



Search for invisible decays of the 125 GeV Higgs boson using the CMS detector

ICHEP, Chicago 03-10 August 2016

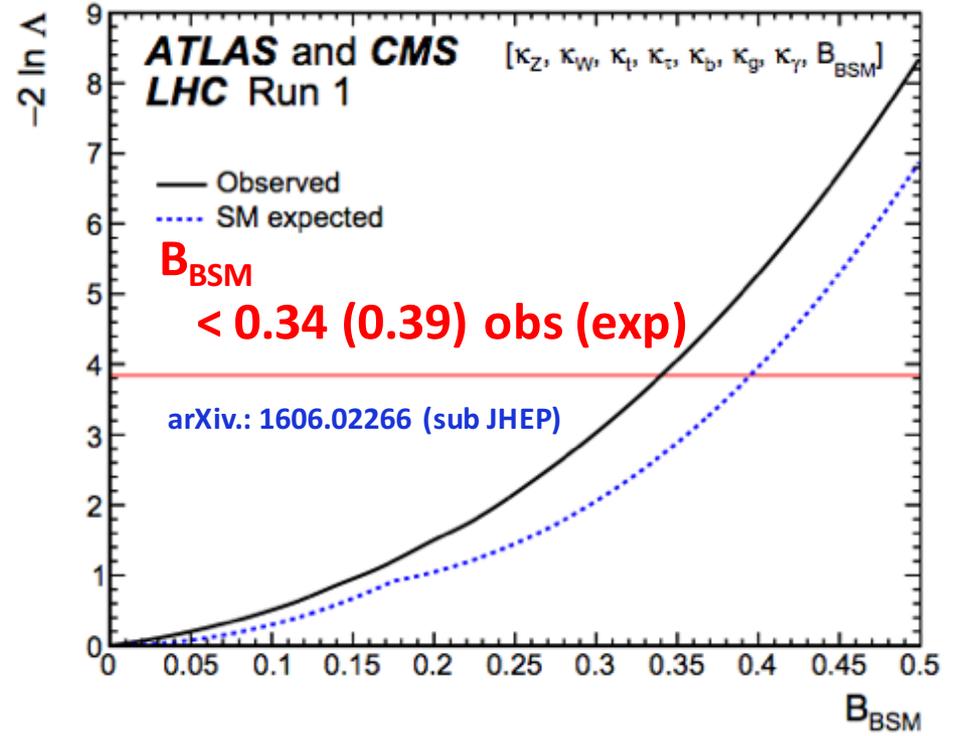
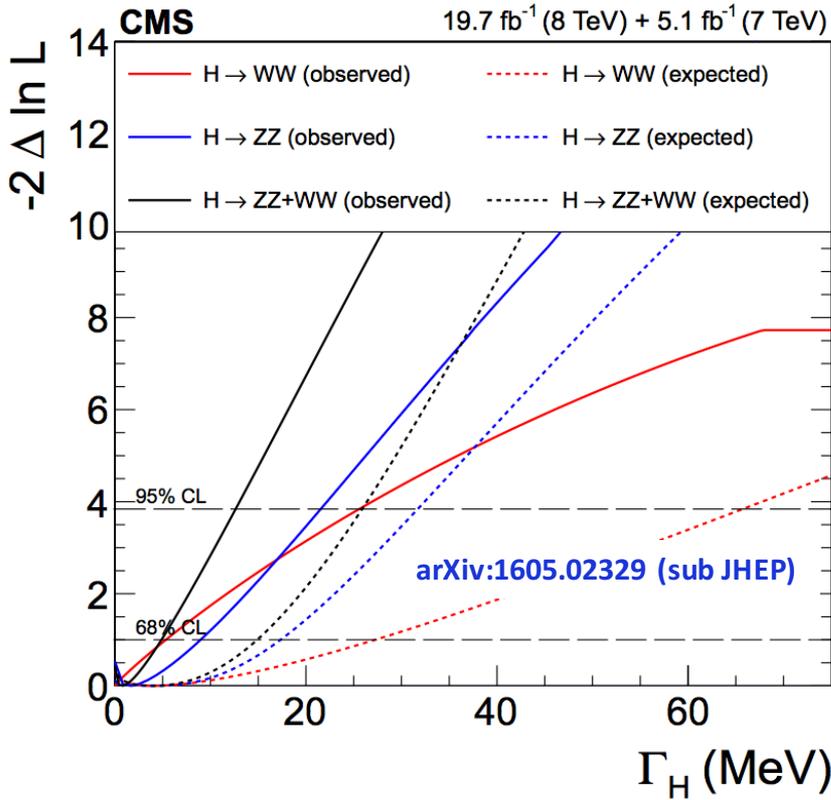
Nicholas Wardle - CERN

On behalf of the CMS collaboration

Introduction

Several BSM models predict additional contributions to Higgs boson width

Indirect constraints from off-shell \leftrightarrow on-shell combination...



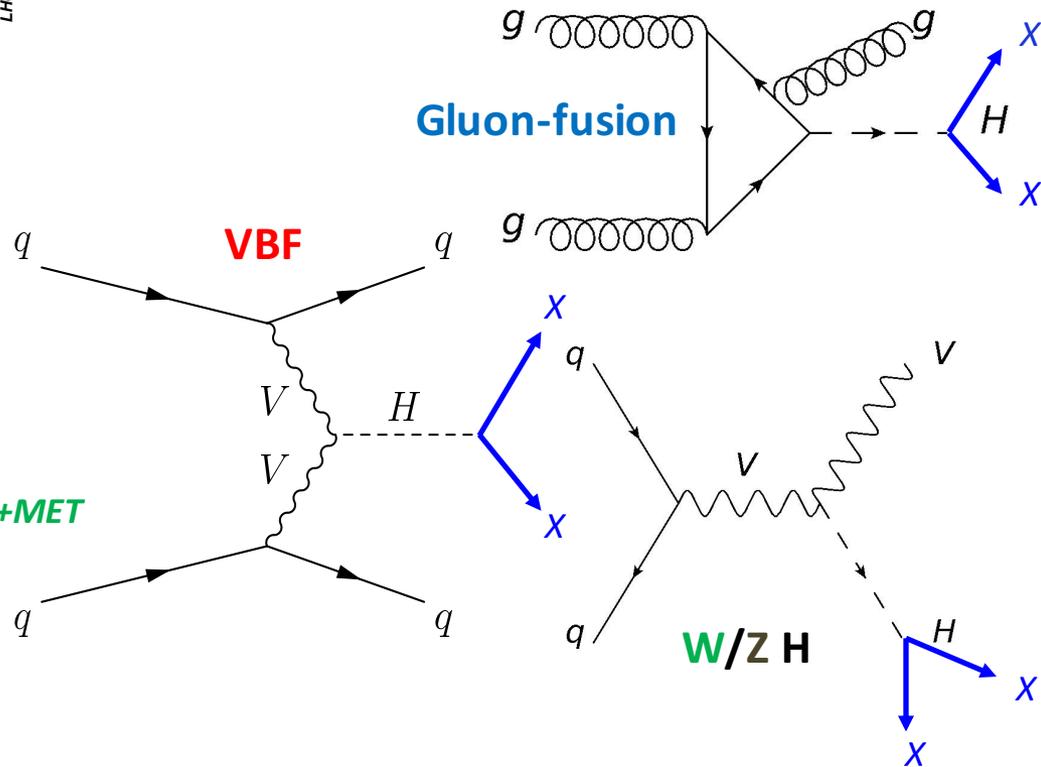
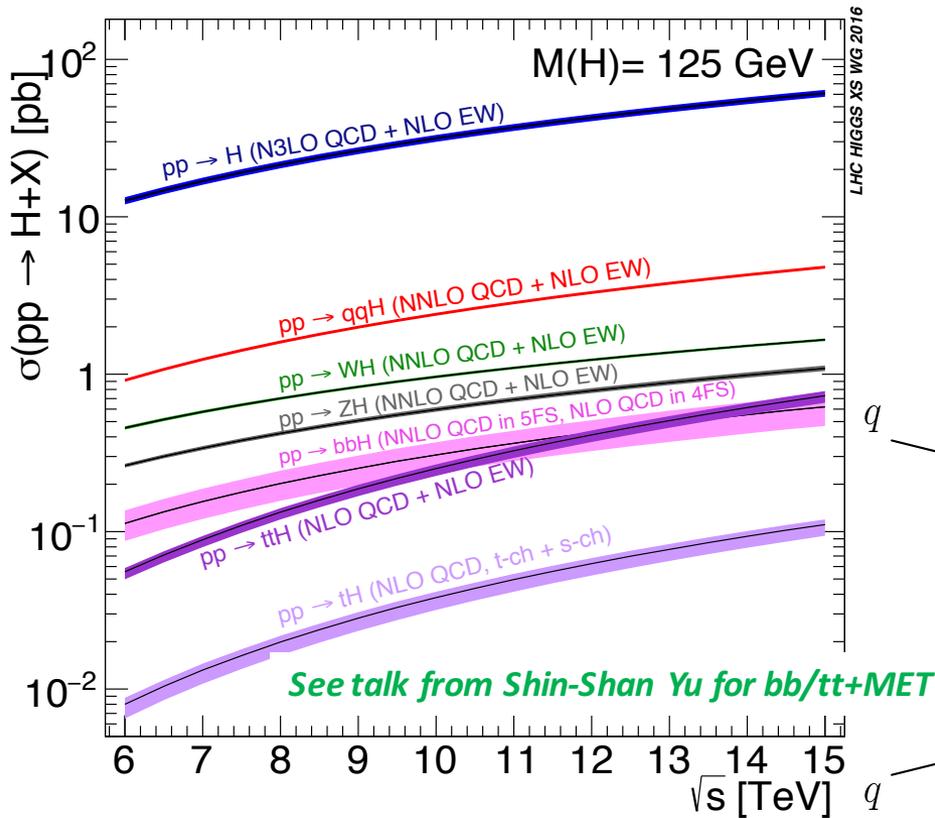
... and constraints on additional decay modes from Run-1 combined LHC couplings measurements (combined analysis of visible decay modes)

Invisible decay channels

In SM, $B(H \rightarrow \text{Inv}) \sim 1.2 \times 10^{-3}$ ($H \rightarrow 4\nu$)

-> Invisible Higgs boson decays will be a hint of new physics

Search for invisible Higgs boson decays in several production modes, with different cross-sections and S/B ratios

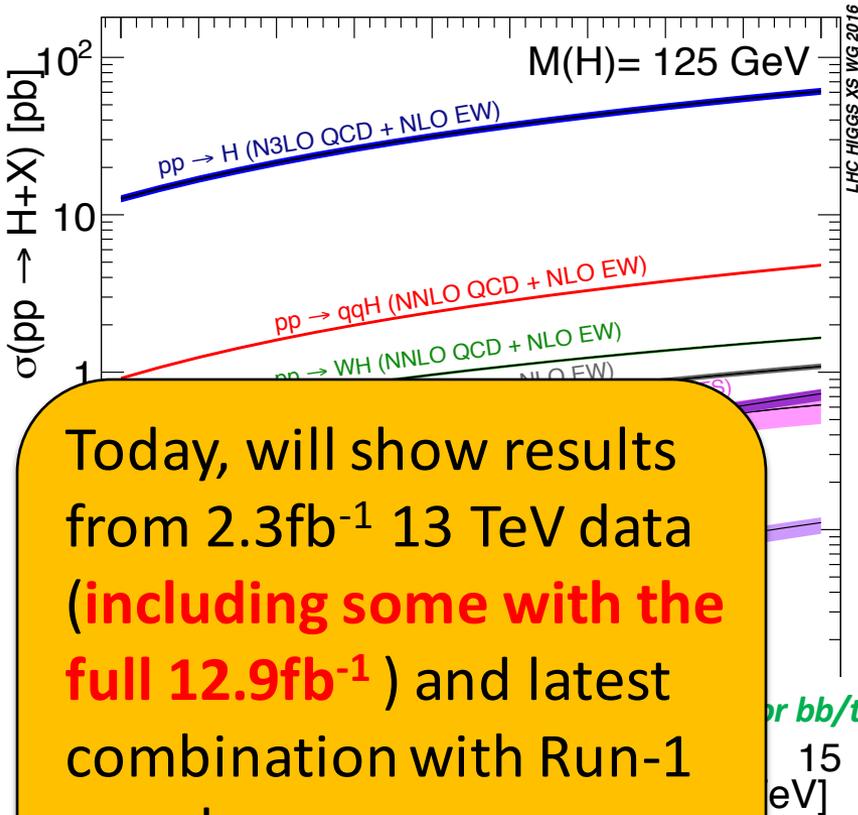


Invisible decay channels

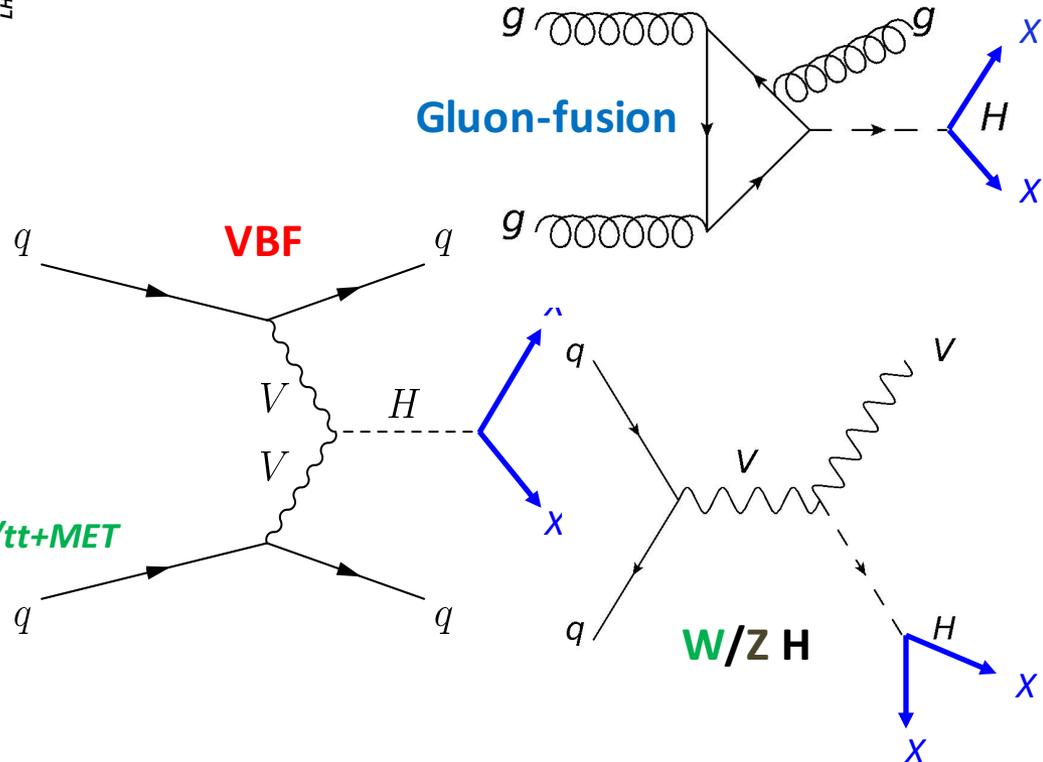
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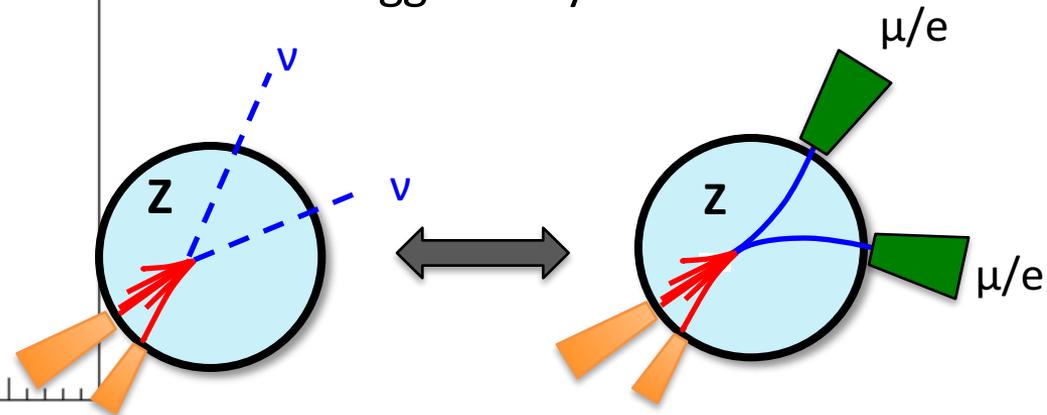
Today, will show results from 2.3 fb^{-1} 13 TeV data (including some with the full 12.9 fb^{-1}) and latest combination with Run-1 searches



