## Proposals for single top at CMS

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Topics that I would like to discuss at Les Houches:

- V<sub>tb</sub> extraction
- S-channel, T-channel: proposed selection strategies
- Top reconstruction criteria
- Polarization from T-channel events
- Wt and light SUSY
- Top quark charge
- Systematics

#### S/B: Tevatron -> LHC

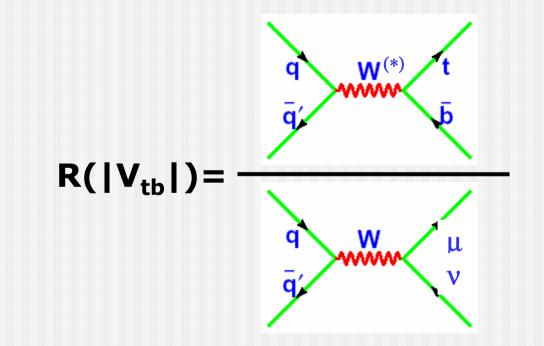
	1.96 TeV	14 TeV		
Single top (s-channel)	0.88±0.12 pb	10±1 pb	(x10)	
Single top (t-channel)	1.98±0.22 pb	245±17 pb	(x120)	
Single top (Wt channel)	0.15±0.04 pb	60±10 pb	(x400)	
ttbar pairs	6.70 <sup>+0.71</sup> -0.88 pb	825±150 pb	(x120)	
Wjj (*)	~1200 pb	~7500 pb	(x6)	
bb+other jets (*)	~2.4x10⁵ pb	~5x10⁵ pb	(x2)	
(*) Belyaev, Boos, and Dudko [hep-ph/ <u>9806332]</u>				

Direct  V <sub>tb</sub>   extraction				
$\sigma \sim  V_{tb} ^2 \longrightarrow \Delta V_{tb}/V_{tb} = \frac{1}{2}\Delta\sigma/\sigma = \frac{1}{2}[(S+B)^{\frac{1}{2}}/S + th. err]$				
	s-channel:	t-channel:		
PDF	4%	10%		
renorm. scale	4%	5%		
$\Delta M_t$ (±2GeV)	5%	2% We need to know		
better the gluon and b PDFs				
Wt-channel: 50% th. error (range of values in literature) (ATLAS stat. err.: s-ch. 5.4%, t-ch. 0.7%, Wt 2.8%)				

This makes s-channel preferred

## Direct $|V_{tb}|$ extraction: single top / single W

Moreover, in principle, many theoretical errors would disappear by normalising s-channel events over single W events:



(with care in choosing coherent cuts for the two processes, to avoid the reintroduction of the same errors in a subtler way)

# Challenges in single top selection

- Backgrounds are on both sides w.r.t. the signal for most discriminating variables!
- No single variable gives a decisive separation for s-channel (situation more favourable for tchannel due to the characteristic topology)
- Using NN or other "smart" multivariate techniques usually give a decisive advantages in difficult cases like this; the price to pay is the introduction of a strong model dependence (very serious drawback, given the poor knowledge of W+jets bkg and the impossibility to calibrate with data until LHC starts...)
- Selections based on number of jets, MET, H<sub>t</sub>, and using MET and jets to reconstruct the top: understanding jet (and MET) calibration is crucial

### M(lvb): ambiguities

 $P_z(v)$  reconstucted from W mass constrain  $M_W^2 = E_W^2 - P_{Wx}^2$ : quadratic equation, 2-fold ambiguity.

- min |M(lvb)-M<sub>t</sub>| **pro:** best resolution, **con:** obvious bias
- $\Delta R(W,b)$
- min  $P_z(t)$

Effectiveness and bias on mass have to be investigated.

When both selected jets are b-tagged, another 2-fold ambiguity in the assignment to the top.

- min |M(lvb)-M<sub>t</sub>|
- highest b-tag value
- min P<sub>z</sub>(t)
- max P<sub>t</sub>(t)
- "b-jet charge" opposite to lepton charge

It makes sense for t-channel search.

Most used in literature.

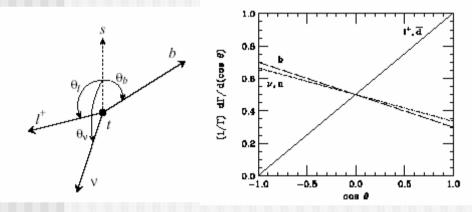
Why not? Maybe combined with the above, e.g. making use of a "Decision Tree"...

