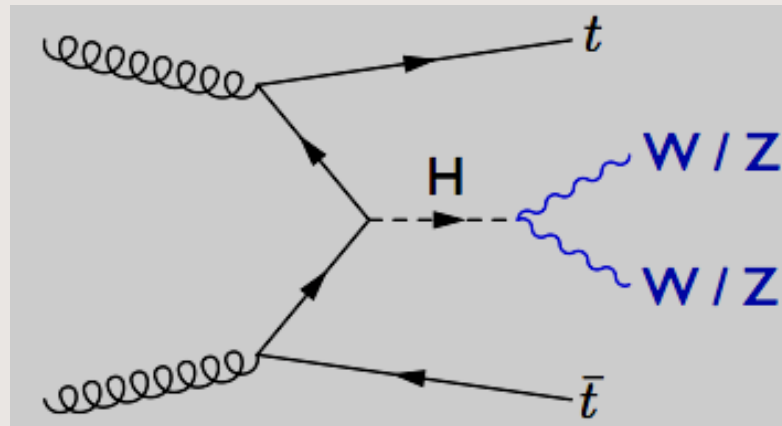


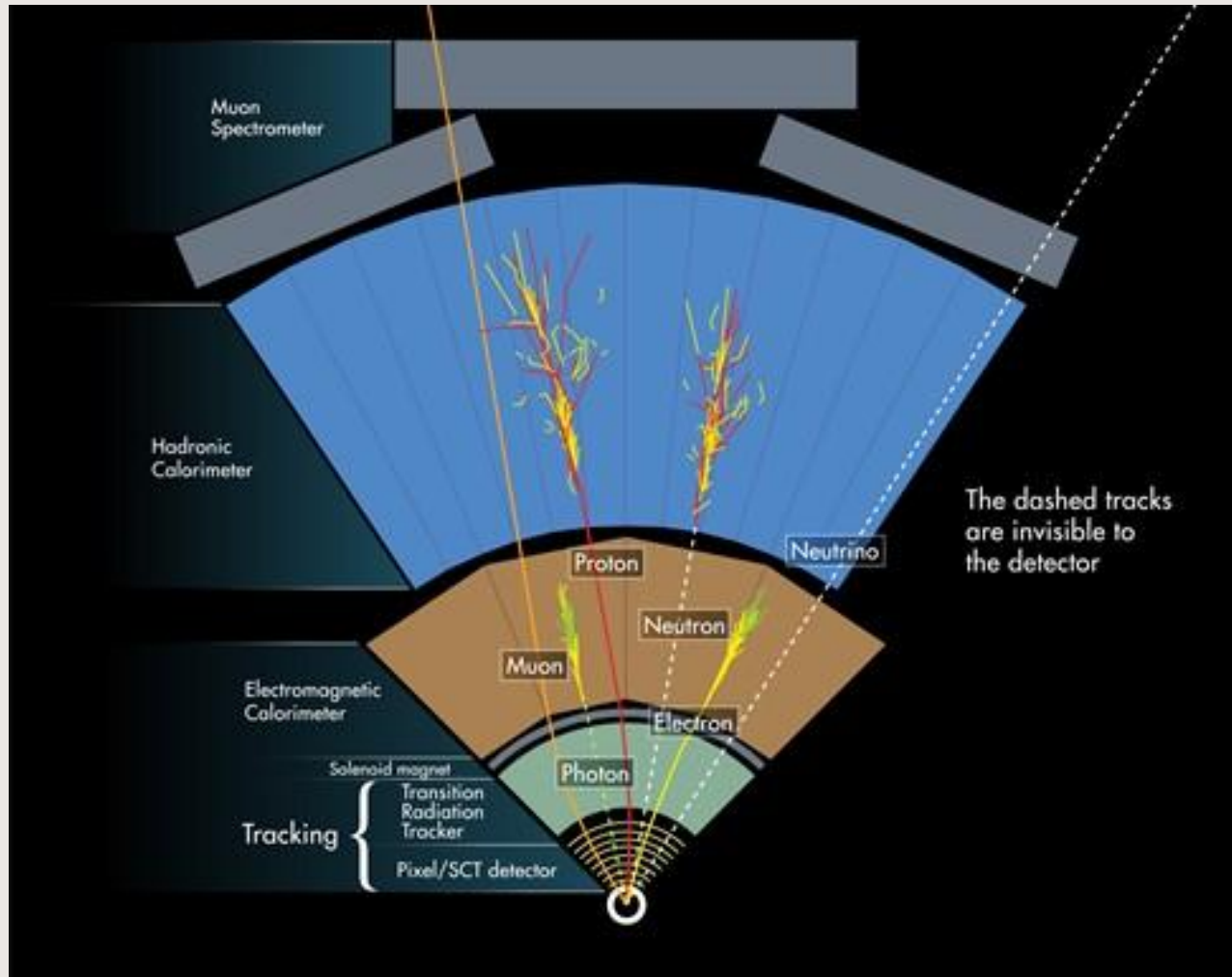
Higgs Physics at the LHC

- Probe Standard Model (and Beyond Standard Model) physics at 13/14 TeV in Run II

