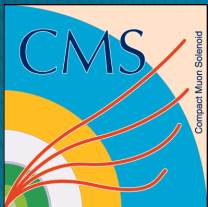


MSSM Higgs Searches

(Bugra Billin, Deniz Poyraz, **Muhammad Gul**, Michael Tytgat, Efe Yazgan)
Middle East Technical University, Ankara, Turkey
University of Gent Belgium



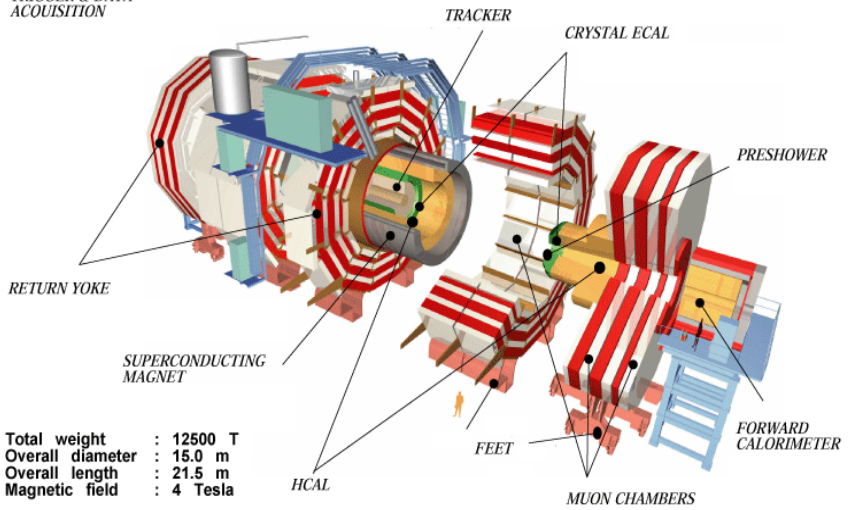
Outlines

- ▶ The CMS
- ▶ The Standard Model
- ▶ Motivations from the Higgs Sector
- ▶ MSSM
- ▶ Summary of Exo-Higgs Searches
- ▶ Heavy Higgs decaying to $t\bar{t}$
- ▶ Conclusion

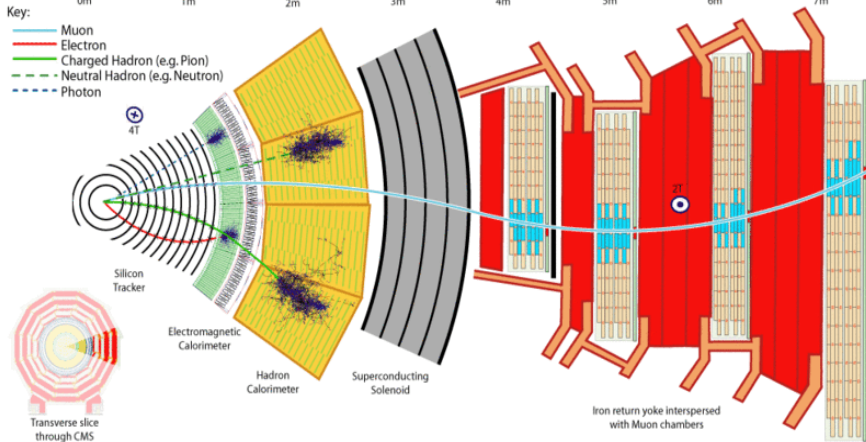


The CMS

TRIGGER & DATA ACQUISITION



Total weight : 12500 T
 Overall diameter : 15.0 m
 Overall length : 21.5 m
 Magnetic field : 4 Tesla

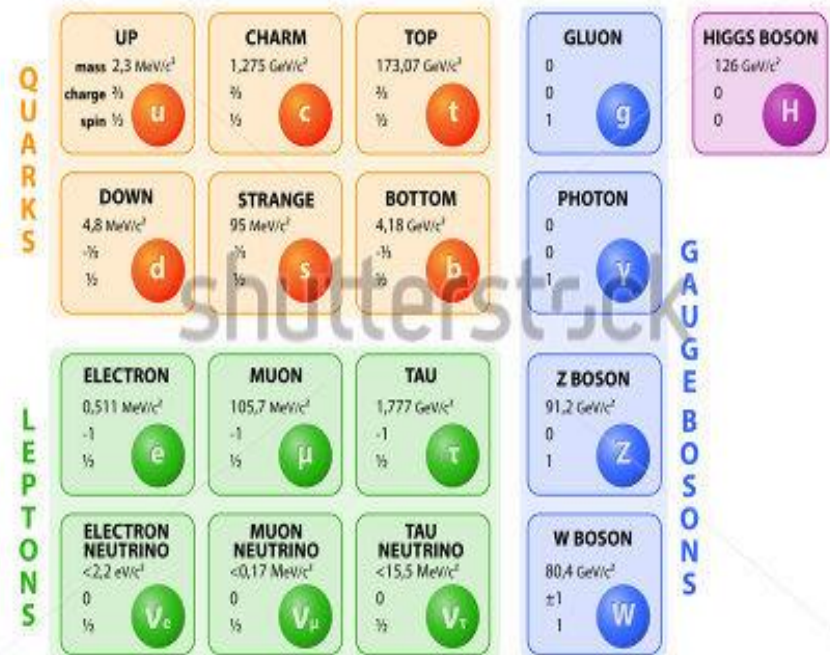


- Tracker: Cocentric layers of silicon sensors, measure charged particles trajectories
- Electromagnetic Calorimeter: Lead-Tungstate crystals, electrons – positrons – photons interact there and their energy is measured
- Hadronic Calorimeter: Hadrons interact brass layers and produce a shower of charged particles
- Solenoid Magnet: Largest solenoid ever built, creates 4T field that bends the charged particle trajectories
- Return Yoke: Magnetic field created from the solenoid is returned in the iron yoke. Offers support structure for the detector
- Muon Chambers: Located in the iron yoke, measure energy of muons

The Standard Model

- ▶ Three families of quarks
- ▶ Three families of leptons
- ▶ The gauge bosons
- ▶ The recently discovered Higgs boson by CMS and ATLAS with a mass $125.3 \pm 0.4(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.5(\text{syst.}) \text{ GeV}$. [1]
- ▶ Higgs boson was the last missing piece in the SM

STANDARD MODEL OF ELEMENTARY PARTICLES



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Motivations from the Higgs sector

- ▶ Hierarchy problem in the SM Higgs sector
 - Quantum corrections to the H mass have quadratic divergences
- ▶ The answer can be searched in SUSY
 - By introducing supersymmetric partners for the SM particles
 - Quadratic divergences are cancelled

Particles		Sparticles	
quarks	$\begin{pmatrix} u_L \\ d_L \end{pmatrix} \quad u_R \quad d_R$	squarks	$\begin{pmatrix} \tilde{u}_L \\ \tilde{d}_L \end{pmatrix} \quad \tilde{u}_R \quad \tilde{d}_R$
leptons	$\begin{pmatrix} e_L \\ \nu_L \end{pmatrix} \quad e_R$	sleptons	$\begin{pmatrix} \tilde{e}_L \\ \tilde{\nu}_L \end{pmatrix} \quad \tilde{e}_R$
Higgs doublet	H_1, H_2	Higgsinos	\tilde{H}_1, \tilde{H}_2
bosons	W_μ^\pm, W_μ^3	winos	$\tilde{\omega}^\pm, \tilde{\omega}^3$
	B_μ	bino	\tilde{b}
	G_μ^A	gluinos	\tilde{g}^A

$$\text{particle (spin } J) \quad \xleftrightarrow{\text{SUSY}} \quad \text{sparticle (spin } J \pm \frac{1}{2})$$

SUSY relates states with spins that differ by $\frac{1}{2}$.