# s-channel/t-channel separation: ideas

- Of course, 2 vs 1 b-tagged jets
- η(j) (j: "worst" b-jet)
- $\Delta R(b,j)$  (b: "best" b-jet)
- Invariant mass of the lvbj system?
- (Note: if we want to extract M<sub>t</sub>, we have to beware of the biases from the last two items...)
- Orthogonal shape variables (Matt Bowen et al.)

#### Polarization in t-channel

- Standard Model consistency check: single tops <u>have</u> to be polarized
- Many new physics scenarios give  $|g_R| > 0$



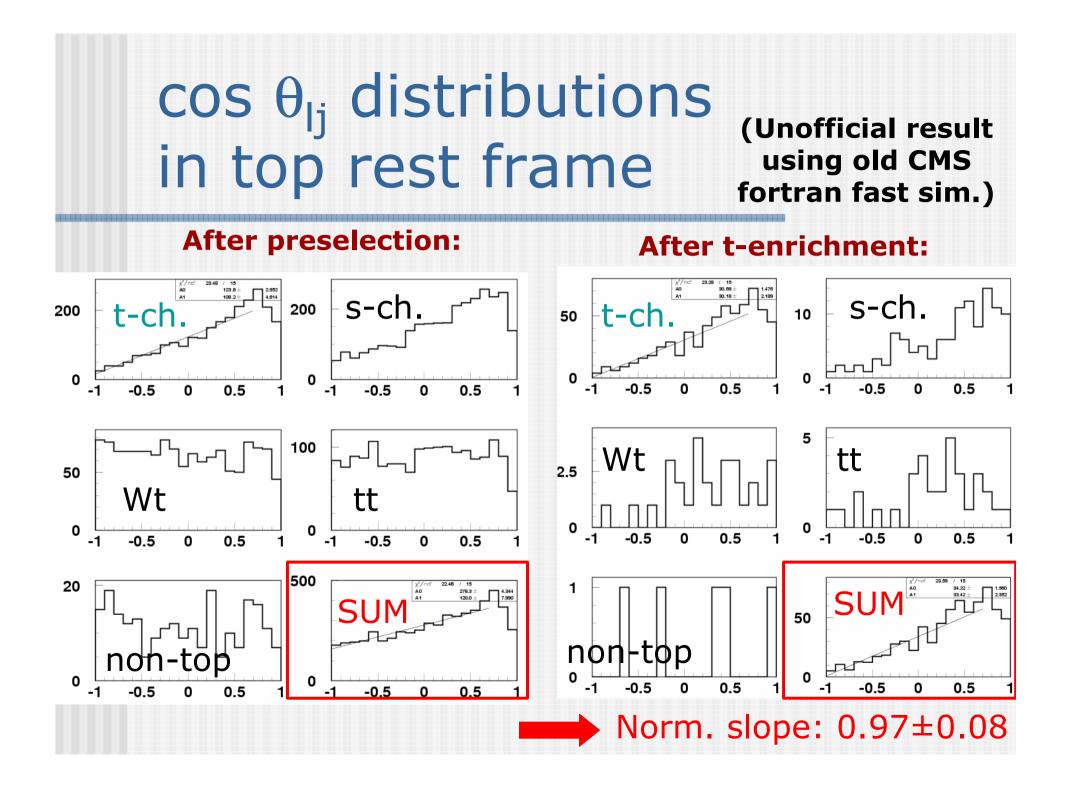
 $(d\Gamma/\Gamma)/d(\cos\theta)=\frac{1}{2}(1+A\cos\theta)$ 

A(I)=+1, A(b)=-0.40, A(v)=-0.33

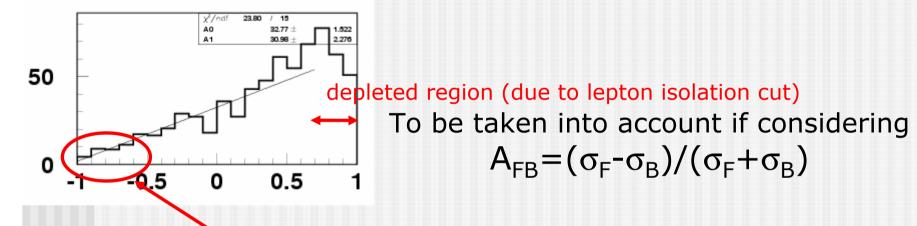
**θ: lepton/chirality axis angle** 

In the ultrarelativistic limit, chirality~elicity. Not the top case!