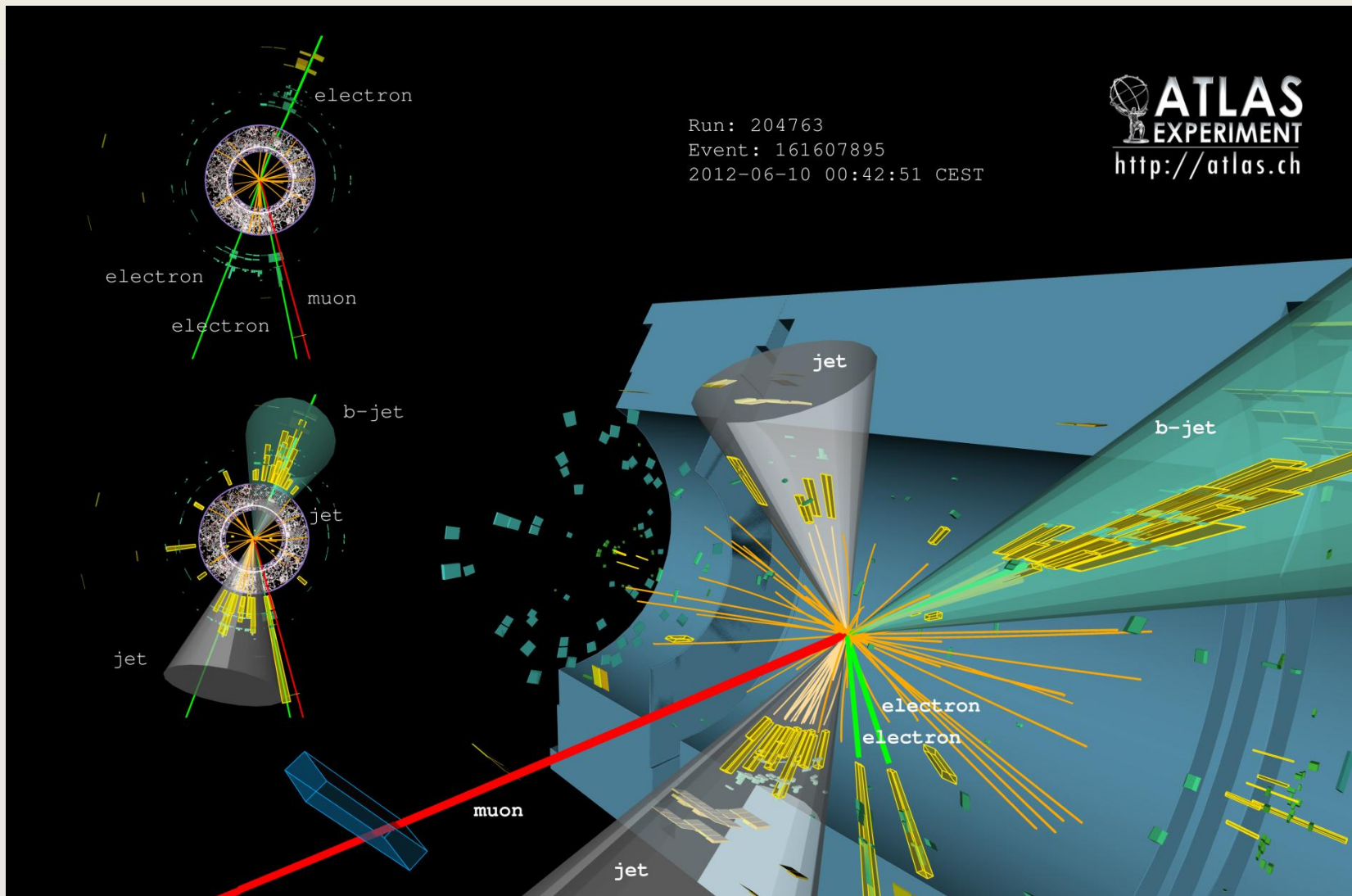


- Top quark:
 - Yukawa coupling
 - $m_t = 173.34 \pm 0.27(\text{stat}) \pm 0.71(\text{syst}) \text{ GeV}/c^2$