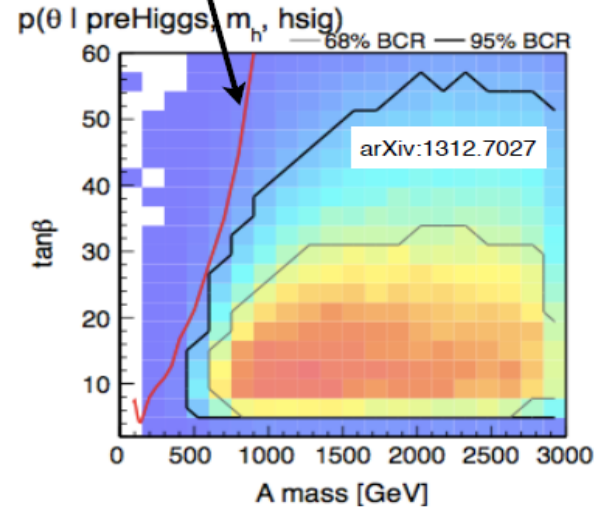
Particles and their partners have the same mass.

MSSM

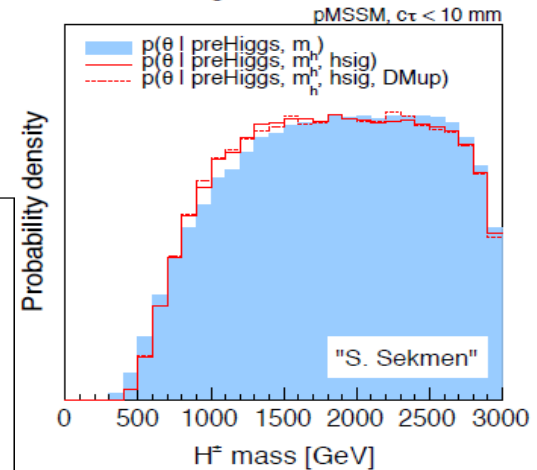
- ▶ MSSM is the minimal extension to the standard model that realizes supersymmetry
- ▶ Higgs sector of MSSM consist of five states
 - h^0, H^0, A^0, H^\pm
- ▶ Higgs sector can be described by $\tan\beta$ and m_A
- ▶ Our channel for Higgs searches
 - $H^\pm \rightarrow h^0 + W^\pm$
 - $h^0 \rightarrow bb, W^\pm \rightarrow jj$
- ▶ H^\pm can be produced with a top quark
 - $H^\pm t, t \rightarrow W + b, W \rightarrow l + \nu_l$

MSSM parameters:
 mass $h^0 = 125$ GeV
 mass $H^0 = 300$ GeV
 mass $A^0 = 300$ GeV
 mass $H^\pm = 310$ GeV
 $\tan\beta = 3$

“CMS exclusion limit”



"fixing $h^0=123-128$ GeV"



"fixing $h^0=123-128$ GeV"

Event Selection & Applied Cuts

Event (1 lepton, 3 b-jets, 2 non b-jets, MET)

$\Delta R(l, j) > 0.5$, lepton_(e, μ) Pt > 30 GeV, jet $|\eta| < 2.4$, b-jets CVS > 0.679

PAT Electron, Muon, Jets and MET (Type 0, 1, 2 correction)

▶ Electron Channel

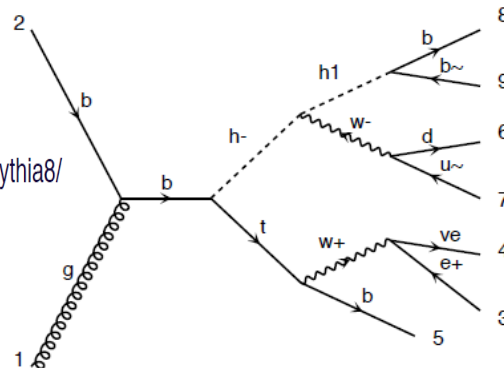
- Number of e = 1
- Number of muon = 0
- MET > 40 GeV
- Number of b-jets ≥ 3
- Number of non b-jets ≥ 2
- Electron $|\eta| < 2.5$

• Muon Channel

- Number of e = 0
- Number of muon = 1
- MET > 40 GeV
- Number of b-jets ≥ 3
- Number of non b-jets ≥ 2
- Muon $|\eta| < 2.4$

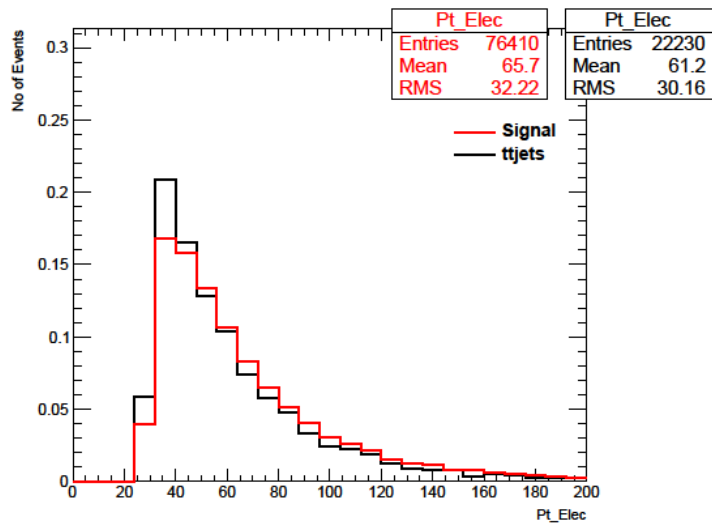
Signal

/TmTTtoLBnuHpTo2B2J_MHp-310_Mh1-125_8TeV-madgraph5-pythia8/
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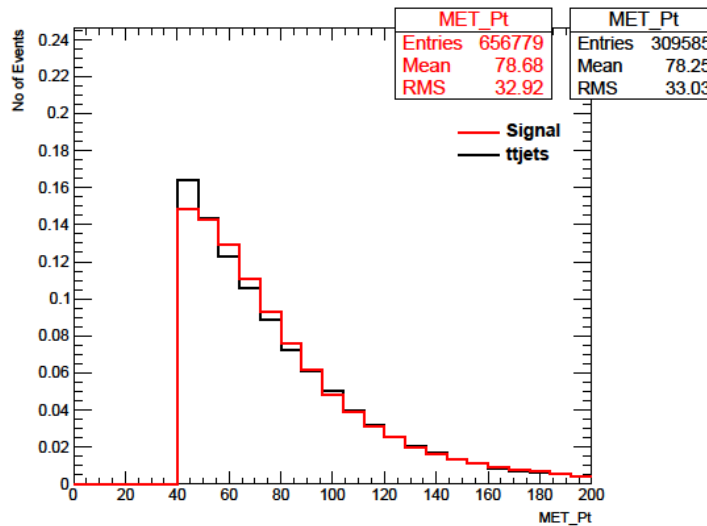


