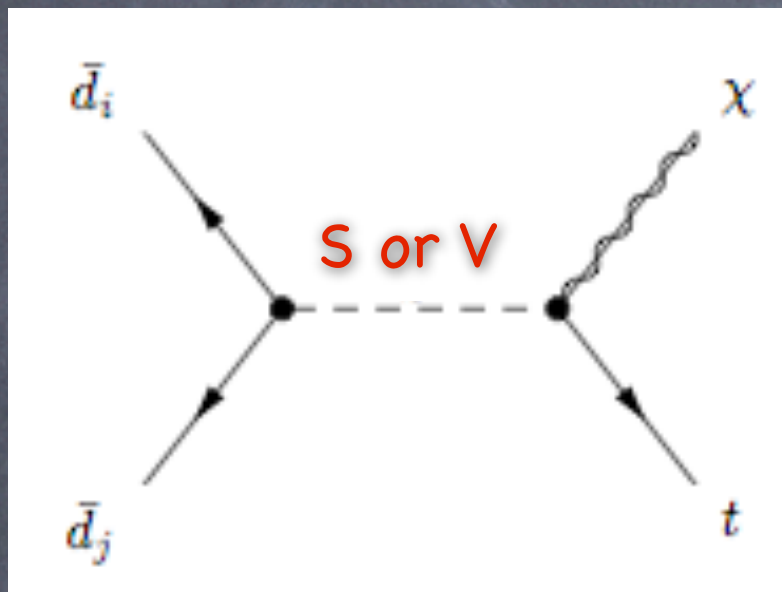


Summary of Monotop Models

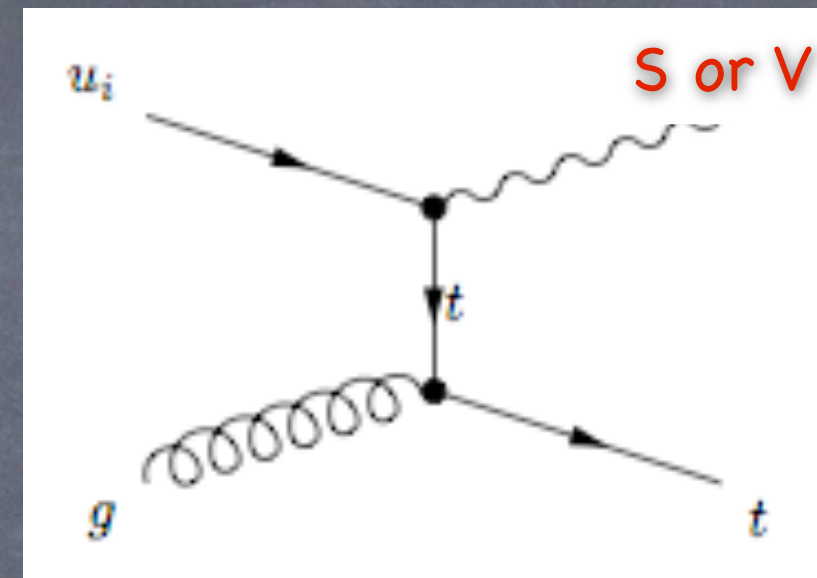
G.Cacciapaglia (IPN Lyon)

DM-LHC Forum
28/01/2015

Resonant and non-resonant



(see also 1109.5963)



(see also 1310.7600)

