Higgs Production via VBF: Comparison Between Generators

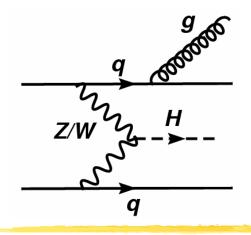
B. Mellado

On behalf of S.Asai, Y.Fang, W.Quayle, M.Schumacher, J.Tanaka, G.Unal and Sau Lan Wu (from ATLAS HWG)



Special thanks to J. Campbell and T. Sjostrand MC4LHC Workshop 18/07/06

- ↓We were working with Torbjorn to evaluate the performance of the parton shower within the new 6.3 releases
- ↓We are evaluating
 the performance of
 various settings within
 the context of VBF

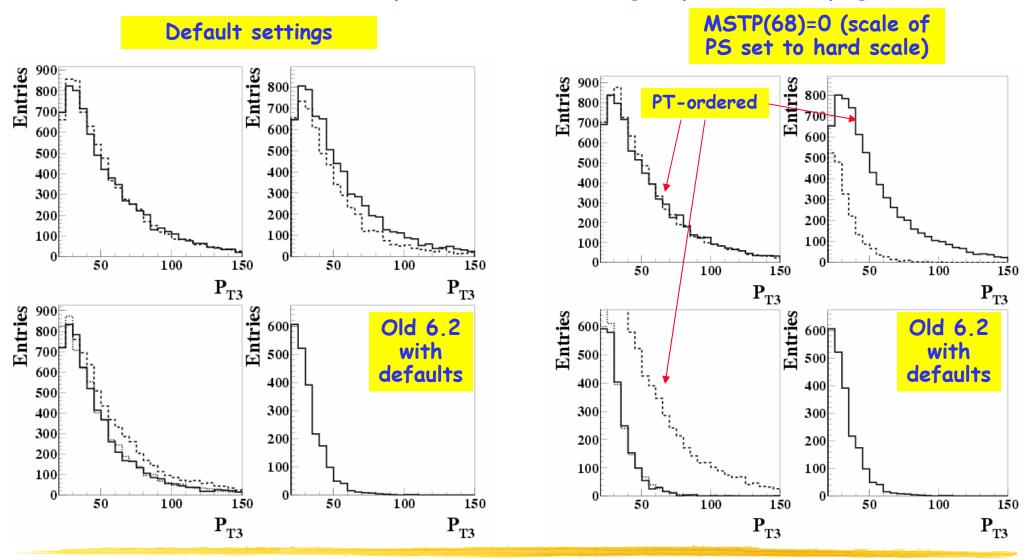


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= 1 : New UE model, pT-ordered showers.
               Small FSR radiation scale, smooth turnoff ISR.
               NB: Must be run with Pythia 6.312+higher using PYEVNW.
  IMODEL = 2 : New UE model, pT-ordered showers.
               Large FSR radiation scale, smooth turnoff ISR.
               NB: Must be run with Pythia 6.312+higher using PYEVNW.
  IMODEL = 3 : New UE model, pT-ordered showers.
               Large FSR radiation scale, sharp cutoff ISR.
               NB: Must be run with Pythia 6.312+higher using PYEVNW.
 IMODEL = 4 : New UE model, no interleaving, Q2-ordered showers.
               "Rap tune".
               NB: Must be run with Pythia 6.312+higher using PYEVNT.
..IMODEL = 5 : Old (6.2-type) UE model, Q2-ordered showers.
               "Tune A".
               NB: Can be run with Pythia 6.2 or 6.312+higher
               using PYEVNT.

    Models for investigating energy rescaling dependence (eg for LHC).