Varion (hep-ph/9811219): in the top r.f., spin axis is always parallel to the "down" quark direction. In t-channel its better approximation is the recoil jet axis. ATLAS: ±1.6% precision on top polarization @10 fb<sup>-1</sup>



## Polarization: Interpretation

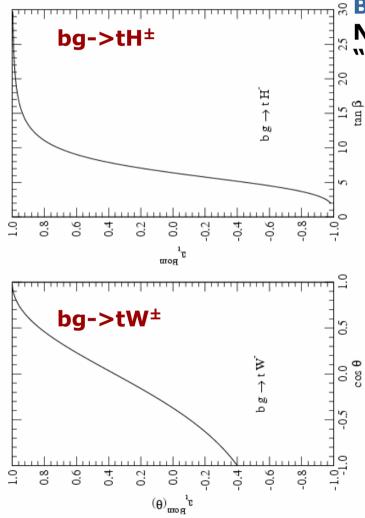


Non-zero g<sub>R</sub> would be visible mostly here

#### In case of an excess in the first bins, carefully check:

- that the background contamination is under control
- that the top direction is well reproduced (missing  $E_t \rightarrow v!$ )
- that jet-finding algorithm is reliable
  - how well the recoil jet approximates the parton direction?
  - try different jet algos to estimate a systematic effect?

#### Single top and SUSY



Multion of single top production in a "Iight" SUSY scenario (350-400 GeV).

Main consideration: the only relevant SUSY parameter is  $tan\beta$ 

Effects: >10% in any channel, in particular in associated production (bg->tY, Y=W,H). Strong dependence on  $tan\beta$ .

bg->tW<sup>±</sup>:

- *cosθ* asimmetry
- no  $tan\beta$  dependence

bg->tH<sup>±</sup>:

- no *cosθ* asimmetry
- $tan\beta$  dependence

#### Top charge

- Is the discovered "top quark" a charge 4/3 pseudo-quark? D. Chang, W.F. Chang, E. Ma, Physical Review D 59 091503
- Global EW fit is consistent with this hypothesis, given a "true top" mass  ${\sim}230~\text{GeV}$
- In Run I, CDF and D0 were not able to distinguish among (W+b)(W-bbar) and (W-b)(W+bbar): angular correlations + jet charge determination is a very difficult task.

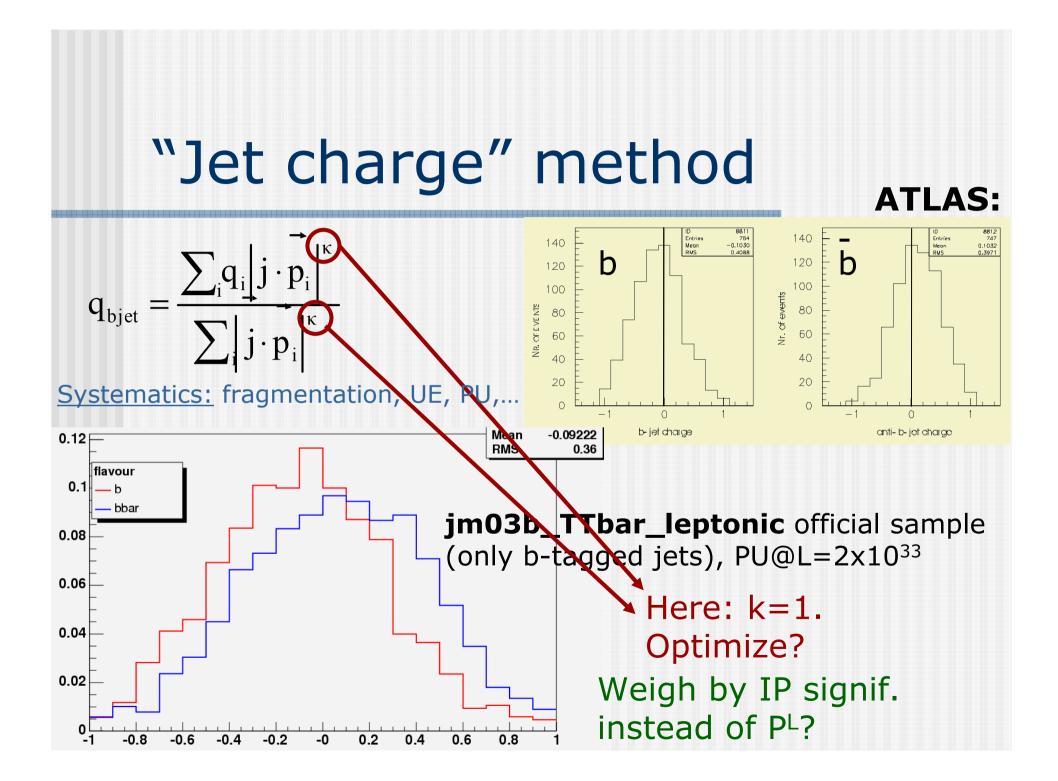
The two competing hypotheses on  $|Q_t|$  may be tested from:

- QED coupling: rate of  $tt\gamma$  and  $t \rightarrow bW\gamma$  evts
- estimation of b-jet charge in ttbar events

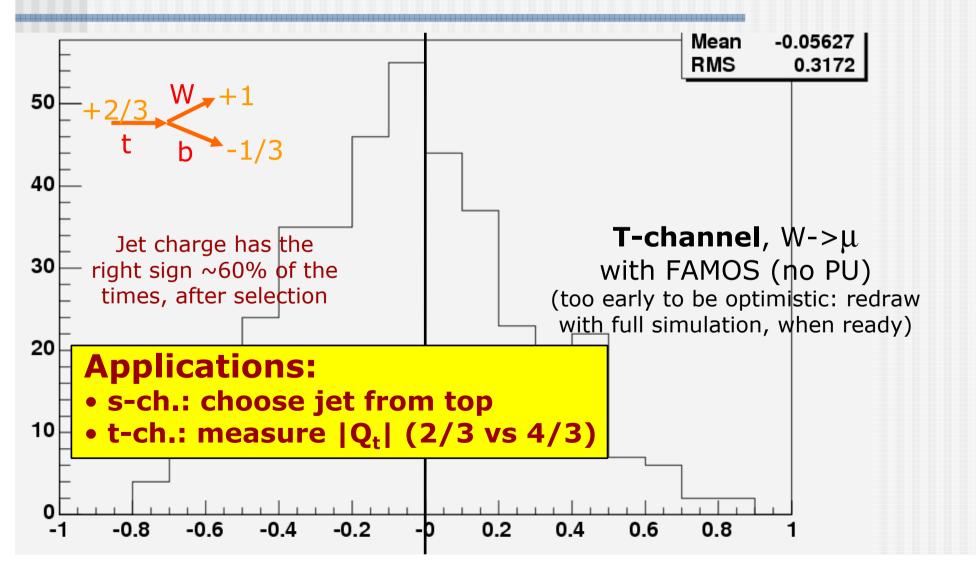
" " in single top events?

- Cross section at LHC is not that small (250 pb, against 825 pb for ttbar)
- Very characteristic topology allows selection of high purity samples
- Top may be reconstructed with very little ambiguity (usually only 1 b in acceptance)

✓ Determination of b flavour (b/bbar) in semileptonic top is a determination of |Q(t)| (assuming |Q(b)|=1/3)