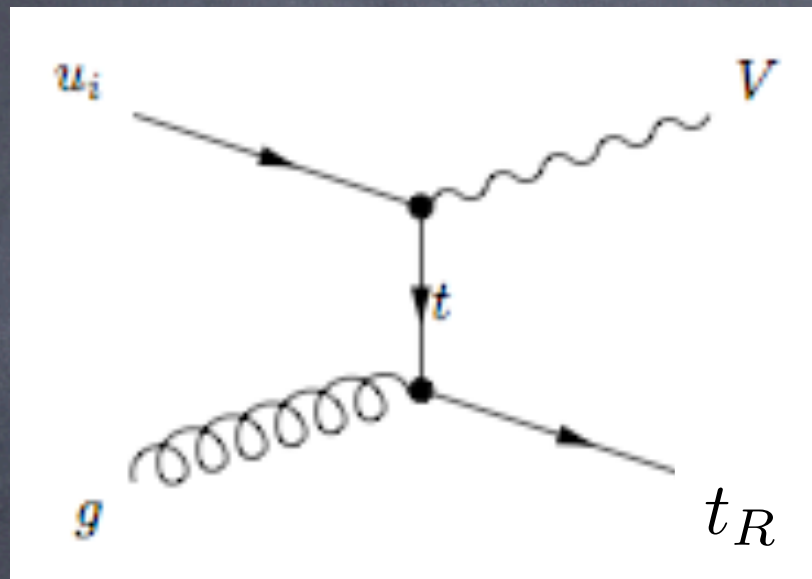
$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{L} = & \mathcal{L}_{SM} \\
 & + \phi \bar{u} \left[a_{FC}^0 + b_{FC}^0 \gamma_5 \right] u + V_\mu \bar{u} \left[a_{FC}^1 \gamma^\mu + b_{FC}^1 \gamma^\mu \gamma_5 \right] u \\
 & + \epsilon^{ijk} \varphi_i \bar{d}_j^c \left[a_{SR}^q + b_{SR}^q \gamma_5 \right] d_k + \varphi_i \bar{u}^i \left[a_{SR}^{1/2} + b_{SR}^{1/2} \gamma_5 \right] \chi \\
 & + \epsilon^{ijk} \tilde{\varphi}_i \bar{d}_j^c \left[\tilde{a}_{SR}^q + \tilde{b}_{SR}^q \gamma_5 \right] u_k + \tilde{\varphi}_i \bar{d}^i \left[\tilde{a}_{SR}^{1/2} + \tilde{b}_{SR}^{1/2} \gamma_5 \right] \chi \\
 & + \epsilon^{ijk} X_{\mu,i} \bar{d}_j^c \left[a_{VR}^q \gamma^\mu + b_{VR}^q \gamma^\mu \gamma_5 \right] d_k \\
 & + X_{\mu,i} \bar{u}^i \left[a_{VR}^{1/2} \gamma^\mu + b_{VR}^{1/2} \gamma^\mu \gamma_5 \right] \chi + \text{h.c.},
 \end{aligned} \tag{1}$$

1106.6199, 1311.6478

MG implementation
by B.Fuks et al.

Constraining the parameters using the SM: non-resonant case

1407.7529

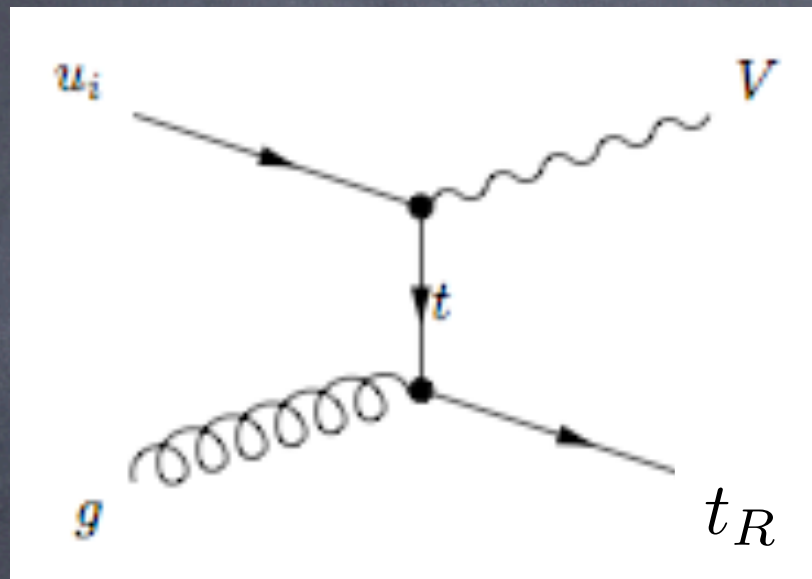


+ s-channel

- Why not S?
- the only scalar that can couple to quarks is a doublet (additional states);
- else, it needs to mix to the Higgs (additional couplings).

