

# WG7 Highlights: Future Experiments Conveners:

Alexei Prokudin, Abhay Deshpande, Alice Valkarova



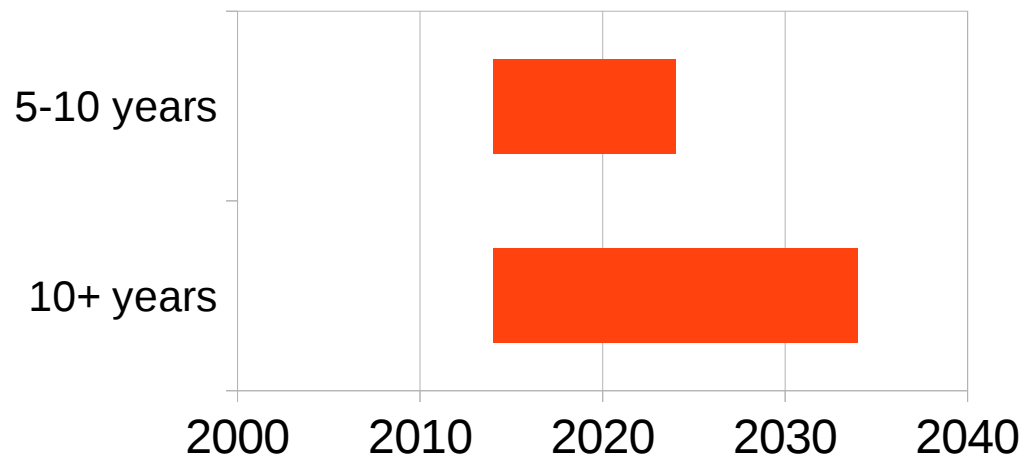
May 2, 2014



# WG7

32 extremely well prepared talks

10 existing and future facilities represented

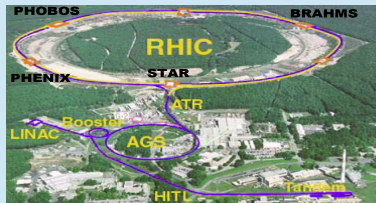


I greatly appreciate conversations with  
Abhay Deshpande, Pawel Nadel-Turonski, Ernst Sichtermann, Alice Valkarova  
during preparation of this summary

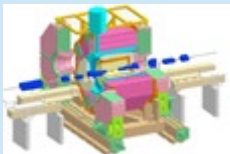


# WG7: Facilities

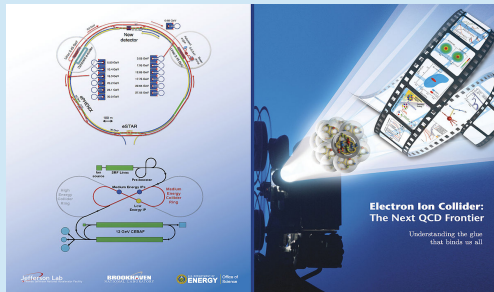
**BNL:**  
sPHENIX,  
ePHENIX, eSTAR



**KEK:**  
BELLE II



Electron Ion Collider  
eRHIC(BNL) MEIC(JLAB)



**CERN:**  
LHC, LHCb, ATLAS,  
COMPASS, NA62,  
LHeC, AFTER@LHC,  
FCC



**JLAB:** JLAB 12,  
HALL A,B,C,D





# CERN

LHC: ATLAS, LHCb

COMPASS, NA62

LHeC, AFTER@LHC, FCC



*“Europe’s top priority should be **exploitation of the full potential of the LHC**, including the high-luminosity upgrade of the machine and detectors with a view to **collecting ten times more data** than in the initial design, by around 2030.”*

Current luminosity  $L \sim 10^{33} \text{ (cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1})$   $\int L \sim 30 \text{ (fb}^{-1})$

Planned  $L \sim (1 \div 5) \cdot 10^{34} \text{ (cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1})$

$$\sqrt{s} = 13 \sim 14 \text{ (TeV)}$$

**ATLAS Upgrade:** Diane CINCA, Julio VIEIRA DE SOUZA

**LHCb Upgrade:** Tomasz SZUMLAK



# ATLAS Upgrades



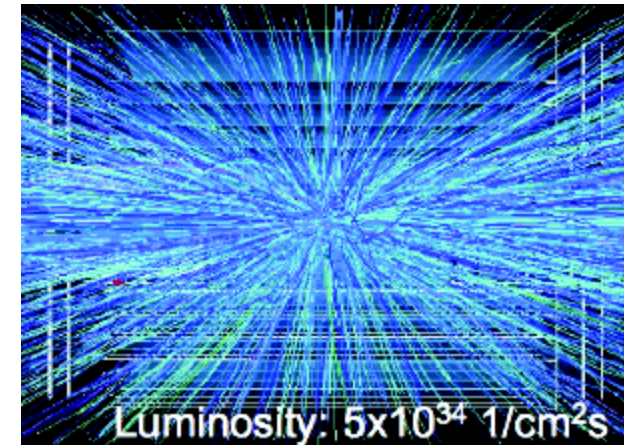
Study EWSB Mechanism

Probe for signatures of New Physics

Measure rare decay modes

Diane CINCA, Julio VIEIRA DE SOUZA

The challenge:



Run 2 (2015-2018):  $\sqrt{s}=13\text{-}14 \text{ TeV}$ ,  $L=1\text{-}3.6 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$

Run 3 (2020-2022):  $\sqrt{s}=14 \text{ TeV}$ ,  $L=2\text{-}3.6 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$

The major ATLAS upgrades include:

## Phase 0

New Inner Pixel Layer  
Detector consolidation

## Phase 1

Improve L1 trigger capabilities  
to cope with higher rates  
Improve Muon system  
with nMSW

## Phase 2

Prepare for 200 pileup events  
Replace Inner Tracker  
New Lo/L1 trigger scheme  
Upgrade muon/calorimeter electronics



Now!

*An exciting new chapter is beginning!*

Example

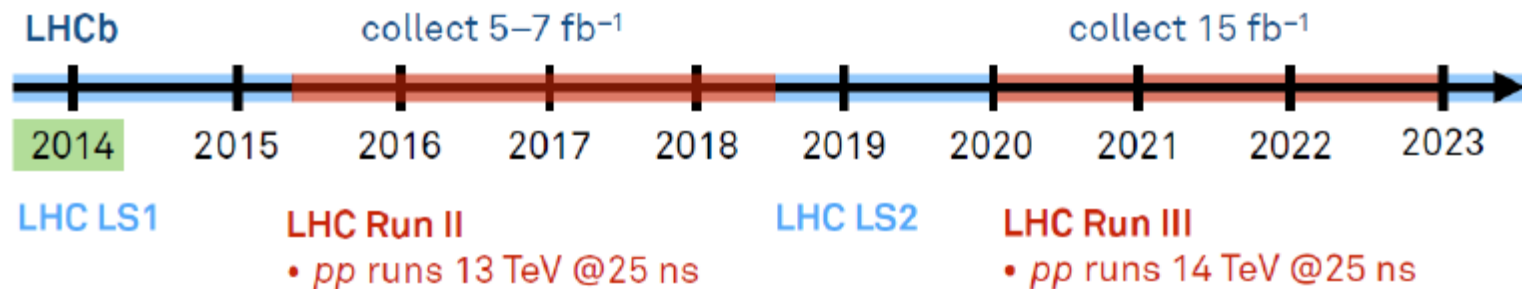
- Higgs-top coupling can be measured to about 10%



## Physics Programme

Tomasz SZUMLAK

- ▶  $CP$  violation
- ▶ rare decays
- ▶ electroweak physics
- ▶ lepton flavour violation
- ▶ charm physics
- ▶ production and spectroscopy



## Upgrade target

- ❑ full event read-out@40 MHz (flexible approach)
- ❑ completely new front-end electronics needed (on-chip zero-suppression)
- ❑ redesign DAQ system

Example

Observable	Current precision	LHCb (5 fb <sup>-1</sup> )	Upgrade (50 fb <sup>-1</sup> )	Theory uncertainty
$S(B_s \rightarrow \phi\phi)$	-	0.08	0.02	0.02



# KEK: BELLE II



# BELLE II

SuperKEKB – major upgrade of the KEKB  $B$  factory at KEK (Tsukuba)

Maria ROZANSKA



$$L = 8 \times 10^{35} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$$

$$E(e^+) = 4 \text{ GeV}, E(e^-) = 7 \text{ GeV}$$

Belle II – upgraded Belle detector

to accumulate

$$L_{int} \approx 50 \text{ ab}^{-1} \text{ by 2022}$$



55 billion  $B\bar{B}$  pairs, 47 billion  $\tau^+\tau^-$  pairs

Complementary to direct searches of NP in energy frontier: Indirect searches of NP in rare decays

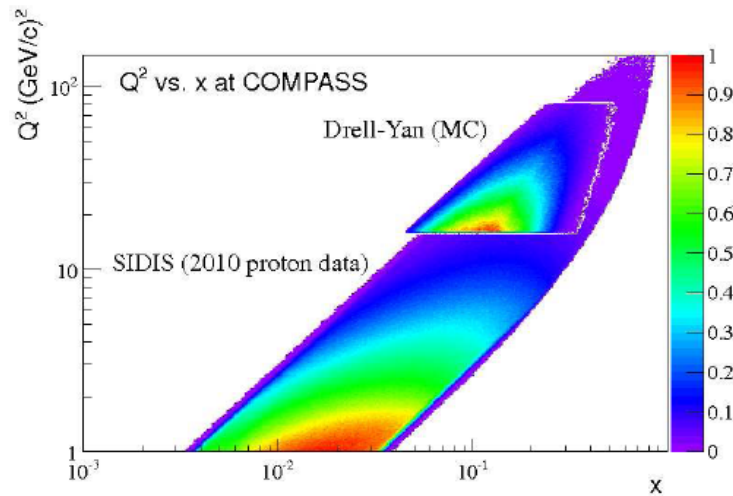


# COMPASS II

Eva-Maria KABUSS  
Catarina QUINTANS

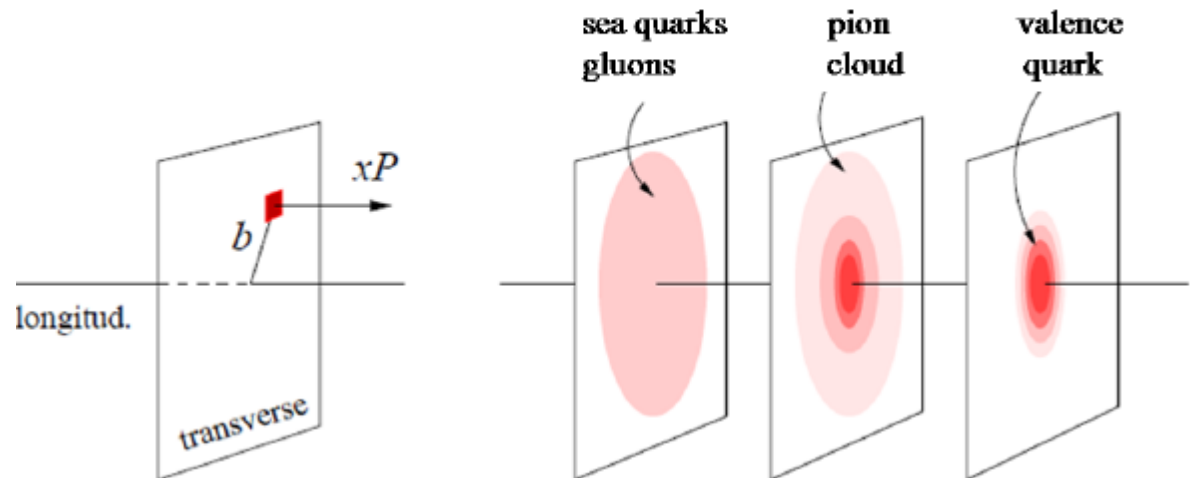
$$L \sim 5 \cdot 10^{32} \text{ (cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}\text{)}$$