Background

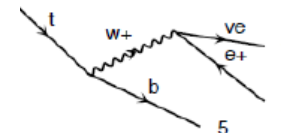
/TTJets_MassiveBinDECAY_TuneZ2star_8TeV-madgraph-tauola/
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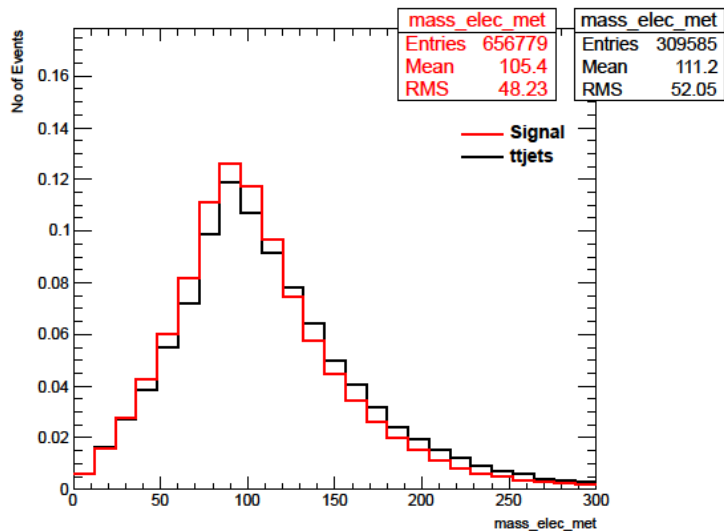
Electron Pt



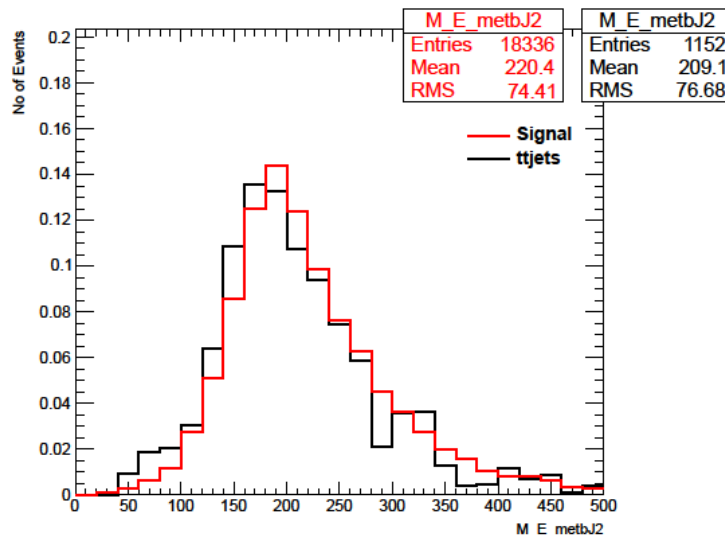
MET



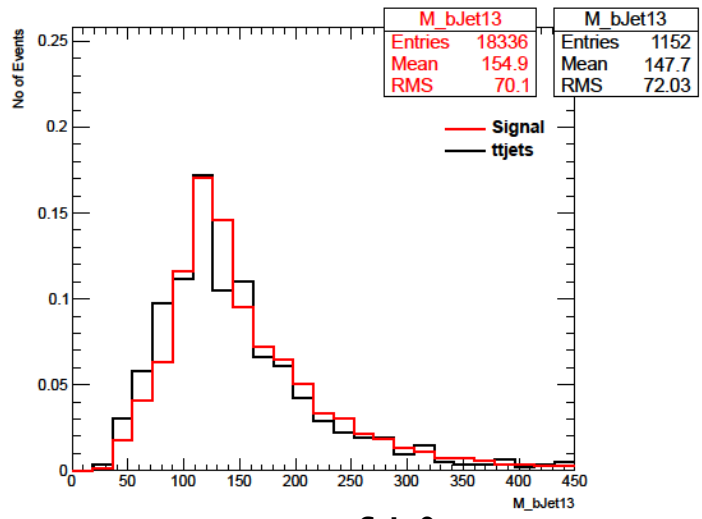
$t \rightarrow W+b$
 $W \rightarrow e+\nu_e$



