

$b\bar{b}H$: introduction and theoretical status

Marius Wiesemann

University of Zürich

bbH cross-group kick off meeting, CERN (Switzerland)

November 28, 2014

Structure of the group

$b\bar{b}H$ sub-group acts as a cross-group of WG1 (SM Higgs XS&BR) and WG3 (BSM Higgs)

Theory conveners:

Michael Spira, Marius Wiesemann

Experimental conveners:

Matthew Beckingham (ATLAS), Alexandre Nikitenko (CMS)

Tasks of the group:

- inclusive $b\bar{b}H$ cross sections
- exclusive Higgs cross sections with b -tagging
- differential observables
- acceptance for experimental searches
- predictions for both SM and 2HDM/MSSM

outline of the meeting

bbH cross-group kick off meeting

Friday, 28 November 2014 from **14:00** to **16:00** (Europe/Zurich)

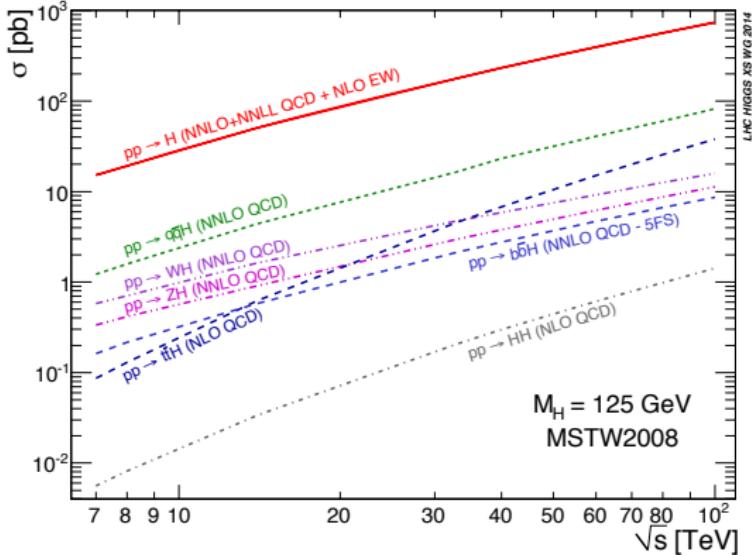
at **CERN**

Video Services Vidyo public room : bbH_cross-group_kick_off_meeting [More Info](#) | [Join Now!](#)

Friday, 28 November 2014

- | | |
|---------------|---|
| 14:00 - 14:20 | Introduction and theoretical status 20'
Speaker: Marius Wiesemann (Universitaet Zuerich (CH)) |
| 14:20 - 14:40 | Resummation of b-quark mass effects in bbH-induced Higgs production 20'
Speaker: Andrew Sofronis Papanastasiou (Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron (DE)) |
| 14:40 - 15:00 | bbH generation in ATLAS: status and plan 20'
Speaker: Matthew Beckingham (University of Warwick (GB)) |
| 15:00 - 15:20 | bbH generation in CMS, status and plan 20'
Speaker: Alexandre Nikitenko (Imperial College Sci., Tech. & Med. (GB)) |

