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Constraints on the Higgs boson width from off-shell production and decay to $ZZ \rightarrow 4I$ or 2I2v

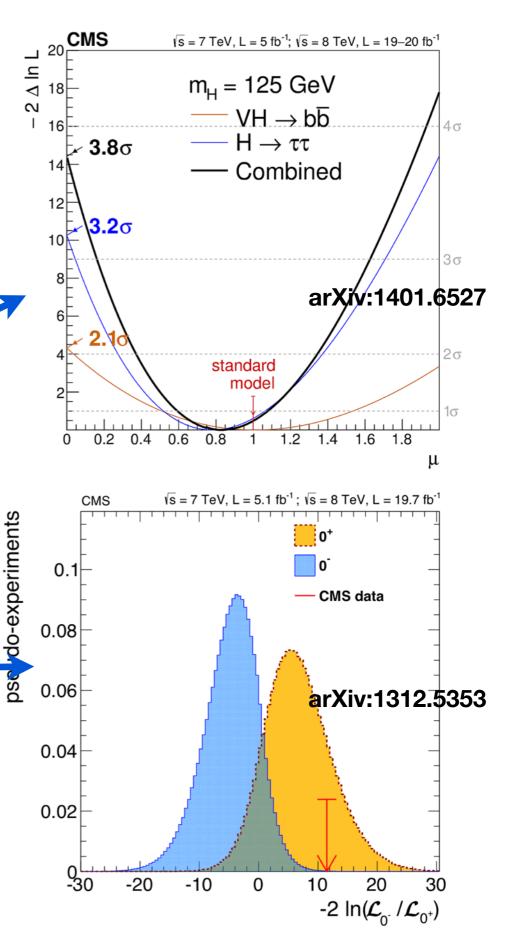
Jian Wang (Universite Libre de Bruxelles) On behalf of the CMS collaboration

CERN LHC seminar April 15, 2014

After discovery

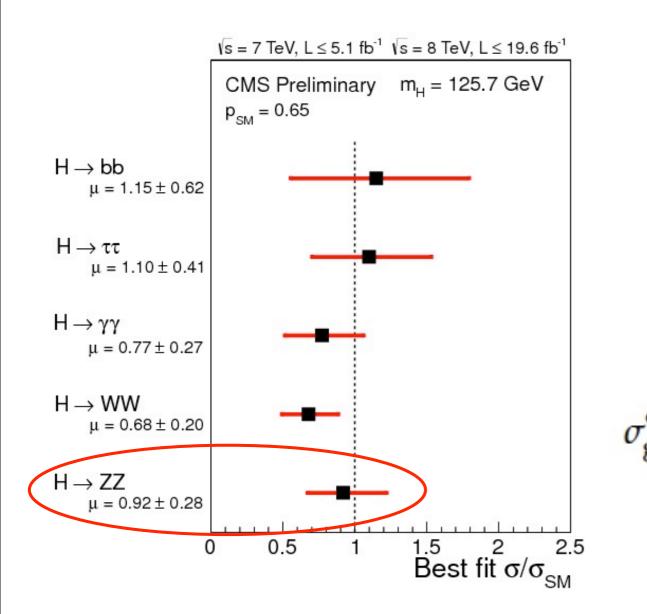
- Great progress since Higgs boson discovery
 - Observation in boson channels
 - Evidence in fermion channels
 - Mass measurements
 - CMS H→ZZ→4l measurement 125.6±0.4(stat.)±0.2(syst.)GeV
 - Spin/parity studies





Property measurements - signal strength

"Signal strength" $\mu = \sigma/\sigma_{SM}$



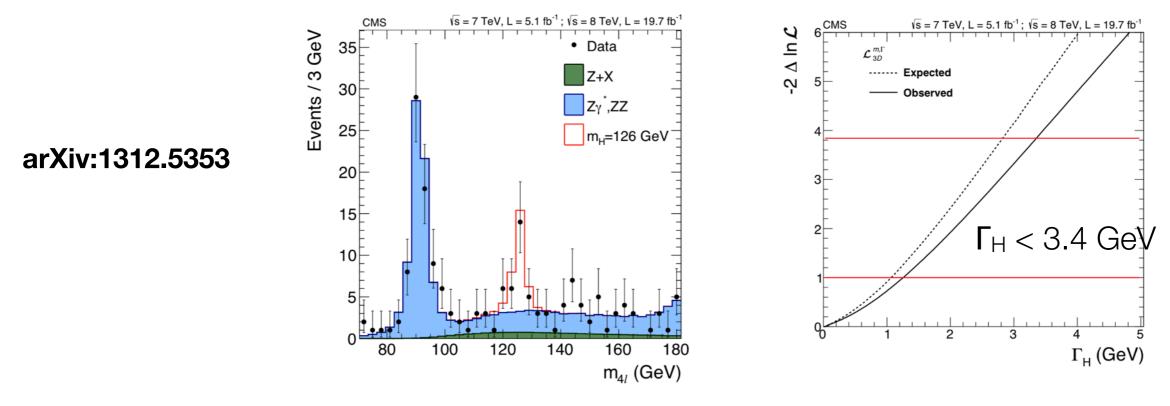
Narrow width approximation

$$\sigma_{gg \to H \to ZZ}^{on-peak} \propto \frac{g_{gg}^2 g_{gg} g_{HZZ}^2}{\Gamma_{H}}$$
Define $r = \Gamma_{H} / \Gamma_{H}^{SM}$
 $\kappa_g = g_{ggH} / g_{ggH}^{SM}$ $\kappa_Z = g_{HZZ} / g_{HZZ}^{SM}$
 $on-peak_{gg \to H \to ZZ} = \frac{\kappa_g^2 \kappa_Z^2}{r} (\sigma \cdot \mathcal{B})_{SM} \equiv \mu (\sigma \cdot \mathcal{B})_{SM}$

The $\boldsymbol{\mu}$ unchanged if the numerator and denominator are scaled by a common factor