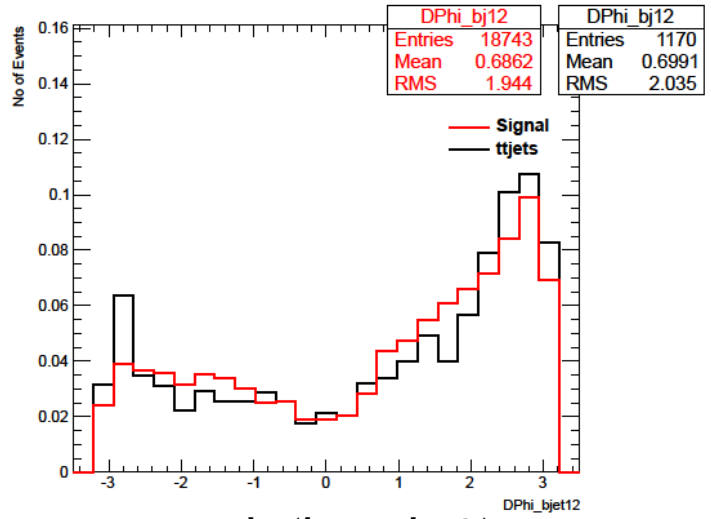
Leptonic W mass



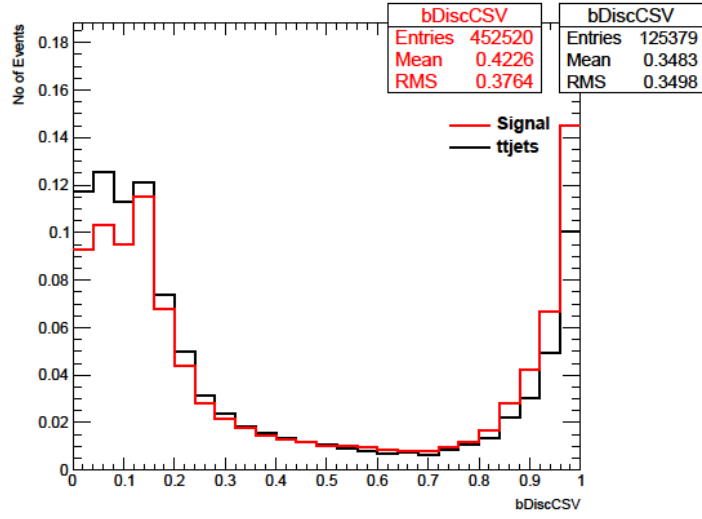
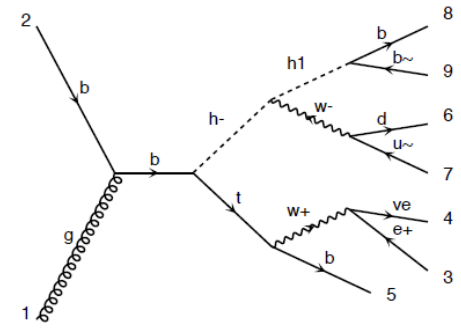
Leptonic Top mass



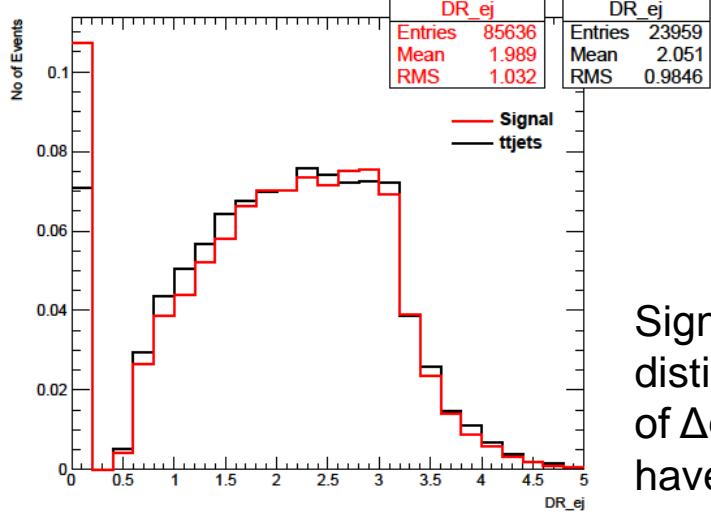
Mass of h^0



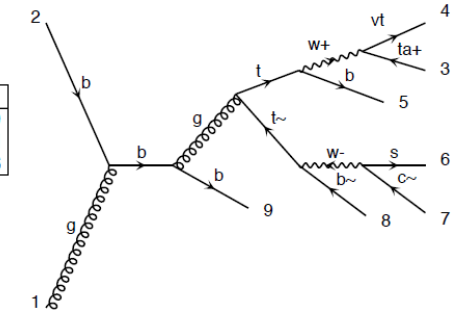
$\Delta\phi$ (bj1, bj2)



CSV for b-tag



ΔR (e, j)



Signal can't be distinguish on the basis of $\Delta\phi$ (bj1, bj2) as both have the same shape

Cross sections, BRs and Cut Flow Table

	Signal
$\sigma(tH^-)$	$3.6 \cdot 10^{-2}$ pb
$BR(t \rightarrow bW^+) \times BR(W^+ \rightarrow e^+\nu_e)$	1×0.107
$BR(H^- \rightarrow hW^-) \times BR(W^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}) \times BR(h^0 \rightarrow bb)$	$0.035 \times 0.676 \times 0.708$
$\sigma(tH^- \rightarrow bW^+ h^0 W^- \rightarrow b e^+\nu_e bb q\bar{q})$	$6.6 \cdot 10^{-5}$ pb

	Background
$\sigma(t\bar{t})$	245 pb
$BR(t \rightarrow bW^+) \times BR(W^+ \rightarrow e^+\nu_e)$	1×0.107
$BR(\bar{t} \rightarrow bW^-) \times BR(W^- \rightarrow q\bar{q})$	1×0.676
$\sigma(t\bar{t} \rightarrow bW^+ bW^- \rightarrow b e^+\nu_e b q\bar{q})$	17.80 pb

Cross section and branching ratios for signal and background at $\sqrt{s}=8\text{TeV}$

Cut Flow table for electron channel

Electron Channel	Signal N_{event}	Signal in %	Background N_{event}	Background in %	Significance S/\sqrt{B}
Before cuts	1.292	100	3.5e+05	100	2.193e-03
Number of electron =1	0.502	38.6	8.1e+04	23.26	1.7e-03
Number of muon =0	0.413	31.7	7.1e+04	20.28	1.5e-03
MET $p_T > 40$ GeV	0.299	22.9	4.2e+04	12.10	1.4e-03
Number of non-b jets ≥ 2	0.299	22.3	3.8e+04	10.95	1.5e-03
Number of b jets ≥ 3	0.056	4.3	9.0e+02	0.25	1.8e-03
$\Delta R(\text{lepton}, \text{jet}) > 0.5$	0.050	3.8	8.1e+02	0.23	1.7e-03
$ m_{jj} - m_W < 25$ GeV	0.035	2.7	4.6e+02	0.13	1.6e-03
$ m_{e\nu b} - m_t < 25$ GeV	0.022	1.7	2.8e+02	0.08	1.2e-03
$ m_{b\bar{b}} - m_h < 25$ GeV	0.018	1.3	2.1e+02	0.06	1.2e-03
$ m_{jjb\bar{b}} - m_H < 25$ GeV	0.016	1.2	1.5e+02	0.04	1.2e-03
$ m_{jjbb\bar{b}e\nu} - m_H < 25$ GeV	0.006	0.4	6.2e+01	0.01	7.5e-04

Conclusion:

The number of events are normalized with $\mathcal{L}=19.7\text{fb}^{-1}$ and $\sigma_s=3.6 \cdot 10^{-2}\text{pb}$, $\sigma_{\text{bkg}}=245\text{pb}$.

The initial number of events ~ 1 and significance $\sim 10^{-3}$ which becomes worse after the cuts applied.

CMS Analysis Note

The content of this note is intended for CMS internal use and distribution only

Updated: 23 July 2014

Conclusion:

- The analysis shows that the search for H^\pm using this channel is not feasible at $\sqrt{s} = 8\text{TeV}$.
- For $\sqrt{s} = 14\text{ TeV}$ the $\sigma_s = 0.19\text{pb}$ using same parameters.
- At $\sqrt{s} = 14\text{ TeV}$, $\mathcal{L} = 1000\text{ fb}^{-1}$ it might be possible to observe this channel using a multivariate analysis.

