with RF deflector started → finish 2008

### 2008 focus

→ Fully characterising the "RF pickup"

→ Designing a monitoring system for TBL & Califes (collaboration with CEA/Saclay)

→ characterise the longitudinal dynamics of the beam

→ Prepare a new Streak Camera laboratory for CLEX

→ Would need to Invest in New Streak Camera (± 180 K euro) for CLEX







RF-pickup installation acknowledgements and thank you's must be made to:

Hans Braun and Thibaut Lefevre for advising and collaboration in the design of the system

Alberto Rodriguez for collaborative advice in the Labview Acquisition and DAQ for pickup

Roberto Corsini, Peter Urschütz, Frank Tecker, Piotr Skowronski and Steffen Döbert for general collaboration, and in particular for the machine setup of the bunch compression scan to do the first measurement.

Stephane Deghaye for Aquiris card installation

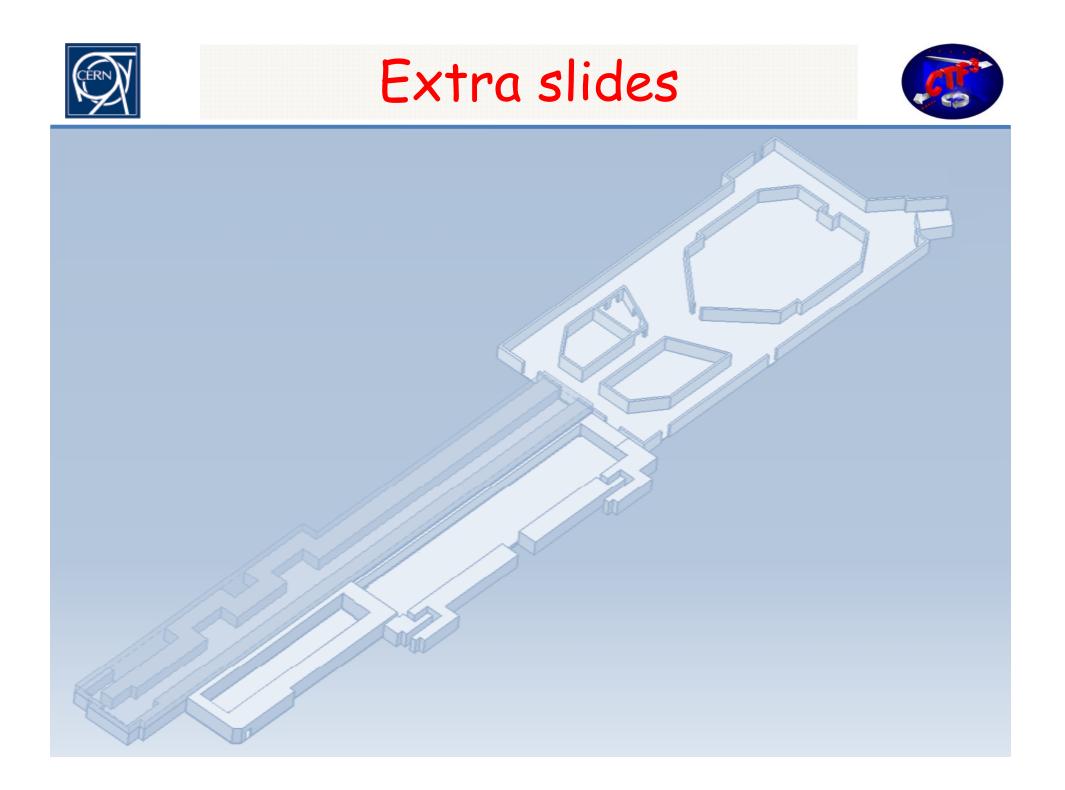
Jonathan Sladen and Alexandra Andersson general consultation

