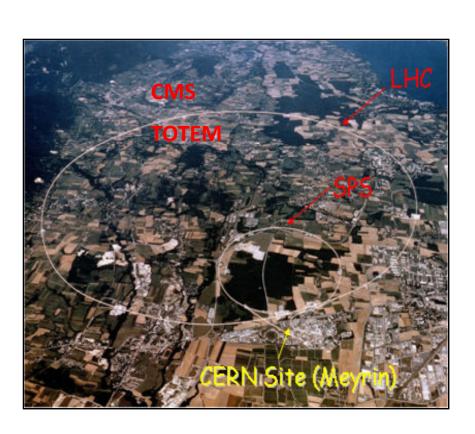
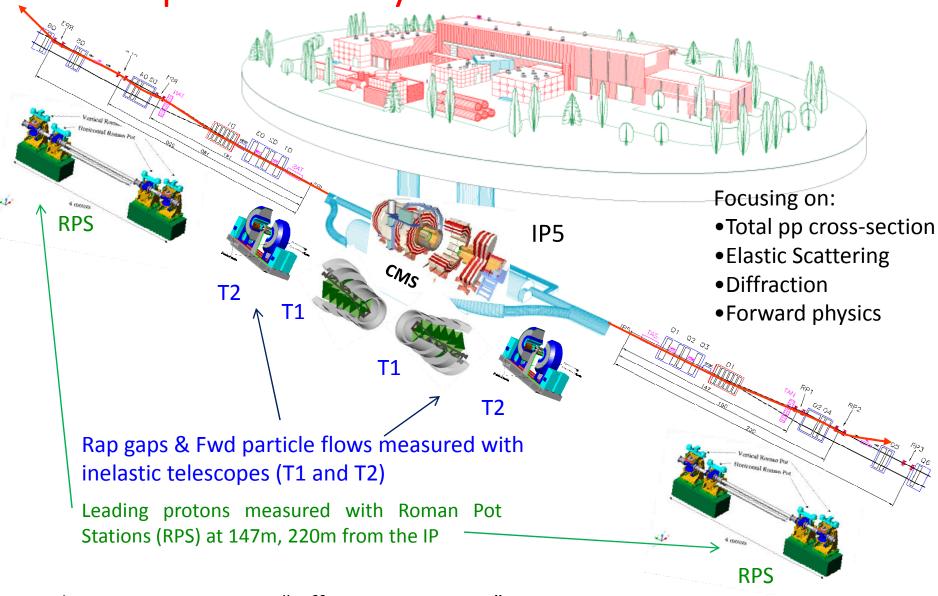
The TOTEM Detector at LHC



Gennaro Ruggiero/CERN-PH on behalf of the TOTEM Collaboration

TOTEM Collaboration: Bari, Budapest, Case Western Reserve, CERN, Genova, Helsinki, Penn State, Pisa/Siena, Prague, Tallin (~ 80 physicists)

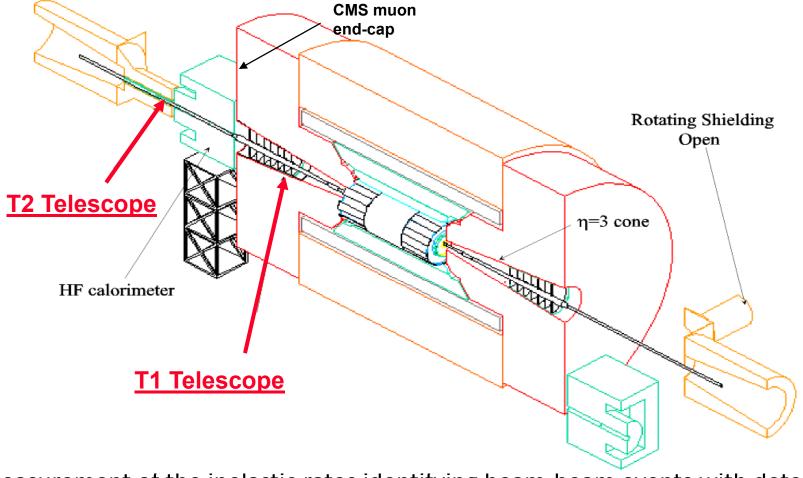
Experimental layout of the TOTEM Detector



See also: S. Giani "Diffraction at TOTEM"