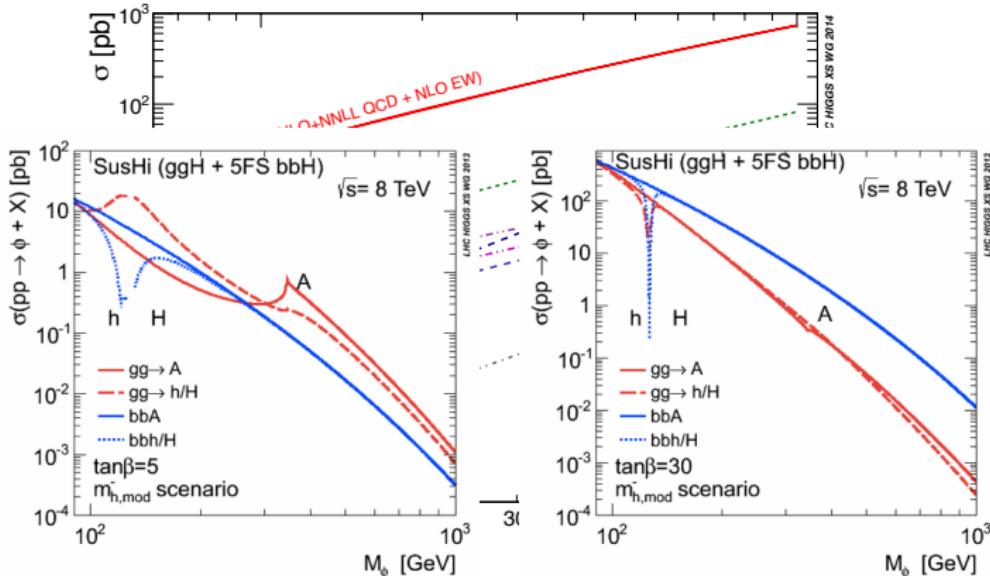
SM vs. MSSM Higgs production



► SM:

- ▶ gluon fusion by far dominant
- ▶ $b\bar{b}H$ sizeable only with b -tagging

SM vs. MSSM Higgs production



► SM:

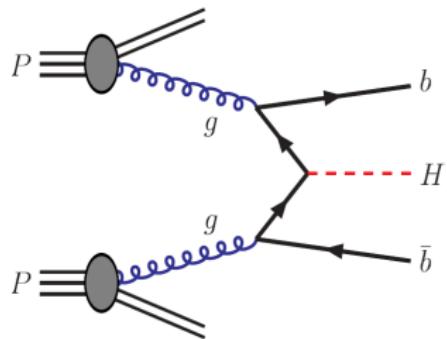
- ▶ gluon fusion by far dominant
- ▶ $b\bar{b}H$ sizeable only with b -tagging

► MSSM/2HDM:

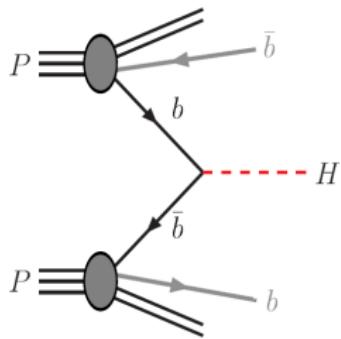
- ▶ 3 neutral Higgs: h , H and A
- ▶ y_b/y_t enhanced by $\tan\beta$
- ▶ h : constrained to be SM-like
- ▶ $b\bar{b}H/A$ dominant for large $\tan\beta$

Associated $H(b\bar{b})$ production

4-flavour scheme



5-flavour scheme



- ▶ massive b 's
- ▶ potentially large logs $\ln(m_b/Q)$
- ▶ power terms $(m_b/Q)^n$
- ▶ involved $2 \rightarrow 3$ at LO
- ▶ 2 exclusive b 's at LO
- ▶ b -tag well defined
- ▶ massless b 's
- ▶ resummation into b -PDFs
- ▶ —
- ▶ simple $2 \rightarrow 1$ at LO
- ▶ exclusive b 's at higher orders
- ▶ b part of light jets

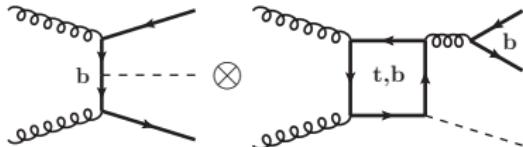
4-flavour scheme

- ▶ inclusive (exclusive)
up to NLO
[Dittmaier, Krämer, Spira '04]
[Dawson, Jackson, Reina, Wackerlo '04]
- ▶ exclusive NLO+PS
[MW, Frederix, Frixione, Hirschi,
Maltoni, Torrielli '14]