SM Higgs total width ~4 MeV @125GeV

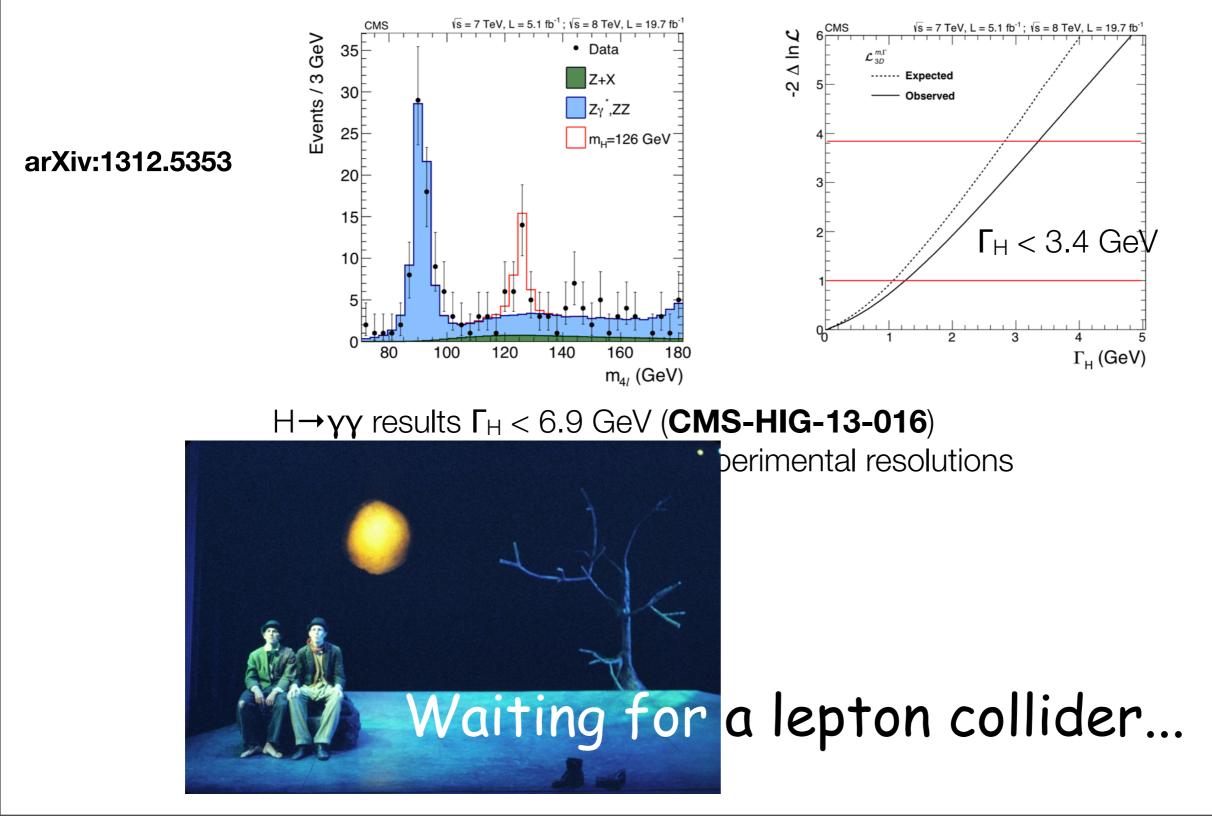
Property measurements - width



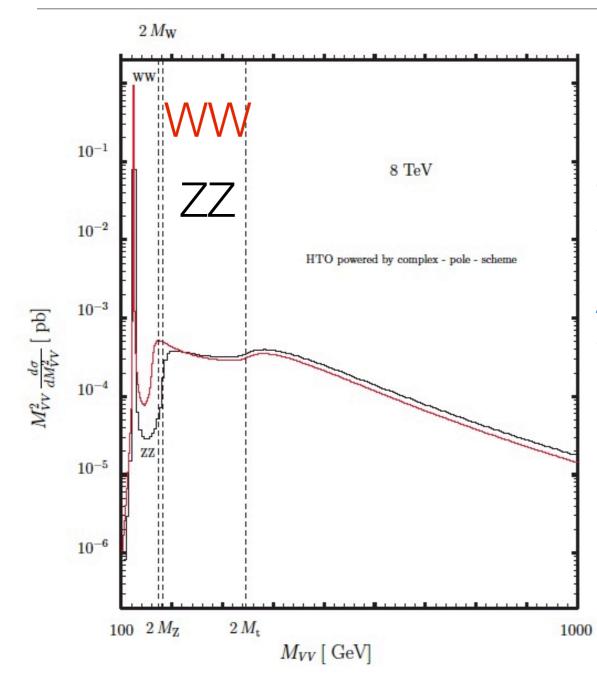
 $H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ results $\Gamma_H < 6.9$ GeV (**CMS-HIG-13-016**) Direct measurements are limited by experimental resolutions

SM Higgs total width ~4 MeV @125GeV

Property measurements - width



Higgs off-shell production and decay



Off-shell production cross section has been shown to be sizable at high VV invariant mass

A mixed effect of production and decay: enhancement at $2m_v$ and $2m_t$ thresholds

| | ${\rm Tot}[{\rm pb}]$ | $M_{\rm ZZ}>2M_Z[{\rm pb}]$ | R[%] |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|------|
| $gg \to H \to \text{ all}$ | 19.146 | 0.1525 | 0.8 |
| $gg \to H \to ZZ$ | 0.5462 | 0.0416 | 7.6 |

With current experimental cuts in $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4I$ analysis, this ratio is further enhanced

N. Kauer and G. Passarino, JHEP 08 (2012) 116

Constraining the Higgs boson width

F. Caola, K. Melnikov (Phys. Rev. D88 (2013) 054024) J. Campbell et al. (arXiv:1311.3589)

The production cross section as a function of m_{ZZ}

$$\frac{d\sigma_{\rm gg\to H\to ZZ}}{dm_{\rm ZZ}^2} \propto g_{\rm ggH}^2 g_{\rm HZZ}^2 \frac{F(m_{\rm ZZ})}{(m_{\rm ZZ}^2 - m_{\rm H}^2)^2 + m_{\rm H}^2 \Gamma_{\rm H}^2}$$

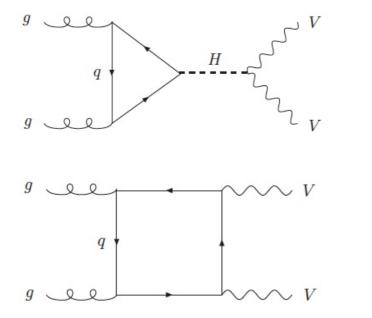
On-shell vs. off-shell

 $\sigma_{\rm gg \to H \to ZZ}^{\rm on-peak} \propto \frac{g_{\rm ggH}^2 g_{\rm HZZ}^2}{\Gamma_{\rm H}}, \quad \sigma_{\rm gg \to H \to ZZ}^{\rm off-peak} \propto g_{\rm ggH}^2 g_{\rm HZZ}^2$

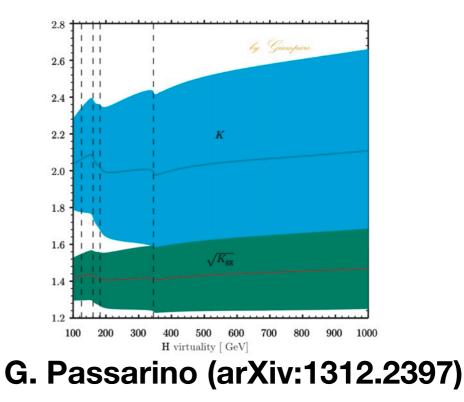
Away from the resonance, the cross section is independent of the width. The ratio of off-shell and on-shell production leads to a direct constraint of Γ_H Assuming the coupling constants remain invariant at the low and high mass region.

Data and MC samples

- 2012 data, 8 TeV, corresponding to $L = 19.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
- $gg \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4I/2I2v$ events are generated at LO using gg2VV3.1.5 and/or MCFM6.7
 - Generations include Higgs boson signal, continuum background and their interference
 - Higgs boson mass set to 125.6 GeV (corresponding SM width 4.15 MeV)
 - The renormalization and factorization scales are set to m_{ZZ}/2 (running scales)
 - NNLO K factors applied as a function of mZZ; same K factors applied to continuum backgrounds (M. Bonvini et al. (Phys. Rev. D88 (2013) 034032))

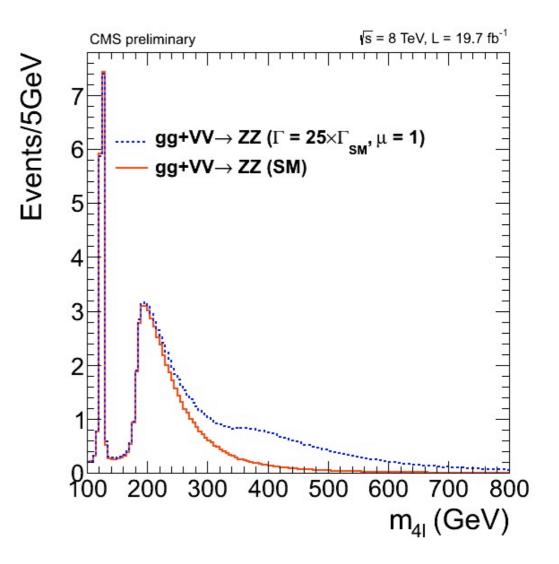


Higgs signal interferes with continuum background



MC samples

 Vector Boson Fusion(VBF) Higgs production mode is expected to also produce an off-shell tail, and could be as large as 10% in the high mass region, compared to gg fusion mode. qq'→ZZ+qq'→4l/2l2v+qq' events are generated using PHANTOM, including the signal, background and their interference



- Background samples are generated from POWHEG or MADGRAPH, and normalized to NLO cross sections where available
- GEANT4 based CMS detector simulation

Analysis strategy

$$\frac{d\sigma_{gg \to H \to ZZ}^{\text{off-peak}}}{dm_{ZZ}} = \kappa_g^2 \kappa_Z^2 \cdot \frac{d\sigma_{gg \to H \to ZZ}^{\text{off-peak,SM}}}{dm_{ZZ}} = \mu r \frac{d\sigma_{gg \to H \to ZZ}^{\text{off-peak,SM}}}{dm_{ZZ}}$$

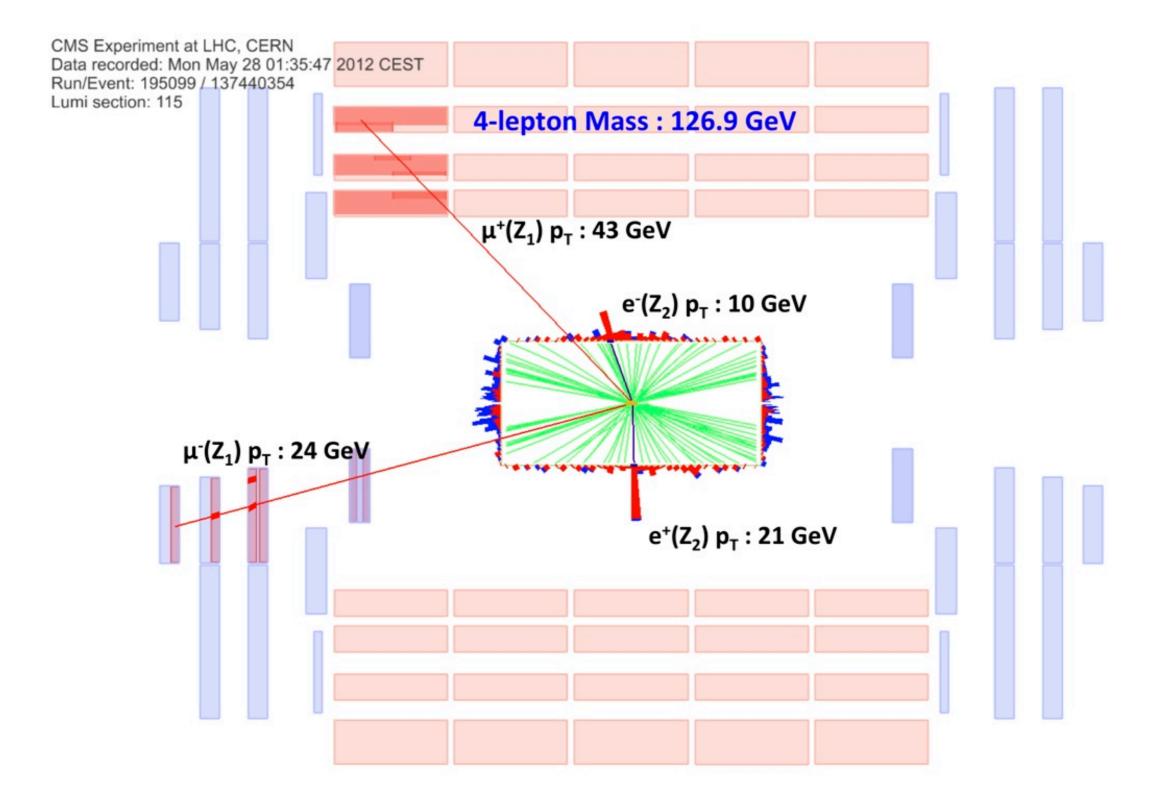
Once the μ taken from a measurement or calculation, the offshell cross section gives direct constraint on r= Γ/Γ_{SM}

