

# ***Top quark properties at the Tevatron***

- (Introduction)
- Production
- Asymmetries & Polarization
- Spin correlations
- Conclusions & Outlook



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ICHEP, 3<sup>rd</sup> - 10<sup>th</sup> August, Chicago

# Top quark introduction



- Top is the heaviest fundamental particle discovered so far

$$m_t = 173.34 \pm 0.76 \text{ GeV}$$

[arxiv:1403.4427]

- Lifetime:  $\tau \sim 5 \times 10^{-25} \text{ s} \ll \Lambda_{\text{QCD}}$

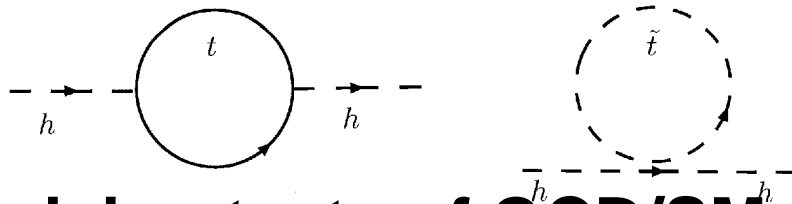
**Observe bare quark properties**

- Large Yukawa coupling to Higgs boson

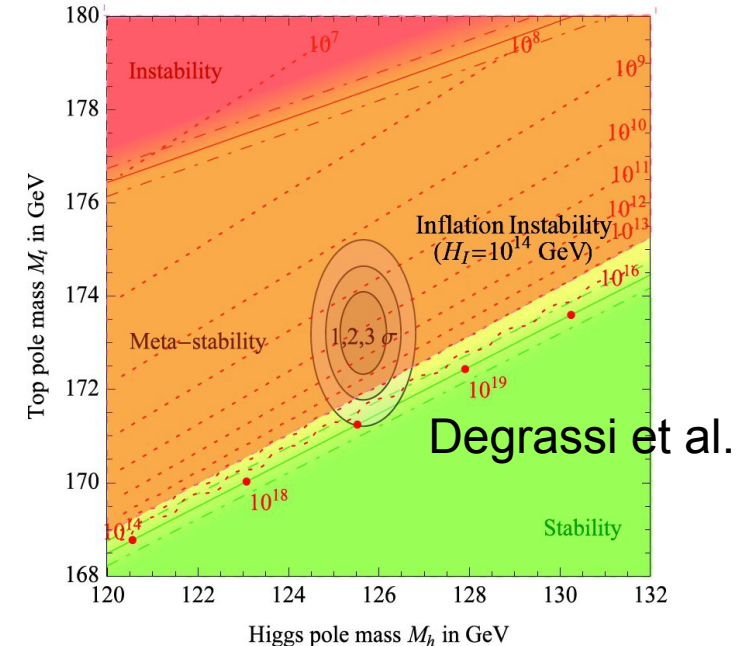
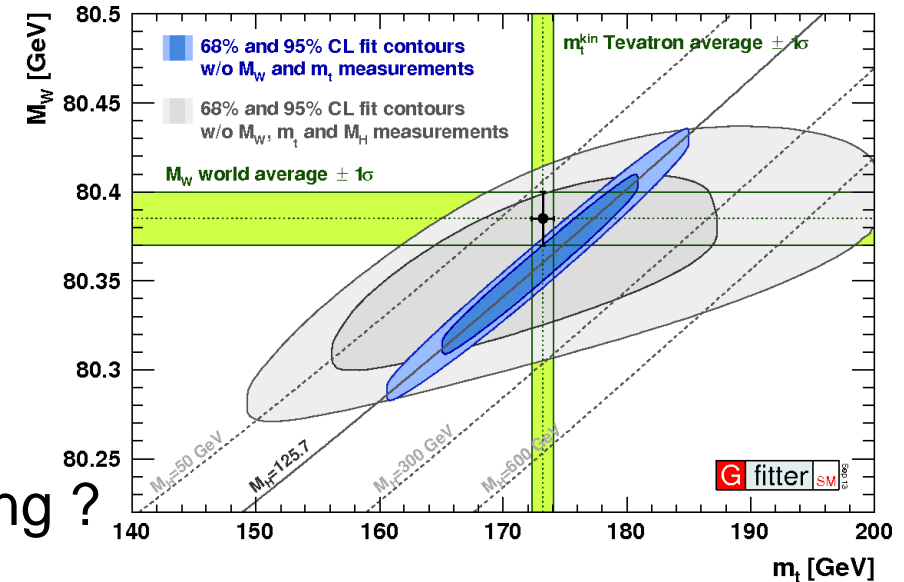
$$\lambda_t \sim 1$$

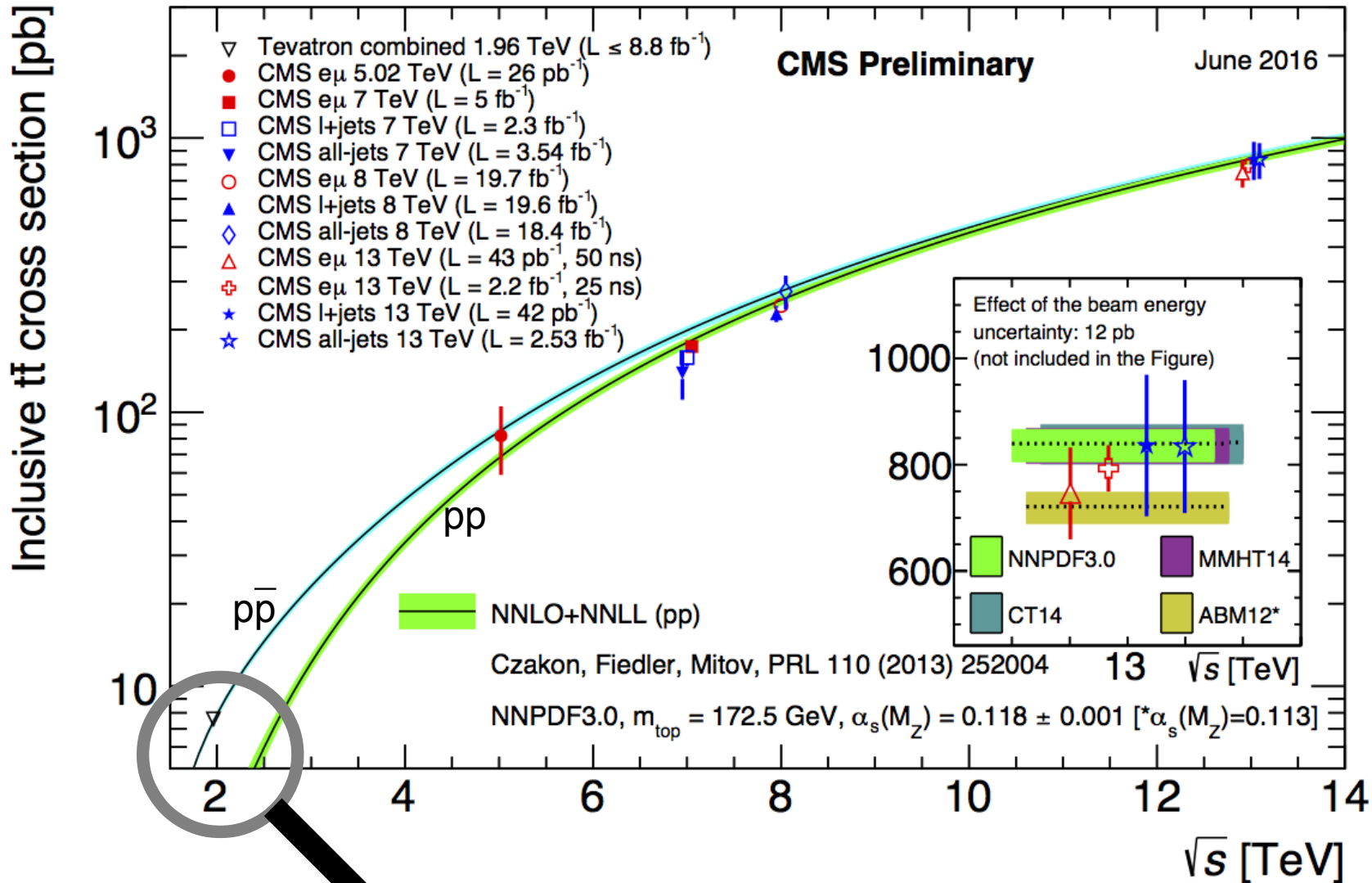
special role in electroweak symmetry breaking ?

- If we could calculate the Higgs mass:  
Large corrections to the Higgs mass from top quark “loops” (Hierarchy problem)



**High precision tests of QCD/SM**  
**Tops are background to many searches**  
**Top quarks as window to new physics**





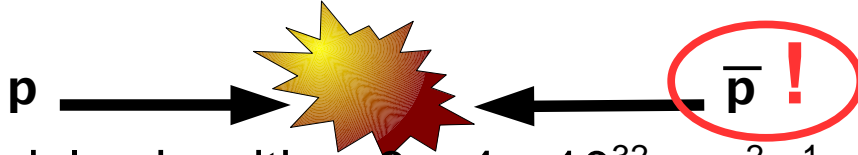
Is the top quark according to what we expect in the SM ?



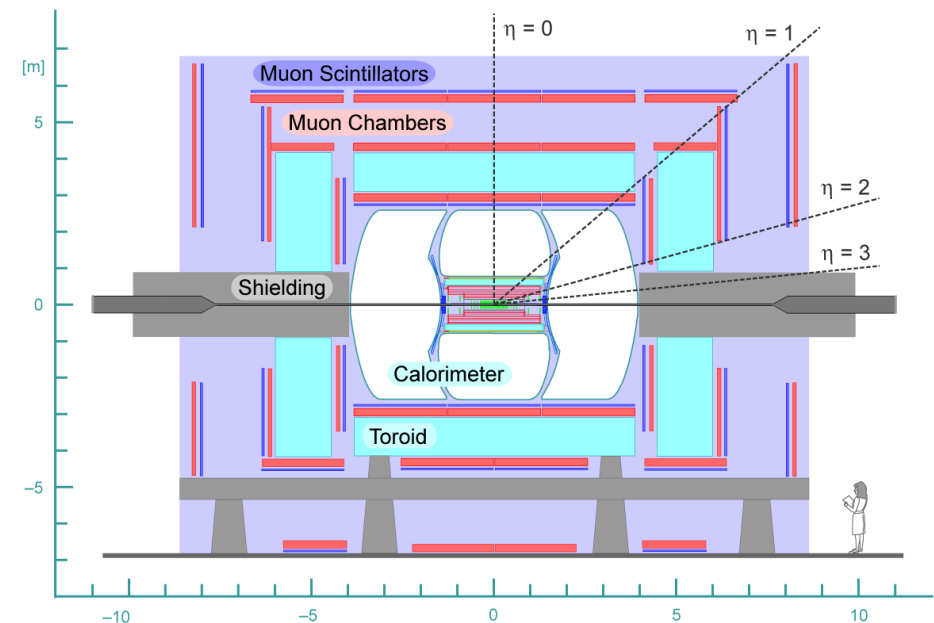
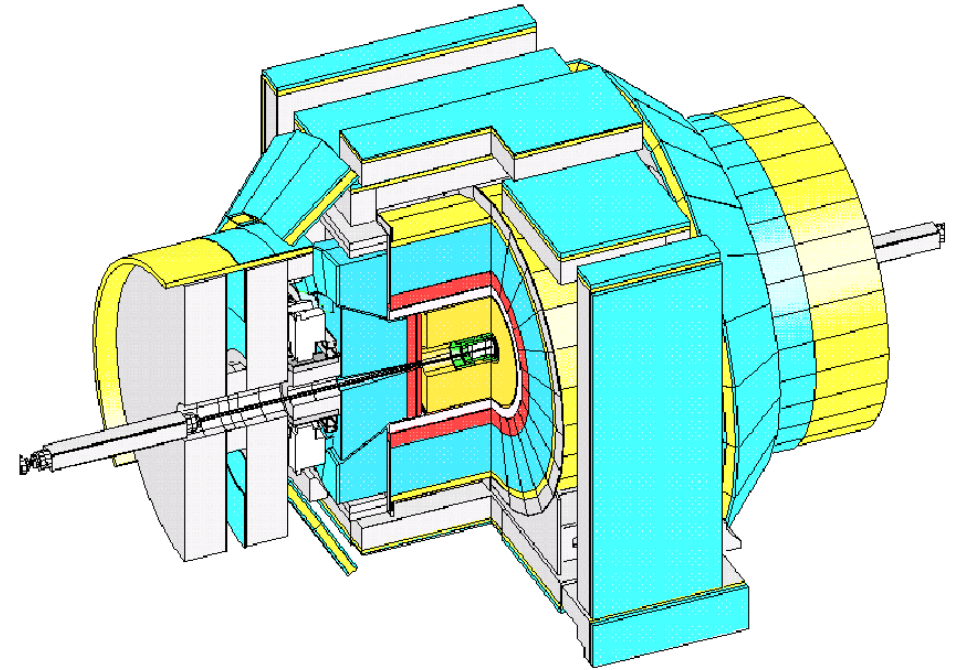
# The Tevatron: CDF & D0



$$\sqrt{s} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$$



- Peak luminosities:  $3 - 4 \times 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
- $\sim 10 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ /experiment recorded
- Tevatron operation from 1983 till shutdown in September 2011





# Top quark production

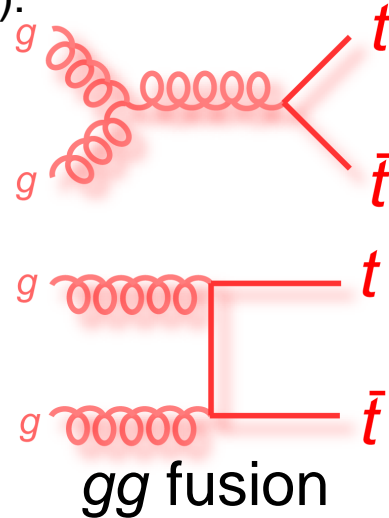
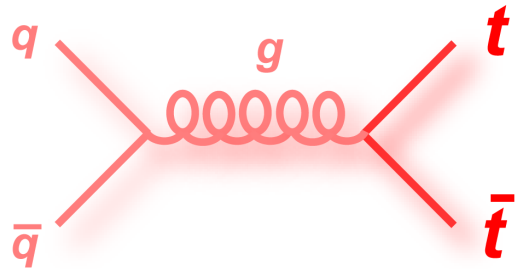


## Strong interaction: Top pairs

Tevatron vs. LHC (13 TeV):

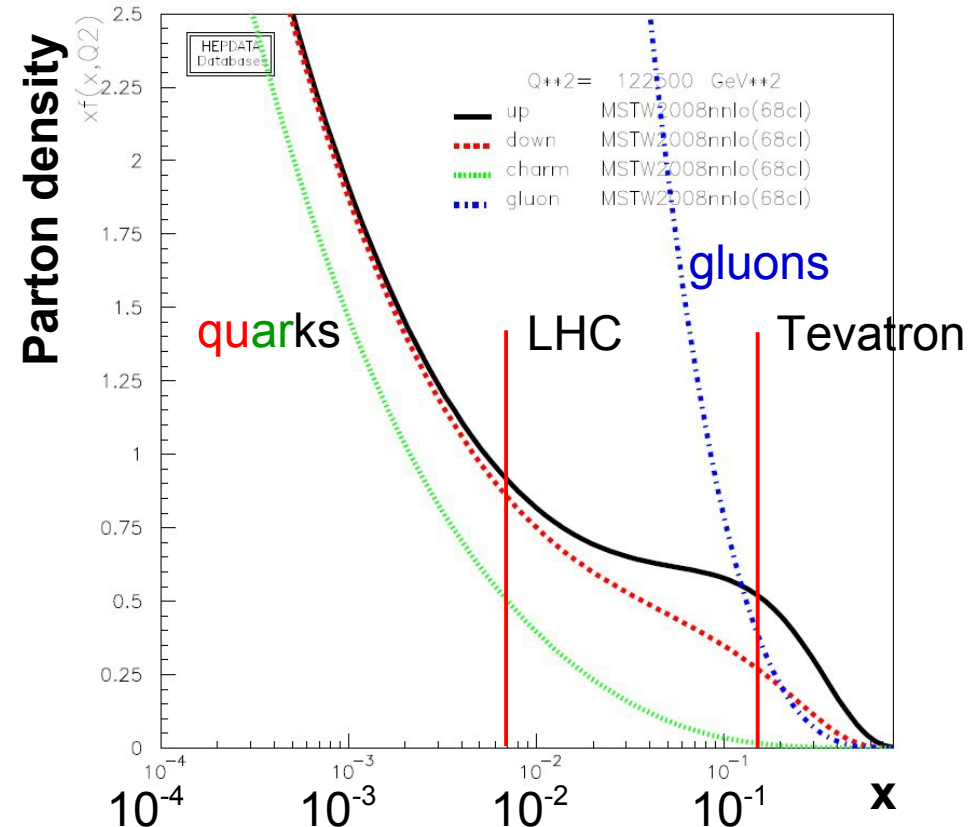
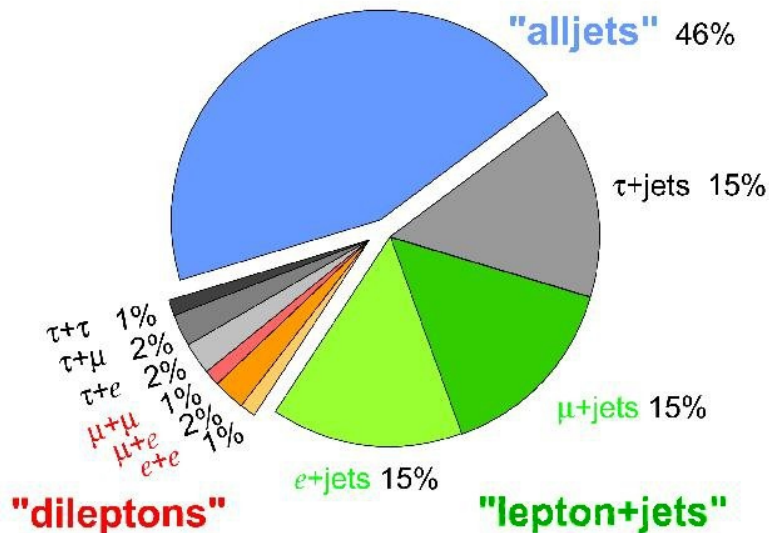
$q\bar{q}$ : 85% vs ~10%