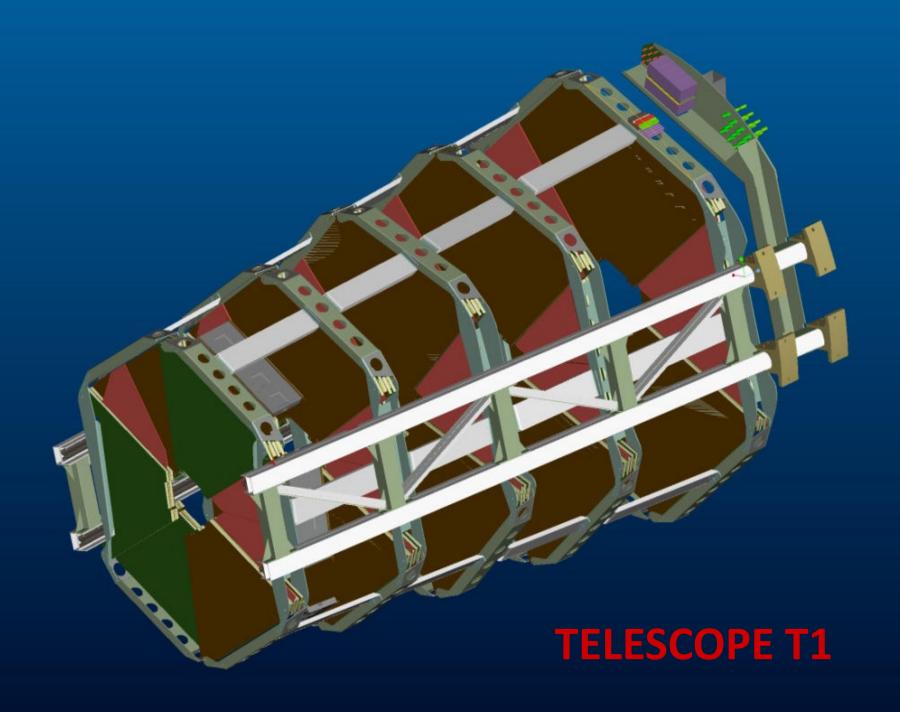
J. Kaspar "TOTEM Experiment: Elastic and Total Cross Sections"

The inelastic forward charged particle detectors

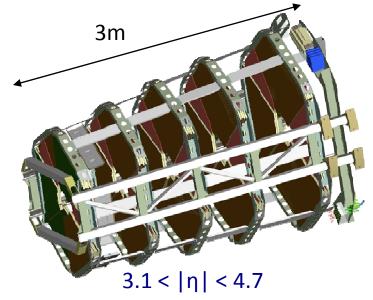


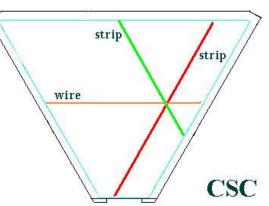
Measurement of the inelastic rates identifying beam-beam events with detectors capable to trigger and reconstruct the interaction vertex

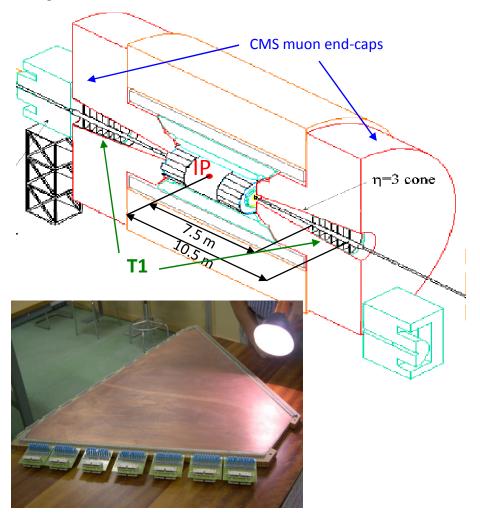
- Cathode Strip chambers (CSC) for T1
- •Gas Electron Multiplier chambers (GEM) for T2



T1 with Cathode Strip Chambers (CSC)

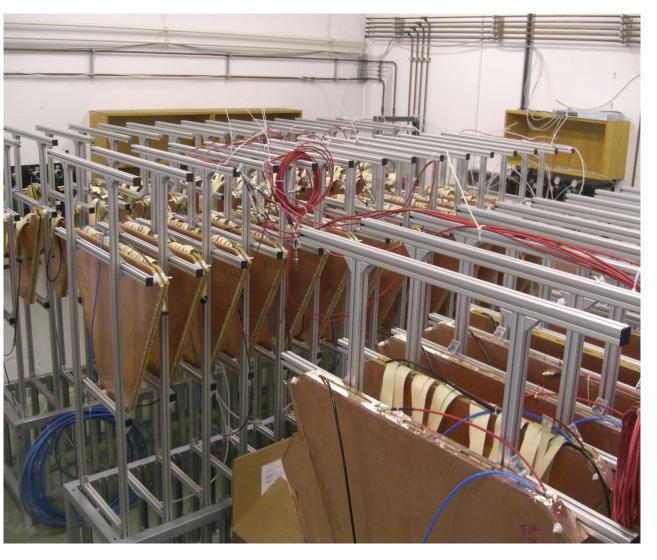






- 5 planes with measurement of 3 coordinates per plane
- 3 deg rotation and overlap between adjacent planes
- Primary vertex reconstruction allows background rejection
- Trigger with anode wires

