

Thermal conductivity of copper foam

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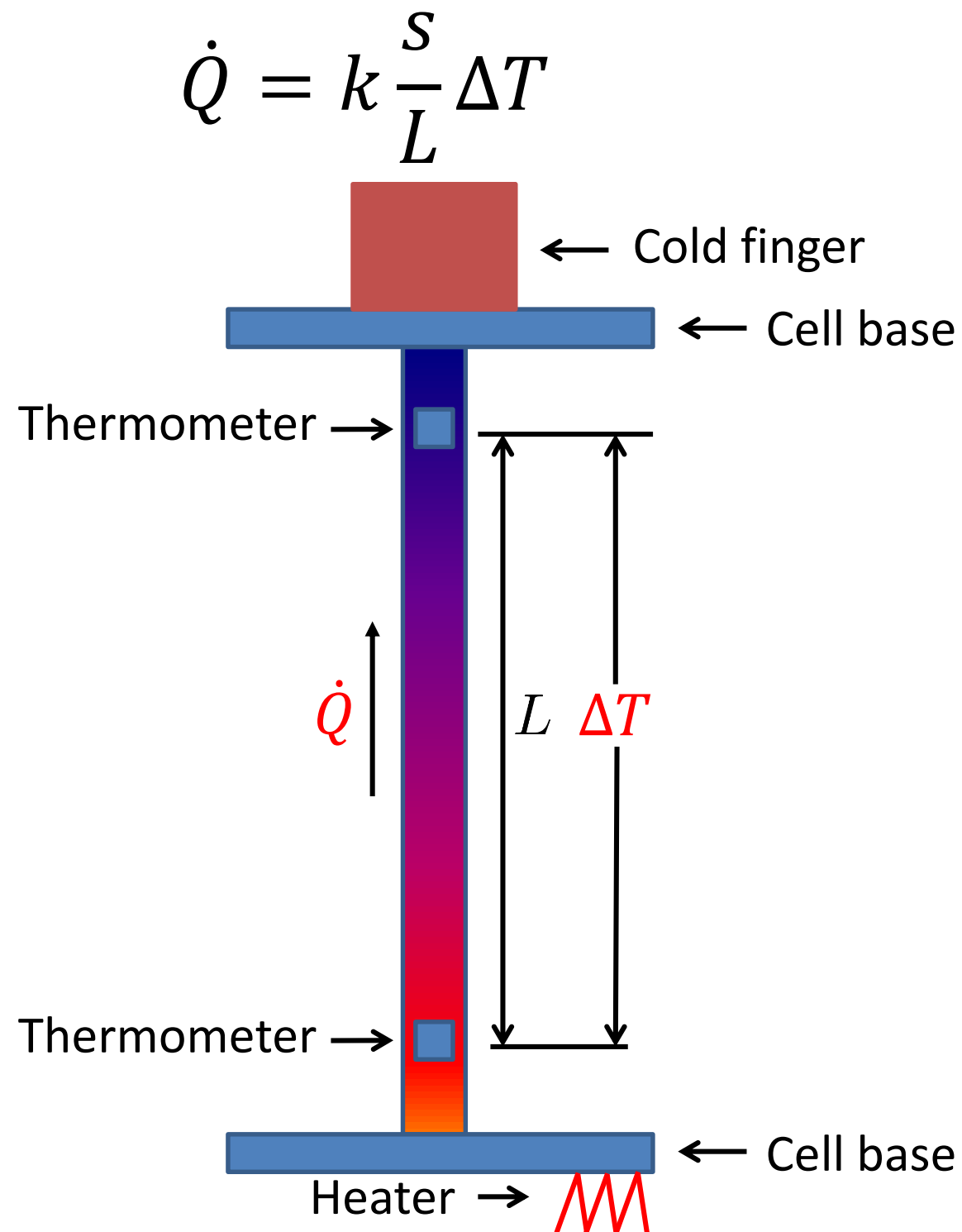
Motivation