## Polarised target



## DVCS data taking in 2016/17

## Nucleon tomography



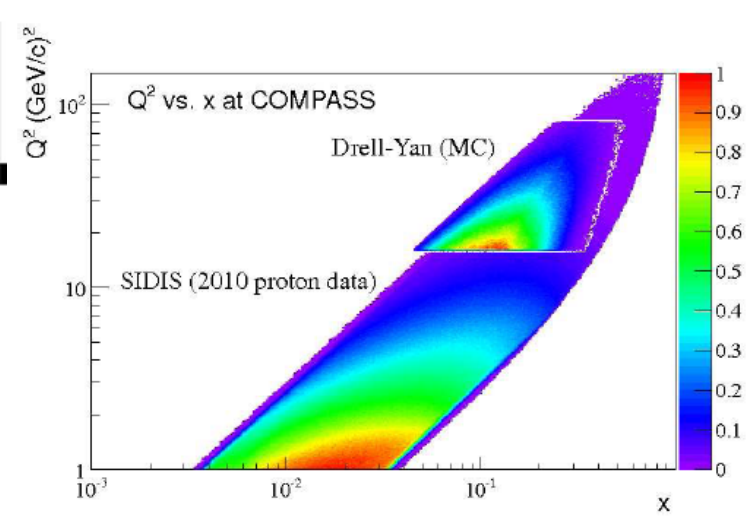
COMPASS II approved  
for initially 3 years of data taking  
in 2015 – 2017

- new target region for DVCS
- hadron absorber and target for Drell-Yan

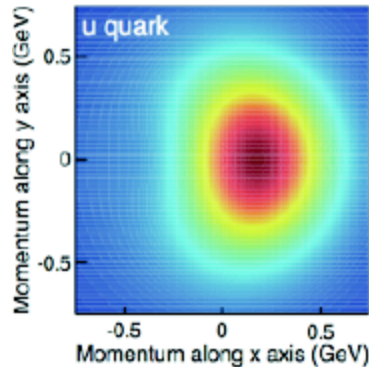


# COMPASS II

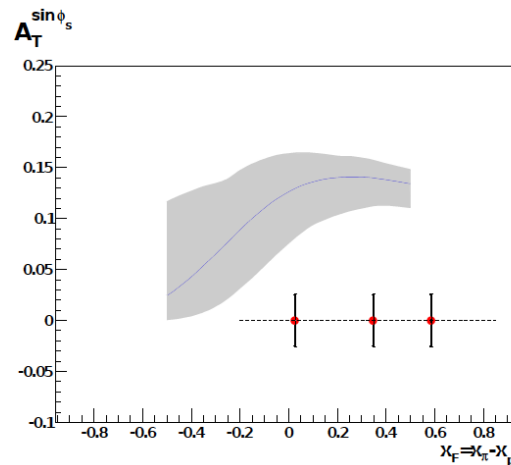
Eva-Maria KABUSS  
Catarina QUINTANS



The COMPASS Drell-Yan measurement will start in October this year, and continue during the whole 2015 Run.



The goal: nucleon tomography, 3D partonic structure in momentum space. Confirmation of a fundamental QCD prediction of a sign change due to initial-final state interactions



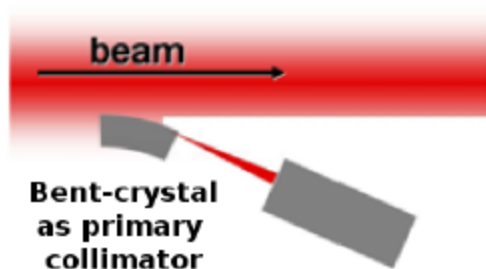


# AFTER@LHC

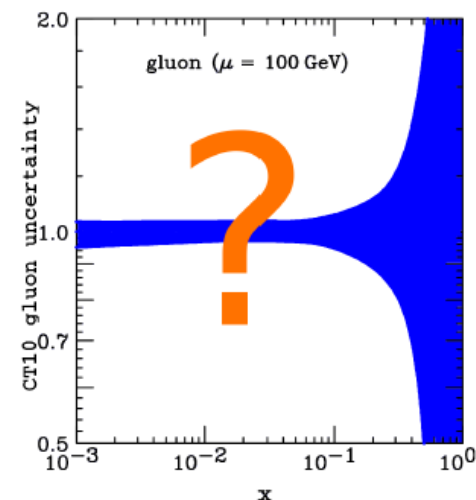
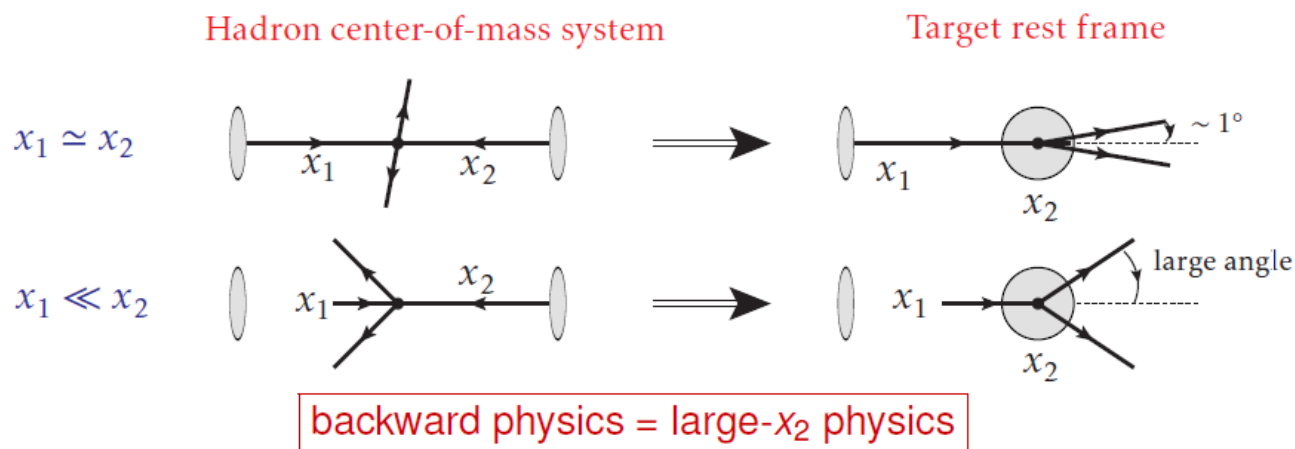
Jean-Philippe Lansberg

## Precision proton-proton and proton-nucleus collision studies at A Fixed-Target ExpeRiment at the LHC (AFTER@LHC)

$$\sqrt{s} = \sqrt{2m_N E_p} \simeq 115 \text{ GeV} \quad 7 \text{ TeV } p \quad \mathcal{L}_{H_2/D_2} \simeq 20 \text{ fb}^{-1} \text{ y}^{-1}$$



Accessing large-x gluons



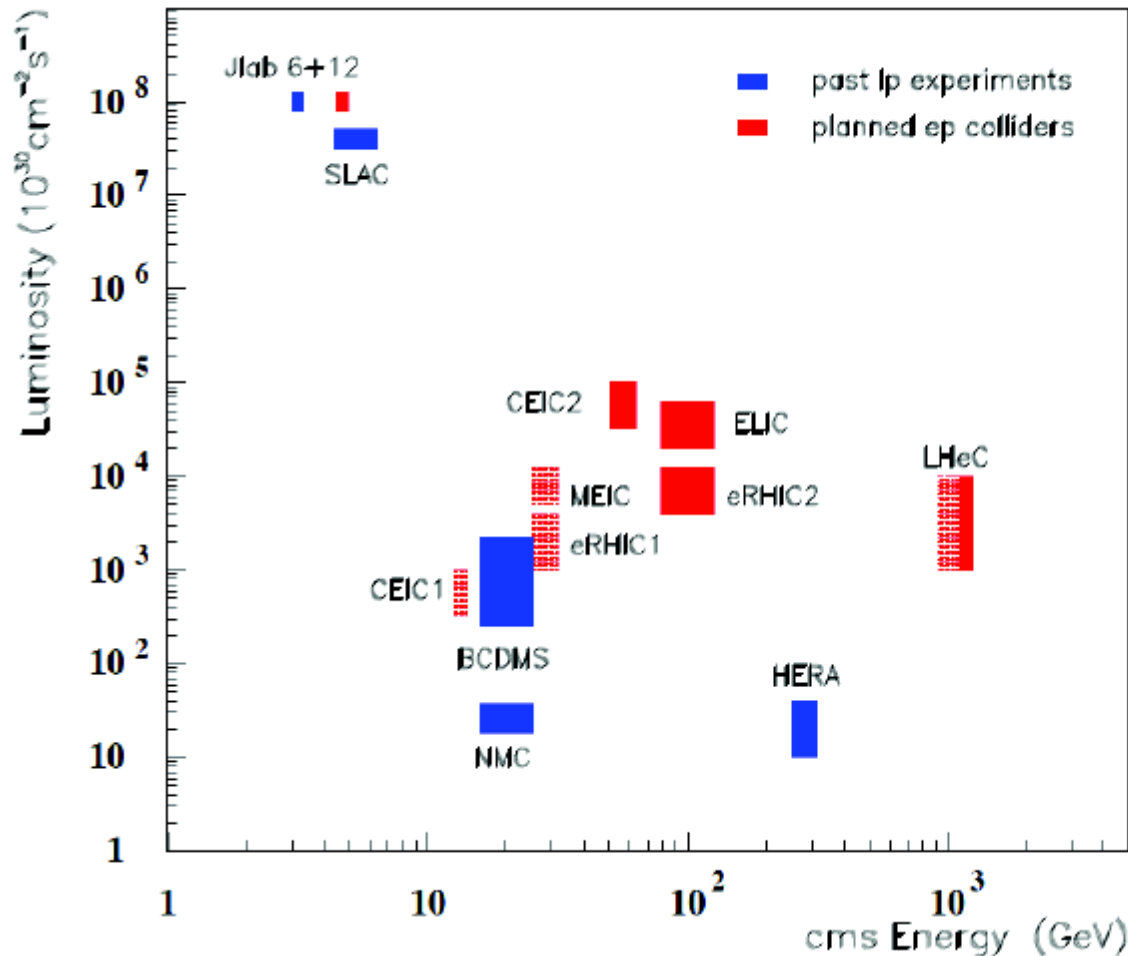
Important for high-mass  
BSM particle searches:

$$M^2 \sim x_1 x_2 s$$



Emilia CRUZ ALANIZ  
 Christian SCHWANENBERGER  
 Voica Ana Maria RADESCU  
 Guilherme MILHANO  
 Monica D'ONOFRIO  
 Paul NEWMAN  
 Matthew WING