Production of CSCs



Production at Gatchina (PNPI): 70 CSCs

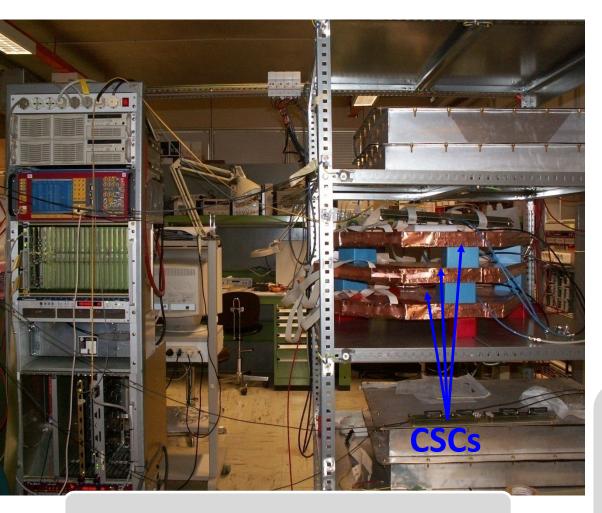
Test and assembly done at Genoa and CERN

Acceptance tests:

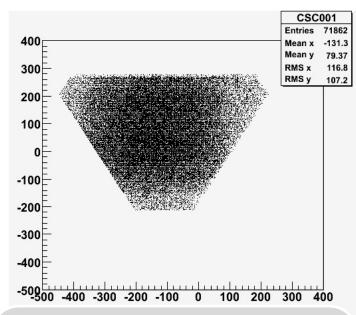
HV, gas tightness and gas gain uniformity

Ageing studies at the GIF: 12-month test with ~0.07 C/cm accumulated charge on wires corresponding to ~ 5 years at L=10³⁰cm⁻²s⁻¹

CSC test stand for commissioning with Cosmic Rays in Genoa



CSCs tested with complete readout chain



cosmic rays data for testing the complete reconstruction chain written and integrated in the TOTEM off-line framework, based on CMSSW

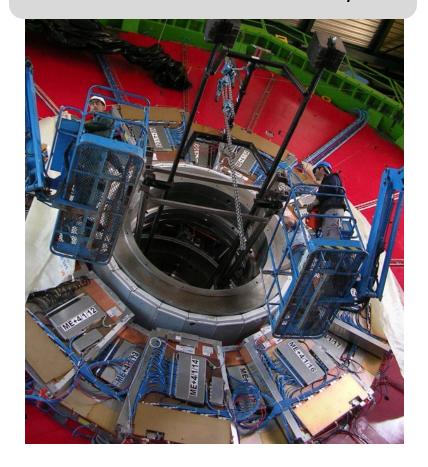
¼ T1 Telescope complete with CSC chambers