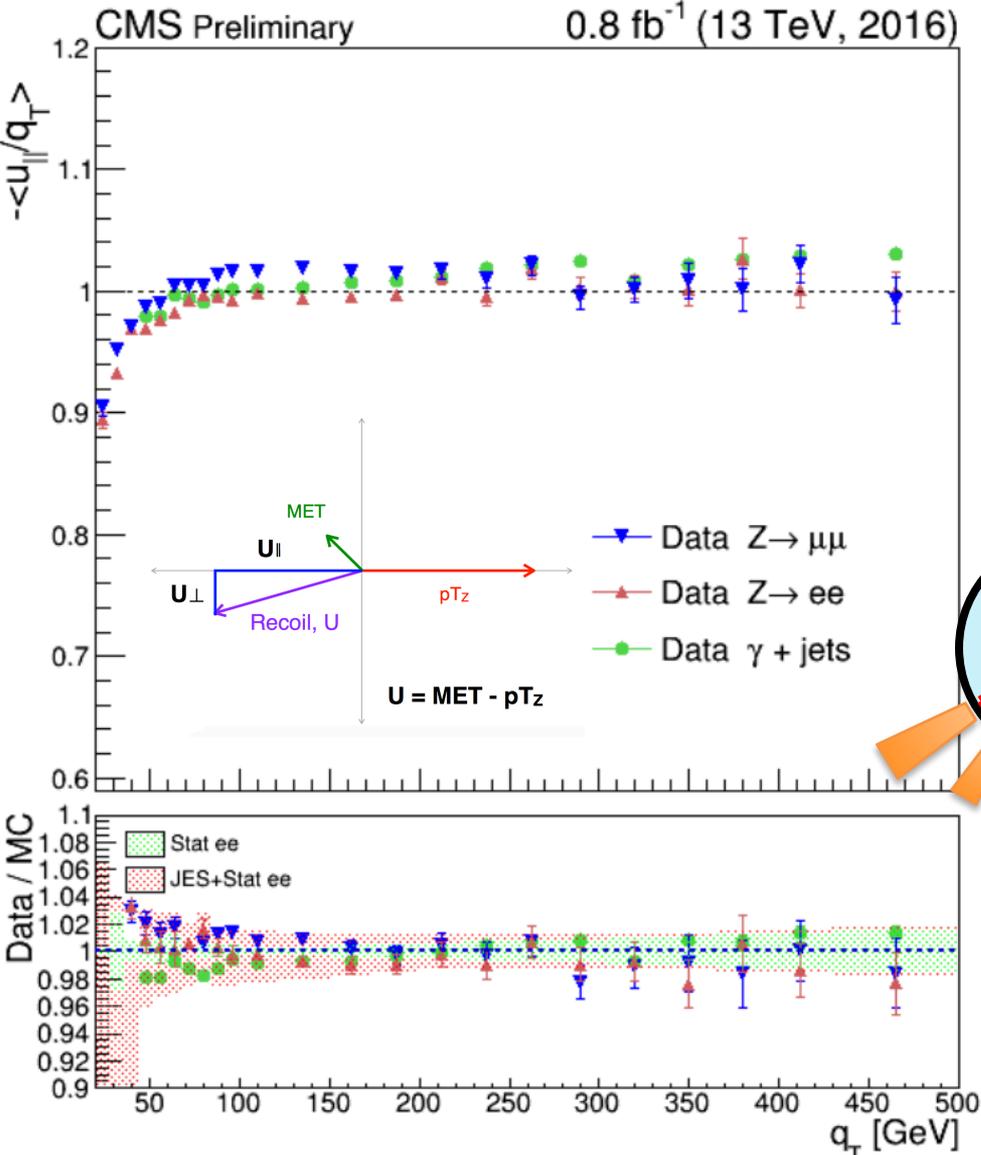
Missing Energy at CMS

Common signature is visible system recoiling against large **missing energy**

Well modelled missing energy response and resolution is key to invisible Higgs decay searches



Recoil (U) used as proxy for missing energy in $Z \rightarrow ll + \text{jets}$, $W \rightarrow lv + \text{jets}$, and $\gamma + \text{jets}$ events for modelling E_T^{miss} tails from SM backgrounds

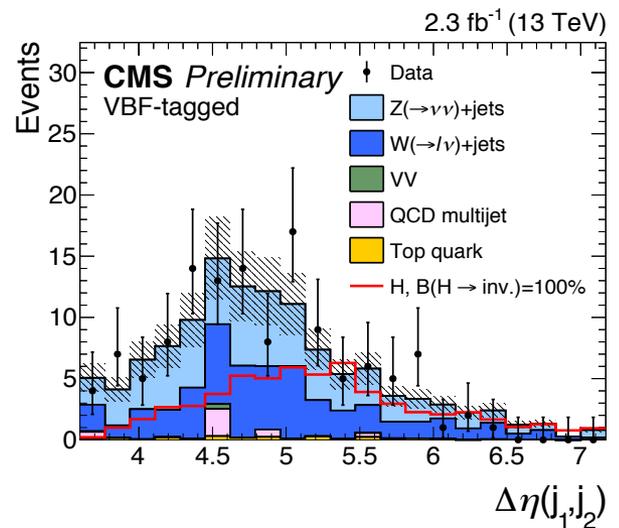
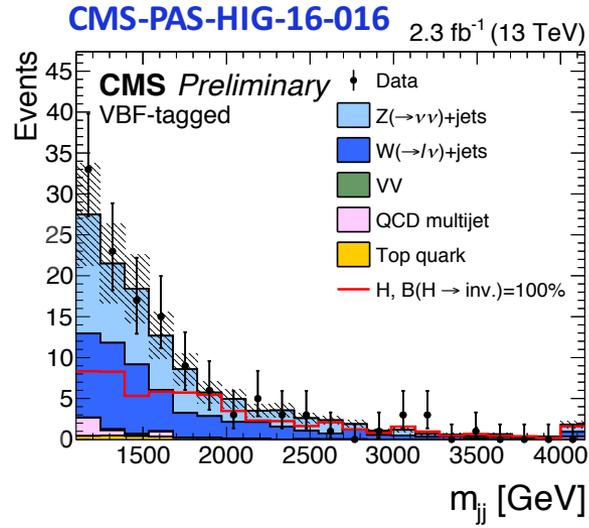
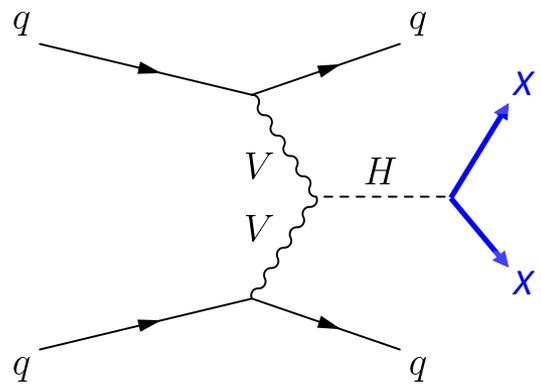


Vector-boson Fusion

Look for two jets with VBF topology:

Dedicated VBF trigger selects events with two jets with

- high rapidity gap
- large dijet mass



Offline selection driven by requirement to remain efficient wrt trigger

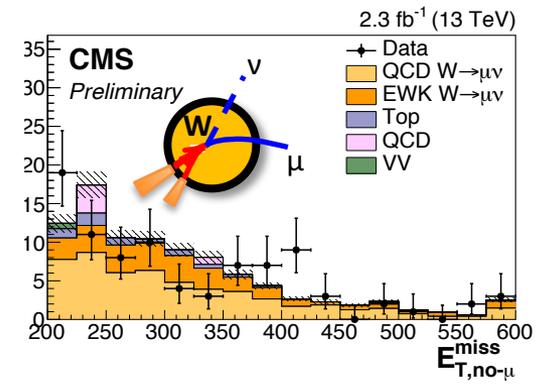
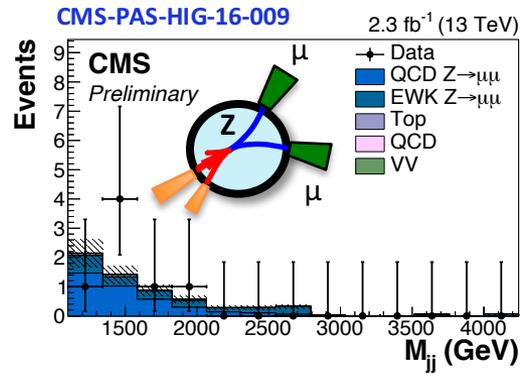
- $p_T^{j1, j2} > 80, 70 \text{ GeV}$
 - $m_{jj} > 1100 \text{ GeV}$
 - $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 200 \text{ GeV}$
 - $\Delta\phi(j, E_T^{\text{miss}}) > 2.3 \text{ rad}$
 - $\Delta\eta(j, j) > 3.6$
- } Optimized for H(125)

Upgrade in hardware trigger for 2016 data-taking will allow reduction of these thresholds (*see talk by A. Tapper*)

Vector-boson Fusion

Dominant backgrounds due to **SM W/Z+jets** -> Use lepton control regions in data to normalize

- Assume common scale-factor between W/Z processes
- **30%** systematic on ratio to account for HO corrections

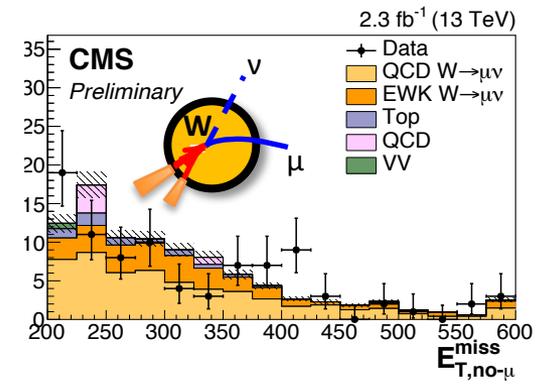
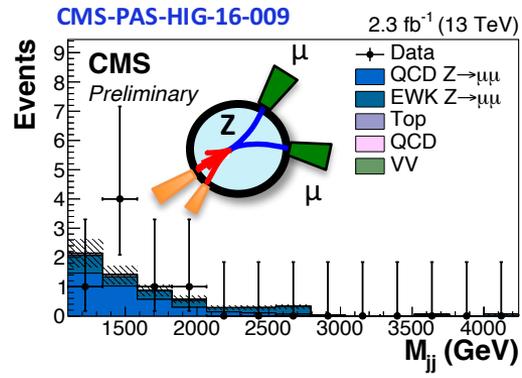


Process	Signal region	Control regions					QCD
		single e	single μ	single τ	$\mu^+ \mu^-$		
Z($\mu^+ \mu^-$)+jets	QCD	—	—	—	—	4.2 ± 1.1	—
	EW	—	—	—	—	2.0 ± 0.7	—
Z($\nu\nu$)+jets	QCD	47 ± 12	—	—	—	—	—
	EW	21 ± 7	—	—	—	—	—
W($\mu\nu$)+jets	QCD	13 ± 2	—	53 ± 5	0.40 ± 0.19	—	45 ± 5
	EW	4.3 ± 0.8	—	27 ± 3	—	—	6.0 ± 0.9
W($e\nu$)+jets	QCD	9.3 ± 1.5	17 ± 3	—	0.2 ± 2.2	—	39 ± 4
	EW	5.4 ± 1.1	7.8 ± 1.3	—	0.2 ± 0.13	—	6.1 ± 1.0
W($\tau\nu$)+jets	QCD	13 ± 2	0.06 ± 0.06	—	12 ± 2	—	74 ± 9
	EW	5.5 ± 1.2	—	—	5.1 ± 1.2	—	24 ± 3
Top quark		2.3 ± 0.4	1.5 ± 0.3	6.8 ± 0.9	7.1 ± 1.0	0.22 ± 0.06	82 ± 11
QCD multijet		3 ± 23	—	5 ± 3	0.4 ± 0.3	—	1200 ± 170
Dibosons		0.7 ± 0.3	0.4 ± 0.4	0.8 ± 0.4	—	0.02 ± 0.02	1.8 ± 0.7
Total bkg.		125 ± 28	27 ± 3	91 ± 8	25 ± 4	6.4 ± 1.4	1500 ± 170
Data		126	29	89	24	7	1461
Signal	qqH	53.6 ± 4.9					
$m_H = 125$ GeV	ggH	5.4 ± 3.6					

Vector-boson Fusion

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Simple counting experiment to extract potential signal

Backgrounds constrained *in-situ* via simultaneous fit across **signal and control regions**

Vector-boson Fusion

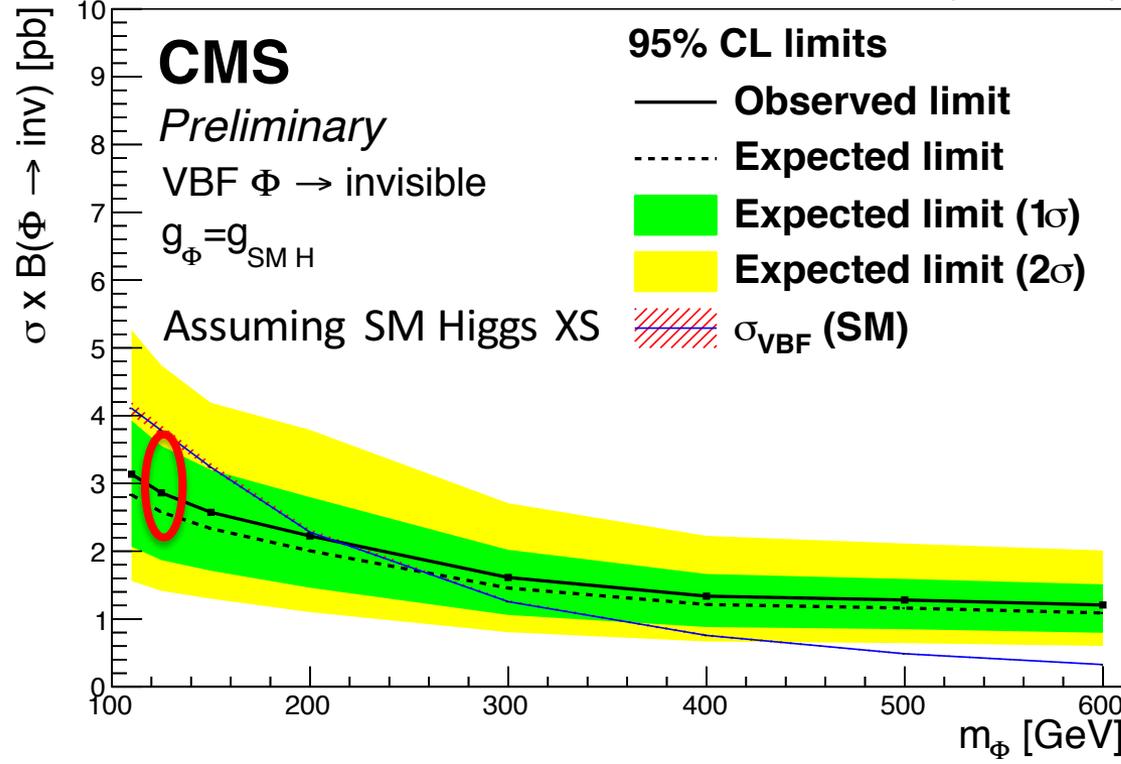
Limits on $\sigma \times BR$ of a scalar decaying invisibly as a function of hypothesised mass

