

WBF Higgs Physics at the LHC

- What can be learned from the Tevatron -

Michael Dürrssen

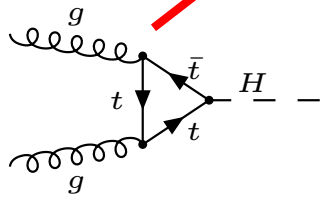
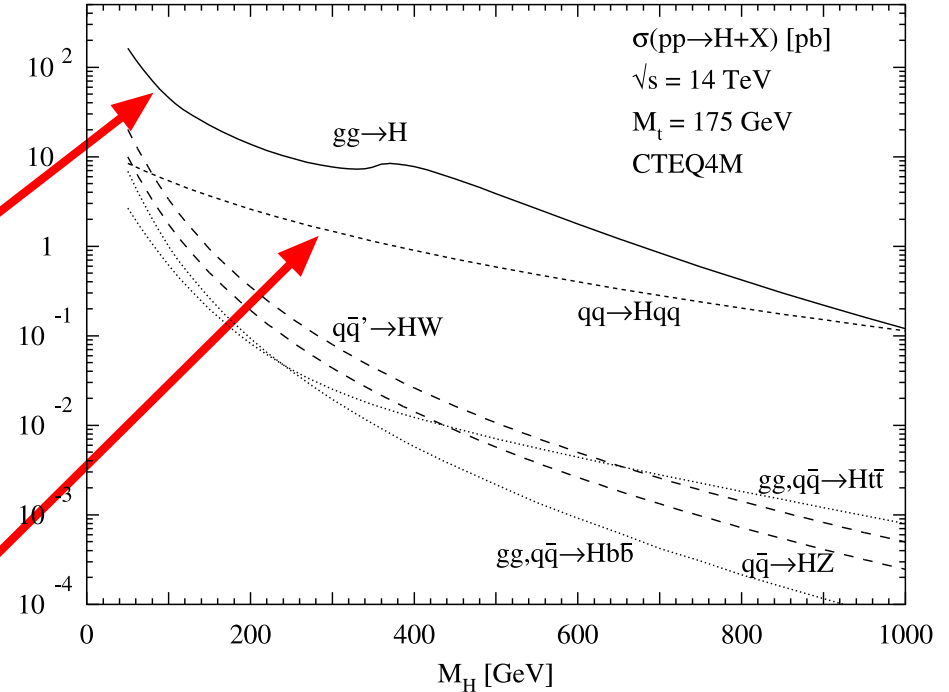
University of Freiburg, Germany

Fermilab, TeV4LHC, October 2005

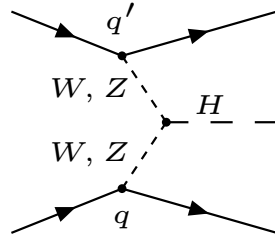
- **Introduction / Motivation**
- **Discovering the Higgs at the LHC**
 - Inclusive $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ and $H \rightarrow ZZ$
 - $gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow WW$
 - **WBF $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$**
 - **WBF $H \rightarrow WW$**
- **Summary**

Introduction - Higgs Boson Production at LHC

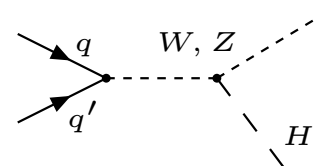
- Gluon Fusion large due to large gluon luminosity at LHC
- NLO cross sections known at 5% (WBF) to 15% (GF) level



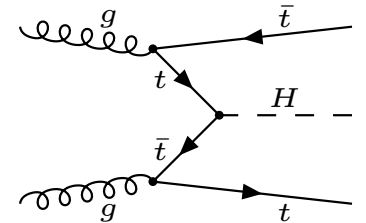
Gluon-Fusion
(GF)
 $(gg \rightarrow H)$



Weak-Boson-Fusion (WBF)
 $(qq \rightarrow qq H)$



W-, Z-
Bremsstrahlung
 (WH, ZH)

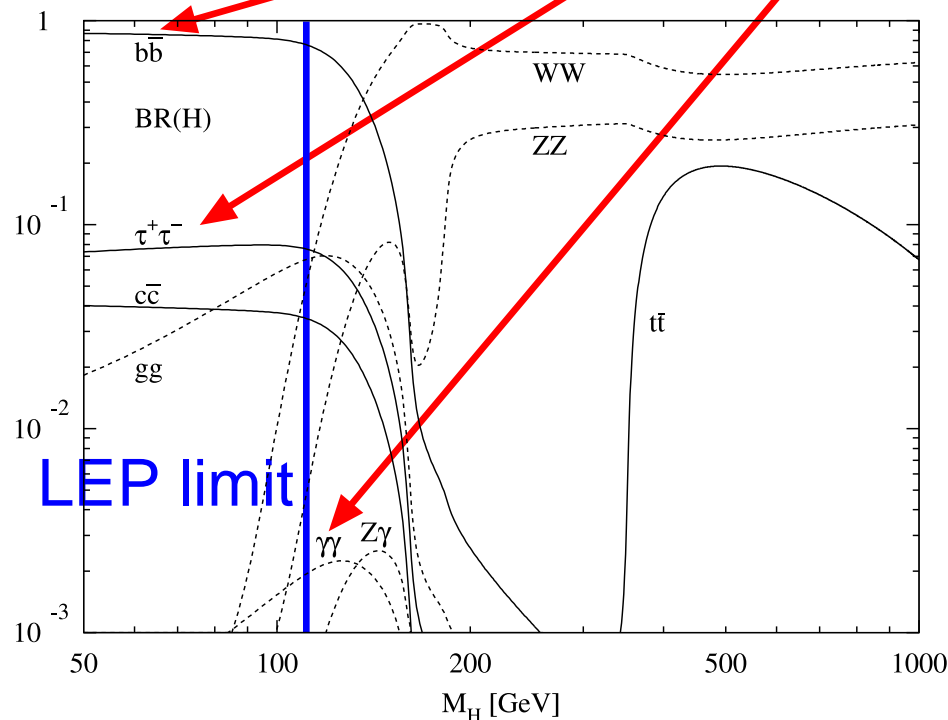


$t\bar{t}$ associated
production
 $(t\bar{t}H)$

Introduction - Higgs Boson Decays

$110 \text{ GeV} \lesssim m_H \lesssim 150 \text{ GeV}$:

- close to LEP limit, discovery is most problematic for LHC
- search for $H \rightarrow bb, \tau\tau, \gamma\gamma$

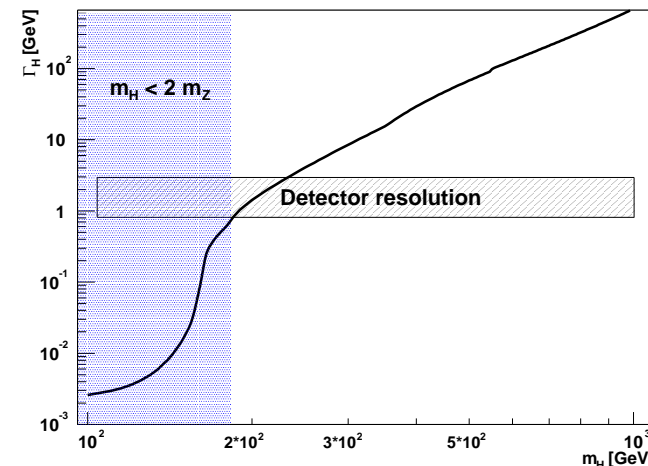


$135 \text{ GeV} \lesssim m_H$:

- search for $H \rightarrow WW, ZZ$

$180 \text{ GeV} \lesssim m_H$:

- $H \rightarrow ZZ$ golden channel
- total width measurable



Introduction - Higgs Boson Discovery Potential

Main discovery channels:

$$m_H \gtrsim 2 m_Z : \text{GF} : H \rightarrow ZZ$$

$$\text{WBF} : H \rightarrow ZZ$$

$$H \rightarrow WW$$

$$m_H \lesssim 2 m_Z : \text{GF} : H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$$

$$H \rightarrow ZZ$$

$$H \rightarrow WW$$

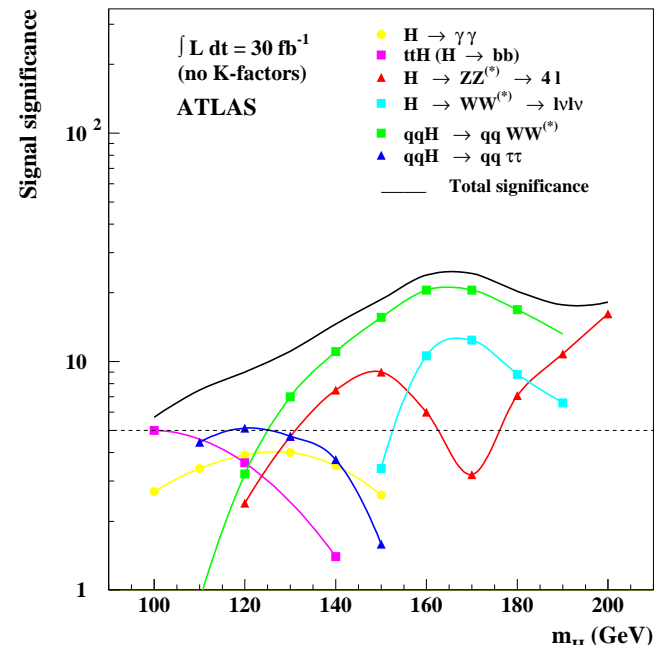
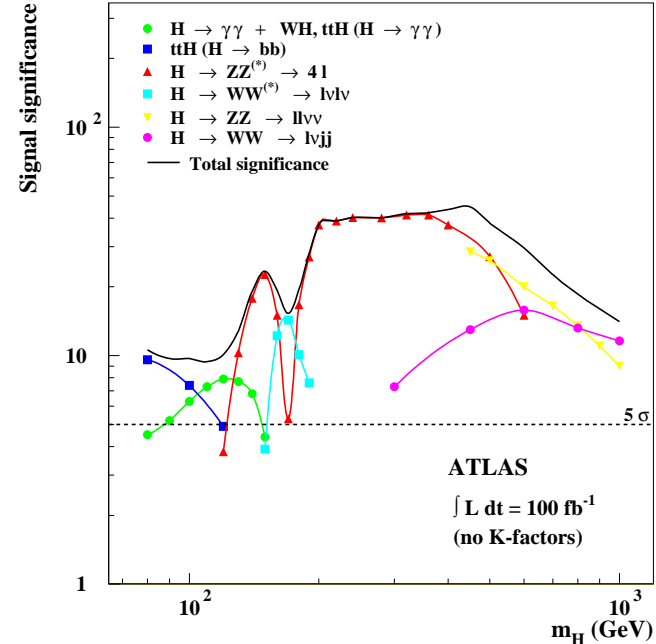
$$t\bar{t} H : H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$$