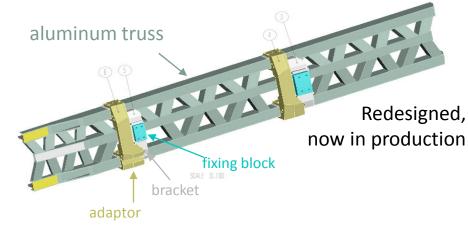


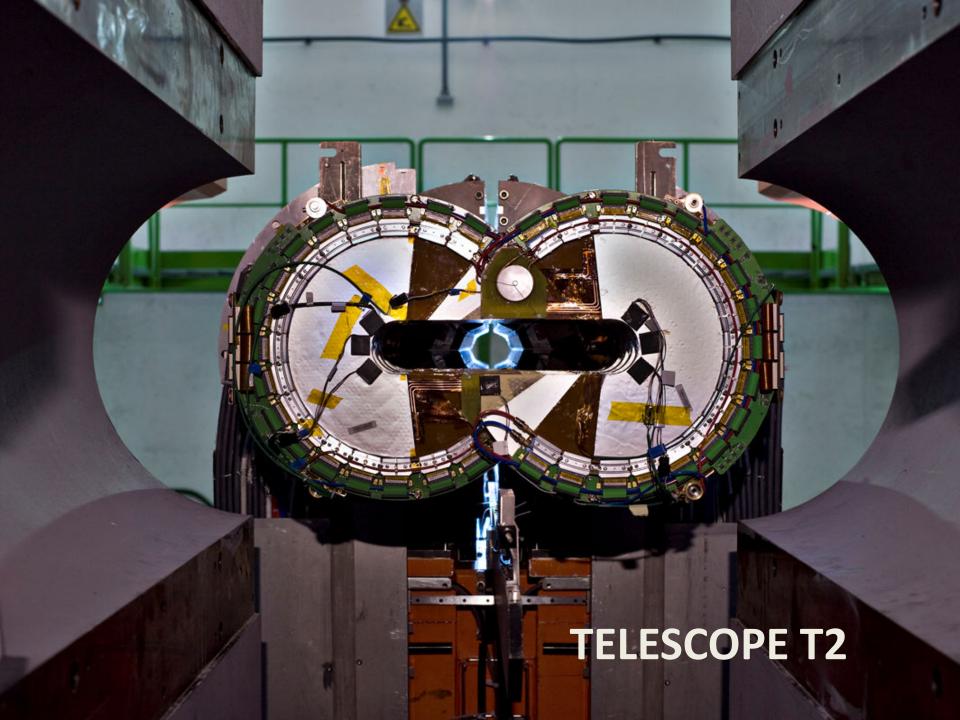
Installation of T1 in CMS

Two trusses with rails will be fixed to the internal walls of CMS return yoke









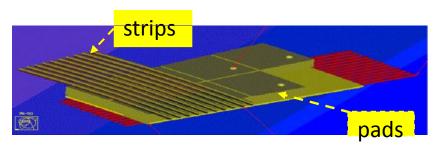
T2 with Gas Electron Multiplier (GEM)

F. Sauli, L. Ropelewski (1997)



charge amplification struct, and charge collection /

readout struct. geometrically decoupled.



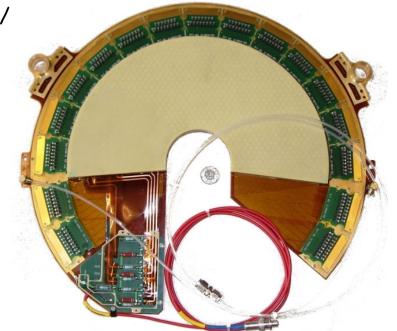
 $65(\phi) \times 24(\eta) = 1560 \text{ pads}$ Pads:

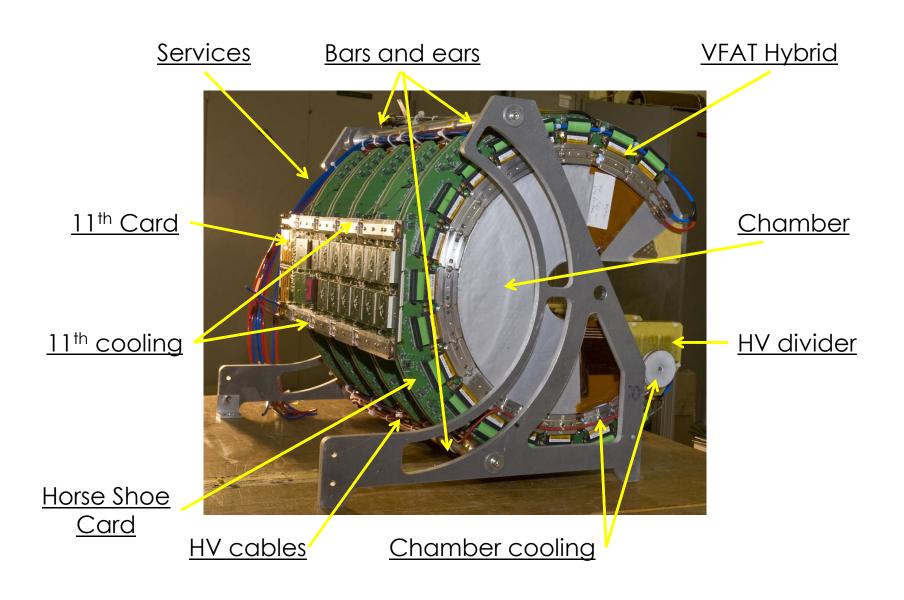
~2x2 mm² - ~7x7 mm²



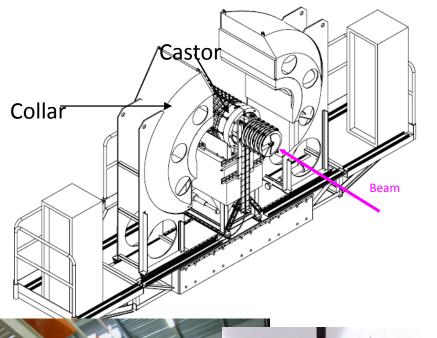
Acceptance tests: Leakage current, optical scanning, hole sizes (foils); gas sealing, humidity...