ATLAS Detector

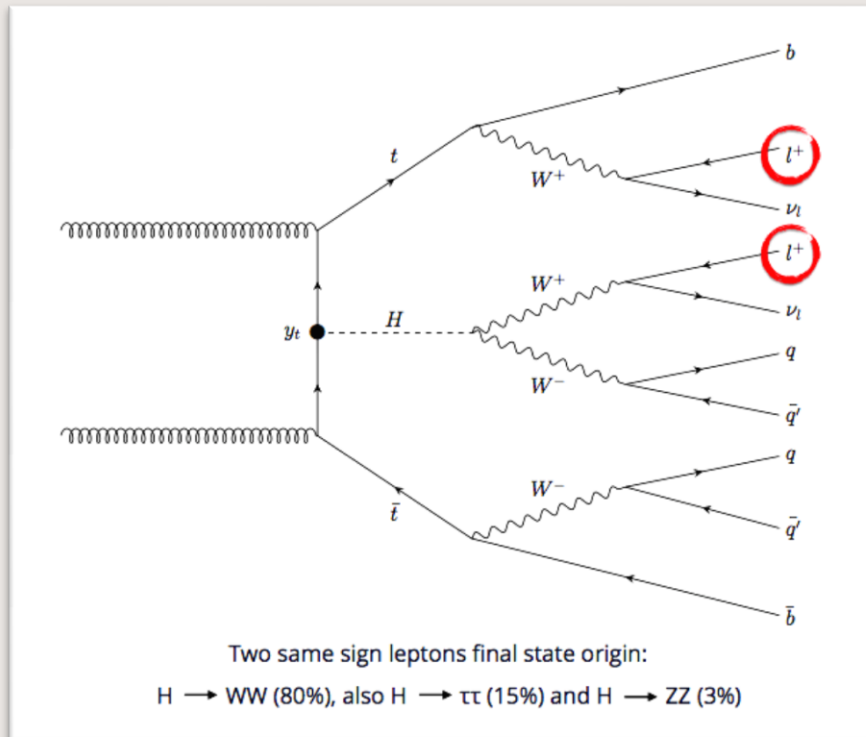


Can only detect
long-lived
 particles



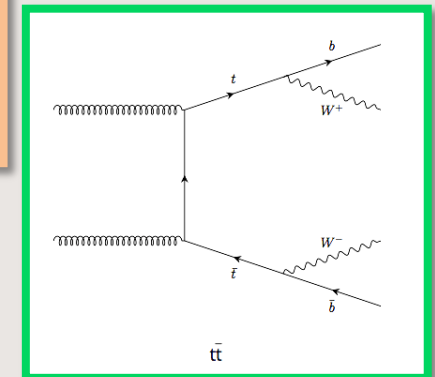
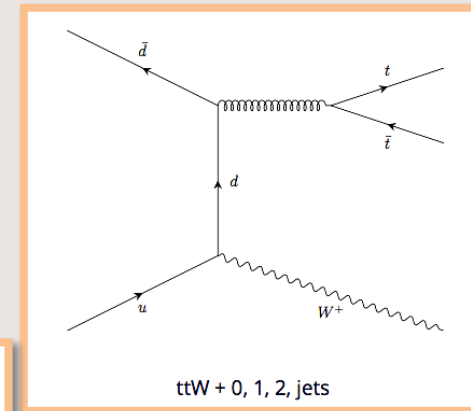
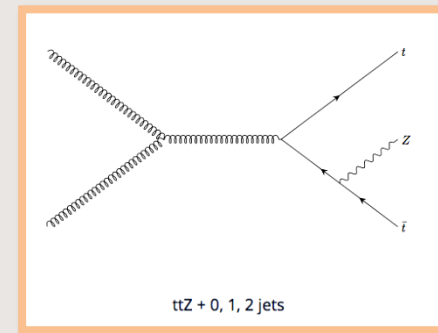
ttH->2LSS Channel

Signal events: ttH



Background events: ttW, ttZ, tt

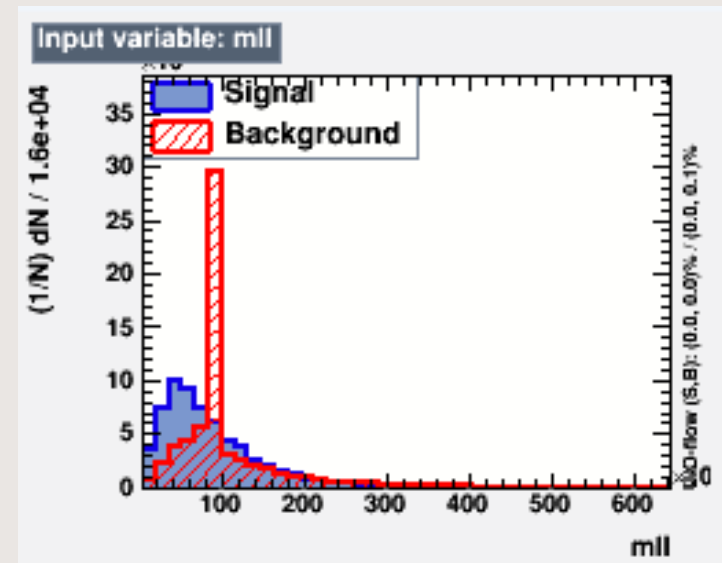
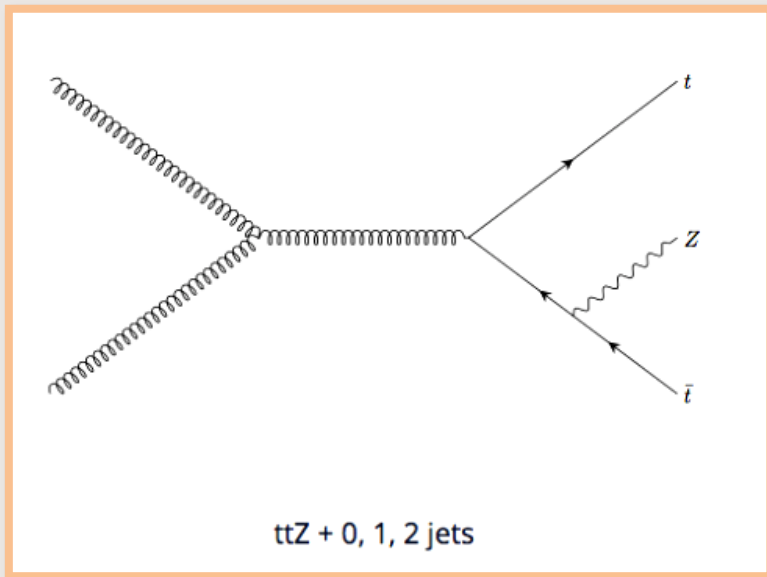
Real and fake backgrounds