 μ from CMS on-peak 4I measurement is used (with its stat. uncertainty) μ (obs) =0.93^{+0.26}-0.24 μ (exp) =1.00^{+0.27}-0.24

$$\mathcal{L}_{i} = N_{gg \to ZZ} \left[\mu r \times \mathcal{P}_{sig}^{gg} + \sqrt{\mu r} \times \mathcal{P}_{int}^{gg} + \mathcal{P}_{bkg}^{gg} \right] + N_{VBF} \left[\mu r \times \mathcal{P}_{sig}^{VBF} + \sqrt{\mu r} \times \mathcal{P}_{int}^{VBF} + \mathcal{P}_{bkg}^{VBF} \right] + N_{q\bar{q} \to ZZ} \mathcal{P}_{bkg}^{q\bar{q}} + \dots$$

The parameterization of gg \rightarrow ZZ and VBF processes includes three correlated distributions for signal, background and their interference; Assuming $\mu_{ggF} = \mu_{VBF}$





41 analysis - overview

- Same event reconstruction and selection as those used in the previous measurement of Higgs boson properties (arXiv: 1312.5353)
- Event selections:
 - Two pairs of leptons (electrons or muons), isolated, of opposite sign and same flavor;
 Z₁: closest to the Z boson mass; Z₂: the remaining with highest scalar sum of p_T
 - At least one lepton has $p_T > 20$ GeV, and another has $p_T > 10$ GeV
 - 40 < m_{Z1} < 120 GeV; 12 < m_{Z2} < 120 GeV
 - Off-shell analysis region: 220 < m_{4l} < 1600 GeV
- Background:
 - Irreducible background is $qq \rightarrow ZZ$, modeled from MC
 - Reducible background (much smaller) is Z+X (Z and WZ, at least one lepton is nonprompt), evaluated using a "fake rate" method, with control regions in data

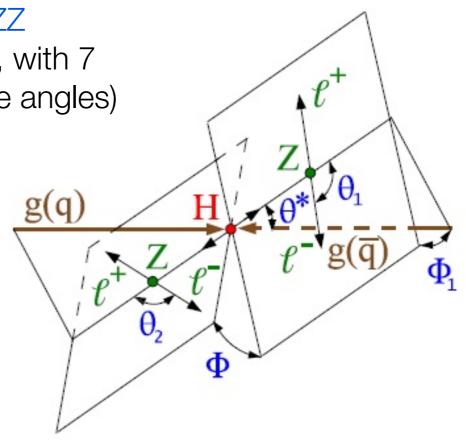
41 analysis - MELA Dgg

Matrix element likelihood approach (MELA)

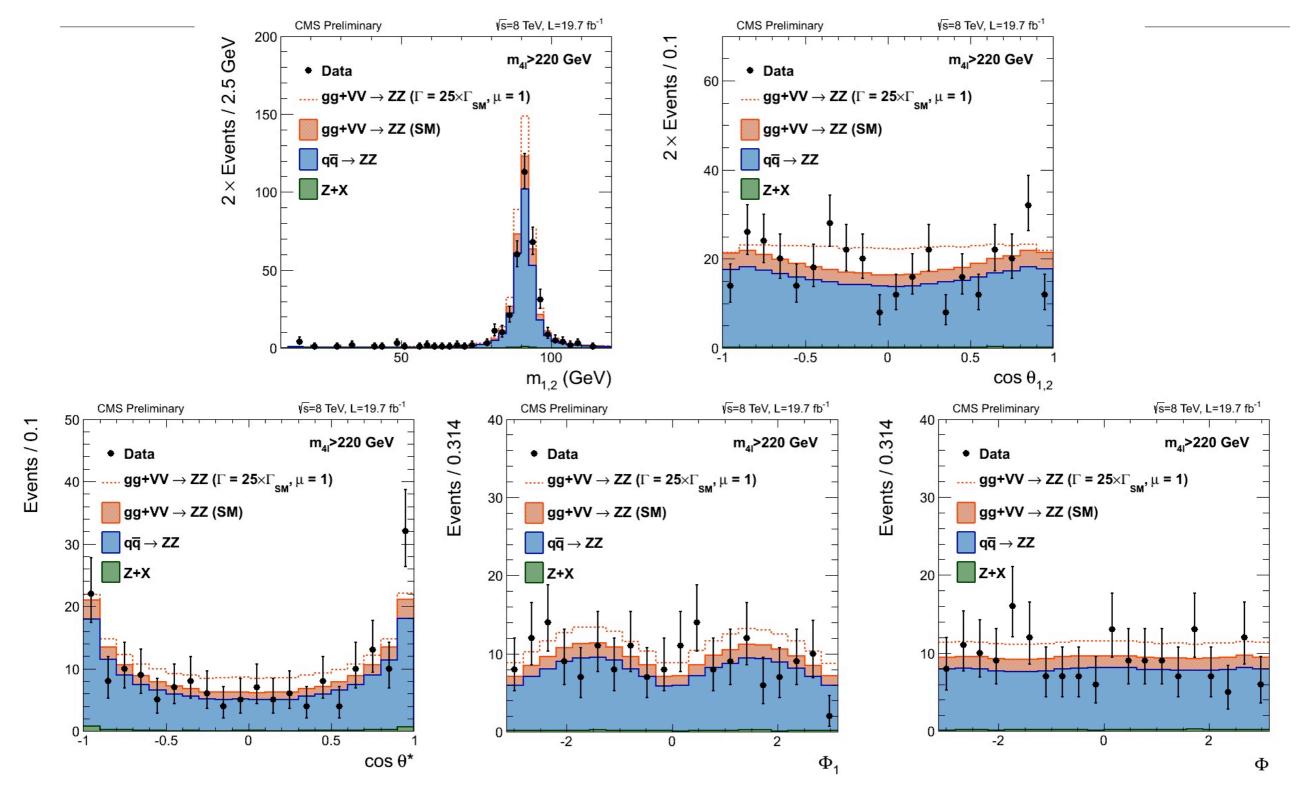
A kinematic discriminant to separate $gg \rightarrow ZZ$ from $qq \rightarrow ZZ$ Characterize event topology in ZZ center-of-mass frame, with 7 variables completely describing kinematics (m_{Z1}, m_{Z2}, five angles)

$$\mathcal{D}_{gg} \equiv \frac{\mathcal{P}_{gg}}{\mathcal{P}_{gg} + \mathcal{P}_{q\bar{q}}} = \left[1 + \frac{\mathcal{P}_{bkg}^{q\bar{q}}}{a \times \mathcal{P}_{sig}^{gg} + \sqrt{a} \times \mathcal{P}_{int}^{gg} + \mathcal{P}_{bkg}^{gg}}\right]^{-1}$$