$$\text{WBF} : H \rightarrow WW$$

$$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$$

Discovery Potential based on

LO predictions

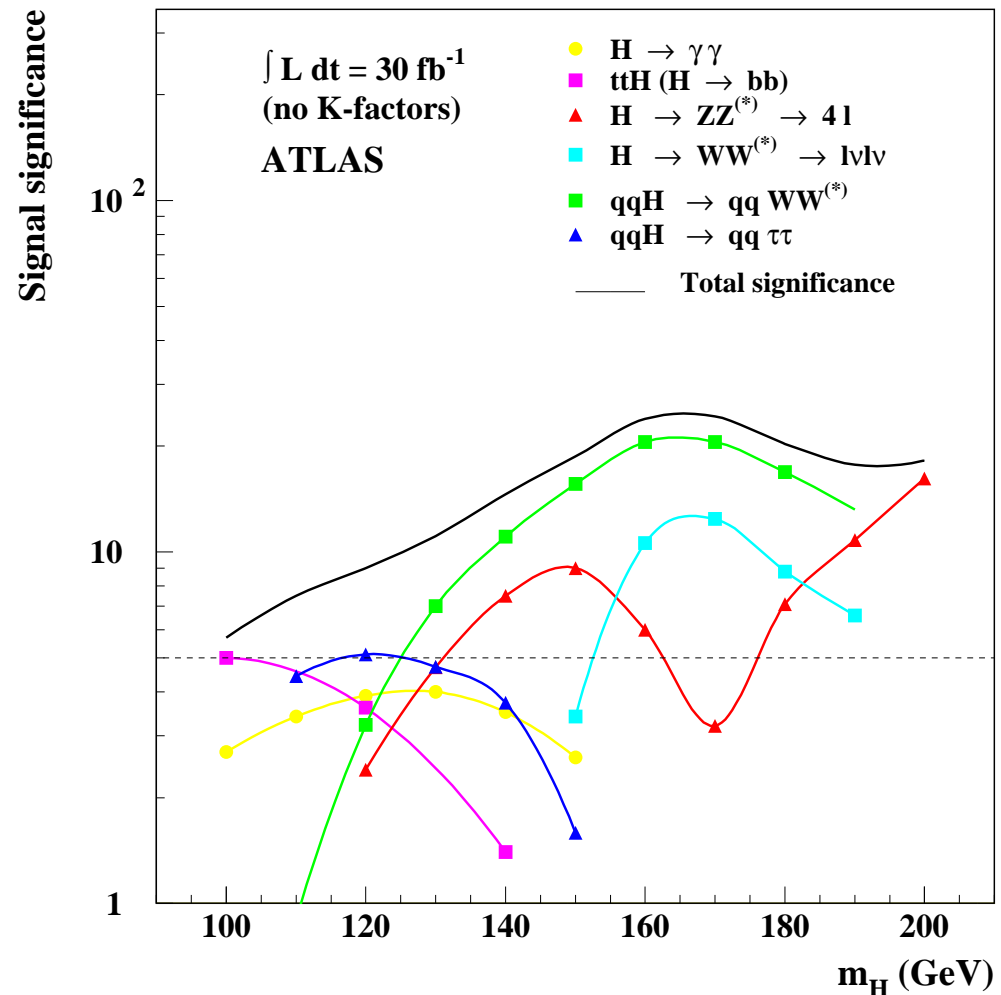


Introduction - Early discovery of a light Higgs

- where Tevatron enters the game -

The most promising channels and the main challenges :
(more details later)

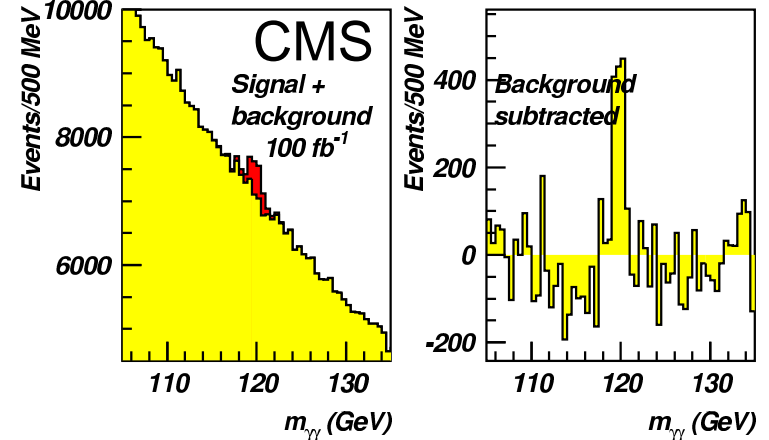
- inclusive $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$:
large background
- inclusive $H \rightarrow ZZ$:
lepton isolation
- GF $H \rightarrow WW$:
background normalization
- WBF $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$:
- WBF $H \rightarrow WW$:
tagging jets and jet veto
- or Tevatron is faster...



H \rightarrow $\gamma\gamma$

Challenges for the detector :

- needs very good calorimeter
mass resolution $\sigma_{\text{CMS}} \approx 800 \text{ MeV}$
- needs very good photon/jet rejection
(fake rate $\approx 1/10.000$)

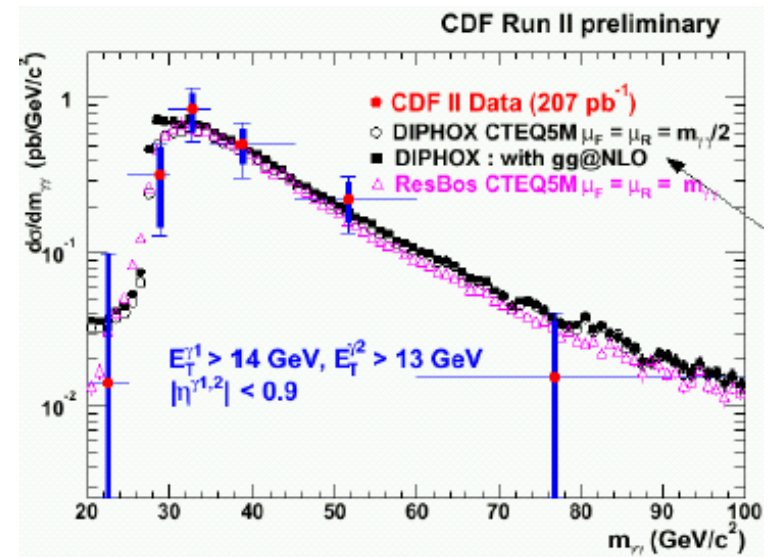


Challenges for theory (NLO MC tested/tuned against Tevatron data):

- $\gamma\gamma$, γ -jet and jet-jet background very difficult to estimate
- matching of photon isolation in theory and experiment not trivial

But :

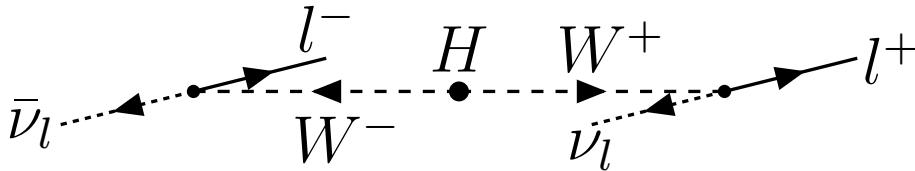
- can take background from data !



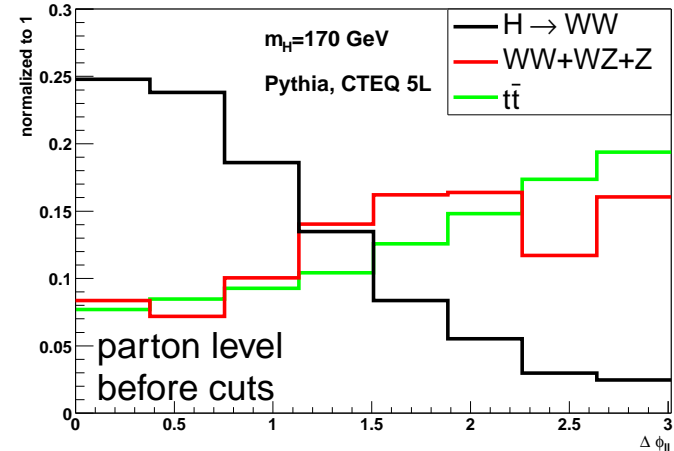
H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow $l\nu l\nu$

Channel with largest statistical potential ($m_H \approx 160$ GeV):

- No Higgs resonance visible
- Main backgrounds: $t\bar{t}$ and WW
learn from Tevatron: check W+jets/ γ
- $t\bar{t}$: reduce by jet veto, b-jet veto
- WW : different spin correlations
most significant : $\Delta\phi$ of leptons

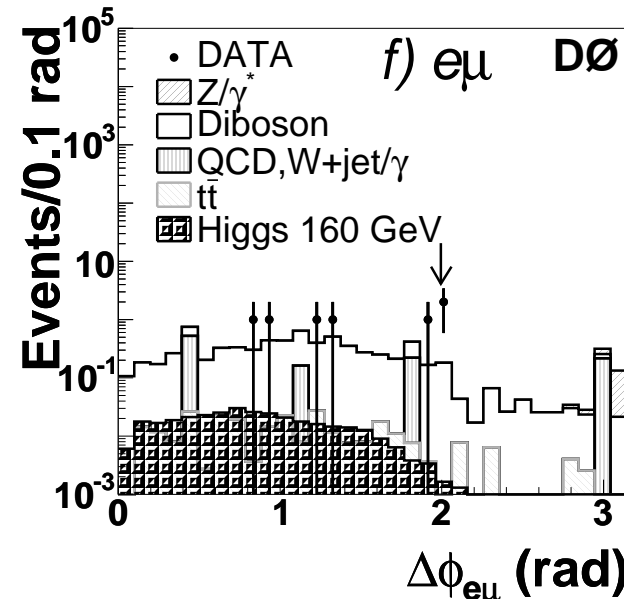


- Main theoretical challenge :
 - need to know shape of WW
 - need to know contribution from $gg \rightarrow WW$
- Need to know bg. at $\approx 5\%$ level !