From: De Vasconcelos, Kevin and Hubaut, Fabrice and Liu, Kun and Pravalorio, Pascal – Selection optimization using {MVA} for tt{H} signal in same-sign leptons channel

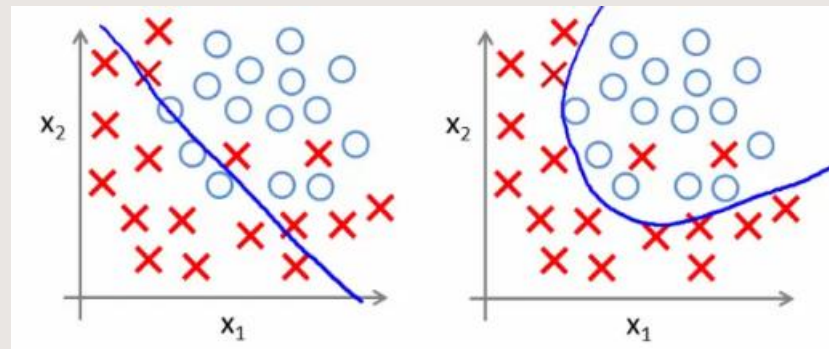
Variable Selection

- We use kinematic variables to distinguish between signal and background events, and train our algorithms to pick up on the differences.