Search for a heavy charged MSSM Higgs production with $gb \rightarrow tH^\pm \rightarrow (hW^\pm)(bW^-)$ at $\sqrt{s} = 8\text{ TeV}$

B. Bilin¹, M. Gul², D. Poyraz², M. Tytgat², E. Yazgan²

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² Ghent University, Ghent, Belgium

Abstract

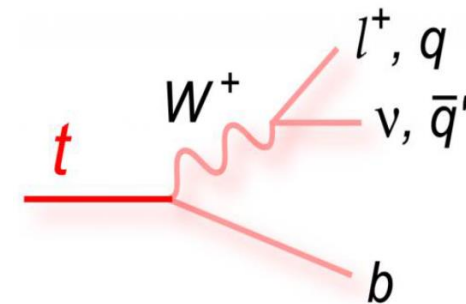
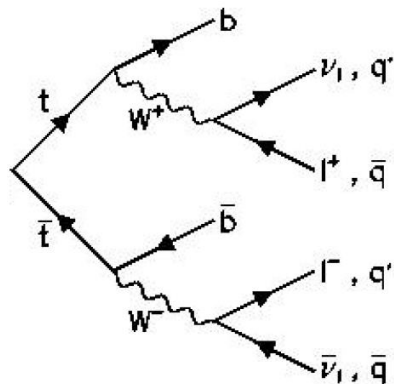
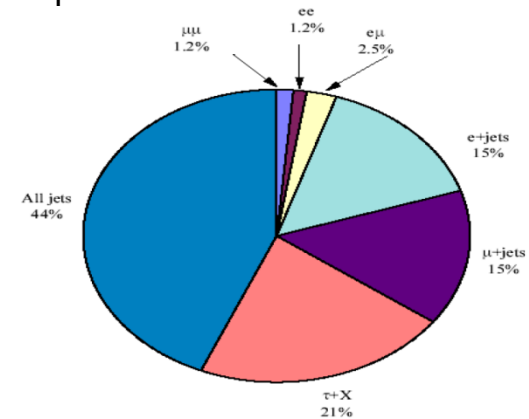
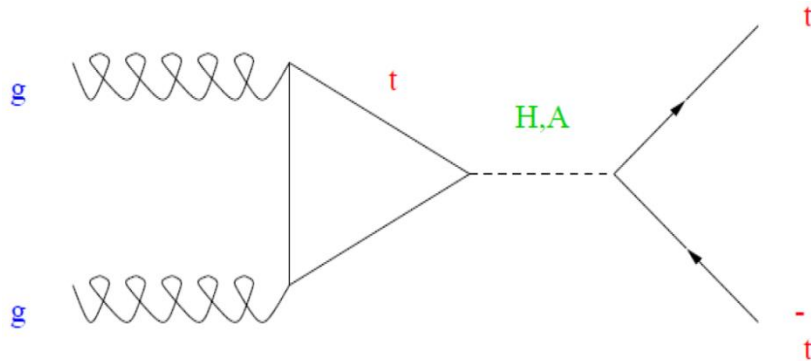
The feasibility of the search for a heavy charged MSSM Higgs boson through $gb \rightarrow H^\pm t$ production process is presented. The full production and decay chain studied is $gb \rightarrow H^\pm t \rightarrow (hW^\pm)(bW^+) \rightarrow (\bar{b}\bar{b})(jj)(bl\nu_l)$. The analysis is performed using CMS proton proton collision simulation at $\sqrt{s} = 8\text{ TeV}$. The study shows that it is not feasible to do this search with 19.7 fb^{-1} of LHC taken at $\sqrt{s} = 8\text{ TeV}$.

Version 0



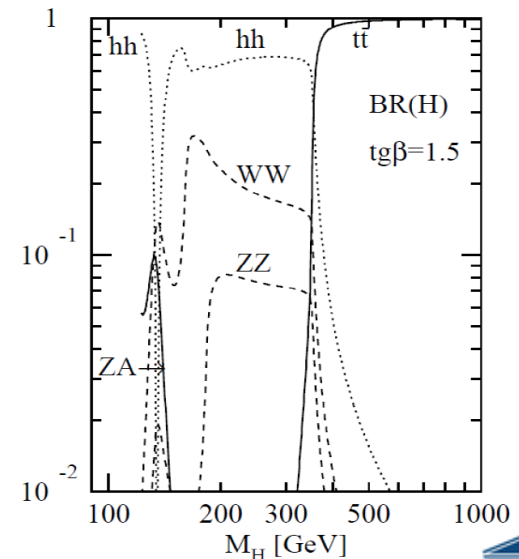
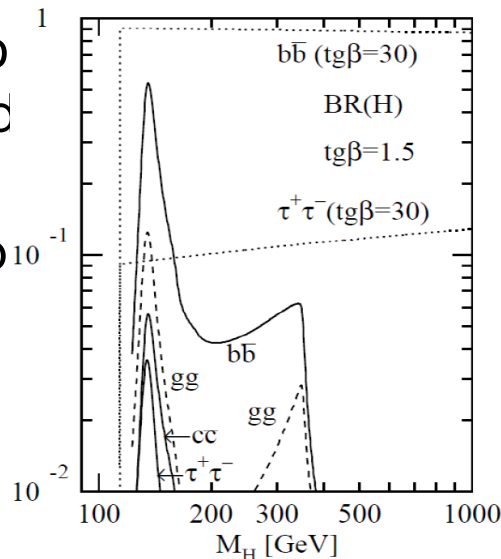
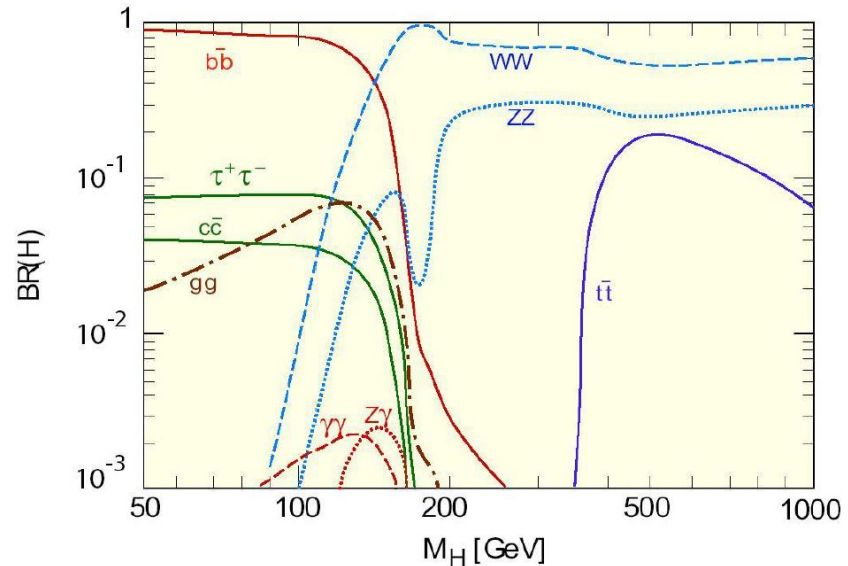
New Channel for Heavy H searches