Learn from Tevatron about WW:

$$\sigma(WW) = 13.8^{+4.3}_{-3.8} {}^{+1.2}_{-0.9} \pm 0.9 \text{ pb}$$



From H \rightarrow WW analysis

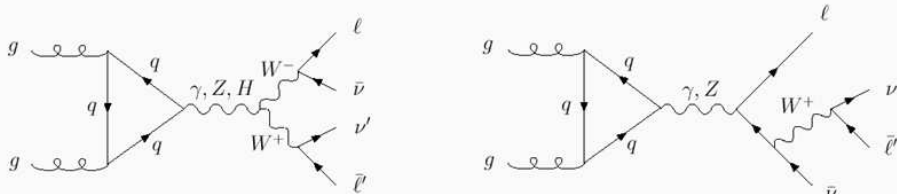
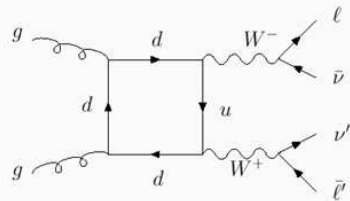
more WW events in $q\bar{q} \rightarrow WW$ analysis
($\approx 320 \text{ pb}^{-1}$)
(PRL 94: 151801)

H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow $l\nu l\nu$: gg \rightarrow WW background

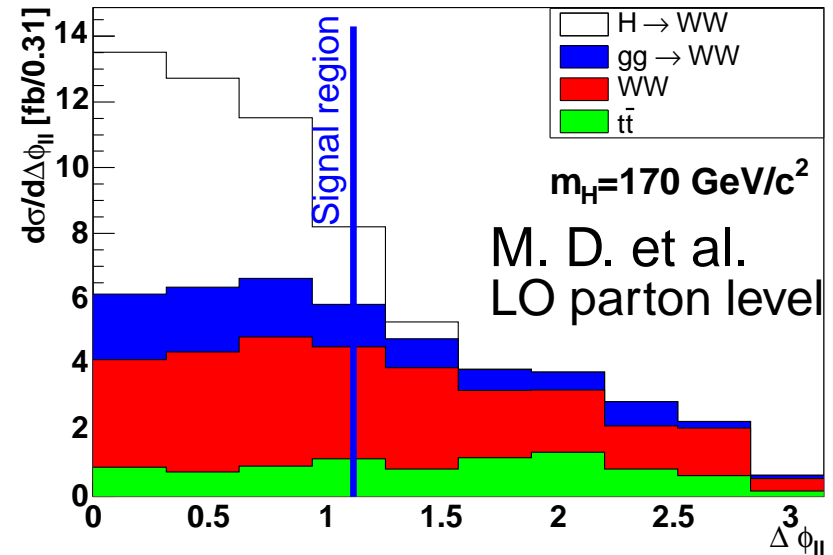
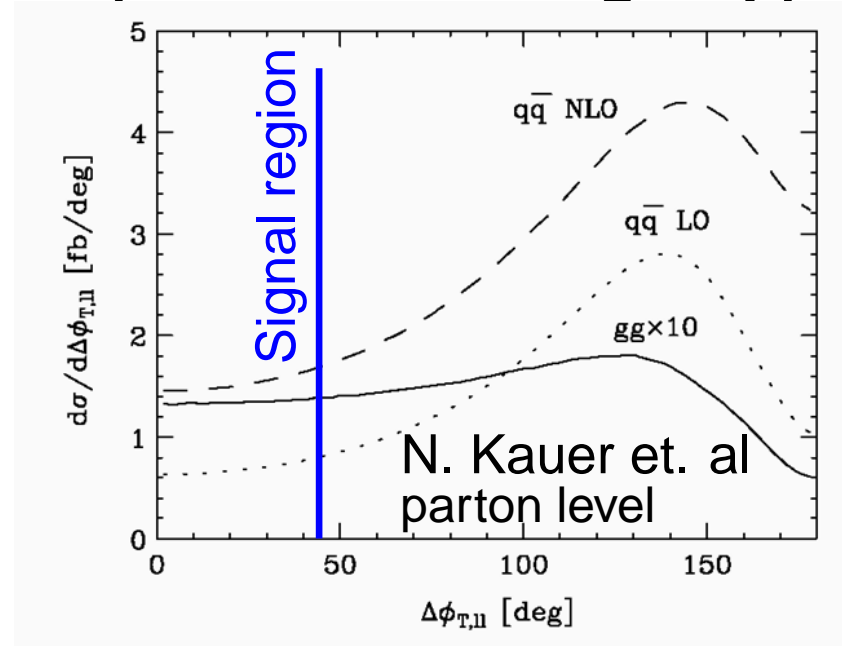
From Les Houches Workshop 2005 (dedicated workgroup)

- Part of NNLO for $q\bar{q} \rightarrow WW$
- $\sigma(gg \rightarrow WW)$ only 5% of $\sigma(WW)$ before cuts, but $\approx 30\%$ after cuts \rightarrow very signal like
- too small at Tevatron

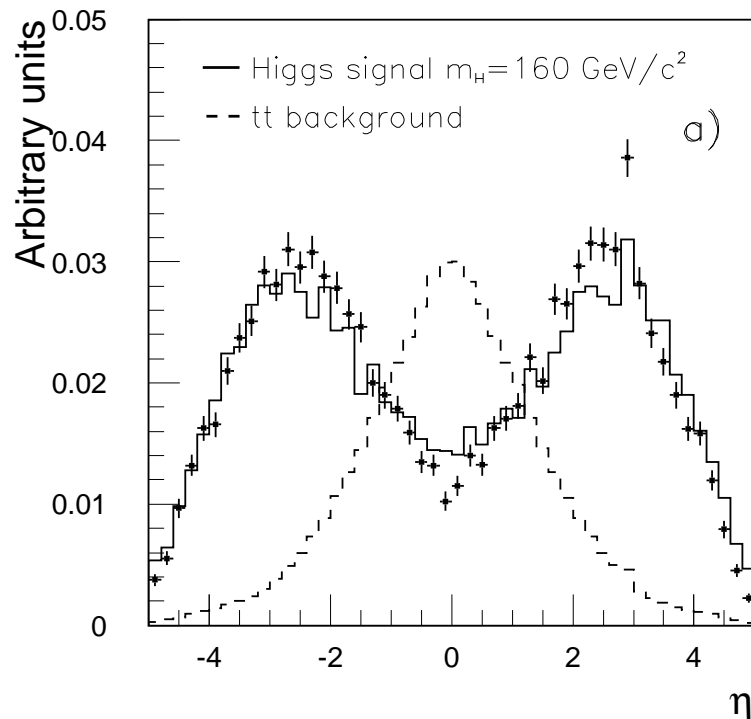
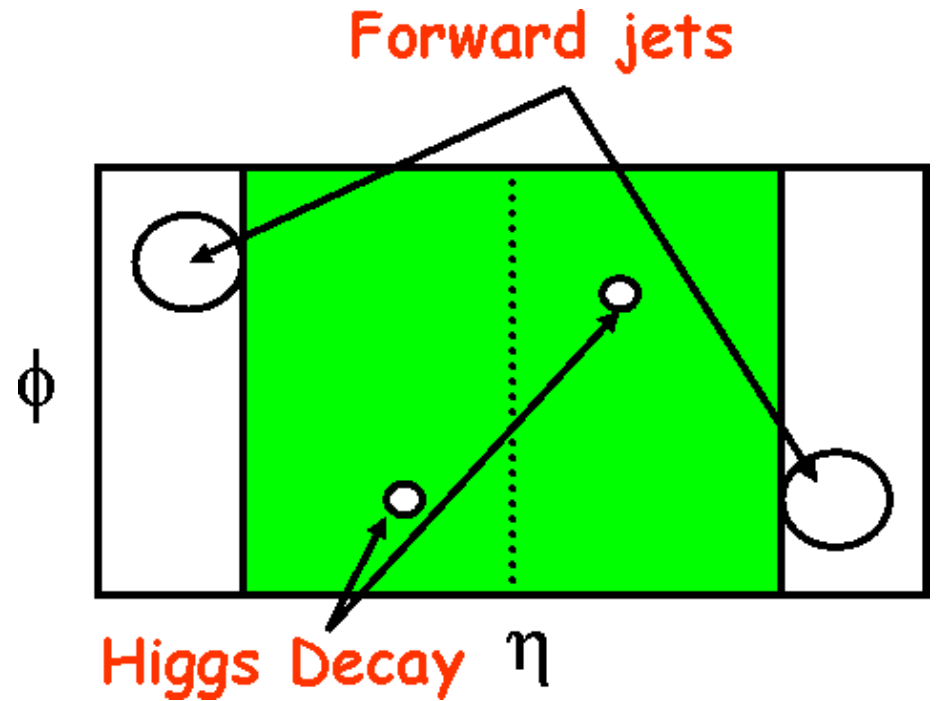
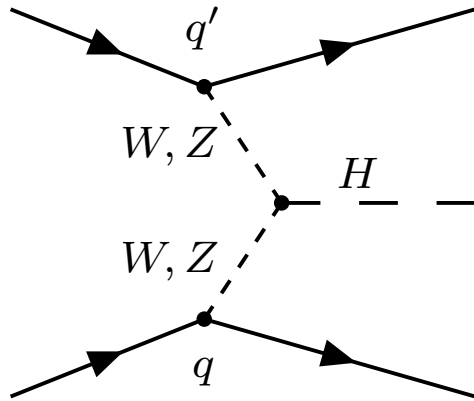
$$gg \rightarrow W^{*-}W^{*+} \rightarrow \ell\bar{\nu}\ell'\nu' \text{ (LO)}$$



- Systematic normalization of background is limiting this channel



Weak Boson Fusion WBF (VBF)



Extra Signature:

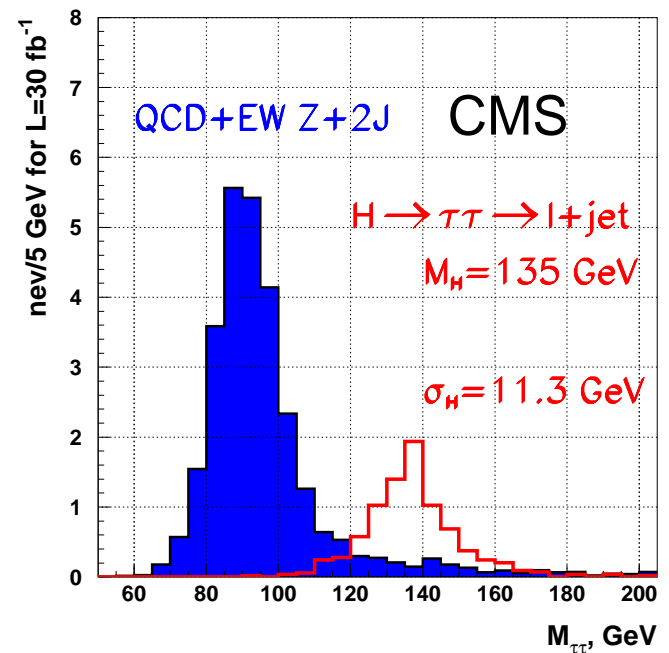
- 2 high p_T forward jets (large $\Delta\eta$)
→ tagging jets
- Jet veto in central region
- large $M_{jj} \approx 0.5 - 1 \text{ TeV}$
- Higgs decay products between tag jets

WBF $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$

- Dominant discovery channel for a light Higgs ($m_H \lesssim 135$ GeV)
- Dominant background from Zjj
- Main experimental challenges :
 - forward jet reconstruction
 - pile up and central jet veto
 - $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$ shape
- Main theoretical challenge for the backgrounds :
 - correct description of tagging jets
 - correct description for 3rd jet
- But : shape of $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$ background can be taken from data

Most important jet cuts :

- $p_T(j_1) > 20 - 50$ GeV
- $p_T(j_2) > 20 - 30$ GeV
- $\Delta\eta(jj) > 3.5 - 4.5$
- $M(jj) > 600-700$ GeV
- jet veto : $p_T > 20$ GeV
 $|\eta_3| < 3.2$ or
 $\eta_1 < \eta_3 < \eta_2$



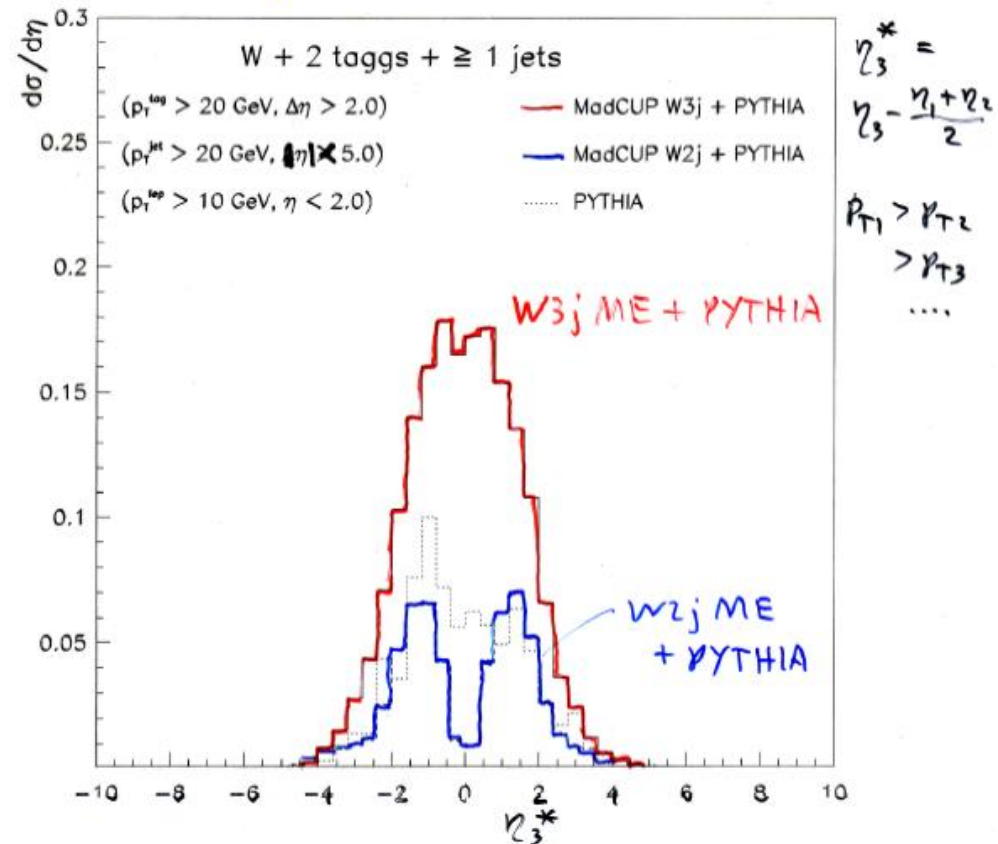
Test of WBF like jets: Zeppenfeld plot

For the background MC we want

- tagging jets from matrix element (ME)
- 3rd jet (for jet veto) is soft : ME or parton shower (PS) ?
- define $\eta_3^* = \eta_3 - \frac{\eta_1 + \eta_2}{2}$
- parton shower predicts 3rd jet close to tagging jets
- ME predicts central 3rd jet
→ better background rejection

From D. Zeppenfeld, TeV4LHC 09/16/2004

for $p_{Tj} > 20$ GeV



→ Combine both : CKKW or MLM matching of PS and ME

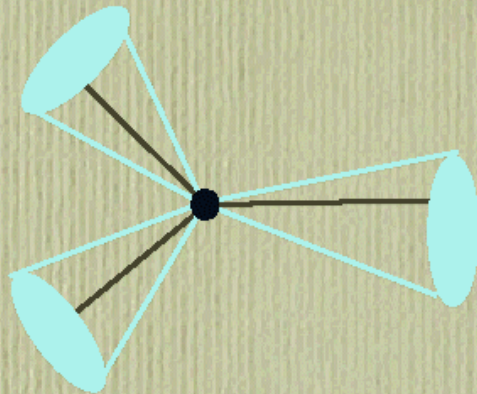
Tevatron plays a key role : can test jet distributions in W/Z+N jets !

MLM matching (M. Mangano at TeV4LHC)

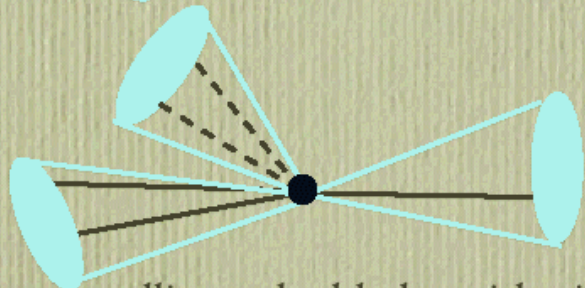
Few examples of matching:

————— hard parton

- - - - - parton emitted by the shower

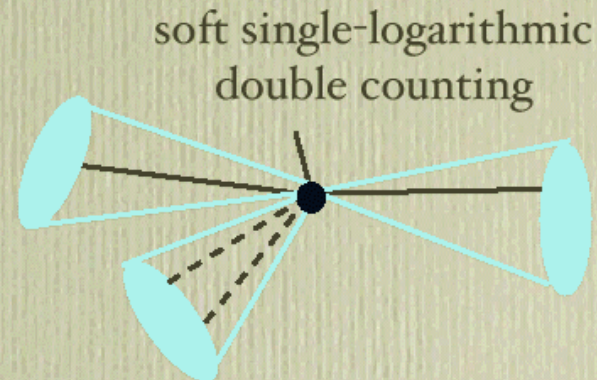


Event matched, $N_{\text{jet}} = N_{\text{part}} = 3$, keep

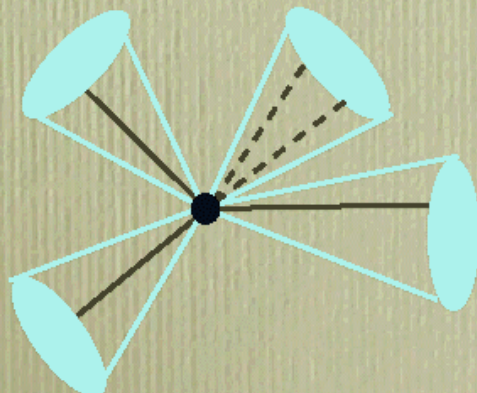


collinear double-logarithmic
double counting

NOT matched,
 $N_{\text{jet}} = N_{\text{part}} = 3$,
but $N_{\text{match}} = 2$
Throw away



soft single-logarithmic
double counting



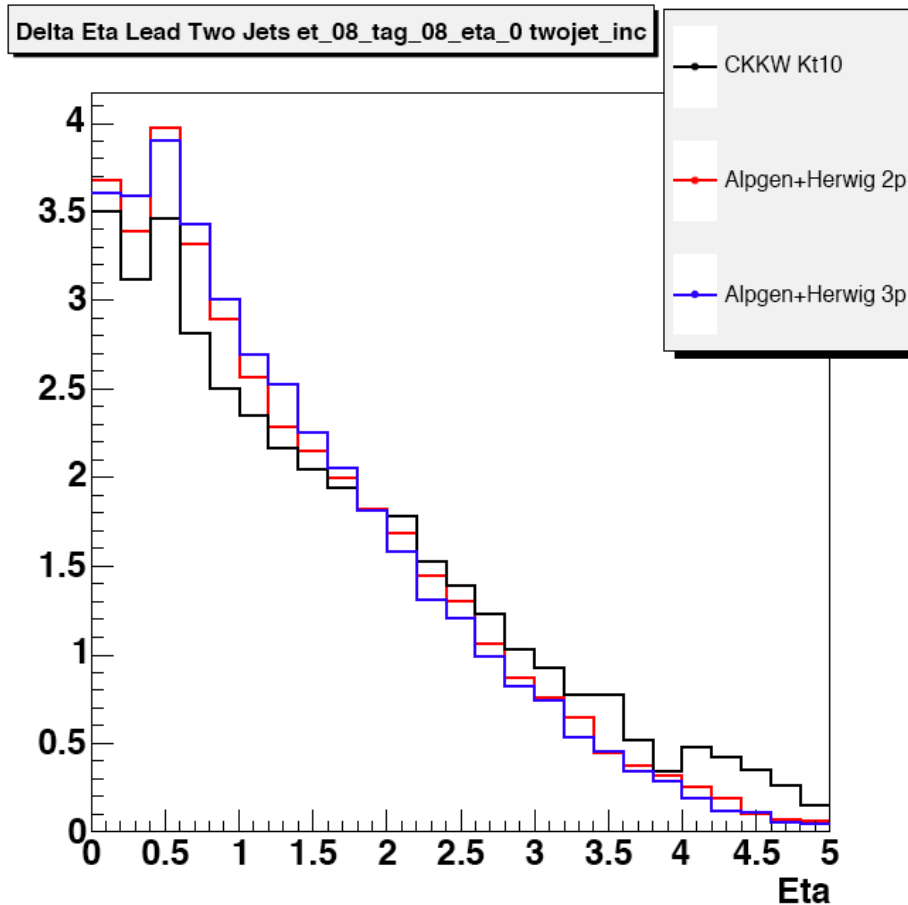
Event matched, $N_{\text{jet}} > N_{\text{part}}$, keep for inclusive
sample, but throw away for exclusive samples.