$gg$ : 15% vs. ~90%



## Decay channels:

Top Pair Branching Fractions



Theory (NNLO+NNLL):

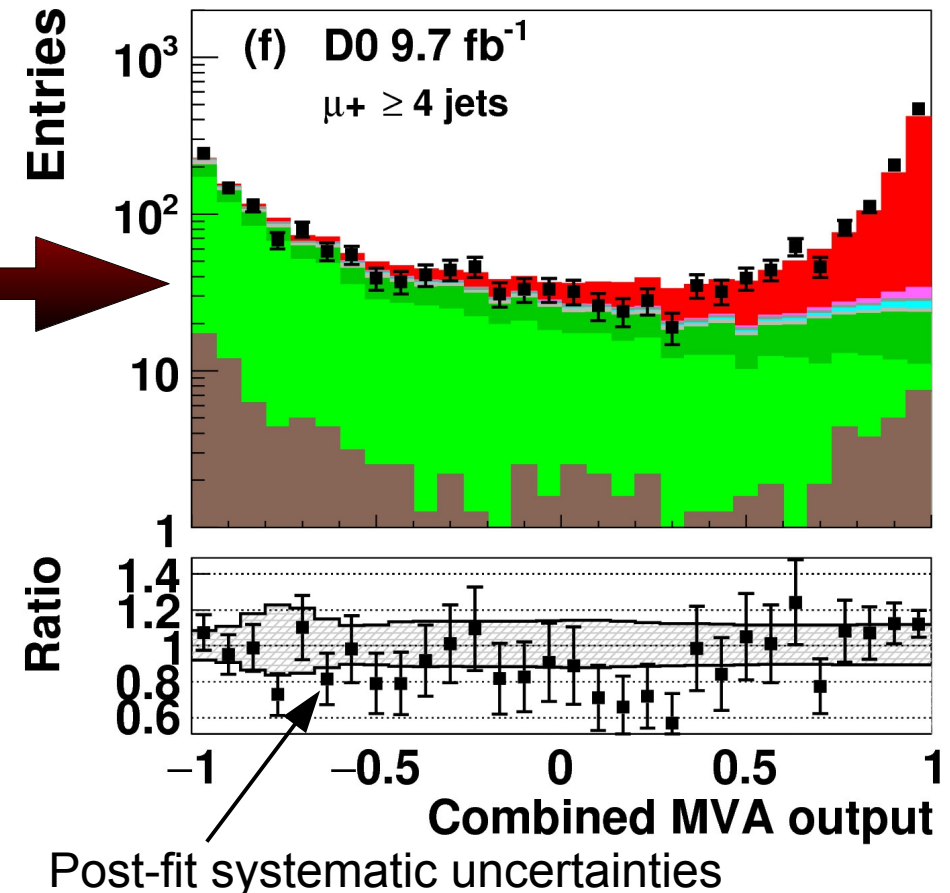
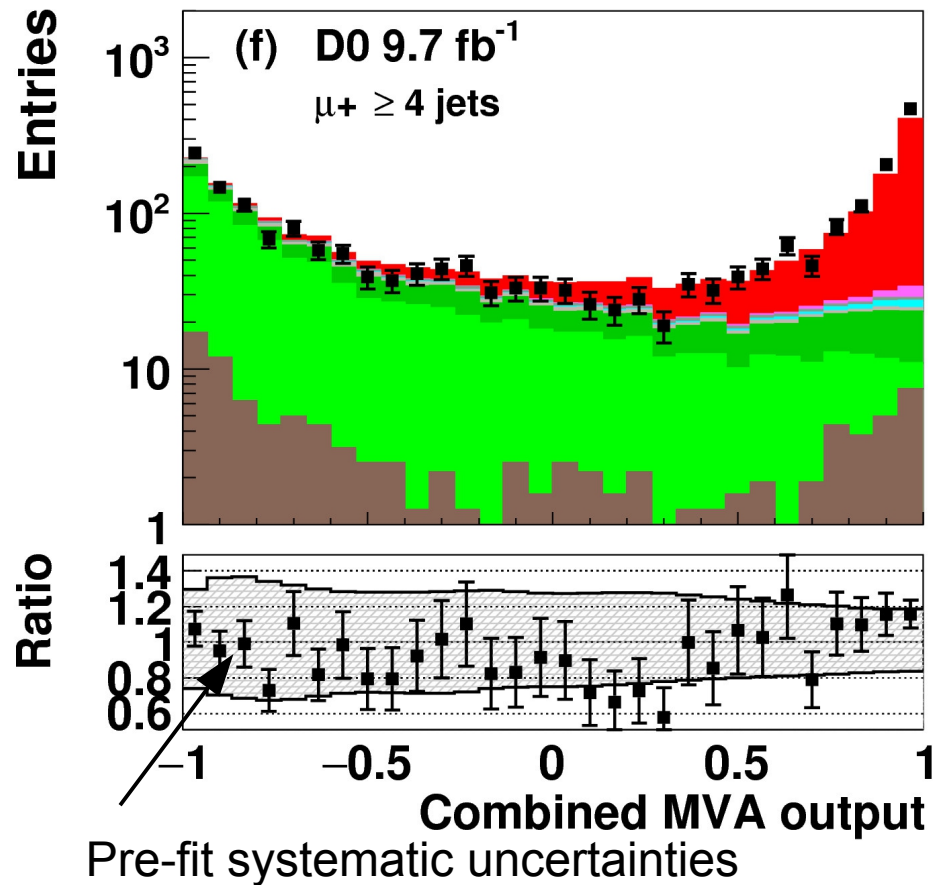
Collider	$\sigma_{\text{tot}}$ [pb]	scales [pb]	pdf [pb]
Tevatron	7.164	+0.110(1.5%) -0.200(2.8%)	+0.169(2.4%) -0.122(1.7%)
LHC 7 TeV	172.0	+4.4(2.6%) -5.8(3.4%)	+4.7(2.7%) -4.8(2.8%)
LHC 8 TeV	245.8	+6.2(2.5%) -8.4(3.4%)	+6.2(2.5%) -6.4(2.6%)

LHC 13 TeV  $\sigma = 832^{+40}_{-46} \text{ pb}$



- Profile log-LH fit by D0 – final measurement at Tevatron
  - 3 individual log-LH fits for dilepton, l+jets and combination
  - Employ BDT (w gradients) discriminant, optimized to extract  $m(\text{top})$
  - **Reduced uncertainties** despite adding “hadronization” category

D0 [arxiv:1605.06168]

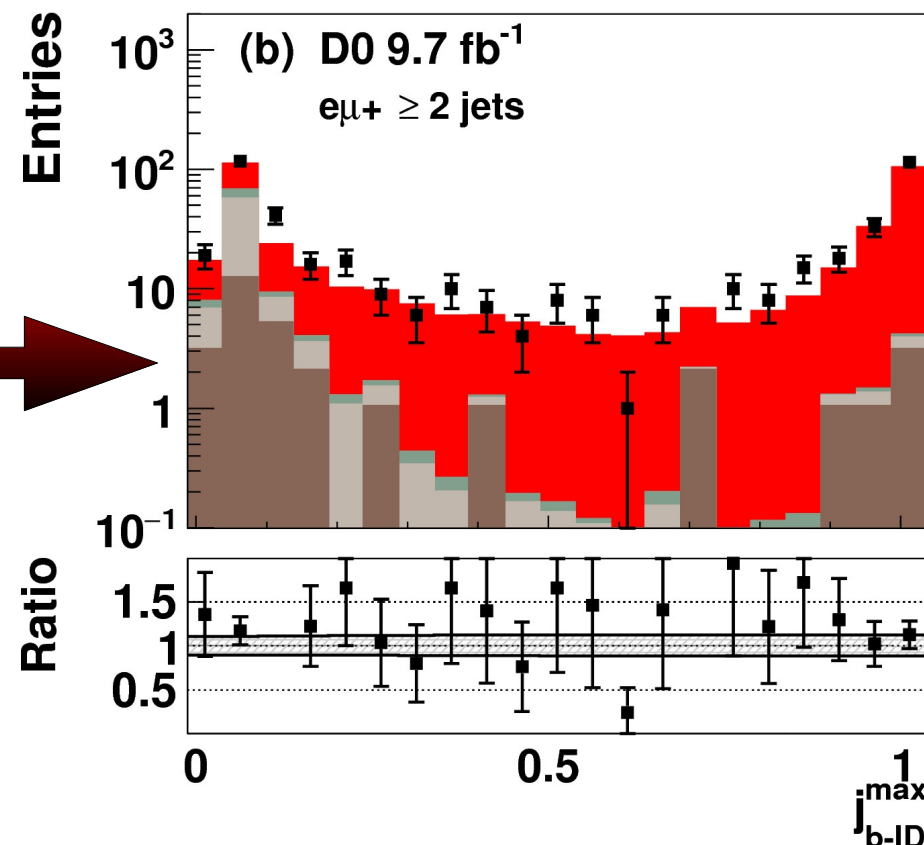
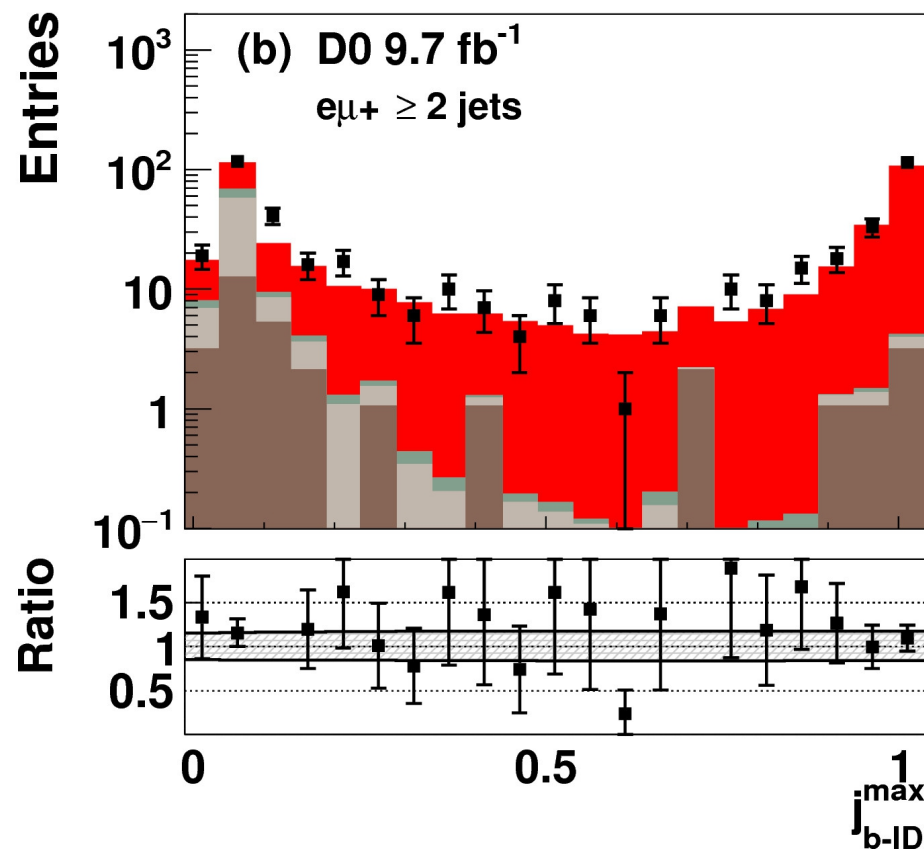




# Top quark production



- Final Tevatron combination is work in progress D0 [arxiv:1605.06168]
- Luminosity uncertainty: 4.3% (long effort in understanding paid off)



Leading jet in b-ID discriminant

Combination of dilepton & l+jets:

$$\sigma = 7.26 \pm 0.13 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.57/0.50 \text{ (syst.) pb}$$

$$\delta\sigma/\sigma = 7.6\%$$

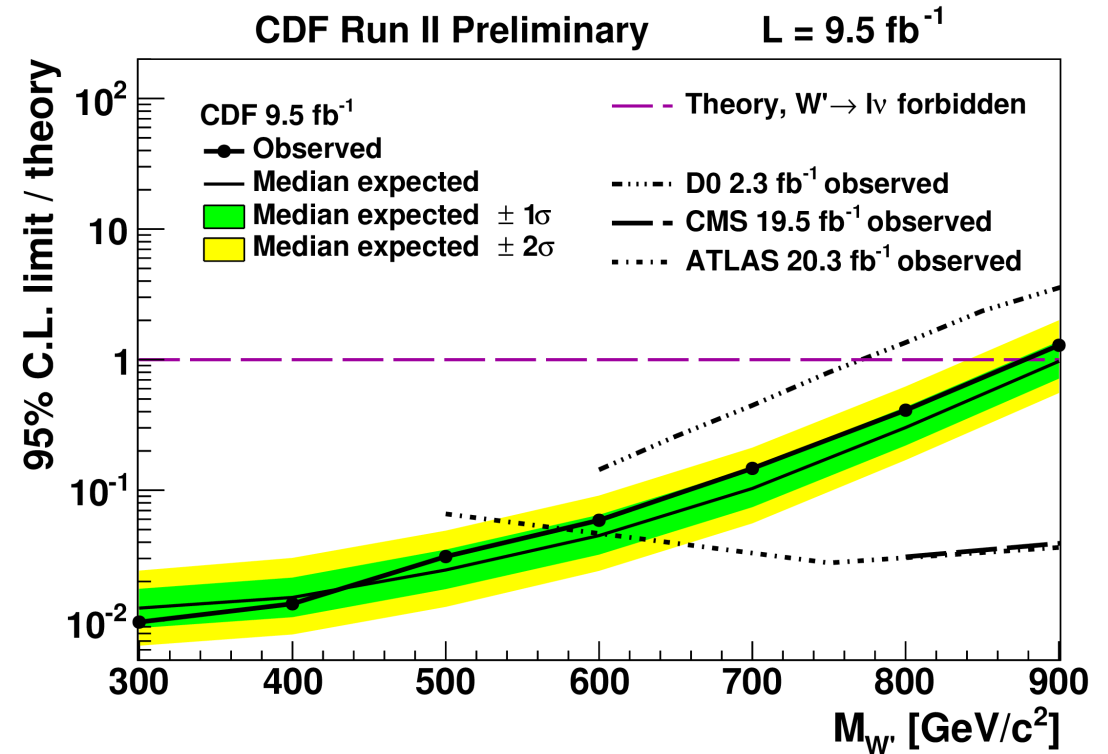
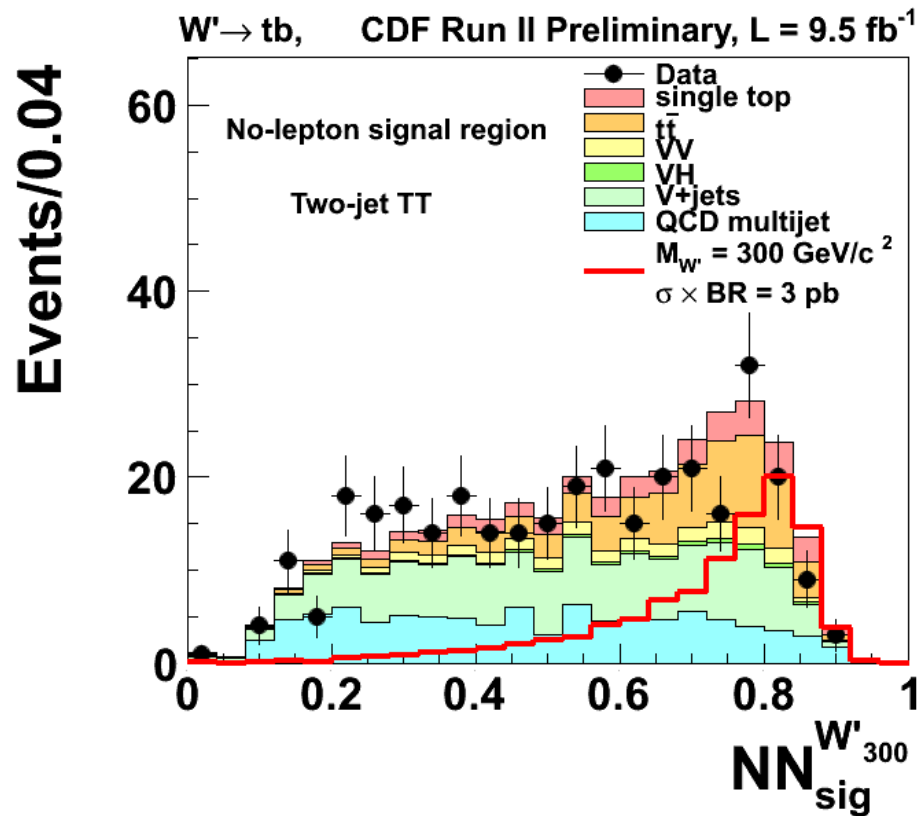
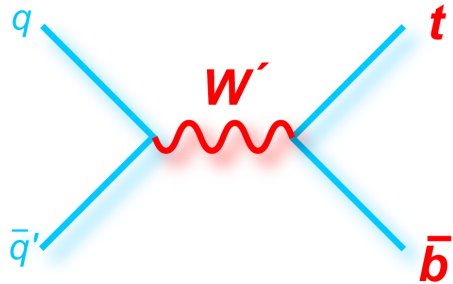
Subm. to PRD