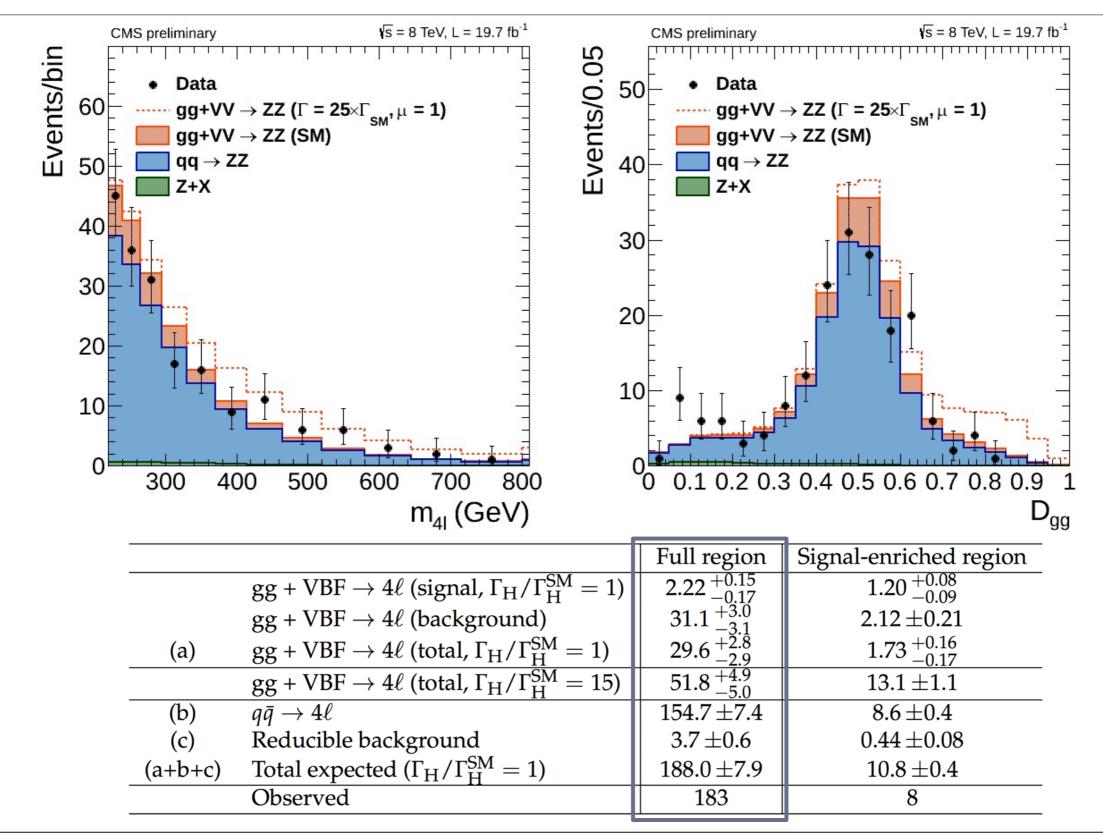
(Depends on parameter a (relative weight of signal in the likelihood ratio). Since the expected exclusion is $r \sim 10$, use a = 10)



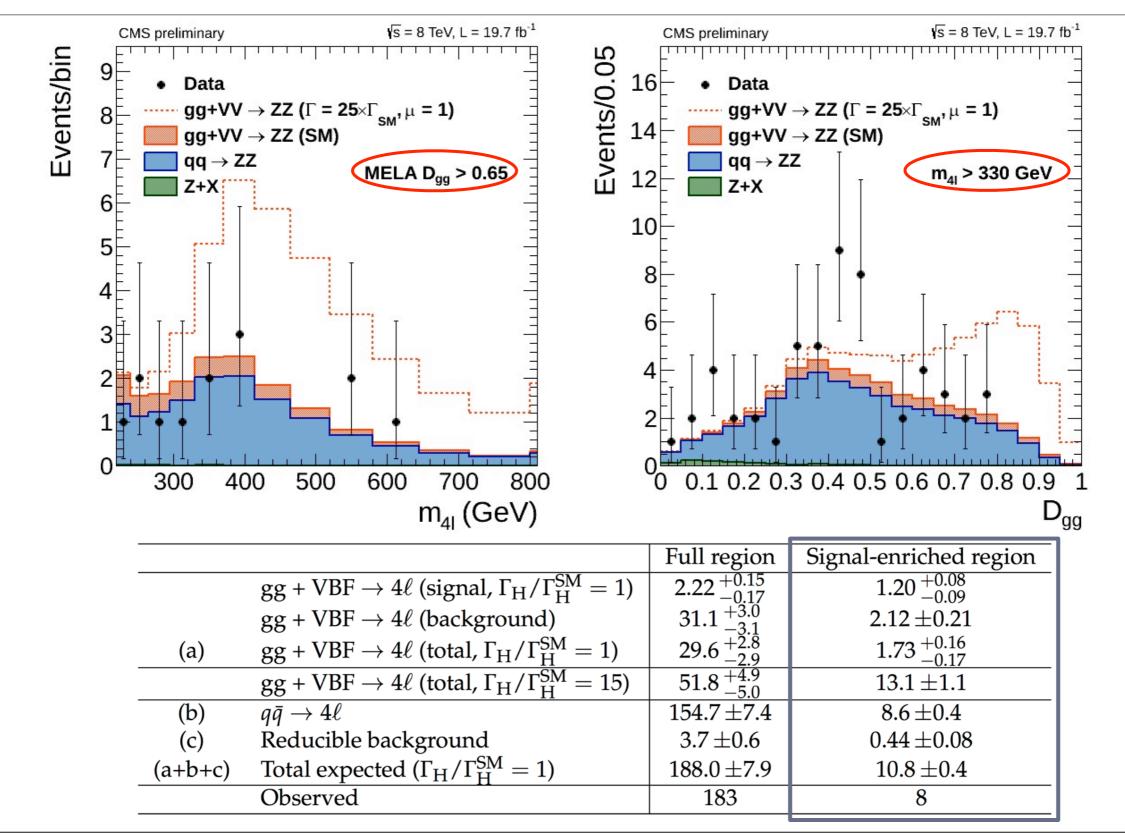
4I analysis - inputs to Dgg



4I analysis - m_{4I} and D_{gg} distributions



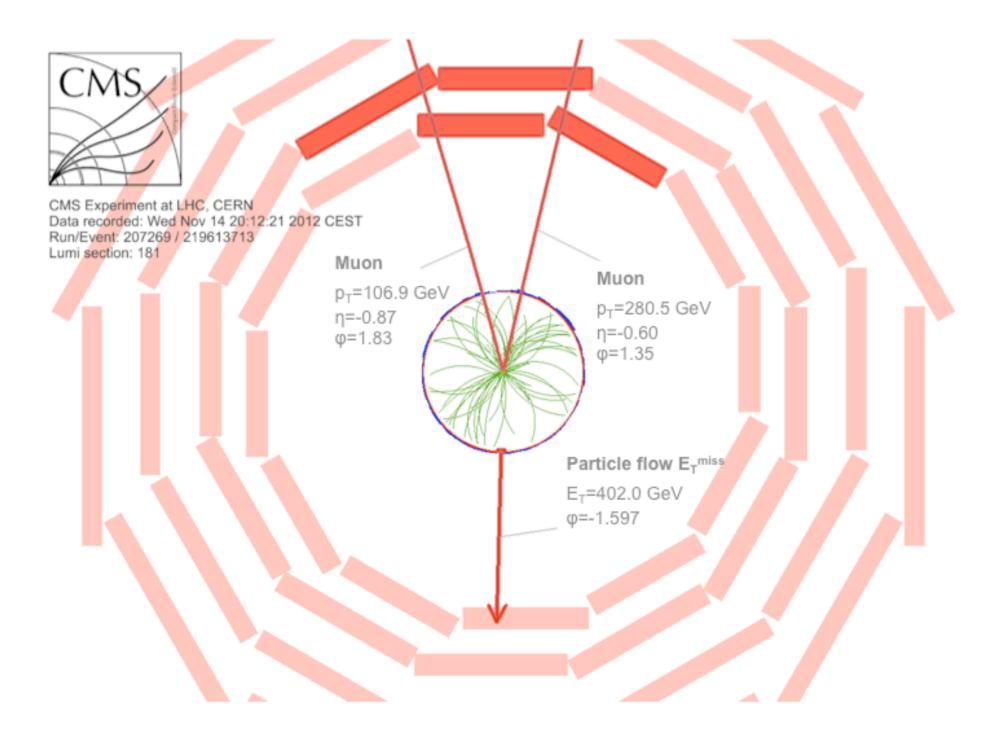
4I analysis - m_{4I} and D_{gg} distributions