-> Compare to “Higgs-like” scalar via VBF production

See talk from Bjoern Penning

CMS-PAS-HIG-16-009

2.3 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)



B(H->inv)
< 69% (62%)
obs (exp)
@ 125 GeV

Vector-boson Fusion

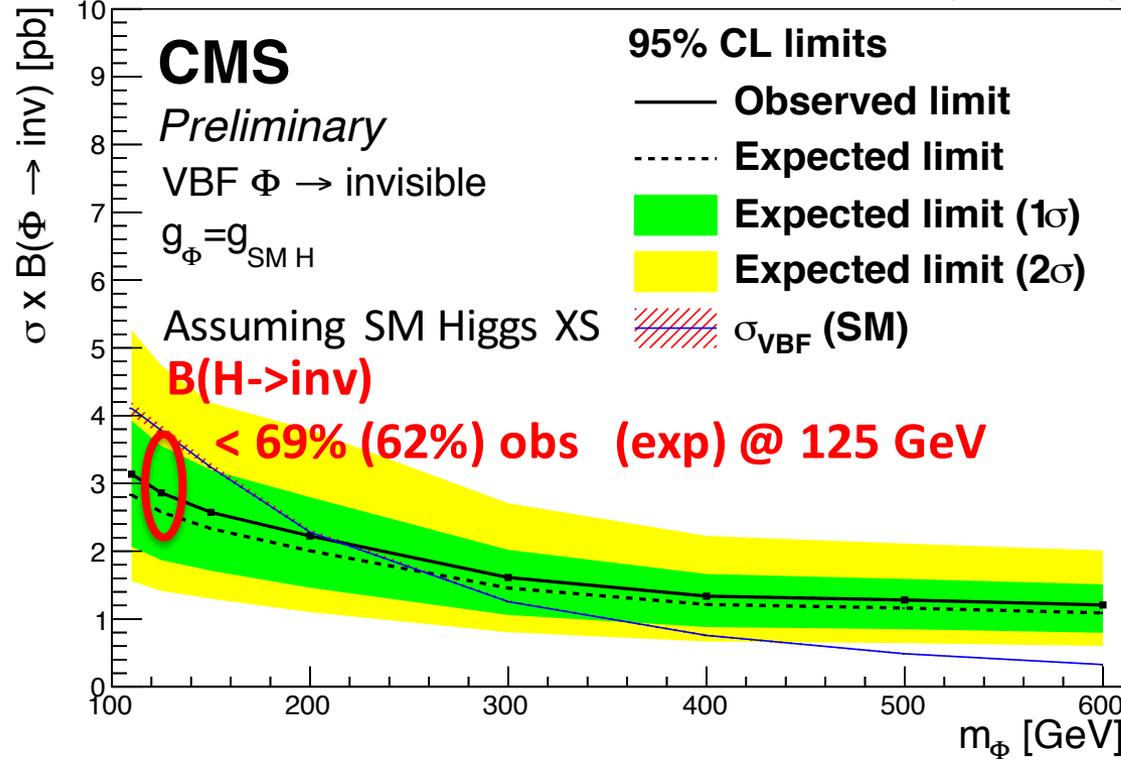
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CMS-PAS-HIG-16-009

2.3 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)



Largest systematic due to **W/Z ratio**, however sensitivity is **statistics limited**

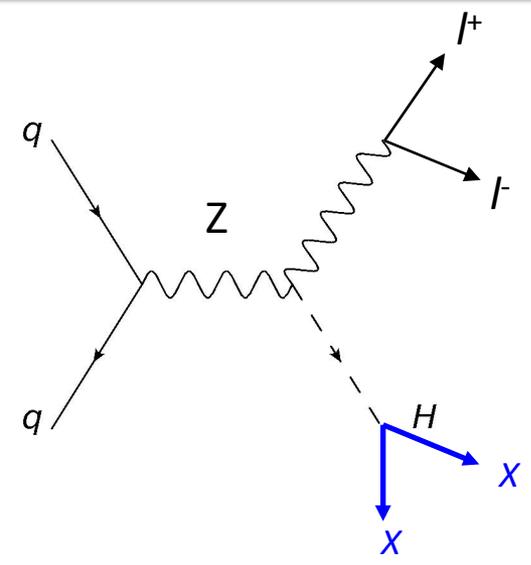
Systematic uncertainty	Impact
Common	
W to Z ratio in QCD produced V+jets	13%
W to Z ratio in EW produced V+jets	6.3%
Jet energy scale+resolution	6.0%
QCD multijet normalisation	4.3%
PU mis-modelling	4.2%
Lepton efficiencies	2.5%
Luminosity	2.2%
Signal specific	
ggH acceptance	3.8%
QCD scale + PDF (qqH)	1.8%
QCD scale + PDF (ggH)	< 0.2%
Total statistical only	-27 / +28%
Total uncertainty	-33 / +32%

Z(l) H

Leptonic Z decay offers clean final state

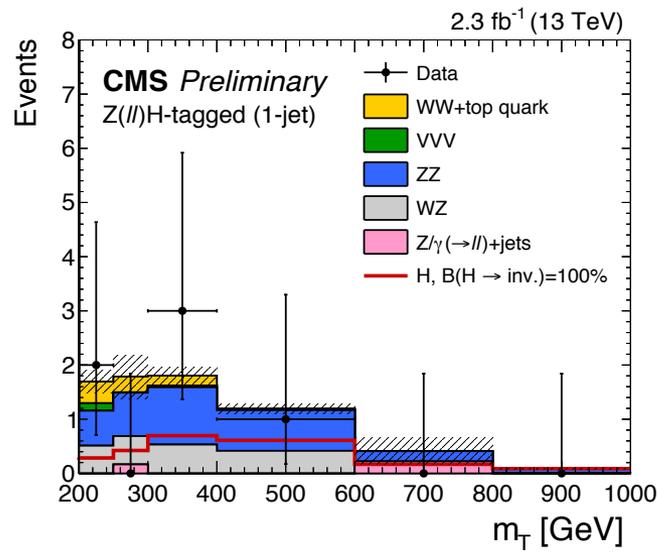
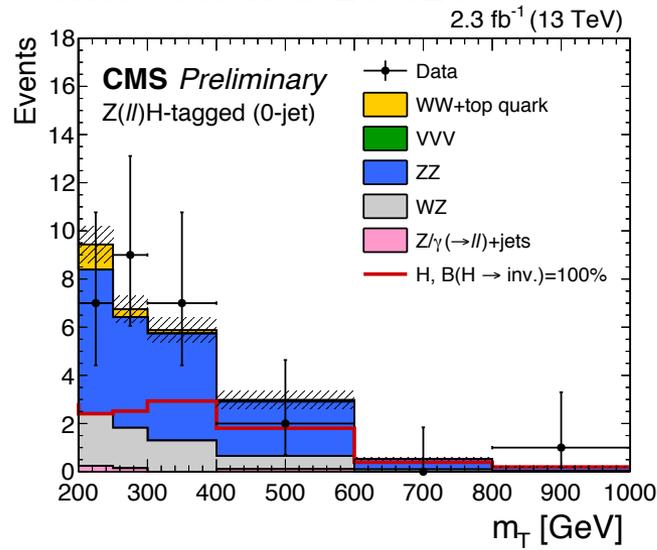
look for $E_T^{\text{miss}} + 2$ well isolated opposite sign, e/μ

- > $p_T^l > 20$ GeV, $76 < m_{ll} < 106$ GeV
- > $\Delta\phi(Z, E_T^{\text{miss}}) > 2.8$
- > $\Delta\phi(j, E_T^{\text{miss}}) > 0.5$ - kills Z+jets background



Fit transverse mass (m_T) distributions in electron/muon channels, separated into 0 and 1 jet categories

CMS-PAS-HIG-16-016

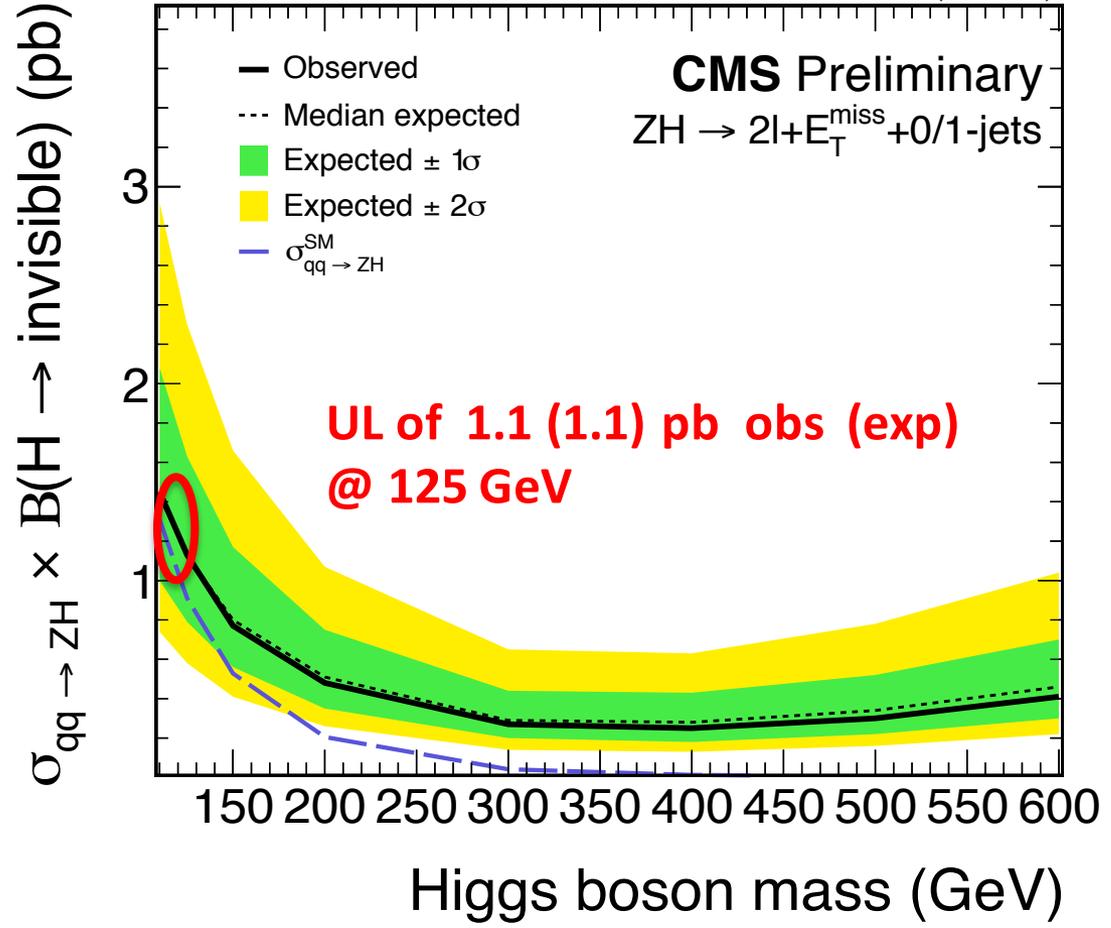


Backgrounds dominated by **diboson processes**

- ZZ(2l2ν) (70%)
- WZ(lνll) (25%)
- > Estimated from simulation @NLO

CMS-PAS-HIG-16-008

2.3 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)



Systematic uncertainty dominated by **theory in ZZ** backgrounds

Sensitivity statistics limited

Systematic uncertainty	Impact
Common	
ZZ background theory	16%
luminosity	8.4%
b jet tag efficiency	6.2%
Electron efficiency	6.2%
Muon efficiency	6.2%
Electron energy scale	3.2%
Muon momentum scale	3.2%
Jet energy scale	2.2%
Diboson normalisation	5.3%
$e\mu$ region extrapolation	4.0%
$Z(l^+l^-)$ normalisation	4.8%
Signal specific	
QCD scale + PDF (qqZH)	7.4%
QCD scale + PDF (ggZH)	4.0%
Total statistical only	-50/ + 56%
Total uncertainty	-55/ + 62%

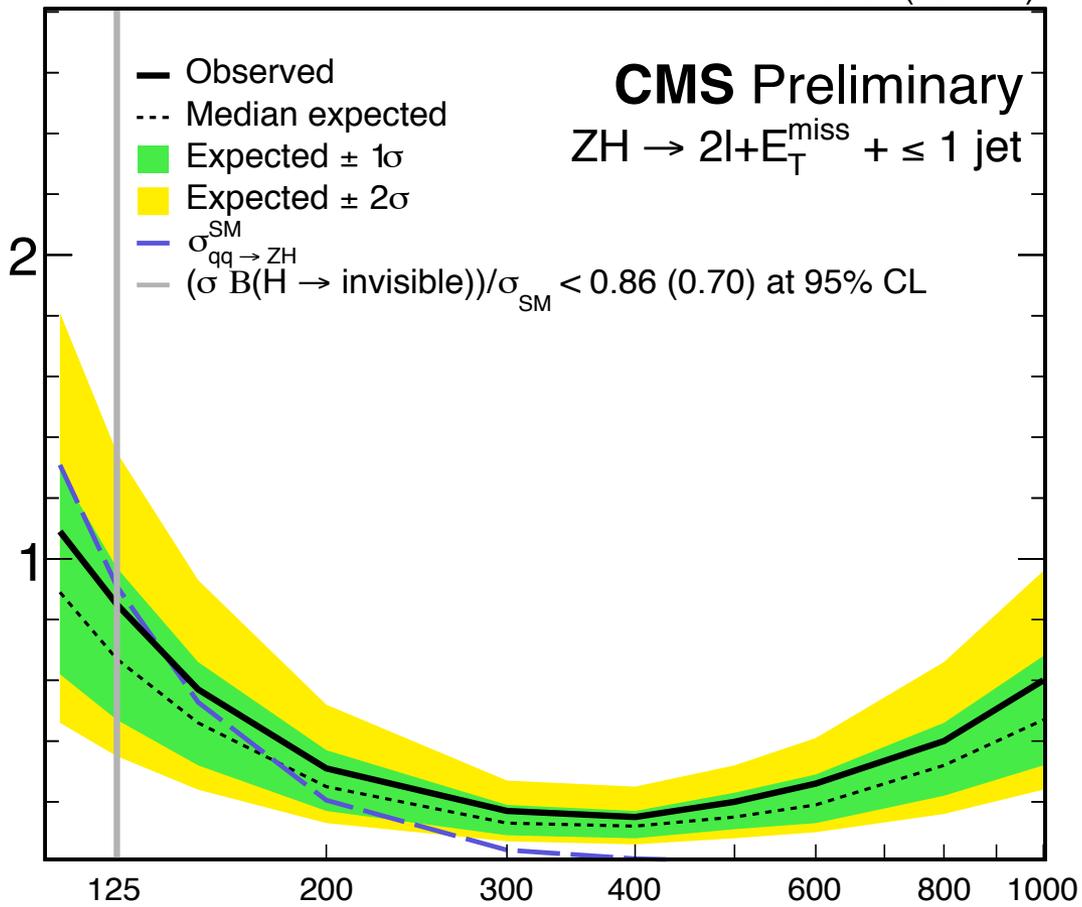
NEW with 12.9 fb⁻¹

**Assuming SM x-section
B(H->inv)
< 86% (70%)
obs (exp)**

CMS-PAS-EXO-16-038

12.9 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)

$\sigma_{qq \rightarrow ZH} \times B(H \rightarrow \text{invisible})$ (pb)



Higgs boson mass (GeV)