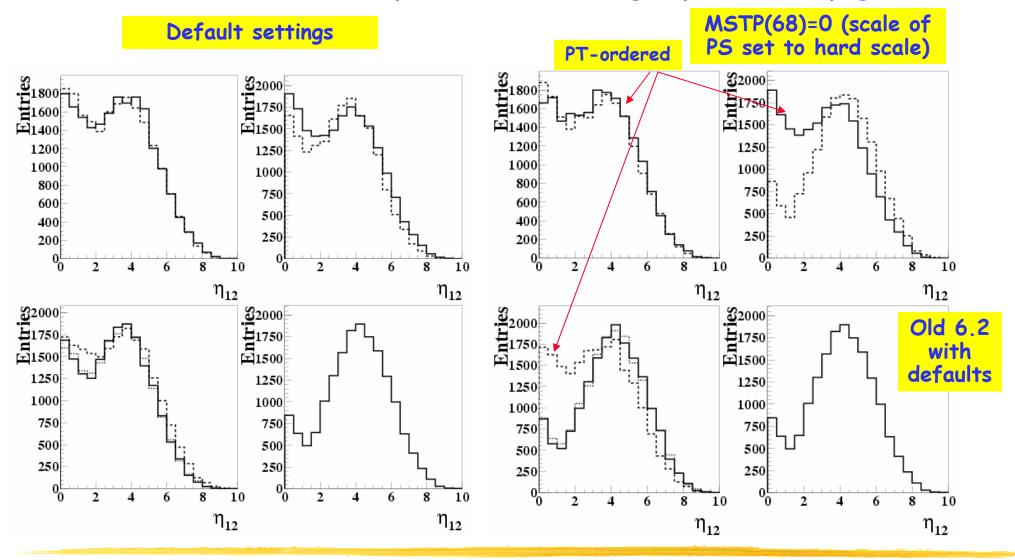
.. IMODEL = 6 : New UE model, pT-ordered showers.
               Energy rescaling pace slower than for Tune A.
               NB: Must be run with Pythia 6.312+higher using PYEVNW.
  IMODEL = 7 : Old (6.2-type) UE model, Q2-ordered showers.
               "Tune A", but with slower energy rescaling pace.
               NB: Can be run with Pythia 6.2 or 6.312+higher using
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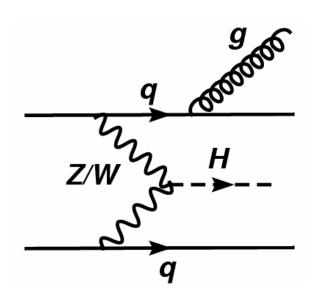
#First seven curves correspond to the settings specified in page 2



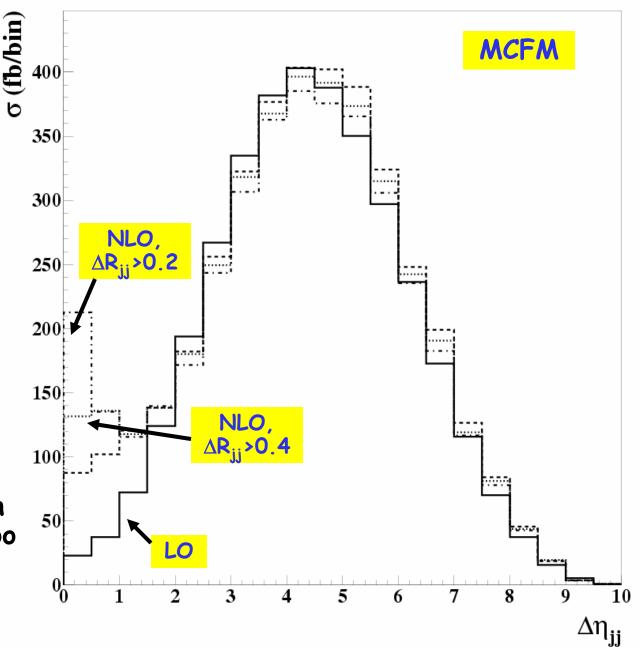
Bruce Mellado, Higgs WG Meeting 26/09/05

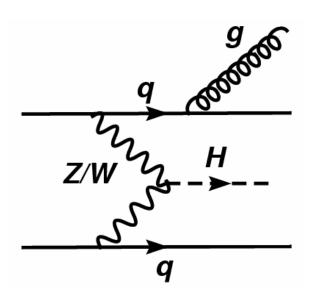
#First seven curves correspond to the settings specified in page 3