Constraining the parameters using the SM: non-resonant case

1407.7529

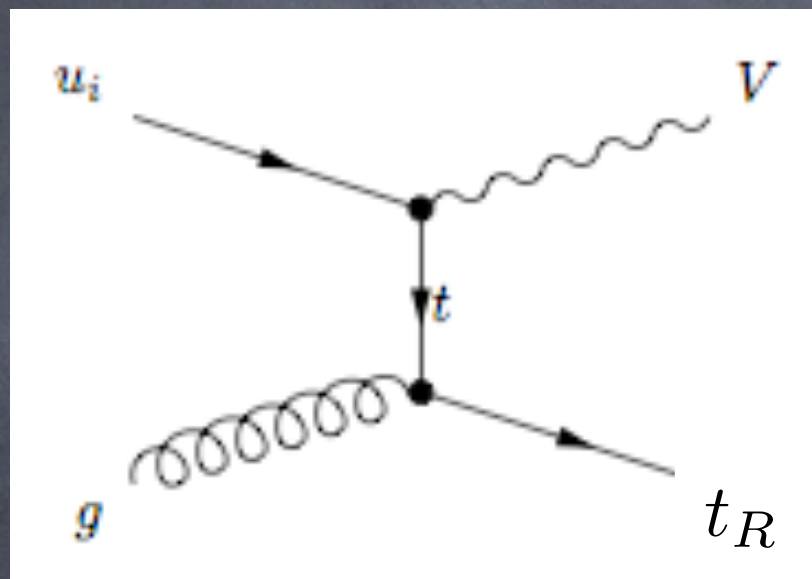


+ s-channel

- Why not t_L ?
- gauge invariance requires a coupling $V b_L b_L$;
- decays $V \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ must be taken into account (invisible BR?)

Constraining the parameters using the SM: non-resonant case

1407.7529



+ s-channel

- The minimal model is V , with couplings to right-handed quarks only!
- Simplification of the couplings:

2 free parameters

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{SM}$$

$$+ V_\mu \bar{u} \left[a_{FC}^1 \gamma^\mu + b_{FC}^1 \gamma^\mu \gamma_5 \right] u$$

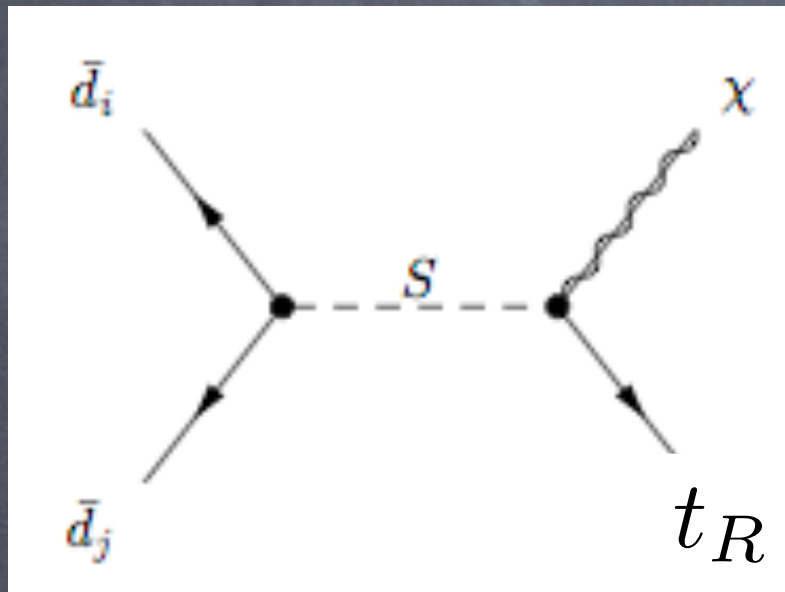
$$a_{FC}^1 = b_{FC}^1 \quad (1)$$

V is a messenger,
the invisible rate is

$$V \rightarrow \chi\chi$$

Constraining the parameters using the SM: resonant case

1407.7529



- S is a stop(R) in RPV SUSY!
- 3 free parameters

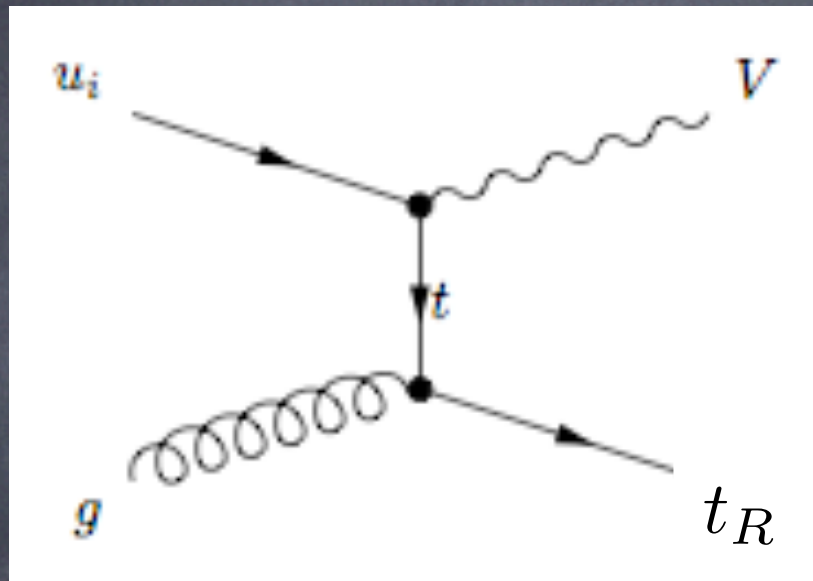
$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{SM}$$