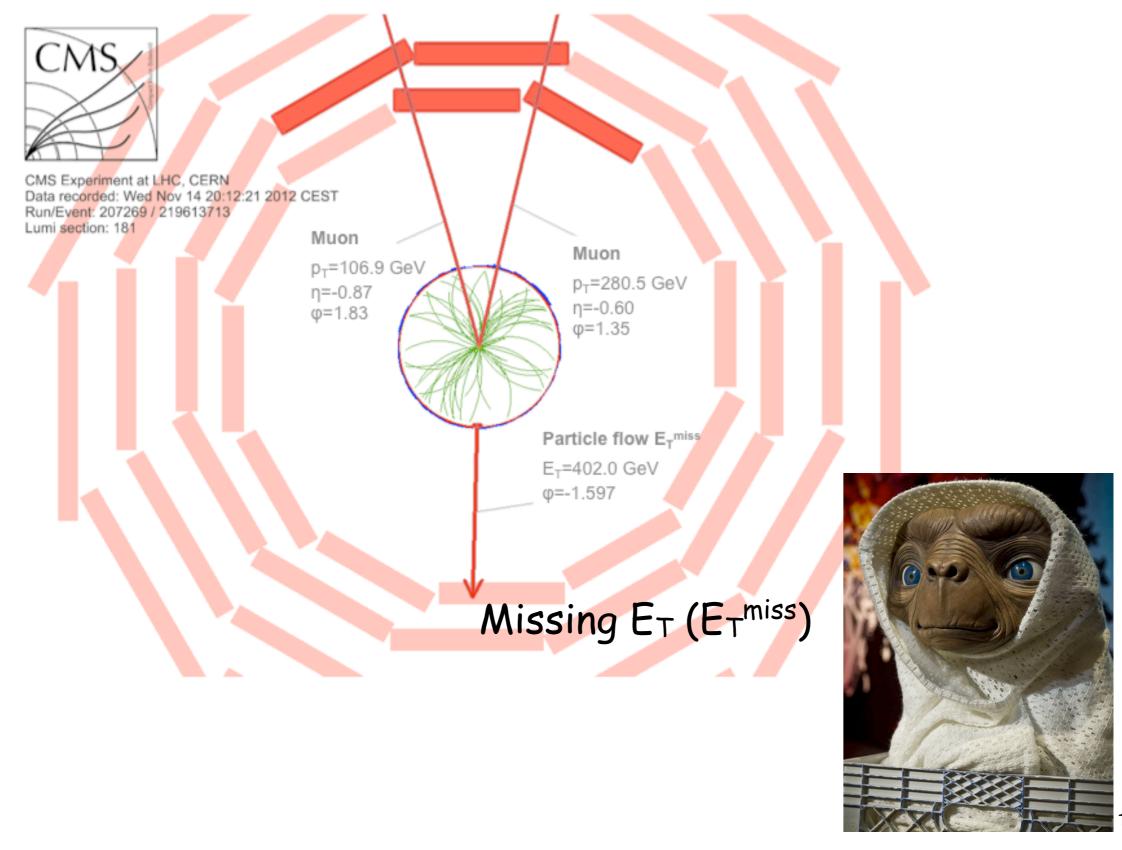
Tuesday, April 15, 2014

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 $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 2I2v$



 $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 2I2v$



2l2v analysis - overview

- 6 times higher branching ratio compared to 4I final state
 - Branching ratio matters in high mass region where cross section is low
- No access to Higgs on-shell production
 - Z+jets background is several orders of magnitude higher (fake ET^{miss} due to hadronic energy mis-measurement)
- Other backgrounds
 - Irreducible: ZZ, WZ
 - Non-resonant (not involving a Z boson): top, WW

Transverse mass
$$m_{\mathrm{T}}^2 = \left[\sqrt{p_{\mathrm{T},\ell\ell}^2 + m_{\ell\ell}^2} + \sqrt{E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}^2} + m_{\ell\ell}^2}\right]^2 - \left[\vec{p}_{\mathrm{T},\ell\ell} + \vec{E}_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}}\right]^2$$

2I2v analysis - event selection

- Z+large E_T^{miss} signature
 - To select a Z→II: a pair of electrons or muons, isolated, p_T > 20 GeV, |m(II) - 91| < 15 GeV
 - To reject WZ: veto 3rd lepton (p_T > 10 GeV)
 - To reject top processes: veto b-tagged jet; veto soft-muon (p_T > 3 GeV)
 - To reject Z+jets: $E_T^{miss} > 80$ GeV; Azimuthal angle of E_T^{miss} and the closest jet: $\Delta \phi > 0.5$
- To improve sensitivity, selected events are categorized according to number and topology of jet (p_T > 30 GeV)
 - VBF, 0 jet, ≥1 jet(non-VBF)
 - VBF is defined as m(jj) > 500 GeV and $\Delta \eta$ (jj) > 4

2l2v analysis - background estimations

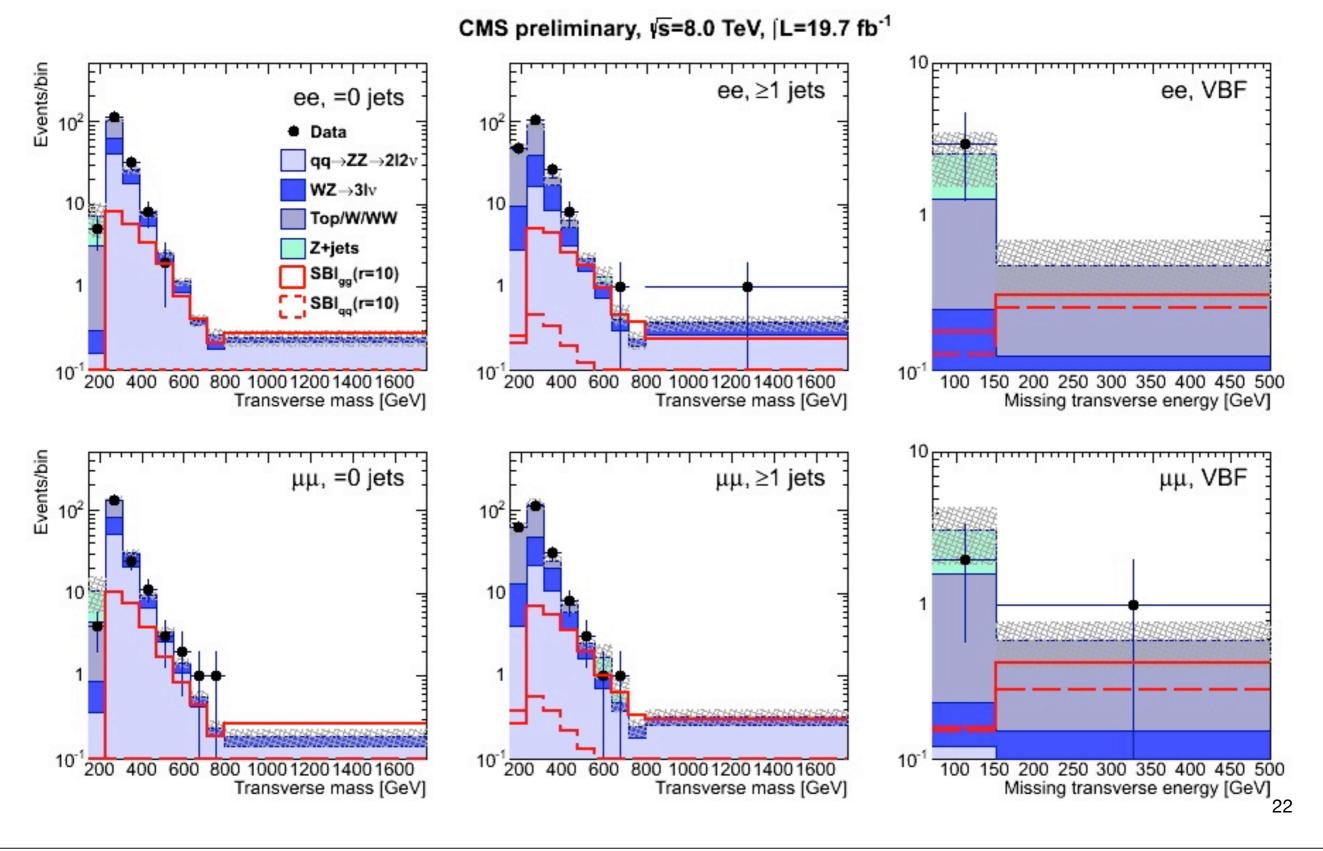
- $qq \rightarrow ZZ$, WZ estimated from MC
- Non-resonant background (tt, tW, WW)
 - Estimated from data using lepton flavor symmetry: compute the ee/eµ and µµ/eµ ratios in sideband, and apply the ratios to eµ events in signal region

$$\alpha_{\mu} = \frac{N_{\mu\mu}^{\text{SB}}}{N_{e\mu}^{\text{SB}}}, \qquad \alpha_{\text{e}} = \frac{N_{ee}^{\text{SB}}}{N_{e\mu}^{\text{SB}}}$$

$$N_{\mu\mu} = \alpha_{\mu} \times N_{e\mu}, \qquad N_{ee} = \alpha_{e} \times N_{e\mu},$$

- Z+jets background
 - Modeled by photon+jets events in data: reweight photon p_T spectrum to match that of dilepton in data, and model E_T^{miss} with photon sample