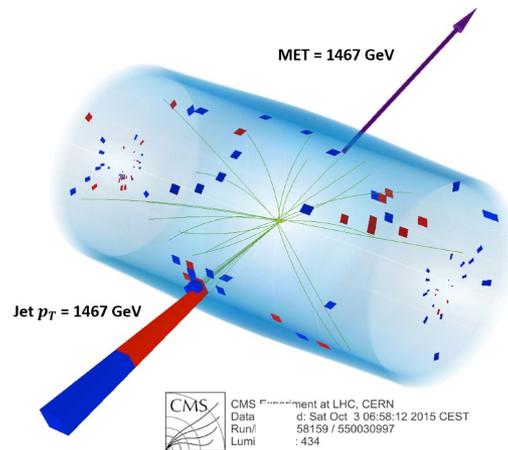
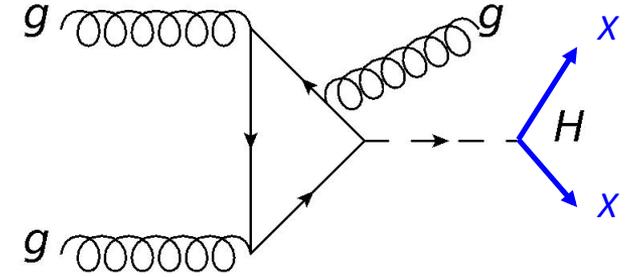
See talk from Shin-Shan Yu

Gluon-fusion

Gluon-fusion production tagged via ISR jet(s)

Look for high p_T , central jet(s) + large missing energy

- $p_T^j > 100$ GeV
- $|\eta| < 2.5$
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 200$ GeV

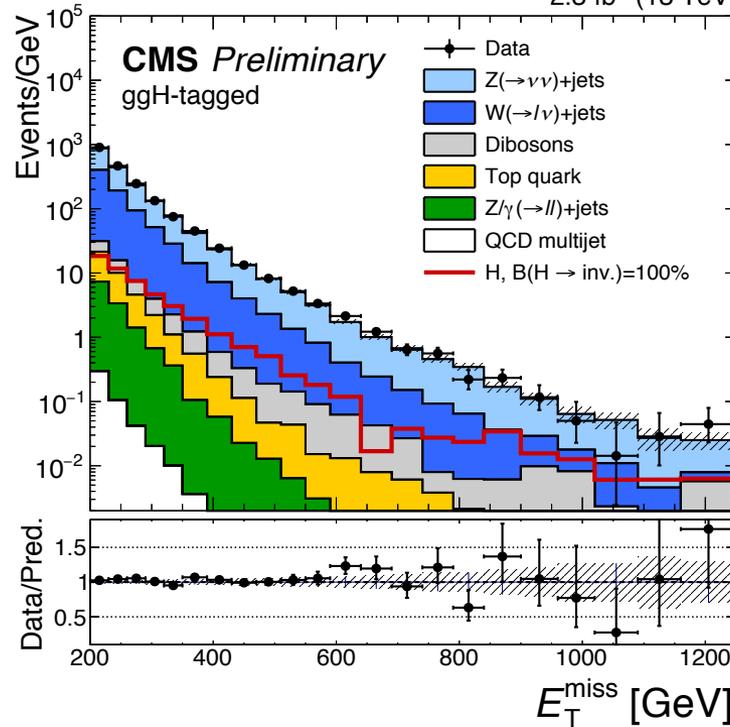


CMS
 CMS Experiment at LHC, CERN
 Data d: Sat Oct 3 06:58:12 2015 CEST
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Analysis also used for generic DM searches
 See talk from Shin-Shan Yu

CMS-PAS-HIG-16-016

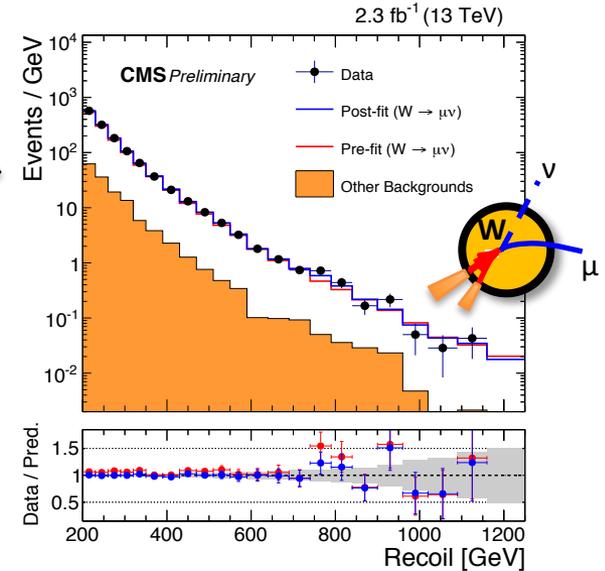
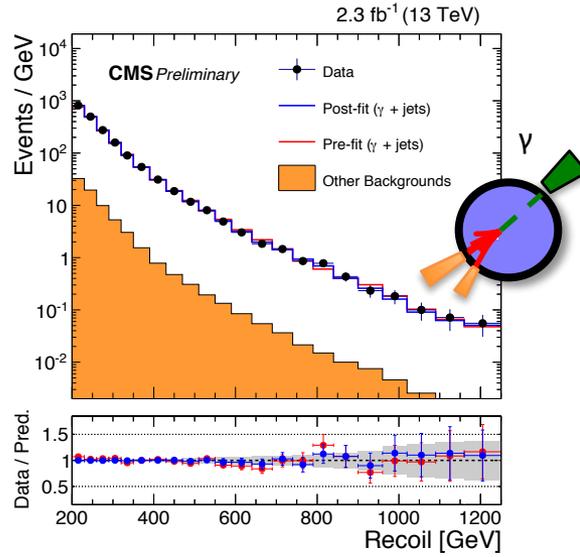
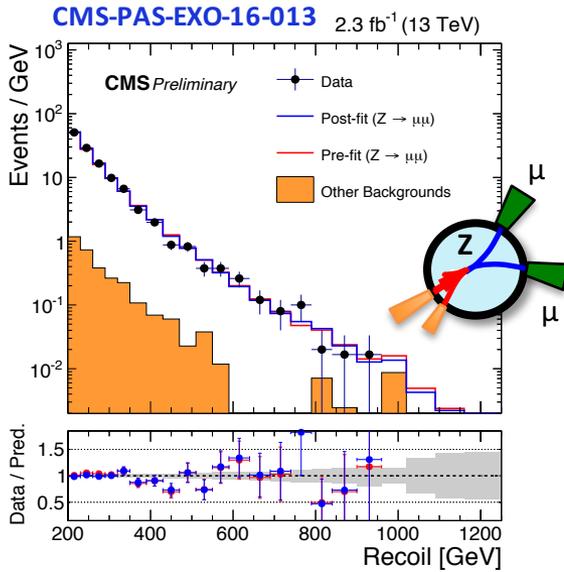
2.3 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)



Signal extraction from fit to E_T^{miss} spectrum (sizeable theory systematics on ggH p_T spectrum)

Dominant backgrounds from **W/Z**+jets
 -> Constrain shape and normalization with lepton and photon control regions

Glucan-fusion



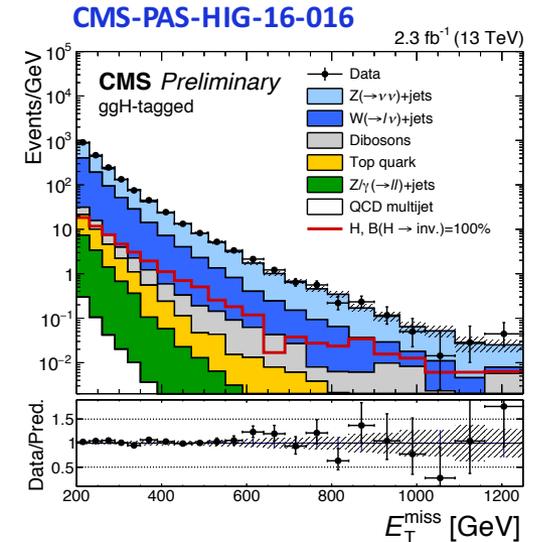
“Recoil” in control regions defined as

$$|\vec{E}_T^{miss} + \sum \vec{p}_T^{ll/\gamma}|$$

For each bin of E_T^{miss} equivalent recoil bin in $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu/ee$, $\gamma + \text{jets}$ and $W \rightarrow e\nu/\mu\nu$ translated to signal region via transfer factors.

Simultaneous fit across all regions allowing for sys.

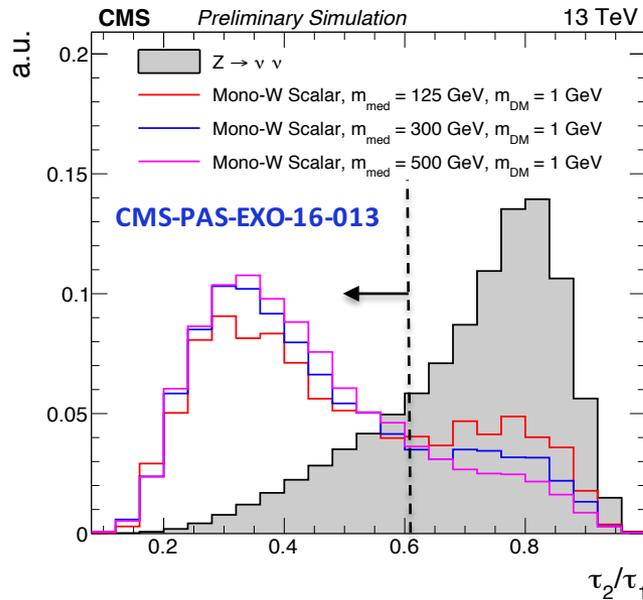
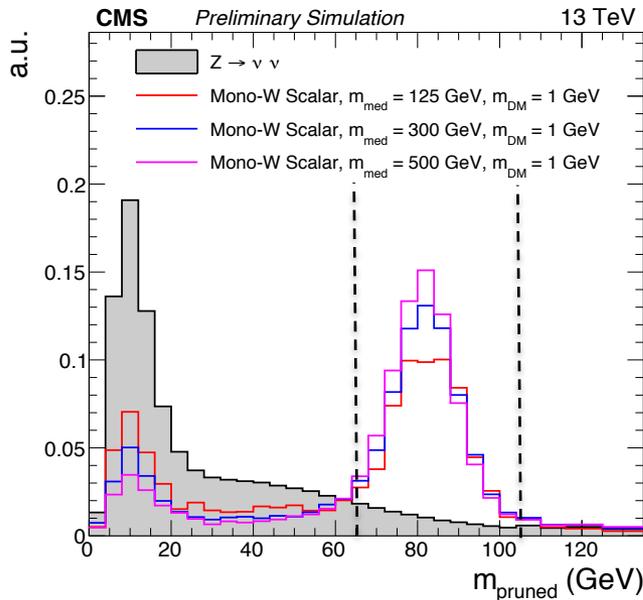
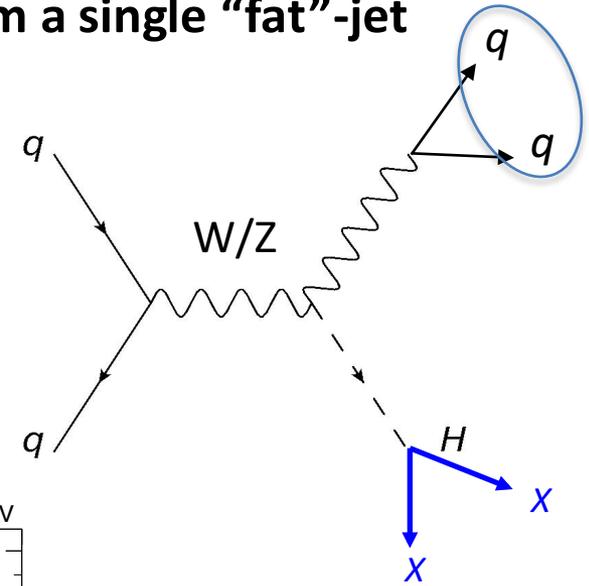
- lepton/photon efficiency/purity
- W/Z and γ/Z ratios theory



Boosted (high p_T) vector bosons decaying to jets will form a single “fat”-jet

Use jet substructure techniques to identify hadronically decaying V-bosons:

- Look for high- p_T “fat” jet with m_J close to m_W or m_Z
 - $65 < m_J < 105$ GeV
- N-subjettiness (τ_N) (likelihood for N-daughter hypotheses)
 - $\tau_2/\tau_1 < 0.6$

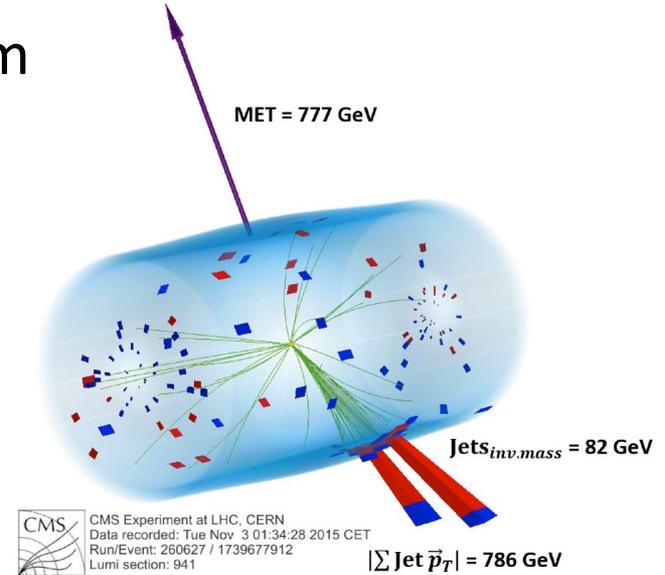
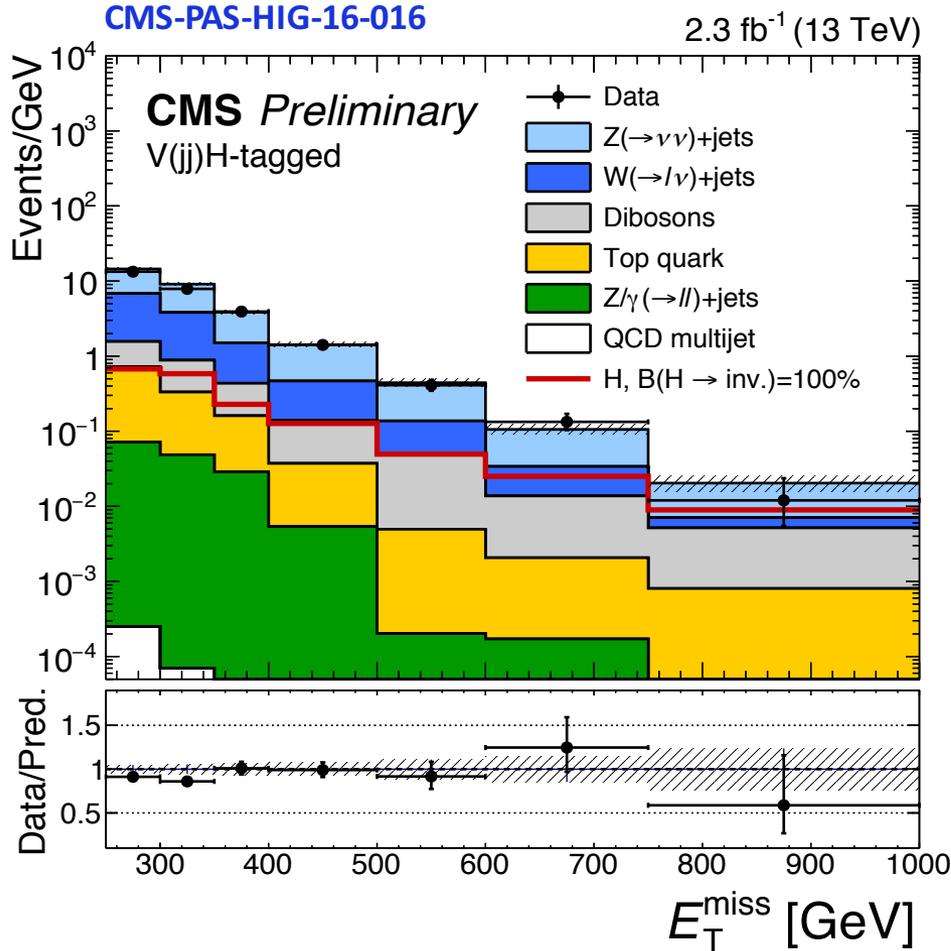