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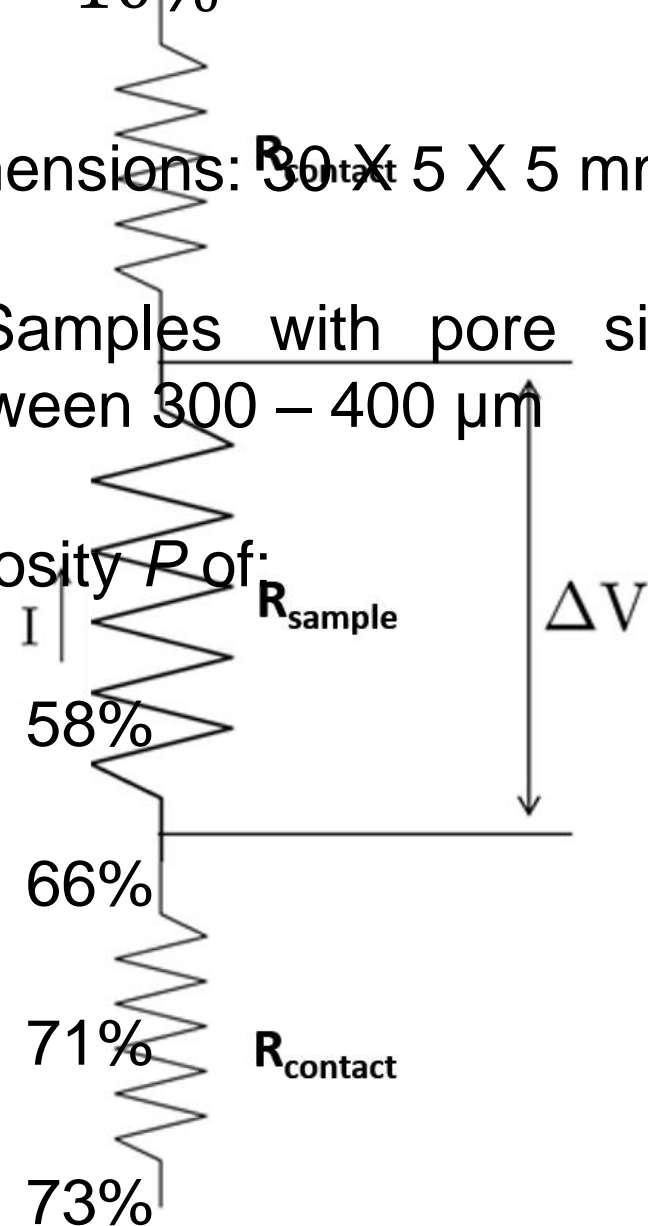
- Highly porous and good thermal conductor materials have interesting applications in the cryogenics field.
- Particularly in microgravity systems, for liquid confinement by capillarity like energy storage units (see Thursday C4OrD-05 10:00 “15 K H2 ESU”).
- Absence of such materials with pore size below 500 μm .
- Characterization of copper foam thermal conductivity with pore size between 300-400 μm and porosity between 58-73% (from Versarien, UK).

Measure indirectly in the sample

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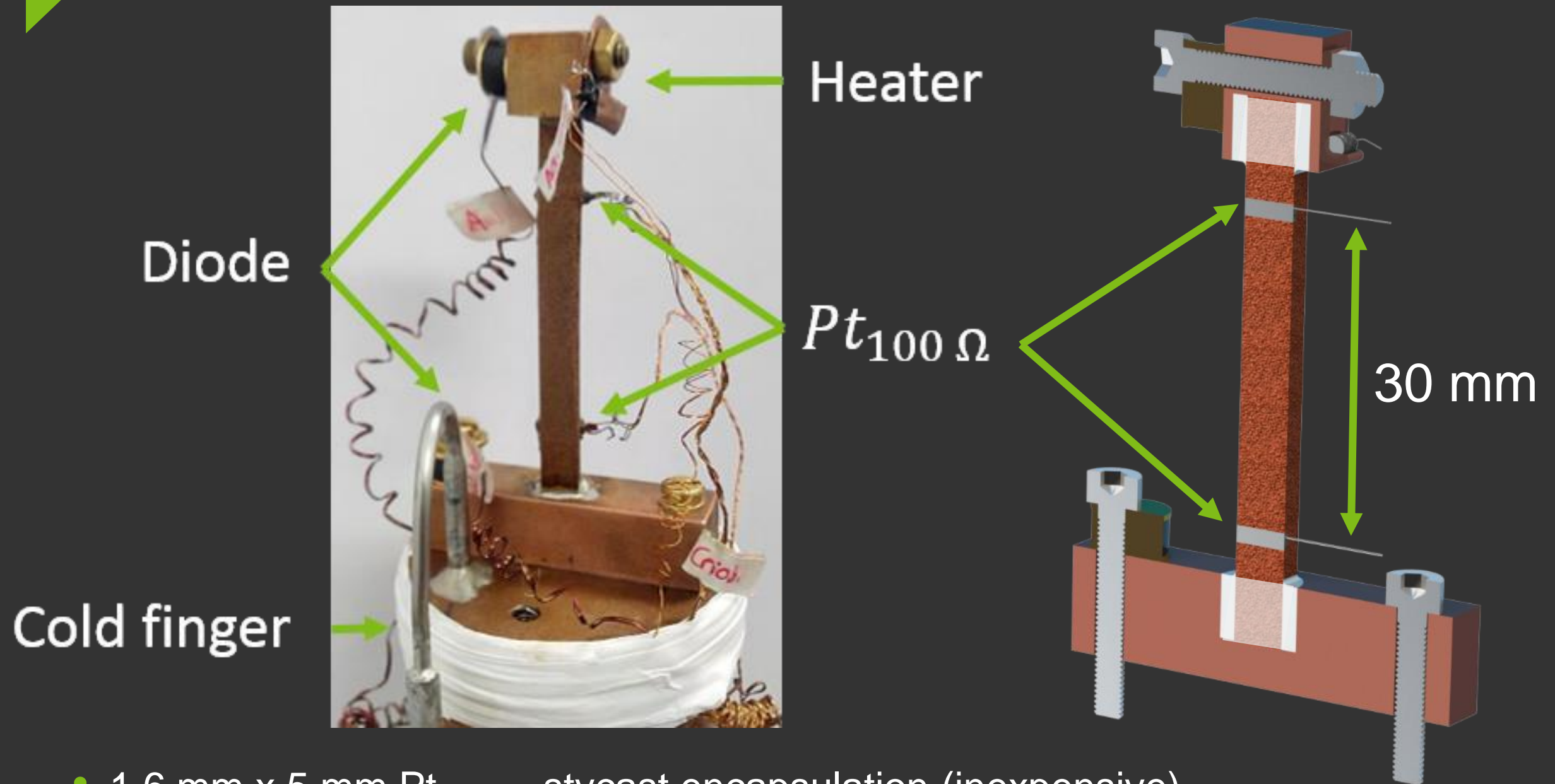