5-flavour scheme

- ▶ inclusive up to NNLO
[Harlander, Kilgore '03]
- ▶ exclusive H+b at NLO
[Campbell, Ellis, Maltoni, Willenbrock '03]
- ▶ exclusive H+n-jet ($n = 0/1/2$)
[Harlander, Ozeren, MW '10]
[Harlander, MW '11]
- ▶ exclusive up to NNLO
[Buehler, Herzog, Lazopoulos, Mueller '12]
- ▶ NLO+NLL p_T resummation
[Belyaev, Nadolsky, Yuan '06]
- ▶ NNLO+NNLL p_T resummation
[Harlander, Tripathi, MW '14]
- ▶ exclusive NLO+PS
[MW, Frederix, Frixione, Hirschi, Maltoni,
Torrielli '14]

The $b\bar{b}H$ cross section



y_b^2 -term at NLO

$y_b y_t$ -term at NLO

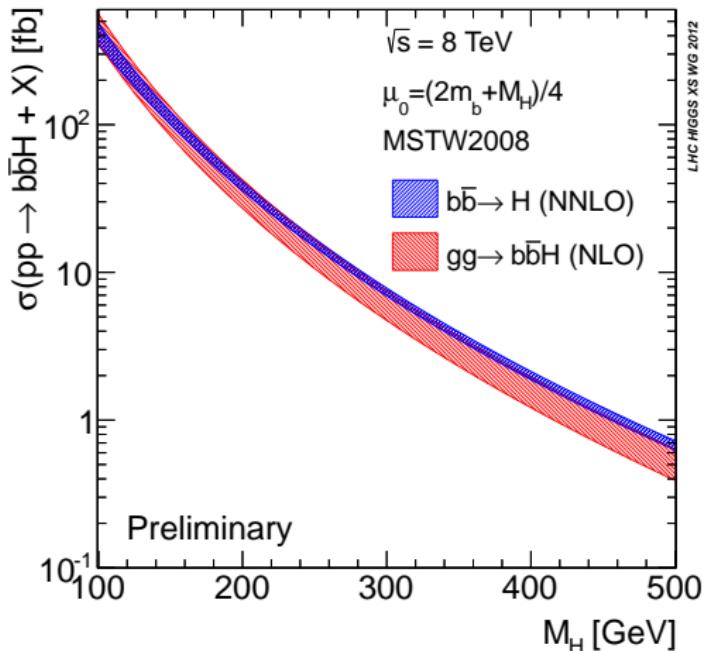
$$\sigma_{b\bar{b}H}^{4FS} = \alpha_s^2 y_b^2 \Delta_{y_b^2}^{(0)} + \alpha_s^3 \left(y_b^2 \Delta_{y_b^2}^{(1)} + y_b y_t \Delta_{y_b y_t}^{(1)} \right) + \alpha_s^4 \left(y_b^2 \Delta_{y_b^2}^{(2)} + y_b y_t \Delta_{y_b y_t}^{(2)} + y_t^2 \Delta_{y_t^2}^{(2)} \right) + \mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^5)$$

y_t^2 -term at NNLO

$$\sigma_{b\bar{b}H}^{5FS} = y_b^2 \Delta_{y_b^2}^{(0)} + \alpha_s y_b^2 \Delta_{y_b^2}^{(1)} + \alpha_s^2 \left(y_b^2 \Delta_{y_b^2}^{(2)} + y_t^2 \Delta_{y_t^2}^{(2)} \right) + \mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^3)$$

- ▶ $y_b y_t$ -term enters at NLO:
 - interference with (contamination from) gluon fusion
 - no double counting with gluon fusion cross section!
- ▶ y_t^2 -term enters at NNLO:
 - part of gluon fusion cross section
 - sizable in SM $\sim 40\%$ (LO – large uncertainties)
 - e.g., with MG5@LO in 4FS HEFT; agreement with full theory

4FS vs. 5FS: Inclusive cross section



4FS NLO:

[Dittmaier, Krämer, Spira '04]

[Dawson, Jackson, Reina, Wackerlo '04]

grids $m_\phi = 80 - 1000$ GeV for y_b^2 and $y_b y_t$ produced by M. Spira

5FS NNLO:

[Harlander, Kilgore '03]

grids $m_\phi = 80 - 1000$ GeV for y_b^2 and produced with SusHi

[Harlander, Liebler, Mantler '13]

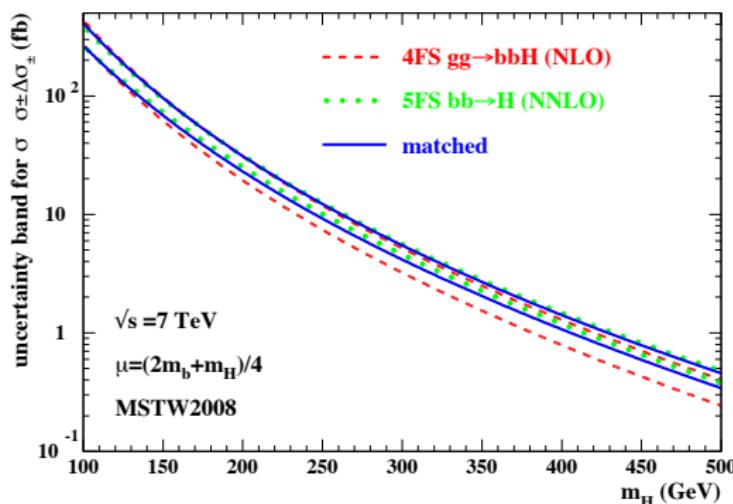
MSSM: $\frac{1}{1-\Delta_b}$ (tan β -resummation) y_b -reweighting approach
(captures dominant effects) [Dawson, Jackson, Reina, Wackerlo '05],

[Dittmaier, Häfliger, Krämer, Spira, Walser '14]

4FS vs. 5FS: Santander matching

$$\sigma = \frac{\sigma^{4\text{FS}} + w \sigma^{4\text{FS}}}{1+w}, \quad w = \ln(m_\phi/m_b) - 2$$

[Harlander, Krämer, Schumacher '11]



combined grids available on:

<http://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/LHCPhysics/CERNYellowReportPageAt8TeV>

- now: $y_b y_t$ included (crucial for large- y_t scenarios)
- e.g, SM: $y_b y_t \sim -10\%$
- y_t^2 simply from gluon fusion

Alternative matching scheme: **next talk by Andrew Papanastasiou...**

Exclusive $b\bar{b}H$ cross section and distributions

4FS:

- NLO+PS: MG5_aMC with $y_b^{\overline{MS}}$ (both y_b^2 and $y_b y_t$)
[MW, Frederix, Frixione, Hirschi, Maltoni, Torielli '14]
process folder publicly available on:

<https://cp3.irmp.ucl.ac.be/projects/madgraph/wiki/bbH>

- preferred shower scale significantly smaller than m_ϕ
(similar to $\mu_F \sim m_\phi/4$)

5FS:

- NNLO fully differential
[Bühler, Herzog, Lazopoulos, Müller '12]
- resummed NNLO+NNLL p_T cross section
[Harlander, Tripathi, MW '14]
- NLO+PS: MG5_aMC with $y_b^{\overline{MS}}$
[MW, Frederix, Frixione, Hirschi, Maltoni, Torielli '14]

Exclusive $b\bar{b}H$ cross section

SM NLO+PS with Pythia 8; $\mu_F = \mu_R = H_T/4$;
shower scale according to [MW, Frederix, Frixione, Hirschi, Maltoni, Torielli '14]