Machine Learning Algorithms

- Make smart decisions based on the inputs that they are given

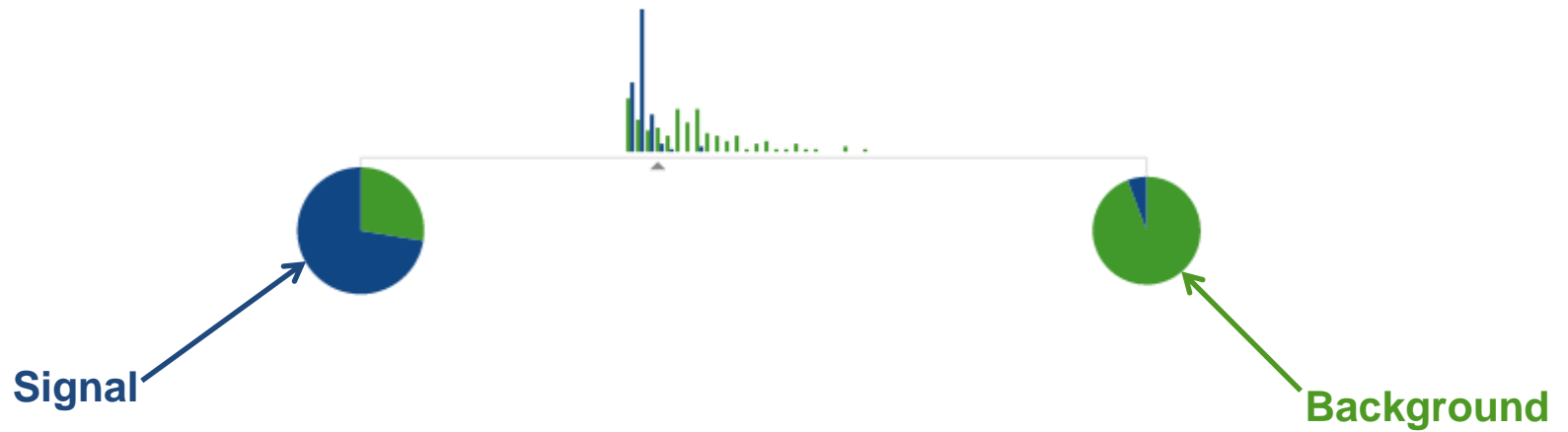


Cut-based
approach

