



**"CASTOR"**  
**a novel calorimeter at very  
forward CMS**  
**Enhancing forward Physics**

**ICPP**  
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**University of Athens**  
**CMS/CASTOR Group**



# Contents

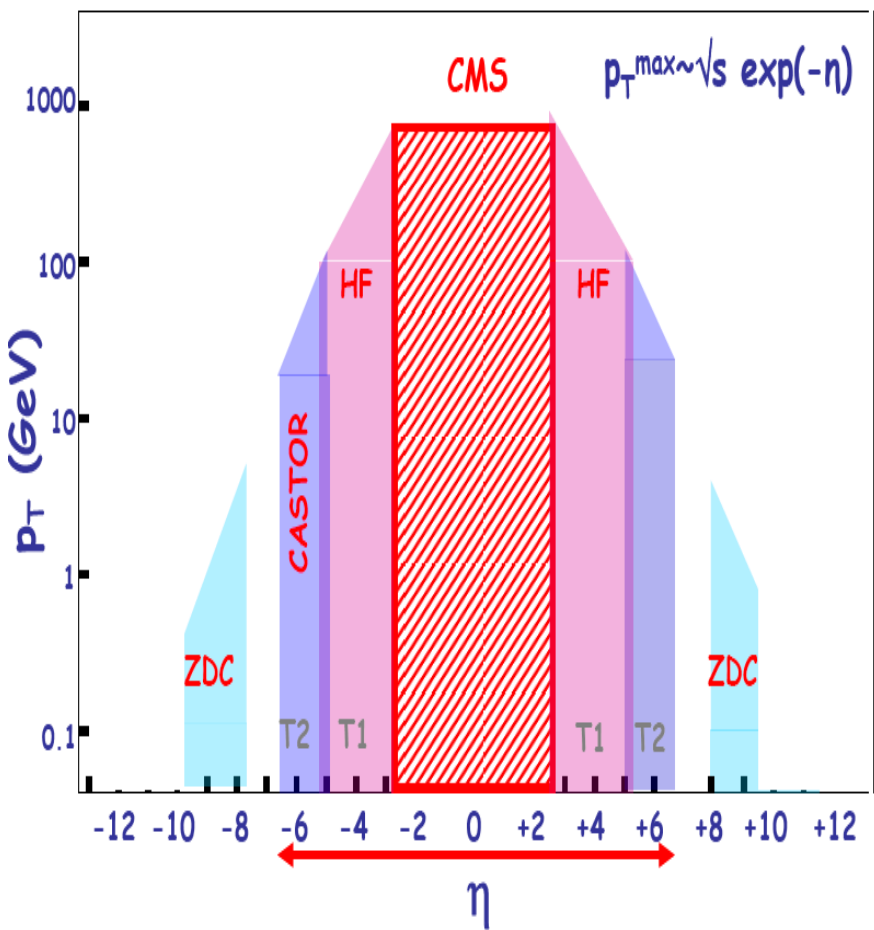


- Enhancing forward Physics
- The "CASTOR" Calorimeter
- Beam Test '07 & '08
- $\frac{1}{2}$  Calorimeter installation in CMS beam line
- Full CASTOR construction / installation schedule

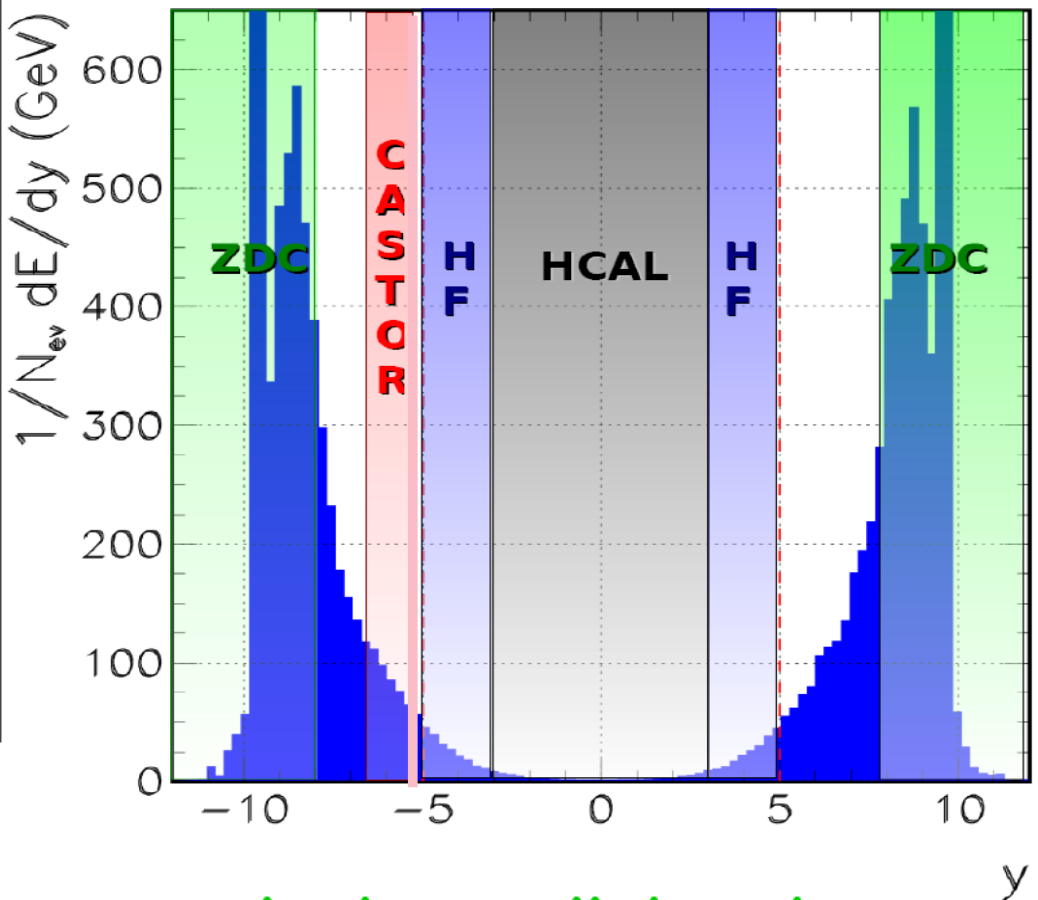


# CMS Coverage in $p_T - \eta$ & $dE/dy$

CMS fwd calorimetry up to  $|\eta| \approx 5$  + Castor + ZDC



Energy flow at the LHC

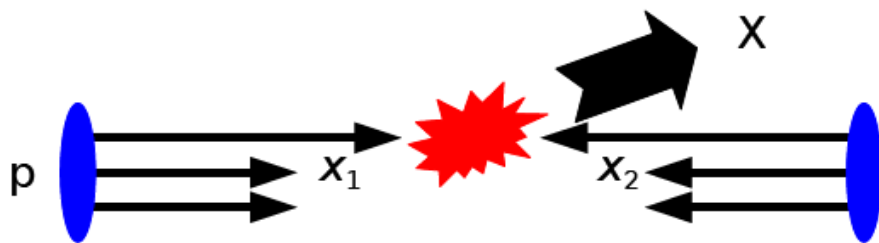


Unprecedented coverage at hadron colliders !



## Enhancing forward Physics

# Forward Hard Parton Scattering



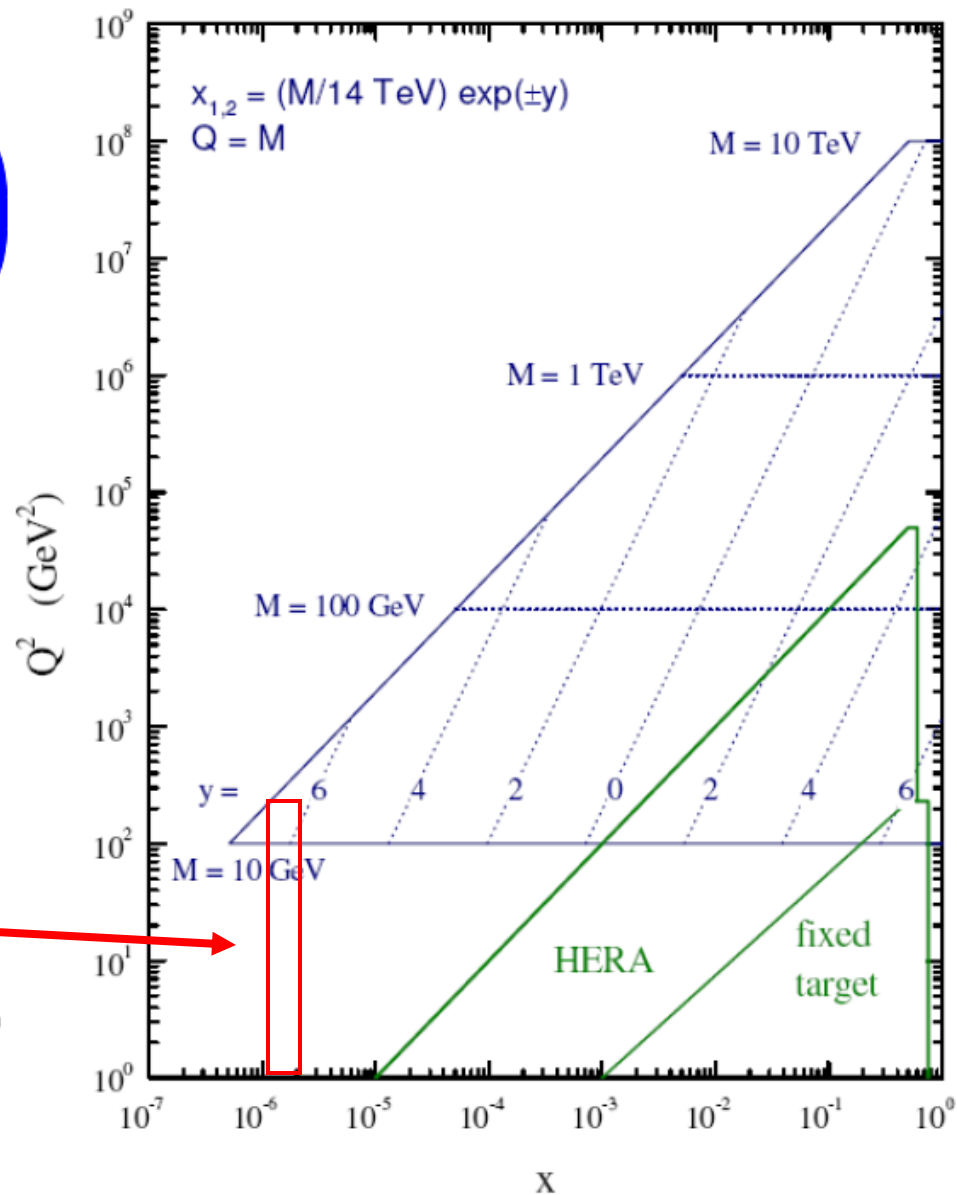
- X can be jets, Drell-Yan pairs, prompt photons, heavy quark pairs, ...
- X goes forward if  $x_2 \ll x_1 \rightarrow$  access to low- $x_{\text{Bjorken}}$  proton structure:

$$x_{Bj} = \frac{Q}{\sqrt{s}} e^{-\eta}, \quad Q = p_T, M, \dots$$

$\rightarrow$  at LHC (for  $Q \gtrsim 10$  GeV and  $\eta = 6$ ):

$$x_{\text{Bjorken}} \gtrsim 10^{-6}$$

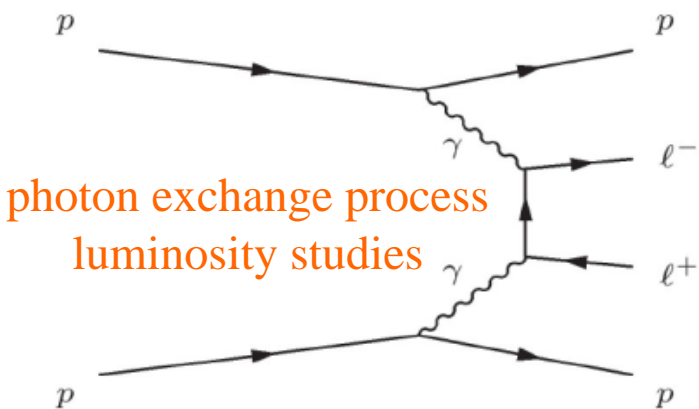
$\rightarrow$   $x_{\text{Bjorken}}$  decreases approx. by factor 10 for each 2 units in rapidity



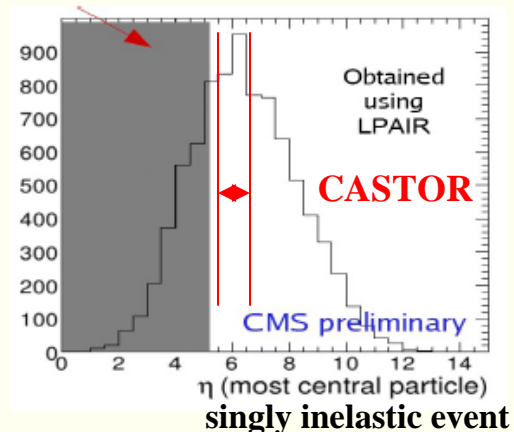
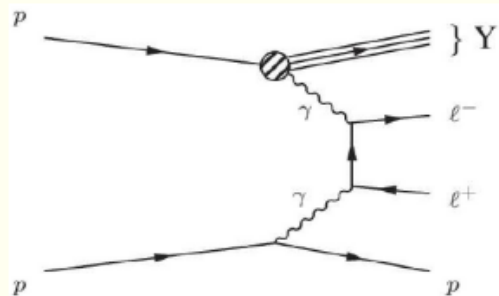
# Exclusive Dilepton Production



$pp \rightarrow pp l^+l^-$



**Inelastic background**

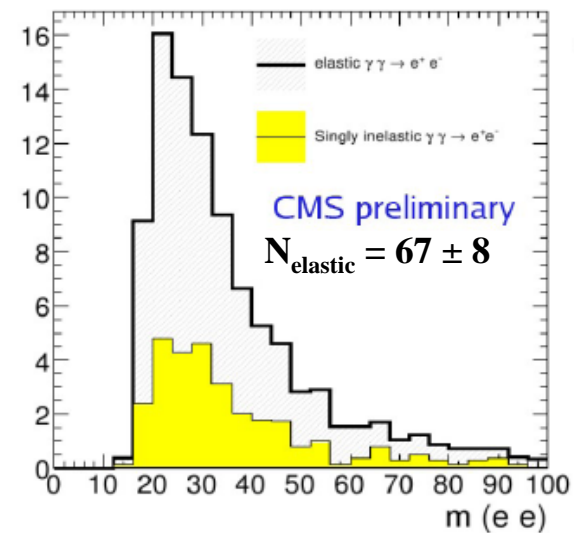
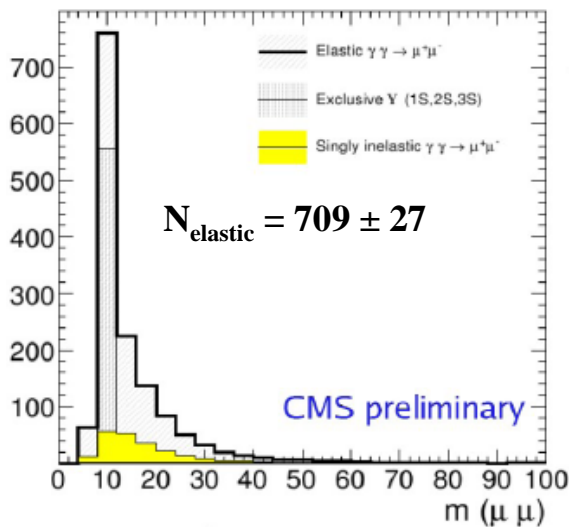


$\rightarrow$  can be reduced using CASTOR/ZDC

## Motivations:

- Nearly pure QED process  
 $\rightarrow$  Absolute lumi monitoring with precision  $O(5\%)$  for  $100 \text{ pb}^{-1}$
- Study of lepton identification
- Calibration of forward proton detectors

Final distributions of the dilepton invariant mass after all selections & Castor and ZDC vetos



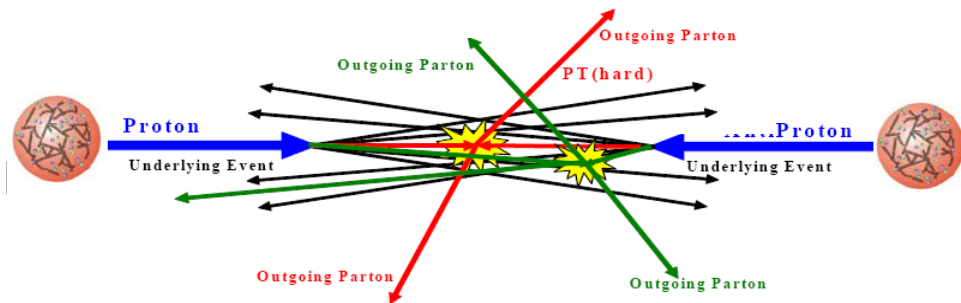
# Multiple Parton Interactions

Basic partonic cross section

$$\sigma_{hard}(p_{\perp min}^2) = \int_{p_{\perp min}^2} \frac{d\sigma(p_{\perp}^2)}{dp_{\perp}^2} dp_{\perp}^2$$

- diverges faster than  $1/p_{\perp min}^4$  as  $p_{\perp min} \rightarrow 0$
- eventually exceeds  $\sigma_{tot}$  (even for  $p_{\perp min} > \Lambda_{QCD}$ ).

Consequence: **Multiple parton interactions per event**

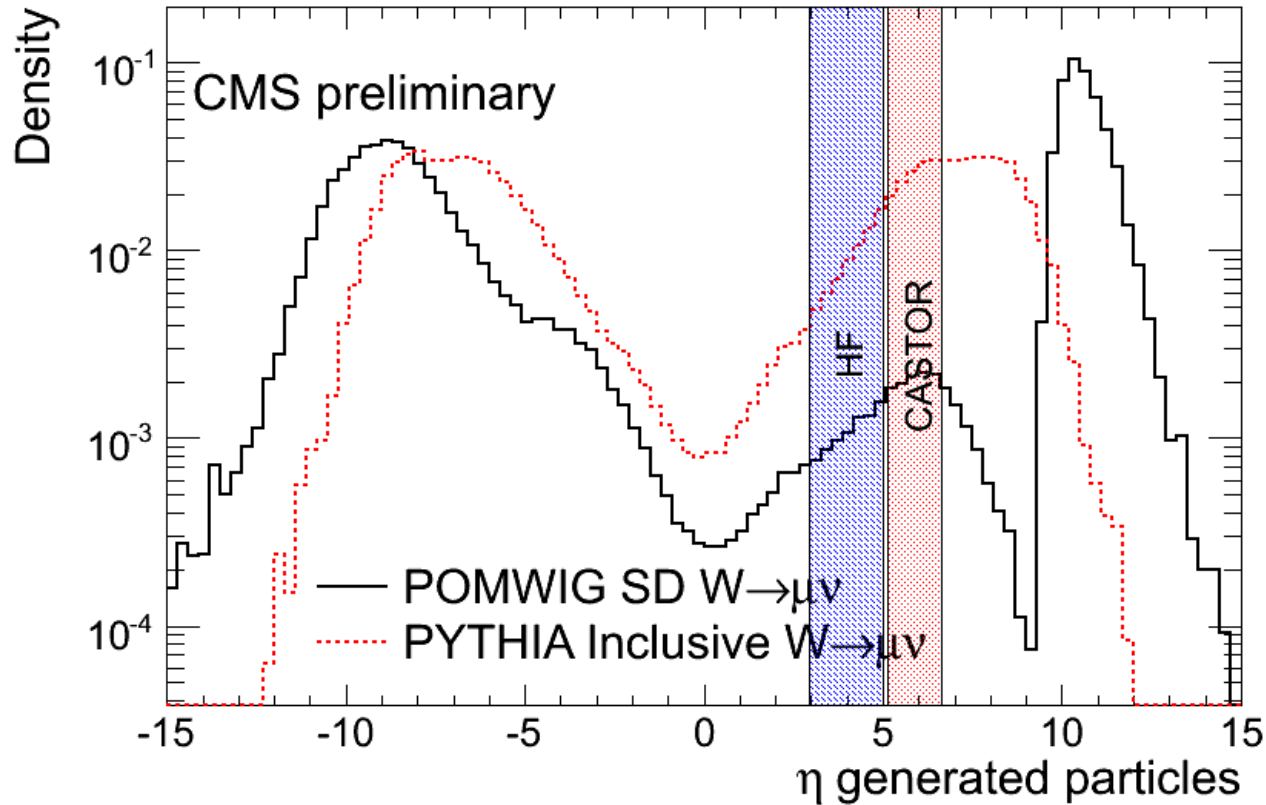


- higher particle multiplicity (additional energy offset in jet profiles)
- long distance correlations in rapidity (need to cover forward region!)
- additional hard interactions may fake a discovery signal !  
(e.g.  $pp \rightarrow W H X$  with  $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  vs.  $pp \rightarrow W b\bar{b} X$ )