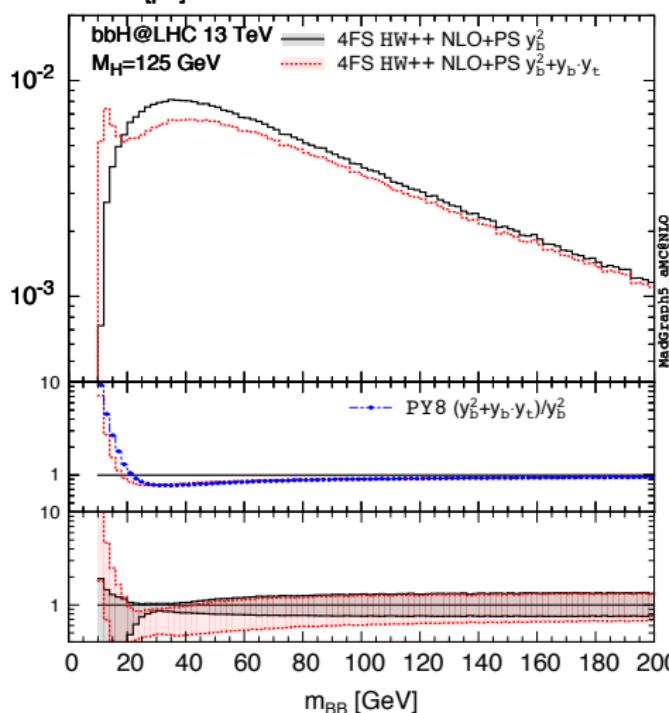
- ▶ significantly reduced residual uncertainty at NLO
- ▶ $y_b y_t$ always $\sim -10\%$ with large uncertainty (effectively LO)
- ▶ b -tag reduces cross section by factor of 3 – 4
- ▶ second b -tag by additional factor of 10

$\sigma[\text{pb}]$	NLO		LO	
	y_b^2	$y_b y_t$	$y_b^2 + y_b y_t$	y_b^2
inclusive	$0.448^{+19.8\%}_{-20.8\%}$	$-0.0365^{+35.5\%}_{-62.8\%}$	$0.411^{+24.6\%}_{-28.4\%}$	$0.478^{+59.0\%}_{-34.6\%}$
$\geq 1j_b$	$0.133^{+16.7\%}_{-17.3\%}$	$-0.0148^{+35.0\%}_{-60.1\%}$	$0.118^{+23.5\%}_{-26.8\%}$	$0.150^{+55.9\%}_{-32.8\%}$
$\geq 2j_b$	$0.0133^{+13.7\%}_{-16.0\%}$	$-0.00147^{+34.3\%}_{-58.8\%}$	$0.0118^{+20.0\%}_{-25.1\%}$	$0.0168^{+54.4\%}_{-32.7\%}$

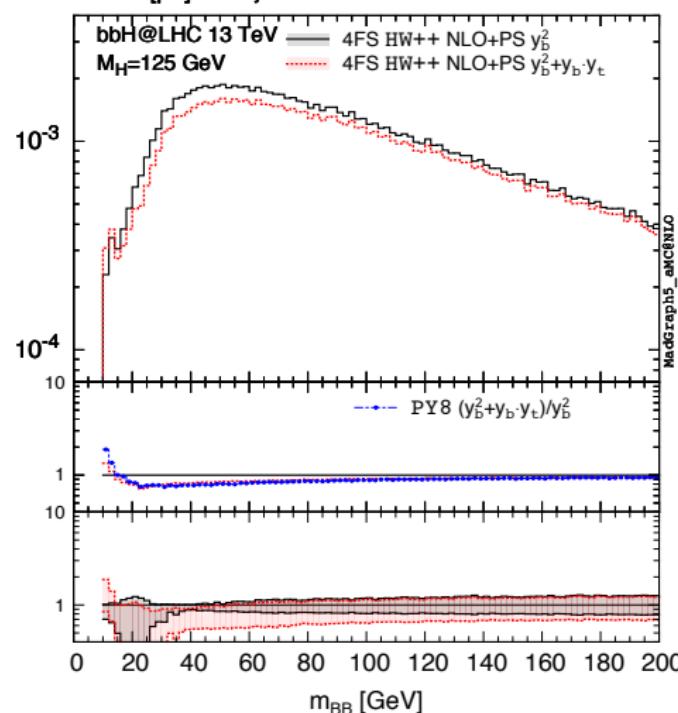
m_{BB} : y_b^2 vs. $y_b y_t$ (4FS)