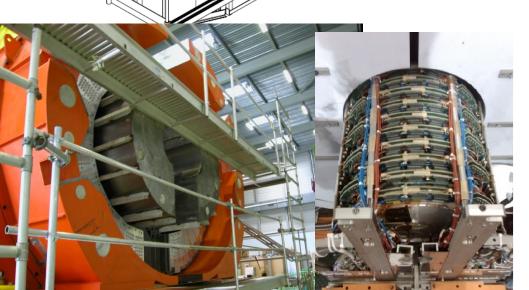
Final assembly at CERN

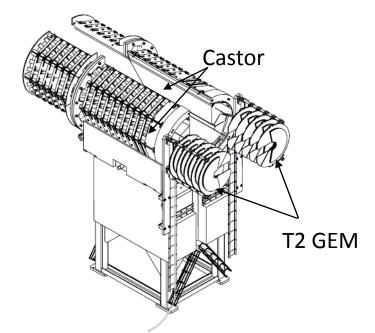




TOTEM T2 integration with CMS





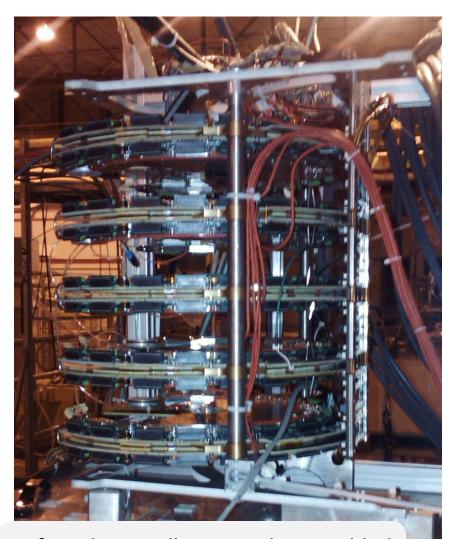


Insertion design together with CMS

10 triple-GEM planes on each side of the IP to cope with high particle fluxes.

$$5.3 < |\eta| < 6.6$$

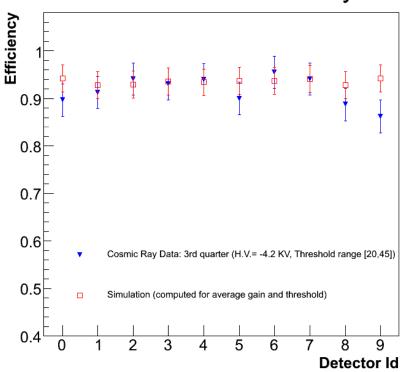
Commissioning with cosmic rays



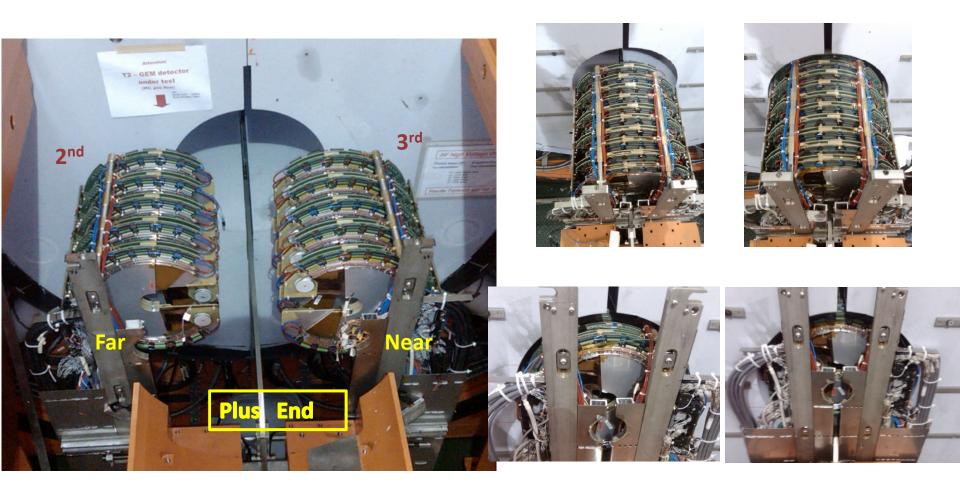
Before the installation each assembled quarter is tested with cosmic rays.