Theory (NNLO+NNLL, top++):  
7.16 pb ± 3.5%

Pole mass extraction:  
→ see Frederic Deliot



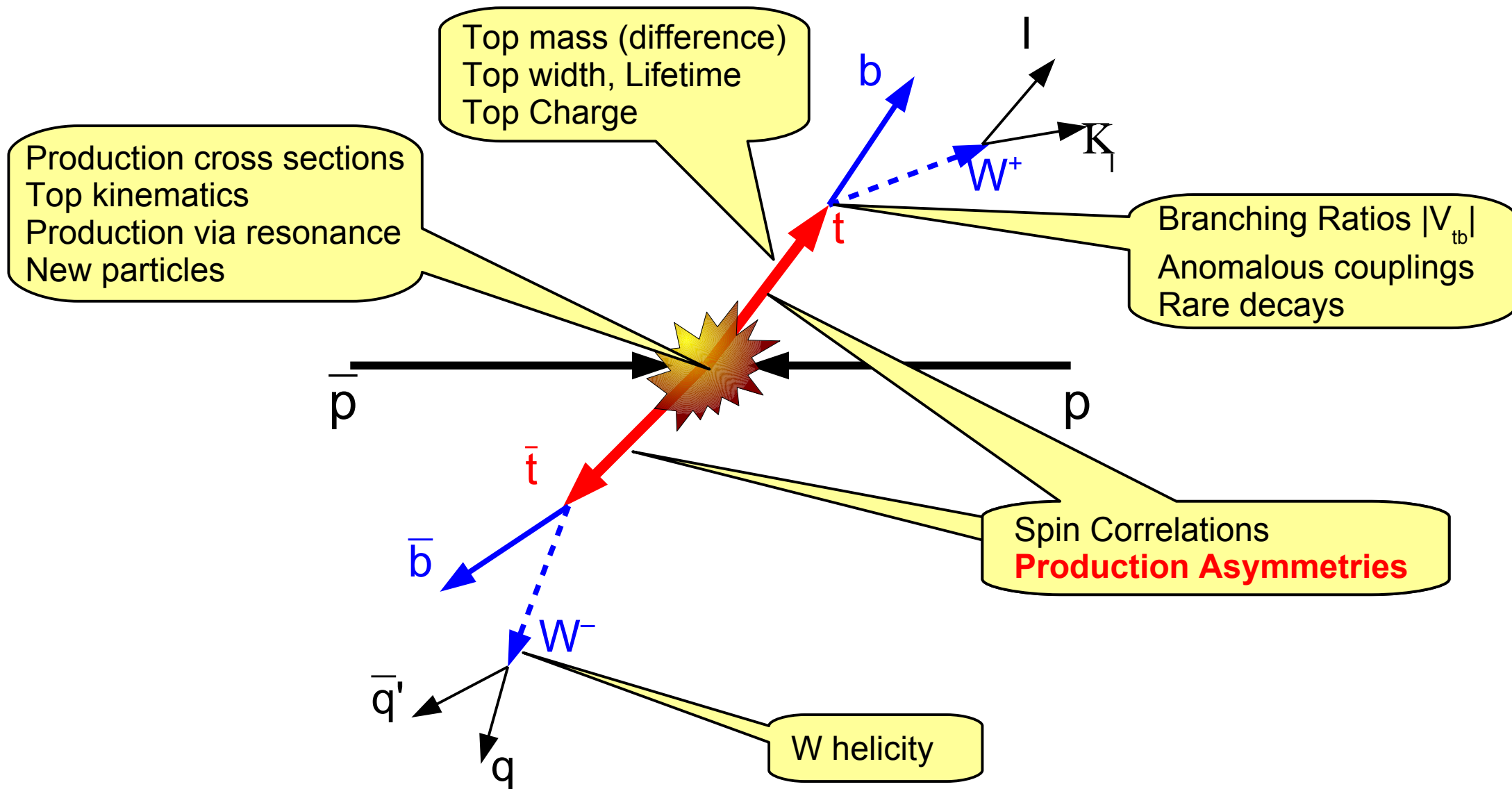
## • New physics ? e.g. $W'$



→ missing  $E_T$  and 2-3 jets

→ extending LHC exclusions into low mass region [PRL 115 061801](#)

## No new physics....



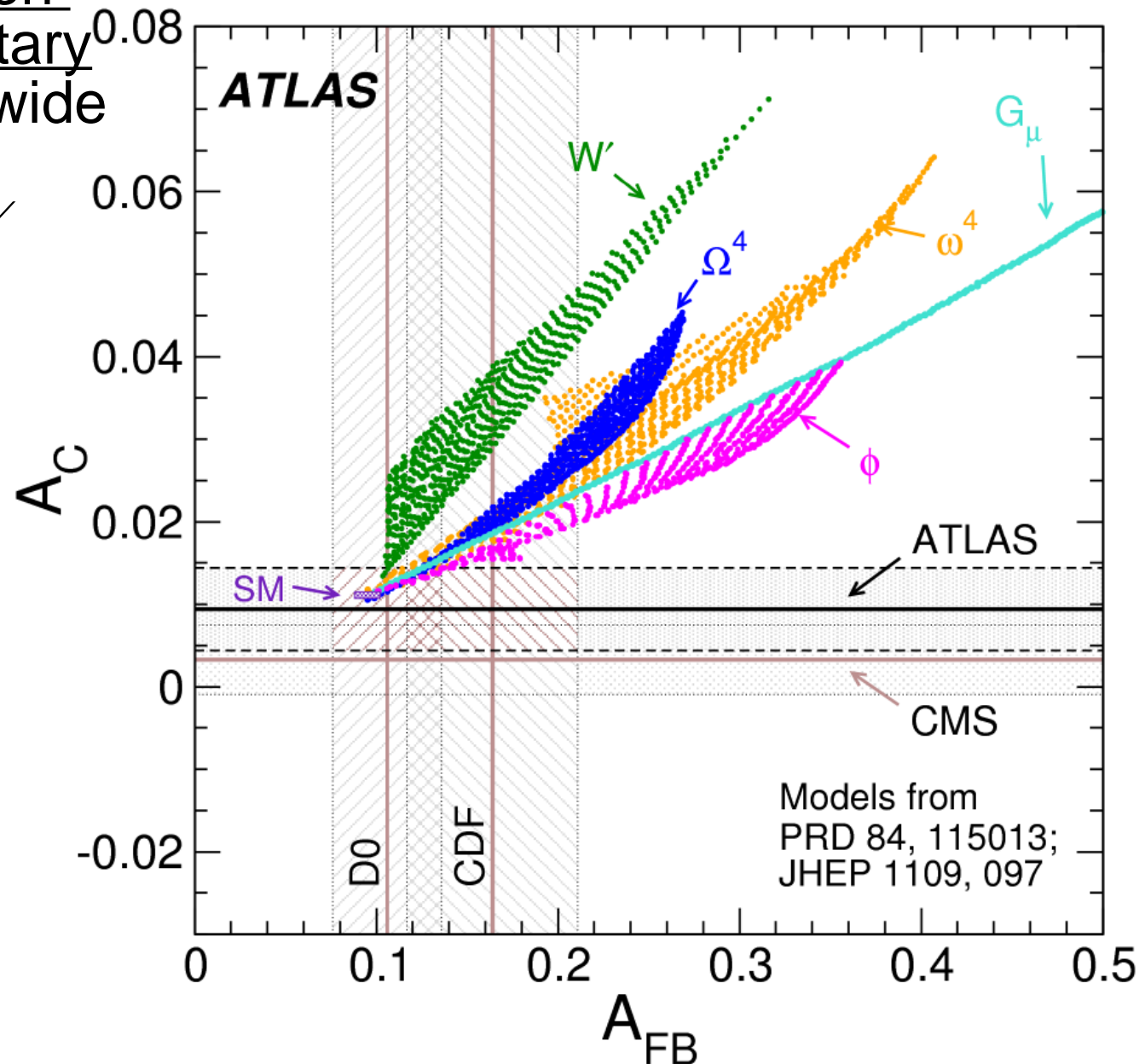


# Top quark asymmetries



- Measurements at Tevatron & LHC are complementary
- Variety of models with wide parameter space still allowed  $W', G, T, Z'$

JHEP 1402 (2014)



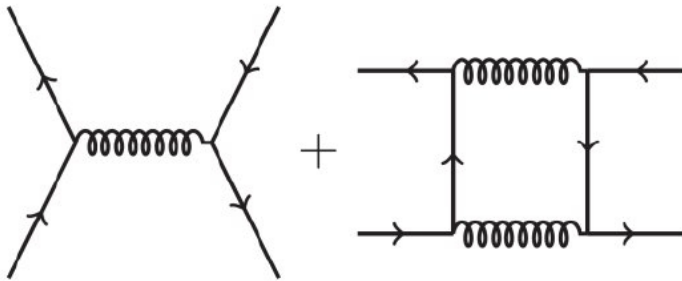




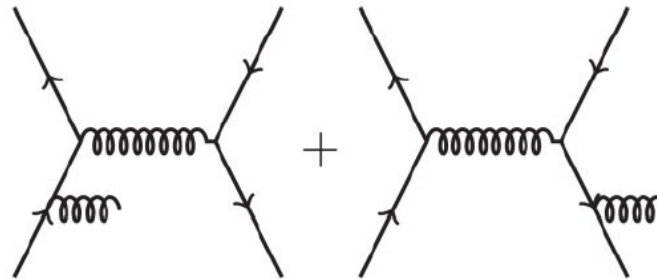
# Top quark asymmetries



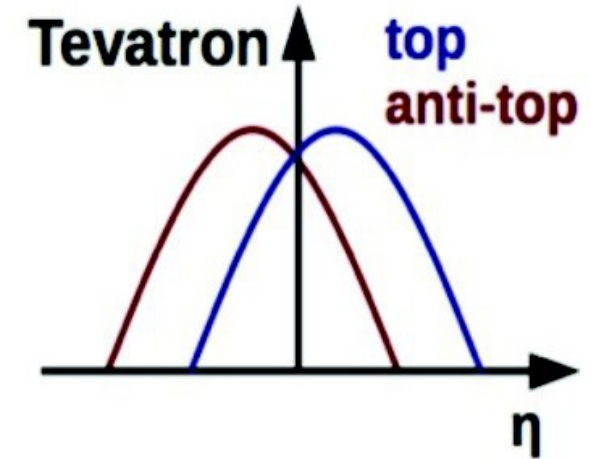
- Interference appears at NLO QCD:



Positive asymmetry



Negative asymmetry



Only occurs in  $q\bar{q}$  initial state;  $gg$  is fwd-bwd symmetric

- This is a forward-backward asymmetry at Tevatron
- No valence anti-quarks at LHC  $\bar{t}$  more central

- SM predictions at NLO (QCD+EWK)

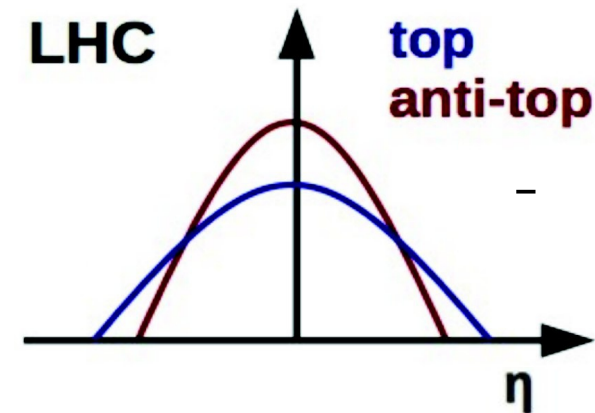
Tevatron:  $A_{FB} \sim 10\%$  vs. LHC:  $A_c \sim 1\%$

**NNLO+NNLL**

- Experimentally: Asymmetries based on decay leptons  
or fully reconstructed top quarks

“harder”

“easier”





# Top quark asymmetries



- Differential measurements by CDF and D0:

PRD 87 092002

Phys. Rev. D 90, 072011 (2014)

- Differential theory calculation by Czakon et al.:

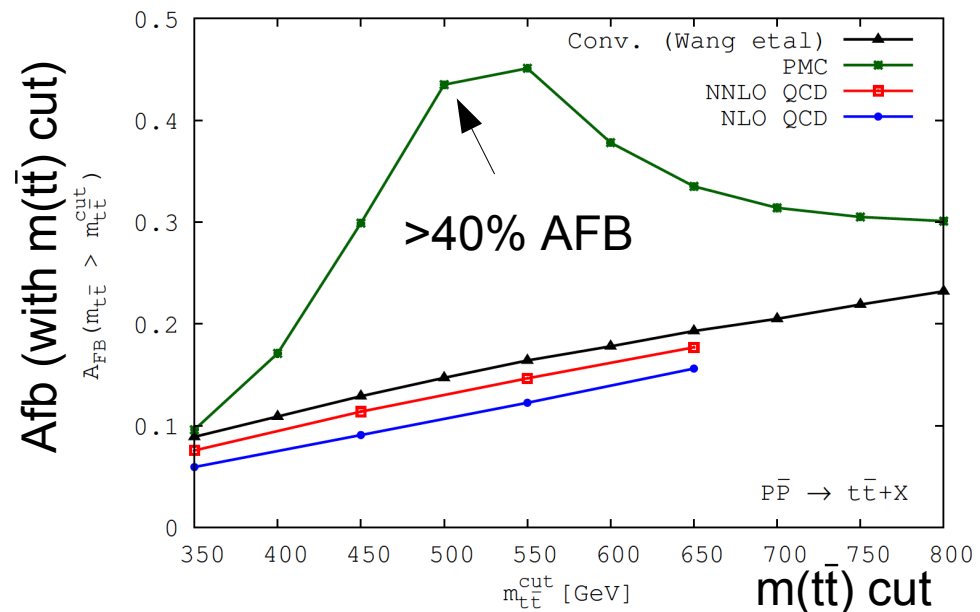
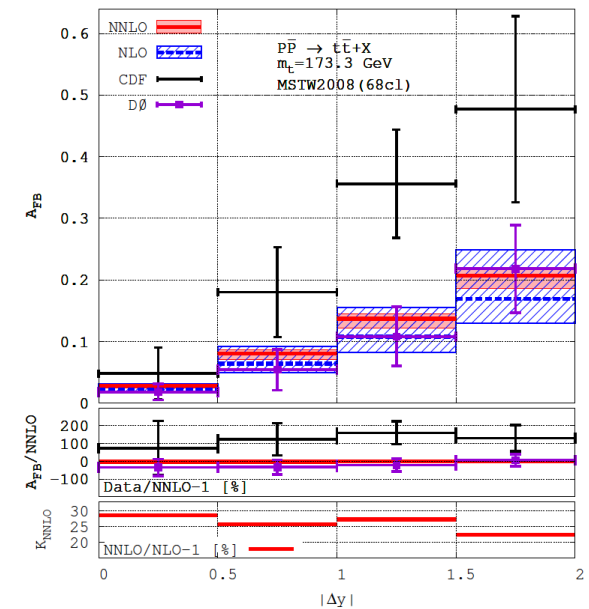
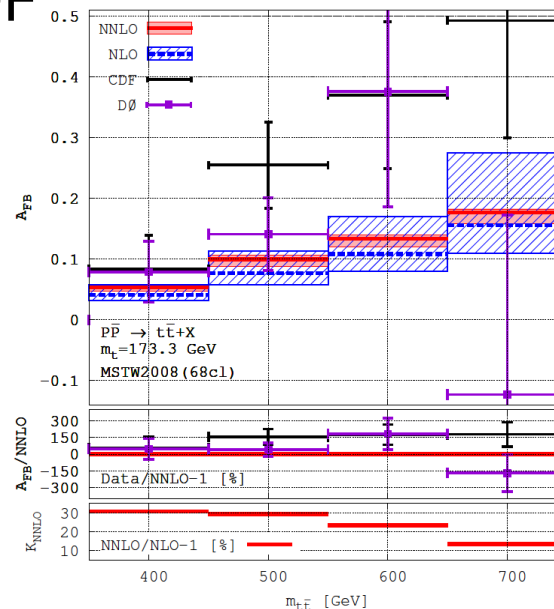
[arXiv:1601.05375]

- NNLO+NNLL agrees with differential measurements by D0
- CDF agrees within  $< 2$  s.d.

- Results at aN3LO by Kidonakis agree with D0 (same caveat for CDF)

PRD 91 071502

- Scale choice can have large impact on size of Afb
  - Keep in mind for LHC ?!