Additionally require

- $p_T^J > 250$ GeV
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 250$ GeV
- $\Delta\phi(J, E_T^{\text{miss}}) > 0.5$ rad

Events selected in this analysis are removed from gluon-fusion tag

Signal extracted from fit to E_T^{miss} spectrum



Dominant backgrounds from SM V+jets

- > Use leptonic W/Z and γ + jets events in data to constrain backgrounds
- > Independent scale factors per bin
- > Systematics due to γ /Z and W/Z HO electroweak and QCD effects as in ggH

Gluon-fusion and $V(jj)H$

Upper limits on $\sigma \times BR / \sigma_{SM}$
for Higgs decaying invisibly
@ 125 GeV

Assume SM values for ratios of
production cross-sections



Limits with 2.3fb^{-1}	Expected	Observed
ggH - tag	1.11	1.46
$V(jj)H$ -tag	1.43	1.04
Comb.	0.84	0.85

Systematic uncertainty	Impact
Common	
γ +jets/Z($\nu\nu$)+jets ratio theory	32%
W($l\nu$)+jets/Z($\nu\nu$)+jets ratio theory	21%
Jet energy scale+resolution	12%
V-tagging efficiency	12%
Lepton veto efficiency	13%
Electron efficiency	13%
Muon efficiency	8.6%
b jet tag efficiency	5.7%
Photon efficiency	3.1%
E_T^{miss} scale	4.6%
Top quark background normalisation	6.0%
Diboson background normalisation	< 1%
Luminosity	< 1%
Signal specific	
ggH p_T -spectrum	12%
QCD scale + PDF (ggH)	3.0%
QCD scale + PDF (VH)	1.4%
Total statistical only	-46 / + 50%
Total uncertainty	-69 / + 74%

$V(jj)H$ -tag

Systematic uncertainty	Impact
Common	
Muon efficiency	24%
Electron efficiency	22%
Lepton veto efficiency	16%
b jet tag efficiency	3.2%
W($l\nu$)+jets/Z($\nu\nu$)+jets ratio theory	16%
γ +jets/Z($\nu\nu$)+jets ratio theory	5.8%
Jet energy scale+resolution	10%
E_T^{miss} scale	1.8%
Luminosity	3.0%
Diboson background normalisation	2.7%
Top quark background normalisation	< 1%
Signal specific	
ggH p_T -spectrum	15%
QCD scale + PDF (ggH)	5.8%
Total statistical only	-22 / + 25%
Total uncertainty	-55 / + 62%

ggH - tag

Systematic uncertainty dominated by W/Z and γ /Z theory systematics, JES and lepton ID
 -> All related to transfer from CR to SR to constrain W/Z+jets backgrounds

Gluon-fusion and $V(jj)H$

Upper limits on $\sigma \times \text{BR} / \sigma_{\text{SM}}$ for Higgs decaying invisibly @ 125 GeV

CMS-PAS-EXO-16-037



	Expected	Observed
ggH - tag	0.85	0.48
$V(jj) H$ -tag	0.72	1.17
Comb.	0.56	0.44

See talk from Shin-Shan Yu

Combination Run-1 + 2015 data

Combination



Combination of H->invisible searches performed using **Run-1** dataset and **2.3 fb⁻¹ of 13 TeV** (2015) data

Analysis Tag		$\int \mathcal{L} \text{ (fb}^{-1}\text{)}$			Expected Signal Composition (%)	
		7 TeV	8 TeV	13 TeV	7 or 8 TeV	13 TeV
qqH-tagged	VBF	–	19.2 [16]	2.3	7.8 (ggH), 92.2 (qqH)	9.1 (ggH), 90.9 (qqH)
	Z(l^+l^-)	4.9 [16]	19.7 [16]	2.3		100 (ZH)
VH-tagged	Z(bb *)	–	18.9 [16]	–		100 (ZH)
	V(jj)-tagged	–	19.7 [56]	2.3	25.1 (ggH), 5.1 (qqH), 23.0 (ZH), 46.8 (WH)	38.7 (ggH), 7.1 (qqH), 21.3 (ZH), 32.9 (WH)
ggH-tagged	monojet	–	19.7 [56]	2.3	70.4 (ggH), 20.4 (qqH), 3.5 (ZH), 5.7 (WH)	69.4 (ggH), 21.9 (qqH), 4.2 (ZH), 4.6 (WH)

CMS-PAS-HIG-16-016

- Latest SM x-sections + uncertainties from LHC-HXSWG used as theory inputs
-> Including N3LO ggH x-section (*Phys. Lett. B* **737** (2014))
- Explicit event selection vetos allow for combination of searches
-> VBF tagged events removed from ggH/V(jj)H-tagged searches)

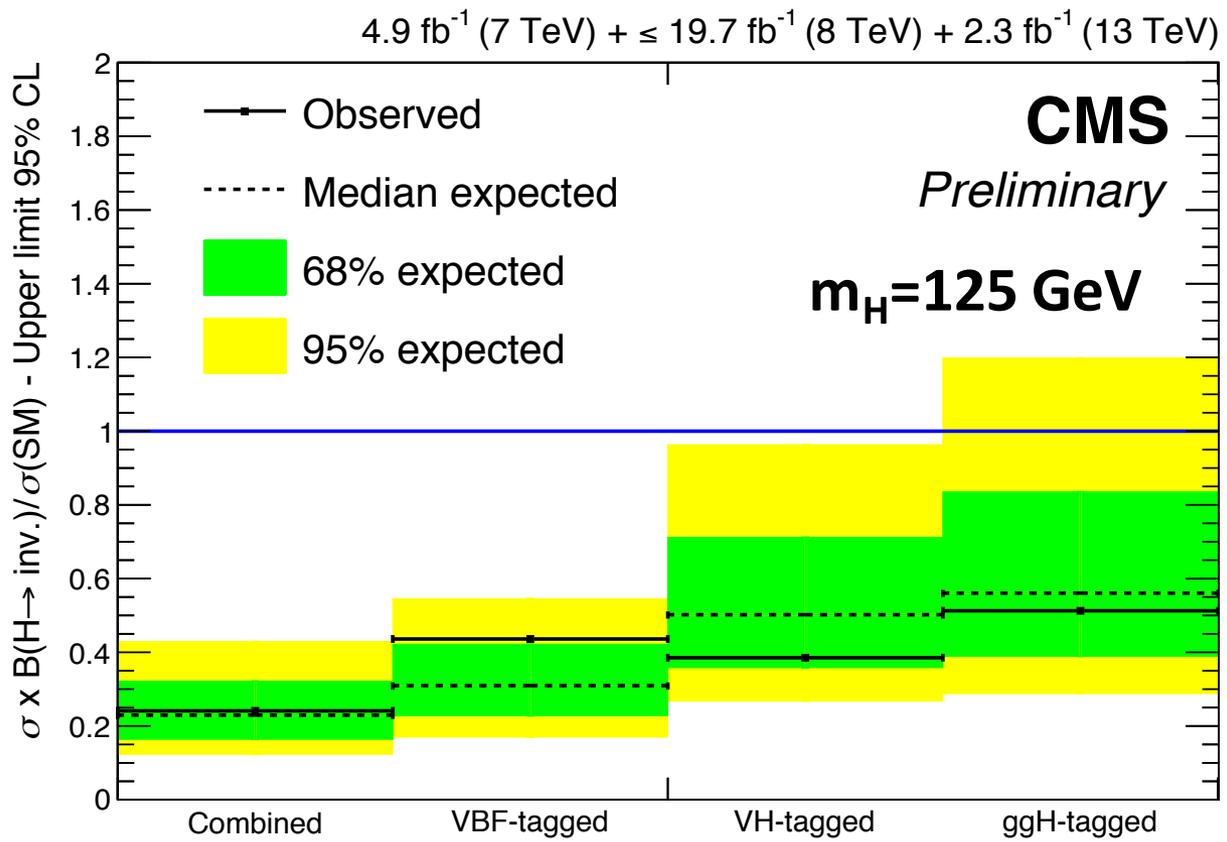
[16] *Eur. Phys. J. C* **74** (2014)

[56] arXiv:1607.05764 (subJHEP)

*Also include 8TeV Z(bb) channel (not discussed today)

Combination

95% CL Upper limits on $\sigma \times BR$ relative to SM production



VH includes Z(ll), Z(bb) and V(jj)H channels

Expected sensitivity dominated by vector-boson fusion channel

$\sigma \times B(H \rightarrow \text{inv})$
< 24% observed
(23% expected)

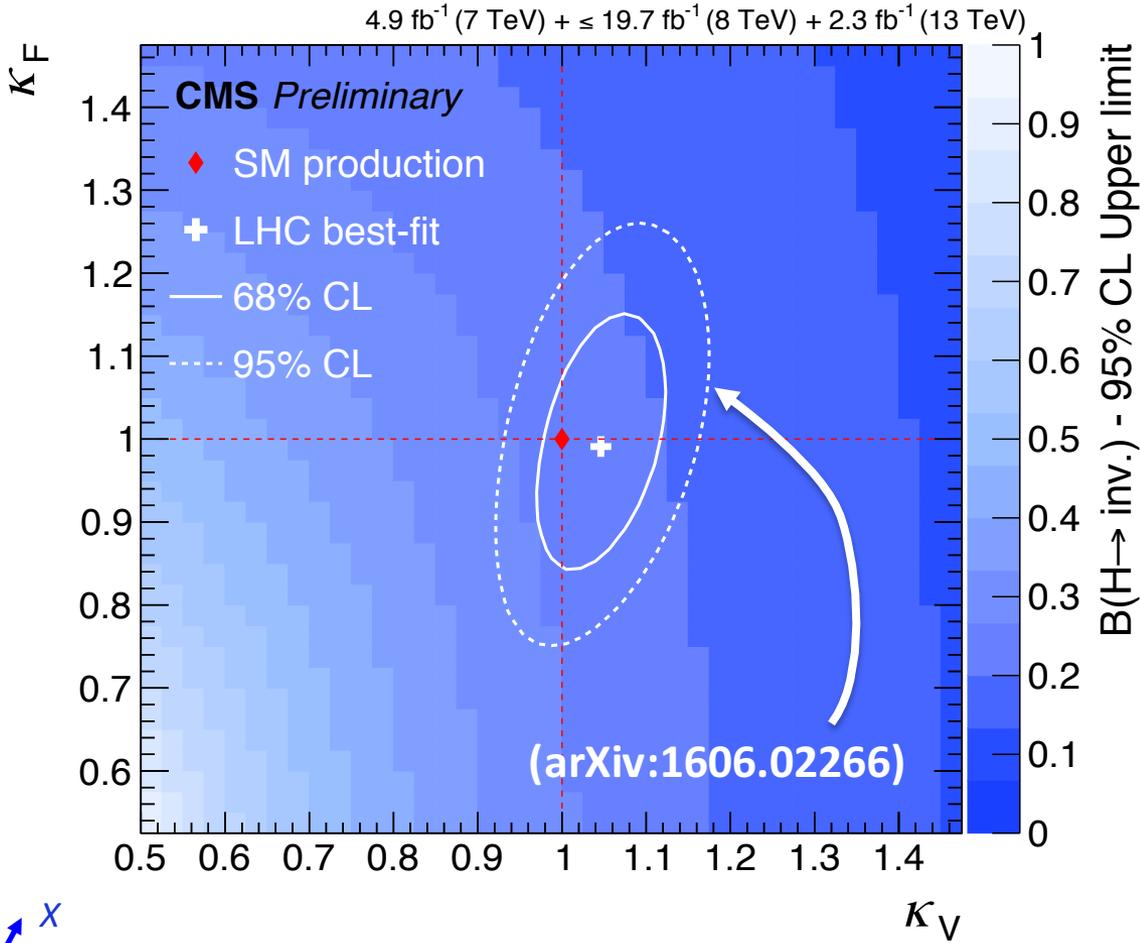
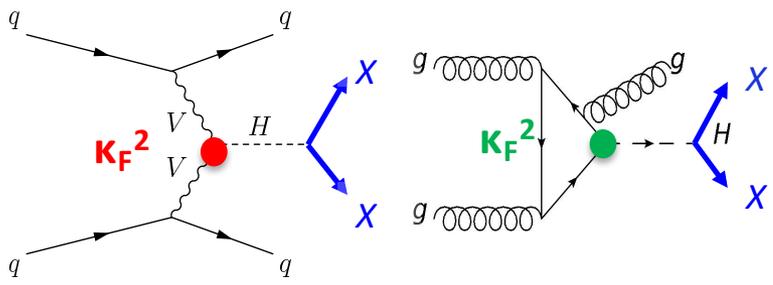
Assume SM values for ratios of production cross-sections

Non-SM production

95% Upper limit on $B(H \rightarrow \text{inv})$ expressed as for different assumptions on production

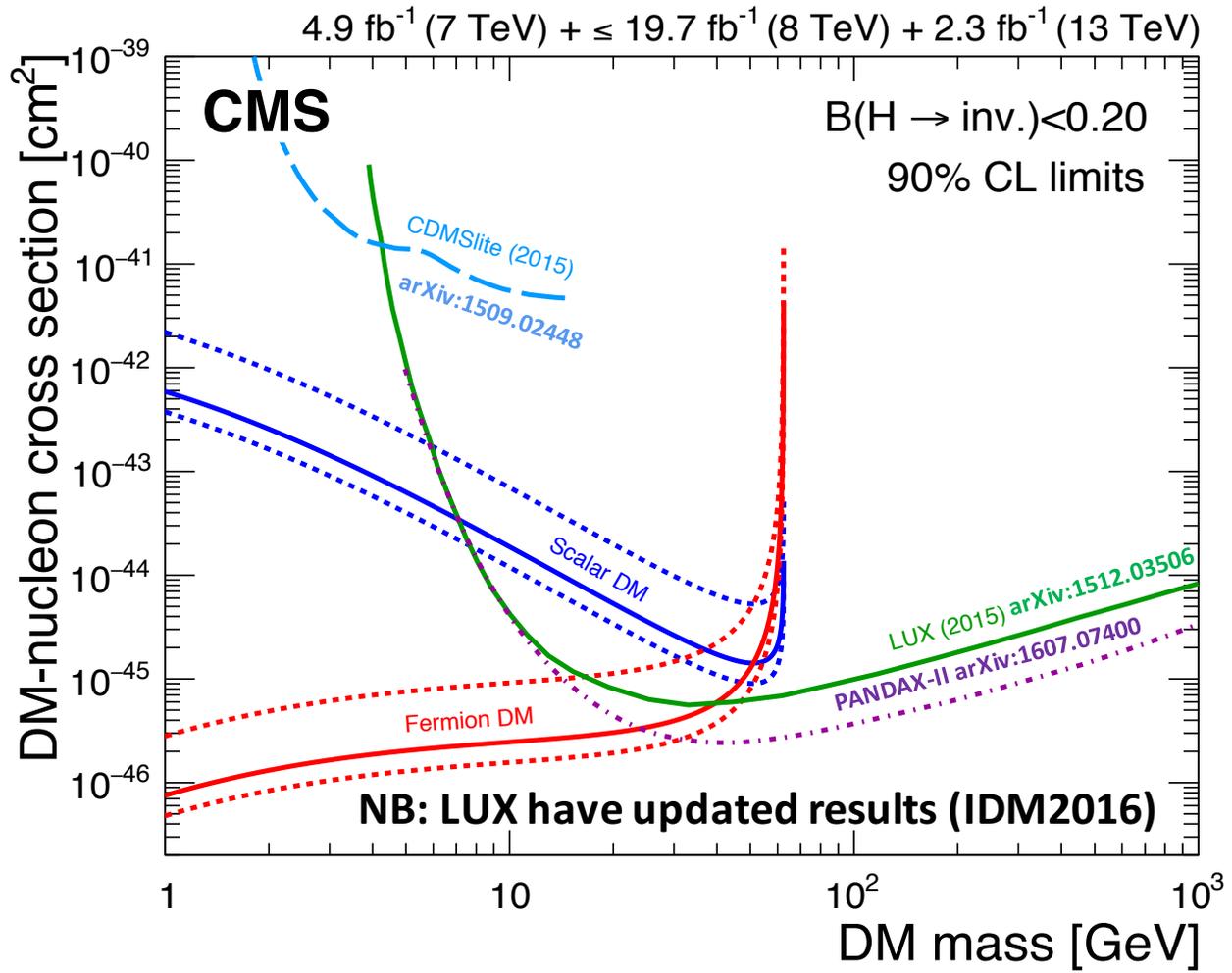
Vary coupling modifiers of Higgs boson to SM fermions (K_F) and vector bosons (K_V)