# Selection of SD events

Single-Diffractive di-jet production:  $pp \rightarrow Xp$   
 Generated particles – Energy weighted  
 (here diffractive sample with gap at positive  $\eta$ )

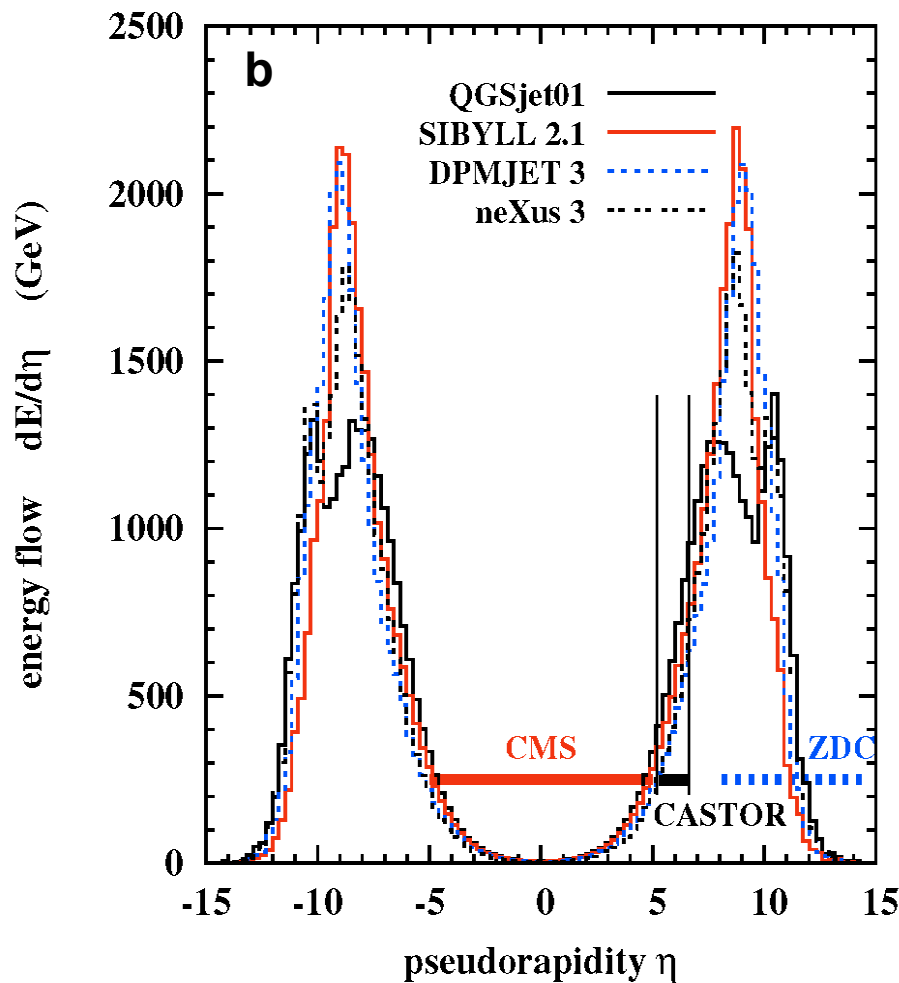
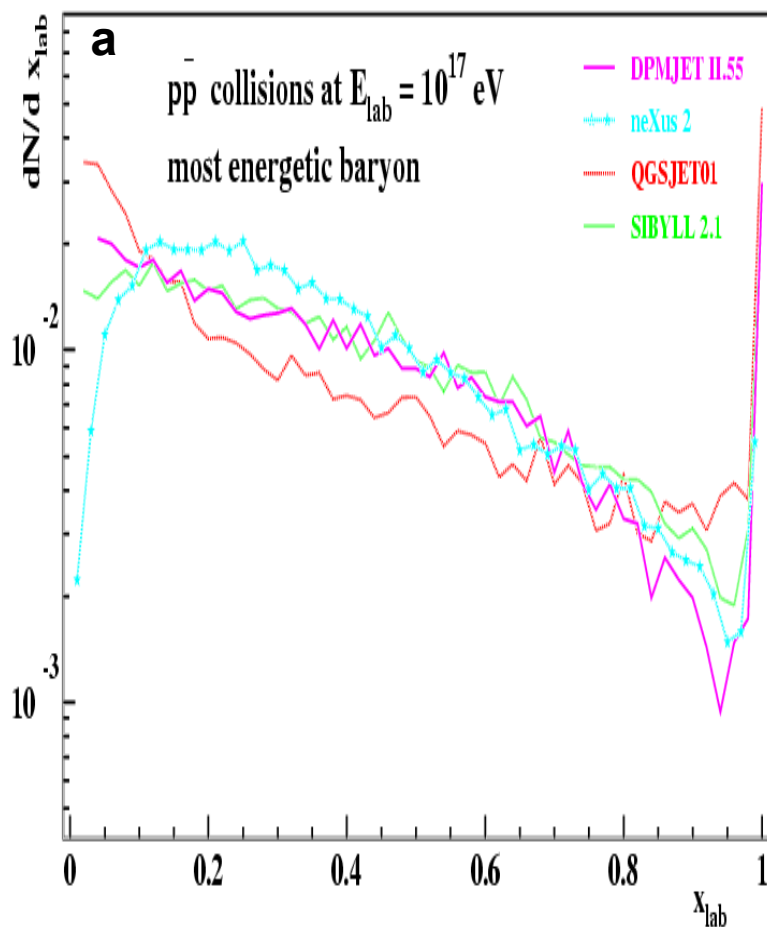


- Diffractive event candidates selected on the basis of multiplicity distribution in the central tracker, in the HF and/or CASTOR [in the gap side]
- “Gap side” defined as that with lower hadronic activity in the forward region





- Collisions in air with 100 PeV c.o.m. E corresponds to pp interaction at LHC
- Models for showers by primary cosmic rays (PeV=10<sup>15</sup> eV) differ substantially
- Tune shower models by comparing to measurements with T2, CASTOR, ZDC.





## The "CASTOR" Calorimeter



# The "CASTOR" Calorimeter design

## Side view cut



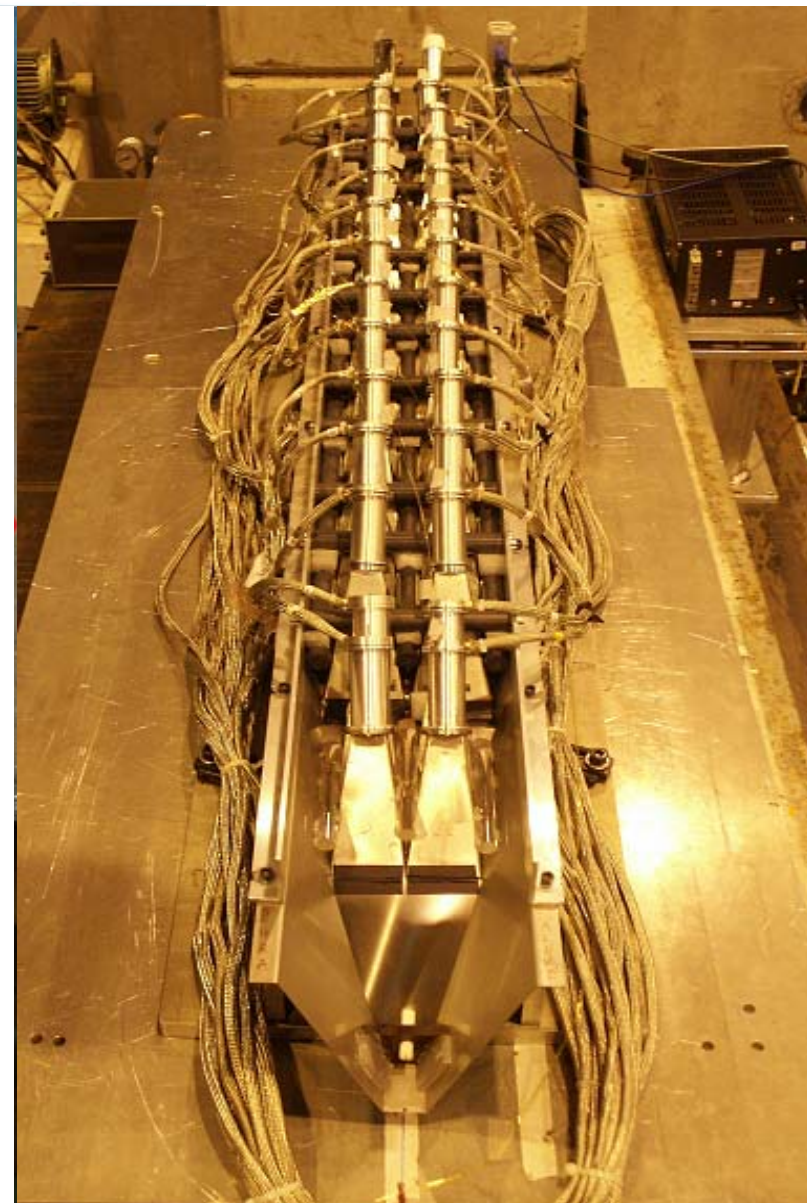
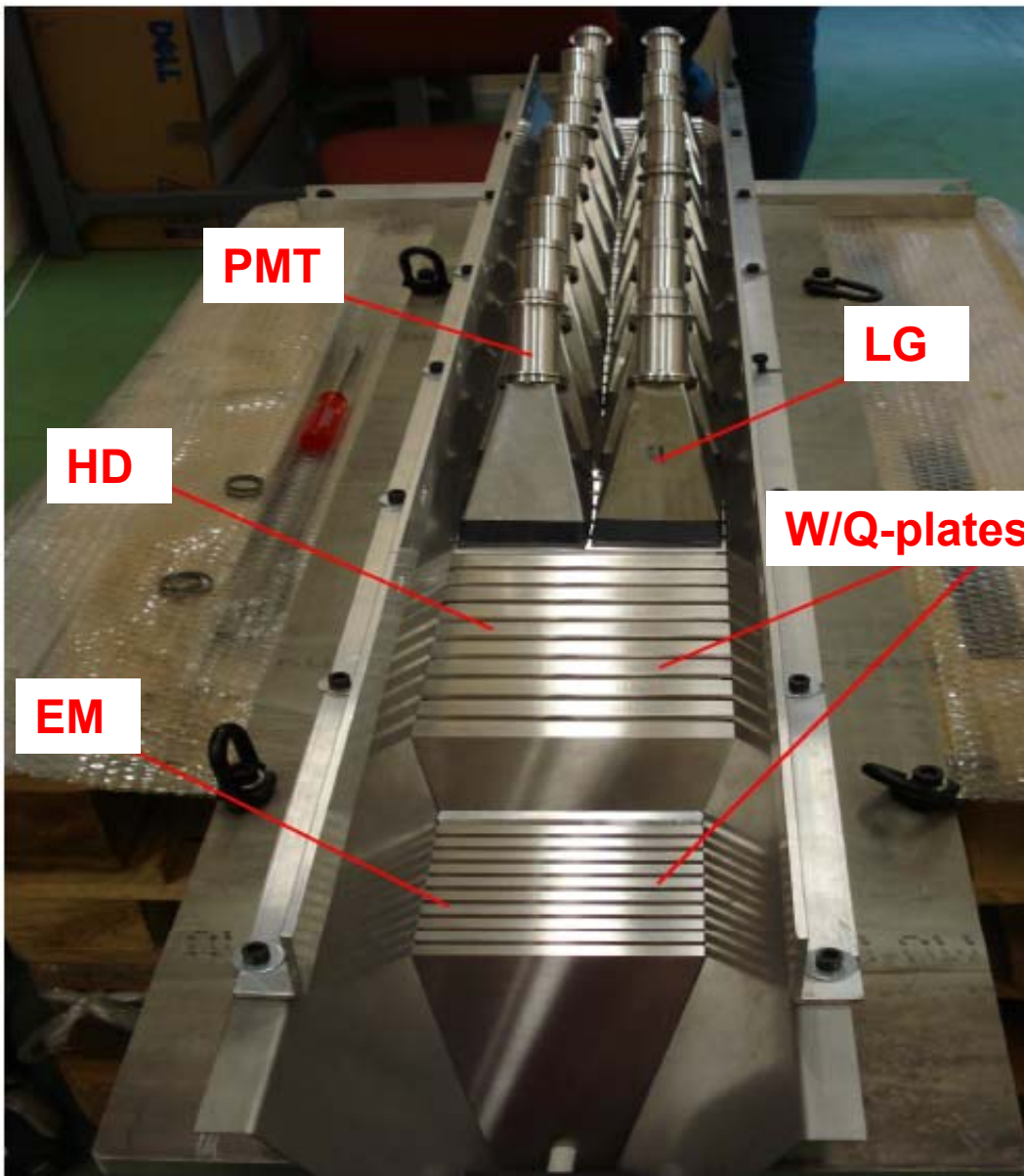
- hadronic section