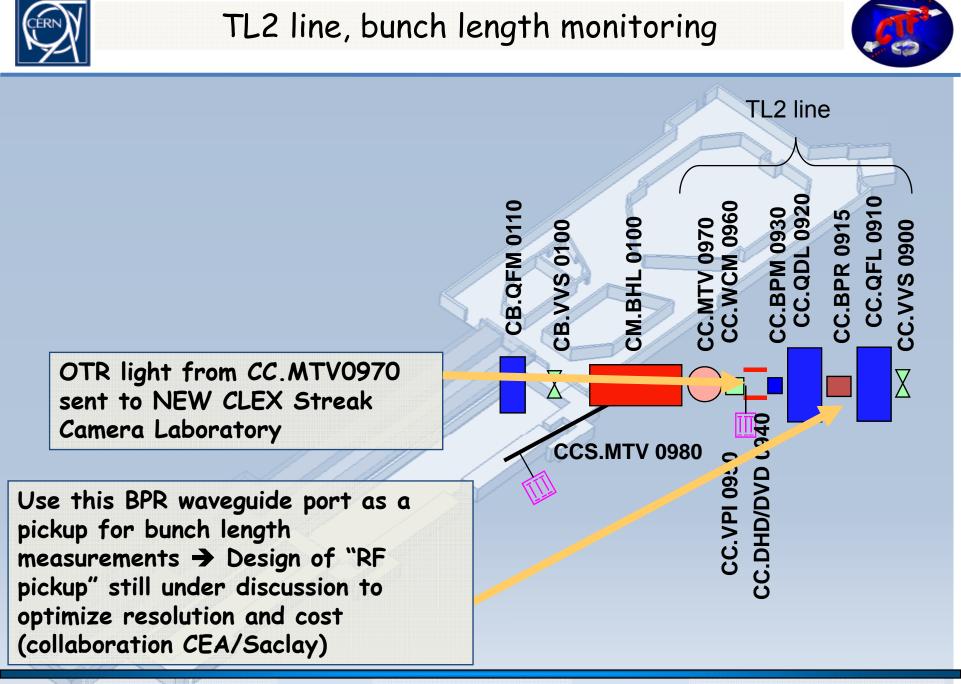
Erminio Rugo and Frank Perret for mechanics

Romain Ruffieux and Christian Dutriat for electronics (BLMs & pickup) Mayda Velasco, Northwestern University and DOE