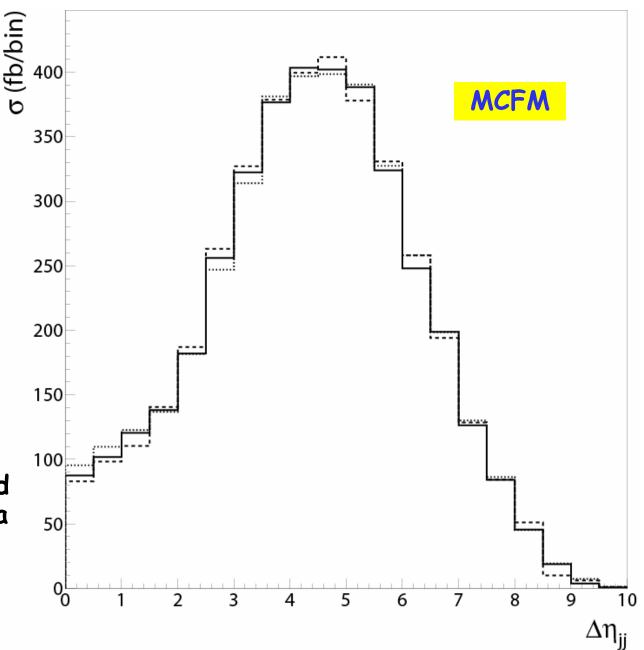


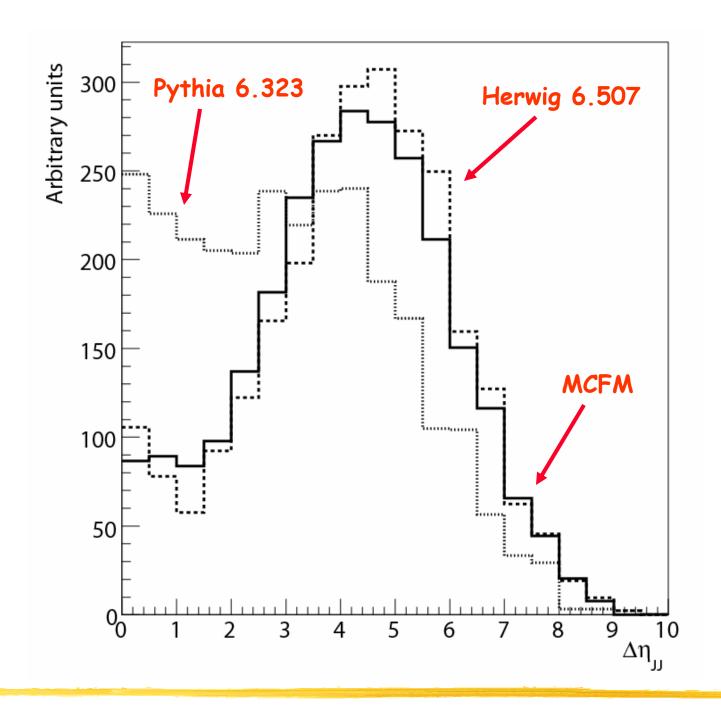
- ♣ Parton Shower is supposed to absorb the collinear divergence one observes using NLO ME
 - > It seems like the PS in PYTHIA is radiating too many collinear jets





- Scale dependence of distribution is very small according to MCFM
 - > Vary renormalization and factorization scales by a factor of 2 and 1/2





MC event samples and selection

- ➤ PYTHIA 6.2 / Rome M_H=115 GeV
- ▶ PYTHIA 6.3 / CSC M_H=120 GeV
- ➤ HERWIG / CSC M_H=120 GeV
- ➤ VBFNLO M_H=120 GeV
 (V. Hankle, B. Jäger, D. Zeppenfeld et al.)
 calculates NLO distributions , no MC event generator