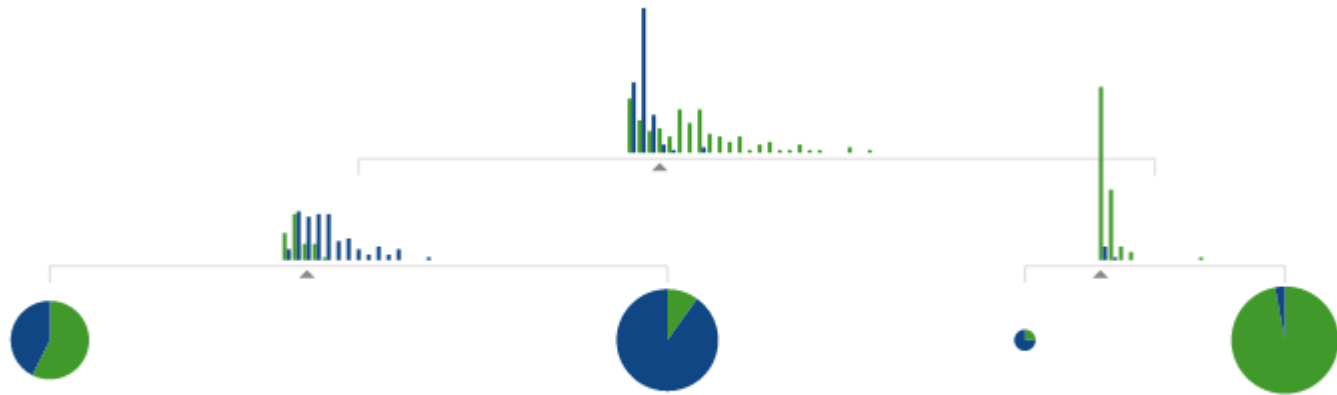
Machine Learning
Algorithm

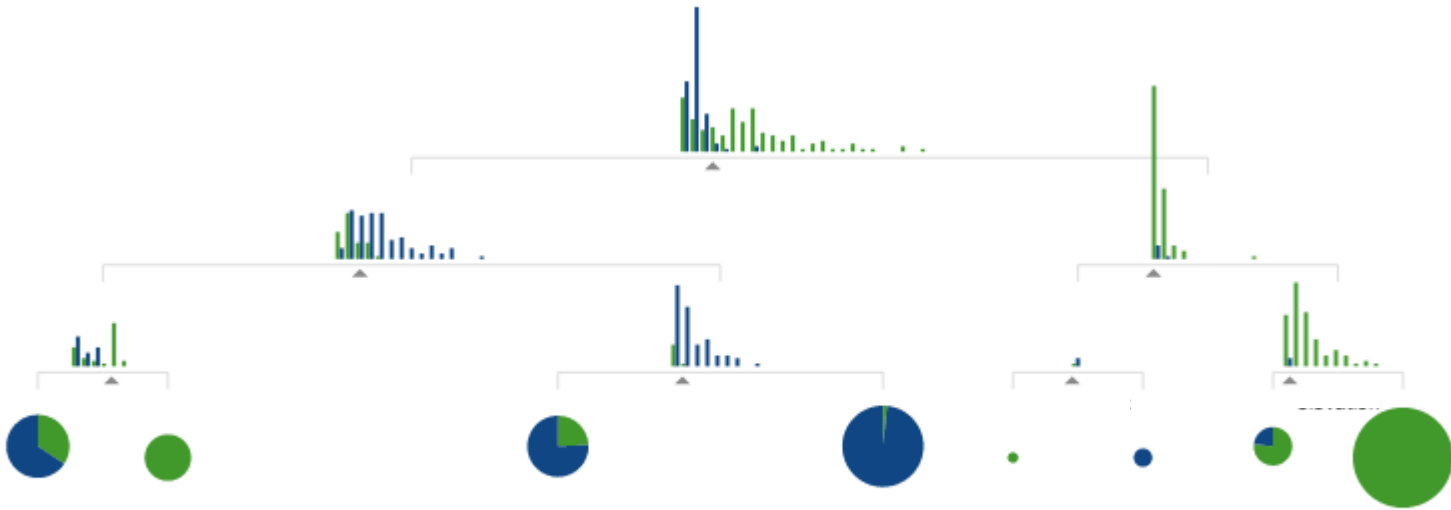
- Used in a wide array of disciplines

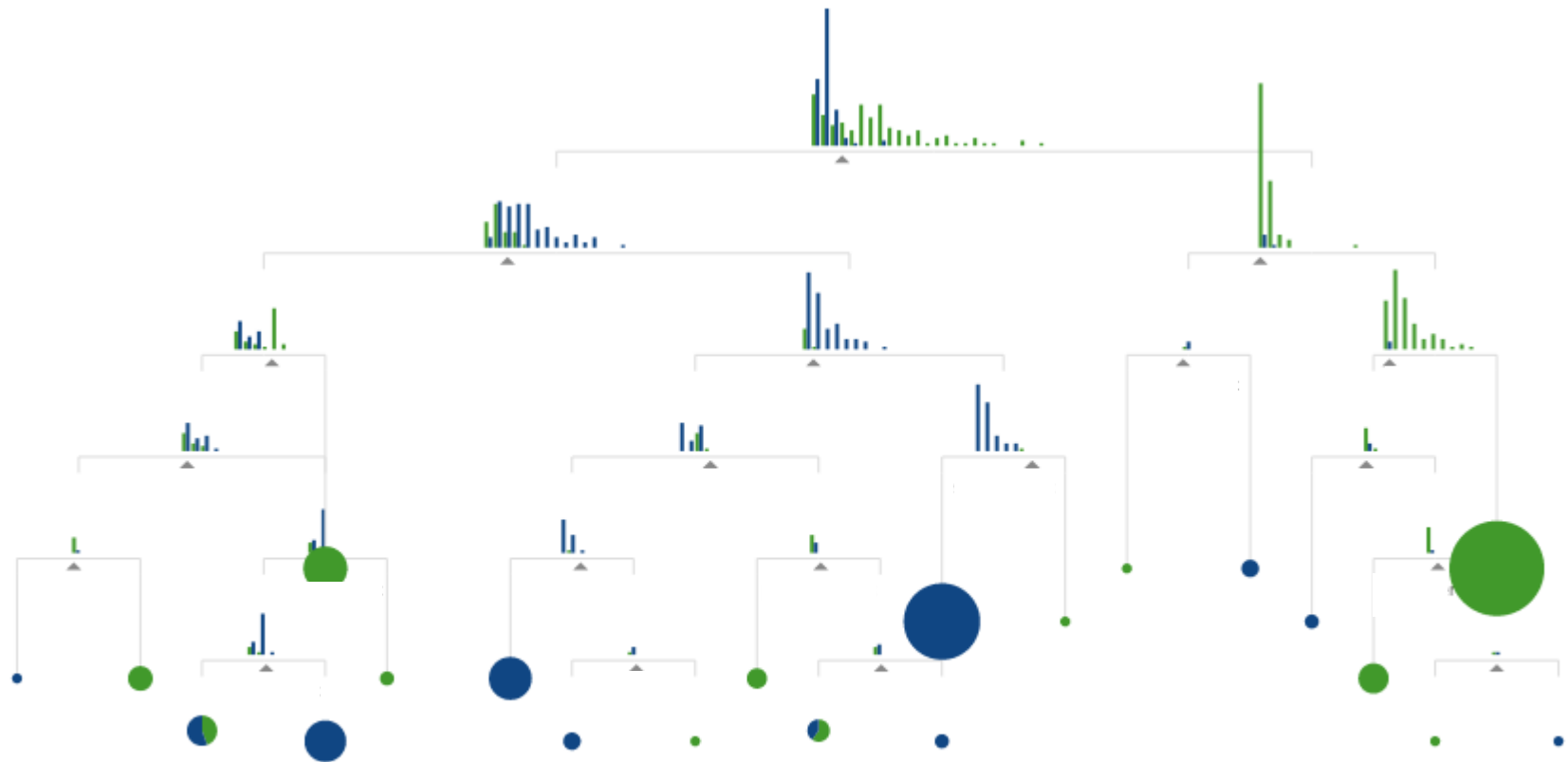