Energy 4 times  
 Luminosity  
 100 times larger  
 than HERA



- Lepton-hadron  
 scattering at the TeV  
 centre of mass scale  
 (60 GeV electrons x  
 LHC protons & ions)

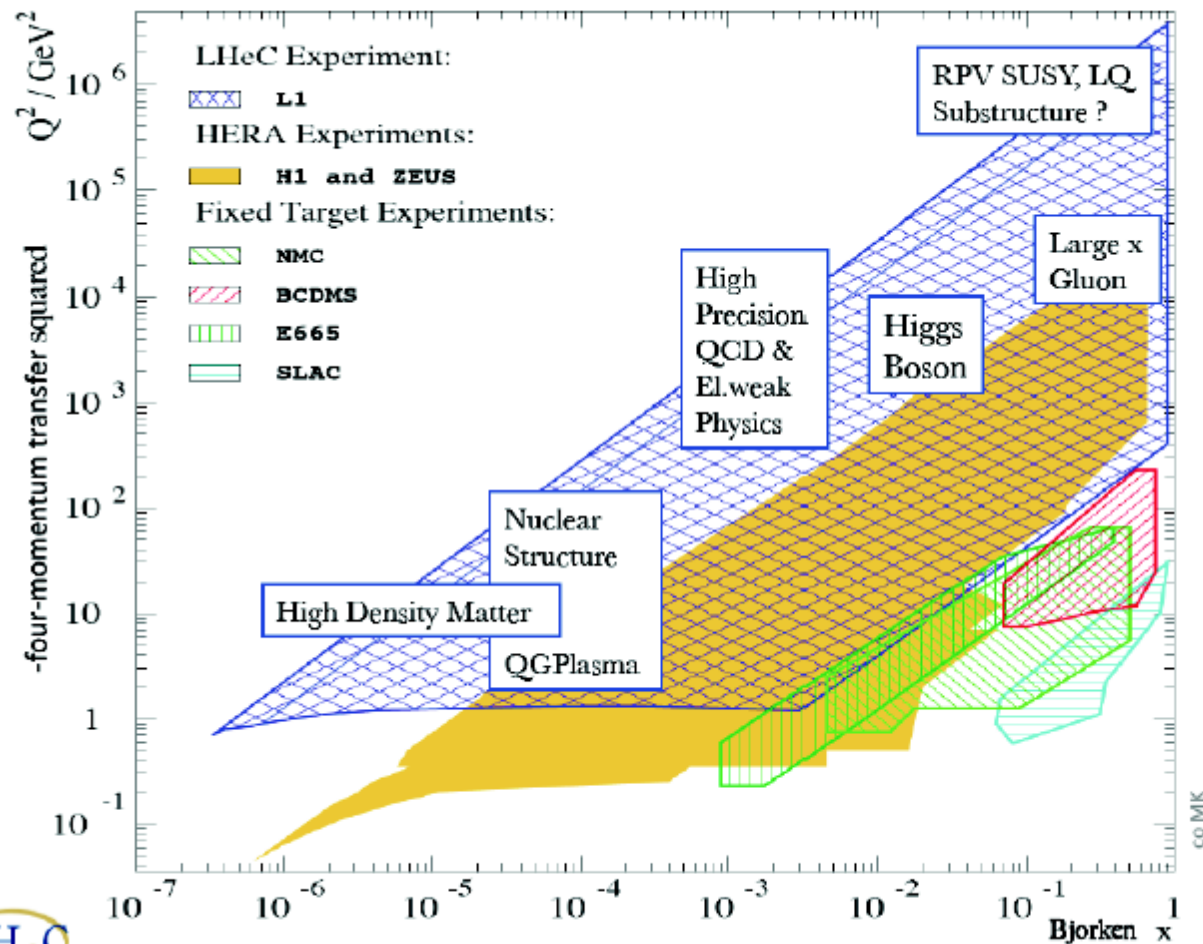
- High luminosity:  
 $10^{33} - 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$

- Runs simultaneous  
 with ATLAS / CMS  
 in post-LS3 HL-LHC  
 period



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Varied physics  
 goals require  
 precise  
 measurements  
 throughout  
 kinematically  
 accessible  
 region.

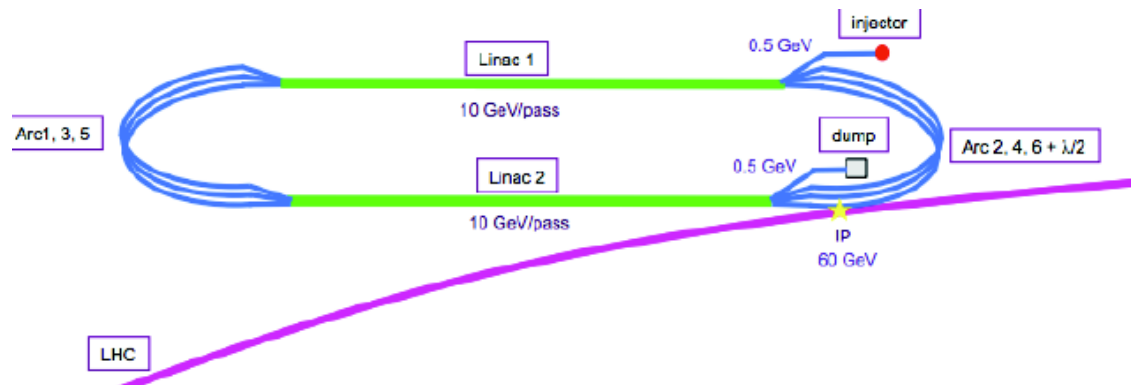


Emilia CRUZ ALANIZ

Paul NEWMAN

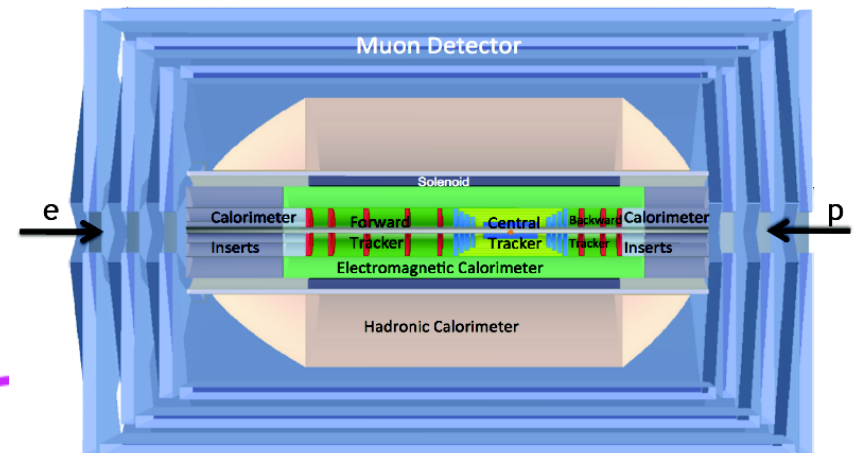
**Ring-Ring** option, feasible but impact LHC operation during installation

**Linac-Ring** option, the baseline solution exists, will now have to find the best solution



Strong collaboration with US laboratories

Detector designed to fulfill physics



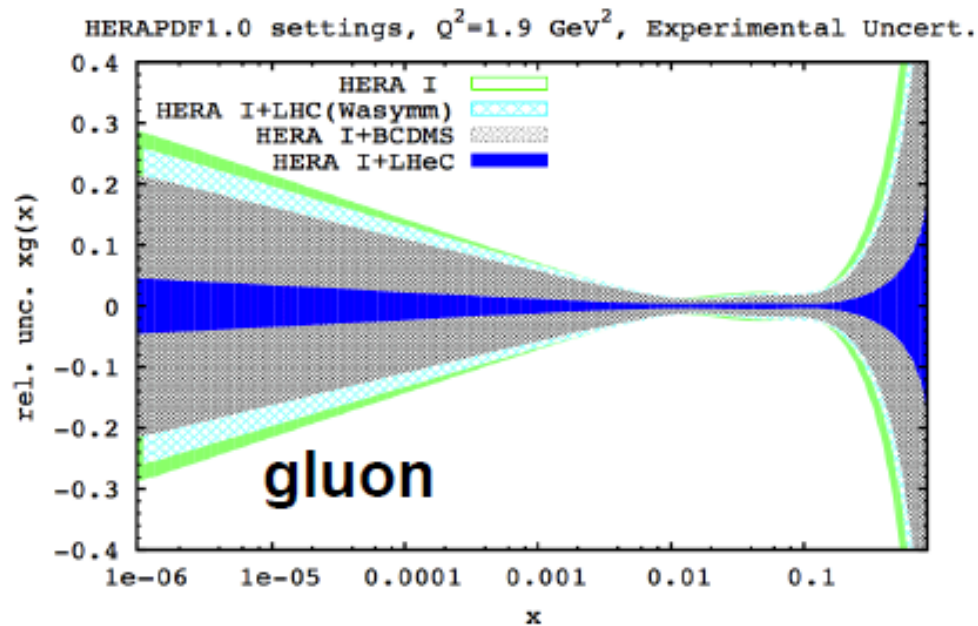


Voica Ana Maria RADESCU

Monica D'ONOFRIO

Impact on gluon distribution precision:

Higgs couplings:



Hbb coupling measurements with  
1% statistical precision ( $1 \text{ ab}^{-1}$ )  
in 10 years of operation