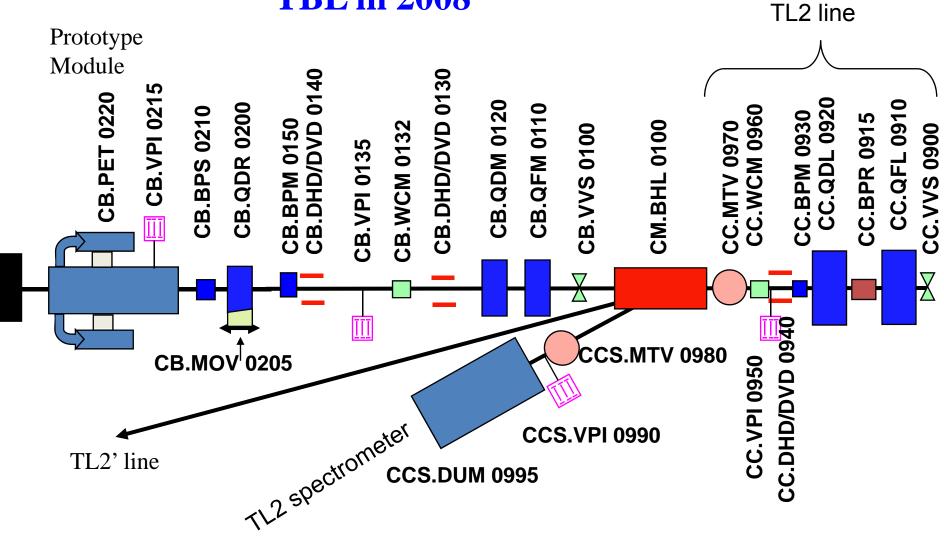
Support from the BI groups at CERN

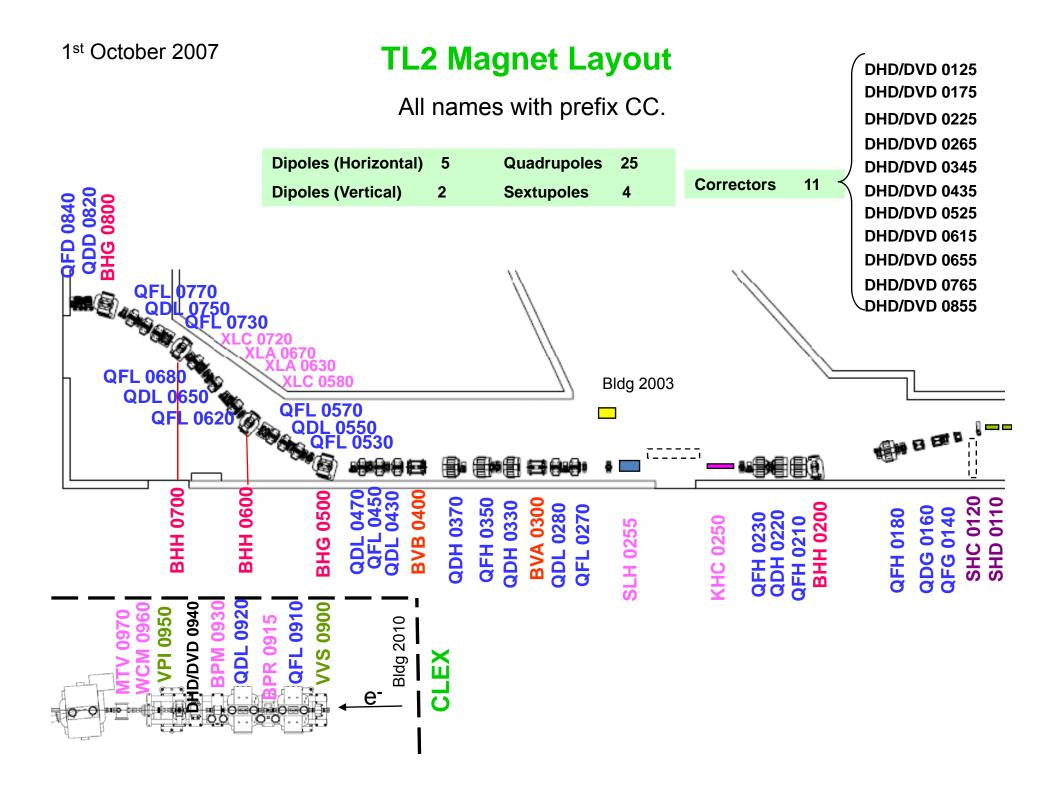
All Collaborators on bunch length measurements inc Andrea Ghigo & the Frascati team



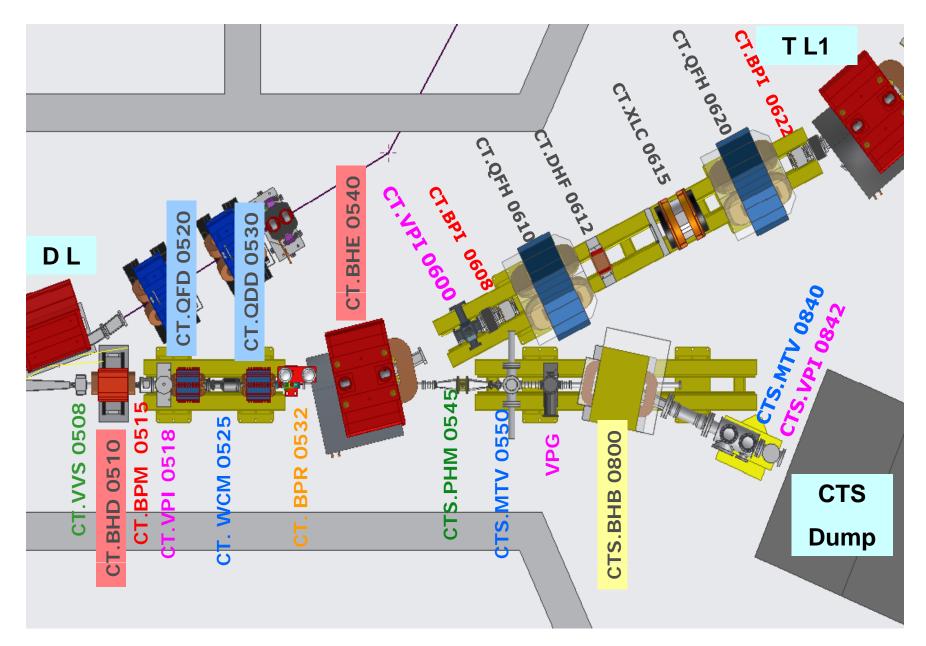


## **TBL in 2008**





## **CT and CTS lines**







Location in CLIC Machine	Bunch Length		
	mm	ps	
Drive beam	1.0	3.3	
Main Beam at injection	0.044	0.15	
Beam Delivery System (IP)	0.044	0.15	
Main Beam in damping ring before extraction	1.50	5.00	
Combiner Rings	2.00	6.70	

http://clic-meeting.web.cern.ch/clic-meeting/clictable2007.html

Bunch length need to be monitored throughout the machine

•dynamic range 0.1 ps  $\rightarrow$  10 ps