- absorber: tungsten plates of 10mm thickness
- active material: fused silica plates of 4mm thickness
- 5 tungsten-quartz sandwiches form 1 reading unit
- total interaction length (2+12 r.u.)  $10.3 \lambda_I$

- electromagnetic section

- absorber: tungsten plates of 5mm thickness
- active material: fused silica plates of 2mm thickness
- 5 tungsten-quartz sandwiches form 1 reading unit
- total radiation length (2 reading units) =  $20.12 X_0$

# Full-length octant Prototype BT 2007 & 2008





EPJ manuscript No.  
(will be inserted by the editor)

## Performance studies of the final prototype for the CASTOR forward calorimeter at the CMS experiment

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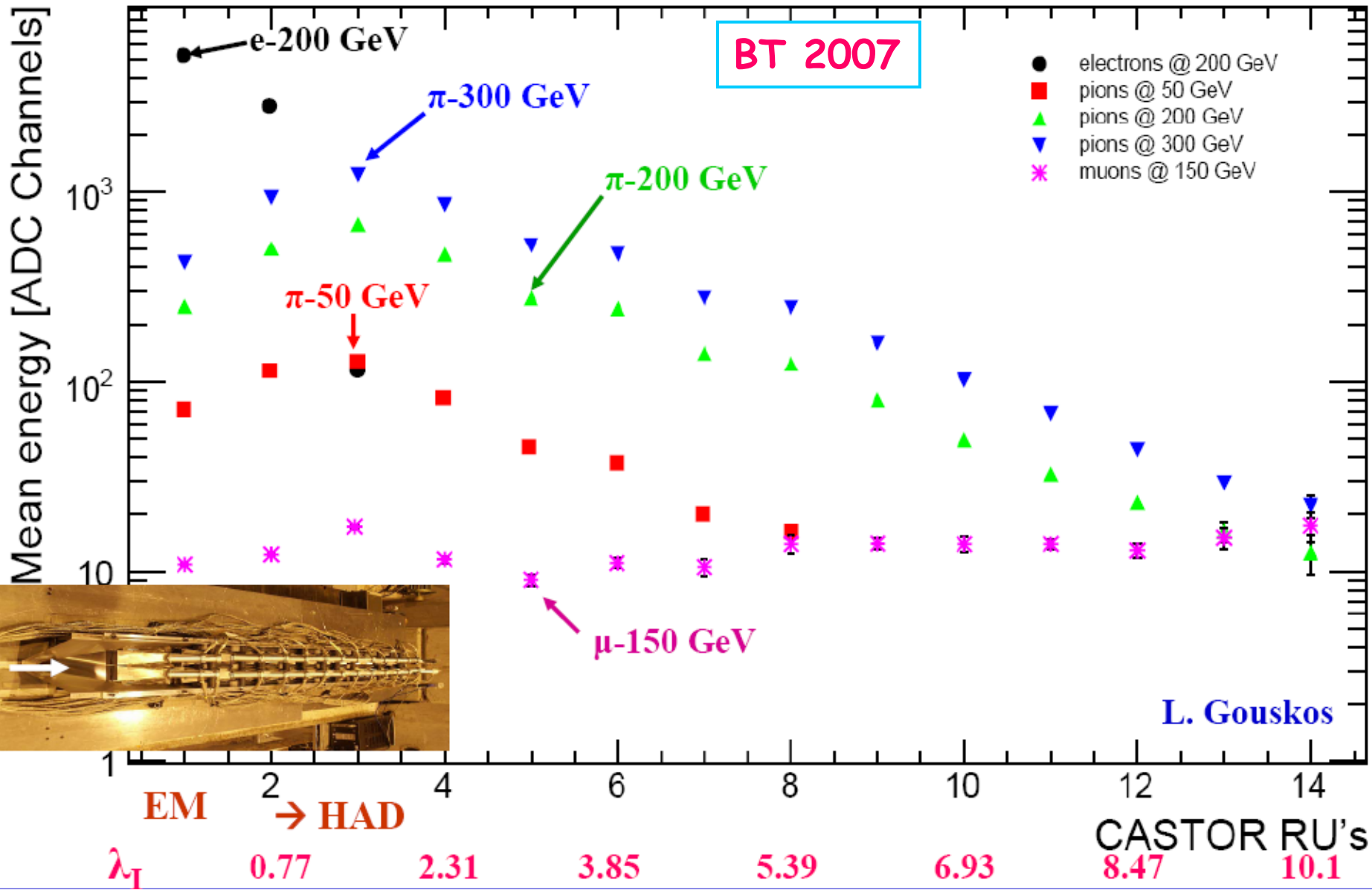
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**Abstract.** We present performance results of the final prototype for the CASTOR quartz-tungsten sampling calorimeter, to be installed in the very forward region of the CMS experiment at the LHC. The energy linearity and resolution, the uniformity, as well as the spatial resolution of the prototype to electromagnetic and hadronic showers are studied with  $E = 10\text{--}200$  GeV electrons,  $E = 20\text{--}350$  GeV pions, and  $E = 50, 150$  GeV muons in beam tests carried out at CERN/SPS in 2007.