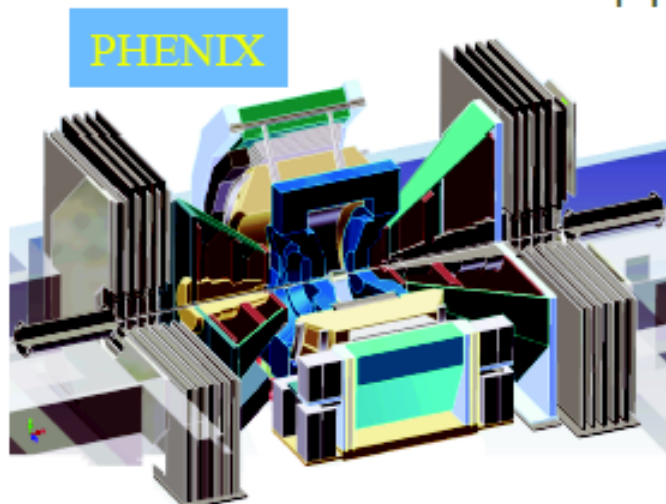
# BNL: RHIC



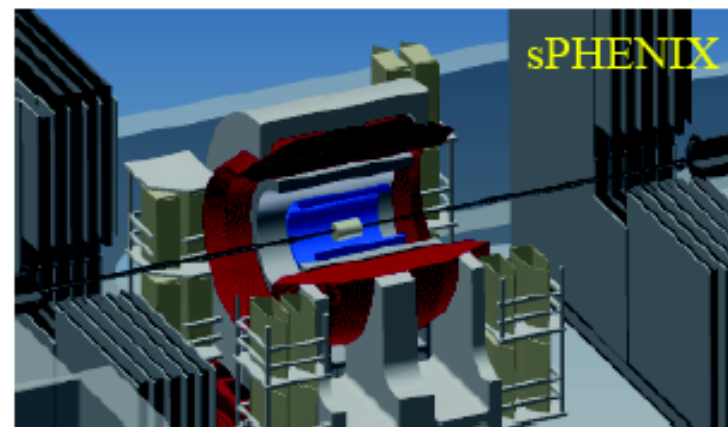
# sPHENIX+fsPHENIX

Alexander BAZILEVSKY  
John LAJOIE

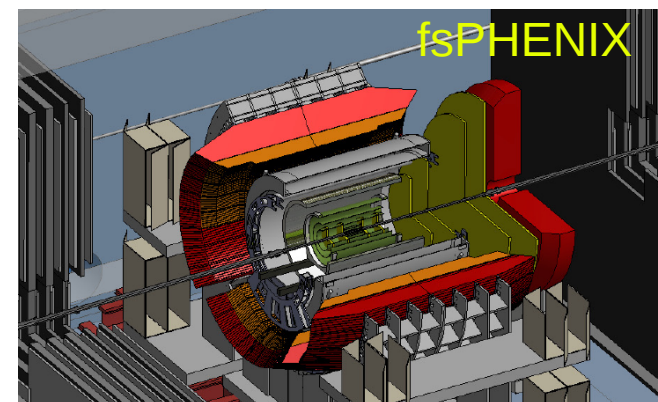
PHENIX → sPHENIX (2020)



By ~2020



New detector based on BaBar magnet around PHENIX



2021-2022

- Long 200 GeV Au+Au w/ upgraded detectors
- p+p/d+Au at 200 GeV
- Drell-Yan

- Jet, di-jet,  $\gamma$ -jet probes of parton transport and energy loss mechanism
- Color screening for different QQ states

- sPHENIX



# JEFFERSON LAB

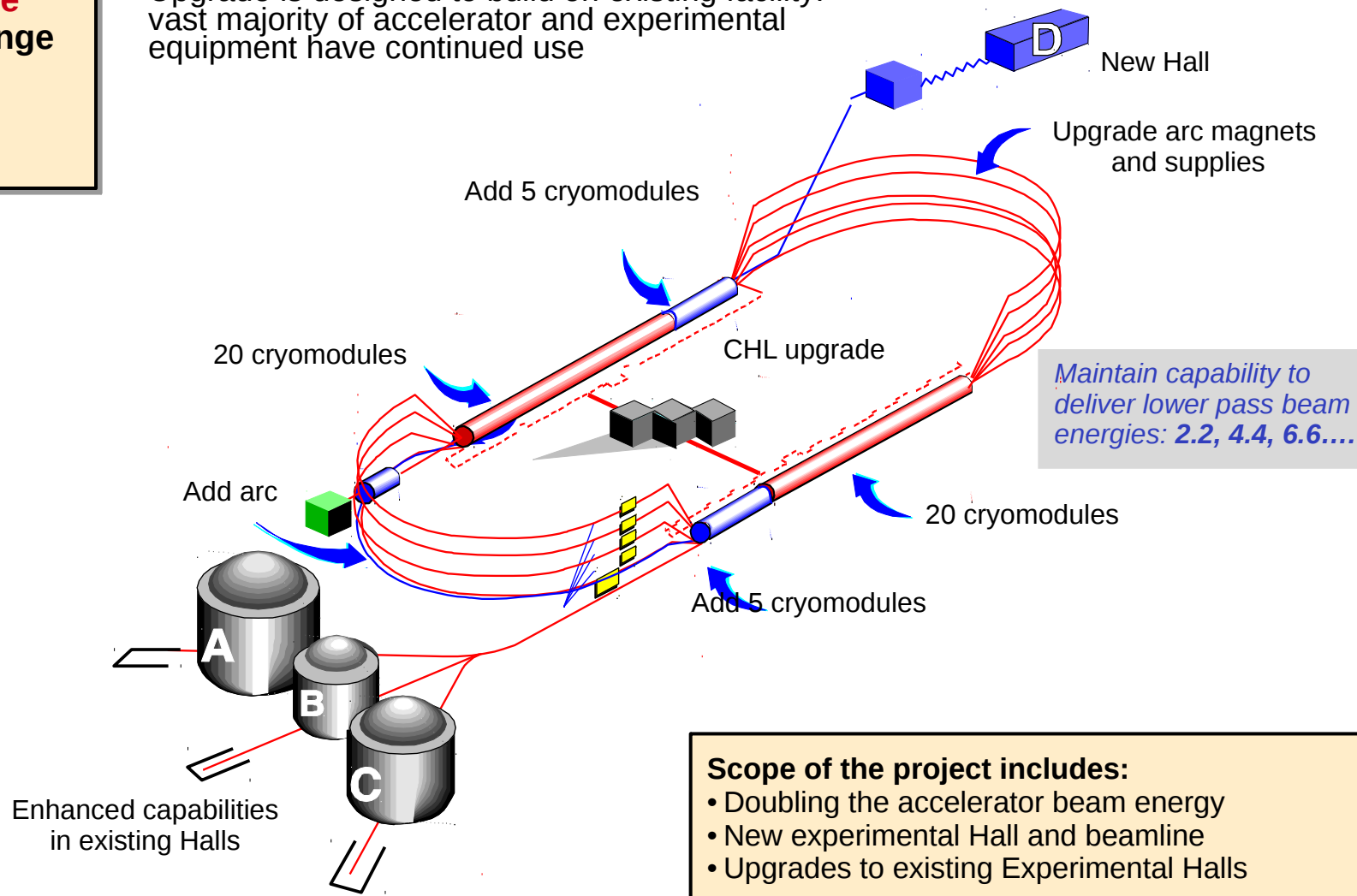


# 12 GeV Upgrade Project

**Highest priority in the  
2007 NSAC Long Range  
Plan.**

Upgrade is designed to build on existing facility:  
vast majority of accelerator and experimental  
equipment have continued use

12 GeV electrons





# ***JLab:* 21<sup>st</sup> Century Science Questions**

- What is the role of gluonic excitations in the spectroscopy of light mesons? Can these excitations elucidate the origin of quark confinement?
- Where is the missing spin in the nucleon? Is there a significant contribution from valence quark orbital angular momentum?
- Can we reveal a novel landscape of nucleon substructure through measurements of new multidimensional distribution functions?
- What is the relation between short-range N-N correlations and the partonic structure of nuclei?
- Can we discover evidence for physics beyond the standard model of particle physics?



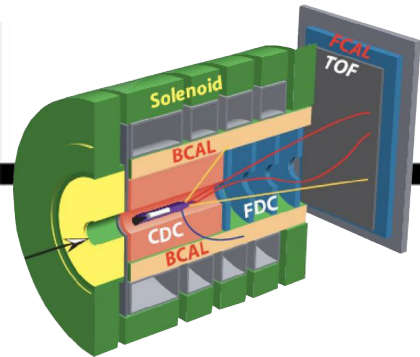
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# JLAB: GlueX in HALL D

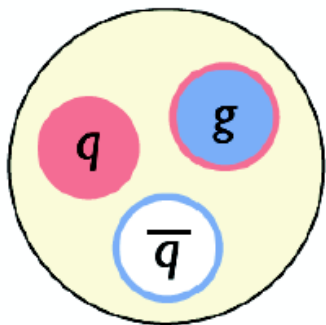
Justin Stevens



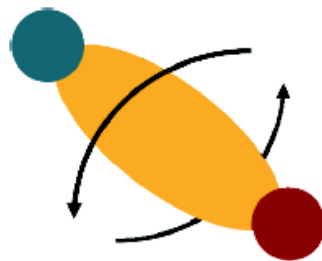
The GlueX experiment in Hall D at JLab is designed to search for and study hybrid mesons for which a rich spectrum is predicted by Lattice QCD

- Some have “exotic”  $J^{PC}$  which cannot be formed by  $q\bar{q}$ :

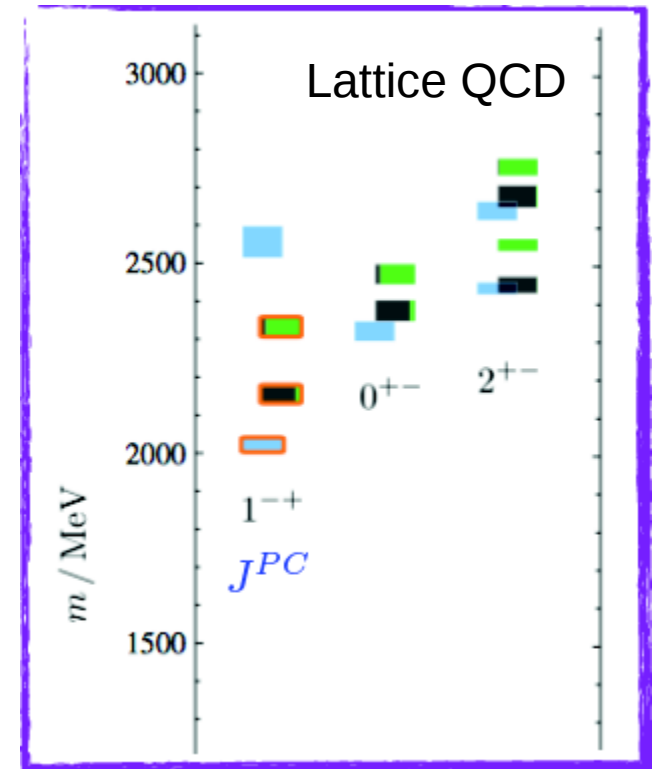
$$J^{PC} = 0^{+-}, 1^{-+}, 2^{+-} \dots$$



Hybrid Meson



$$\begin{aligned} \vec{J} &= \vec{L} + \vec{S} \\ P &= (-1)^{L+1} \\ C &= (-1)^{L+S} \end{aligned}$$



- Expect first physics data in 2015 and full intensity running in 2017



# ELECTRON ION COLLIDER



# Electron Ion Collider in the USA

Broad agreement of nuclear physics community that the next facility should be Electron Ion Collider

- high luminosity

$$L \sim 10^{33} \div 10^{34} \text{ (cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}\text{)}$$