- Cryocooler: 2 W @ 20 K
- $\frac{\Delta T}{T} = 10\%$
- Dimensions: 30 X 5 X 5 mm
- 4 Samples with pore size between 300 – 400 μm
- Porosity P of:
 - 58%
 - 66%
 - 71%
 - 73%



Experimental set up

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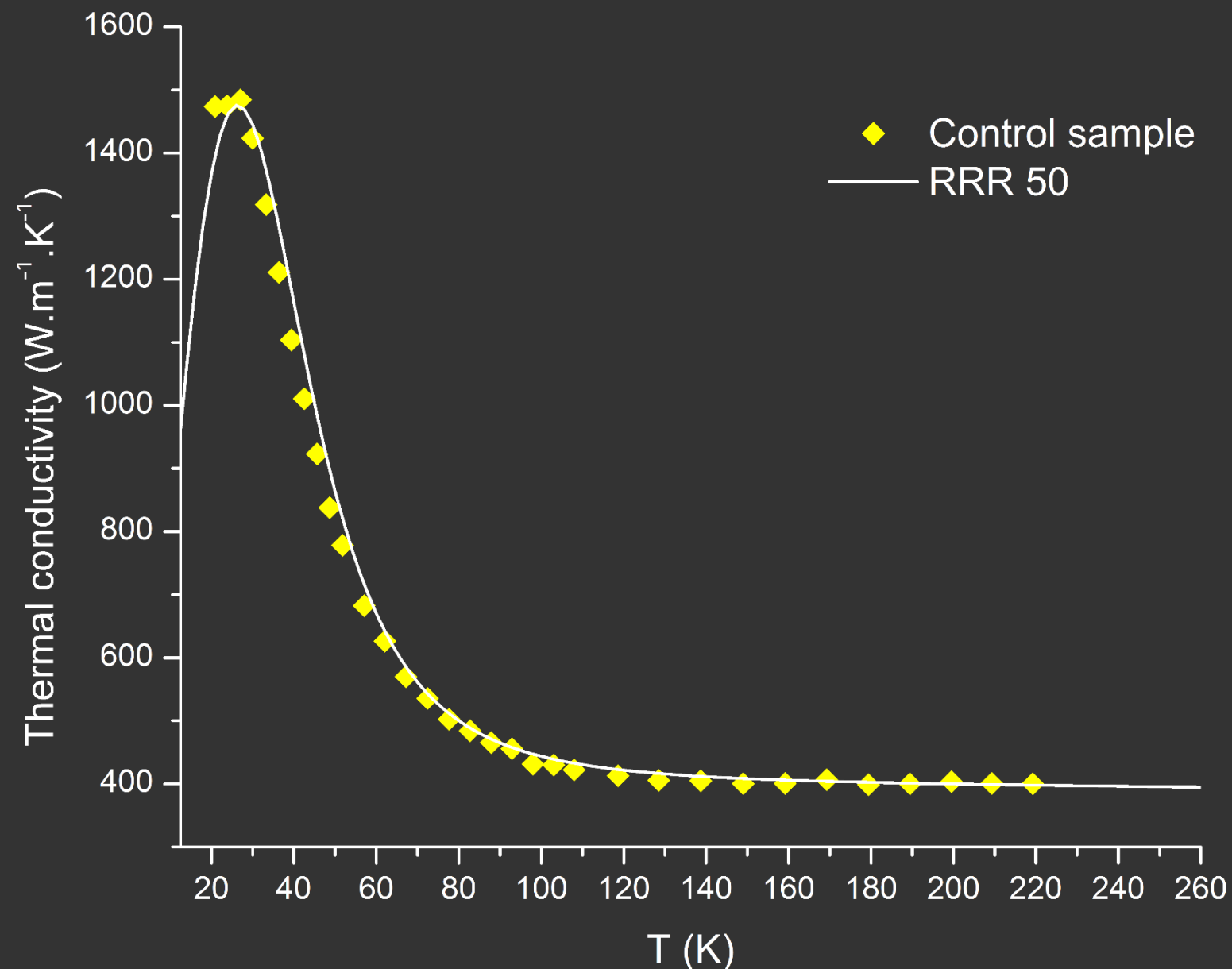


- 1.6 mm x 5 mm $Pt_{100} \Omega$, stycast encapsulation (inexpensive).
- Homemade calibration down to 20 K.
- Upgrade: GaAs diodes for measurements down to 10 K.