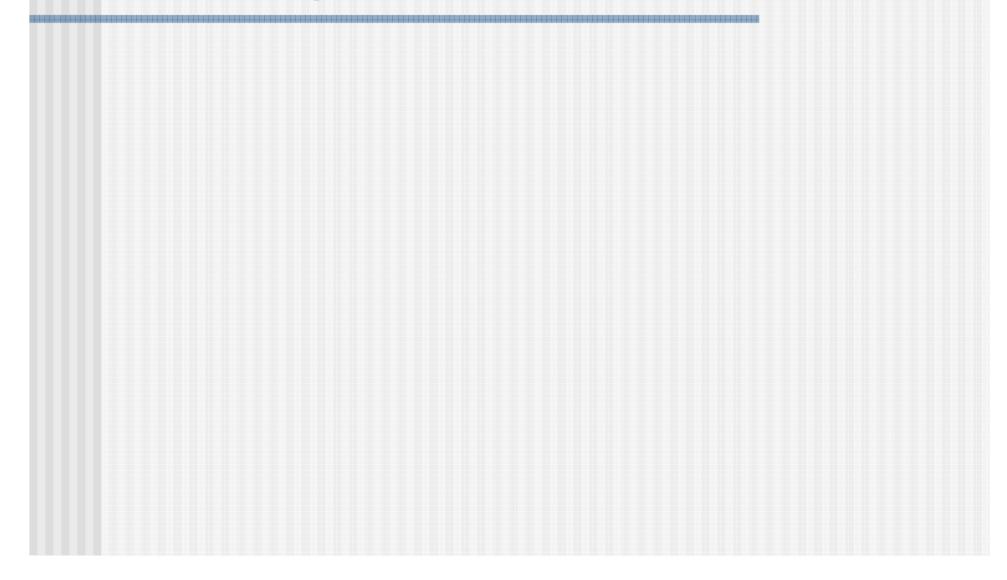
#### Jet charge x lepton charge



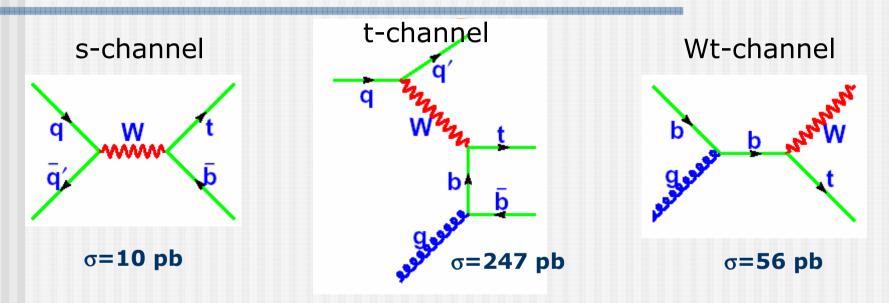
### **Systematics**

- Influence of PDFs on the analysis (most important for V<sub>tb</sub> extraction)
- b fragmentation (variate/optimize cone opening?)
- FSR (variate/optimize cone opening and recover soft jets?)
- b-tagging
- Jet energy scale & resolution
- Trigger effects
- UE modeling (forward jet in t-channel)
- Background modeling (W+jets)

### Backup slides



#### Single top



- Never observed so far
- Directly related to |V<sub>tb</sub>|

(not a  $V_{tb}/\Sigma V_{ti}$  ratio -> no assumption on the number of quark generations) FCNC (t-ch.), new gauge

- Sensitivity to new physics: FCNC (t-ch.), new gauge bosons (s-ch.), H<sup>±</sup>->tb ...
- Background to tt and several searches (ttH, WH->lvbb, ...)
- Possibility to study top properties (mass, polarization, charge) with very little reconstruction ambiguities

### Single top: "how to"

#### General strategy (both s/t-ch.):

- 1 isolated lepton
- 2 high E<sub>t</sub> jets
- at least 1 tagged b-jet
- ■missing E<sub>t</sub>
- •I+MET:  $M_T$  compatible with W
- **•** $H_t$  (scalar sum of all  $E_t$ 's)
- $\blacksquare$ M(lvb) in a window around M<sub>t</sub>

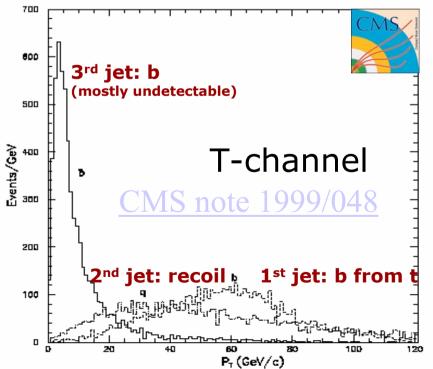
#### s/t-channel separation:

- 2(b-t-b)/1 tagged b-jets
- 0/1 jets in the forward calo
- 2/1 central jets

angular distance between the reco top and the remaining jet

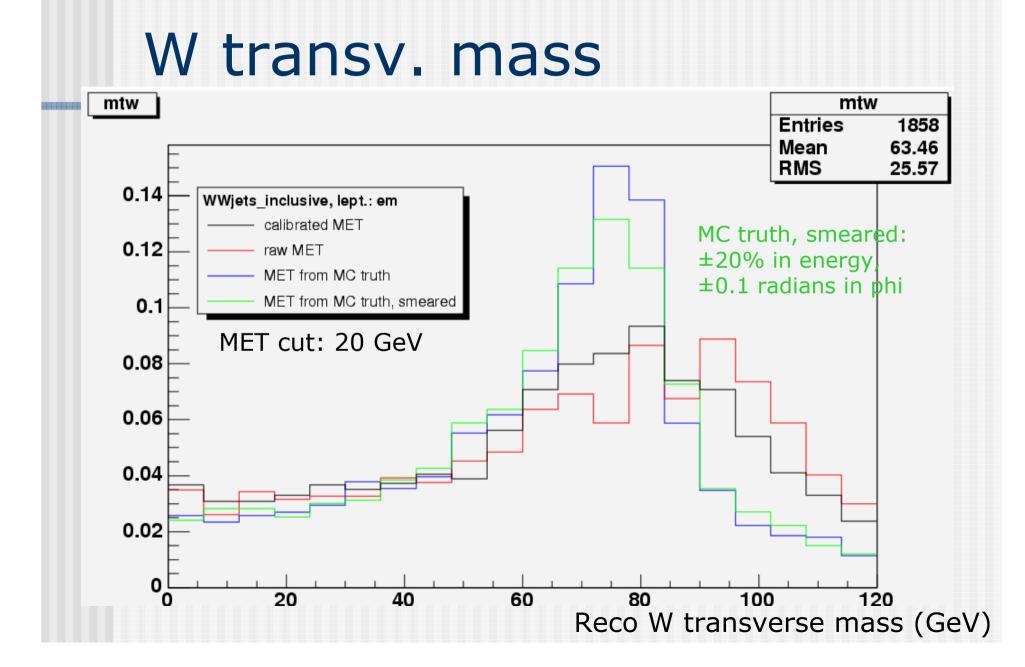
For MET and H<sub>t</sub>, single top lies in the middle between non-top and ttbar bkgs. <u>S-channel</u>: S/B<0.2, main bkgs: ttbar->2l (1 lost), Wbb, t-channel.

<u>T-channel</u> is much easier to select, due to higher cross section and unique topology.

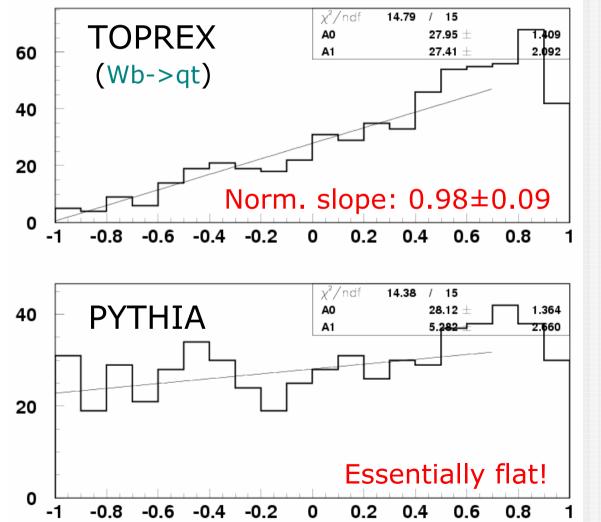


# W mass constraint: what if it has no real solution?

- ATLAS takes the real part of the solutions; is this motivated?
- What is the cause of  $\Delta < 0$ ?
- Suspect: overestimated MET)
- Using MET from jets: ~1/3 of the signal events have no real solution
  Using MET from MC particles: <1/4</li>