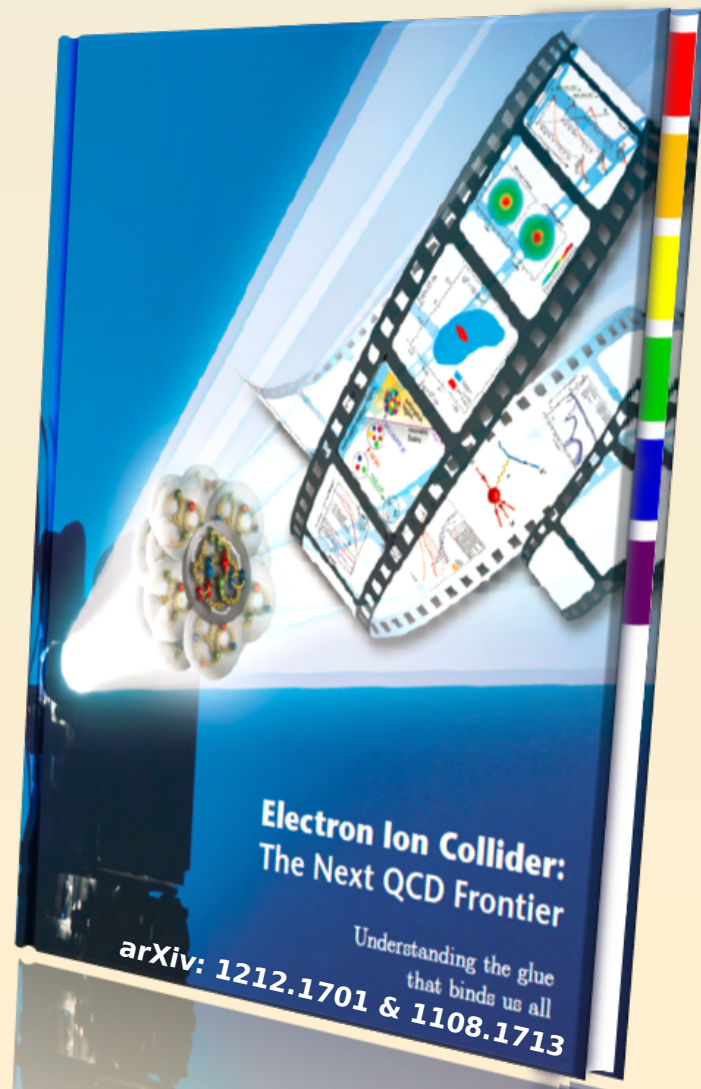
- energy range

$$\sqrt{s} = 20 \div 140 \text{ (GeV)}$$

- polarized, longitudinal and transversed, for the proton, deuterium, He3

- Ion beams up to U or Pb

- wide acceptance detector and good PID



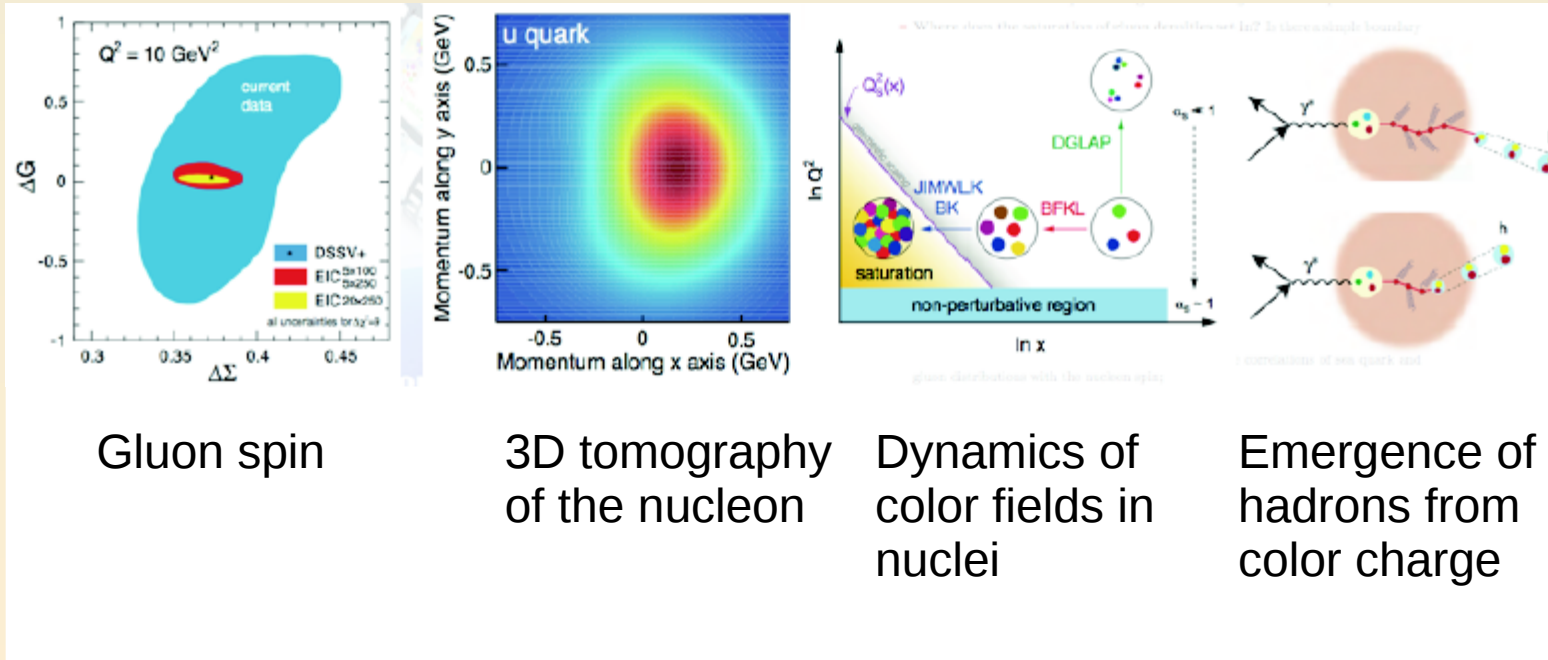
Elke ASCHENAUER, Pawel NADEL-TURONSKI



# Electron Ion Collider in the USA

## Physics driven design

EIC White Paper arXiv:1212.1701



Gluon spin

3D tomography  
of the nucleon

Dynamics of  
color fields in  
nuclei

Emergence of  
hadrons from  
color charge

... prospects  
of EW and  
BSM physics  
under study

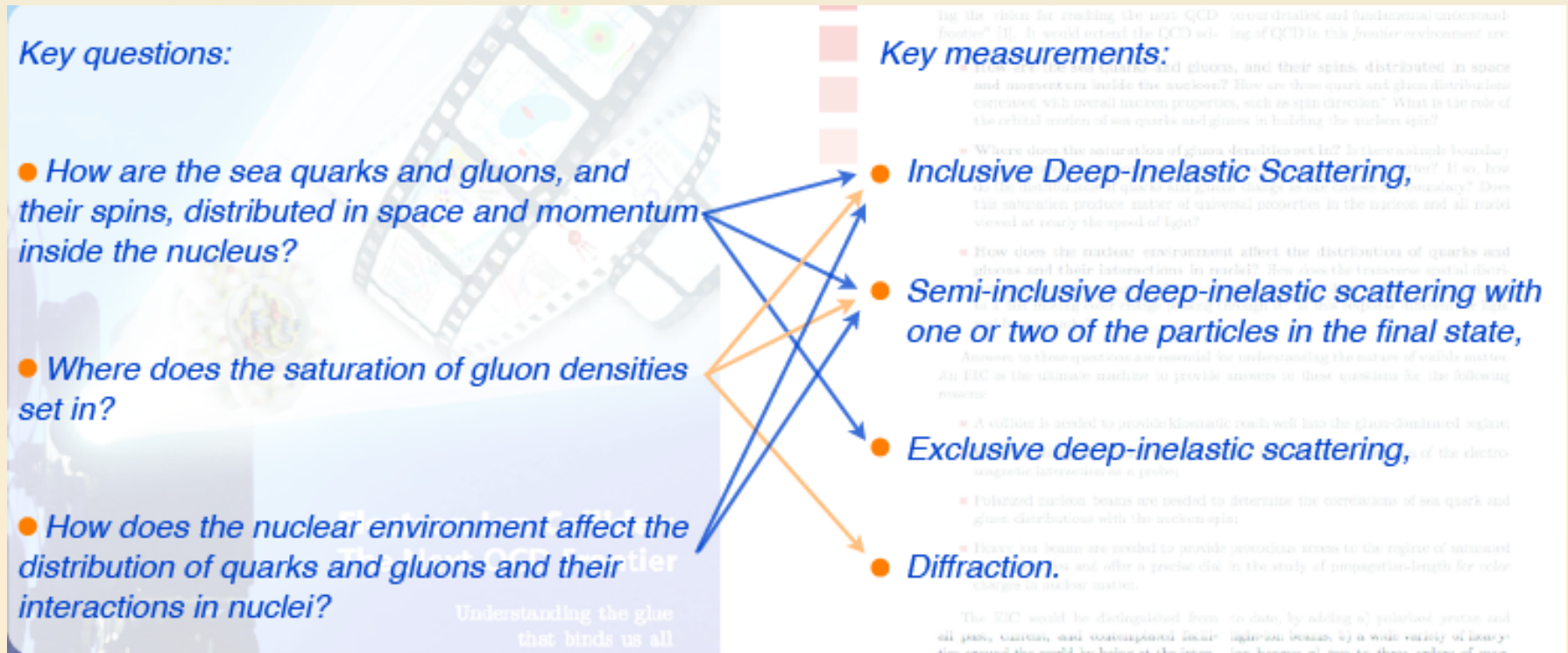
Elke ASCHENAUER  
Pawel NADEL-TURONSKI  
Alexander KISELEV  
Ernst SICHTERMANN  
Alexander BAZILEVSKY

J.H. LEE  
John LAJOIE  
Thomas BURTON



# Electron Ion Collider in the USA

## Physics driven design



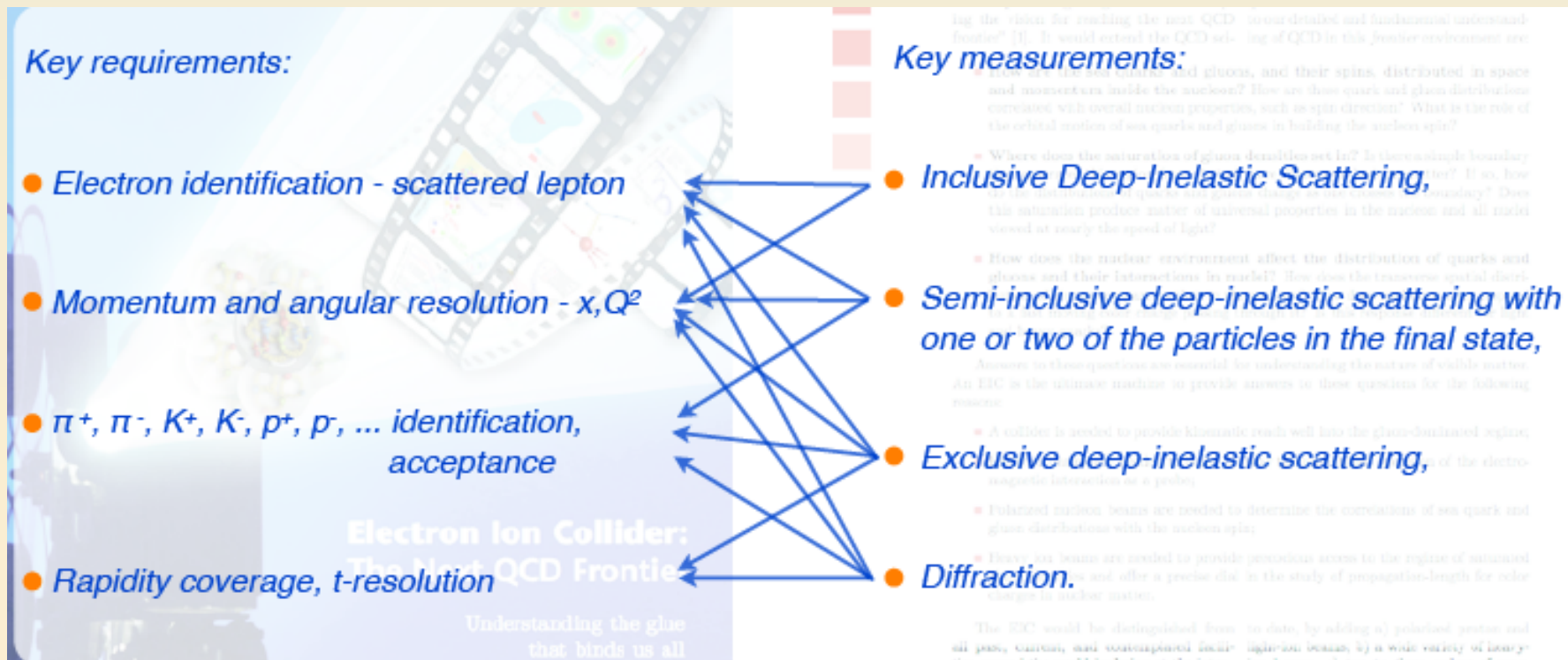
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# Electron Ion Collider in the USA