Control Sample

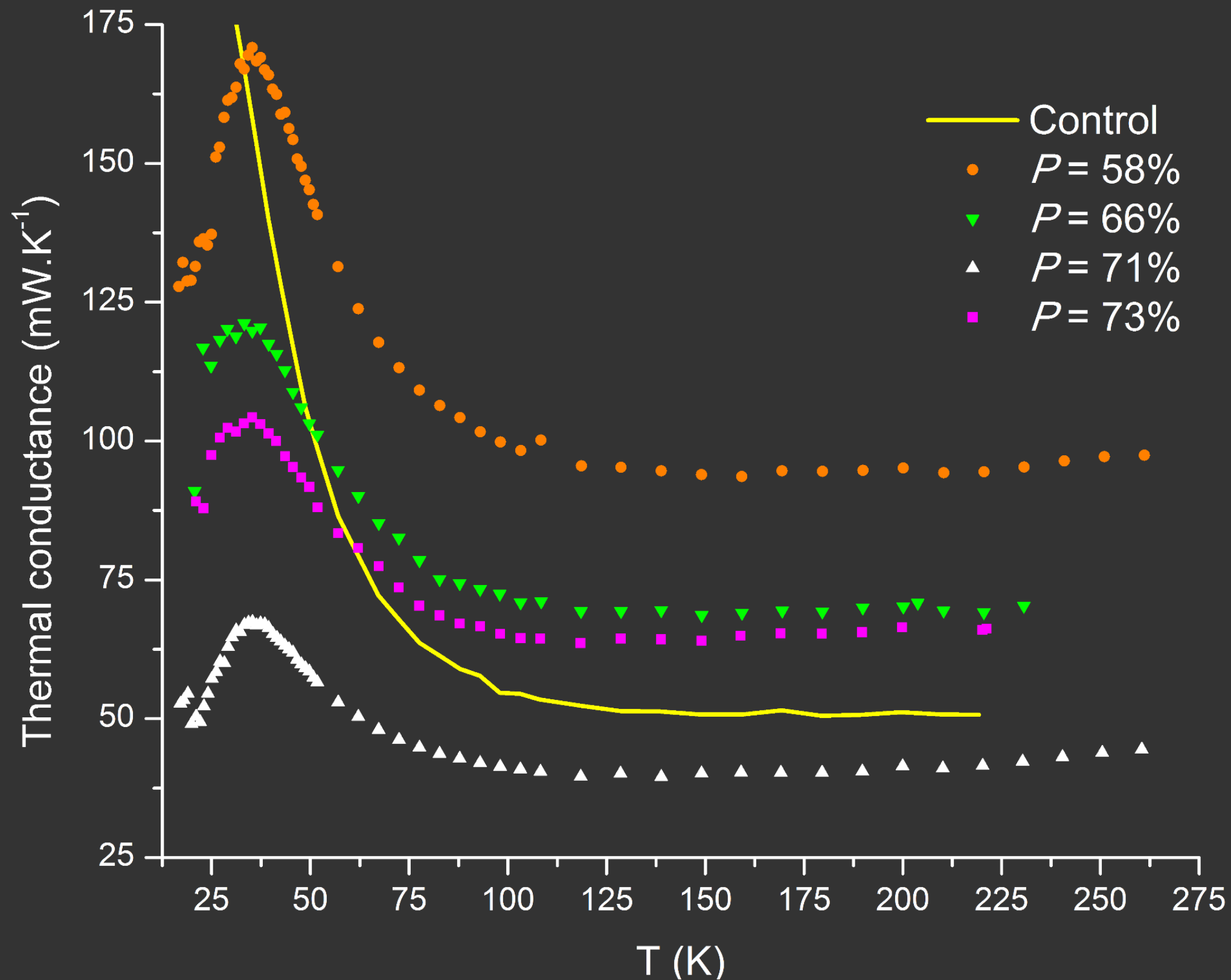
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- Bulk of ETP copper
- Dimensioned to have a thermal conductance similar to the samples