$$+ \epsilon^{ijk} \varphi_i \bar{d}_j^c \left[a_{SR}^q + b_{SR}^q \gamma_5 \right] d_k + \varphi_i \bar{u}^i \left[a_{SR}^{1/2} + b_{SR}^{1/2} \gamma_5 \right] \chi \quad (1)$$

$$a_{SR}^q = b_{SR}^q$$

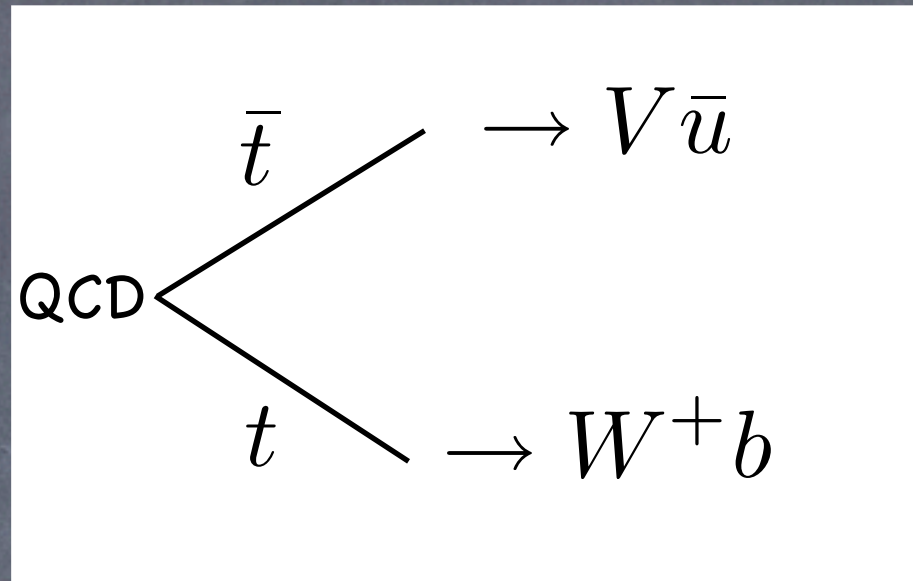
$$a_{SR}^{1/2} = -b_{SR}^{1/2}$$

“Pollution” of the signal region: the non-resonant case



+ s-channel

VS.