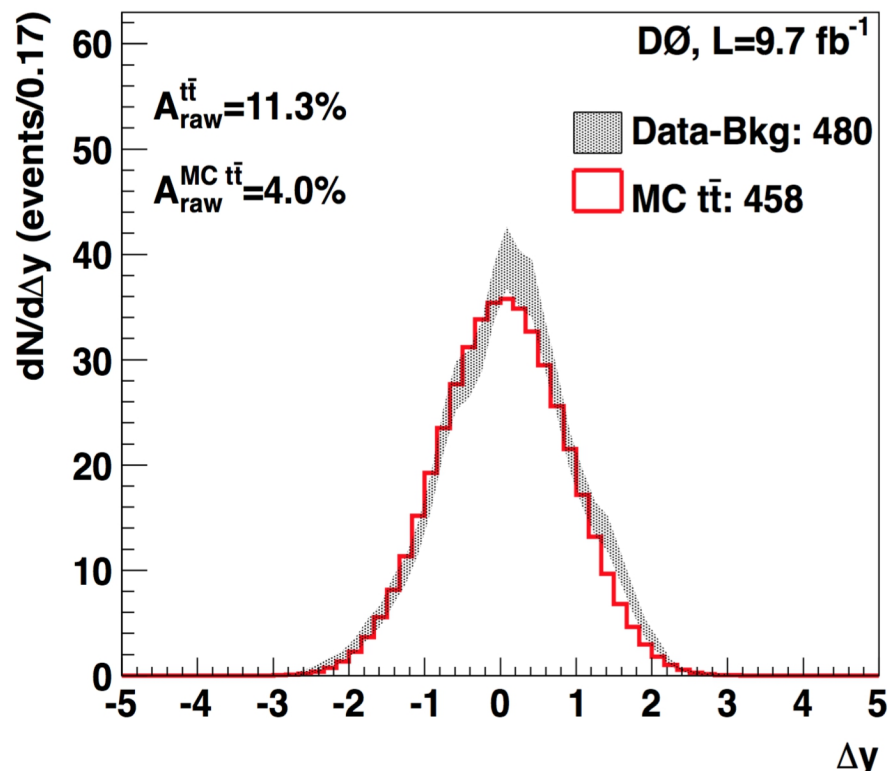




# Top quark asymmetries



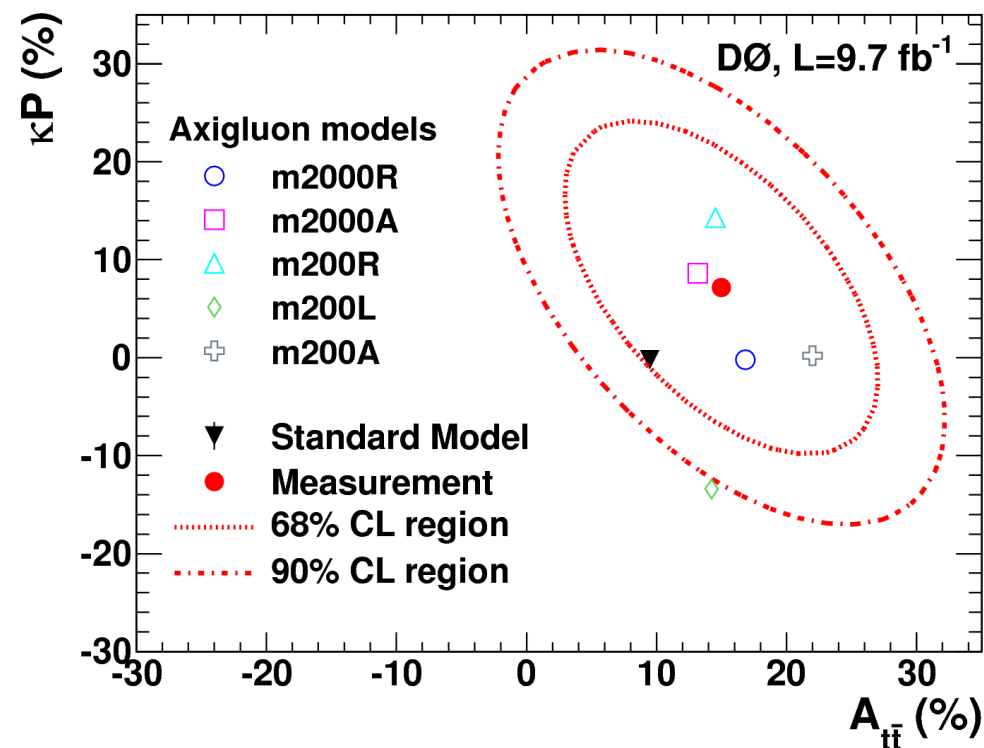
- Dilepton channel: Likelihood per event for correct  $\Delta y$  assignment



- Simultaneous 2D measurement:

$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow A_{FB} &= 15.0 \pm 8.0 \text{ (tot.) } \% \\ \kappa P &= 7.2 \pm 11.3 \text{ (tot.) } \% \\ \text{Constrain } P \text{ to SM value:} \\ A_{FB} &= 17.5 \pm 6.4 \text{ (tot.) } \% \end{aligned}$$

$$\sum_{\text{events}} L_{z_i}(\Delta y_{t\bar{t}}) \text{ vs } \Delta y_{t\bar{t}} \text{ true}$$



(SM polarization essentially 0)

Phys. Rev. D 92, 052007 (2015)

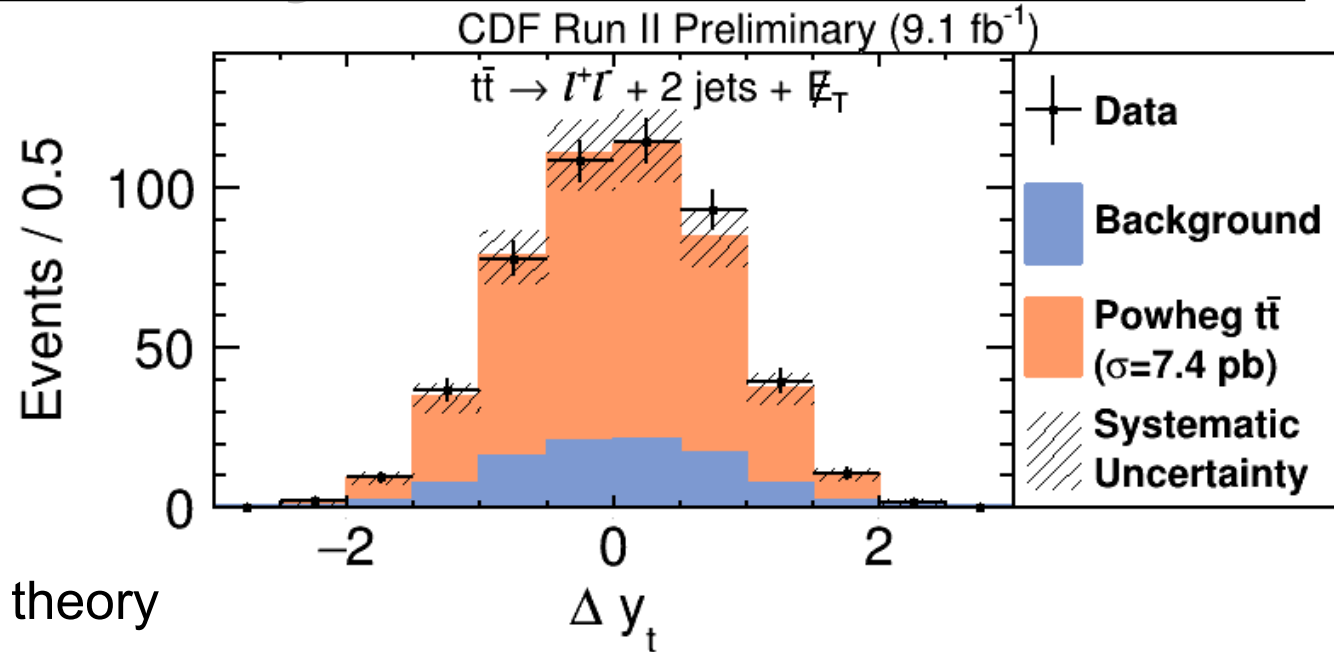




# Top quark asymmetries



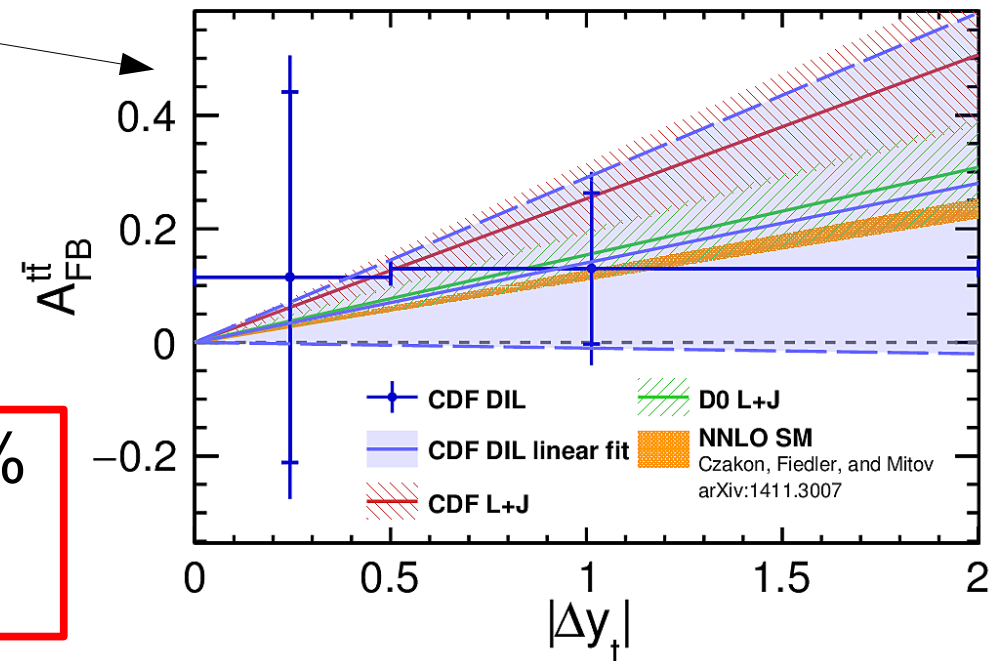
- Reconstruct in  $A_{FB}$  in dilepton events
- Likelihood based kin. Reconstruction
- Probability density dist for each solution



Slope in  $|\Delta y|$  agrees with theory and D0 result in  $l+jets$

CDF note 11161 (2015)

- Agreement with the SM



$$A_{FB} = 12 \pm 11 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 7 \text{ (syst.)} \%$$

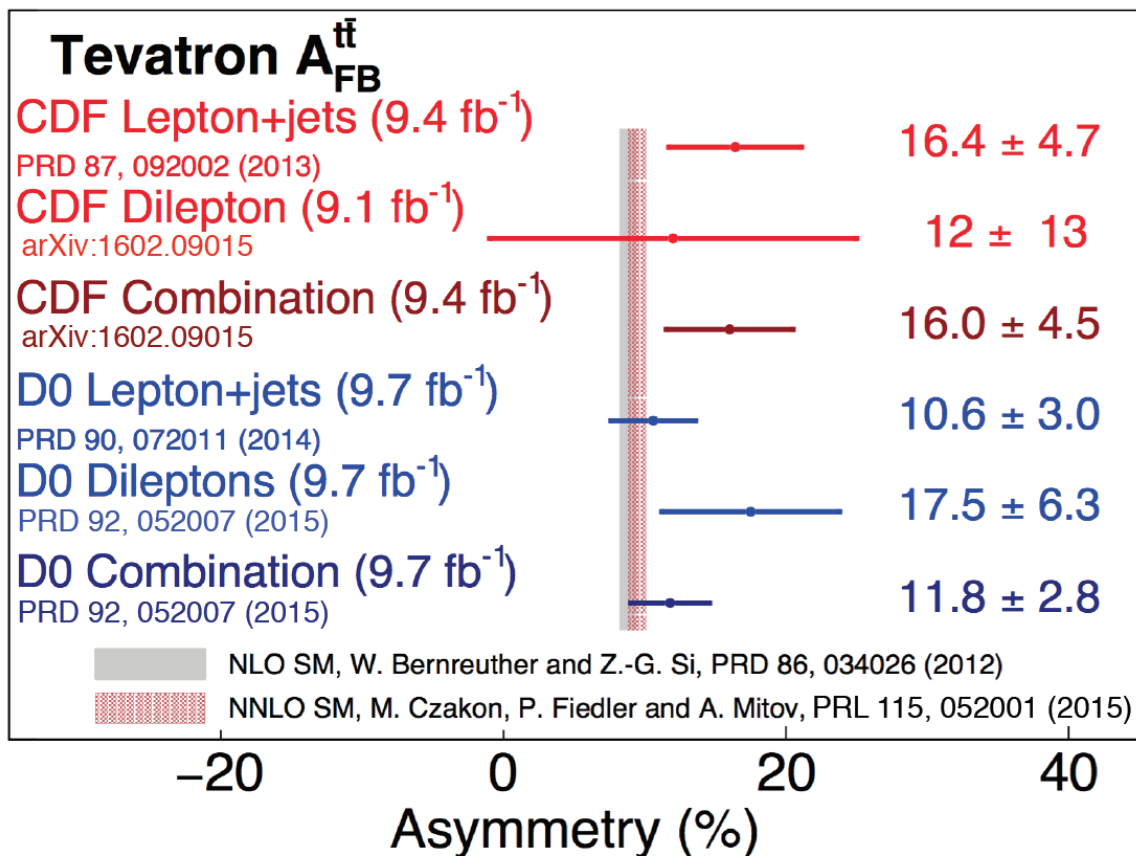
$$A_{FB} = 12 \pm 13 \text{ (tot.)} \%$$



# Top quark asymmetries

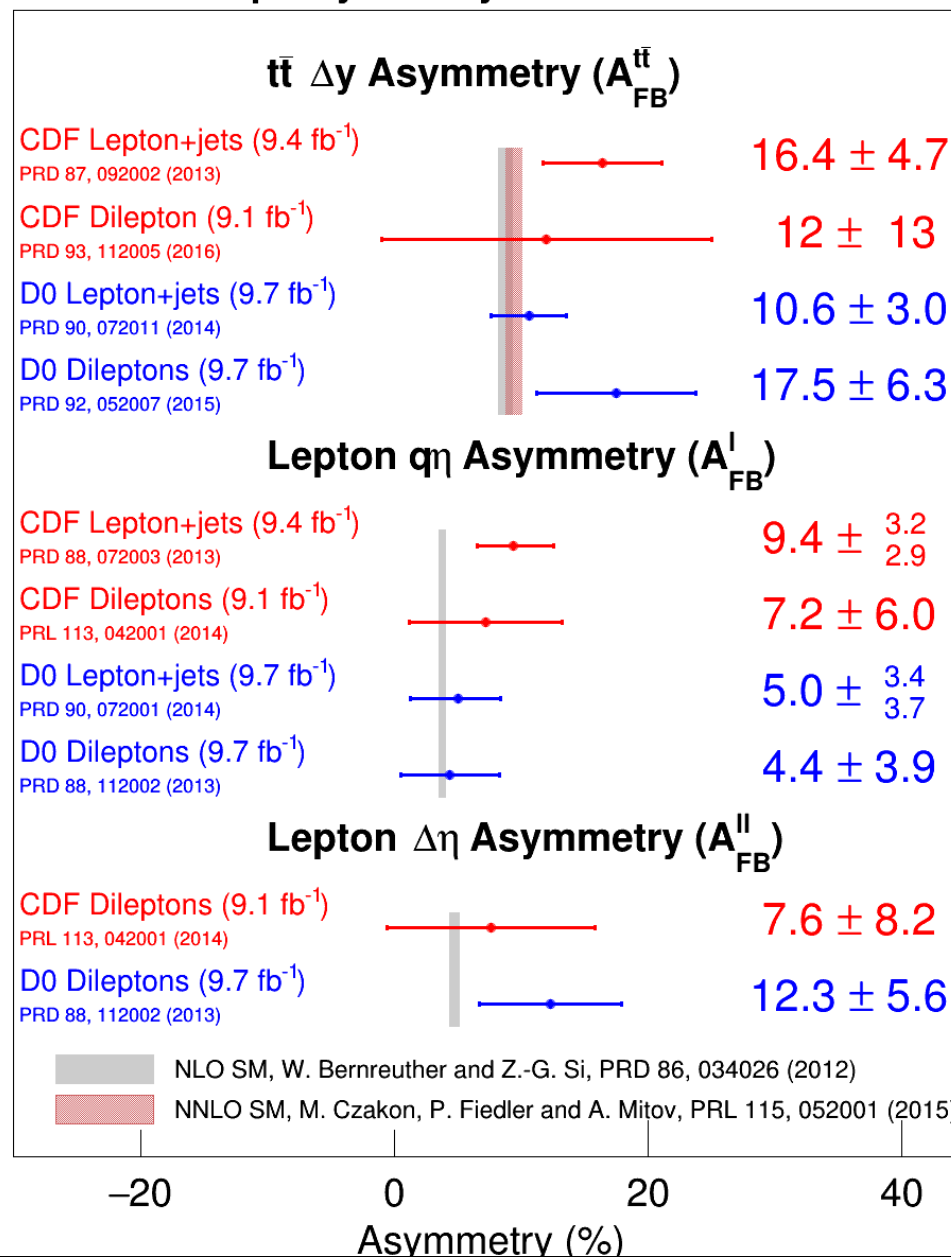


## Latest combinations:



- Agreement with SM
- Tevatron combination is underway!

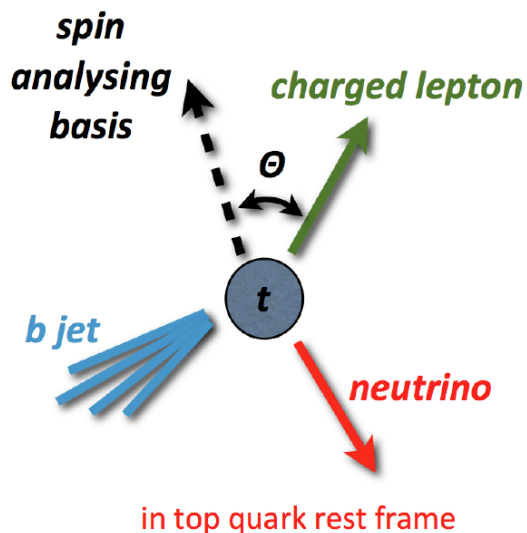
## Tevatron Top Asymmetry



# Top quark polarization



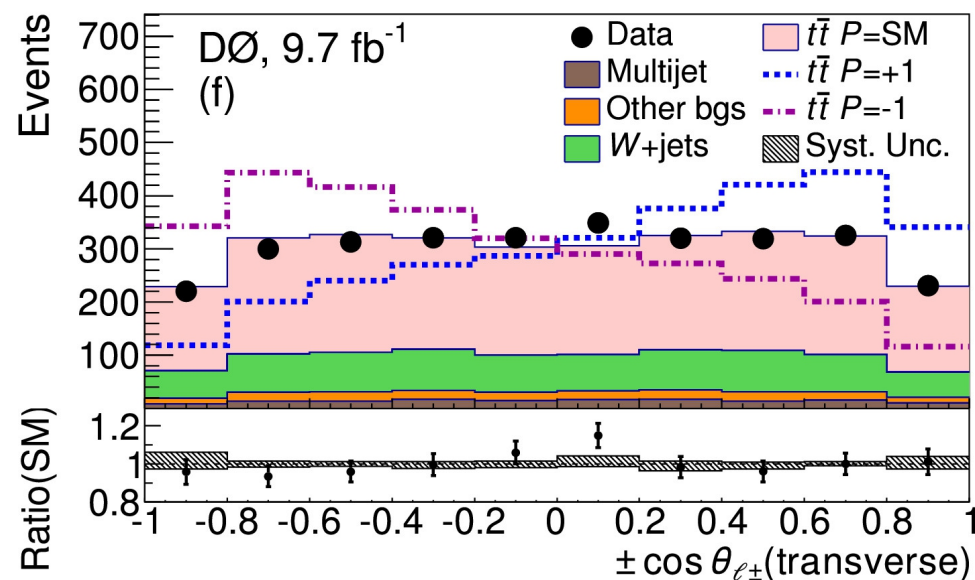
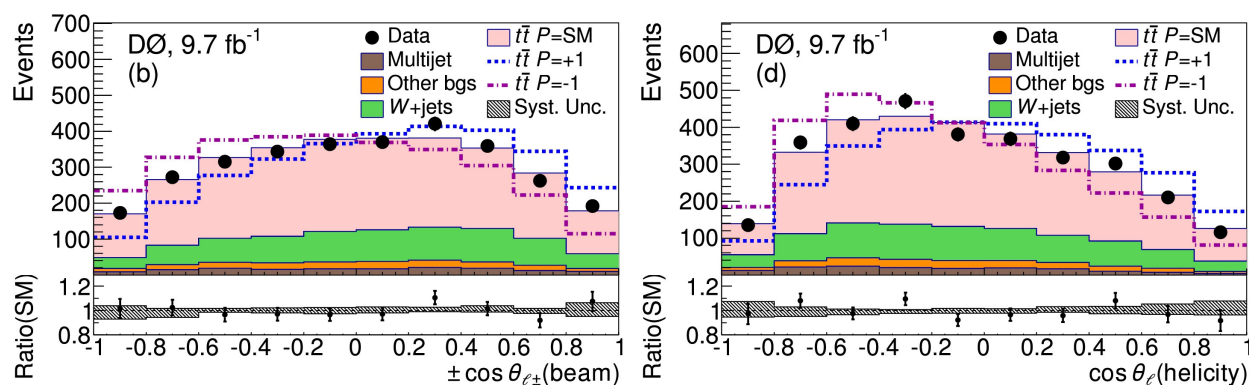
- Measure polarization of the top quark:



- 1<sup>st</sup> measurement of the transverse polarization
  - SM expectation is 0
  - SM almost 0 for helicity and beam as well

Axis	Measured polarization $P_{\hat{n}}$	SM prediction
Beam	$+0.070 \pm 0.055$	$-0.002$
Helicity	$-0.102 \pm 0.060$	$-0.004$
Transverse	$+0.040 \pm 0.034$	$+0.011$

Subm. to PRL [arXiv:1607.07627]



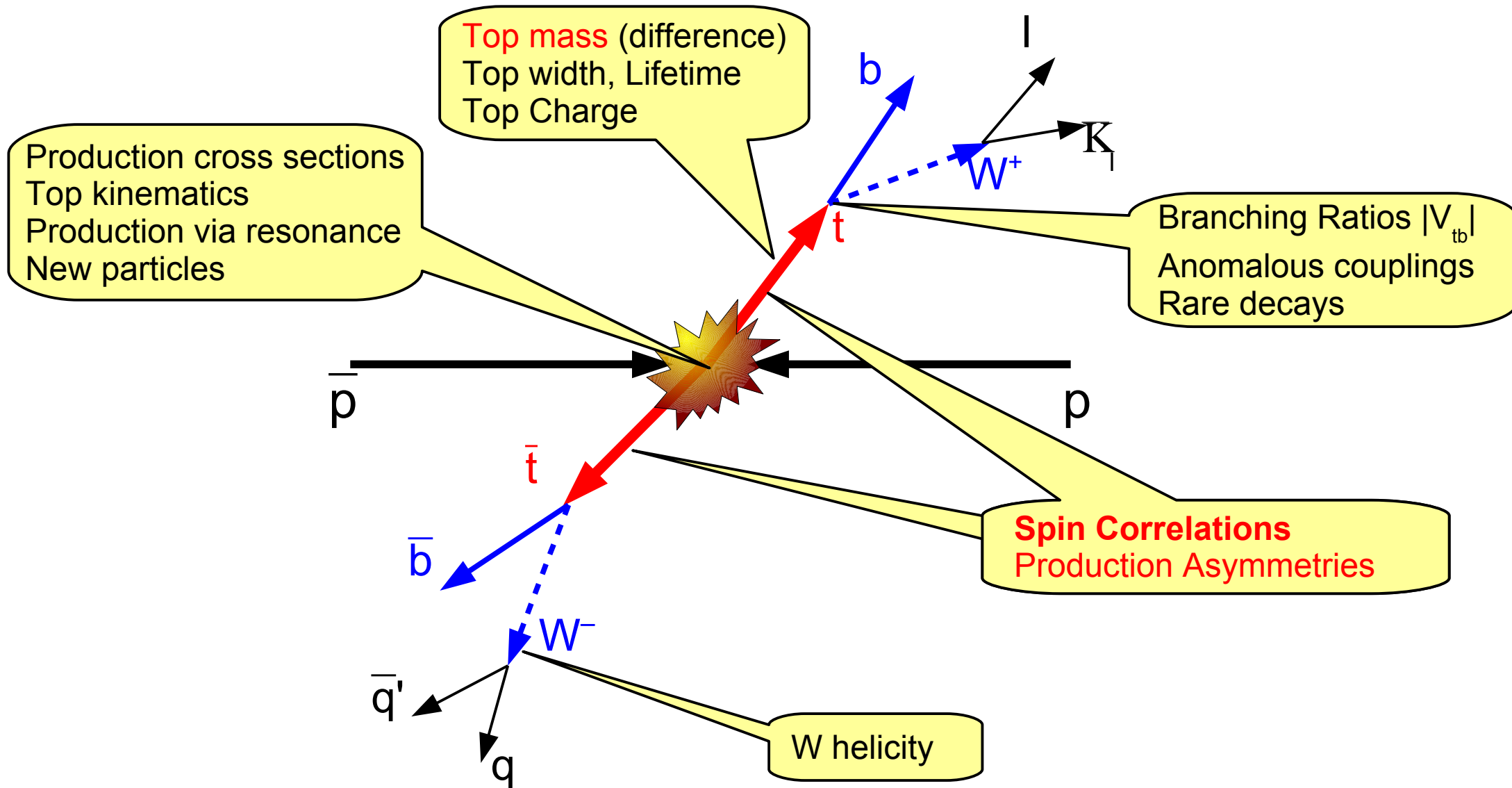
→ dilepton & l+jets combination:  
 $P = 0.081 \pm 0.048$

→ In agreement with the SM





# Top quark physics





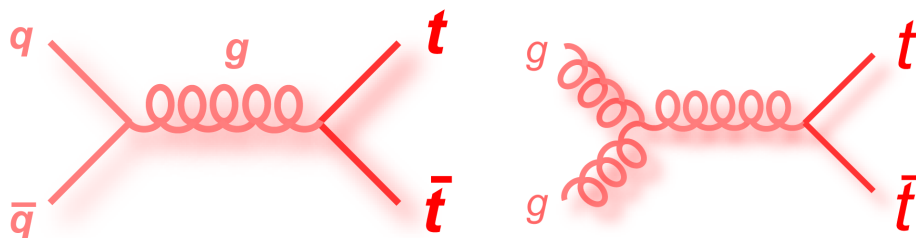
# Top quark spin correlations



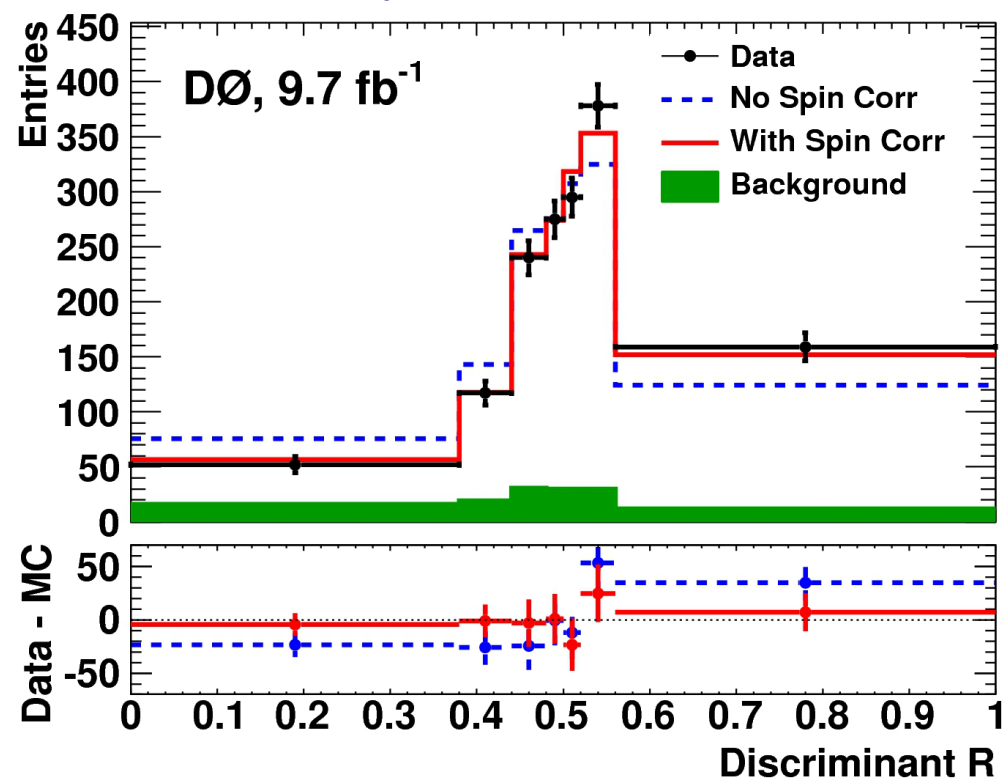
Phys. Lett. B 757, 199 (2016)

- This is a different quantity at Tevatron and LHC:

- Production at threshold and well above
- $pp$  versus  $p\bar{p}$  collisions



- Complementary to the LHC results
  - e.g. light top quark partners modifies SM spin correlation expectation
- Matrix element technique (ll + l+jets)
  - Optimized off-diagonal basis



$$R = \frac{P_{\text{sgn}}(H = c)}{P_{\text{sgn}}(H = u) + P_{\text{sgn}}(H = c)}$$

$$O_{\text{off}} = 0.89 \pm 0.22 \text{ (tot.)} \quad \text{Evidence for spin correlation: } 4.2 \text{ s.d. (observed)}$$

$$O_{\text{off, MC@NLO}} = 0.766$$



- Very successful Tevatron top quark program
- Precision measurements of Top Quark properties at Tevatron (all employing full Run II data set)
  - All results at 1.96 TeV in  $p\bar{p}$  **confirm that top quark behaves as expected in SM**
- **Complementary** results at different energy and initial state!
- More legacy Tevatron combinations (mass, Afb, cross section) to come...plus a new mass extraction from differential cross sections

Only small limited selection of results shown, more information:

[CDF Top Web pages](#)

[D0 Top Web pages](#)

Thank you!







# Top quark production



- List of systematic uncertainties, dominant are luminosity, hadronization, jet modeling, signal generator

DO [arxiv:1605.06168]

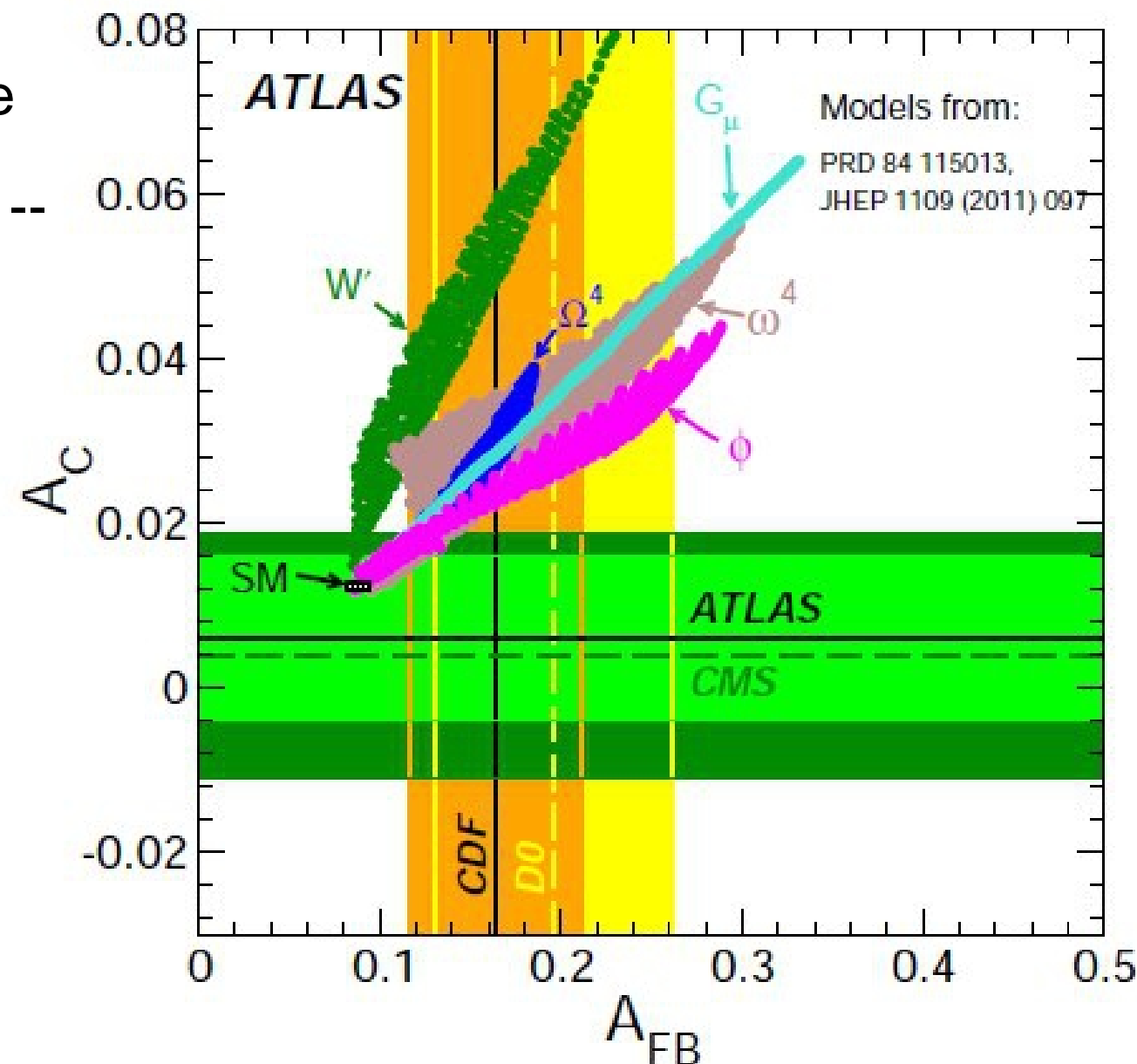
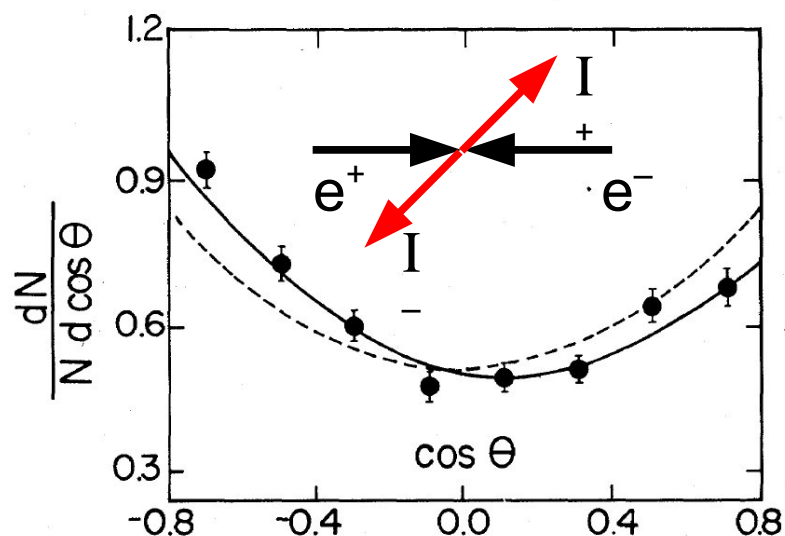
Source of uncertainty	$\delta_{\ell+\text{jets}}$ , pb	$\delta_{\ell\ell}$ , pb	$\delta_{\text{comb},}$ , pb	Shift, pb
<i>Signal modeling</i>				
Signal generator	$\pm 0.21$	$\pm 0.05$	$\pm 0.17$	+0.08
Hadronization	$\pm 0.26$	$\pm 0.33$	$\pm 0.25$	+0.12
Color reconnection	$\pm 0.08$	$\pm 0.05$	$\pm 0.09$	+0.02
ISR/FSR variation	$\pm 0.08$	$\pm 0.04$	$\pm 0.06$	-0.05
<i>PDF</i>	$\pm 0.04$	$\pm 0.03$	$\pm 0.02$	-0.01
<i>Detector modeling</i>				
Jet modeling & ID	$\pm 0.11$	$\pm 0.08$	$\pm 0.04$	+0.07
<i>b</i> -jet modeling & ID	$\pm 0.27$	$\pm 0.26$	$\pm 0.23$	-0.15
Lepton modeling & ID	$\pm 0.20$	$\pm 0.26$	$\pm 0.17$	-0.11
Trigger efficiency	$\pm 0.32$	$\pm 0.08$	$\pm 0.16$	+0.01
Luminosity	$\pm 0.30$	$\pm 0.30$	$\pm 0.27$	+0.10
<i>Sample Composition</i>				
MC cross sections	$\pm 0.07$	$\pm 0.13$	$\pm 0.09$	+0.01
Multijet contribution	$\pm 0.11$	$\pm 0.02$	$\pm 0.10$	+0.10
<i>W</i> +jets scale factor	$\pm 0.21$	$\pm 0.01$	$\pm 0.15$	-0.50
<i>Z</i> / $\gamma^*$ +jets scale factor	$\pm 0.07$	$\pm 0.11$	$\pm 0.12$	+0.12
<i>MC statistics</i>	$\pm 0.01$	$\pm 0.01$	$\pm 0.02$	+0.00
Total systematic uncertainty (quadratic sum)	$\pm 0.70$	$\pm 0.64$	$\pm 0.60$	
Total systematic uncertainty (central COLLIE)	$\pm 0.67$	$\pm 0.73$	$\pm 0.55$	