**PACS.** 29.40.Vj Calorimeters – 29.40.Ka Cherenkov detectors



# Energy distribution along depth of calorimeter



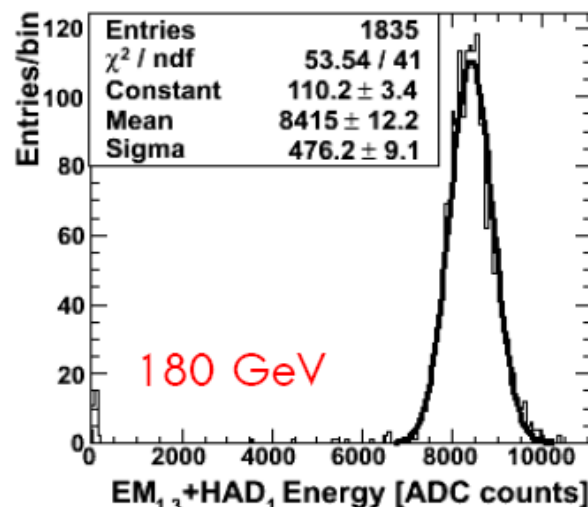
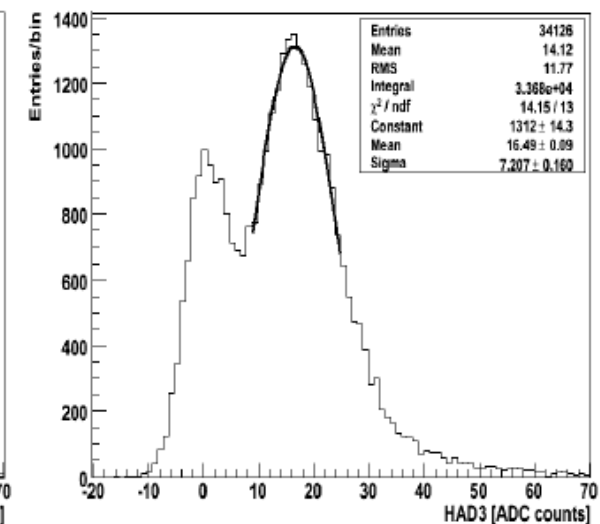
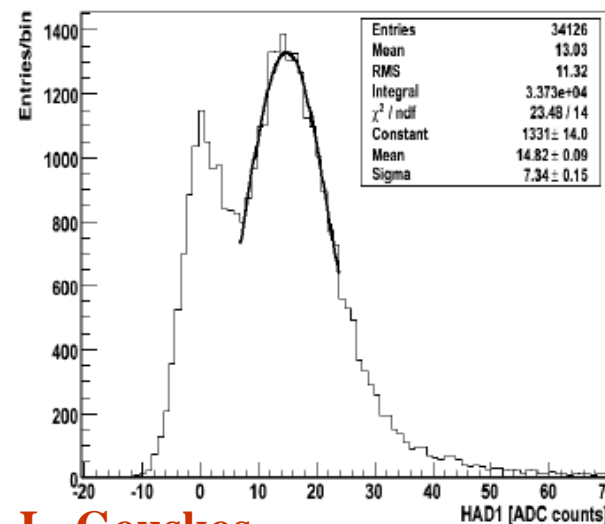
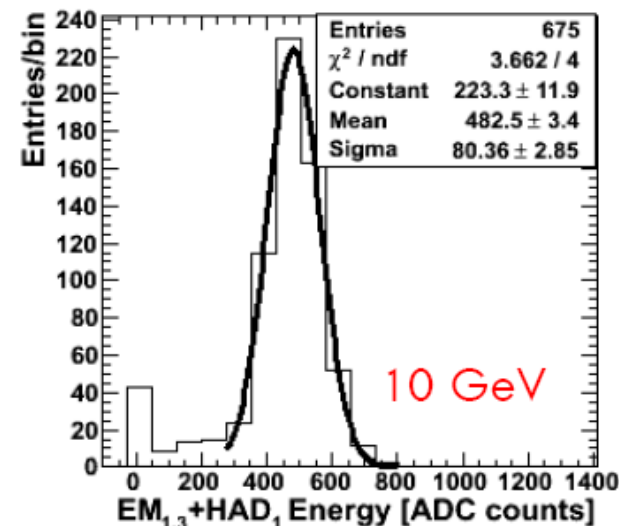
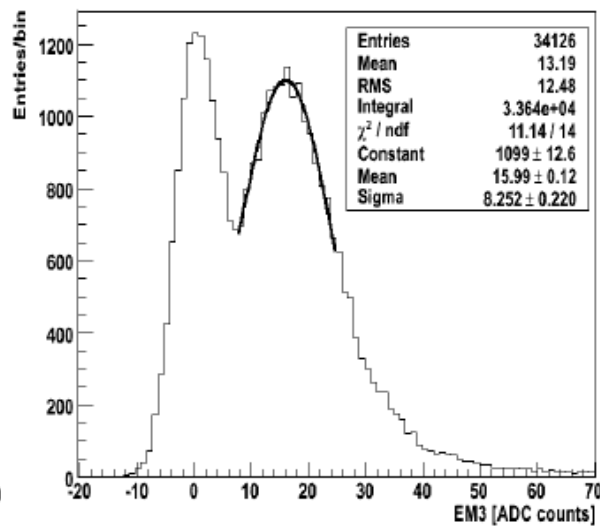
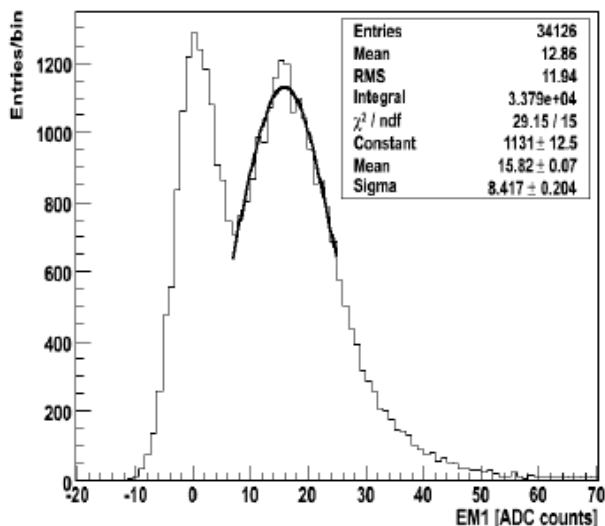


# BT 2008 Preliminary Results



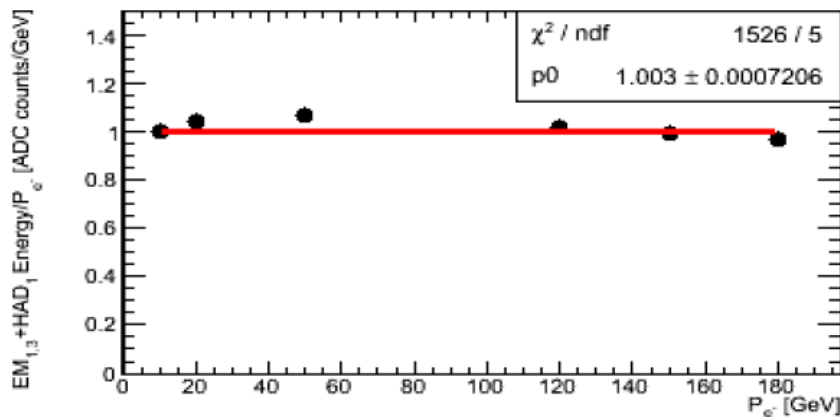
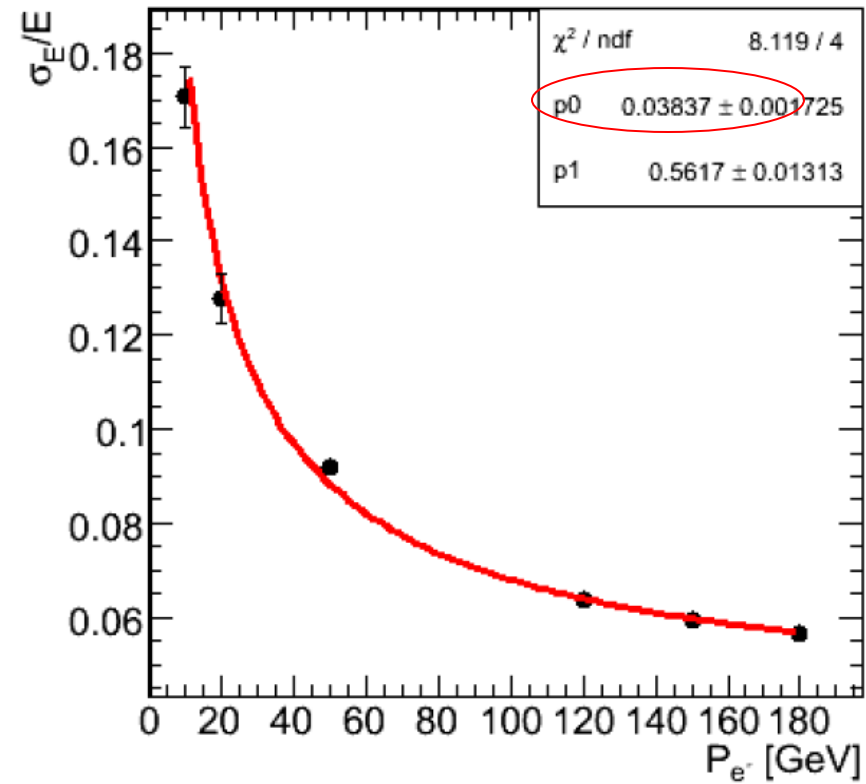
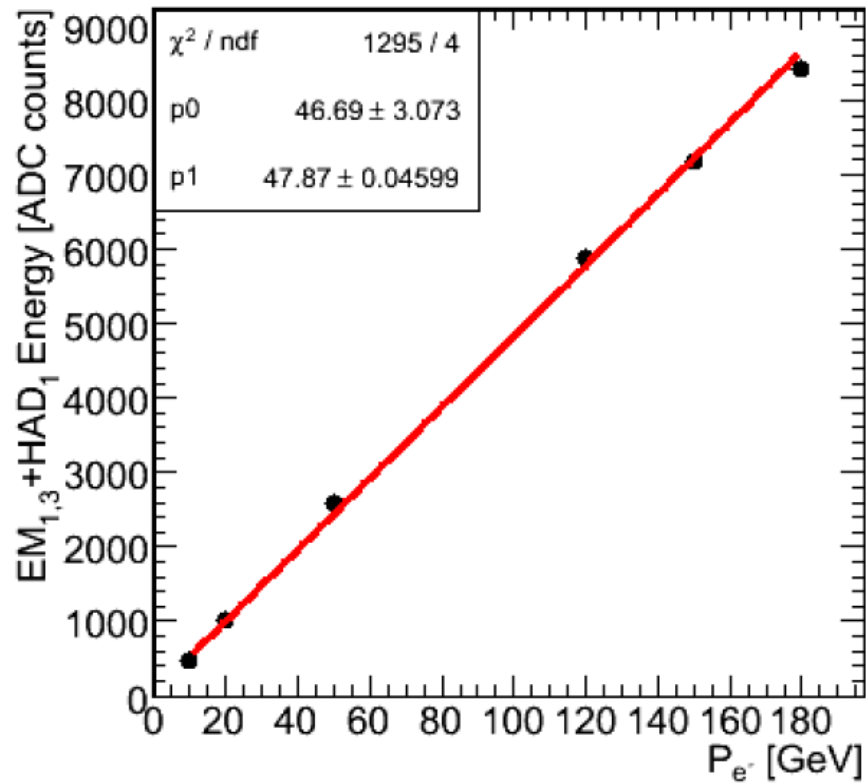
## $\mu^-$ signals @ 150 GeV