In these tests we used the readout chain, the HV and the LV supplies foreseen for the final system in IP5.

Detector Intrinsic Efficiency



Installation of T2 in CMS



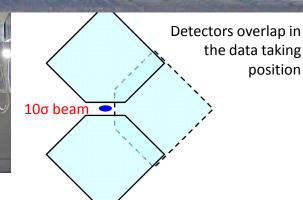
T2 is installed inside CMS on both ends
Will perform the CRAFT (cosmic ray magnetic field) test during this summer
Is ready to take data for the fall 2009 at the start of the LHC

The Roman Pots with Silicon Detectors

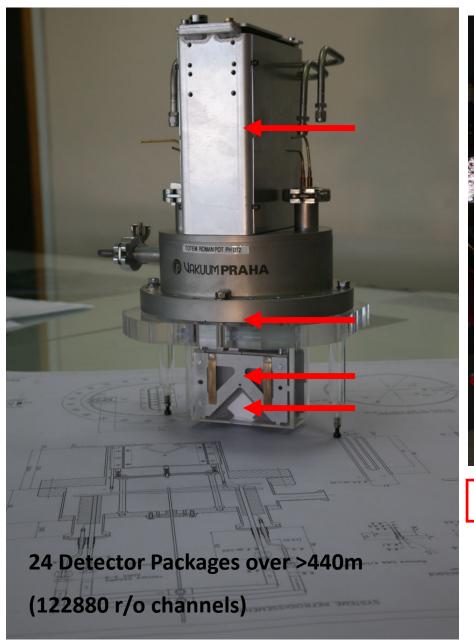


Maximize acceptance at low |t|:

- edgeless Si-detectors
- minimized space between detector edge and window
- minimized window thickness

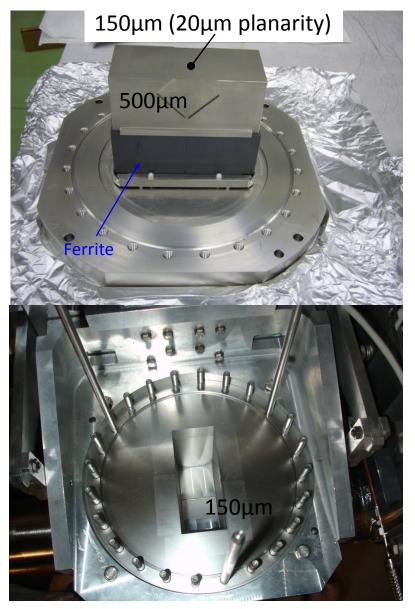


The Detector Package (DP)