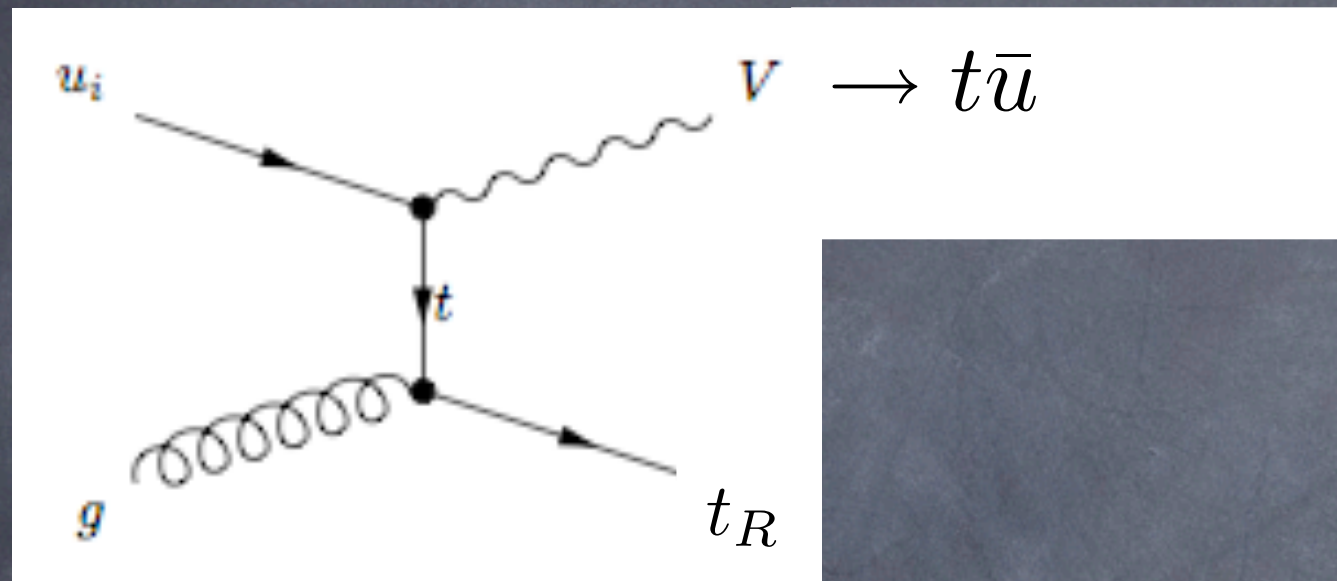


If $m_V < m_{top}$

$$\frac{N_{ev}(t\bar{t} \rightarrow tV\bar{u})}{N_{ev}(ug \rightarrow tV)}$$

only depends on m_V ,
and the experimental
acceptance

Interplay with other searches: the non-resonant case

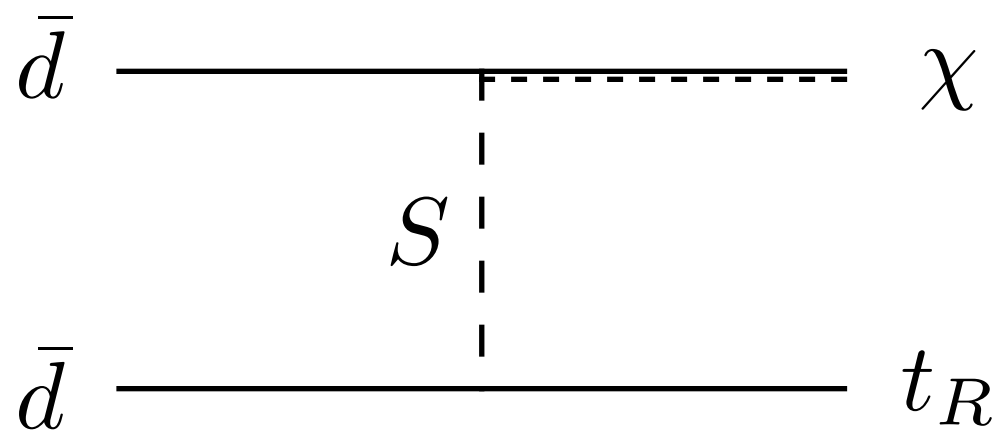


If $m_V > m_{top}$

+ s-channel

Romain's talk!

Other simple models



t-channel
scalar mediator

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{SM}$$

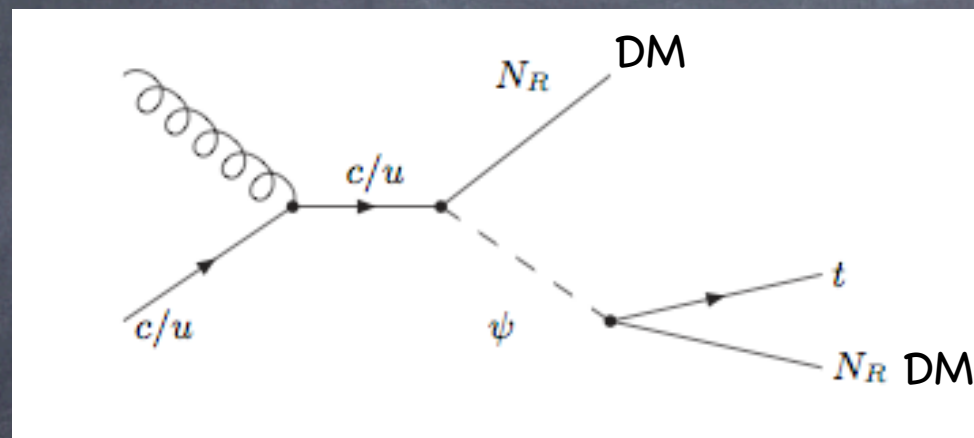
$$\tilde{a}_{SR}^q = \tilde{b}_{SR}^q$$

$$+ \epsilon^{ijk} \tilde{\varphi}_i \bar{d}_j^c [\tilde{a}_{SR}^q + \tilde{b}_{SR}^q \gamma_5] u_k + \tilde{\varphi}_i \bar{d}^i [\tilde{a}_{SR}^{1/2} + \tilde{b}_{SR}^{1/2} \gamma_5] \chi \quad (1)$$

$$\tilde{a}_{SR}^{1/2} = -\tilde{b}_{SR}^{1/2}$$

- S is a sbot(R) in RPV SUSY!
- 3 free parameters

Other simple models



- However, pair production of the coloured mediator must be checked:
- $jj + \text{MET}, tt\bar{b} + \text{MET}$

Monotop may be not competitive:
see [1404.1415](#)