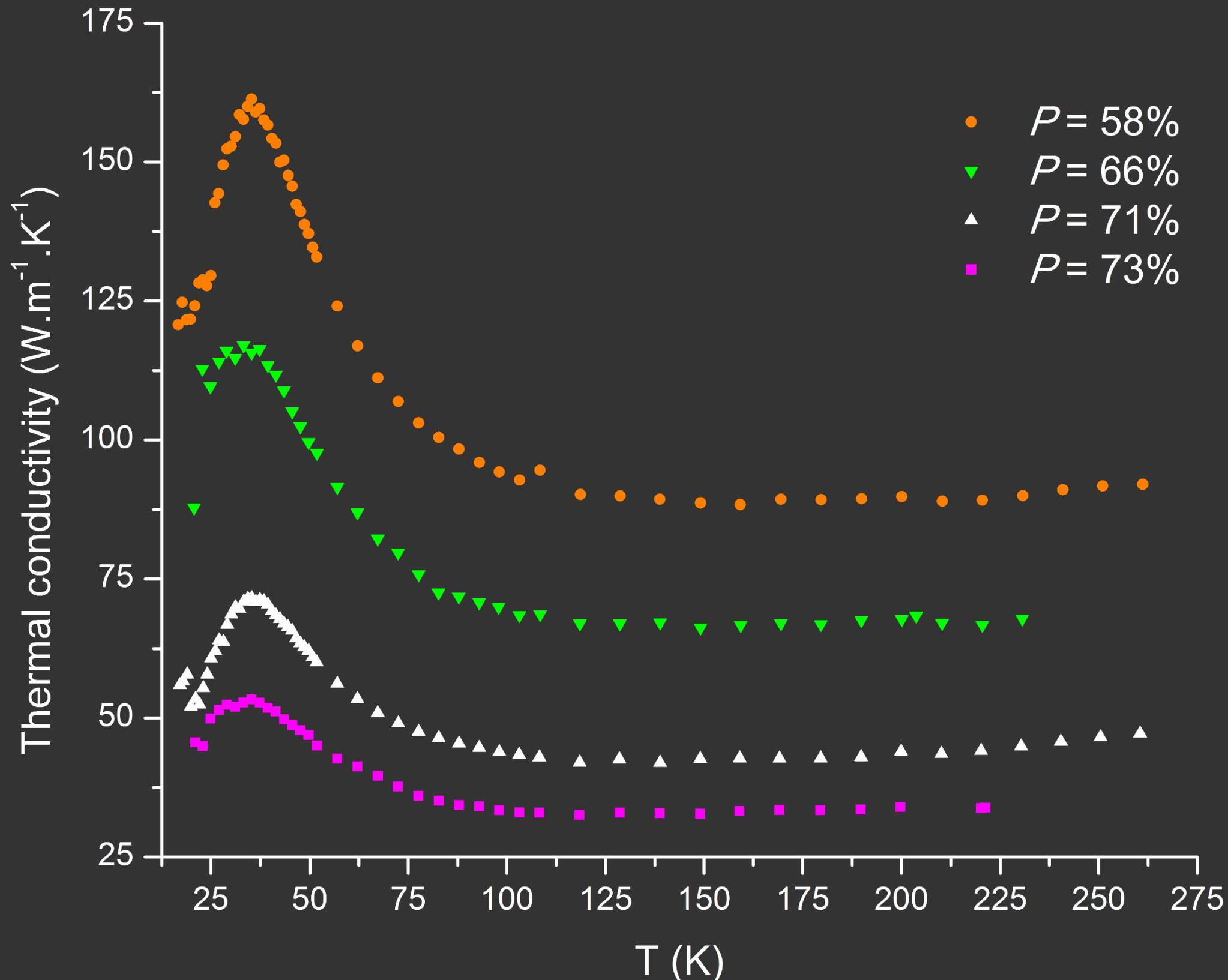
Results

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Thermal conductivity of the samples