$2l2\nu$ analysis - m_T and E_T^{miss} distributions



2l2v analysis - event yields

Signal enriched region: $E_T^{miss} > 100 \text{ GeV}$ and $m_T > 350 \text{ GeV}$

| | | ee | μμ |
|-------|--|----------------|----------------|
| | gg + VBF (signal, $\Gamma_{\rm H}/\Gamma_{\rm H}^{\rm SM} = 1$) | 2.3 ± 0.5 | 2.7 ± 0.6 |
| | gg + VBF (background) | 5.4 ± 1.2 | 6.5 ± 1.4 |
| (a) | gg + VBF (total, $\Gamma_{\rm H}/\Gamma_{\rm H}^{\rm SM} = 1$) | 4.8 ± 1.1 | 5.7 ± 1.3 |
| | gg + VBF (total, $\Gamma_{\rm H}/\Gamma_{\rm H}^{\rm SM} = 10$) | 19.2 ± 5.5 | 22.6 ± 6.7 |
| | $q\bar{q} \rightarrow ZZ$ | 25.0 ± 2.1 | 29.4 ± 2.5 |
| (b) | WZ | 11.6 ± 1.2 | 13.5 ± 1.4 |
| (b) | tt/tW/WW | 3.3 ± 1.1 | 4.2 ± 1.4 |
| | Z + jets | 1.5 ± 0.9 | 2.4 ± 1.4 |
| (a+b) | Total expected $(\Gamma_{\rm H}/\Gamma_{\rm H}^{\rm SM}=1)$ | 46.2 ± 3.0 | 55.3 ± 3.7 |
| | Observed | 39 | 52 |

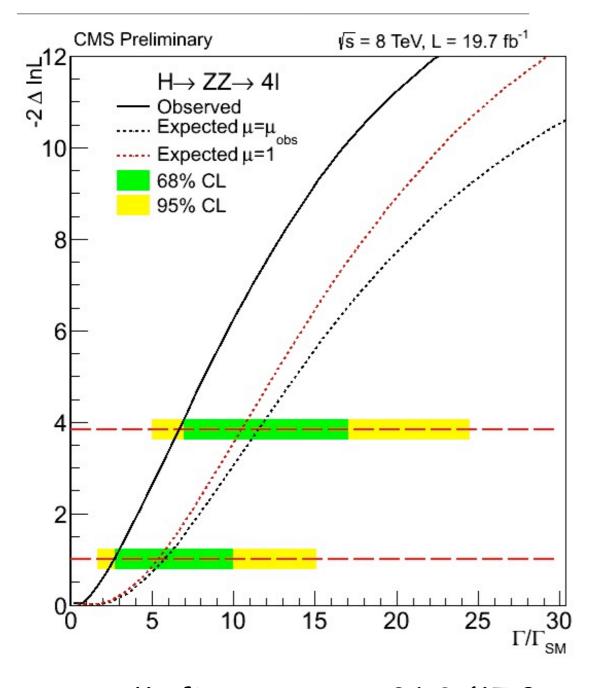
Systematic uncertainties

- Theoretical uncertainties
 - gg→ZZ processes: QCD renormalization and factorization scales varied by a factor of two both up and down, and applied corresponding NNLO K factors; PDF variations by using CT10, MSTW2008 and NNPDF2.1
 - Additional 10% on continuum gg→ZZ background, accounting for limited knowledge on its NNLO cross section
 - QCD scales and PDF uncertainties on $qq \rightarrow ZZ$ and WZ backgrounds
 - In the 4I analysis, uncertainty of VBF shapes to account for approximate simulation
 - In the 2l2v analysis, theoretical uncertainties on jet-binning

Systematic uncertainties

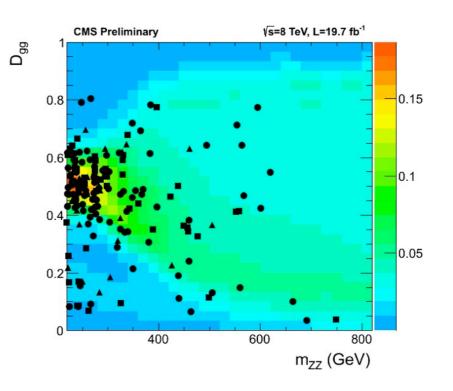
- Experimental uncertainties
 - Lepton trigger, identification, isolation
 - In the 2l2v analysis, uncertainties on lepton momentum scale and jet energy scale are propagated to E_T^{miss}; b-tagging efficiency
 - Background estimations from data
 - Integrated luminosity of data
 - Limited statistics in MC or data control samples
- For systematics affect both normalization and shape, variations of shape are taken into account

Results in 4I analysis



1D fit on m₄₁ : r < 26.3 (17.0 expected) 1D fit on D_{gg} : r < 7.1 (12.7 expected)

2D fit using m_{41} and D_{gg}



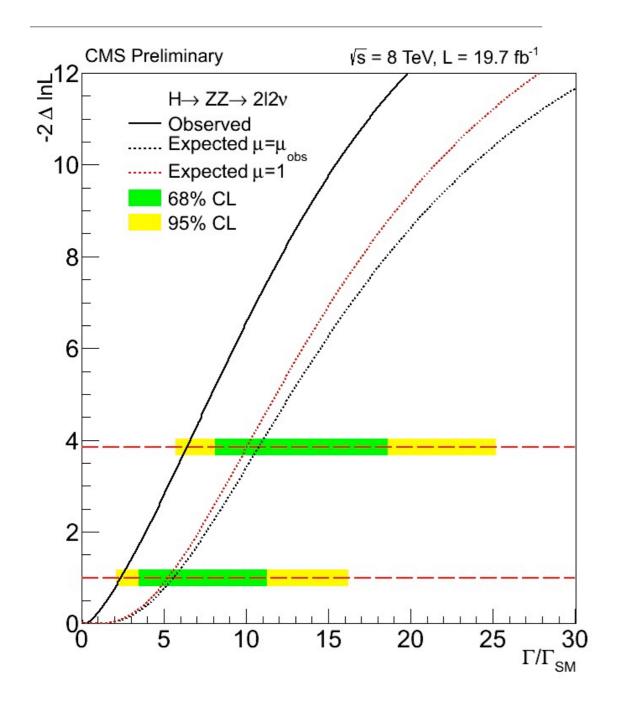
Observed (expected) 95% CL limit: r < 6.6 (11.5)

Best fit value: $r = 0.5^{+2.3}_{-0.5}$

Equivalent to $\Gamma < 27.4 \text{ MeV}$ $\Gamma = 2.0^{+9.6}$ -2.0 MeV

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Results in $2I2\nu$ analysis



1D fit using m_T or E_T^{miss}

Observed (expected) 95% CL limit: r < 6.4 (10.7)

Best fit value: $r = 0.2^{+2.2}_{-0.2}$

Equivalent to $\Gamma < 26.6 \text{ MeV}$ $\Gamma = 0.8^{+9.1}$ -0.8 MeV

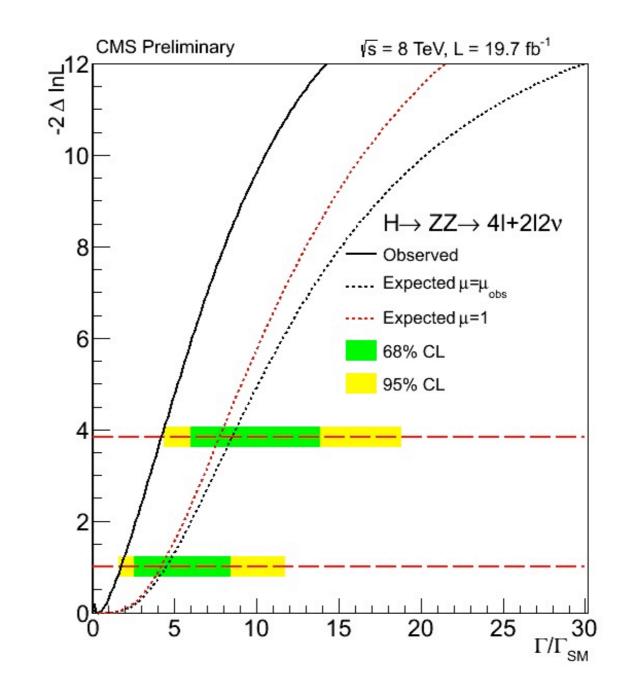
ee-only : r < 6.9 (14.3 expected) μμ-only : r < 14.0 (13.7 expected) Counting analysis in "signal enriched region": r < 12.4 (16.4 expected)

Combined results

Observed (expected) 95% CL limit: r < 4.2 (8.5) p-value = 0.02

Best fit value: $r = 0.3^{+1.5}_{-0.3}$

Equivalent to $\Gamma < 17.4 (35.3) \text{ MeV}$ $\Gamma = 1.4^{+6.1} \text{-} 1.4 \text{ MeV}$



| | 4ℓ | $2\ell 2\nu$ | Combined |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Expected 95% CL limit, r | 11.5 | 10.7 | 8.5 |
| Observed 95% CL limit, r | 6.6 | 6.4 | 4.2 |
| Observed 95% CL limit, $\Gamma_{\rm H}(MeV)$ | 27.4 | 26.6 | 17.4 |
| Observed best fit, r | $0.5 \stackrel{+2.3}{_{-0.5}}$ | $0.2^{+2.2}_{-0.2}$ | $0.3 \substack{+1.5 \\ -0.3}$ |
| Observed best fit, $\Gamma_{\rm H}({\rm MeV})$ | 2.0 + 9.6 - 2.0 | $0.8 \stackrel{+9.1}{_{-0.8}}$ | $1.4 \substack{+6.1 \\ -1.4}$ |