## $e^-$ signals





# Electrons: Linearity & Resolution



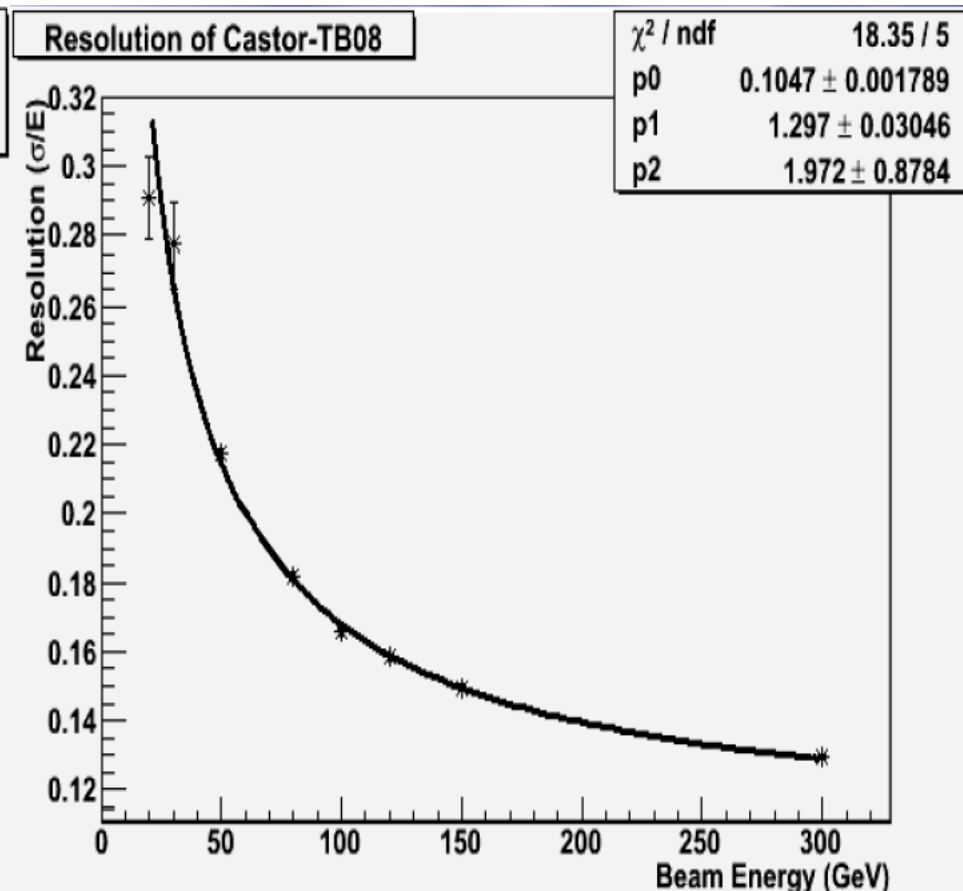
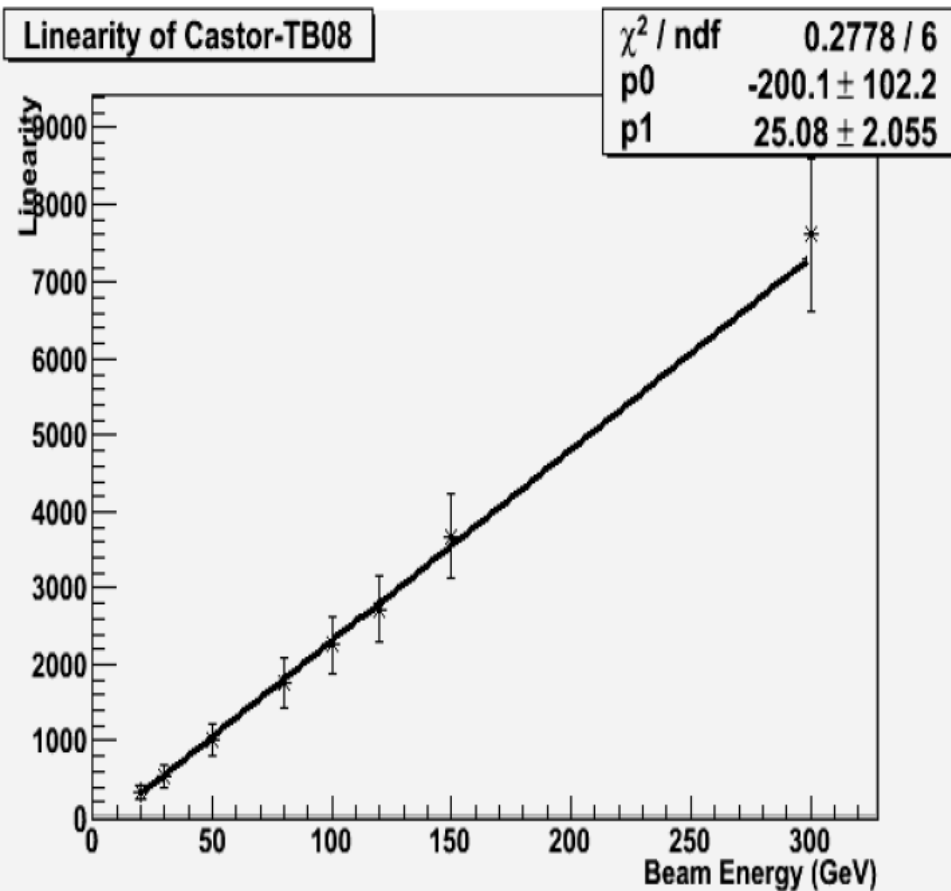
## Linearity

mean response (ADC counts) =  $p_0 + p_1 \cdot E$  (GeV)

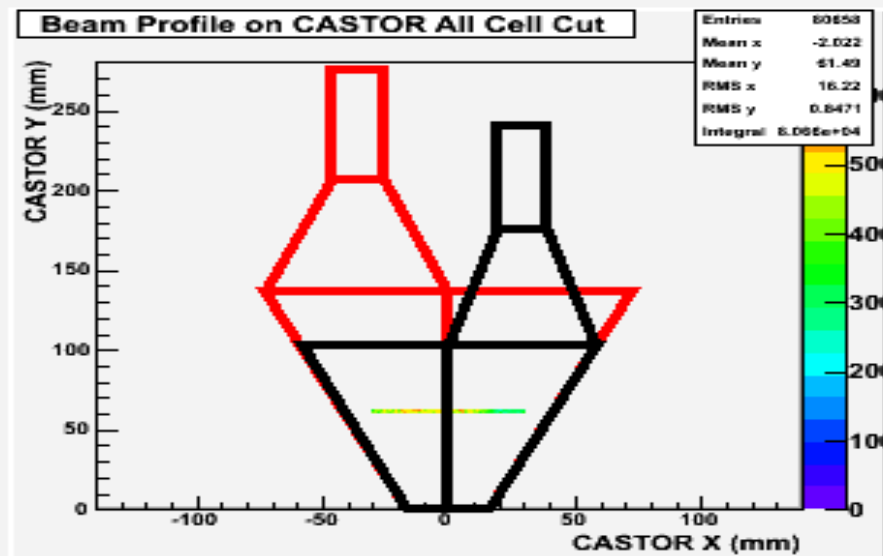
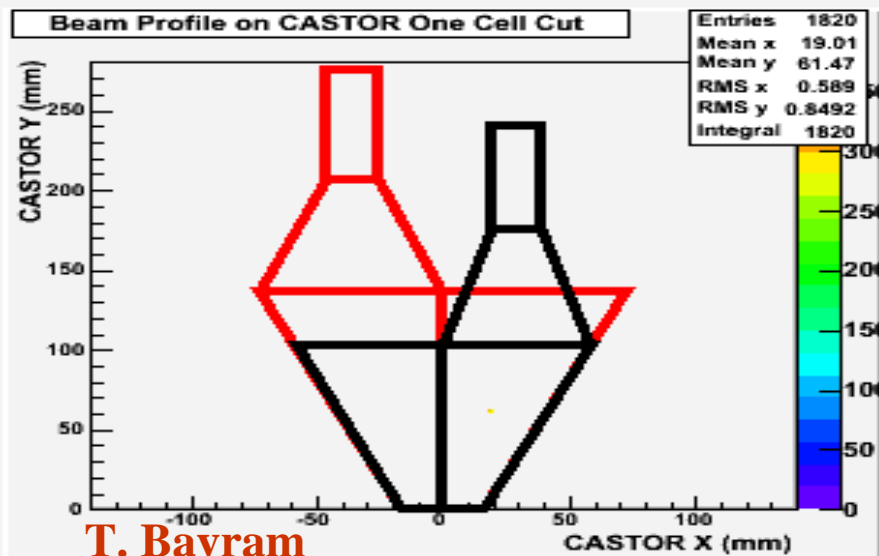
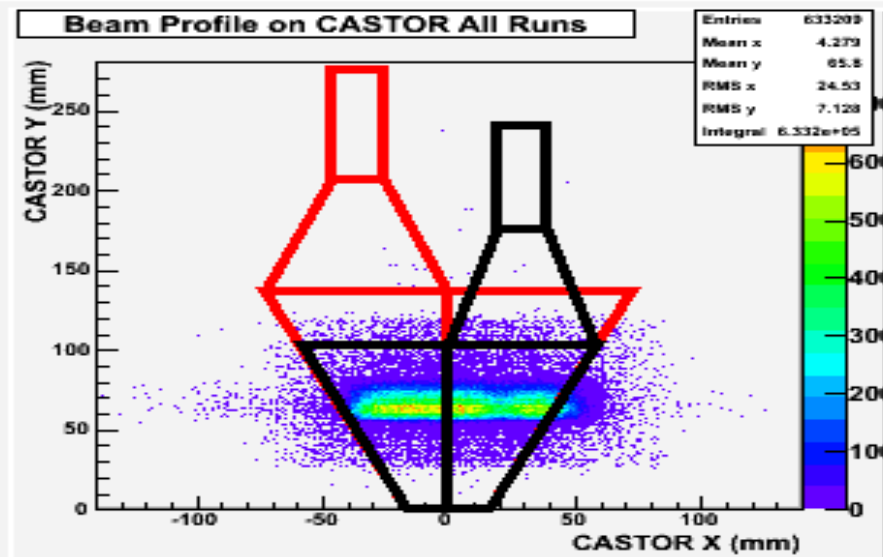
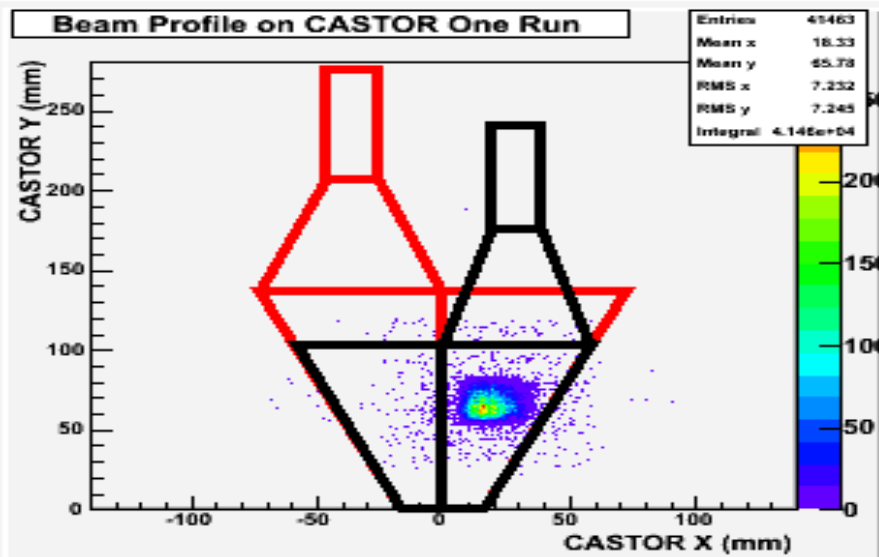
## Resolution