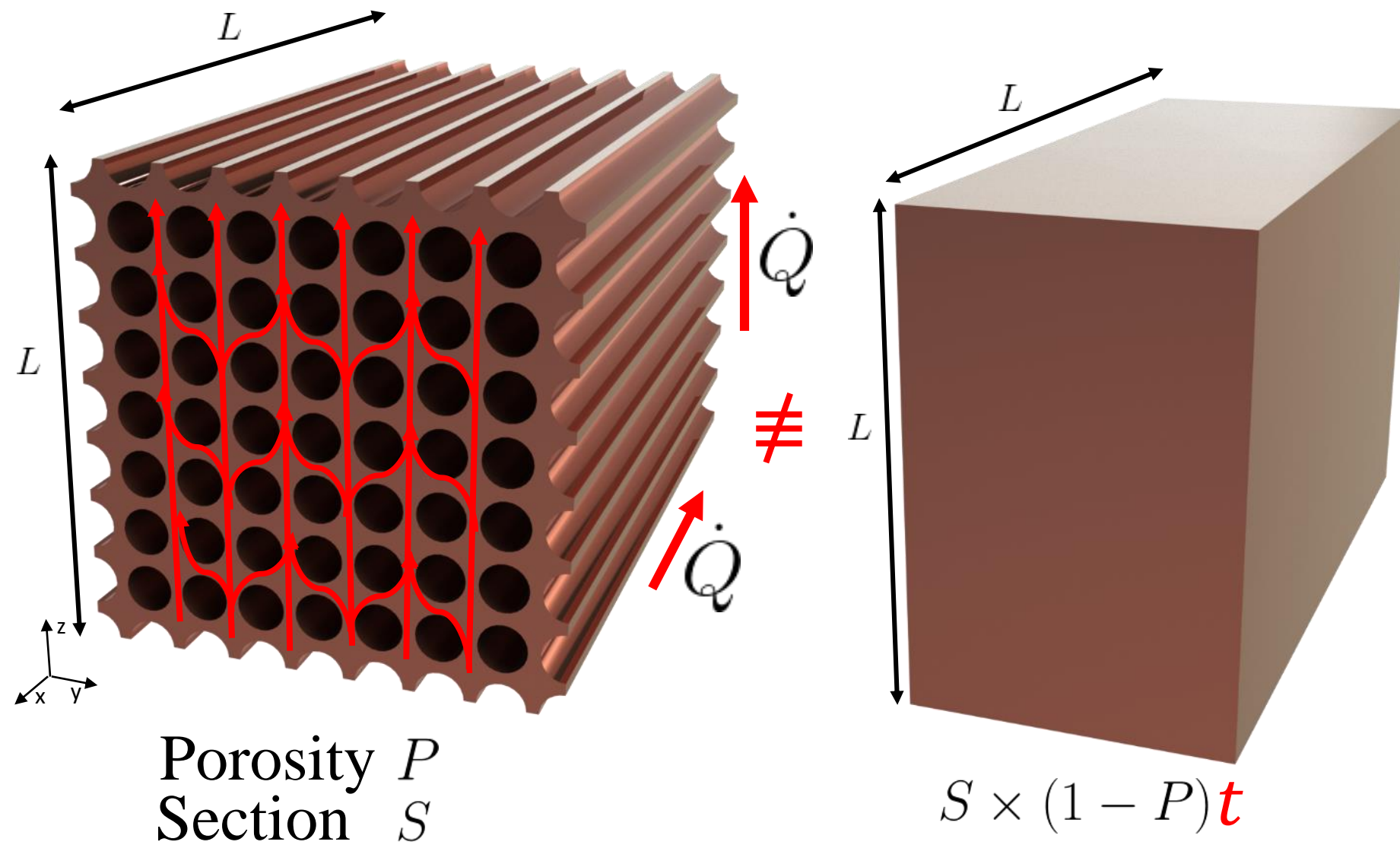
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Porous material model

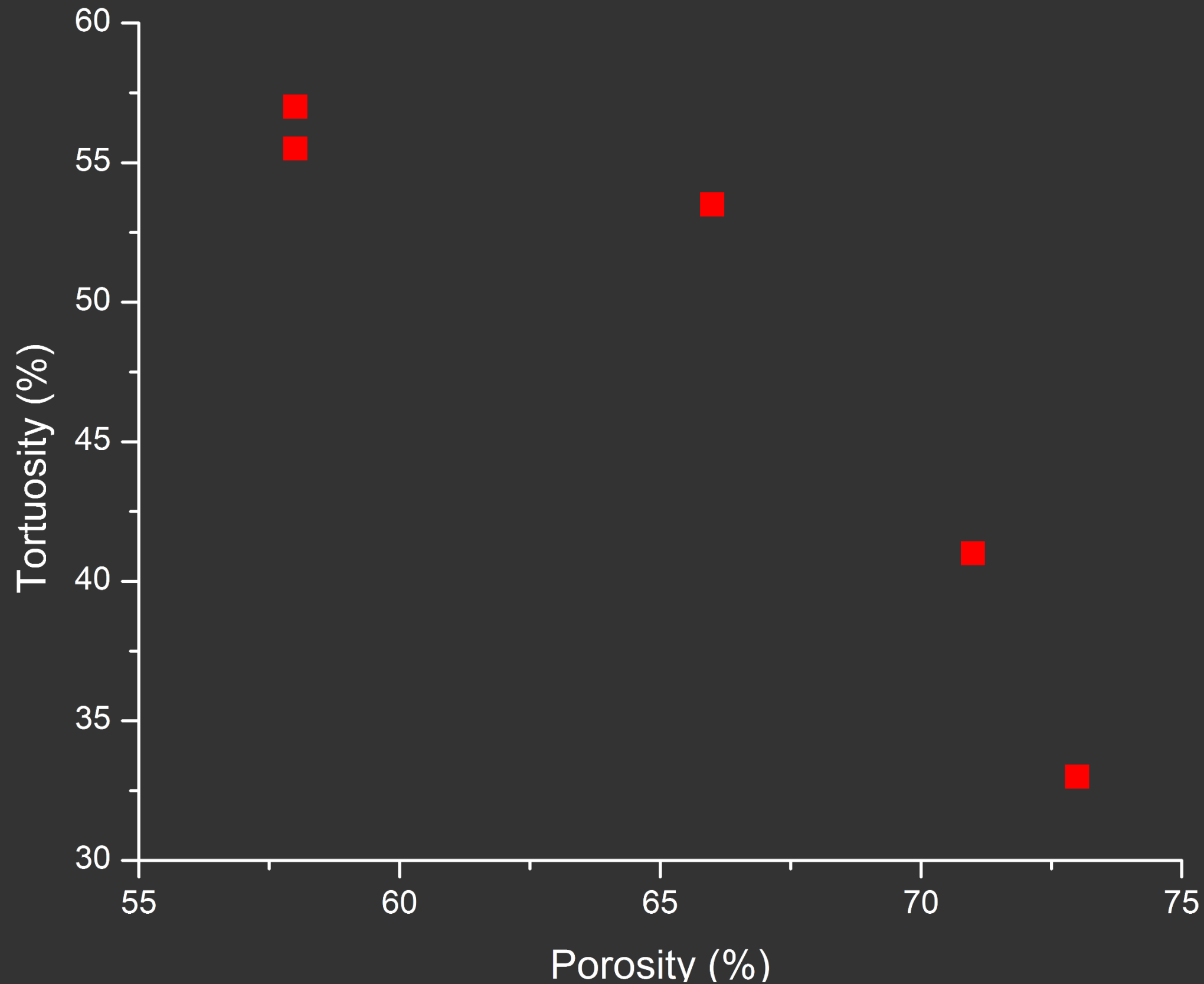
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$$K_{foam} = \frac{K_{solid}(1 - P)}{t}$$