Boosted Decision Trees

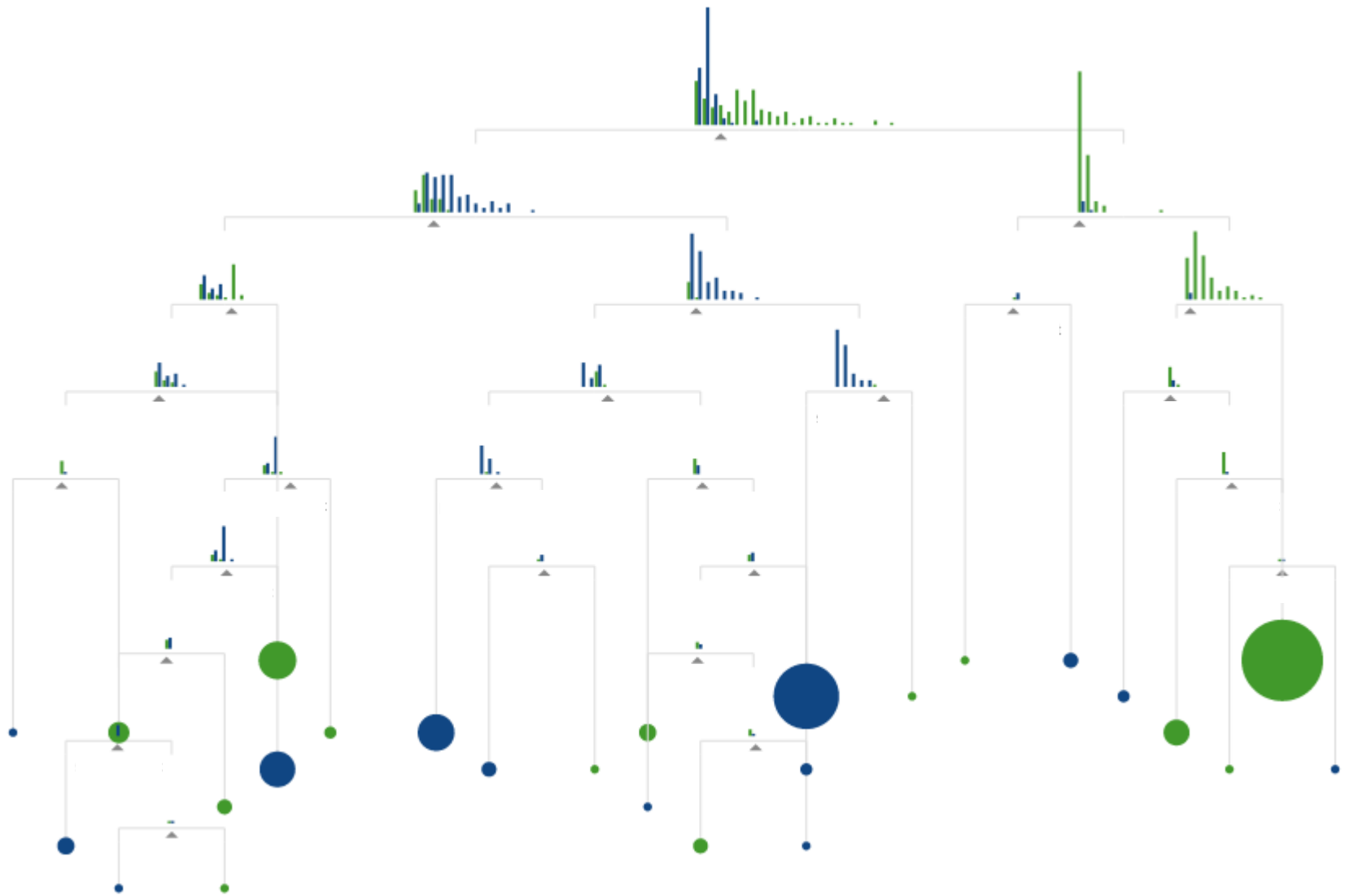


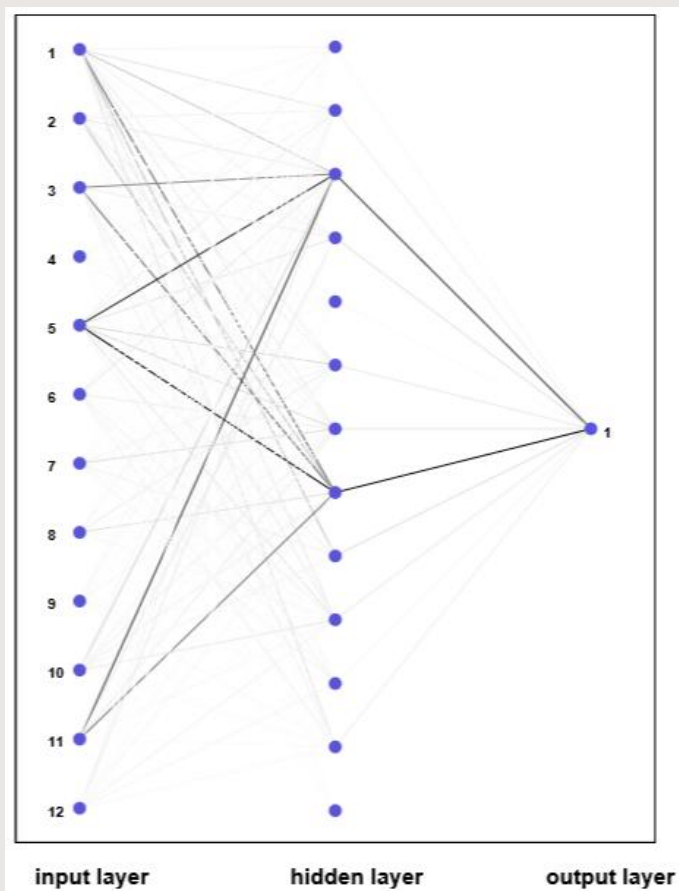
From: <http://www.r2d3.us/visual-intro-to-machine-learning-part-1/>