$$\sigma / E = \sqrt{p_0^2 + (p_1 / \sqrt{E})^2}$$

**L. Gouskos**



# X-Position Scan

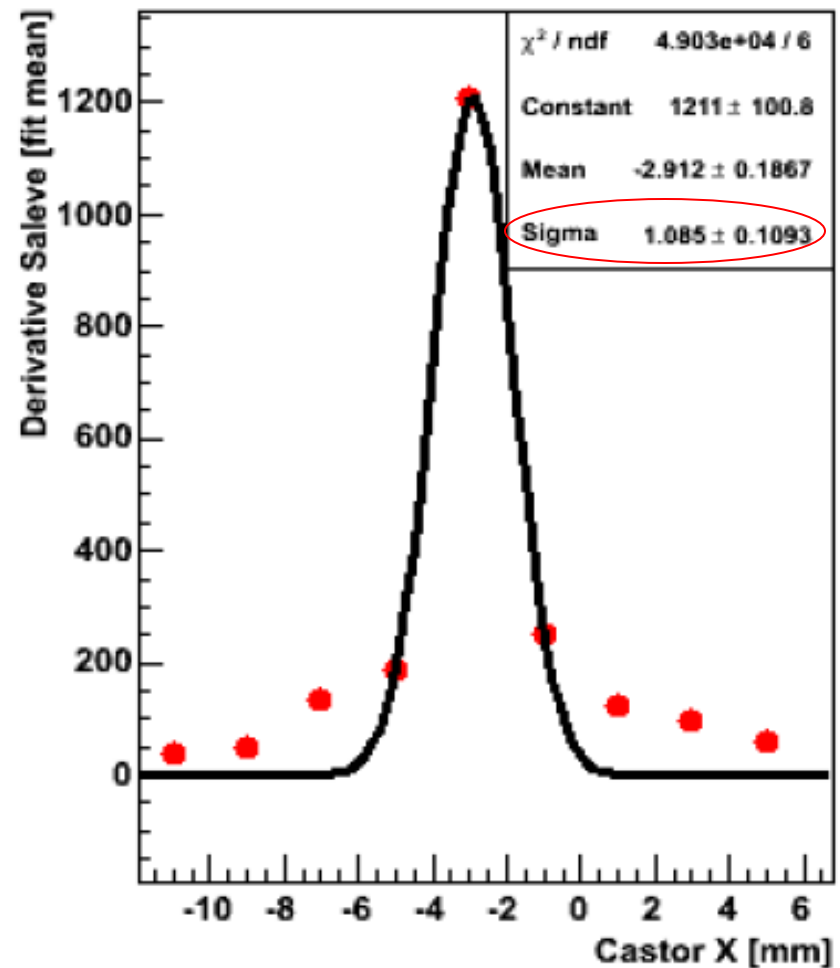
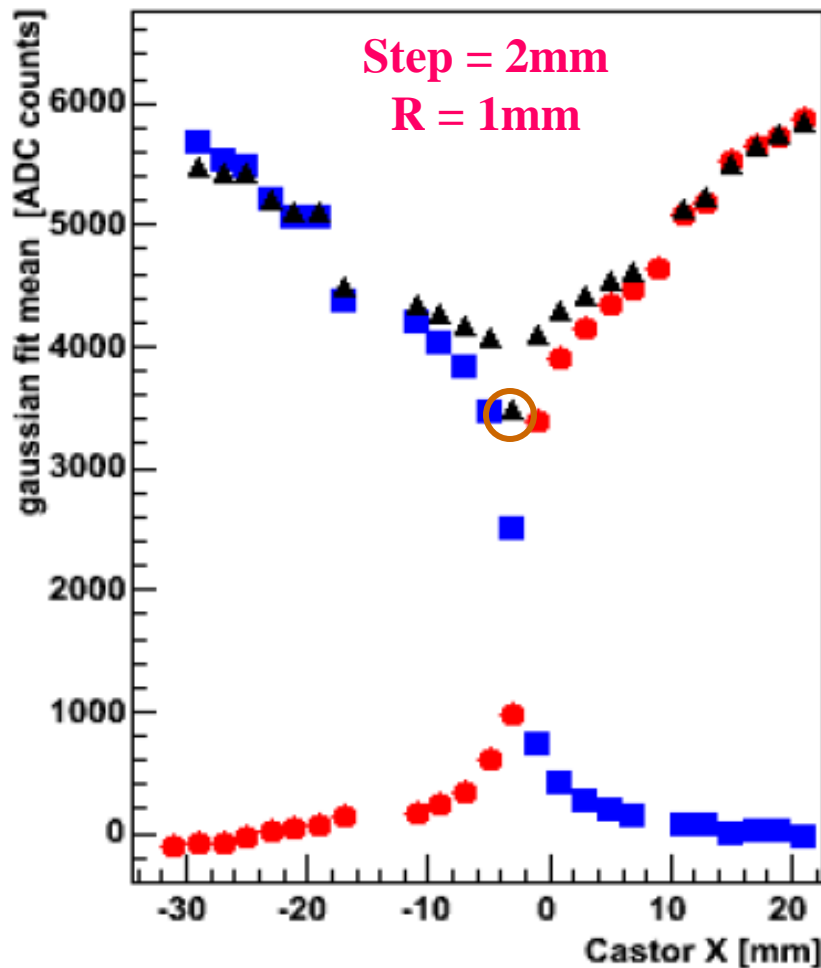


T. Bayram



❖ Sigmoid curve from mean values

❖ Width of EM shower

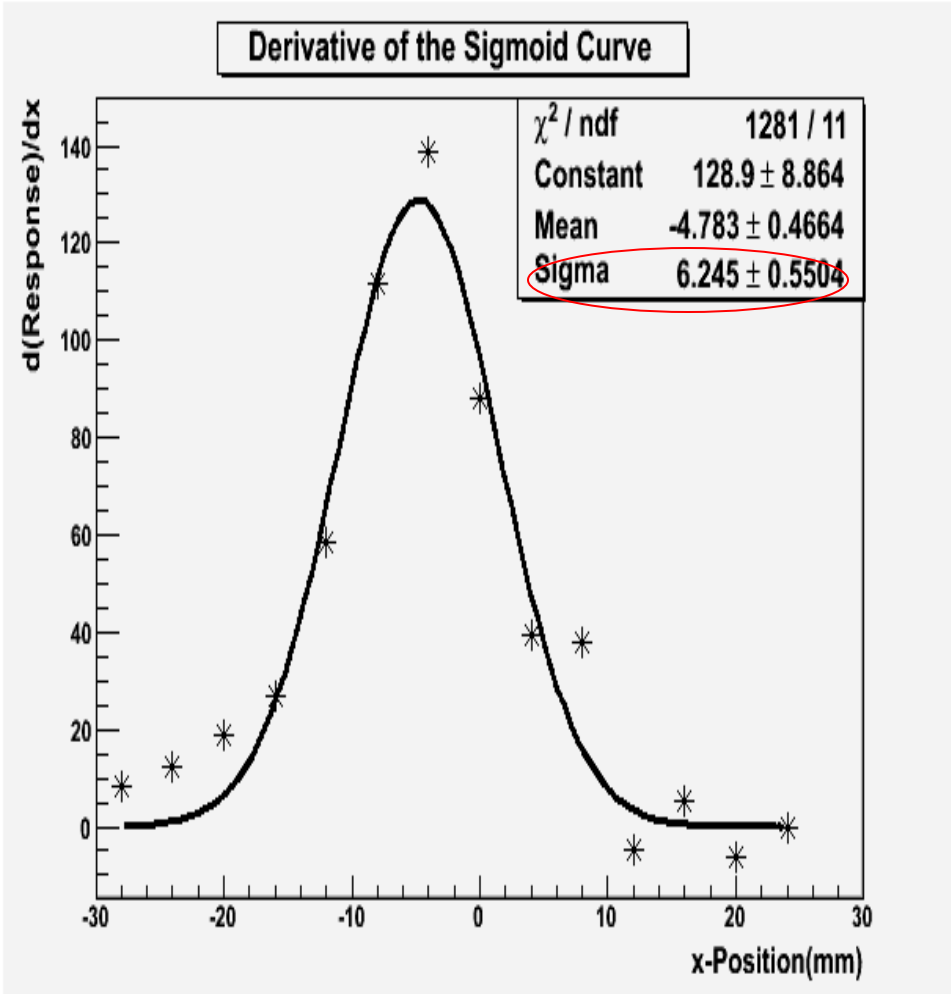
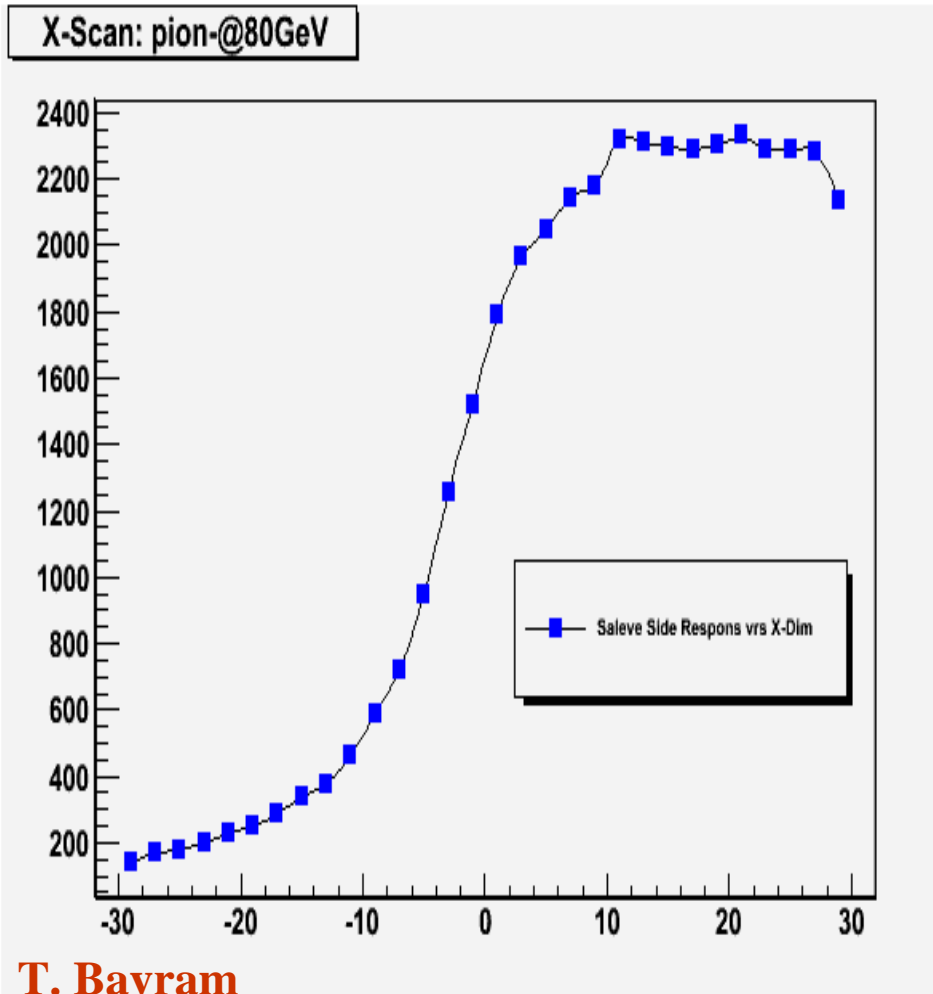