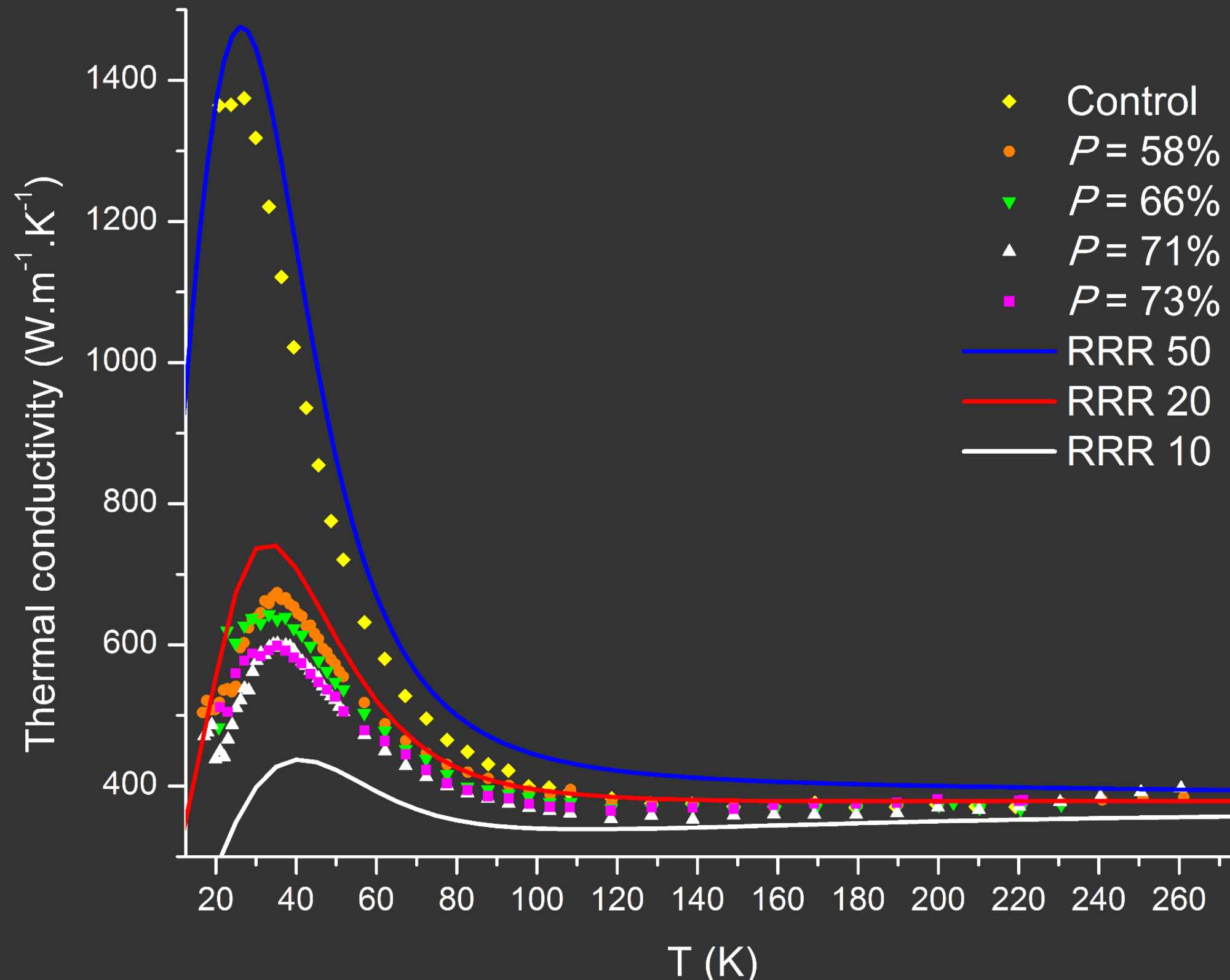
Tortuosity dependence

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Normalization of the samples