## Physics driven design



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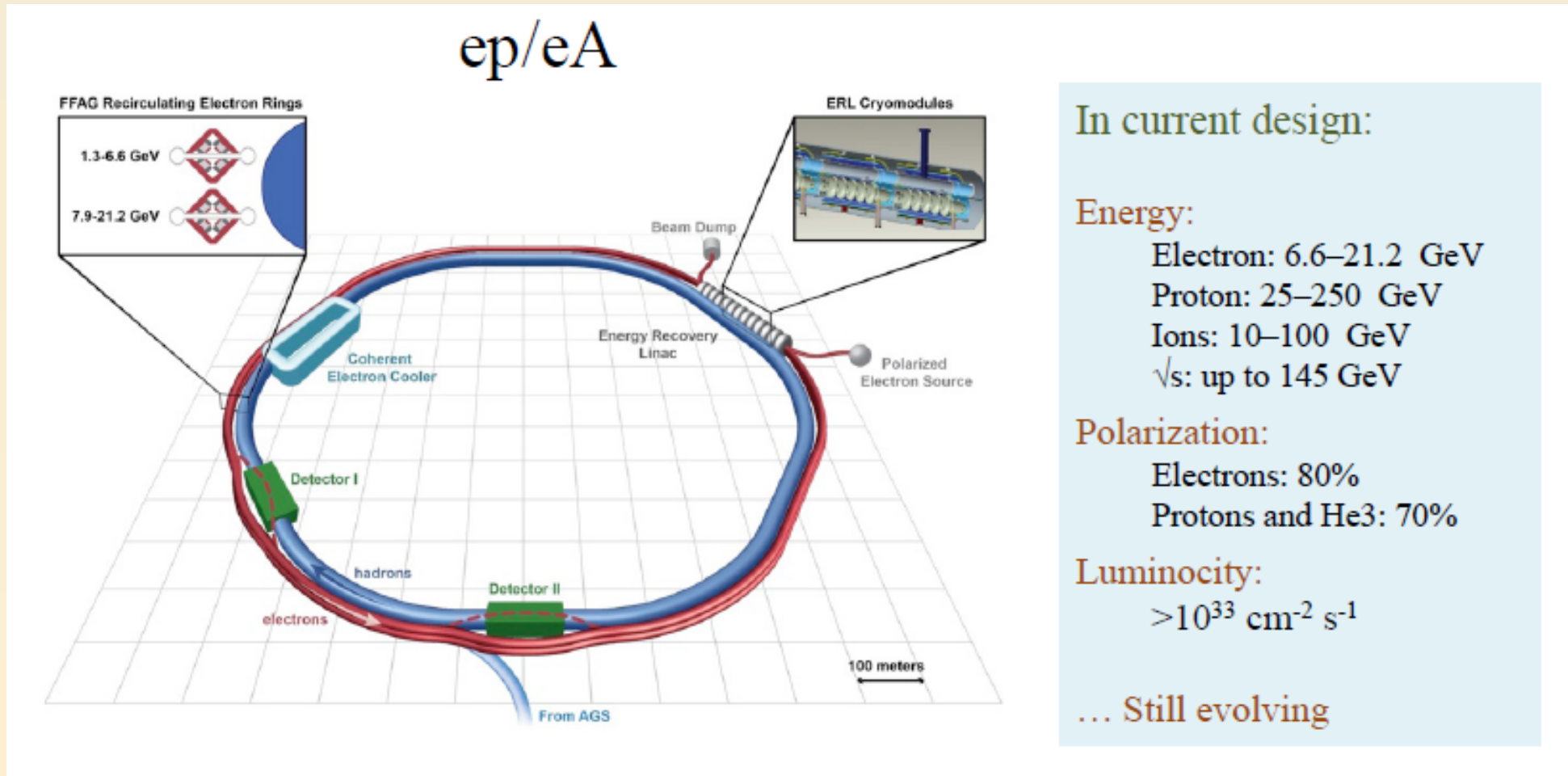
J.H. LEE  
John LAJOIE  
Thomas BURTON



# eRHIC at BNL

eRHIC: add an electron accelerator to the existing RHIC

Elke ASCHENAUER  
Alexander BAZILEVSKY  
Ernst SICHTERMANN  
Alexander KISELEV



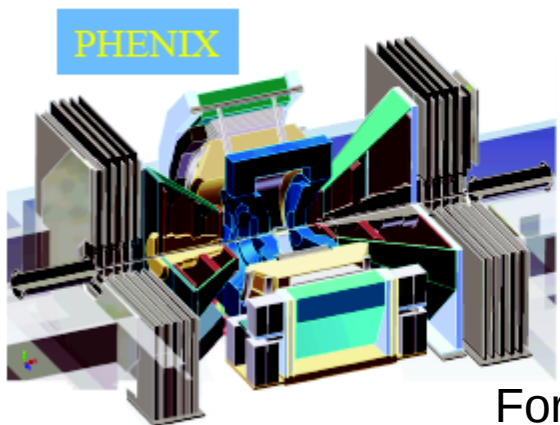


# ePHENIX

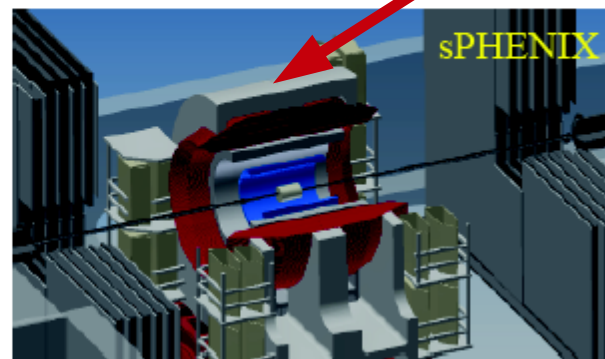
“An Electron Ion Collider Detector built around the BaBar detector” Alexander BAZILEVSKY

## PHENIX -> ePHENIX Path

## Central arm completion

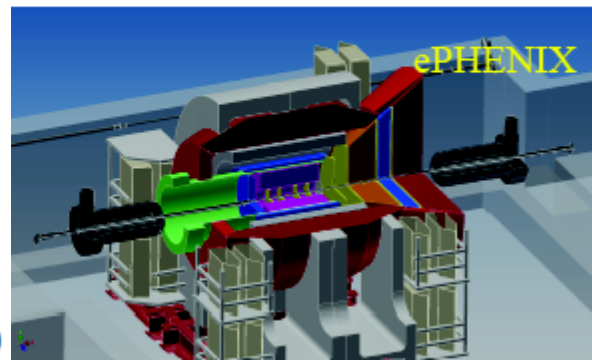
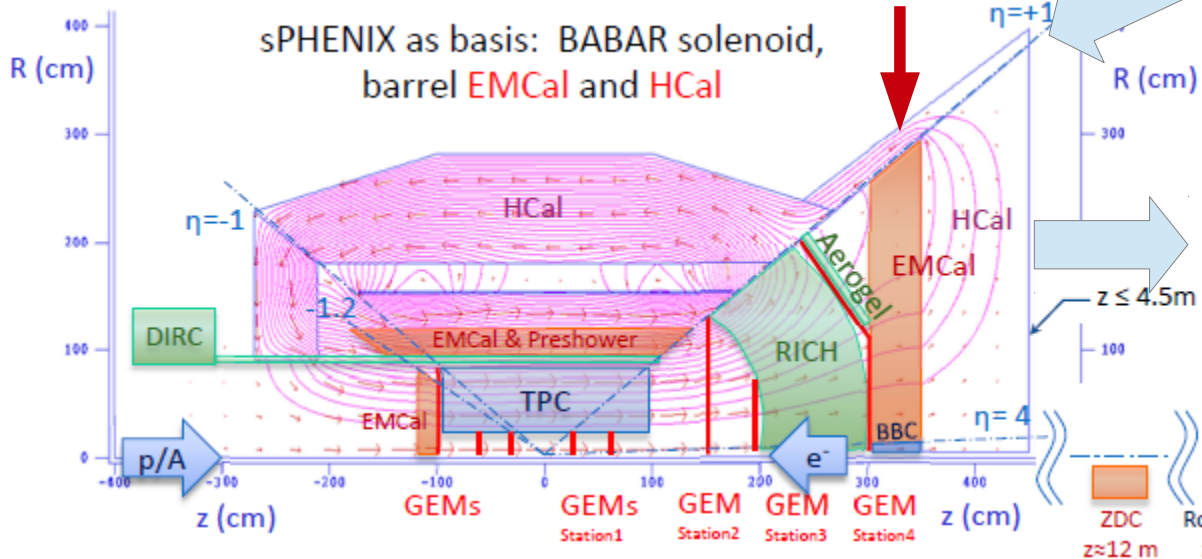