W + jets at CDF

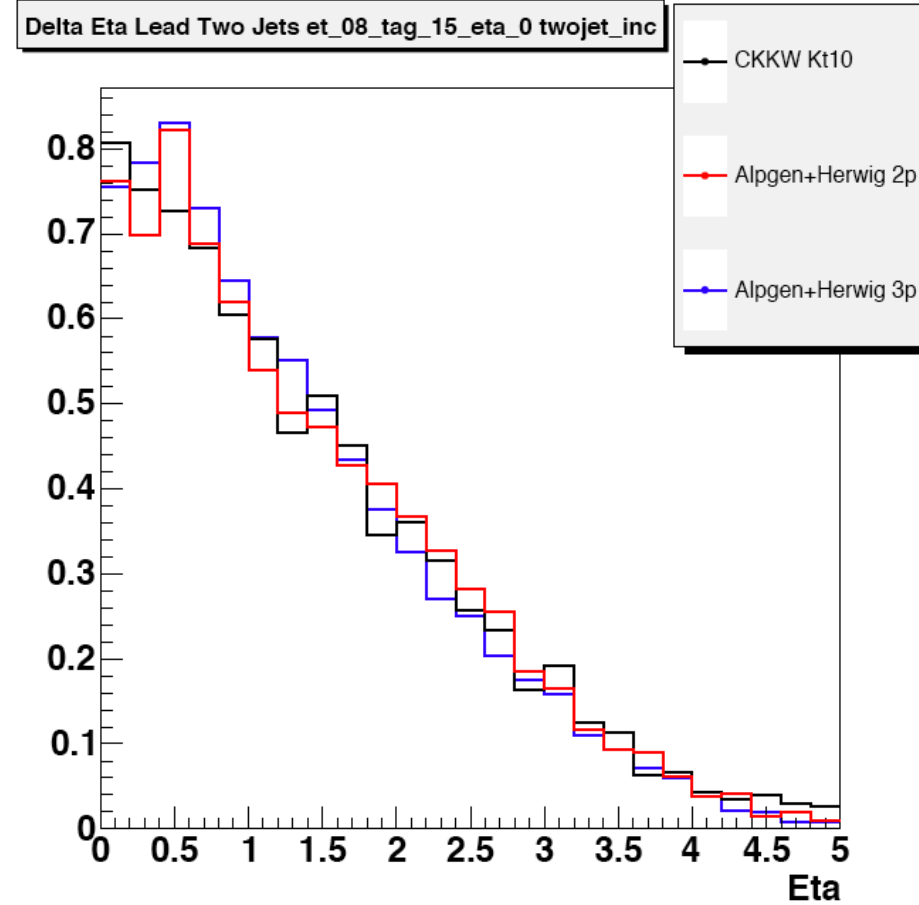
- WBF H not visible at Tevatron, but backgrounds for WBF can be tested
- Analysis of W+jets events at CDF performed (B. Cooper and J. Huston), results will be released soon
 - select events with two jets at large η separation
 - look at the 3rd jet (if any)
- Test data against various MC prediction
 - Alpgen + Herwig (no MLM matching)
 - Matched W + N jet events produced by S. Mrenna (Madgraph/Madevent + Pythia)
 - MCFM W +2 jets at NLO (W + 3 jets at LO)