- ▶ At 19.7 fb^{-1} , the previous channel is not suitable because of low cross section.
- ▶ A new channel will be adopted for H searches.
 - $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow tt, tt \rightarrow WW bb, W \rightarrow jj, W \rightarrow l+\nu_l$



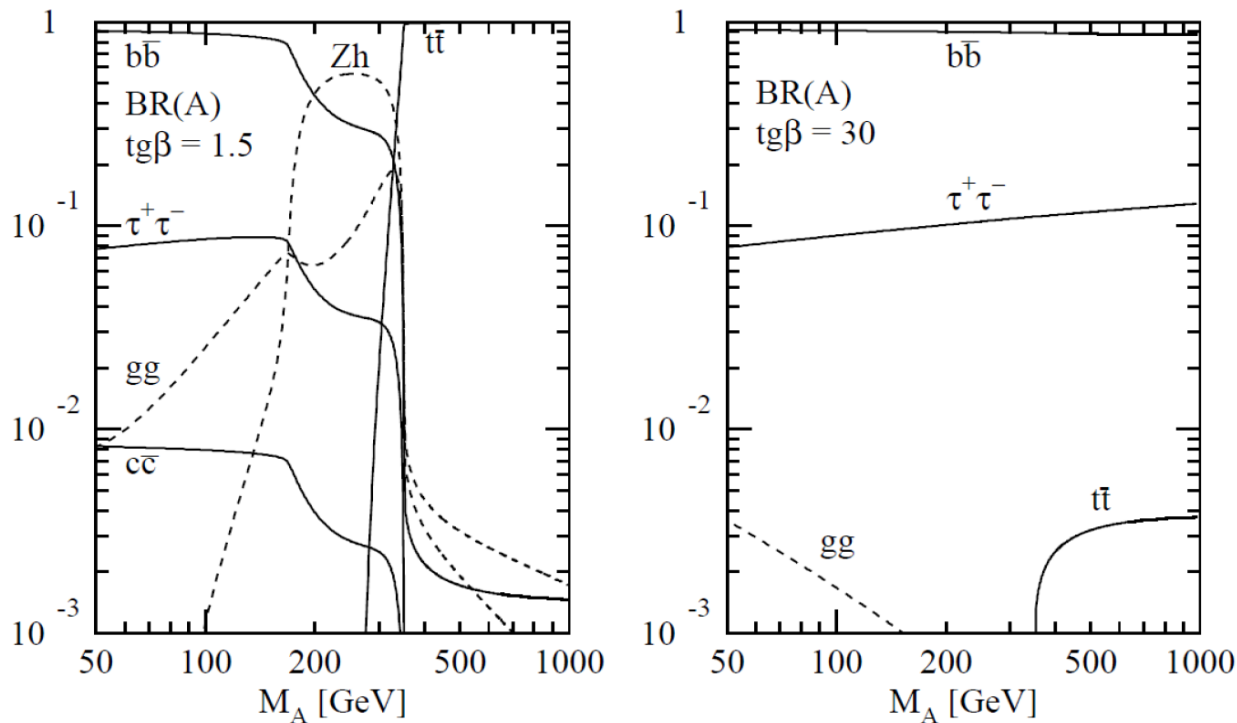
BRs of Higgs in same mass range in SM and MSSM

- ▶ The SM $H \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ BR is smaller than that of MSSM in the same mass region.
- ▶ For $m_A, m_H > 2m_t$ and $\tan\beta \sim 1$ the BR of $H \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ is 100%
- ▶ For $\tan\beta \gg 1$, coupling to top quark suppressed and bottom quark enhanced.
- ▶ Its production via a b loop and decay into $b\bar{b}$ is non negligible



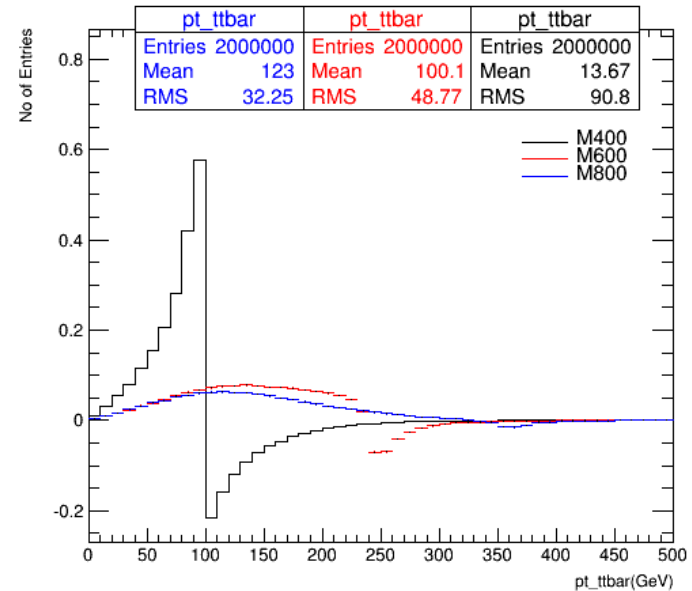
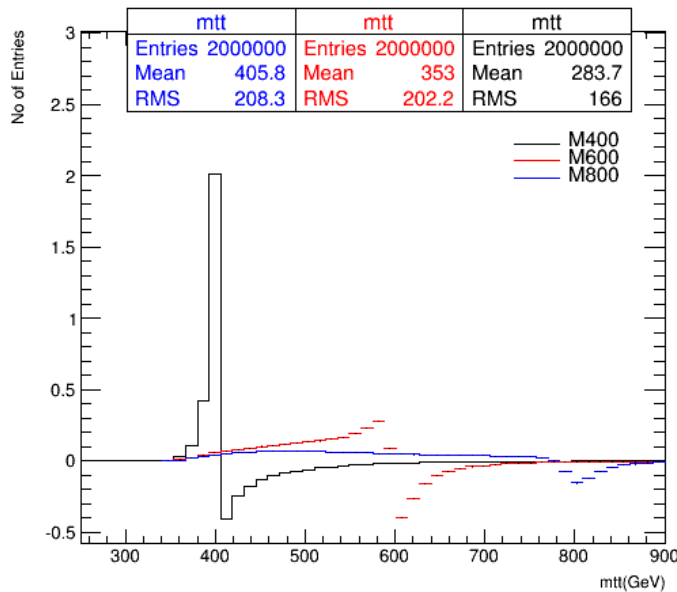
Distinguish H from A

- ▶ H and A are almost degenerate in mass in the relevant region of parameter space (m_A , $\tan\beta$).
- ▶ $H \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ and $A \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ can't be distinguish experimentally.
- ▶ For $\tan\beta \sim 1$, A couples to top but doesn't to weak boson.
- ▶ For $\tan\beta \gg 1$, the coupling of A to top is suppressed.