[MW, Frederix, Frixione, Hirschi, Maltoni, Torielli '14]

$d\sigma/dm_{BB} [\text{pb}]$

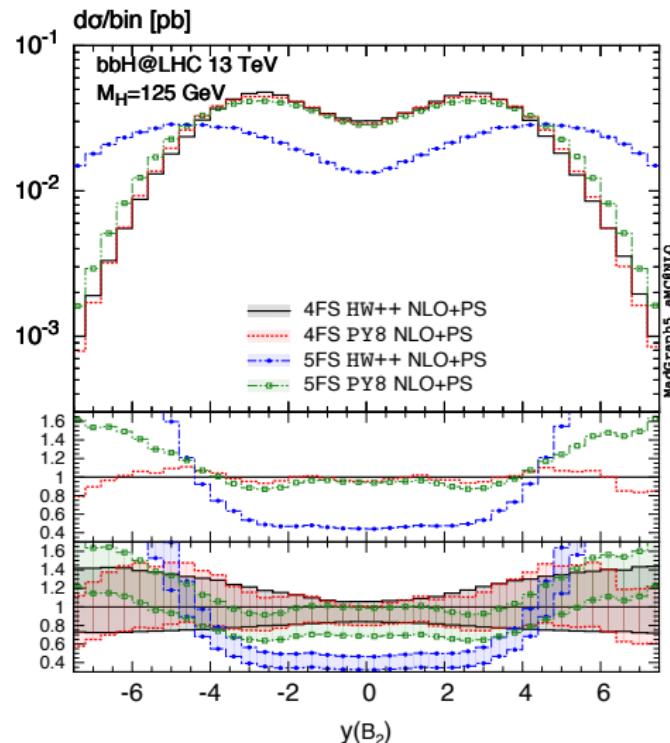
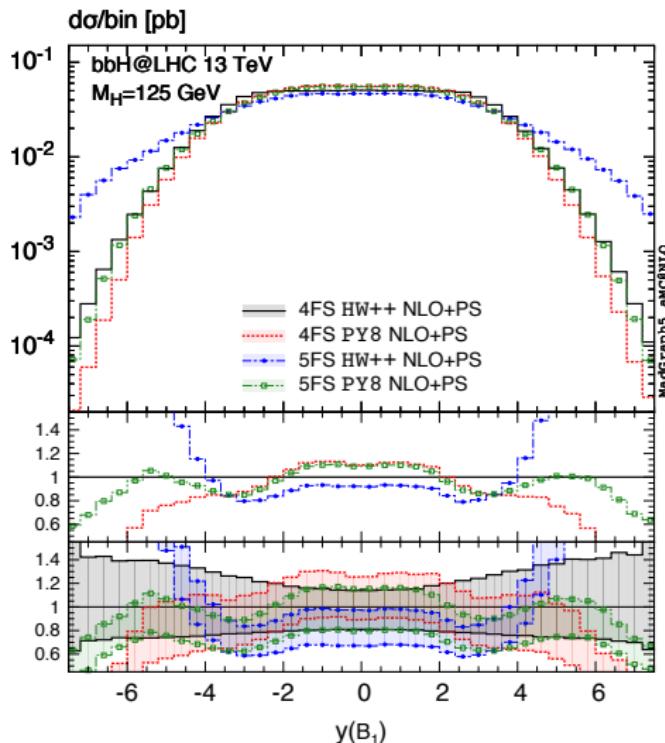