# Top quark asymmetries

- Measurements at Tevatron & LHC are complimentary

- Variety of models with wide parameter space still allowed  
 $> W', G, T, Z'$

- MARK-J at  $\sqrt{s} = 34.6$  GeV

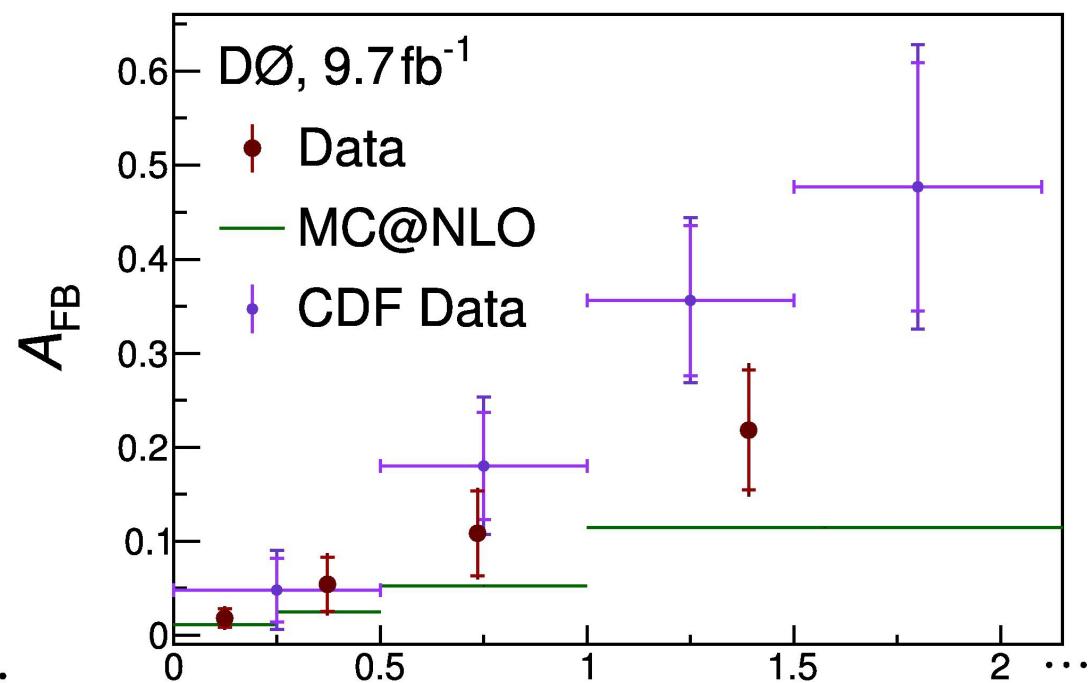
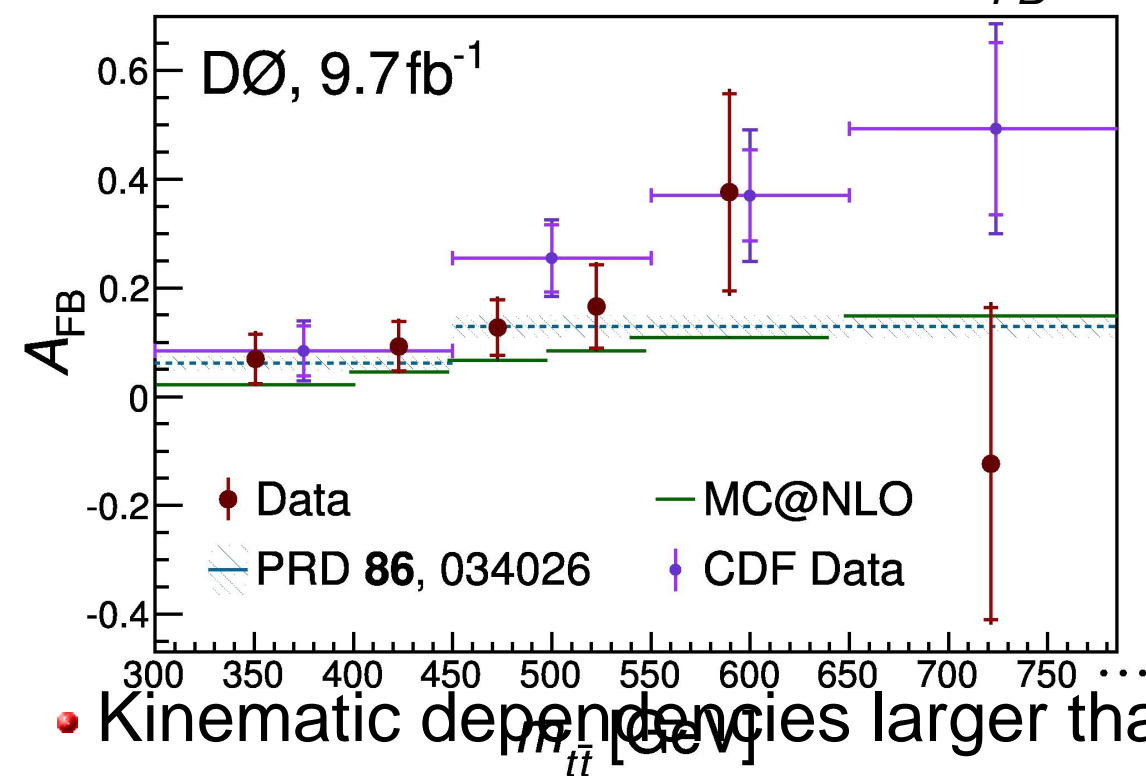




# Top quark asymmetries



- Updated D0 measurement (improvements beyond “lumi-scaling”)
- Existing CDF measurement in l+jets decay channel also measured kinematic dependence of  $A_{FB}$  [PRD 87 092002](#)



- Kinematic dependencies larger than “currently” predicted by SM



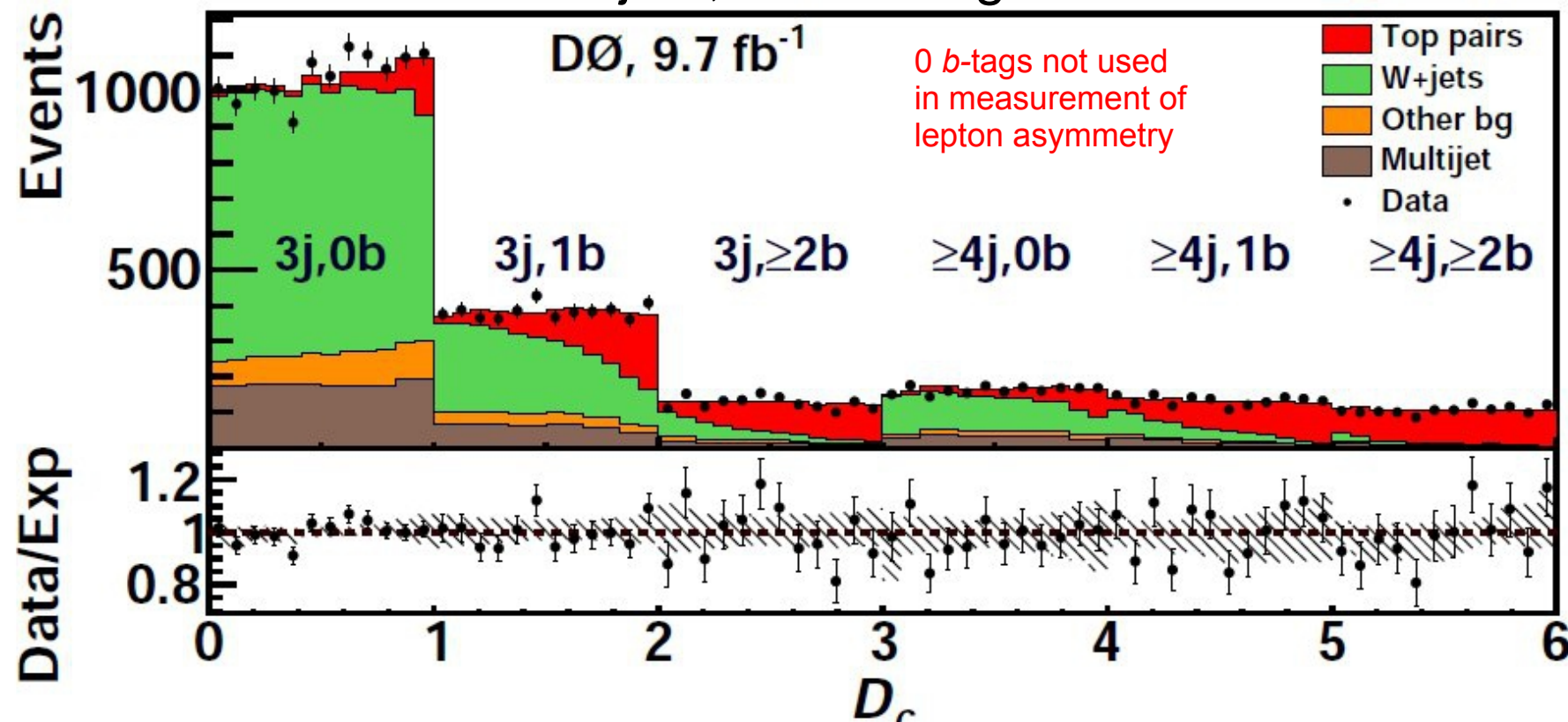
$$A_{FB} = 10.6 \pm 3.0 \text{ (tot.) \%}$$
$$\text{CDF: } A_{FB} = 16.4 \pm 4.5 \text{ (tot.) \%}$$

D0 agrees with SM within uncertainties  
CDF higher than SM predictions



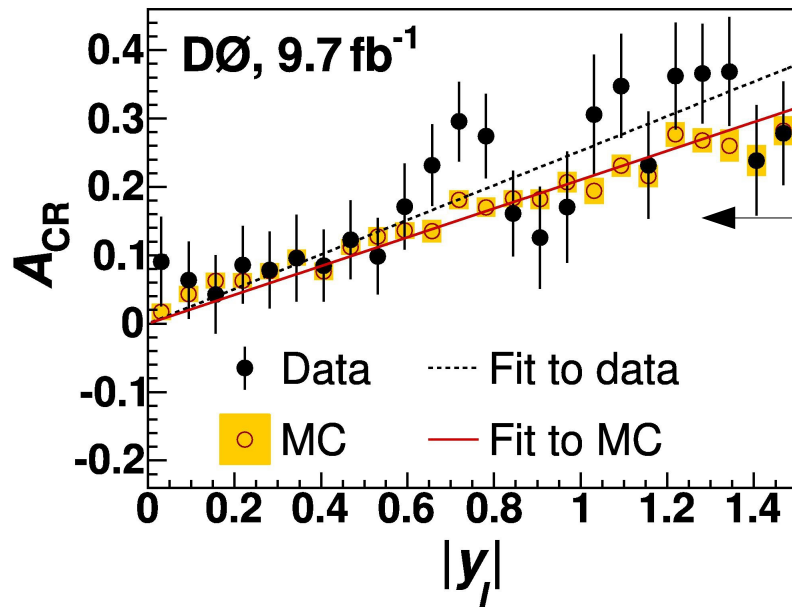
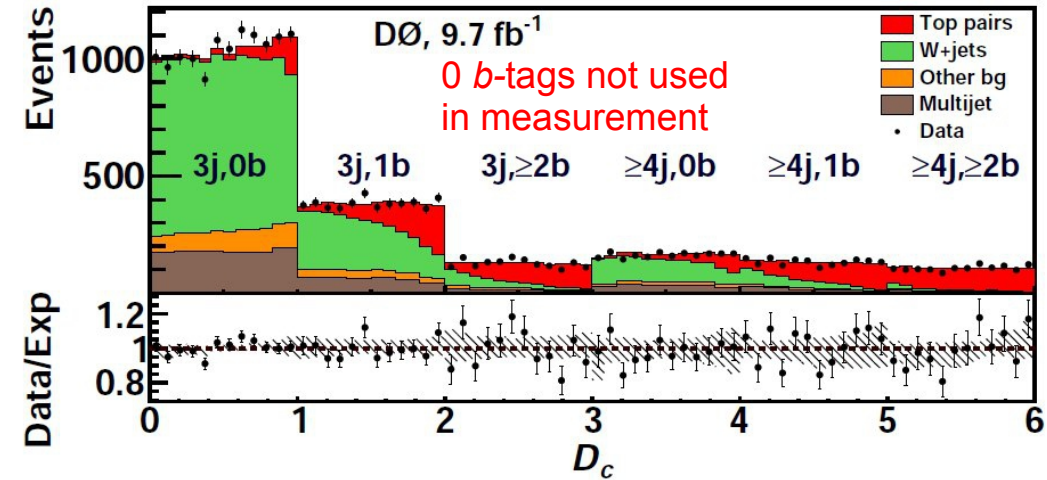
Reminder: Leptonic asymmetries less affected by reconstruction effects

- lepton+jets, updated measurement of leptonic asymmetries
- Discriminant  $D_c$  to determine sample composition
- **Final measurements**, need to maximize acceptance & precision
  - Include the 3 jet bin
  - Larger contribution of backgrounds in 3 jet bin  
need to calibrate W+jets, use 0b-tag



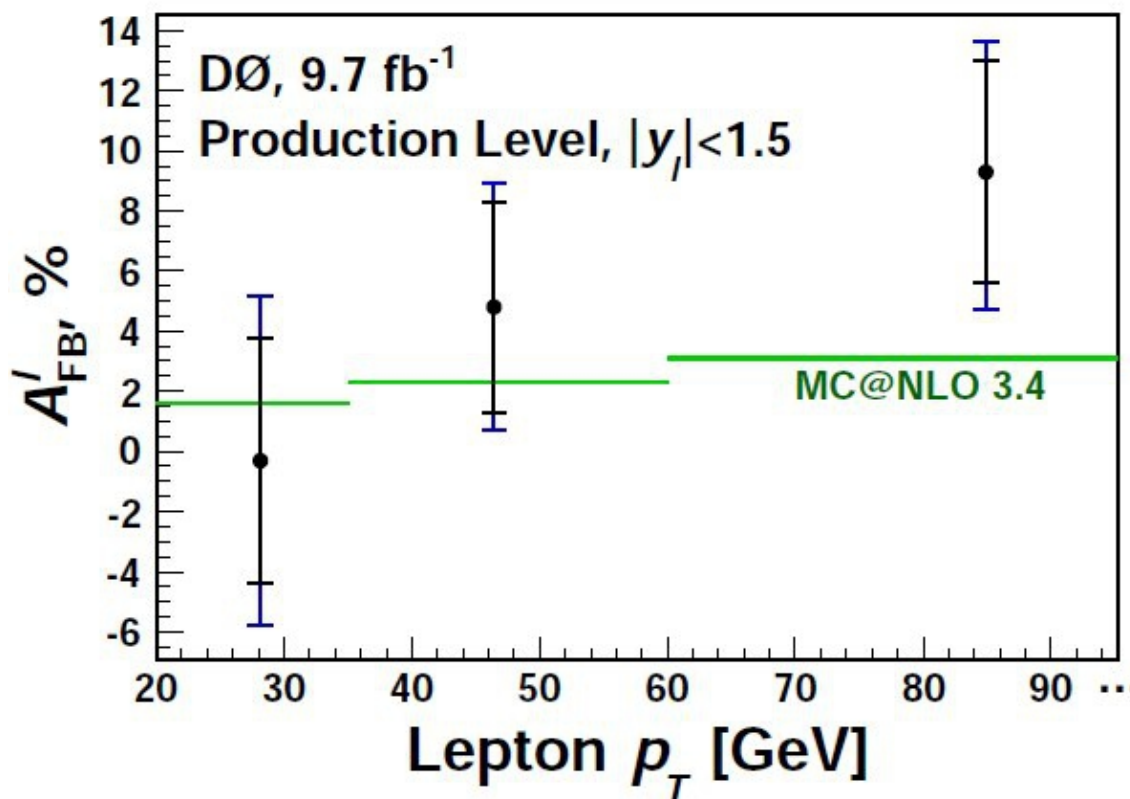
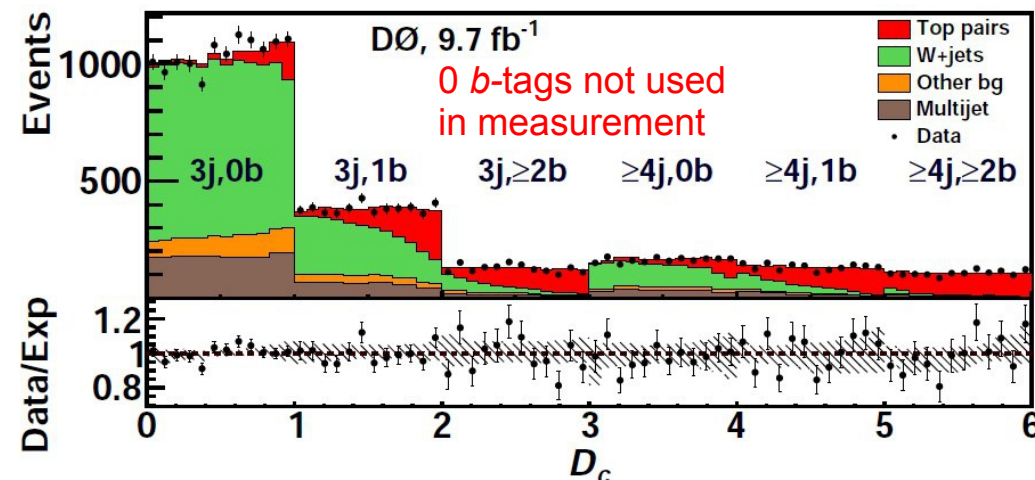


- lepton+jets, updated measurement of leptonic asymmetries
- Discriminant  $D_c$  to determine sample composition
- Need to calibrate W+jets, use 0  $b$ -tag



- Asymmetry in W+jets control region (CR) different from MC
- PDF uncertainty shown by yellow bars
- Full difference between data and MC slope taken as systematic uncertainty

- lepton+jets, updated measurement of leptonic asymmetries
- Discriminant  $D_c$  to determine sample composition
- **Differential measurement of the leptonic asymmetry**



In agreement with SM:

$$A_l = 4.2 \pm 2.3 \text{ (stat.)} \pm_{2.0}^{1.7} \text{ (syst)}$$

Combined l+jets & dilepton:

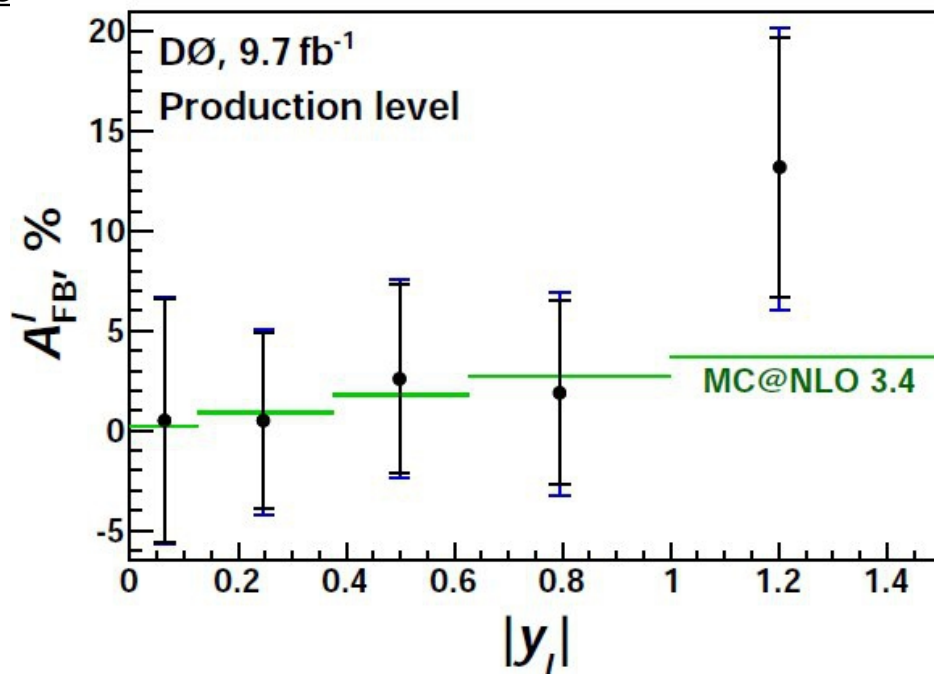
$$A_l = 4.2 \pm 2.0 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 1.4 \text{ (syst.)} \%$$

MC@NLO: 2%



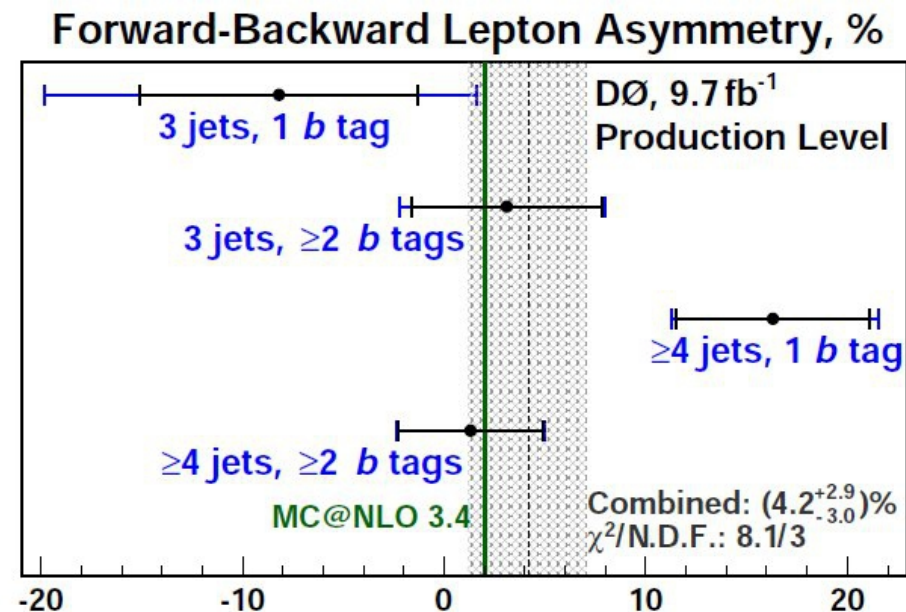
# Top quark asymmetries

•  $A'_{FB}$



Source	Absolute uncertainty, %		
	Reconstruction level Prediction	Measurement	Prod. level Measurement
Jet reco	-0.1	-	-
JES/JER	+0.1	+0.1/-0.3	+0.2/-0.3
Signal modeling	-	-0.2	+0.6/-0.4
<i>b</i> tagging	±0.1	+0.5/-0.8	+0.8/-1.1
Bg subtraction	n/a	+0.1/-0.3	+0.1/-0.3
Bg modeling	n/a	+1.4/-1.5	+1.3/-1.5
PDFs	-	+0.3/-0.2	+0.1/-0.2
Total	±0.1	+1.5/-1.7	+1.7/-2.0

Channel	$A'_{FB}$ , %	
	Data	MC@NLO
<i>l</i> +3 jets, 1 <i>b</i> tag	$-6.8 \pm 6.0$ (stat.) <sup>+6.1</sup> <sub>-5.6</sub> (syst.)	$2.7 \pm 0.4$
<i>l</i> +3 jets, ≥2 <i>b</i> tags	$3.7 \pm 4.3$ (stat.) <sup>+1.1</sup> <sub>-1.2</sub> (syst.)	$2.8 \pm 0.3$
<i>l</i> +≥4 jets, 1 <i>b</i> tag	$14.8 \pm 4.2$ (stat.) <sup>+1.1</sup> <sub>-1.2</sub> (syst.)	$0.5 \pm 0.3$
<i>l</i> +≥4 jets, ≥2 <i>b</i> tags	$-0.9 \pm 3.2$ (stat.) <sup>+0.3</sup> <sub>-0.9</sub> (syst.)	$1.1 \pm 0.2$
Total	$2.9 \pm 2.1$ (stat.) <sup>+1.5</sup> <sub>-1.7</sub> (syst.)	$1.6 \pm 0.2$





# Top quark asymmetries

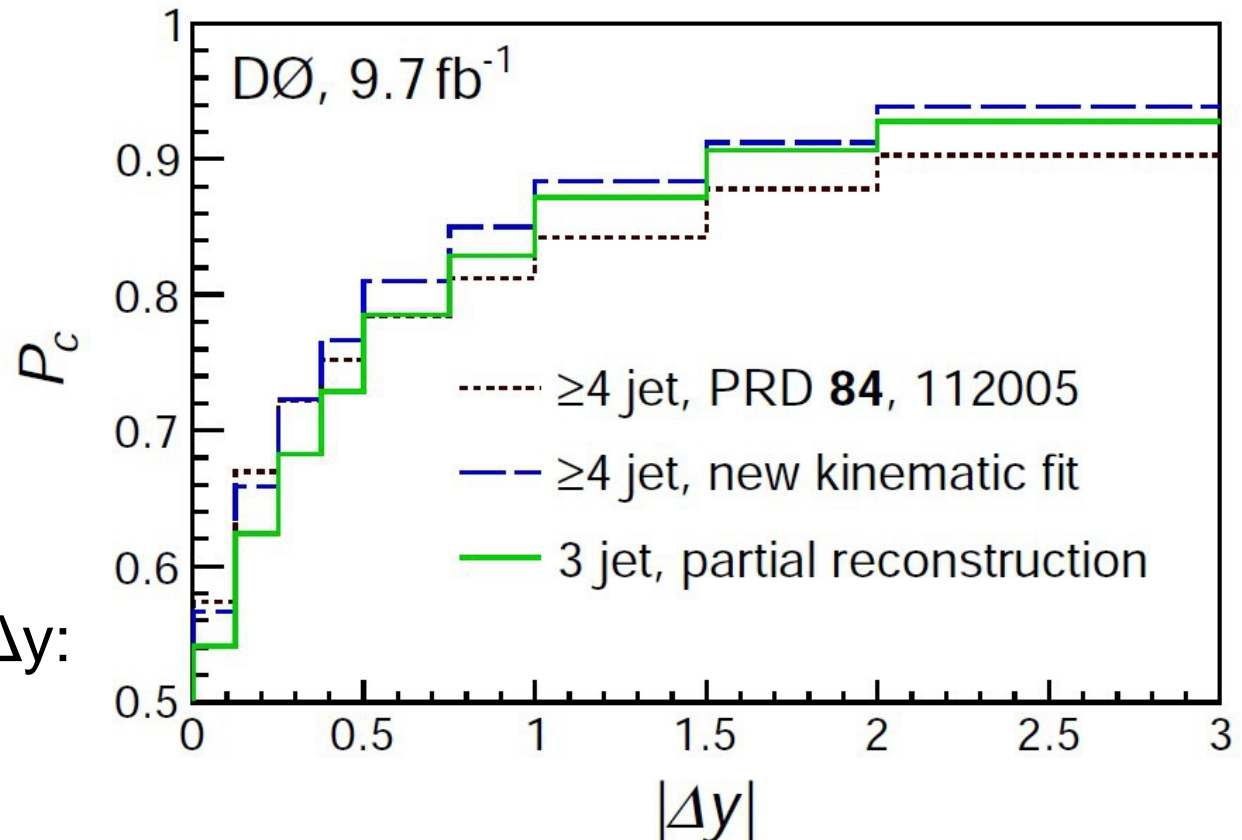


- Lots of effort went into maximizing expected significance:
  - Reduce systematic uncertainties
  - Increase available sample size
- Full Run II expected statistical uncertainty 4.6%, need 3% for 5 s.d. Discovery (given central value does not move) Can we get to 3% ?

## Partial $t\bar{t}$ reconstruction:

- Lost jet is from hadronic top decay (80%)
- Reconstruct leptonically decaying top and one jet
- Use a proxy for hadronically decaying top using two other jets
- Construct a likelihood & correctly reconstruct sign of  $\Delta y$ :

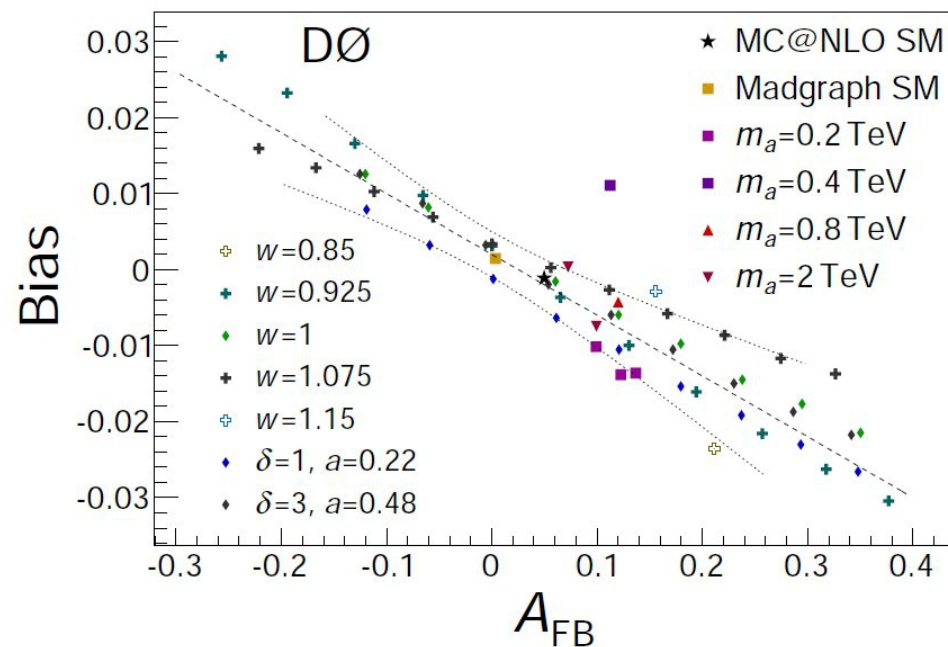
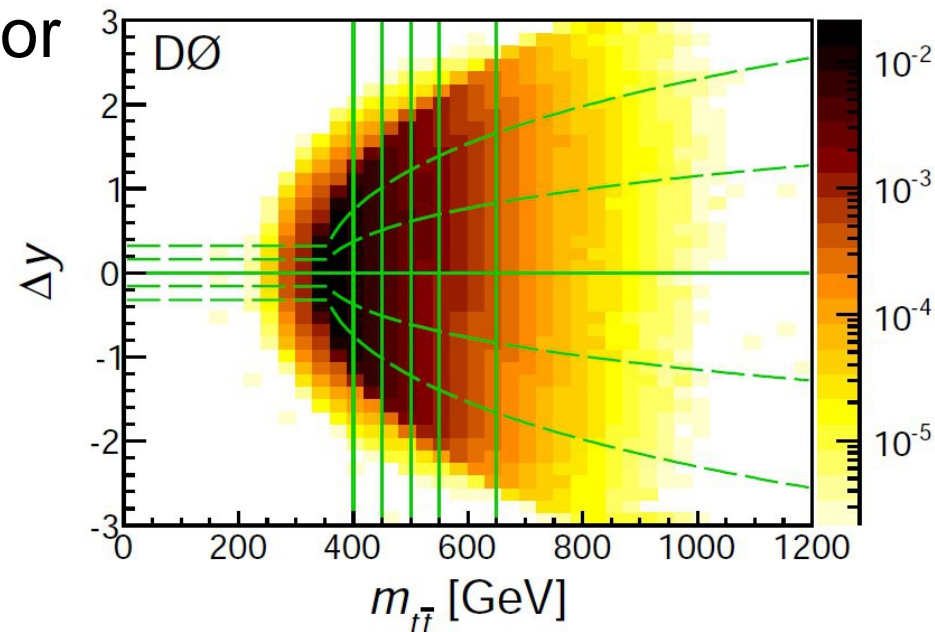
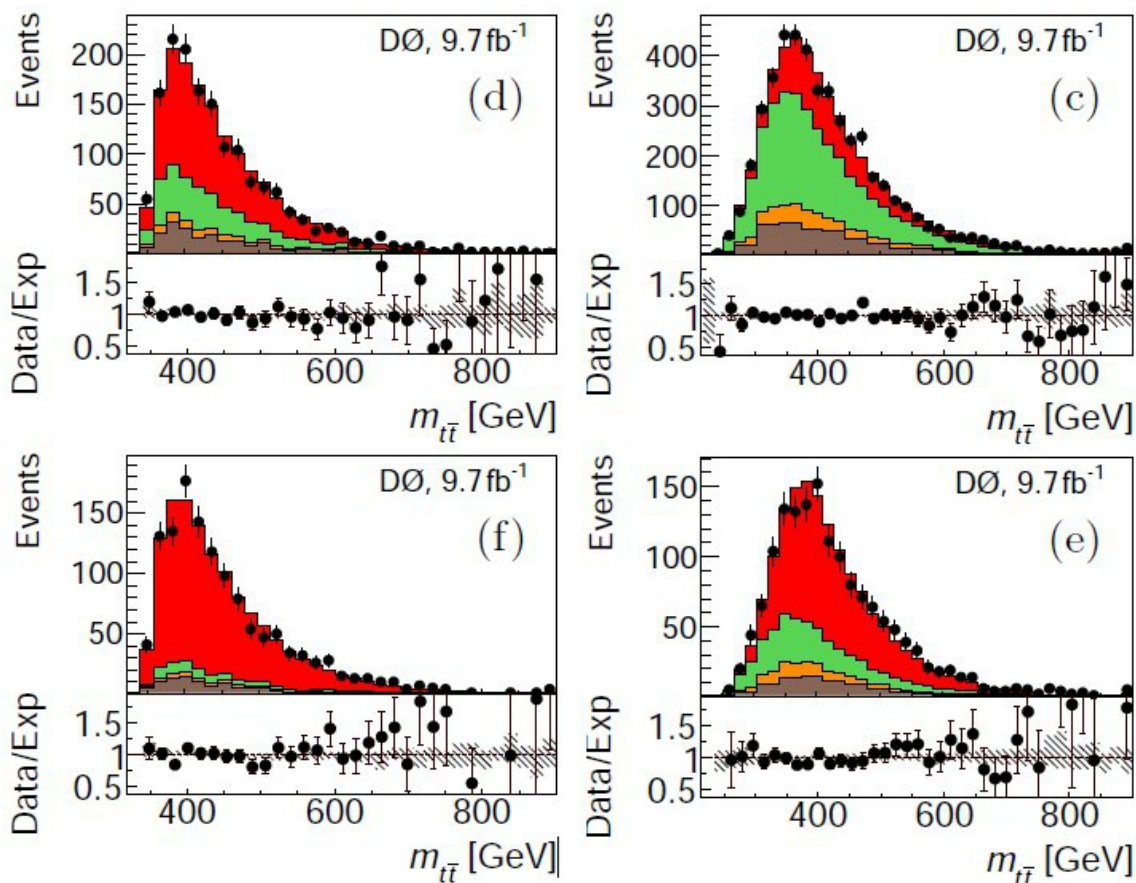
→  $P_C (\geq 4j) = 77.6 \%$   
 $P_C (= 3j) = 74.5 \%$





# DØ Top quark asymmetries

- Shares same selection as the one for the leptonic asymmetry
- Get the mass dependence of  $A_{FB}$ :
  - Need 2D regularized unfolding





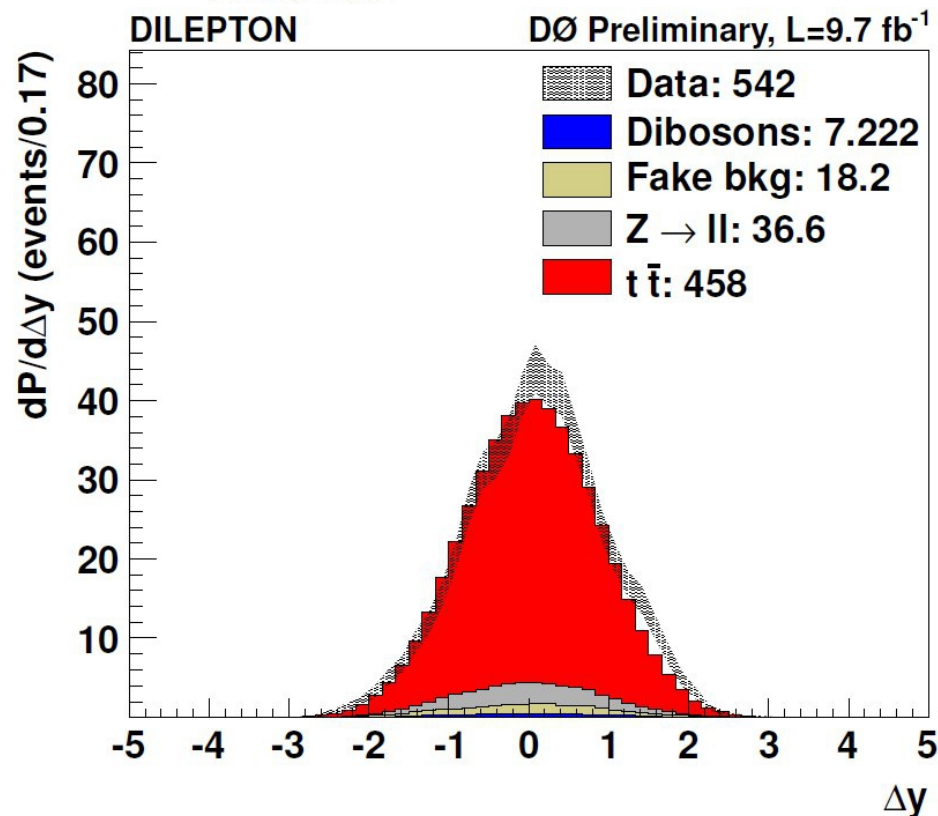
# Top quark asymmetries



- New measurement by DØ in the dilepton channel employing the matrix element method:

assign a likelihood per event for most probably  $\Delta y$  value

$$\sum_{\text{events}} L_{z_i}(\Delta y_{t\bar{t}}) \text{ vs } \Delta y_{t\bar{t}} \text{ true}$$