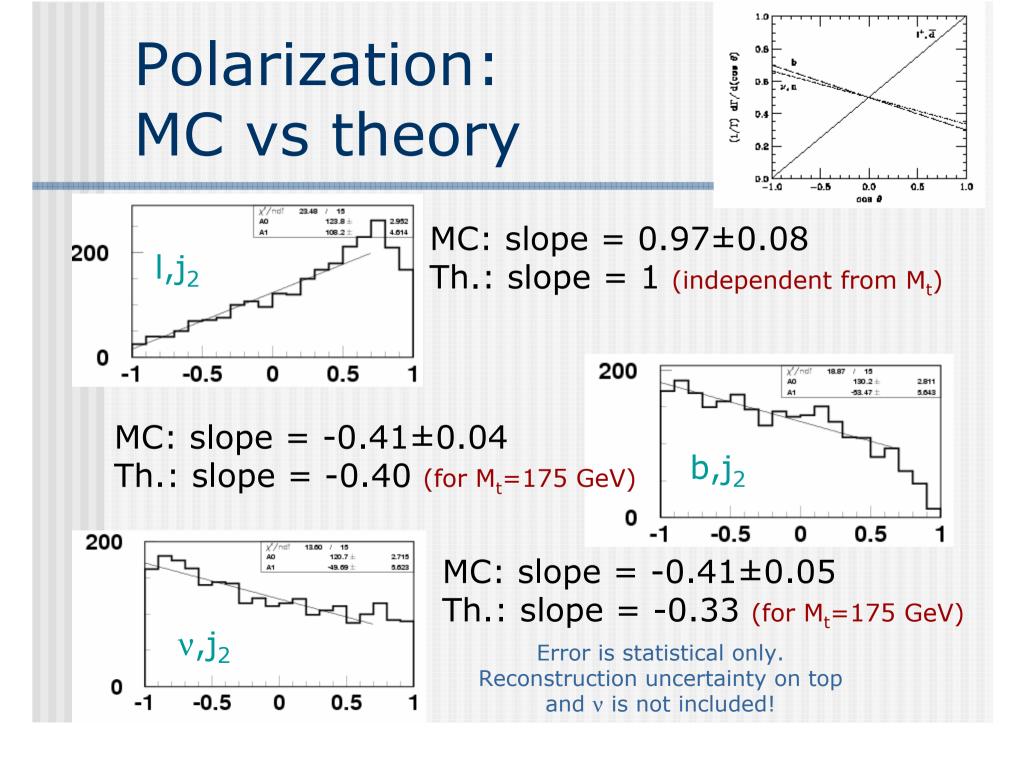


## Polarization: Consistency check



To be sure that this shape is not an analysis artifact, I compare Wb->qt samples produced with PYTHIA (i.e. unpolarized) and **TOPREX** (the NLO diagram Wg->qtb is not taken into account in PYTHIA) t-channel:

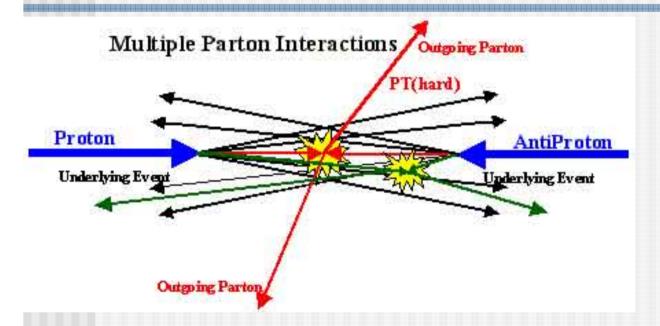
Wb->qt + Wg->Wbb->qtb



# Top charge: "fully reconstructed top"?

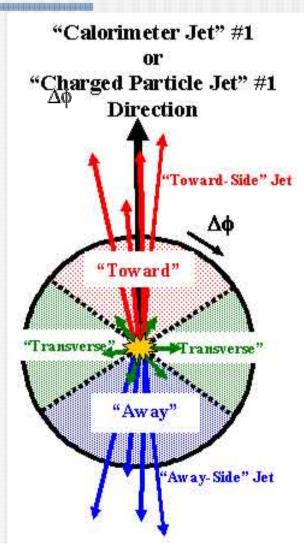
- Only one event would be sufficient!!!
- Idea: t-channel enriched sample, t->lvb, no other b in the acceptance, B meson fully reconstructed
- E.g.:  $B_s \to D_s \pi$ , with (a)  $D_s \to \phi \pi$ ,  $\phi \to K^+ K^-$ , or (b)  $D_s \to K^{*0} K$ ,  $K^{*0} \to K \pi$
- $P(b \rightarrow B_s) = 10.5\%$ ,  $BR(B \rightarrow D_s \pi) = 3 \times 10^{-3}$ ,
- (a) BR( $D_s \rightarrow \phi \pi$ )=3.6%, BR( $\phi \rightarrow K^+K^-$ )=50%,
- (b)  $BR(D_s > K^{*0}K) = 3.3\%$ ,  $BR(K^{*0} > K\pi) = 66\%$
- CMS-NOTE 2000/038: mass & vtx quality cuts give  $\varepsilon(a)=13\%$ ,  $\varepsilon(b)=9\%$  (trigger not included)
- Assuming 10k (after selection) t-channel top quarks @30 fb<sup>-1</sup> (realistic, maybe we can do better): 1050 B<sub>s</sub>, 3 D<sub>s</sub>, ~0.06 of which fully reconstructed.
- <u>Too few</u> for the low luminosity phase. High lumi? (What are the efficiencies for the exclusive channels???)