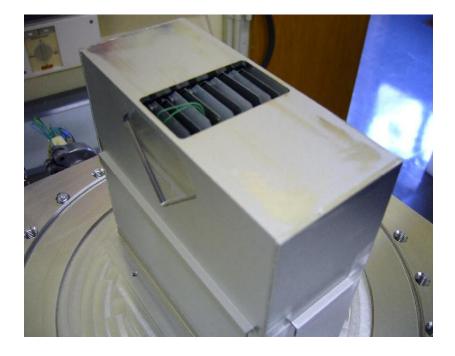




The Pot

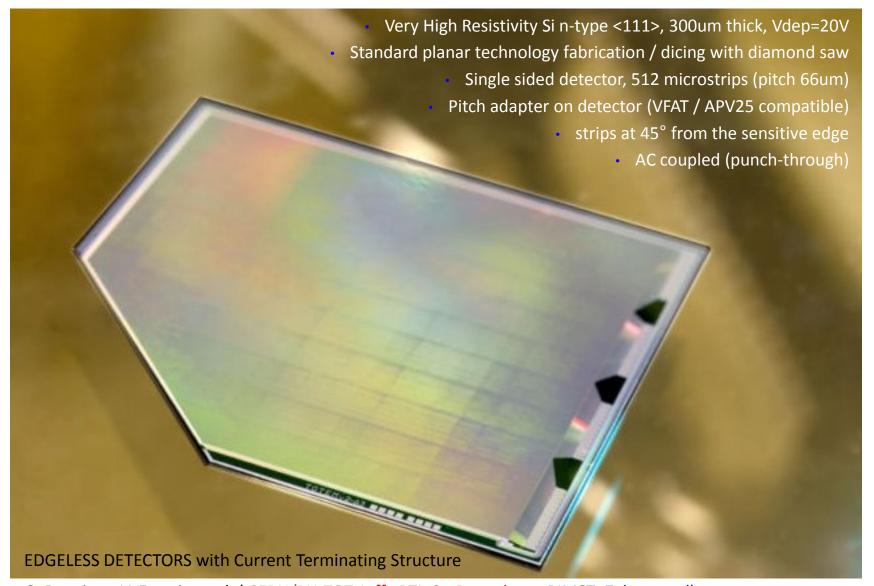


Separates the high vacuum of the machine from the detector's vacuums.



When the RP is in the Data taking position will approach the 10σ of the beam .

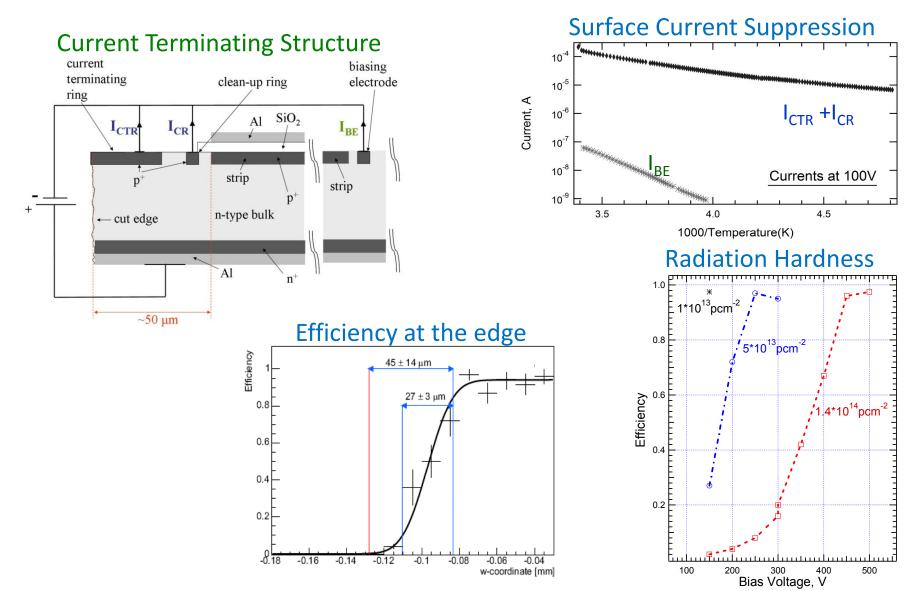
The Edgeless Silicon Detector (I)



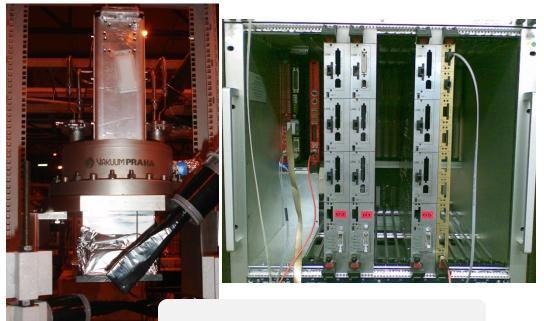
G. Ruggiero, V. Eremin et al. (CERN/PH-TOT, Ioffe PTI- St. Petersburg, RIMST- Zelenograd)

The Edgeless Silicon Detector (II)

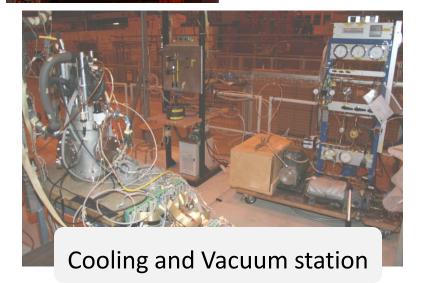
In general Si sensors have an insensitive edge of >1mm...