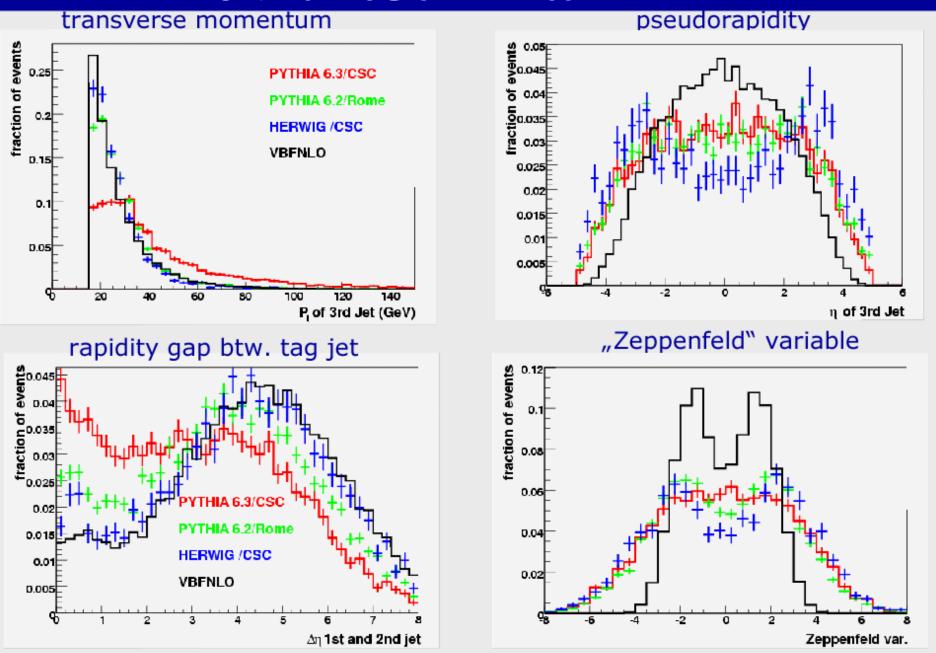
selection: at least 2 jets with pt>15 GeV

PYTHIA/HERWIG: ATLFAST jets / cone 0.4 including PS and UE

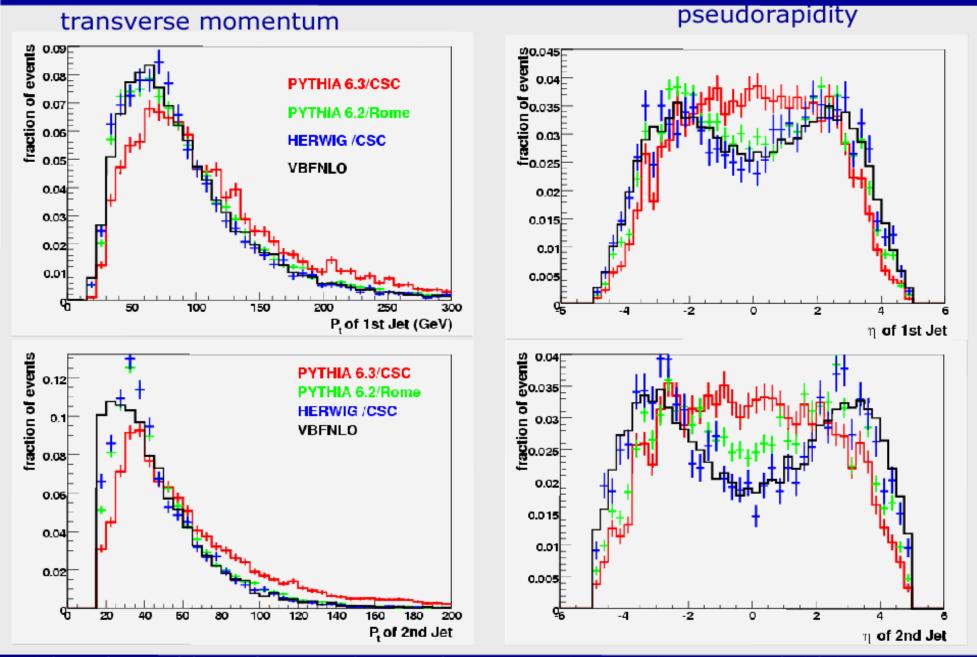
VBFNLO : truth jets on parton level / (naive) cone 0.4