W + jets at CDF : $\Delta\eta$ of tag jets

$\Delta\eta$ of tag jets for two different tag jet E_T cuts



E_T of tag jets > 8 GeV

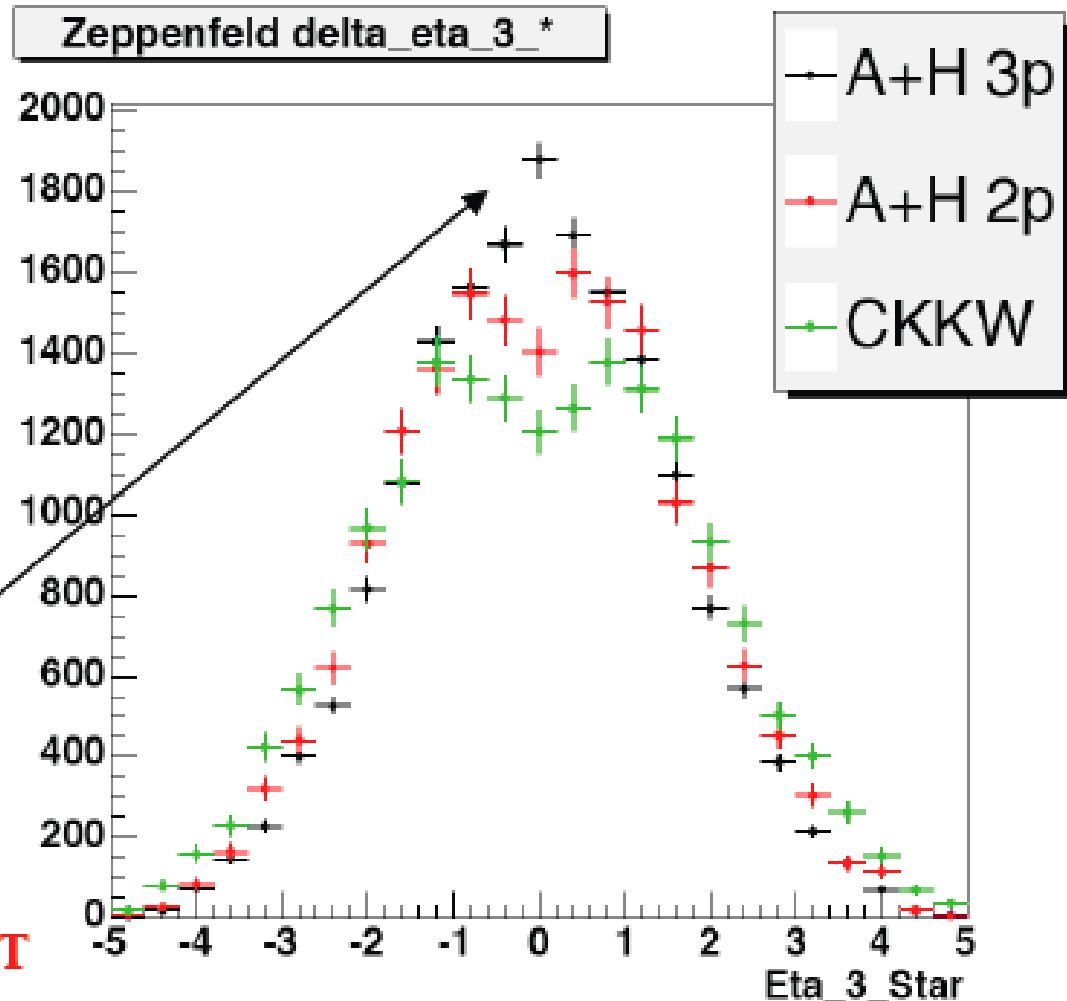


E_T of tag jets > 15 GeV

W + jets at CDF : η^* for $\Delta\eta > 1$

Tag jets > 8 GeV/c; 3rd jet > 8 GeV/c

Compare η^* for 3 different values of the tagging jet E_T cut



note peak for A+H 3p
...or dip for other
distributions

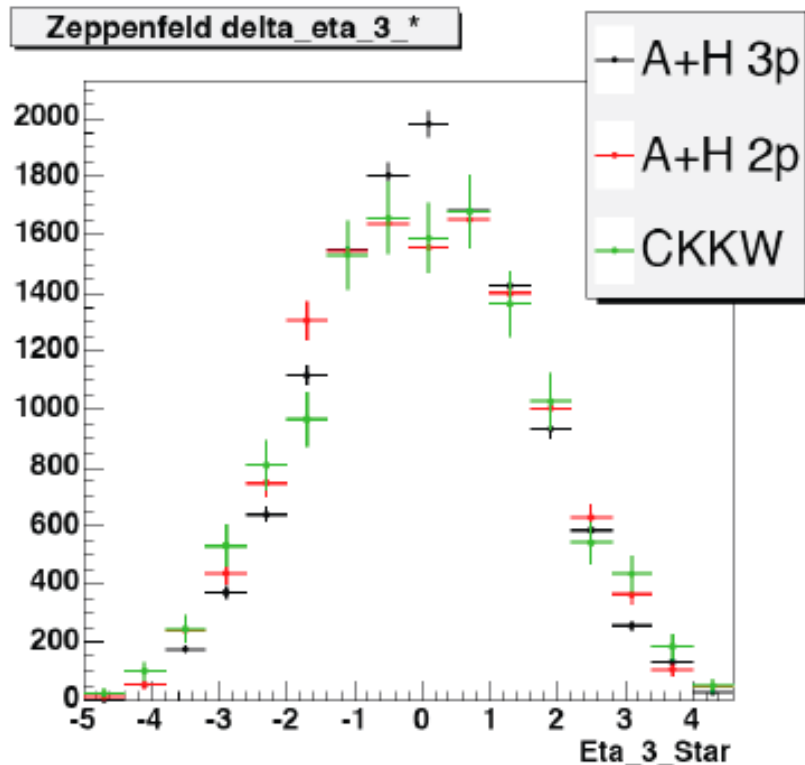
data has dip for low p_T

CKKW has Sudakov

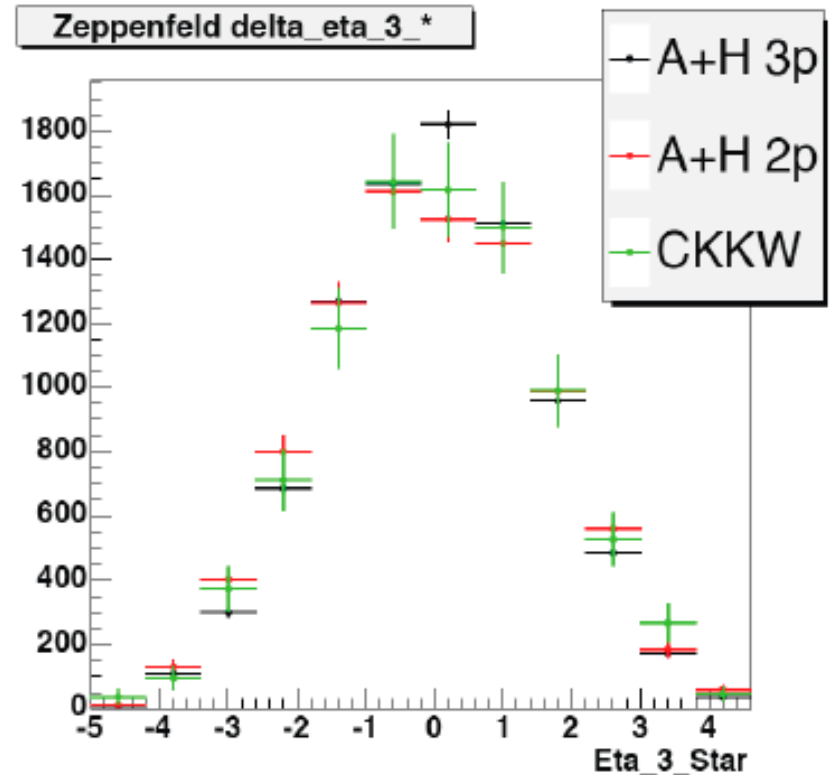
suppression where ME does not

W + jets at CDF : η^* for $\Delta\eta > 1$

Tag jets > 15 GeV/c; 3rd jet > 8 GeV/c



Tag jets > 20 GeV/c; 3rd jet > 8 GeV/c



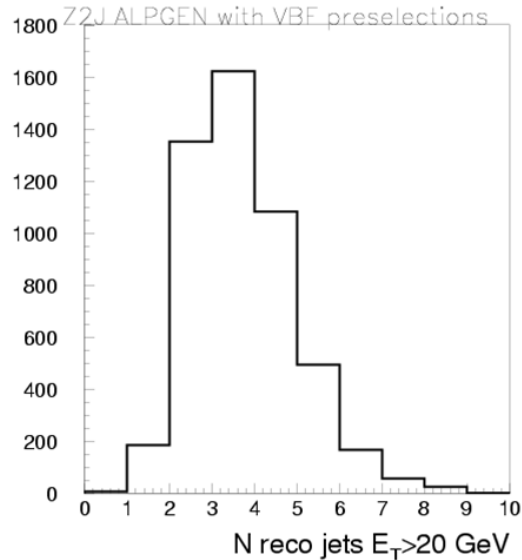
Dip fills in as tag jet E_T increases

- Just some examples, a lot of interesting work in progress...

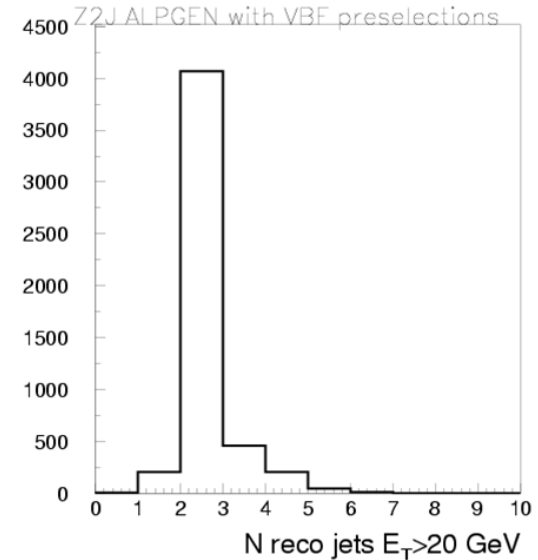
Want more ? Please have a look at Joey Hustons talk this afternoon

At LHC : MLM Z+2j exclusive (CMS preliminary*)

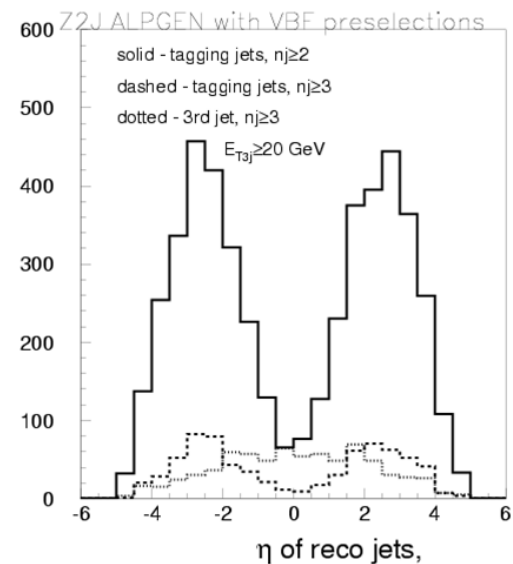
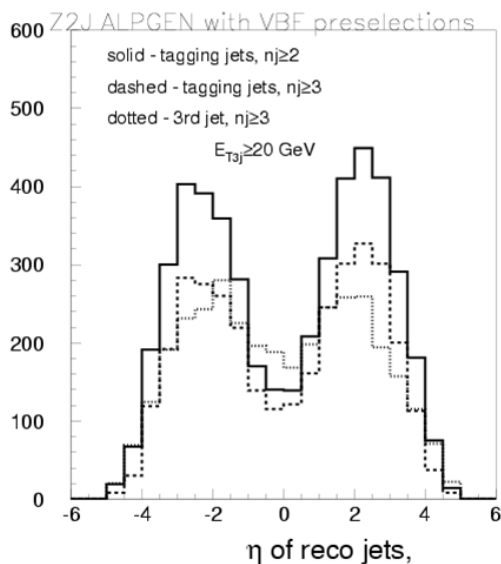
ALPGEN+PYTHIA Z+2j before and after MLM exclusive matching



before MLM matching, $\sigma = 5.91$ pb



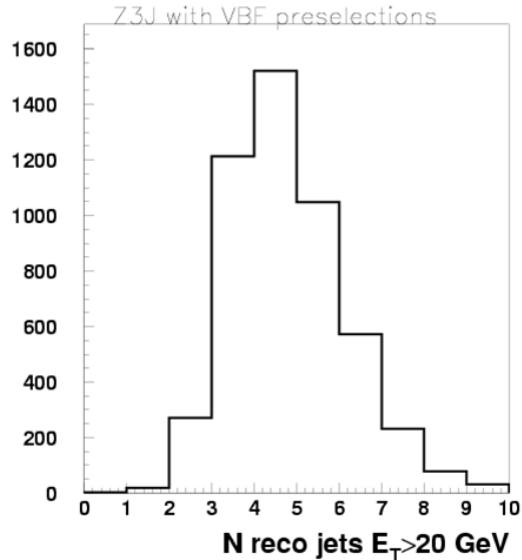
after MLM matching, $\sigma = 1.04$ pb



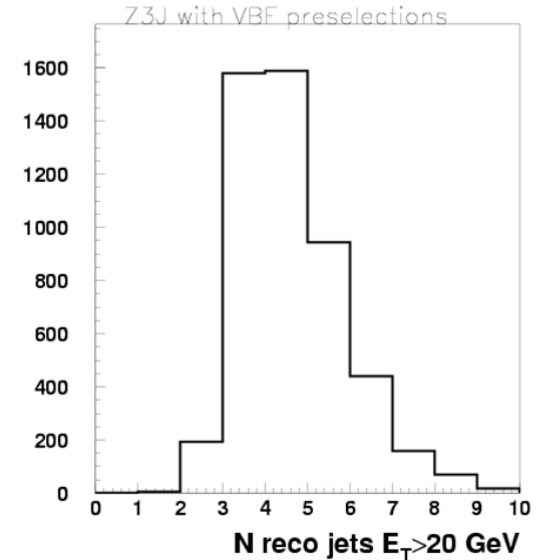
* Thanks to
A. Nikitenko

MLM Z+3j inclusive (CMS preliminary)

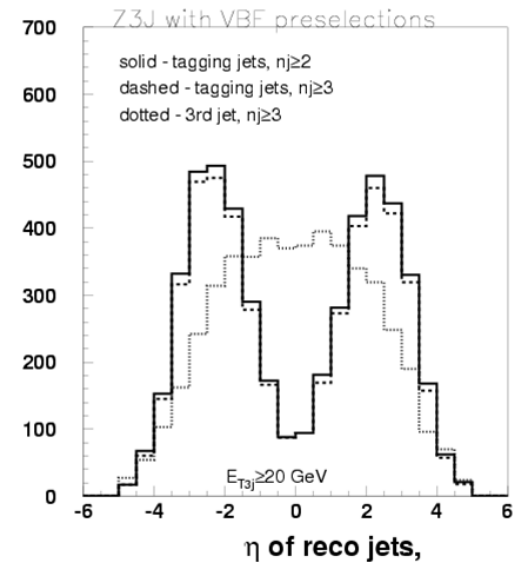
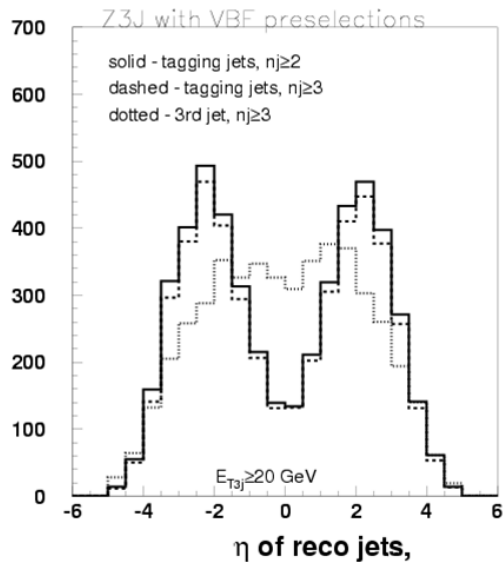
ALPGEN+PYTHIA Z+3j before and after MLM inclusive matching