$d\sigma/dm_{BB} [\text{pb}] \geq 1 \text{b-jet}$



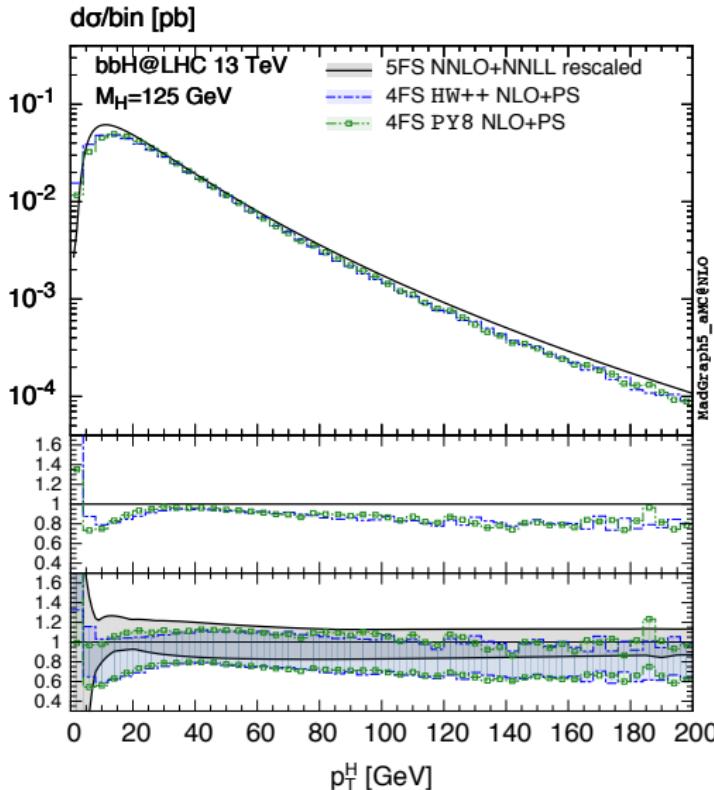
y_B : 4FS vs. 5FS

[MW, Frederix, Frixione, Hirschi, Maltoni, Torielli '14]



p_T^H : 4FS vs. 5FS NNLO+NNLL

[MW, Frederix, Frixione, Hirschi, Maltoni, Torielli '14]



analytic resummation:

$$\mu_F = \mu_R = m_T/4$$

NLO+PS:

$$\mu_F = \mu_R = H_T/4$$

Summary: Recommended tools for $b\bar{b}H$

- ▶ inclusive cross section
 - 4FS at NLO: private code by M. Spira, MG5_aMC with $y_b^{\overline{MS}}$
 - 5FS at NNLO: SusHi (bbh@nnlo)
- ▶ Higgs distributions (inclusive over b 's)
 - 5FS y^H at NNLO: private code [Bühler, Herzog, Lazopoulos, Müller '12]
 - 5FS $p_T(H)$ at NNLO+NNLL: private code by M. Wiesemann
 - 4FS at NLO: private code by M. Spira [Dittmaier, Krämer, Spira '04]
 - 4FS at NLO+PS: MG5_aMC with $y_b^{\overline{MS}}$
- ▶ exclusive cross section with b -tagging
 - 4FS at NLO+PS: MG5_aMC with $y_b^{\overline{MS}}$

Outlook

more things to do...

- contribution from ggF to exclusive $b\bar{b}H$ (y_t^2 terms)
- combination with ggF for inclusive Higgs observables
- relative importance of ggF and $b\bar{b}H$ in various 2HDM/MSSM scenarios (done for inclusive cross section)

[Bagnaschi, Harlander, Liebler, Mantler, Vicini '14]

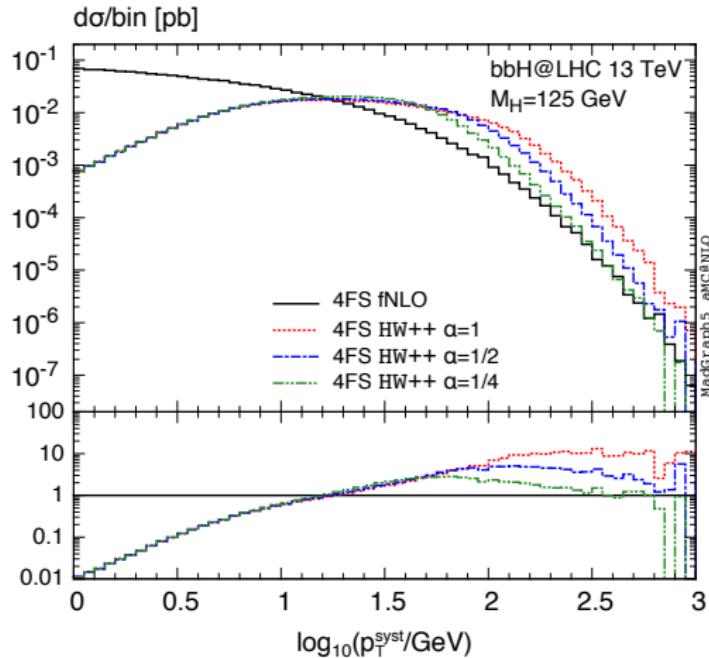
- careful estimation of uncertainties from various sources
- extend comparison of 4FS and 5FS to higher Higgs masses