Summary

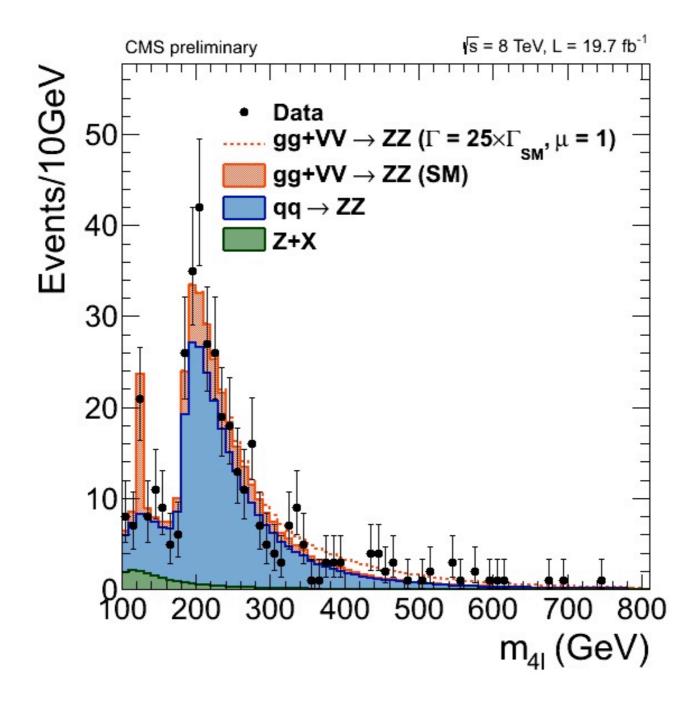
- First experimental constraint on the Higgs boson width from off-shell production has been presented
- Analysis performed in 4I and 2I2v final states
 - 4I analysis uses invariant mass and kinematic discriminant
 - 2l2v analysis relies on transverse mass and missing transverse energy
 - Small deficits in signal regions observed in both channels
- Combined results
 - $\Gamma/\Gamma_{SM} < 4.2$ (8.5 expected) @ 95% CL, equivalent to $\Gamma < 17.4$ (35.3 expected) MeV
 - Improve by more than two orders of magnitude over the on-peak measurement
- A good example of interaction between theorists and experimentalists. We welcome new ideas to dig deeper in the data



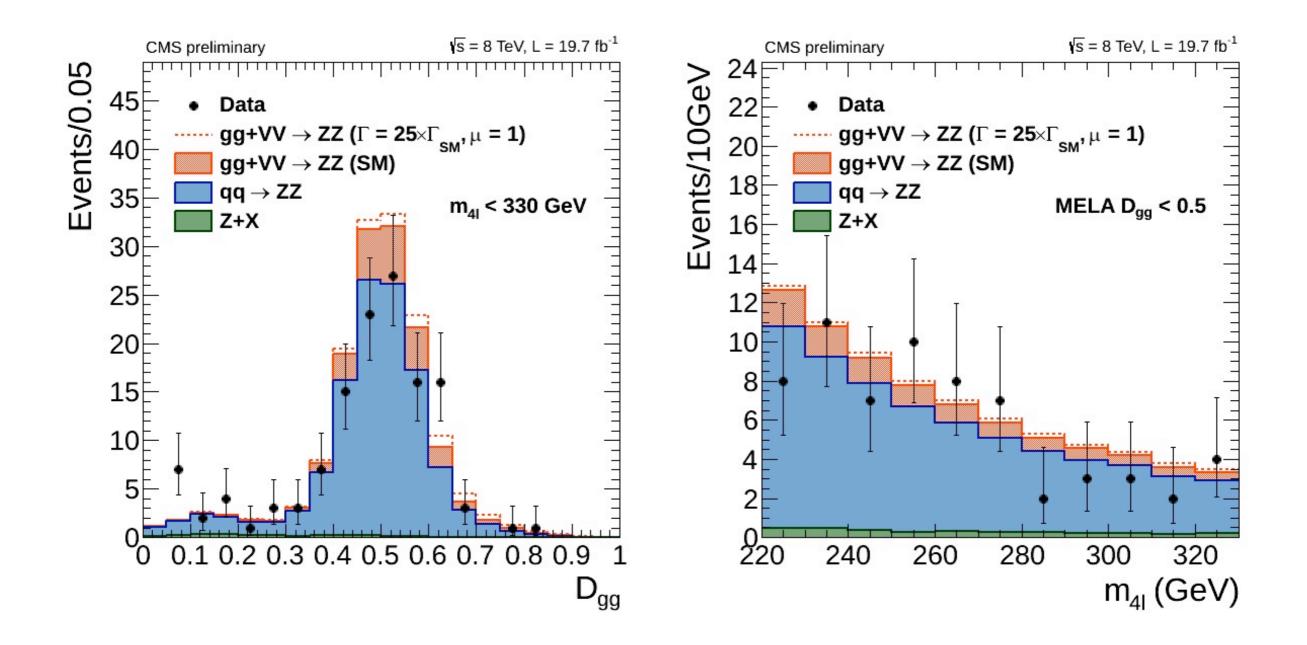
 A good example of interaction between theorists and experimentalists. We welcome new ideas to dig deepenin the data
 YOU