before MLM matching, $\sigma = 5.42$ pb

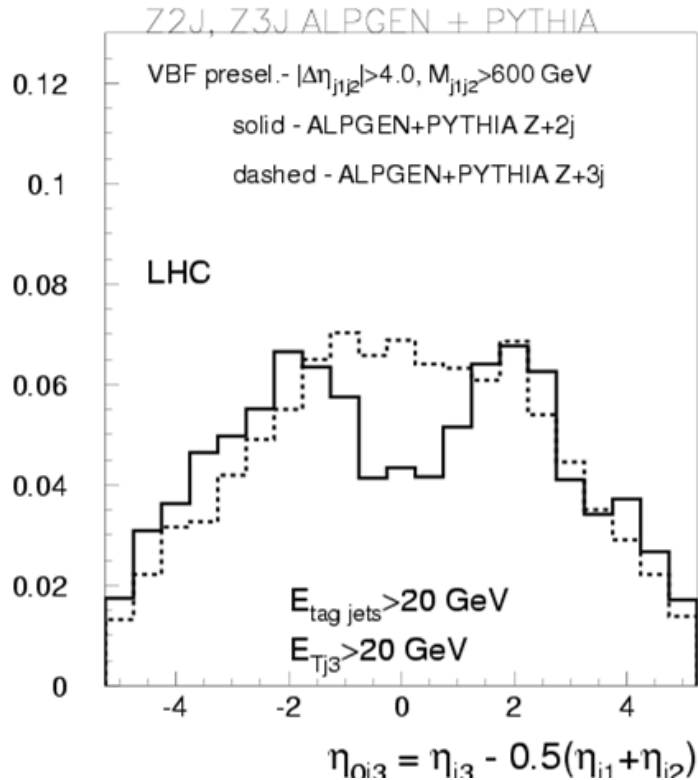


after MLM matching, $\sigma = 2.52$ pb



MLM Z+2j/3j: η^* distribution (CMS preliminary)

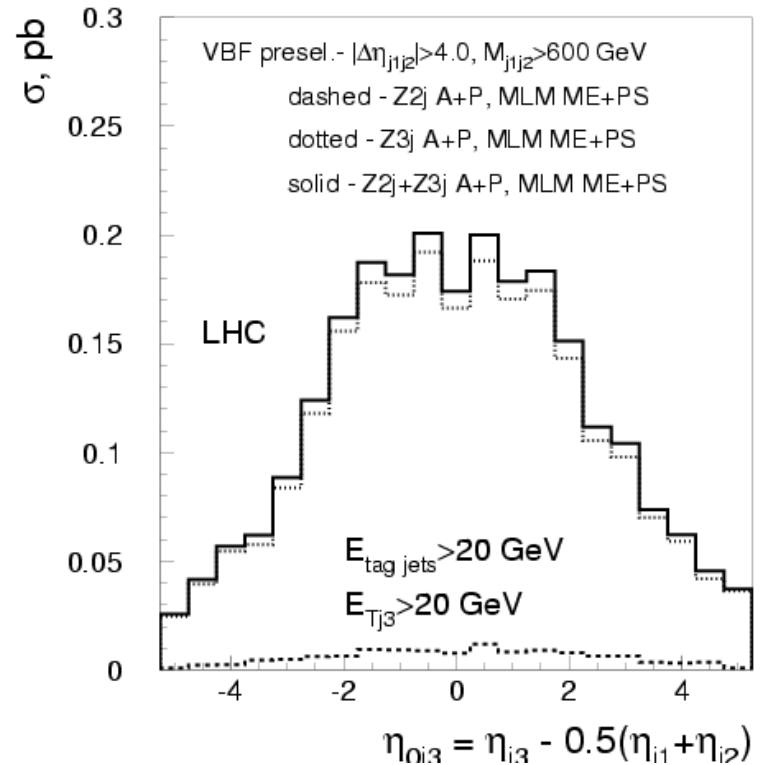
$$\text{Zeppenfeld plot } \eta^* = \eta_3 - \frac{\eta_1 + \eta_2}{2}$$



Without MLM matching

3rd jet from parton shower or

Matrix Element



After MLM matching

3rd jet more central :

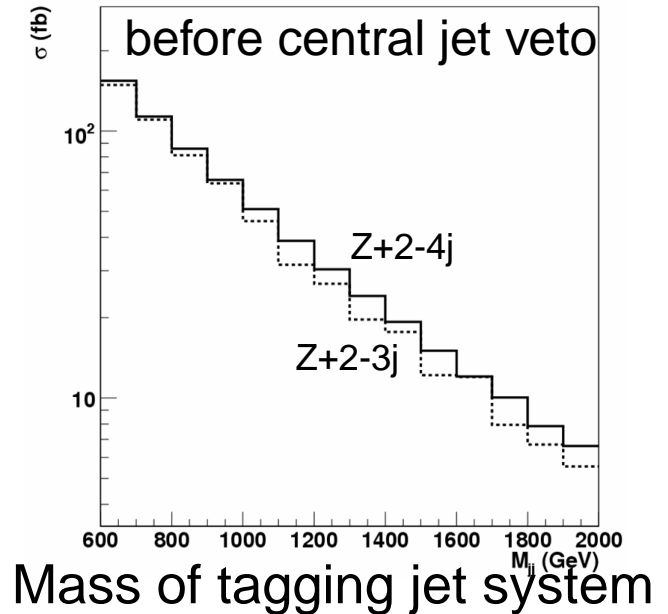
→ better rejection against QCD bg.

Z+2j-4j : Stability check (ATLAS preliminary*)

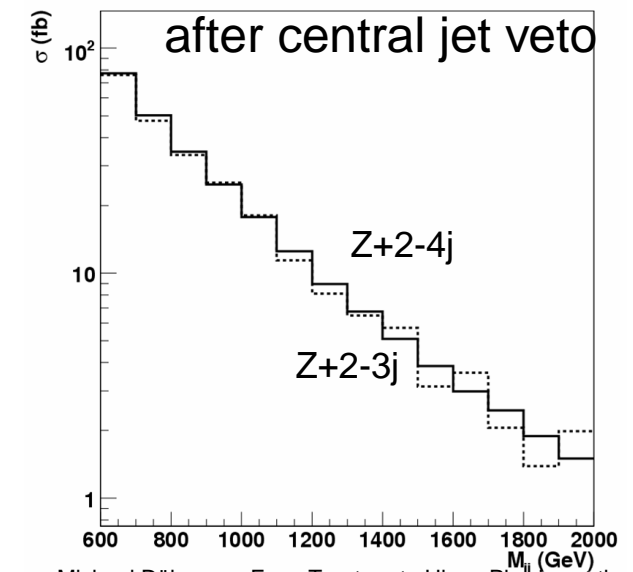
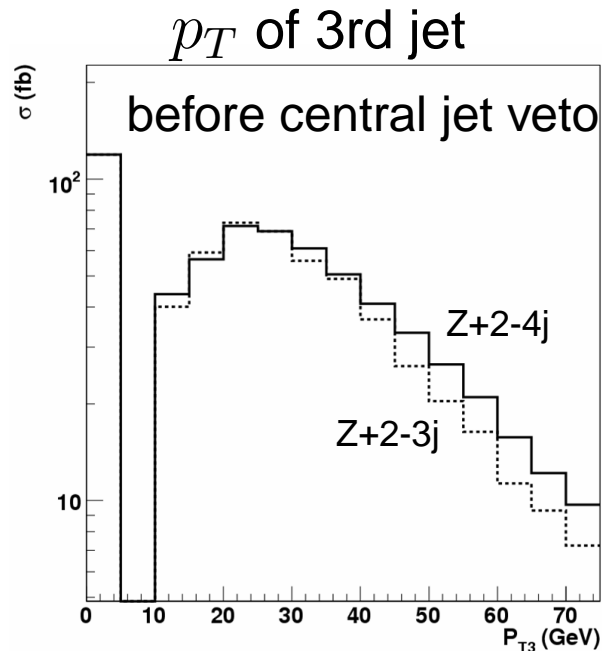
ALPGEN+PYTHIA Z+2j/3j with MLM and Z+2j/3j/4j with MLM

Check if approach is consistent : add more jets

- Preliminary study based on ATLFAST
- compare MLM Z+2j-3j with MLM Z+2j-4j after tag jet selection and cuts
- after central jet veto no contribution from Z+4j left



Mass of tagging jet system



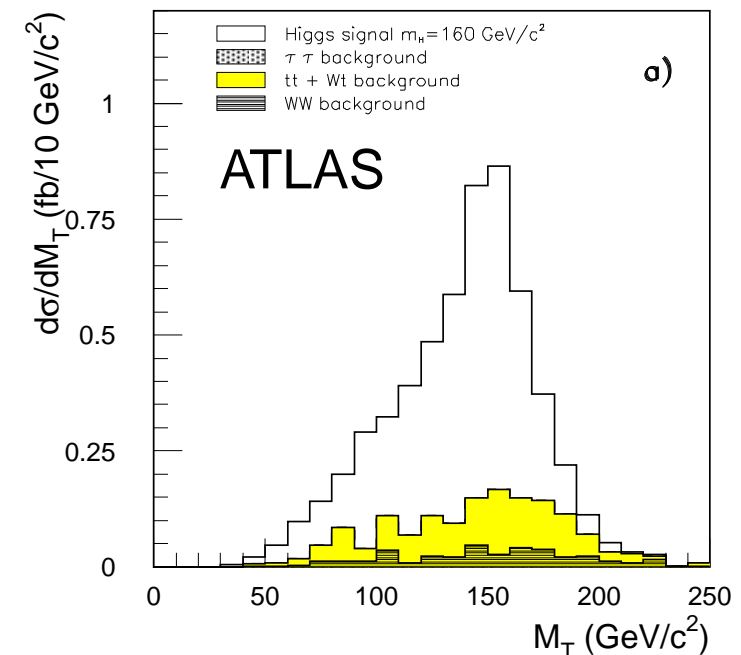
* Thanks to
B. Mellado

WBF $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$

- Dominant Higgs discovery mode for $130 \lesssim m_H \lesssim 190$ GeV
- Dominant background from $t\bar{t}$ and electroweak WW production
- Main experimental challenges :
 - forward jet reconstruction
 - pile up and central jet veto
- Main theoretical challenge for the backgrounds :
 - correct description of tagging jets
 - correct description for 3rd jet