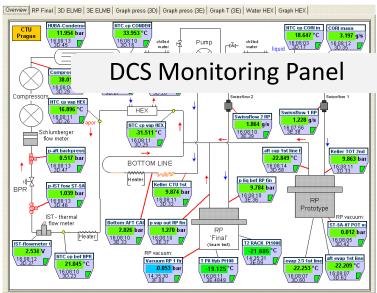


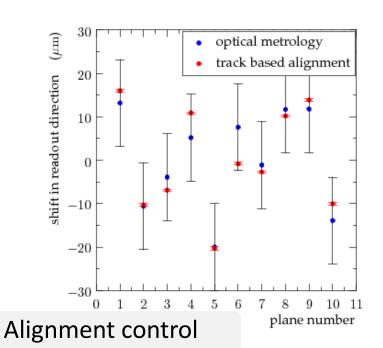
Commissioning of the DPs with beams in H8



Commissioning setup in H8

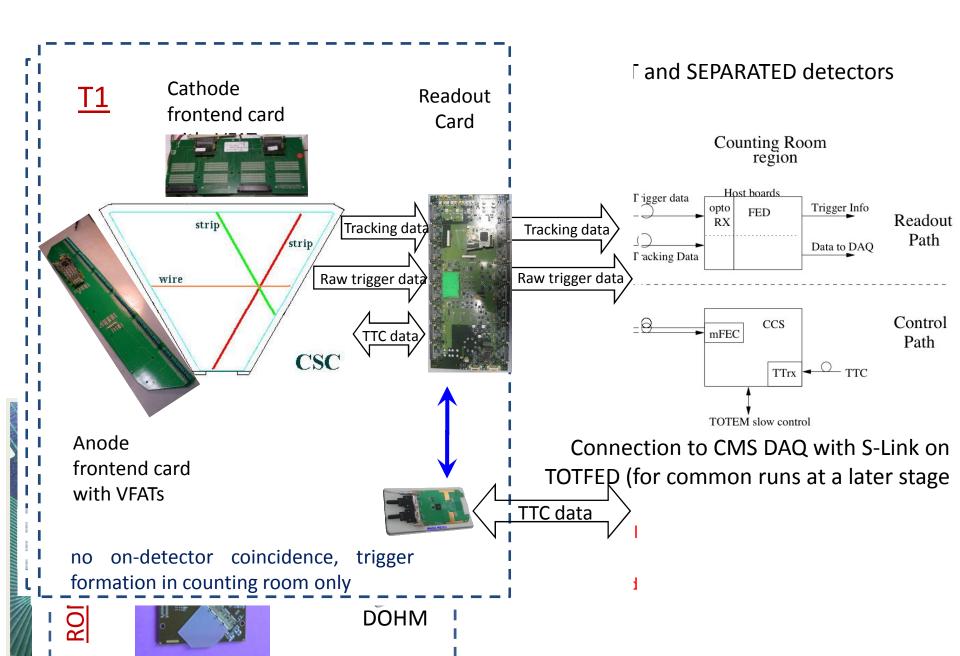




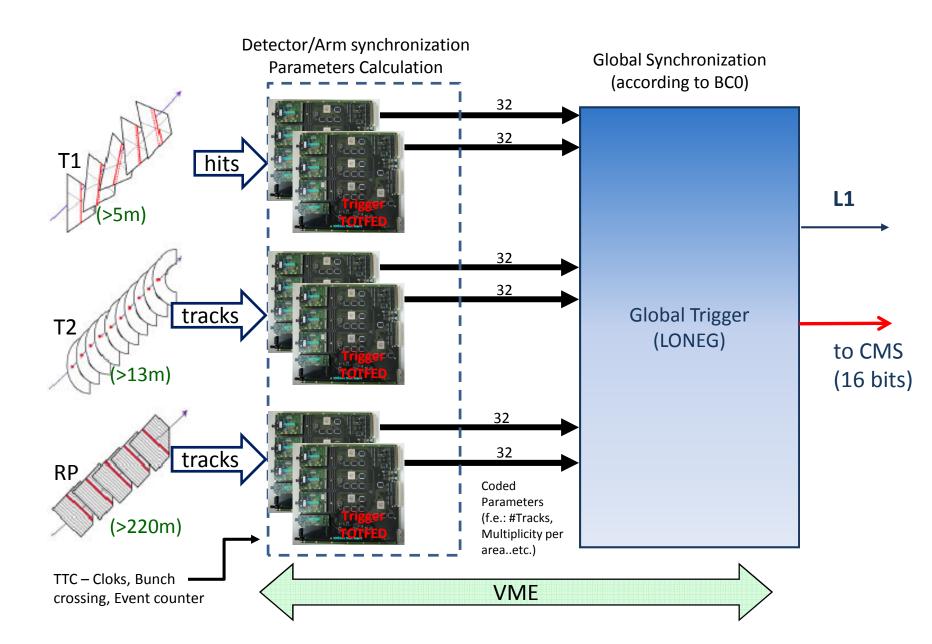




The TOTEM Readout Electronics



The TOTEM trigger strategy



SUMMARY

(TOTEM coarse History)