Some cross-talk with MSSM and ggF sub-groups will be crucial!

BackUp

4FS: choosing the shower scale

[MW, Frederix, Frixione, Hirschi, Maltoni, Torielli '14]



$$\alpha = 1 \hat{=} Q_{\text{peak}} \sim 180 \text{ GeV}$$

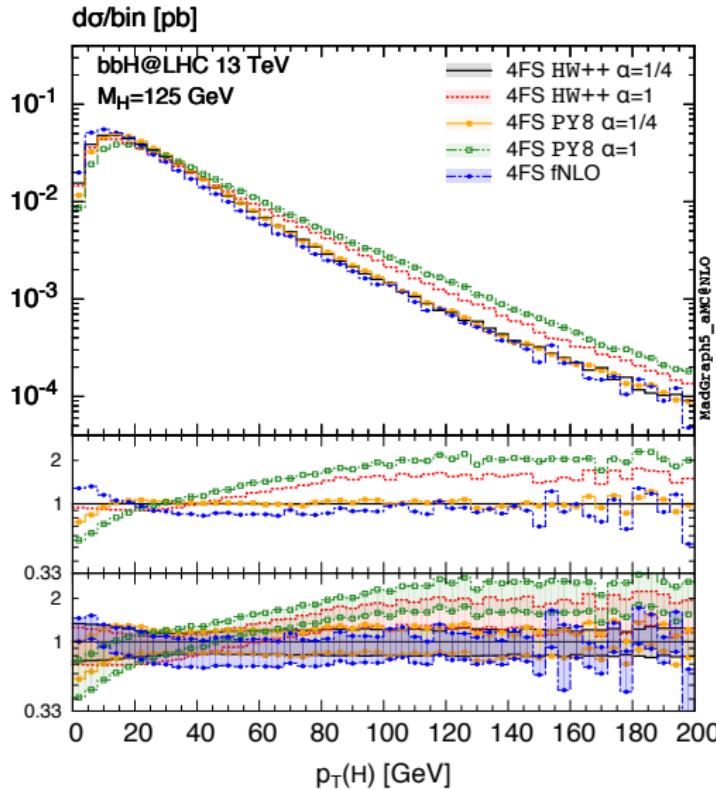
$$\alpha = 1/2 \hat{=} Q_{\text{peak}} \sim 90 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\alpha = 1/4 \hat{=} Q_{\text{peak}} \sim 45 \text{ GeV}$$

Q event-wise from a distribution peaked at $Q_{\text{peak}} \sim \alpha(f_1 + f_2)\sqrt{\langle s_0 \rangle}/2$ in an interval: $\alpha f_1 \sqrt{s_0} \leq Q \leq \alpha f_2 \sqrt{s_0}$, $f_1 = 0.1$, $f_2 = 1$, s_0 : LO c.m.e.

4FS: choosing the shower scale

[MW, Frederix, Frixione, Hirschi, Maltoni, Torielli '14]



$$\alpha = 1 \hat{=} Q_{\text{peak}} \sim 180 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\alpha = 1/2 \hat{=} Q_{\text{peak}} \sim 90 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\alpha = 1/4 \hat{=} Q_{\text{peak}} \sim 45 \text{ GeV}$$