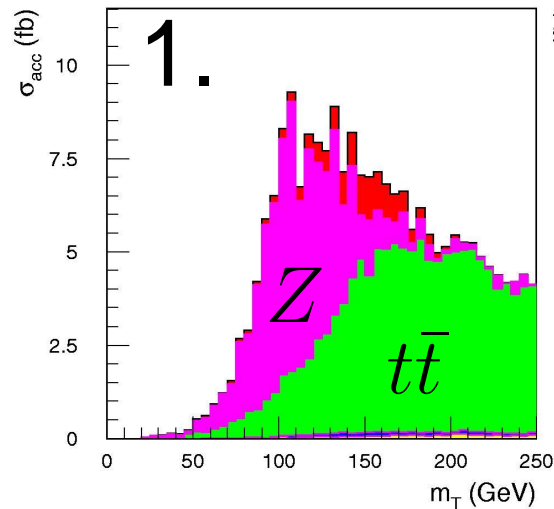
Most important jet cuts :

- $p_T(j_1) > 40$ GeV
- $p_T(j_2) > 20$ GeV
- $\Delta\eta(jj) > 3.8$
- $M(jj) > 550$ GeV
- jet veto : $p_T > 20$ GeV
 $|\eta_3| < 3.2$

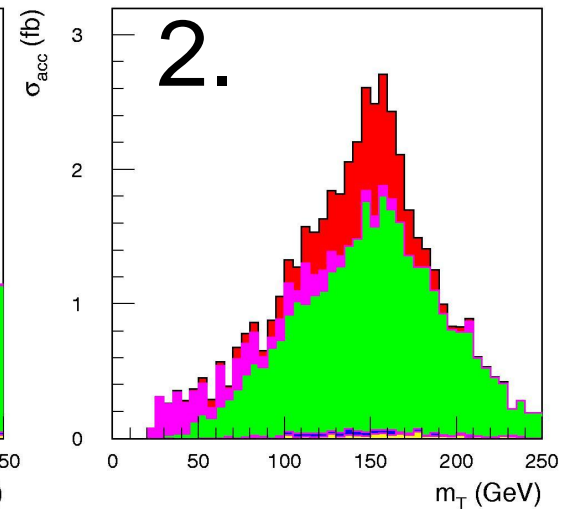


WBF H \rightarrow WW : Importance of jet veto

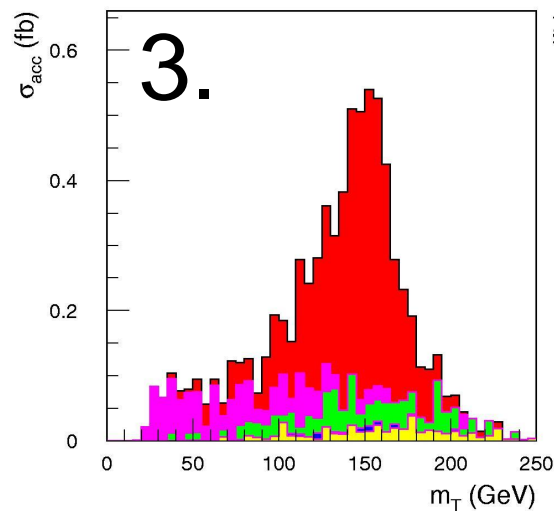
1. After lepton and tag jet requirements



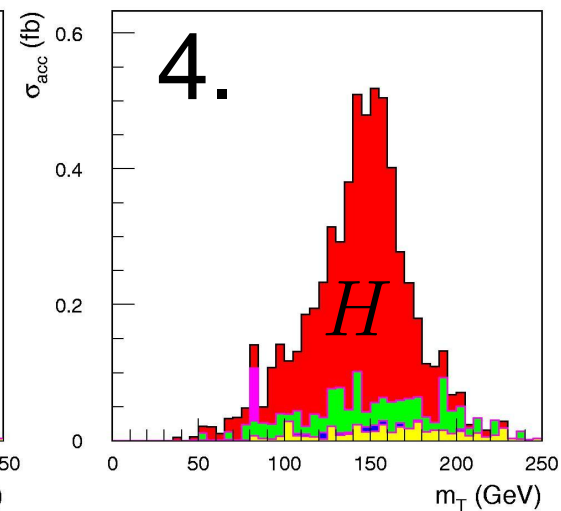
2. Lepton angular and mass cuts



3. Momentum balance and central jet veto



4. Drell Yan (Z) rejection



$$M_T = \sqrt{(E_T^{\ell\ell} + E_T^{\nu\nu})^2 - (\vec{p}_T^{e\mu} + \vec{p}_T^{\text{miss}})^2}$$

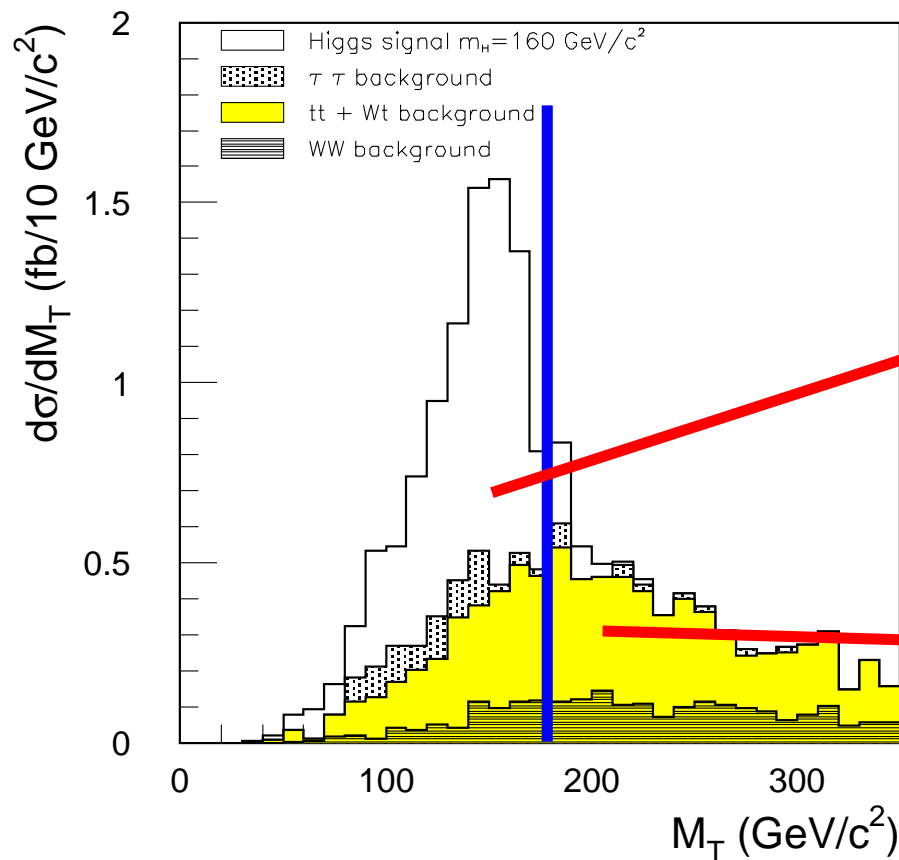
WBF H \rightarrow WW : $t\bar{t}$ background

- Different situation than for Zjj : two b-jets from top-decay
- The combination of tag jet selection and central jet veto leads to a very specific topology:
 - one b-jet and one non b-jet are selected as tag jets
 - central jet veto either from second b-jet or radiation jet
- Detailed study started by B. Mellado, M. Duehrssen, J. Huston, S. Mrenna, ...
- Use of different MC Generators : Sherpa, Madgraph + Pythia + MLM by S. Mrenna, MC@NLO, ...

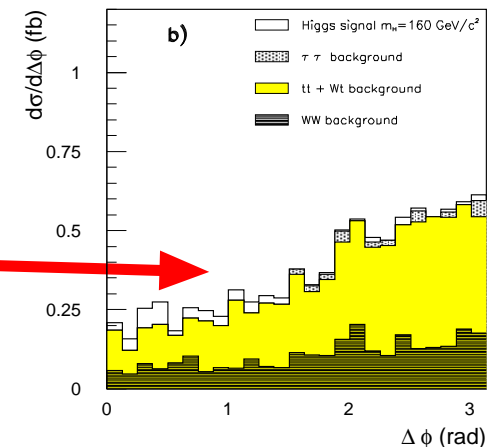
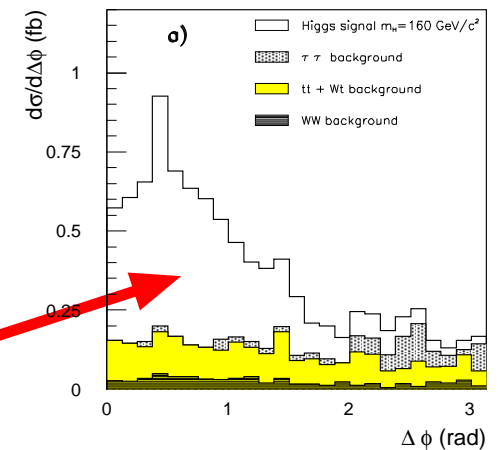
WBF H \rightarrow WW : background normalization

- Cuts reduce tt background by more than a factor 10.000
- Only trust the Monte Carlo? Normalization from data needed!
- Normalize bg. to region in M_T with small signal contribution

(after jet cuts, before lepton cuts)



Strong angular correlation
 $\Delta\phi_{ll}$ in signal



Higgs at Tevatron and LHC (besides who is first)

- So far concentrated on topics where Tevatron can help to understand LHC Higgs backgrounds
- Suppose the Higgs is really light, Tevatron might see first indications for $H \rightarrow bb$ while LHC is seeing something in $H \rightarrow \tau\tau, \gamma\gamma, WW$ or ZZ
- But combining information on $H \rightarrow bb$ from Tevatron with whatever LHC sees might give very valuable information for understanding Higgs physics

Summary and Outlook

- I am sure I have forgotten to mention many studies...
- In the beginning of the LHC the focus of Higgs physics will be on understanding Standard Model backgrounds
- Today's measurements at the Tevatron give very valuable information on how accurate current predictions are
- Key issue is to understand W/Z , WW , $t\bar{t}$ backgrounds + jets
 - How often and in which topology are tag jets selected?
 - How effective is the central jet veto?
- And of course, LHC can learn a lot for lepton ID, jets, missing E_T , b -tag, τ -tag, ...

Many thanks to J. Huston, K. Jakobs, B. Mellado, S. Mrenna and A. Nikitenko