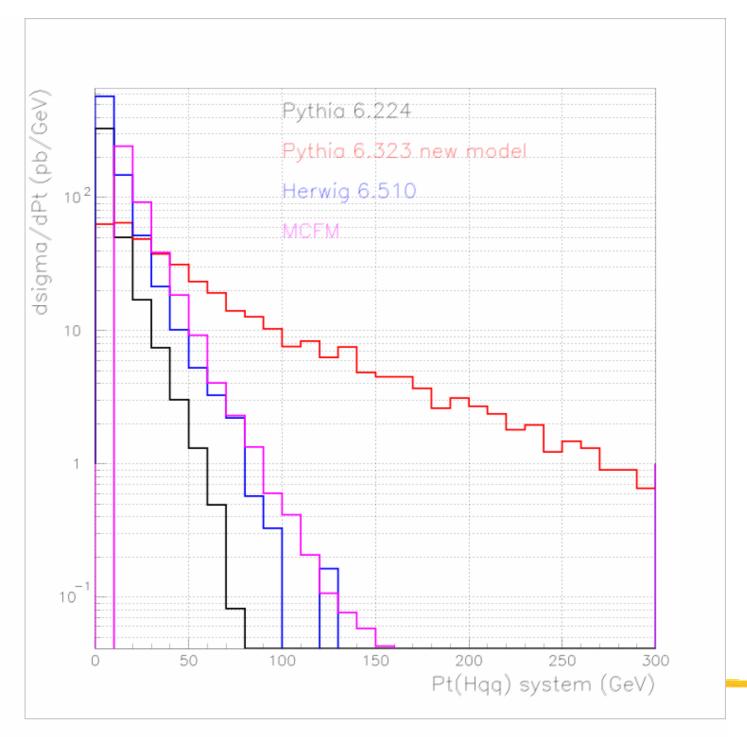
all figures normalised to unity → only comparison of shapes

Third jet, rapidity gap and "Zeppenfeld" variable



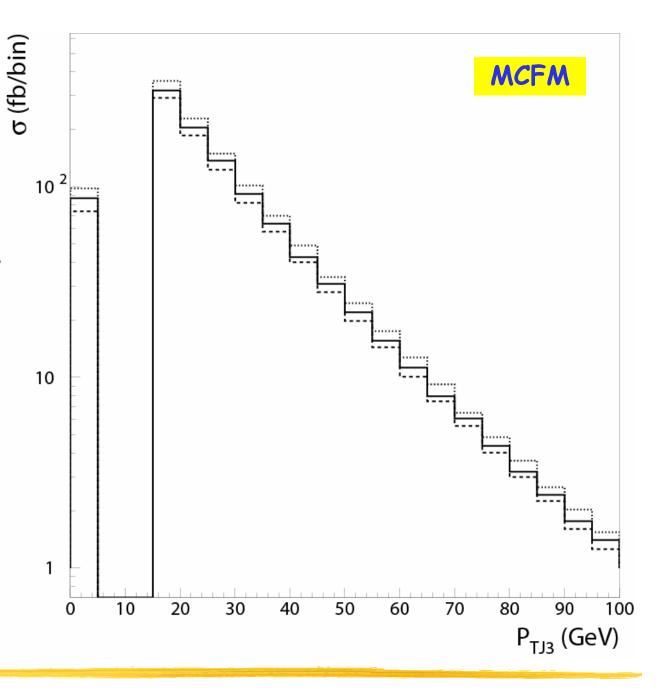
Tagging jets (two highest pt jets)