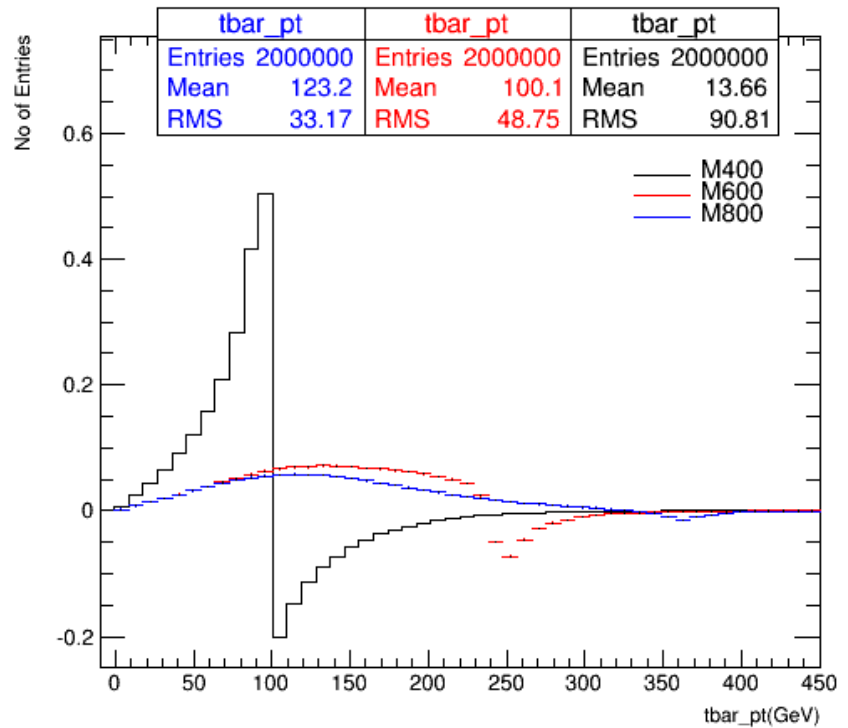
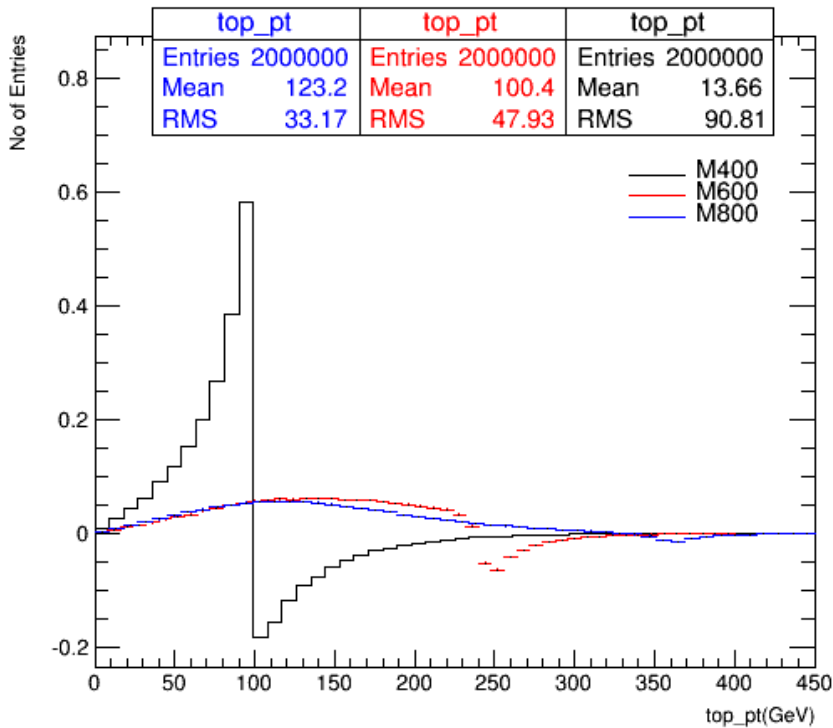
Mass and pt of ttbar

- ▶ Events have generated using madGraph
- ▶ The interference phenomenon has included
- ▶ Higgs has been produced using mass range from 400-800 GeV and energy is 13TeV
- ▶ Reconstructed mass and pt of ttbar are plotted



Pt of top and tbar

- ▶ Top and tbar goes back to back



Conclusion

- ▶ A cut and count analysis is performed for Charged Higgs associated with top quark.
- ▶ The number of events for Signal and Background are normalized to $\mathcal{L}=19.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ and $\sigma=3.6 \cdot 10^{-2} \text{ pb}$.
- ▶ The signal significance is $\sim 10^{-3}$.
- ▶ This channel is not feasible at $\sqrt{s} = 8\text{TeV}$.
- ▶ At $\sqrt{s} = 14\text{TeV}$ charged higgs can be searched for with a high statistics sample.
- ▶ For LHC Run II, $H \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ is a promising channel for heavy Higgs searches.

References

1. [arXiv:1207.7235\[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1207.7235)
2. <http://cms.web.cern.ch/news/cms-closes-major-chapter-higgs-measurements>

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/LHCPhysics/MSSMCharged>

AN

http://cms.cern.ch/iCMS/jsp/openfile.jsp?tp=draft&files=AN2014_193_v1.pdf



Thanks

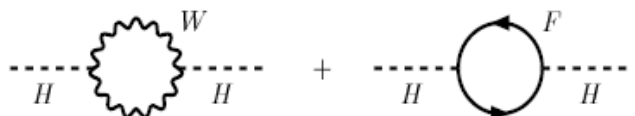


Back Up Slides

SuperSymmetry (motivation from Higgs sector)

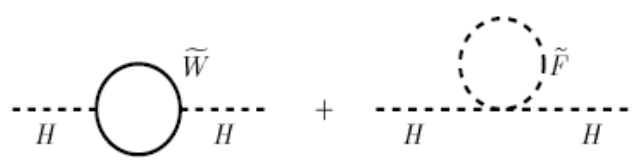
- ▶ Hierarchy problem in the SM Higgs sector:

Quantum corrections to the H mass have quadratic divergencies



The diagram shows two Feynman diagrams for Higgs mass corrections. The first diagram is a self-energy loop with a wavy line representing a W boson, labeled 'W'. The second diagram is a fermion loop with a solid line and an arrow, labeled 'F'. Both diagrams have external dashed lines representing Higgs bosons, labeled 'H'. To the right of the diagrams is the equation: $\rightarrow \delta m_H^2 \sim \frac{\alpha}{\pi}(\Lambda^2 + m_F^2)$. Below the diagrams, a text box states: "The cutoff Λ represents the scale up to which the Standard Model remains valid."

- ▶ By introducing supersymmetric partners for the SM particles



The diagram shows two Feynman diagrams for Higgs mass corrections in a supersymmetric theory. The first diagram is a loop with a solid line representing a stop squark, labeled \tilde{W} . The second diagram is a loop with a dashed line representing a stop squark, labeled \tilde{F} . Both diagrams have external dashed lines representing Higgs bosons, labeled 'H'. To the right of the diagrams is the equation: $\rightarrow \delta m_H^2 \sim -\frac{\alpha}{\pi}(\Lambda^2 + \tilde{m}_F^2)$.