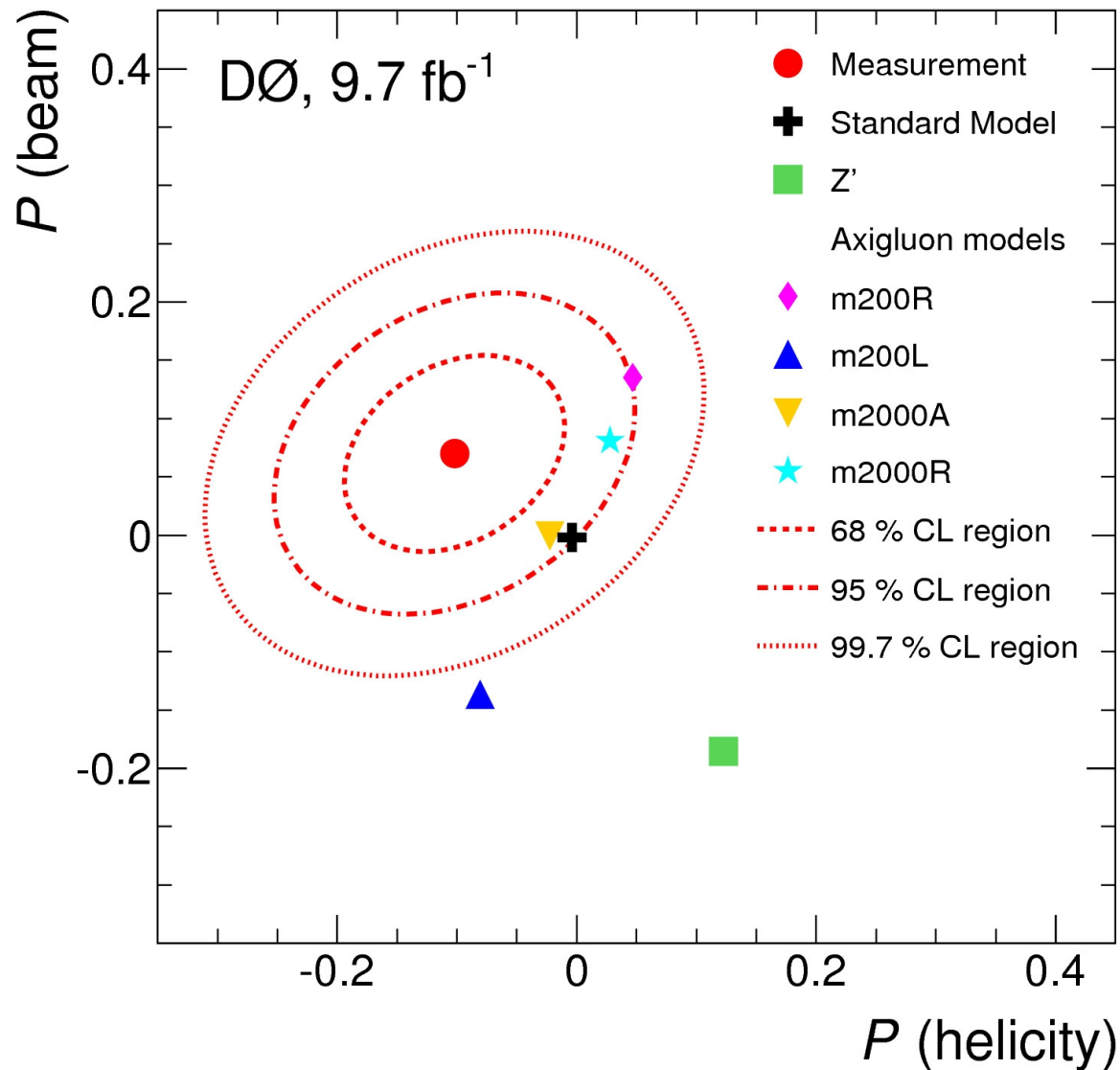
- Control distributions show reasonable modeling by MC extract asymme

DILEPTON		DØ Preliminary, L=9.7 fb <sup>-1</sup>	
Source of uncertainty	Uncertainty on $A_{\text{FB}}^{t\bar{t}}$ (%)		
<i>Detector modeling</i>			
jet energy scale	0.14		
jet energy resolution	0.17		
flavor-dependent jet response	0.03		
b-tagging	0.11		
<i>Signal modeling</i>			
ISR/FSR	0.32		
forward/backward ISR	0.36		
hadronisation and showering	→ 1.08		
higher order correction	0.80		
PDF	0.60		
<i>Background model</i>			
fake background normalization	0.35		
fake background shape	0.35		
background normalization	0.53		
<i>Calibration</i>			
Δy <sub>t<math>\bar{t}</math></sub> model	→ 2.7		
calibration statistics	0.4		
Total	3.3		





Subm. to PRL [arXiv:1607.07627]



Source	Beam	Helicity	Transverse
Jet reconstruction	$\pm 0.010$	$\pm 0.008$	$\pm 0.008$
Jet energy measurement	$\pm 0.010$	$\pm 0.023$	$\pm 0.006$
$b$ tagging	$\pm 0.009$	$\pm 0.014$	$\pm 0.005$
Background modeling	$\pm 0.007$	$\pm 0.021$	$\pm 0.004$
Signal modeling	$\pm 0.016$	$\pm 0.020$	$\pm 0.008$
PDFs	$\pm 0.013$	$\pm 0.011$	$\pm 0.003$
Methodology	$\pm 0.013$	$\pm 0.007$	$\pm 0.004$
Total systematic uncertainty	$\pm 0.030$	$\pm 0.042$	$\pm 0.015$
Total statistical uncertainty	$\pm 0.046$	$\pm 0.044$	$\pm 0.030$
Total uncertainty	$\pm 0.055$	$\pm 0.061$	$\pm 0.034$



# *Axi gluon & Z' models*

- Various [axi gluon models with different couplings](#), differential cross section predictions provided by A. Falkowicz

[arxiv:1401.2443]

## Remarks:

- Models with masses of 0.2 to 2 TeV and L (left), R (right), A (axial)
- Large masses highly constrained by LHC measurement
- Low masses not so much, but tough as effects are small

Phys. Rev. D. 88, 112002 (2013)  
Phys. Rev. D 84, 112005 (2011)  
CDF Conf. 11035

Acc. by PRD [arxiv:1309.7570]

CMS [arxiv:1309.2030]

D0 [arxiv:1401.5785]

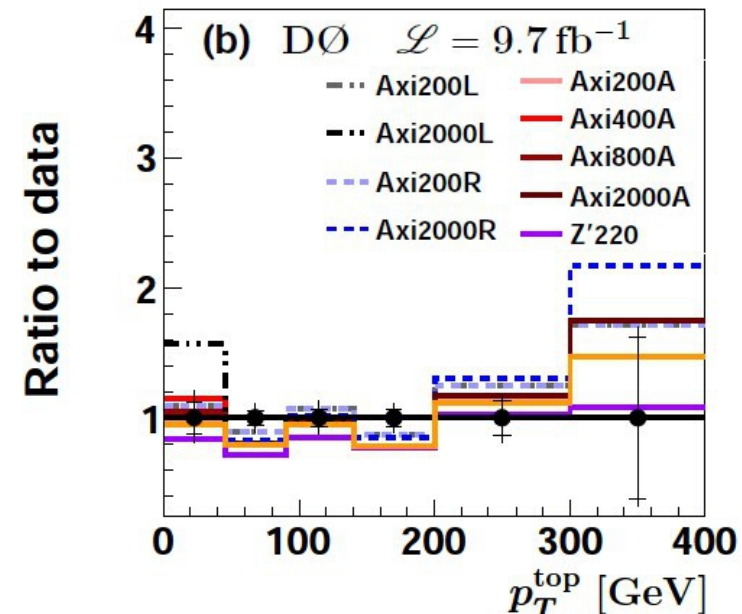
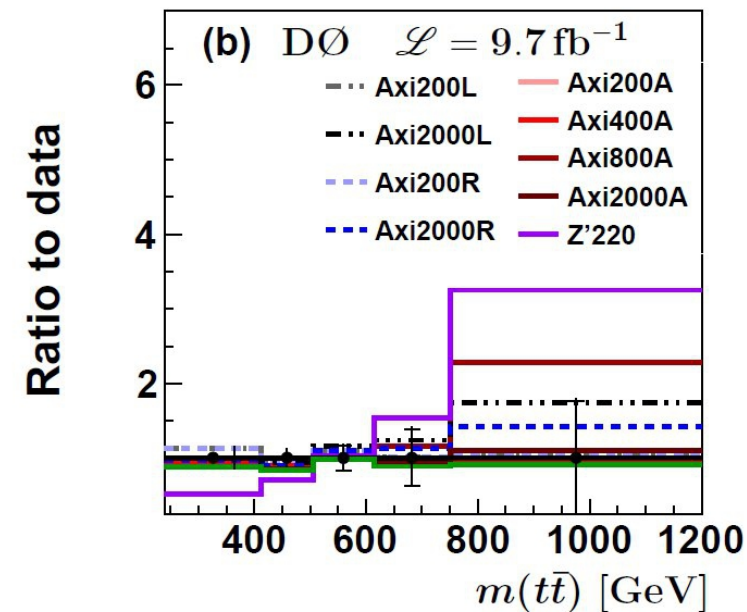
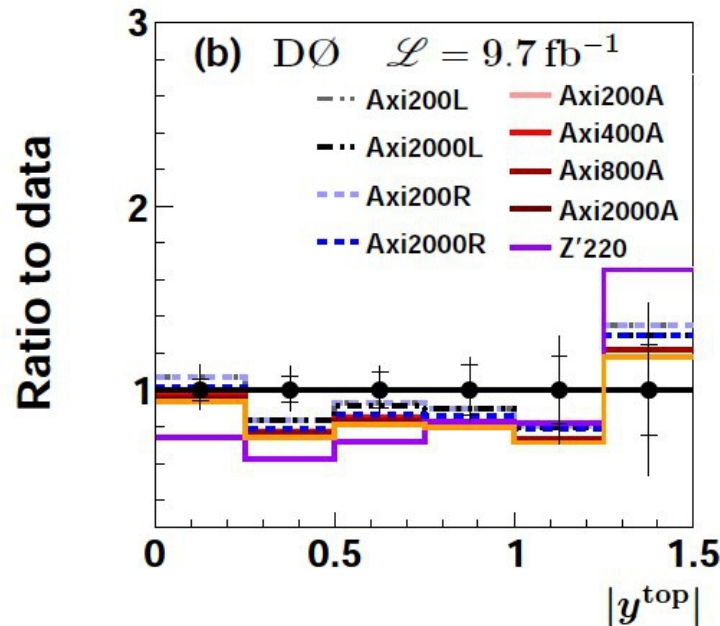
CDF PRL 102 222003

	$\sigma_{\text{tot}}(p\bar{p} \rightarrow t\bar{t})$ [pb]
Data	$8.27^{+0.92}_{-0.91}$ (stat. + syst.)
NNLO pQCD (SM)	$7.24^{+0.23}_{-0.27}$ (scales + pdf)
	$\Delta\sigma_{\text{tot}}(p\bar{p} \rightarrow t\bar{t})$ [pb]
axi200L	$0.97 \pm 0.06$ (scale)
axi200R	$0.97 \pm 0.06$ (scale)
axi200A	$0.06 \pm 0.04$ (scale)
axi400A	$0.26 \pm 0.04$ (scale)
axi800A	$0.22 \pm 0.04$ (scale)
axi2000L	$0.87 \pm 0.15$ (scale)
axi2000R	$0.55 \pm 0.06$ (scale)
axi2000A	$0.05 \pm 0.06$ (scale)
Z'220	$-1.00 \pm 0.06$ (scale)



# DØ Axi gluon & Z' models

- Compare various models to unfolded cross section data
- Reminder: High tail is used to constrain models
- Reminder: Bins are correlated, needs to be taken into account:  $\chi^2$  based on full covariance matrix
- Clearly some models are in tension with the presented data !  
Z'  
Various axi gluons



# *Axi gluon & Z' models*

- Compare various models to unfolded cross section data
- Reminder: **High tail is used to constrain models**

$$\chi^2 = \sum_{i,j} (y - \mu)_i \cdot \text{cov}_{i,j}^{-1} \cdot (y - \mu)_j$$

- Reminder: Bins are correlated, needs to be taken into account:  $\chi^2$  based on full covariance matrix
- Clearly some models are in tension with the presented data !  
 Z'  
 Various axi gluons

	$M(t\bar{t})$ [ $\chi^2/ndf$ ]	$p_T^{\text{top}}$ [ $\chi^2/ndf$ ]	$ y^{\text{top}} $ [ $\chi^2/ndf$ ]
axi200L	0.96	1.07	1.20
axi200R	0.96	1.07	1.20
axi200A	0.85	3.55	3.88
axi400A	0.44	2.65	3.26
axi800A	0.97	2.86	3.23
axi2000L	0.58	1.27	3.78
axi2000R	0.43	1.94	2.75
axi2000A	0.88	3.56	4.11
Z'220	4.95	8.27	7.48

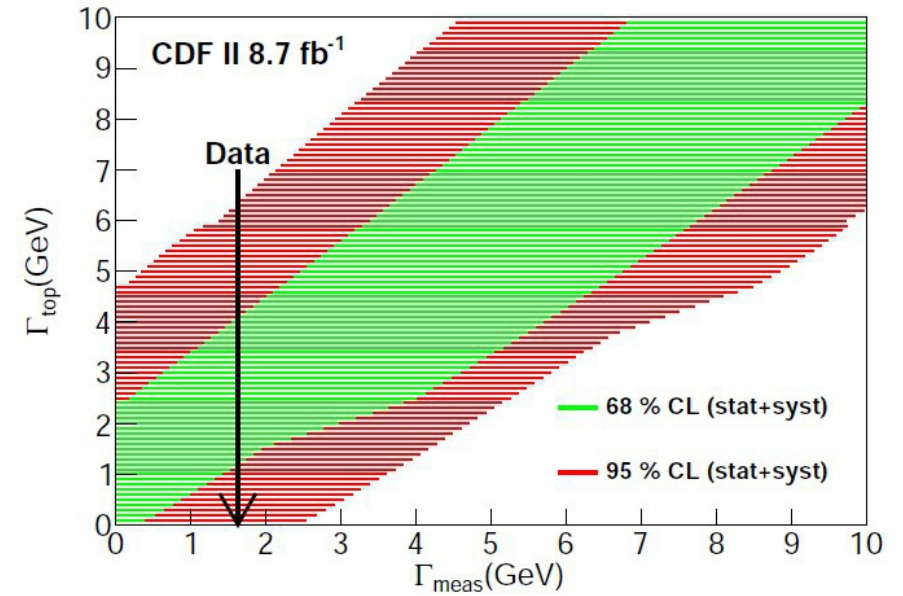


Tevatron data adds sensitivity at low mass  
 Specific models heavily constrained

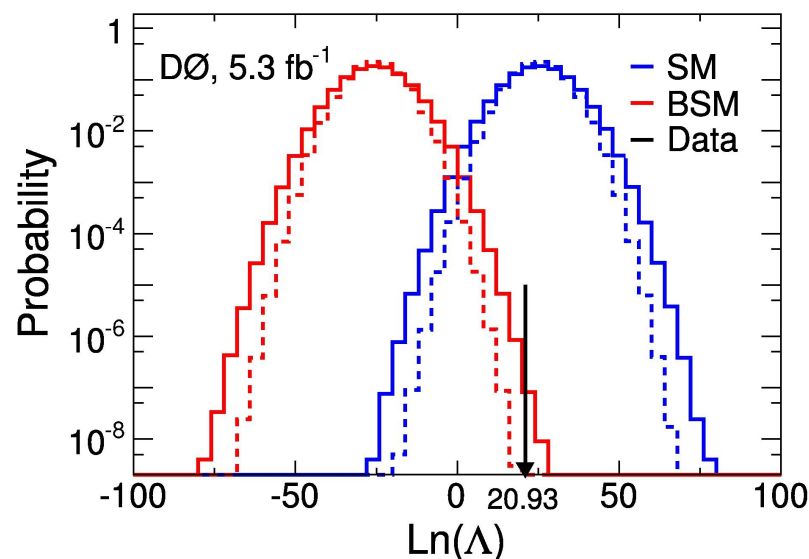
# Top quark width

Source	Uncertainty (%)
Single-top quark $t$ -channel cross section	9.2
$\mu_R/\mu_F$	0.3
JES	0.7
pileup	0.8
ME-PS	0.8
$\mu_R/\mu_F$	0.8
top-quark mass	0.6
Other sources	1.5
Total systematic	10.4

$$\Gamma_t = 1.36 \pm 0.02 \text{ (stat.)}_{-0.11}^{+0.14} \text{ (syst.) GeV}$$



- Fully reconstruct top pairs in lepton+jets decay channel
- Identify  $b$ -jet charge by jet charge algorithm
- Exclude  $-4/3$  hypothesis by 5 s.d.



- Fraction of BSM quarks

$$\rightarrow F_{\text{BSM}} < 0.46 \text{ @ 95\% C.L.}$$

- Confirmed earlier measurements