By ~2020



Forward arm  
fsPHENIX

By ~2025



## Forward and backward arms

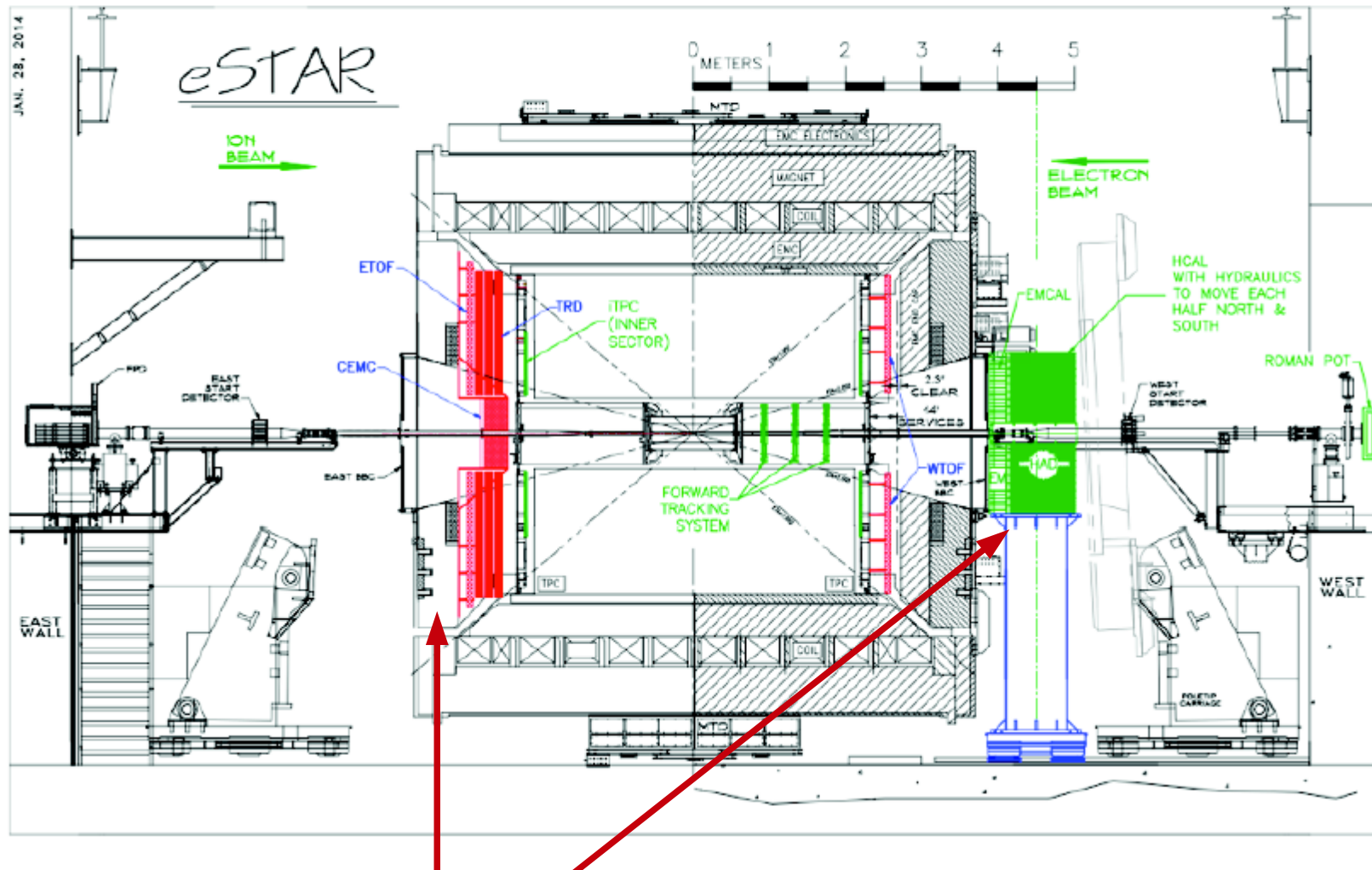


# eSTAR

Ernst SICHTERMANN

eSTAR - Concept

~2025



New detector elements

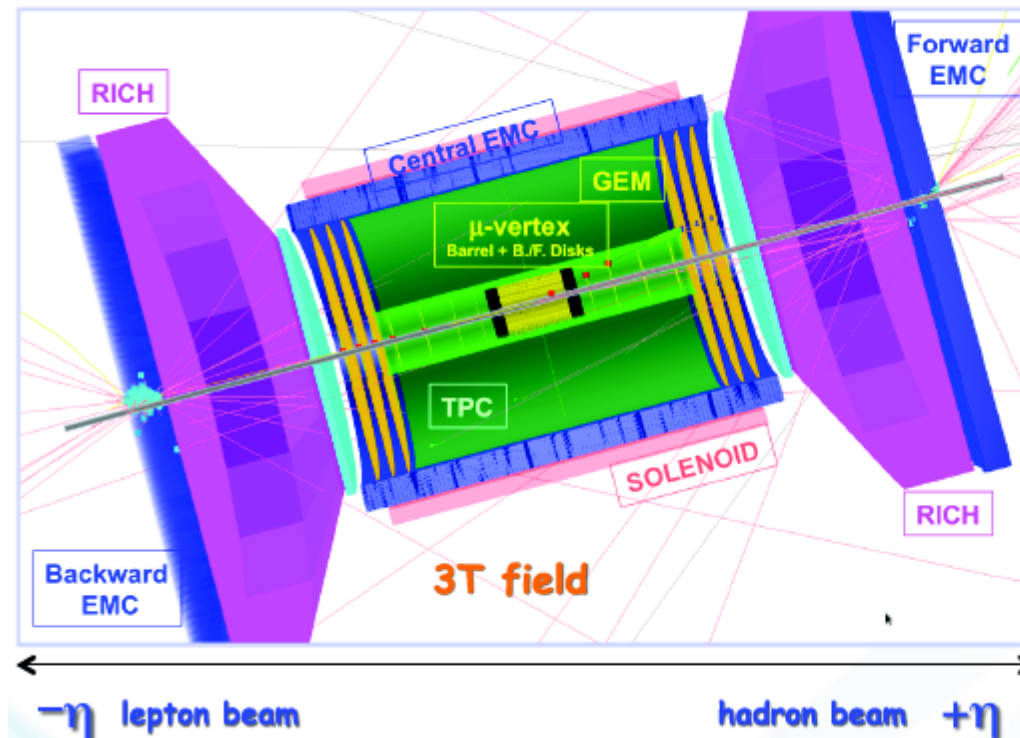


# eRHIC at BNL

Alexander KISELEV

## Dedicated detector

### -4 < $\eta$ < 4: Tracking & EM Calorimetry (hermetic coverage)



#### Lepton-ID:

-3 <  $\eta$  < 3: e/p  
1 <  $|\eta|$  < 3: Hcal  
3 <  $|\eta|$  < 4: Ecal & Hcal  
 $|\eta|$  < 4:  $\gamma$  suppression  
via tracking

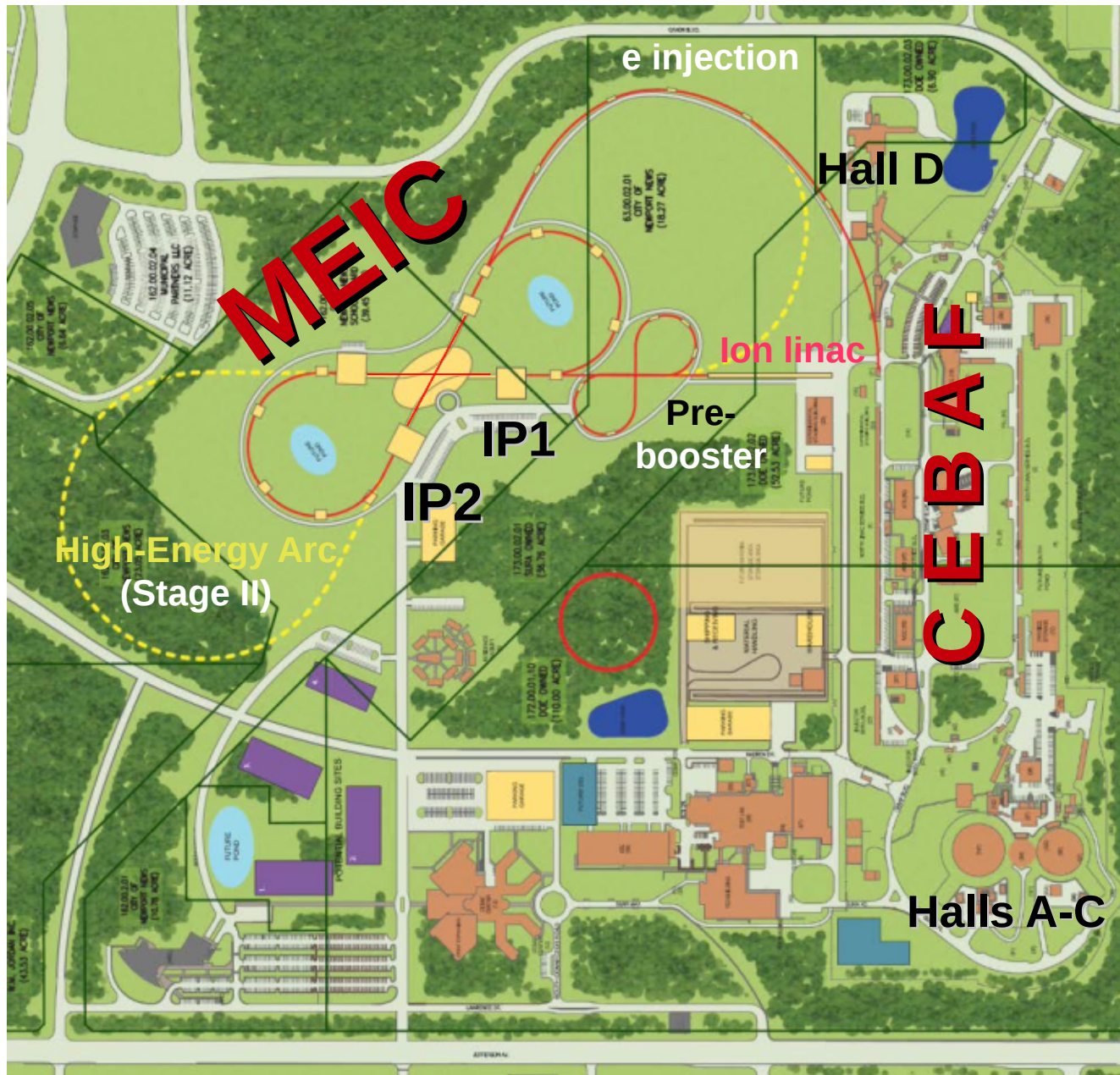
#### PID:

1 <  $|\eta|$  < 3: RICH  
-1 <  $\eta$  < 1: TPC (dE/dx)



# The EIC at JLab

Pawel NADEL-TURONSKI



- 12 GeV CEBAF is a full-energy lepton injector
  - Parallel running with fixed target possible
- MEIC and CEBAF both have a 1.4 km circumference
- MEIC can store 20-100 GeV protons, or heavy ions up to 40 GeV/A.
- Figure 8 design to preserve polarisation of deuterium