### **Underlying Event**

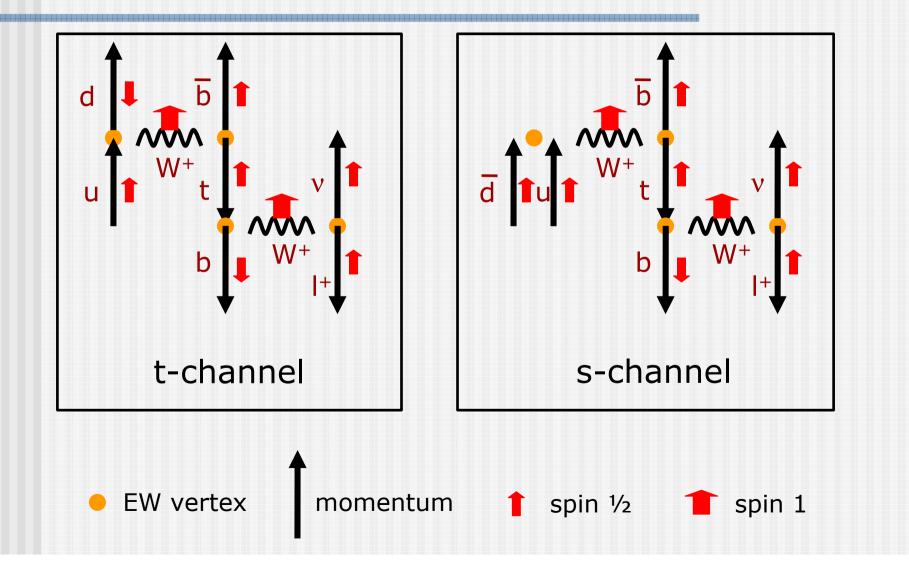


The "transverse" region is defined by  $60^{\circ} < |\phi| < 120^{\circ}$  and  $|\eta| < 1$ .

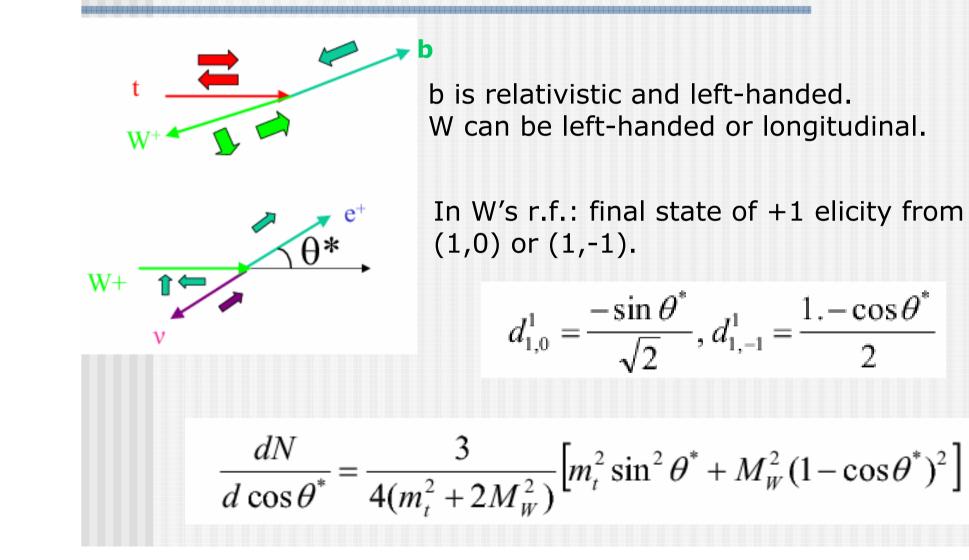
The "transverse" region is perpendicular to the plane of the hard 2-to-2 scattering and is very sensitive to the "underlying event" component of the QCD Monte-Carlo models.



#### Spin flow for single top



#### Angular distrib. t->W->I



# What can Tevatron do for LHC?

- Very similar environment: ideal to test analysis strategies and understand similar systematics (e.g. Underlying Event)
- W+jets, in particular Wbb(X), Wcc(X), Wc(X), are significant backgrounds for Top analyses at both accelerators; different MC models give different kinematics => sizeable differences in efficiency estimates. Improvement by tuning generators to Tevatron data?
- PDFs for LHC are currently extrapolated from a global fit heavily relying on HERA ep data.
- But Tevatron pp data contribute with a richer menu (e.g. constraints to gluon PDF)
- Impression from the outside(\*): Currently relatively few studies at CDF+D0 to constrain PDFs. Is it true?

(\*) I.e. by watching public results: http://www-cdf.fnal.gov/physics/physics.html

http://www-d0.fnal.gov/Run2Physics/WWW/