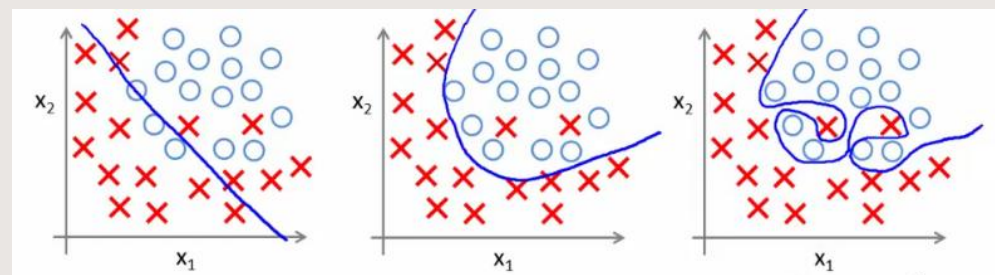








- **Non-linear algorithm**
 - Has more built-in safety measures

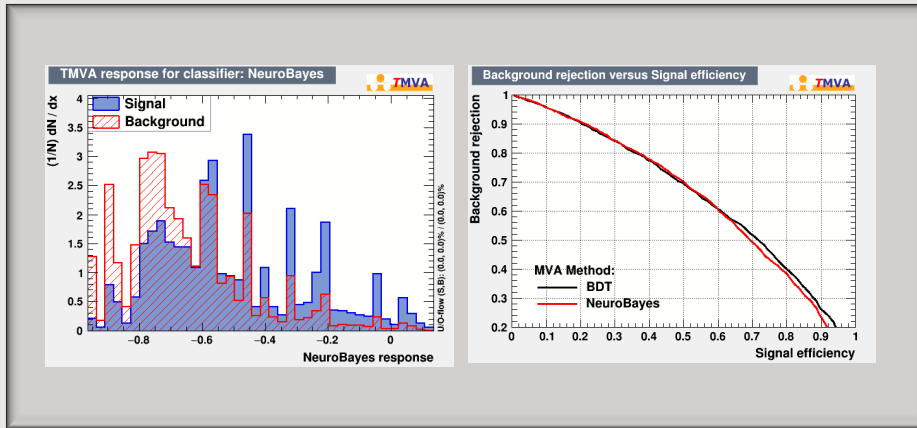


overtrained

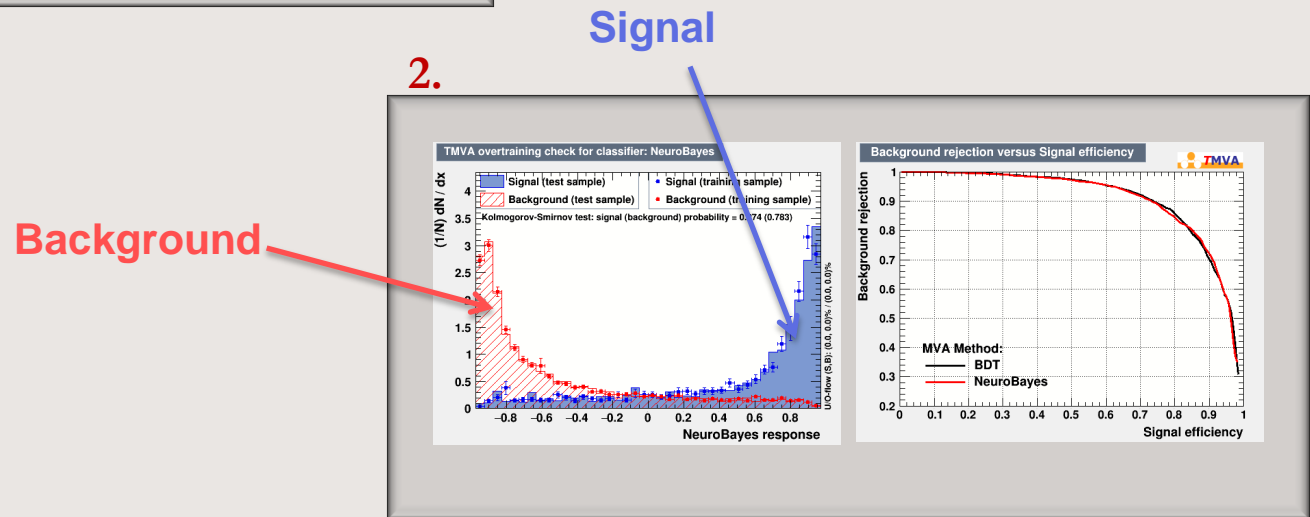
- Variable selection is much more important

Classification and Outputs

1.

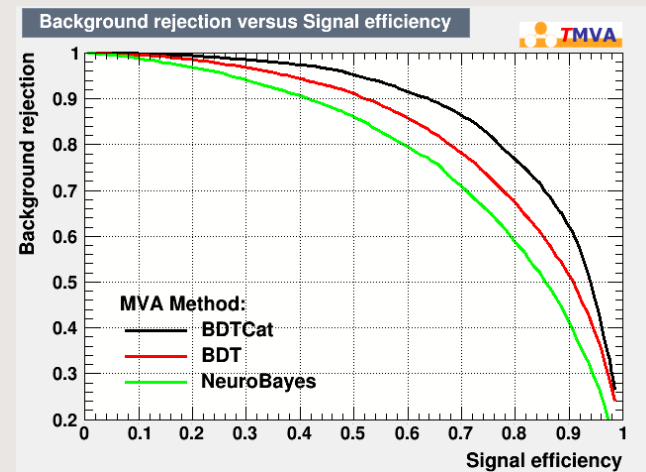
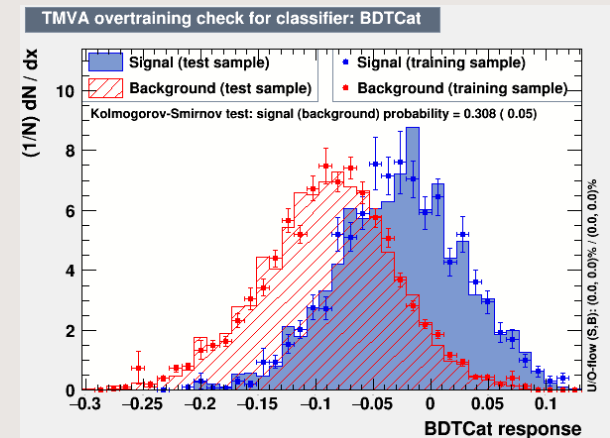


2.



Summary and Next Steps

- Optimized the algorithms with variables currently available
- Next steps:
 - Create new variables
 - Compare algorithms' performance
 - Create a classification algorithm for Run II data





Thank you!

Merci!

Questions?

Special thank you to :

- Tamara Vázquez Schröder
- François Corriveau