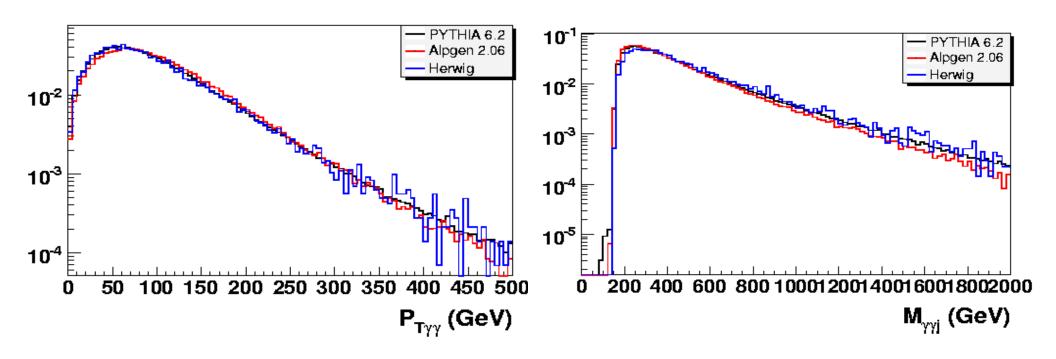
Scale dependence with MCFM

 Vary renormalization and factorization scales by a factor of 2 and 1/2



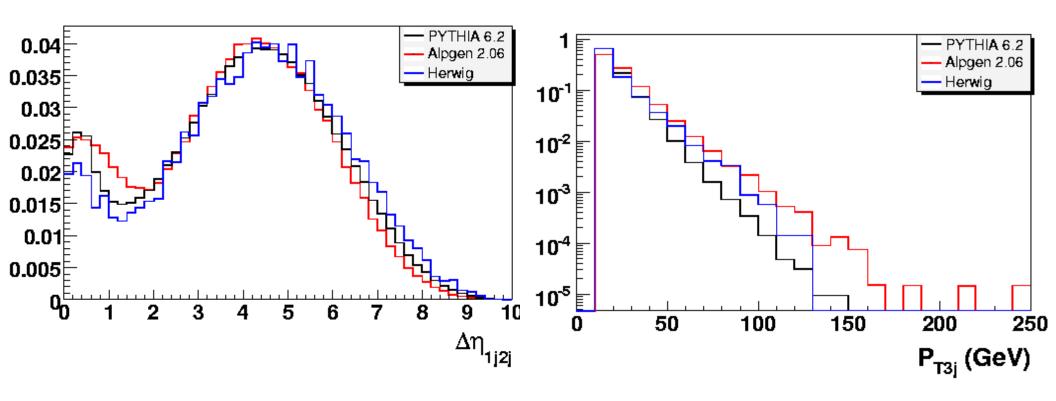
Comparison with ALPGEN

Preselection cuts: $P_{T\gamma_1,T\gamma_2}$ >20 GeV P_{TJ_1,J_2} >20GeV



Comparison with ALPGEN (cont)

Preselection cuts: $P_{T\gamma_1,T\gamma_2}$ >20 GeV P_{TJ_1,J_2} >20GeV



Cut flow in H+2jet Analysis

a	$P_{T\gamma 1}$ >57 GeV, $P_{T\gamma 2}$ >34 GeV, $\Delta \eta_{\gamma \gamma}$ <1.58
Ь	$\eta_{\rm J1}$ • $\eta_{\rm J2}$ <0, $P_{\rm TJ1}$ >40 GeV, $P_{\rm TJ2}$ >30 GeV, $\Delta \eta_{\rm JJ}$ >3.9
C	Photons in between tagging jets
d	M _{JJ} >610 <i>G</i> eV
e	Central jet veto (P _{TJ} >20 GeV η <3.2)
f	Mass window (±2 GeV)

VBF	a	Ь	С	d	e	f	Overall eff.
Pythia (6.2)	0.738	0.416	0.967	0.806	0.749	0.904	0.162
Herwig	0.720	0.449	0.978	0.826	0.605	0.904	0.142
Alpgen H+2j(exclu)	0.735	0.487	0.970	0.810	0.905	0.900	
Alpgen H+3j(inclu)	0.744	0.289	0.966	0.796	0.264	0.895	
Alpgen all	0.737	0.442	0.969	0.812	0.810	0.901	0.187