- Non trivial scaling for $gg \rightarrow ZH$ component
- $ZH(H \rightarrow bb)$ background in $Z(bb)$ channel also modified



95% upper limit on $B(H \rightarrow \text{inv})$ varies between 20-30 % within LHC couplings constraints

DM interpretation



B(H→inv.) translated into DM-nucleon spin-independent cross section limits as a function of DM mass

Use Higgs-Portal* models assuming **scalar/fermion** DM

90% CL to compare to direct detection experiments

CMS limits more stringent for small DM masses

*A. Djouadi et al, *Phys. Lett. B* **709** (2012)

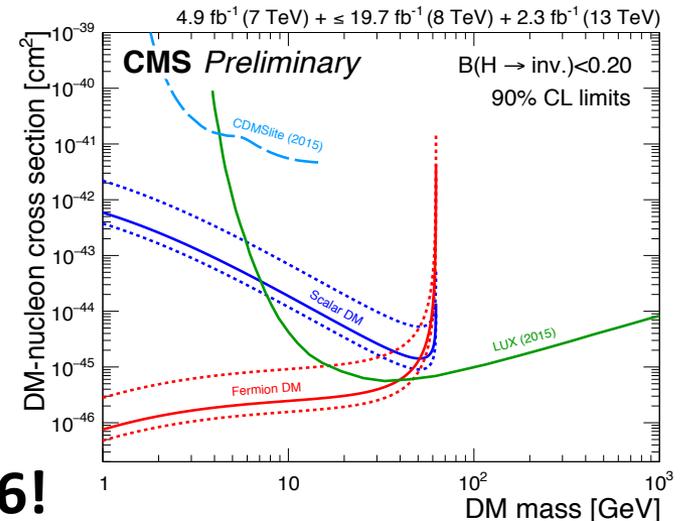
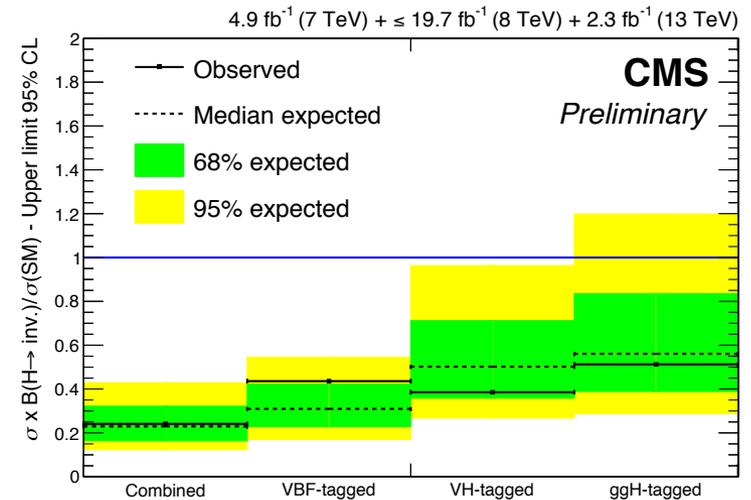
Presented searches for Higgs decaying to invisibles at CMS

- Run-2 data @ 13 TeV, including some new results with 12.9 fb⁻¹
- Search channels include VBF, Z(ll)H, V(jj)H and gluon-fusion tags
- Combination of searches between Run-1 and 2015 data provide direct constraint on B(H→Inv)

**B(H→inv) < 24% observed
(23% expected) @ 95% CL**

- Non SM-production scenarios and DM interpretations presented
- Sensitivity is statistics dominated but systematics are becoming more important

Look forward to additional data from 2016!





BACKUP

CMS detector

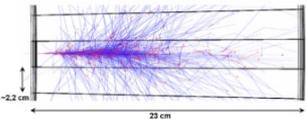
Hermetic design of CMS provides good coverage of interaction

→ Vital for searches with missing energy

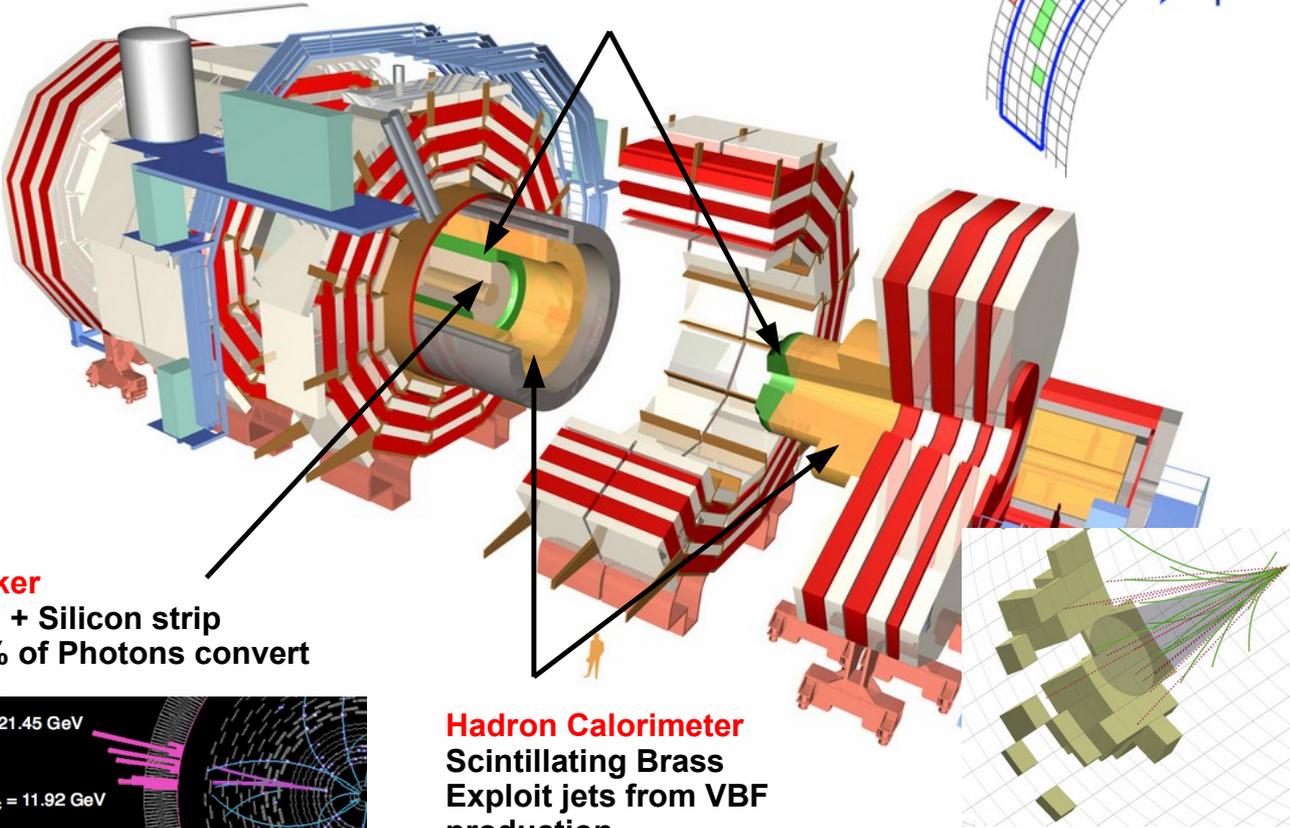
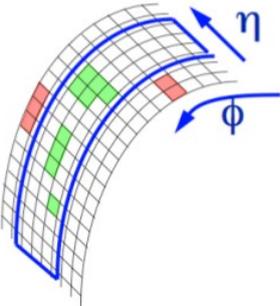
Triggers reduce 40 MHz (LHC) → O(100) Hz

High multiplicity from multiple, pile-up interactions (PU)

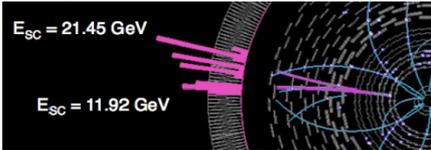
→ Upgrade Trigger for 2016 data taking performs PU subtraction at L1



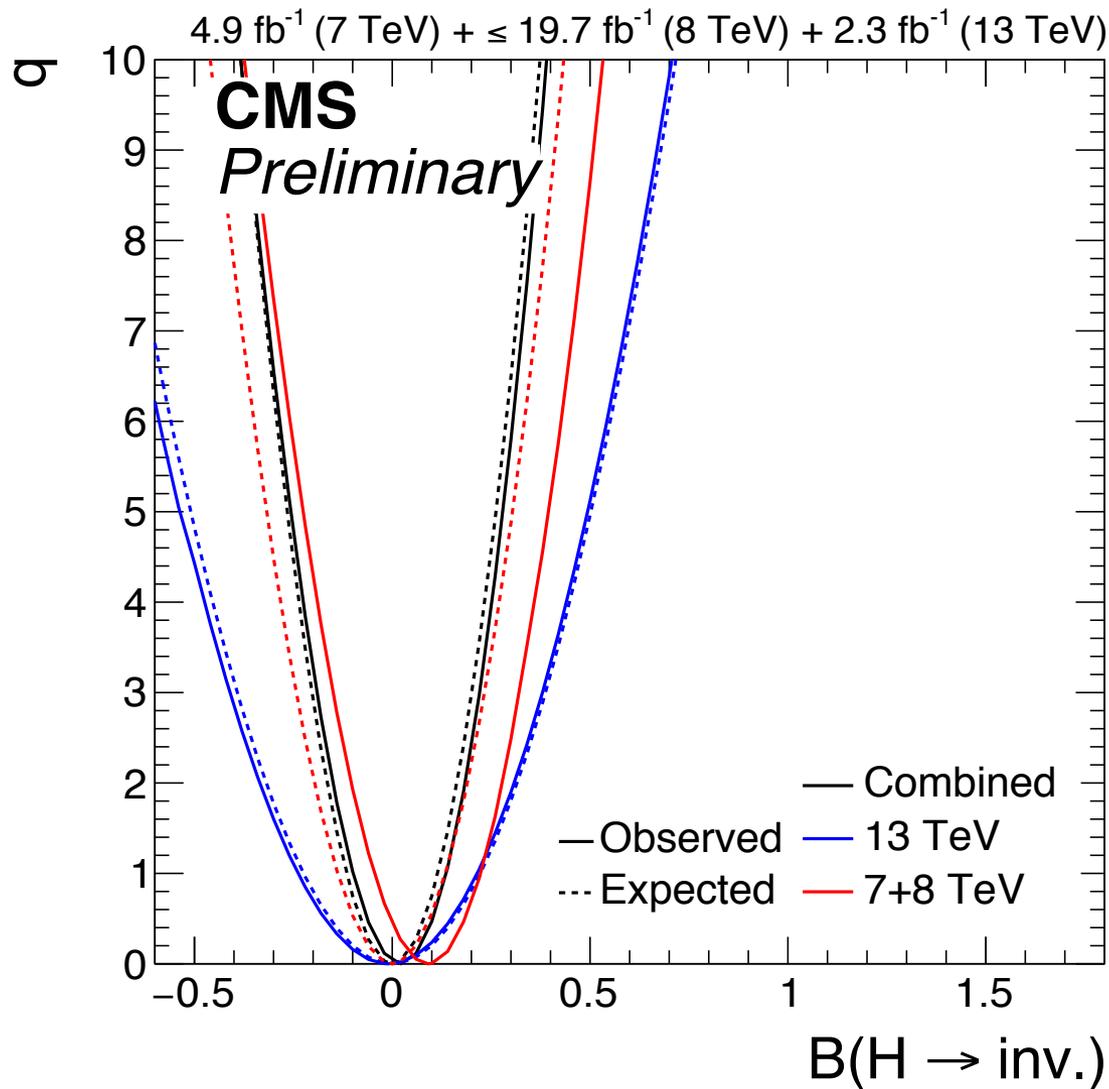
EM Calorimeter
Lead tungstate (PbWO₄) crystals
61 200 (EB) / 7 324 (EE)



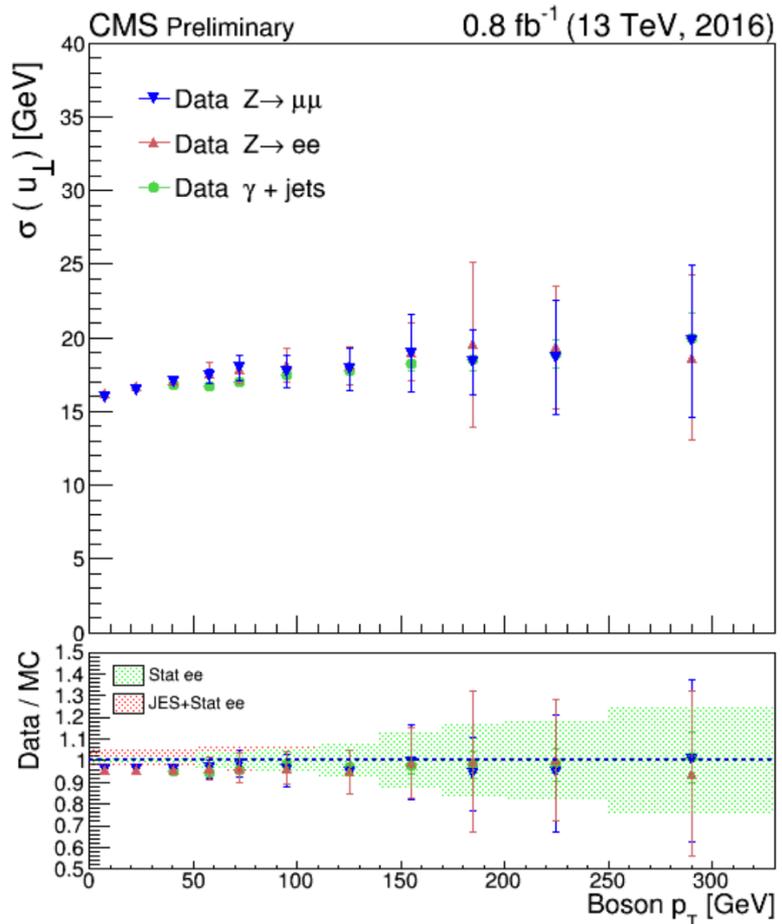
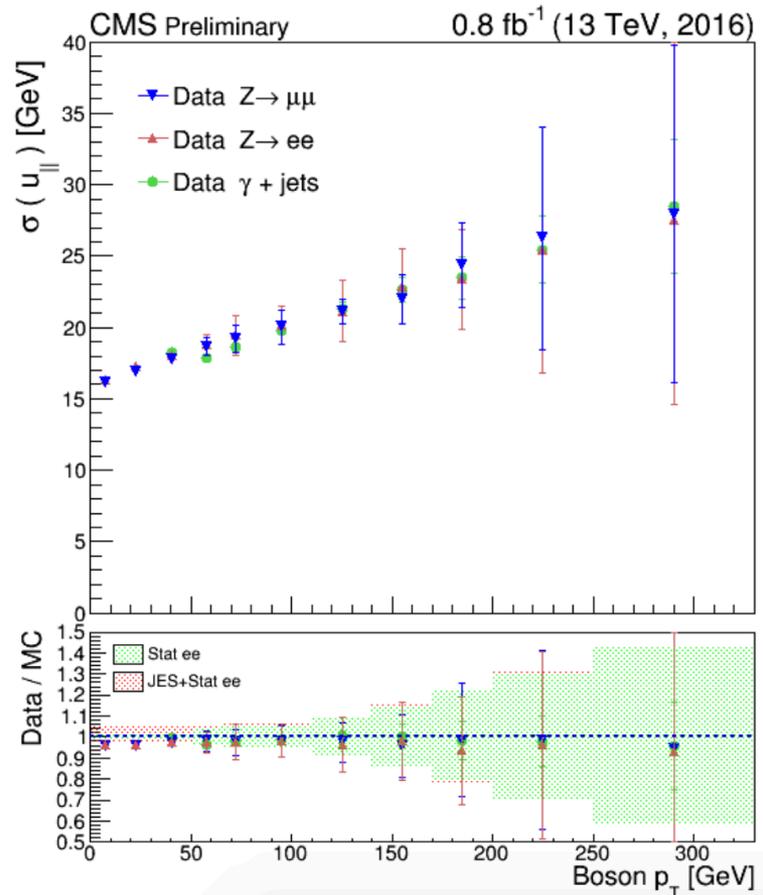
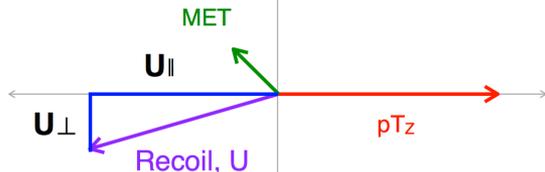
Tracker
Pixel + Silicon strip
~50% of Photons convert