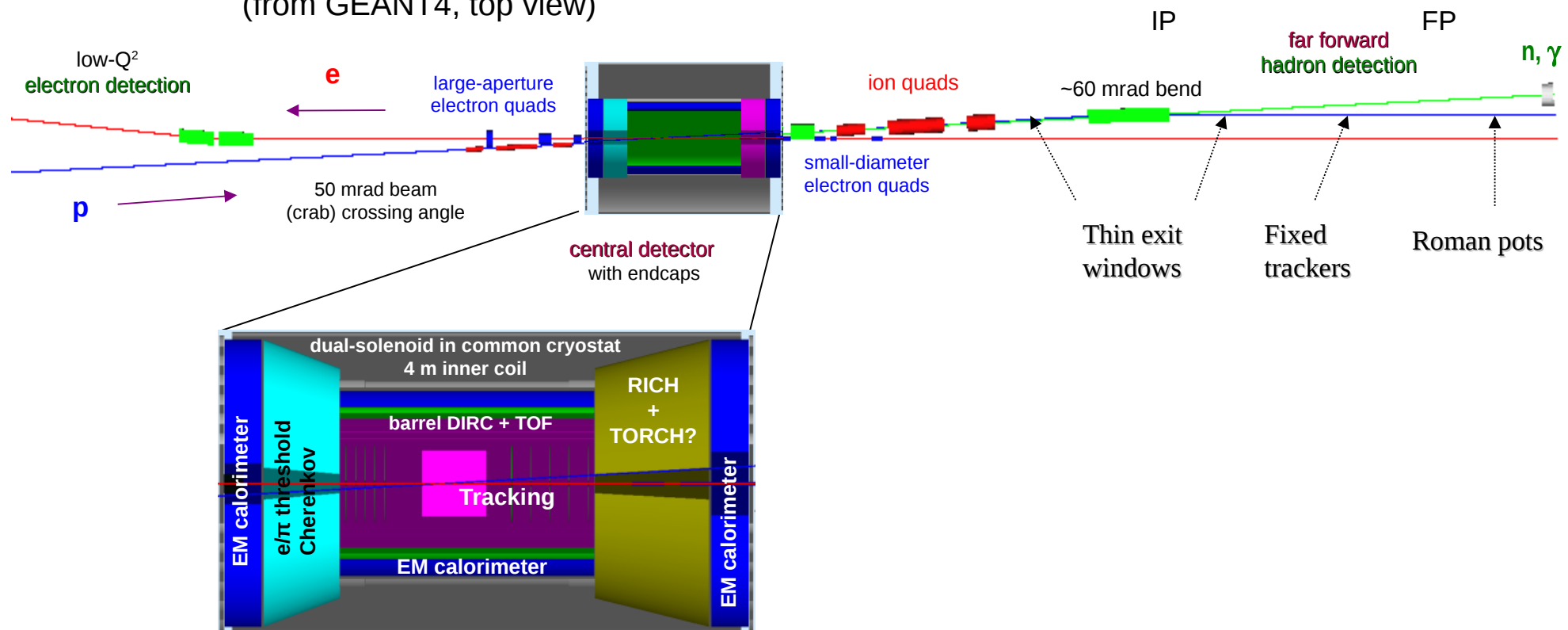
# The EIC at JLab

## Full-acceptance detector design at JLab

Paweł NADEL-TURONSKI

1. Detection/identification of complete final state
2. Spectator  $p_T$  resolution  $\ll$  Fermi momentum
3. Low- $Q^2$  electron tagger for photoproduction

(from GEANT4, top view)





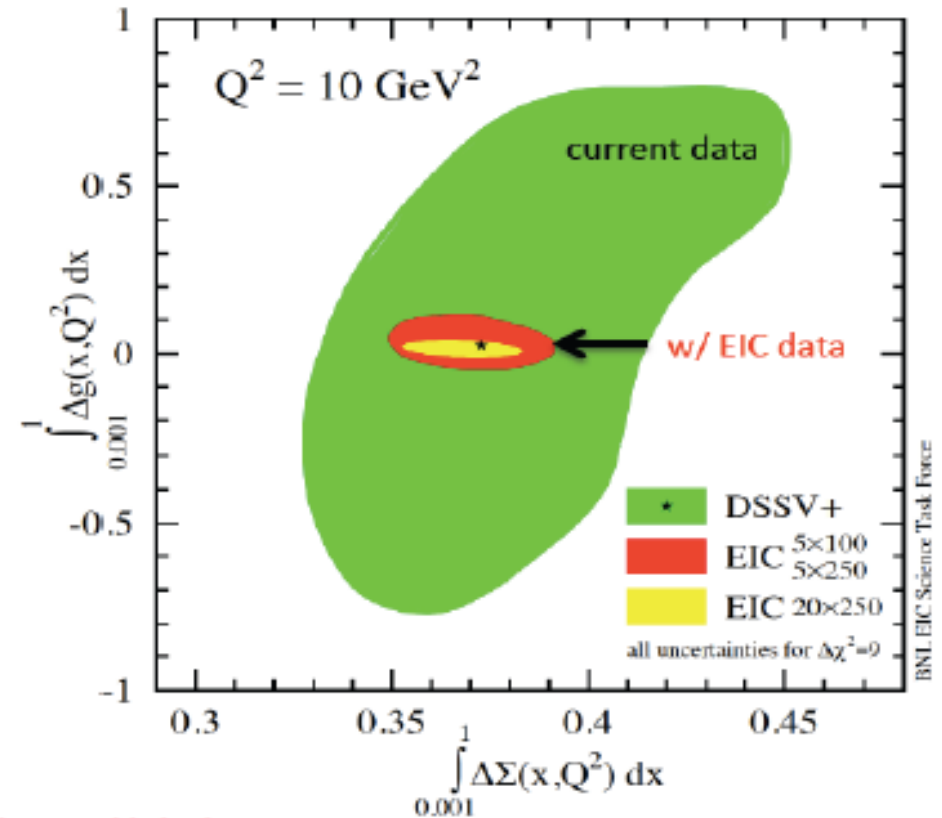
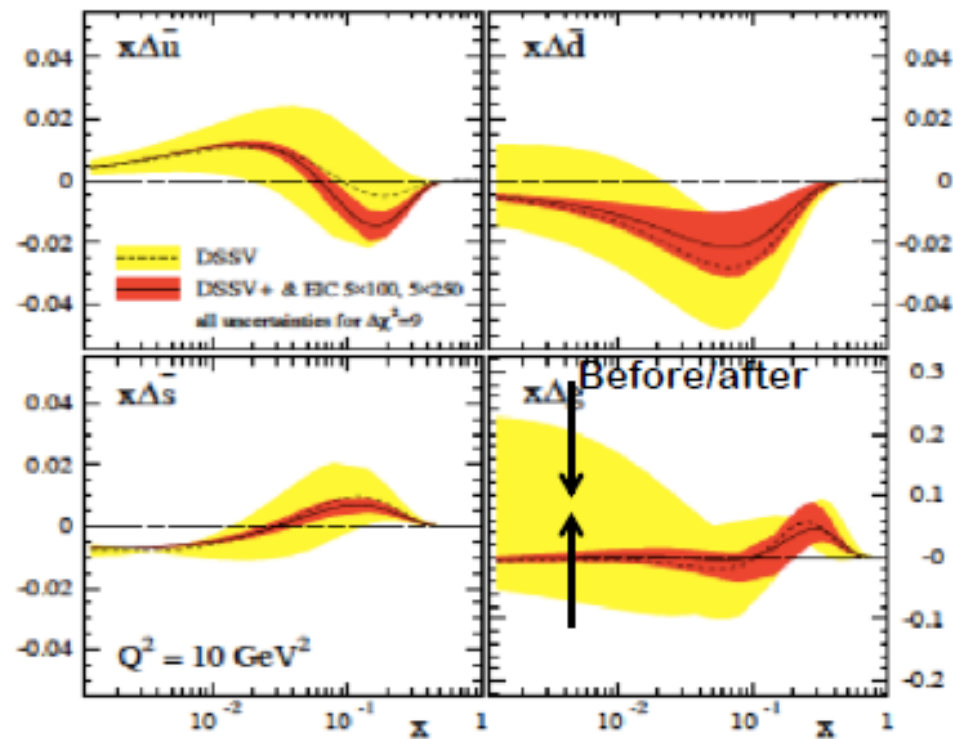
# EIC Physics

Jianwei QIU  
Ernst SICHTERMANN

## An examples of physics result:

EIC White Paper arXiv:1212.1701

Only one year of operation!



**No other machine in the world can achieve this!**



# CONCLUSIONS

There is a lot of enthusiasm, cooperation and support in our community towards future facilities



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Post HERA, prospects of DIS in future are bright



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Future facilities complement each other's mission and serve to better understanding of the nature



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There is a lot of enthusiasm, cooperation and support in our community towards future facilities

Post HERA, prospects of DIS in future are bright

Future facilities complement each other's mission and serve to better understanding of the nature

Our mission resembles the First New World voyage of Columbus, we have determination, clear goals and a plans. I believe, on this voyage discoveries are awaiting us



# THANK YOU!



# Spares





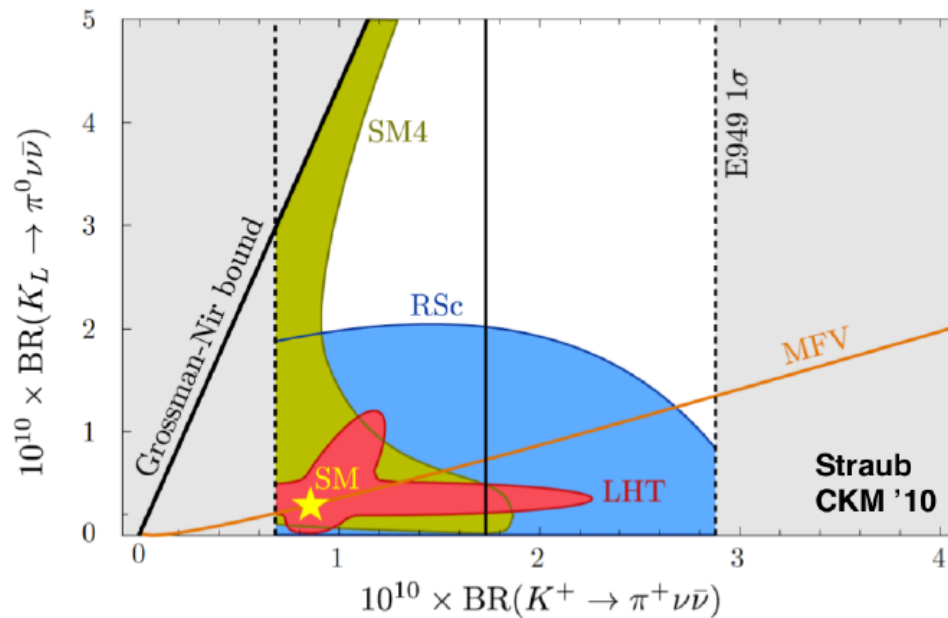
## Prospects for the $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$ Measurement

Carim MASSRI

$$\text{BR}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}) \sim |V_{ts}^* V_{td}|^2$$

SM prediction:

$$\text{BR}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}) = (0.781 \pm 0.075 \pm 0.029) \times 10^{-10}$$



Sensitive to New Physics

$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$  signature:

Kaon track +  
Pion track +  
NOTHING ELSE

Very difficult experimental measurement

Decay	Events/year
$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$ [SM] (flux $4.5 \times 10^{12}$ )	45

Physics Physics Physics





# Future Circular Collider Study - SCOPE

80-100 km tunnel infrastructure in Geneva area – design driven by pp-collider requirements (FCC-hh) with possibility of  $e^+e^-$  (FCC-ee) and  $p-e$  (FCC-he)

LHeC could operate as injector for FCC-ee

LHeC could potentially provide collisions with FCC-hh

8 T	$\Rightarrow$	40 TeV	in	80 km
16 T	$\Rightarrow$	80 TeV	in	80 km
20 T	$\Rightarrow$	100 TeV	in	80 km
16 T	$\Rightarrow$	100 TeV	in	100 km