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Conclusions

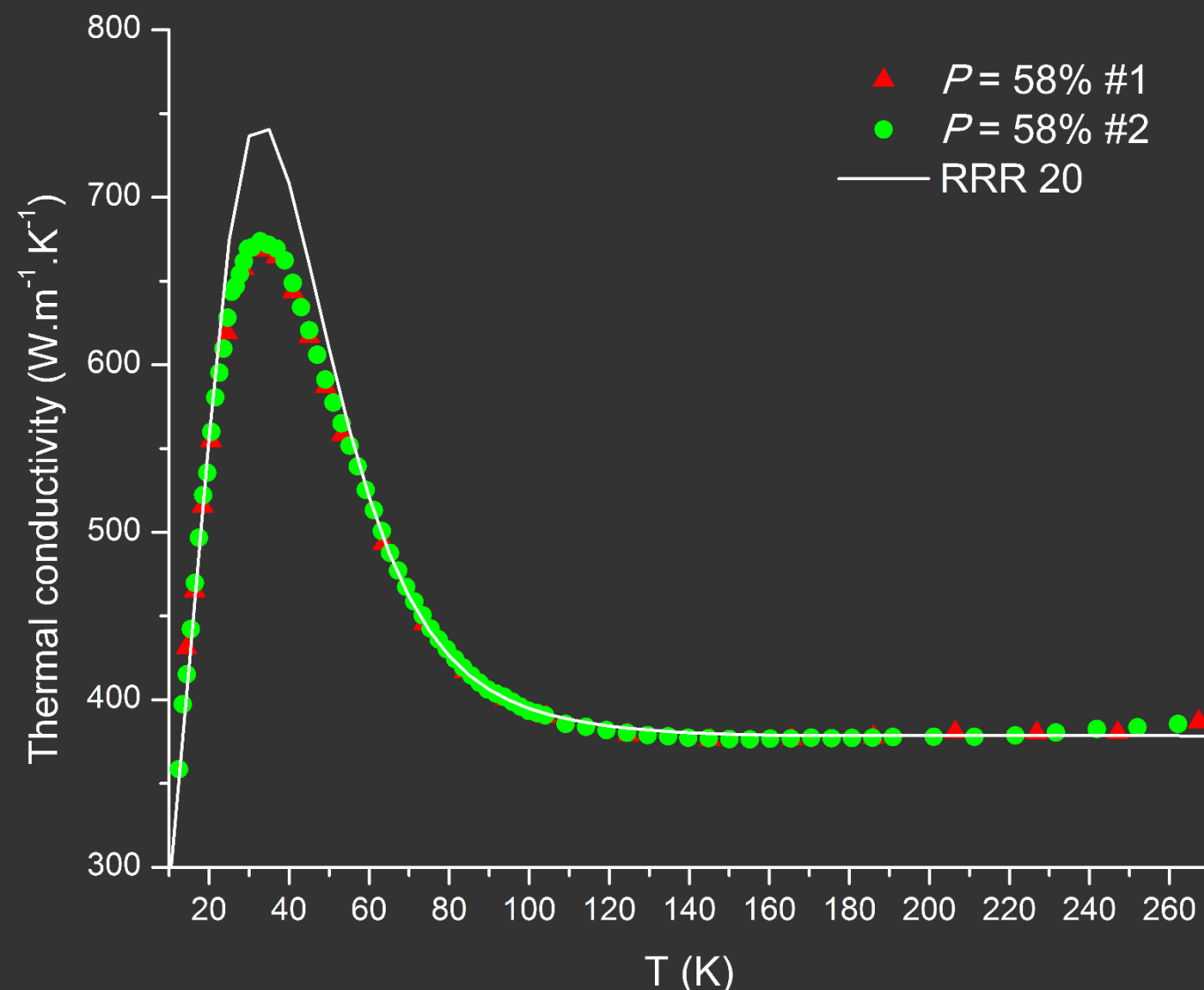
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- We built and validated a system to measure the thermal conductivity of highly conductive materials.
- The system allowed the measurement of the thermal conductivity of the control sample and the four copper foams.
- The behavior of the thermal conductivity of the copper foam is similar to that of bulk copper.
- The purity level of the copper within the foam decreases only slightly with porosity and is between RRR 20 – RRR 10.

Conclusions

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- The tortuosity was calculated for all samples and was shown that it decreases with porosity.
- The system has now been upgraded allowing for more precise measurements down to 10 K.



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Thank you!