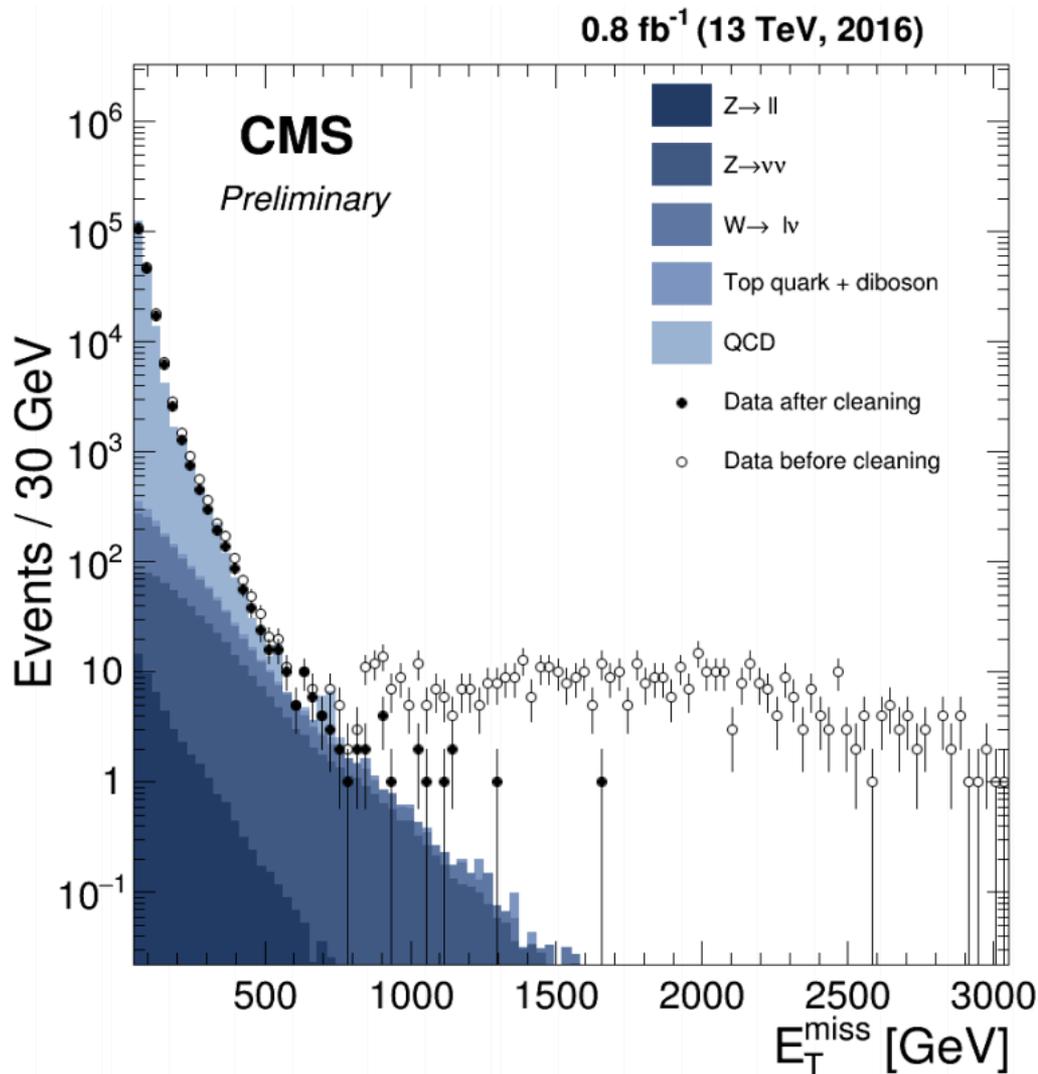
Hadron Calorimeter
Scintillating Brass
Exploit jets from VBF production



E_T^{miss} Resolution



E_T^{miss} Tails



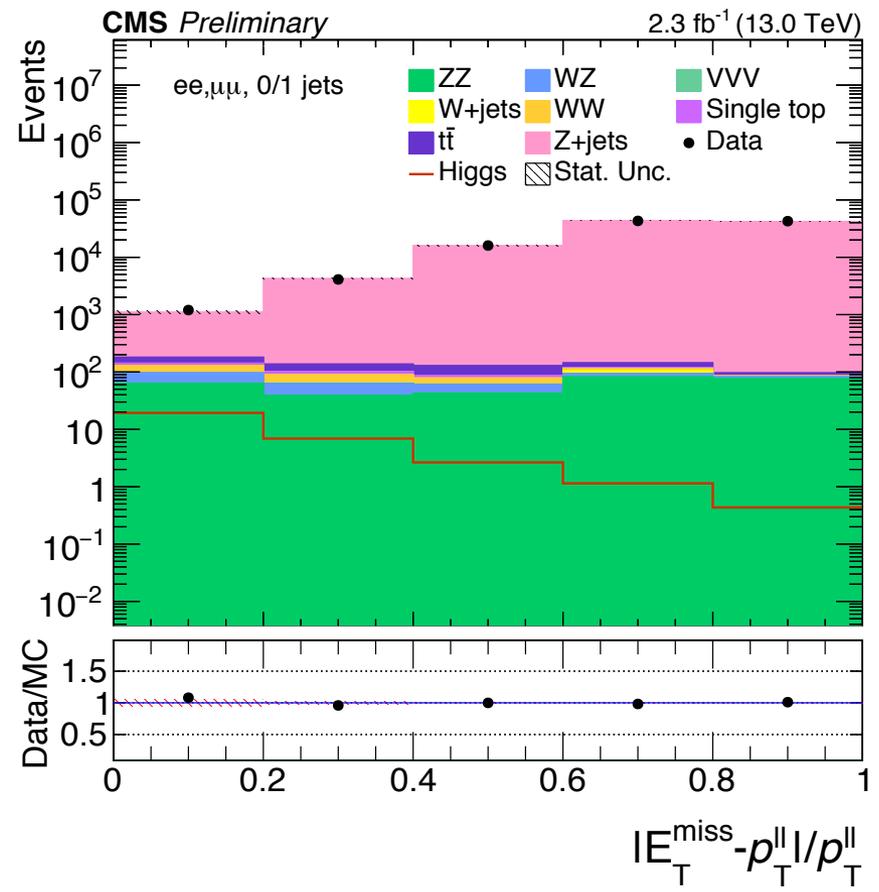
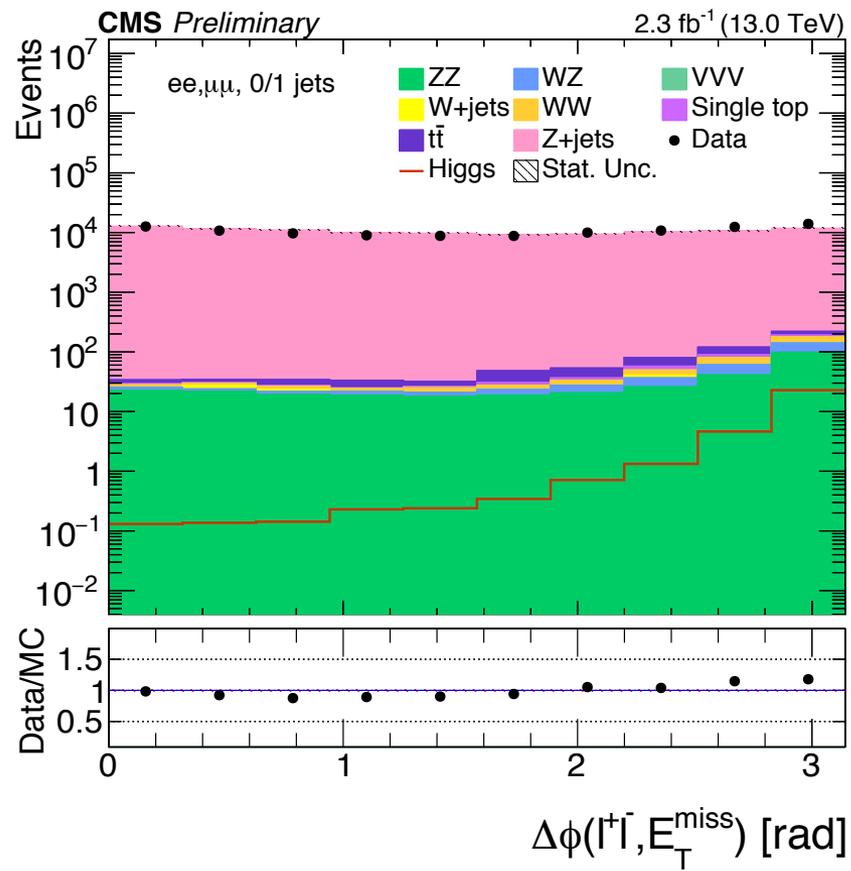
Dedicated noise filters remove events with spurious missing energy

-> Remove E_T^{miss} Resolution fake contributions in high tails.

Backgrounds dominated by **diboson processes**: ZZ(2l2v) (70%), WZ(lvll) (25%)
 -> Estimated from simulation NLO with POWHEG+MC2

Process	0 jets		1 jet	
	$\mu^+\mu^-$	e^+e^-	$\mu^+\mu^-$	e^+e^-
ZH, $m_H = 125$ GeV	5.97 ± 0.55	4.27 ± 0.39	1.29 ± 0.20	0.98 ± 0.15
Z(l^+l^-)+jets	0.45 ± 0.45	0.30 ± 0.30	0.45 ± 0.45	0.30 ± 0.30
ZZ $\rightarrow ll\nu\nu$	10.4 ± 1.14	7.46 ± 0.81	2.04 ± 0.31	1.49 ± 0.23
WZ $\rightarrow lvll$	3.42 ± 0.28	2.40 ± 0.19	1.04 ± 0.10	1.00 ± 0.10
Top/WW/ $\tau\tau$	0.69 ± 0.23	0.88 ± 0.29	0.44 ± 0.22	0.26 ± 0.13
VVV	-	-	0.13 ± 0.06	0.07 ± 0.03
Total background	15.0 ± 1.28	11.0 ± 0.93	4.10 ± 0.60	3.12 ± 0.41
Data	18	8	5	1

Event balance variables



Likelihood Model

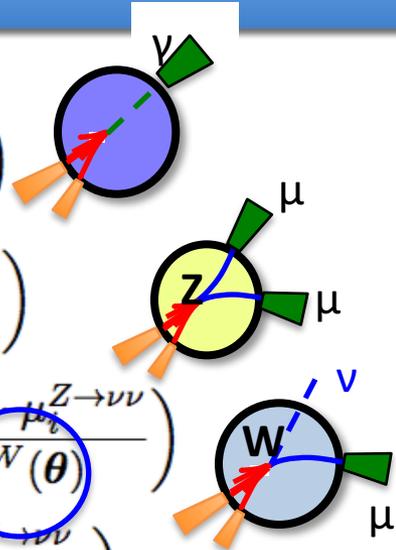
$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{L}_c(\mu, \mu^{Z \rightarrow \nu\nu}, \theta) = & \prod_i \text{Poisson} \left(d_i^\gamma | B_i^\gamma(\theta) + \frac{\mu_i^{Z \rightarrow \nu\nu}}{R_i^\gamma(\theta)} \right) \\
 & \times \prod_i \text{Poisson} \left(d_i^Z | B_i^Z(\theta) + \frac{\mu_i^{Z \rightarrow \nu\nu}}{R_i^Z(\theta)} \right) \\
 & \times \prod_i \text{Poisson} \left(d_i^W | B_i^W(\theta) + \frac{f_i(\theta) \cdot \mu_i^{Z \rightarrow \nu\nu}}{R_i^W(\theta)} \right) \\
 & \times \prod_i \text{Poisson} \left(d_i^{Zee} | B_i^{Zee}(\theta) + \frac{\mu_i^{Z \rightarrow \nu\nu}}{R_i^{Zee}(\theta)} \right) \\
 & \times \prod_i \text{Poisson} \left(d_i^{W\ell\nu} | B_i^{W\ell\nu}(\theta) + \frac{f_i(\theta) \cdot \mu_i^{Z \rightarrow \nu\nu}}{R_i^{W\ell\nu}(\theta)} \right) \\
 & \times \prod_i \text{Poisson} \left(d_i | B_i(\theta) + (1 + f_i(\theta)) \mu_i^{Z \rightarrow \nu\nu} + \mu S_i(\theta) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Number of observed events

Expected 'other background' contamination in CR

Expectation of number of Z/W/γ given TF (R)

$$\mu_i^{c, W \rightarrow \ell\nu} \rightarrow f_i(\theta) \cdot \mu_i^{c, Z \rightarrow \nu\nu}$$