Back up

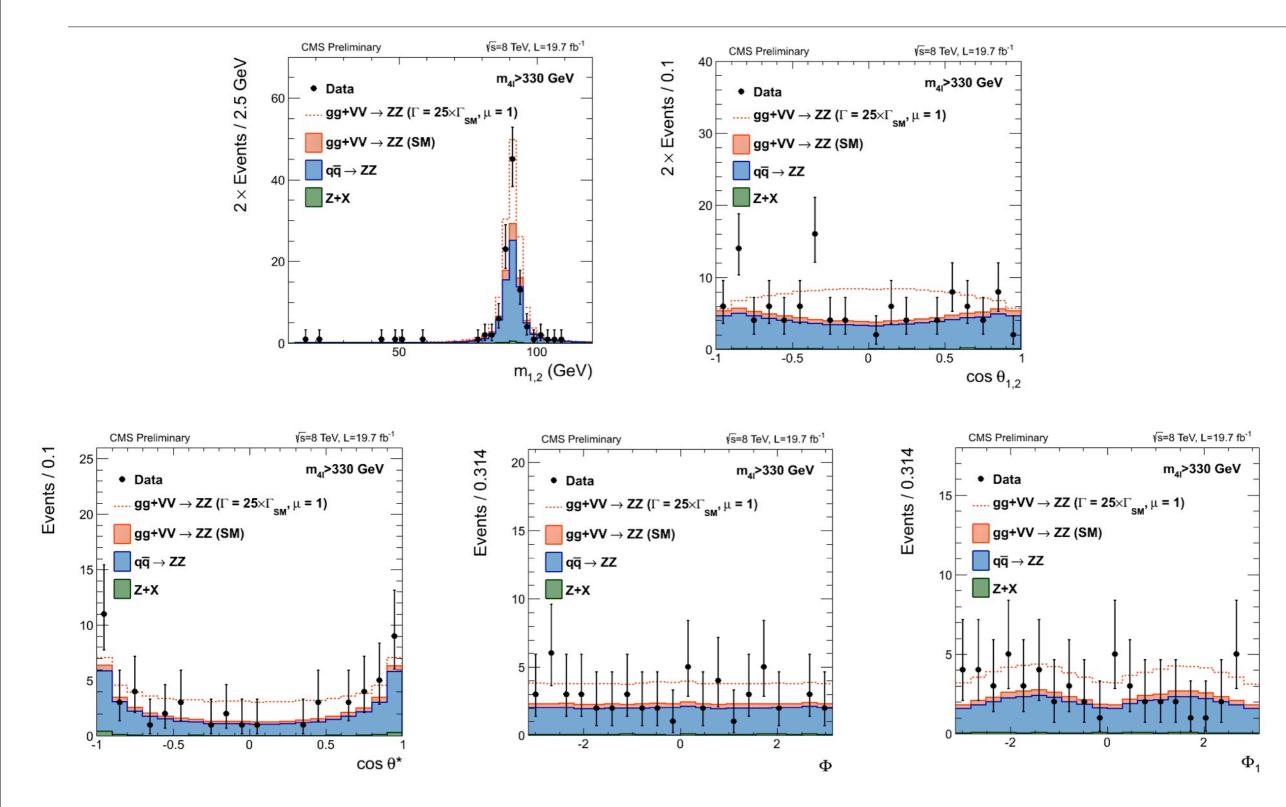
41 mass



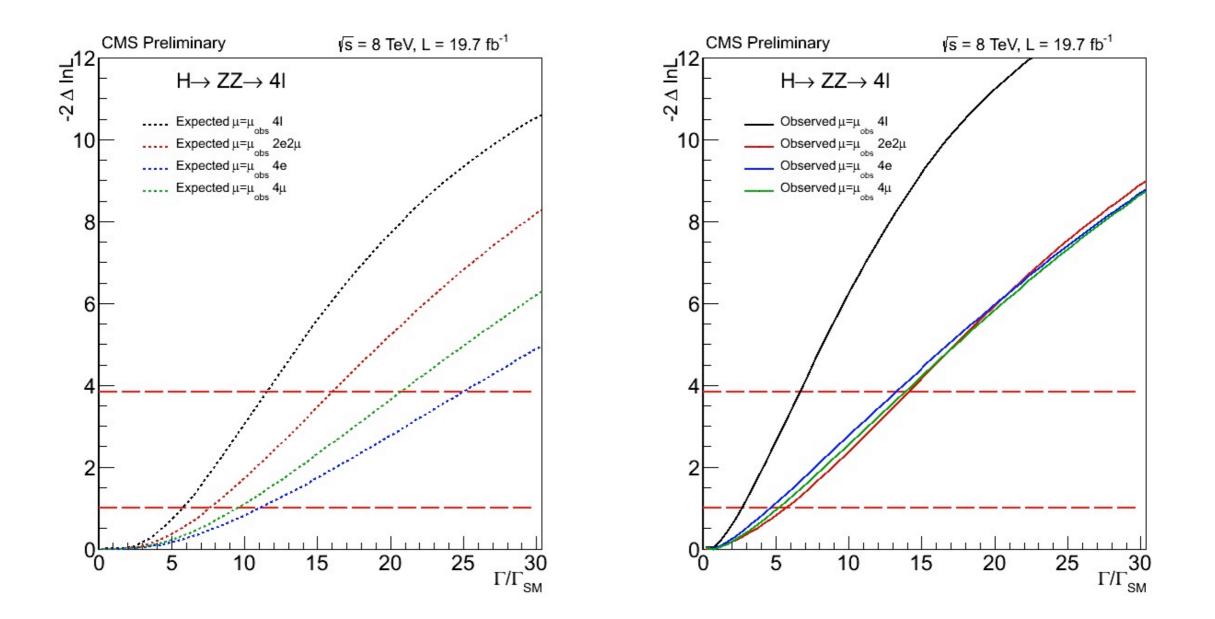
Control regions



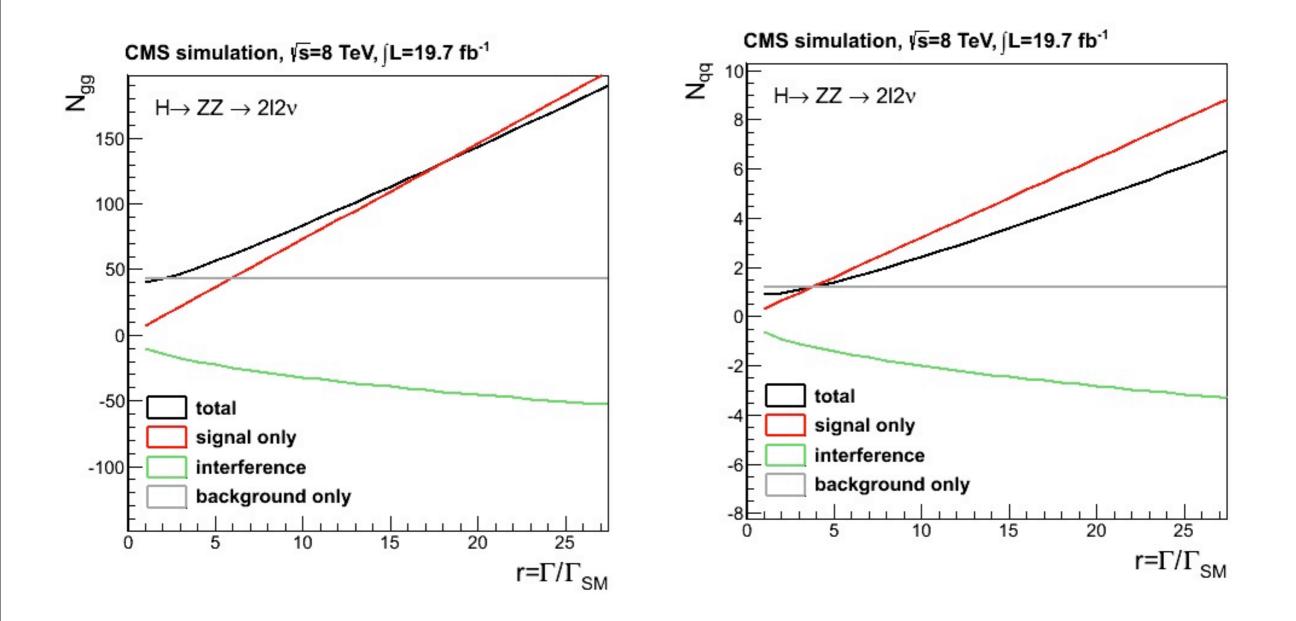
Input to MELA



Limits



Yields vs width (loose Missing ET cut)



Event yields

| cł | nannel | $qq \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 2\ell 2\nu$ | $WZ\to 3\ell\nu$ | Top/WW/W | $Z \to \ell \ell$ | total expected | data |
|----|---------------|--|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|
| ē | =0 jets | 66.9 ± 0.8 | 32.0 ± 0.6 | $44 \pm 5 \pm 11$ | $8\pm3\pm2$ | $150\pm 6\pm 11$ | 160 |
| ee | \geq 1 jets | 33.9 ± 0.5 | 41.2 ± 0.7 | $93\pm8\pm23$ | $0.3\pm0.3\pm0.1$ | $169\pm8\pm23$ | 186 |
| | VBF | 0.15 ± 0.04 | 0.23 ± 0.05 | $1.4\pm0.4\pm0.4$ | $1.2\pm0.7\pm0.3$ | $3.0\pm0.9\pm0.5$ | 3 |
| | =0 jets | 83.8 ± 0.8 | 42.8 ± 0.7 | $57\pm7\pm14$ | $7.0\pm4.6\pm2$ | $190\pm8\pm14$ | 175 |
| μμ | \geq 1 jets | 43.1 ± 0.6 | 48.2 ± 0.7 | $121\pm10\pm30$ | $0.9\pm0.8\pm0.2$ | $213\pm10\pm30$ | 219 |
| | VBF | 0.22 ± 0.04 | 0.17 ± 0.04 | $1.8\pm0.3\pm0.5$ | $1.5\pm1.1\pm0.4$ | $3.7\pm1.1\pm0.6$ | 3 |

| Channel | | | $gg \rightarrow 2\ell 2\nu$ | | | $qq \rightarrow qq 2\ell 2\nu$ | |
|-----------|---------------|----------------|-----------------------------|---------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| | | В | S | SBI | В | S | SBI |
| 9 <u></u> | =0 jets | 10.7 ± 0.2 | 1.69 ± 0.02 | 10.2 ± 0.2 | 0.034 ± 0.006 | 0.013 ± 0.001 | 0.027 ± 0.002 |
| ee | \geq 1 jets | 7.8 ± 0.2 | 1.58 ± 0.02 | 7.1 ± 0.2 | 0.99 ± 0.03 | 0.138 ± 0.005 | 0.88 ± 0.01 |
| | VBF | 0.18 ± 0.03 | 0.041 ± 0.003 | 0.19 ± 0.03 | 0.18 ± 0.01 | 0.050 ± 0.003 | 0.135 ± 0.004 |
| | =0 jets | 13.6 ± 0.3 | 2.07 ± 0.02 | 12.8 ± 0.3 | 0.048 ± 0.007 | 0.017 ± 0.002 | 0.033 ± 0.002 |
| μμ | \geq 1 jets | 10.2 ± 0.2 | 1.87 ± 0.02 | 9.4 ± 0.2 | 1.14 ± 0.03 | 0.159 ± 0.006 | 1.01 ± 0.01 |
| | VBF | 0.27 ± 0.04 | 0.058 ± 0.004 | 0.24 ± 0.04 | 0.21 ± 0.01 | 0.058 ± 0.003 | 0.159 ± 0.004 |

Systematics

| Source | Uncertainty [%] | |
|---|-----------------|--|
| Experimental uncertainties | | |
| Luminosity | 2.6 | |
| Anti b-tagging | 1-3 | |
| Lepton ID+Isolation | 2 | |
| Lepton momentum scale | 1-2 | |
| Jet energy scale | 1 | |
| PU effects, uE_T^{miss} | 1-3 | |
| Trigger | 2 | |
| non-resonant background estimation from data | 15+shape | |
| Z+jets estimation from data | 25+shape | |
| Theory uncertainties | - | |
| pdf, gluon-gluon initial state | 6-11 | |
| pdf, quark-quark initial state | 3.3-7.6 | |
| QCD scale, quark-quark initial state (qqVV) | 5.8-8.5+shape | |
| $gg \rightarrow ZZ$ k-factor uncertainty | 10 | |
| Exclusive jet binning for $gg \rightarrow ZZ$ | 0.3-57 | |
| Underlying event and parton shower | 6-30 | |

Limits per jet bin