- ▶ quadratic divergencies are cancelled

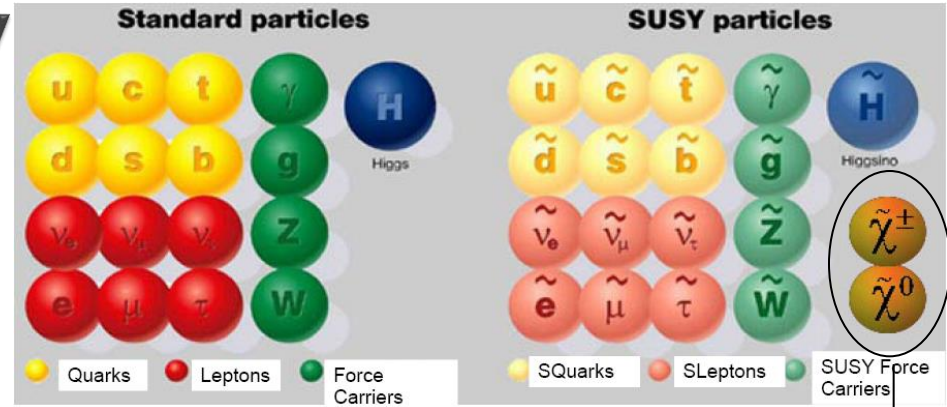
$$\delta m_H^2 \sim \frac{\alpha}{\pi}(m_F^2 - \tilde{m}_F^2)$$

Supersymmetry

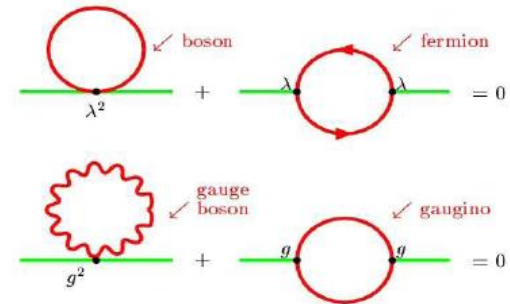
New spin-based symmetry relating fermions and bosons:

$$Q | \text{Boson} \rangle = \text{Fermion}$$

$$Q | \text{Fermion} \rangle = \text{Boson}$$



gaugino/higgsino mixing



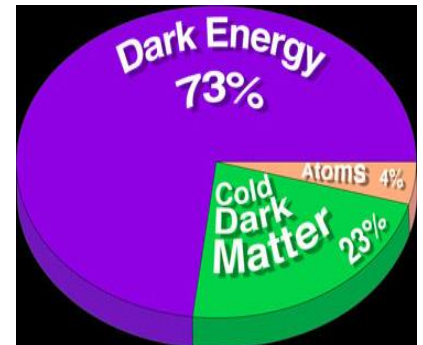
Naturally solve the hierarchy problem

Minimal SuperSymmetric SM (MSSM):

- Mirror spectrum of particles
- Enlarged Higgs sector: two doublets with 5 physical states

$$H_U, H_D \longrightarrow h, H, A, H^\pm$$

If conserved, provides Dark Matter Candidate (Lightest Supersymmetric Particle)



Define R-parity = $(-1)^{3(B-L)+2s}$

- R = 1 for SM particles
- R = -1 for MSSM partners

MSSM Higgs sector

MSSM HIGGS sector

- ✦ To provide masses to both up-type and down-type quarks, and to ensure anomaly cancellation, the MSSM has two Higgs complex-doublet superfields

$$\Phi_d = (\Phi_d^0, \Phi_d^-) \text{ and } \Phi_u = (\Phi_u^+, \Phi_u^0) \quad \langle \Phi_d \rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} v_d \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \langle \Phi_u \rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ v_u \end{pmatrix},$$

$$\text{where } \sqrt{v_d^2 + v_u^2} = 2M_W/g = 246 \text{ GeV}$$

- ✦ Out of 8 DOF, 3 serve as GB, absorbed into longitudinal components of the W and Z, 5 DOF remains:

$$h = -(\sqrt{2}\text{Re } \Phi_d^0 - v_d) \sin \alpha + (\sqrt{2}\text{Re } \Phi_u^0 - v_u) \cos \alpha$$

$$H = (\sqrt{2}\text{Re } \Phi_d^0 - v_d) \cos \alpha + (\sqrt{2}\text{Re } \Phi_u^0 - v_u) \sin \alpha$$

$$A = \sqrt{2}(\text{Im } \Phi_d^0 \sin \beta + \text{Im } \Phi_u^0 \cos \beta), \quad H^\pm = \Phi_d^\pm \sin \beta + \Phi_u^\pm \cos \beta$$

α is (h, H) mixing angle

$\tan \beta = v_u/v_d$ and M_A is the conventional choice to define the Higgs sector:

$$M_{H^\pm} = \sqrt{M_A^2 + M_W^2}$$

$$M_{h,H}^2 = \frac{1}{2} \left[(M_A^2 + M_Z^2) \mp \sqrt{(M_A^2 + M_Z^2)^2 - 4M_A^2 M_Z^2 \cos^2 2\beta} \right], \quad M_h < M_Z$$

h/H/A couplings

$$\diamond g_{\text{MSSM}} = \xi g_{\text{SM}}$$

ξ	t	b/ τ	W/Z
h	$\cos\alpha/\sin\beta$	$-\sin\alpha/\cos\beta$	$\sin(\alpha-\beta)$
H	$\sin\alpha/\sin\beta$	$\cos\alpha/\cos\beta$	$\cos(\alpha-\beta)$
A	$\cot\beta$	$\tan\beta$	-----

- no coupling of A to W/Z
- small $\alpha \rightarrow$ small BR($h \rightarrow \tau\tau, bb$)
- large $\beta \rightarrow$ large BR($h, H, A \rightarrow \tau\tau, bb$)

α = mixing btw. CP-even neutral Higgs bosons

Parameters used for Generation

- ▶ Mass of Heavy Higgs = 400, 600 & 800 GeV
- ▶ Mass of SM Higgs = 125 GeV
- ▶ Mass of top quark = 174.3 GeV
- ▶ Energy = 13 TeV
- ▶ LHAPDF set = CT10
- ▶ LHAPDF ID = 10800
- ▶ Cross section:
 - For $m_H = 400\text{ GeV}$, $x_{\text{sec}} = 1.578 \pm 0.02$ pb
 - For $m_H = 800$ GeV, $x_{\text{sec}} = 0.3068 \pm 9.25e^{-5}$ pb

- Model = topBSM
- Applied cuts:
 - Pt of jets ≥ 20 GeV
 - Charged lepton pt ≥ 10 GeV
 - $Dr(j,j) \geq 0.4$
 - $Dr(l,l) \geq 0.4$
 - $Dr(j,l) \geq 0.4$
- No. of events = 2 million
- All plots are scaled to 1