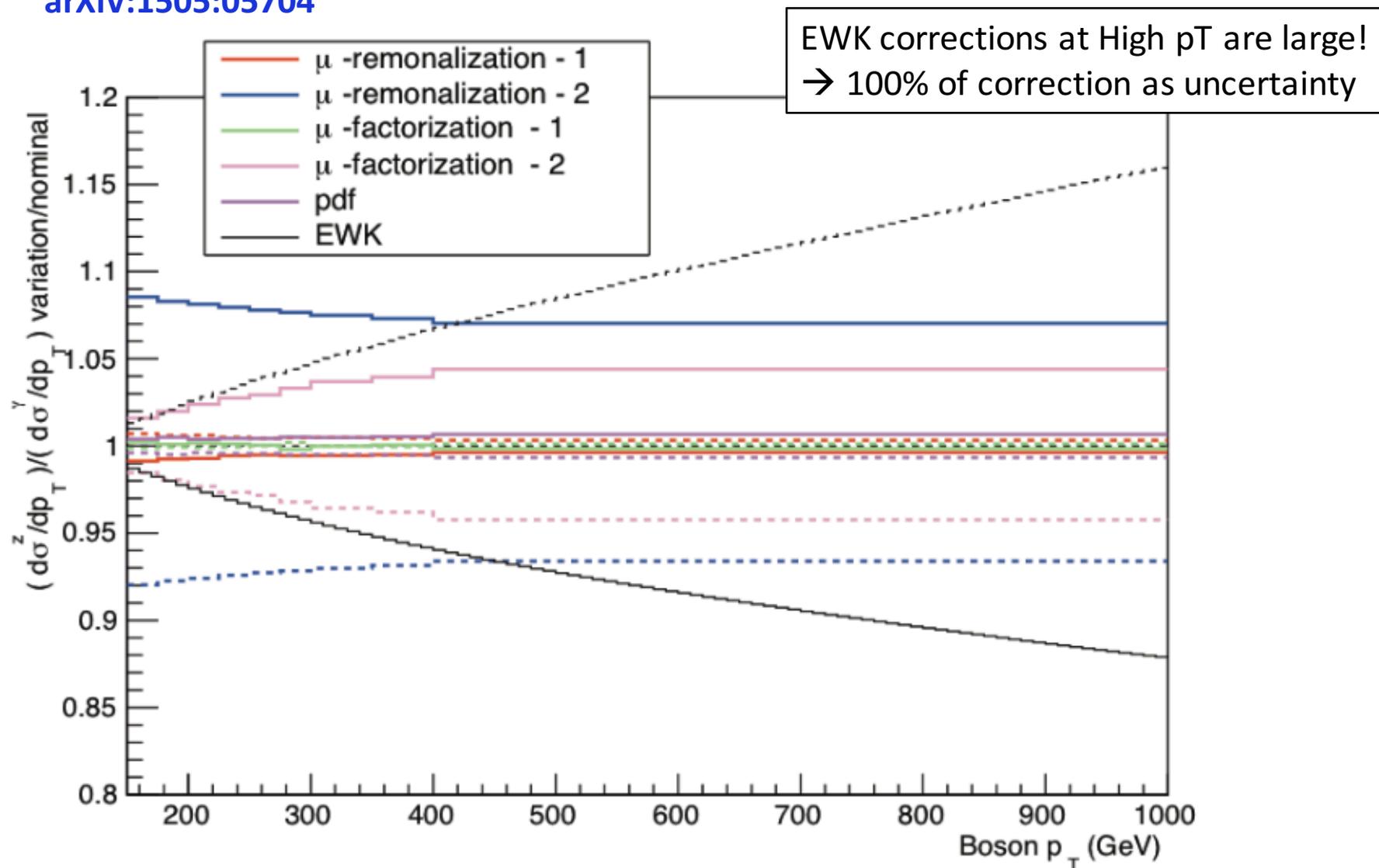


$f_i \rightarrow$ ratio of $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$ / $Z \rightarrow \nu\nu$ in the signal region :

- Relies on theoretical prediction for differential cross-sections and lepton acceptance!
- Transfer factors (R) are unchanged (easy to switch back and forth between this and old likelihood definition)

V+jets theory systematics

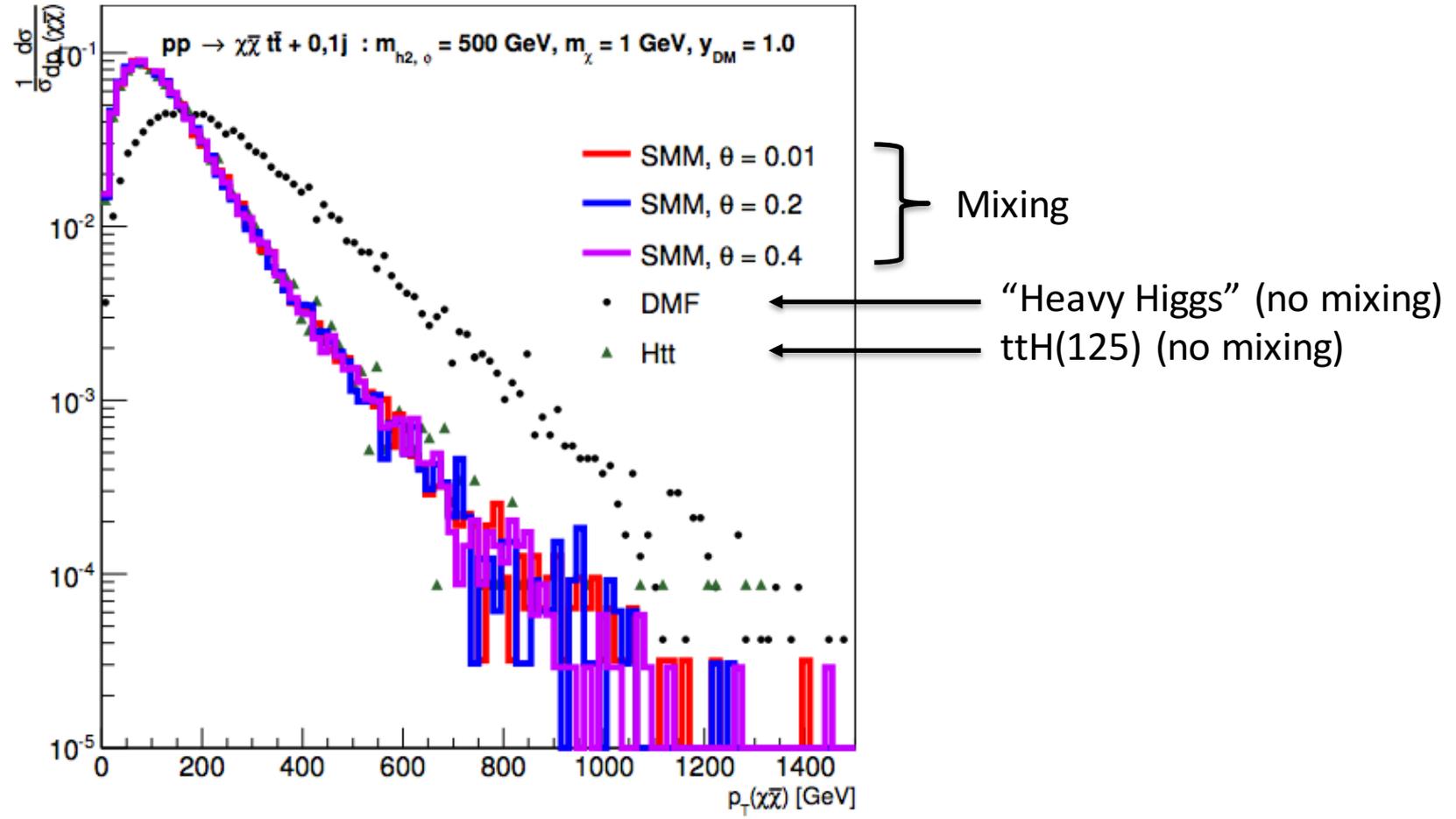
arXiv:1505:05704



DM Scalar + mixing with 125

arXiv:1607.06680

If DM is light, H(125) will dominate kinematics when mixing is allowed
-> Rescale B(H->Inv) constraints to constrain generic scalar DM models)



Combination

Assuming SM values for production cross sections

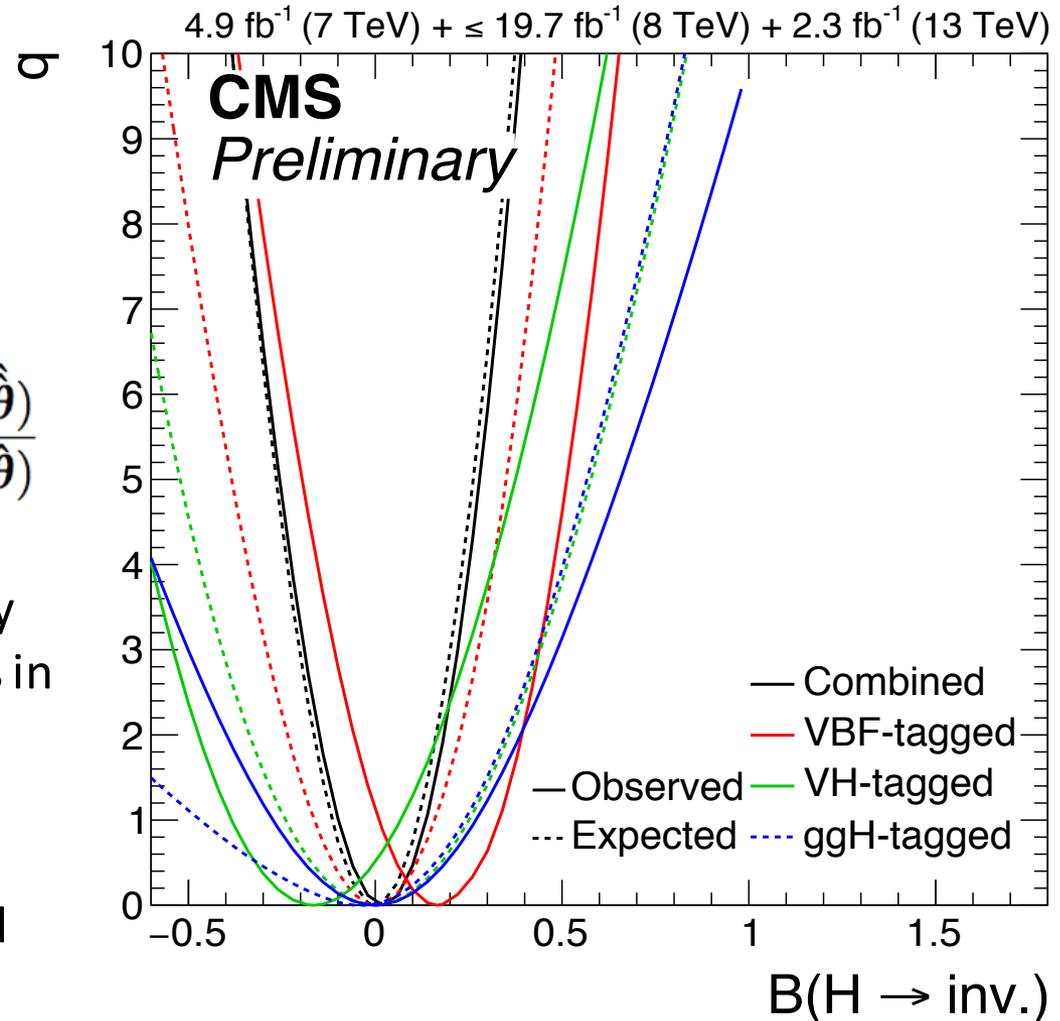
-> Interpret potential signal as Invisible Higgs branching ratio

Profile likelihood ratio

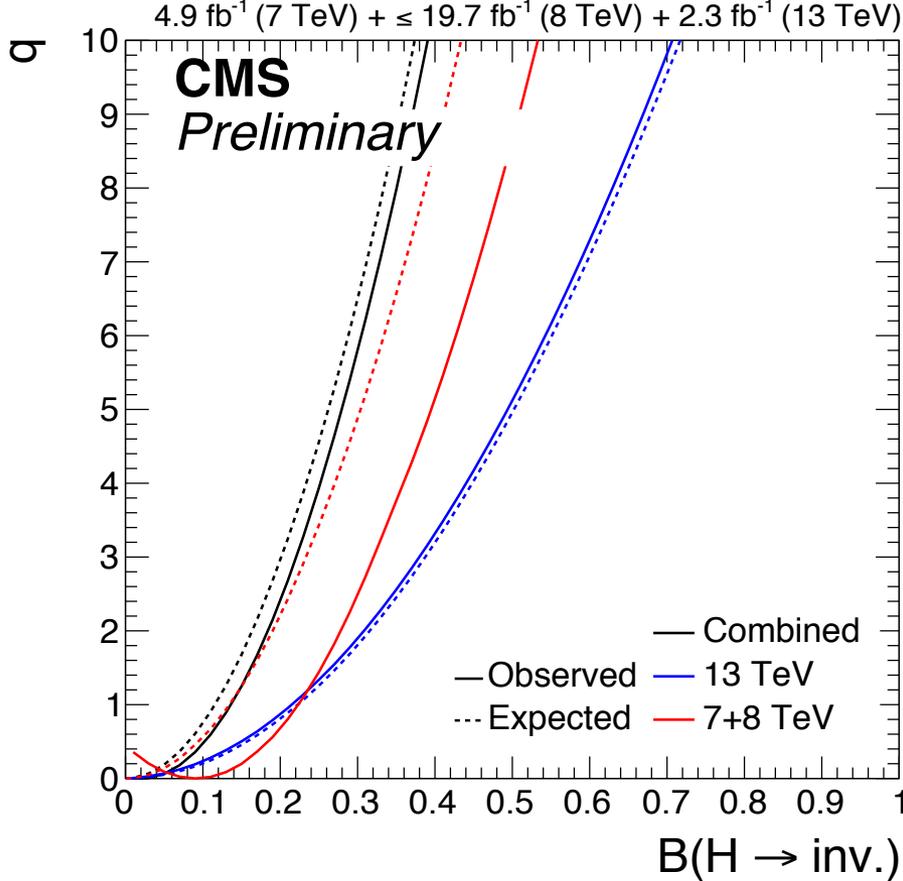
$$q = -2 \ln \frac{L(\text{data} | B(H \rightarrow \text{inv.}), \hat{\theta})}{L(\text{data} | \hat{B}(H \rightarrow \text{inv.}), \hat{\theta})}$$

Expected sensitivity dominated by **VBF** but small excess ($<1\sigma$) results in less stringent limit

Deficit of events in **VH** tagged channels yields stronger observed limit

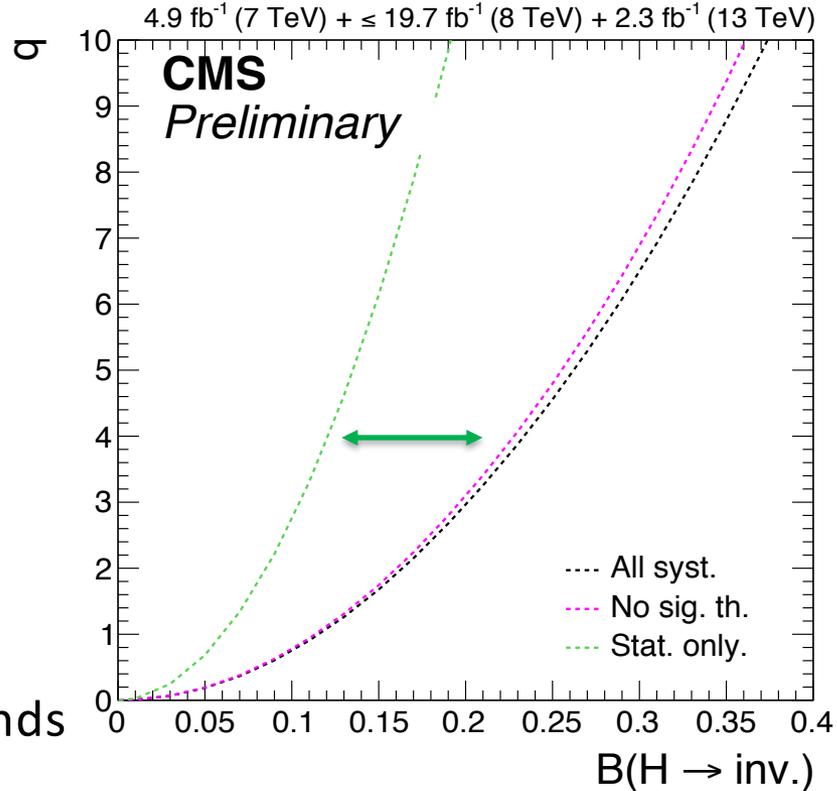


Combination



Sensitivity dominated by **Run-1 analyses**

Excess in VBF at 8 TeV yields slightly worse improvement in observed limit



Systematic uncertainties play a large role
 -> Large impacts from CR<->SR transfer
 theory uncertainties to constrain backgrounds

1D projections