L. Gouskos

# X-Position Scan - Pions

❖ Sigmoid curve from mean values

❖ Width of hadronic shower

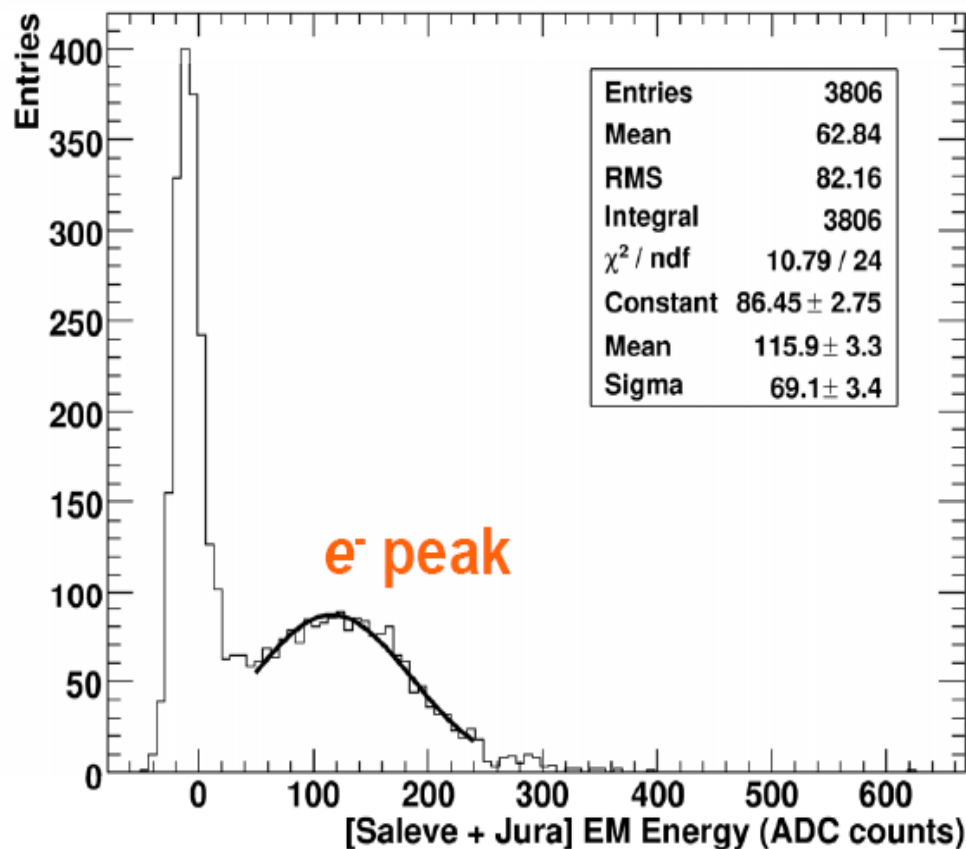
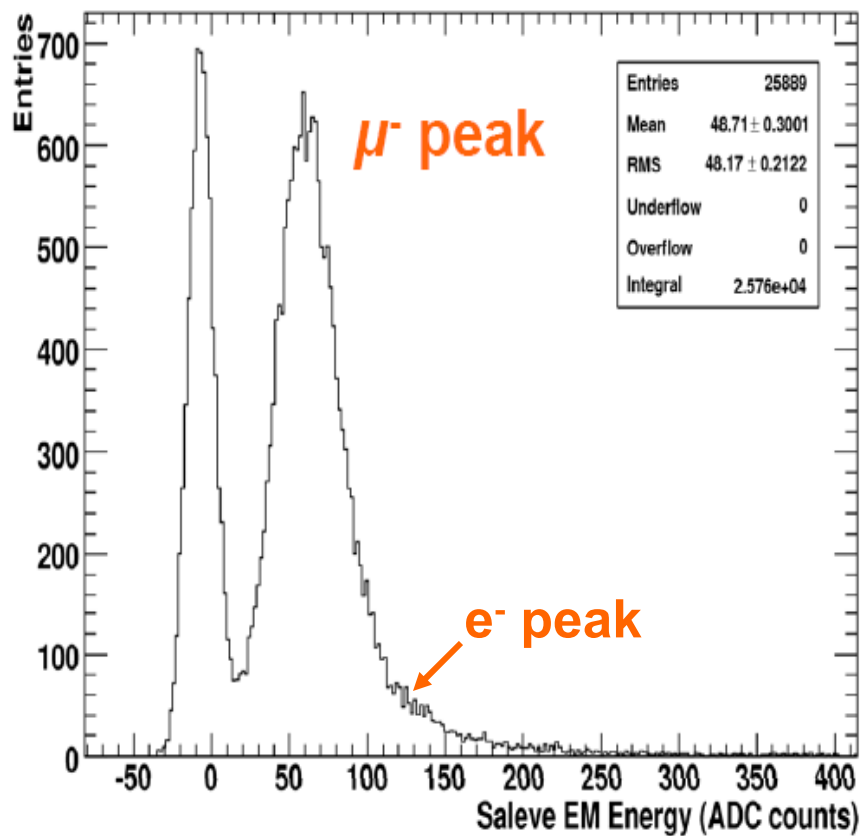


**T. Bayram**



Run #48319

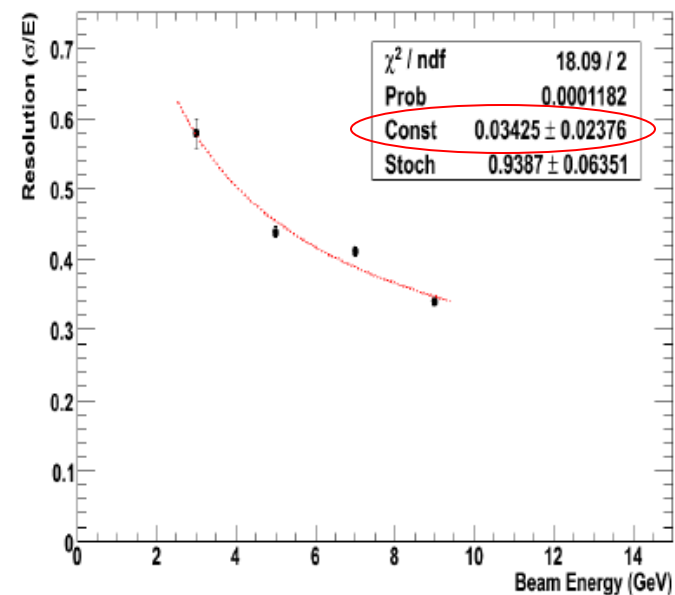
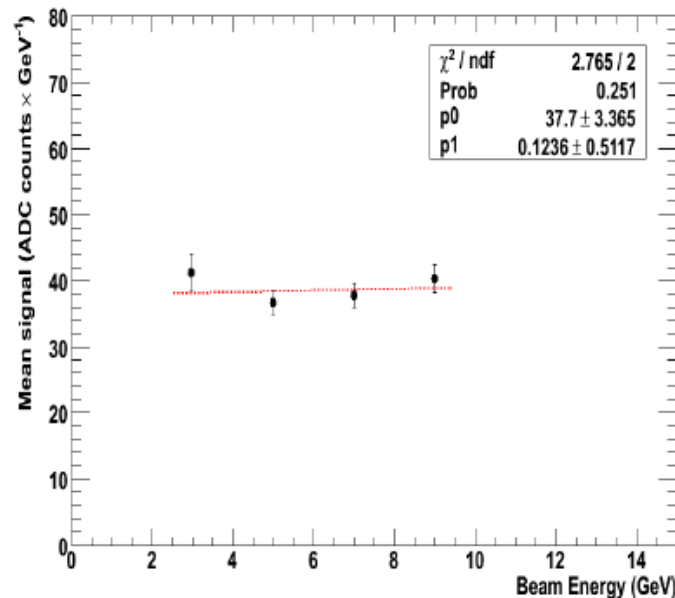
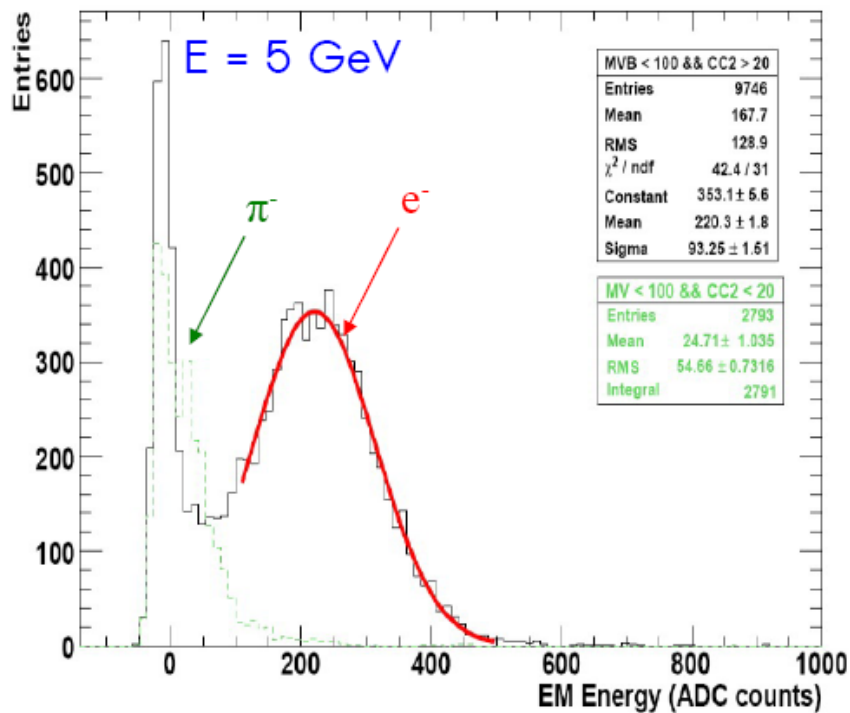
E=3 GeV



P. Katsas

cut applied in Muon Veto  
(back) counter

# VLE $e^-$ : Linearity & Resolution



P. Katsas



**$\frac{1}{2}$  Calorimeter installation in CMS  
August 26, 2008**

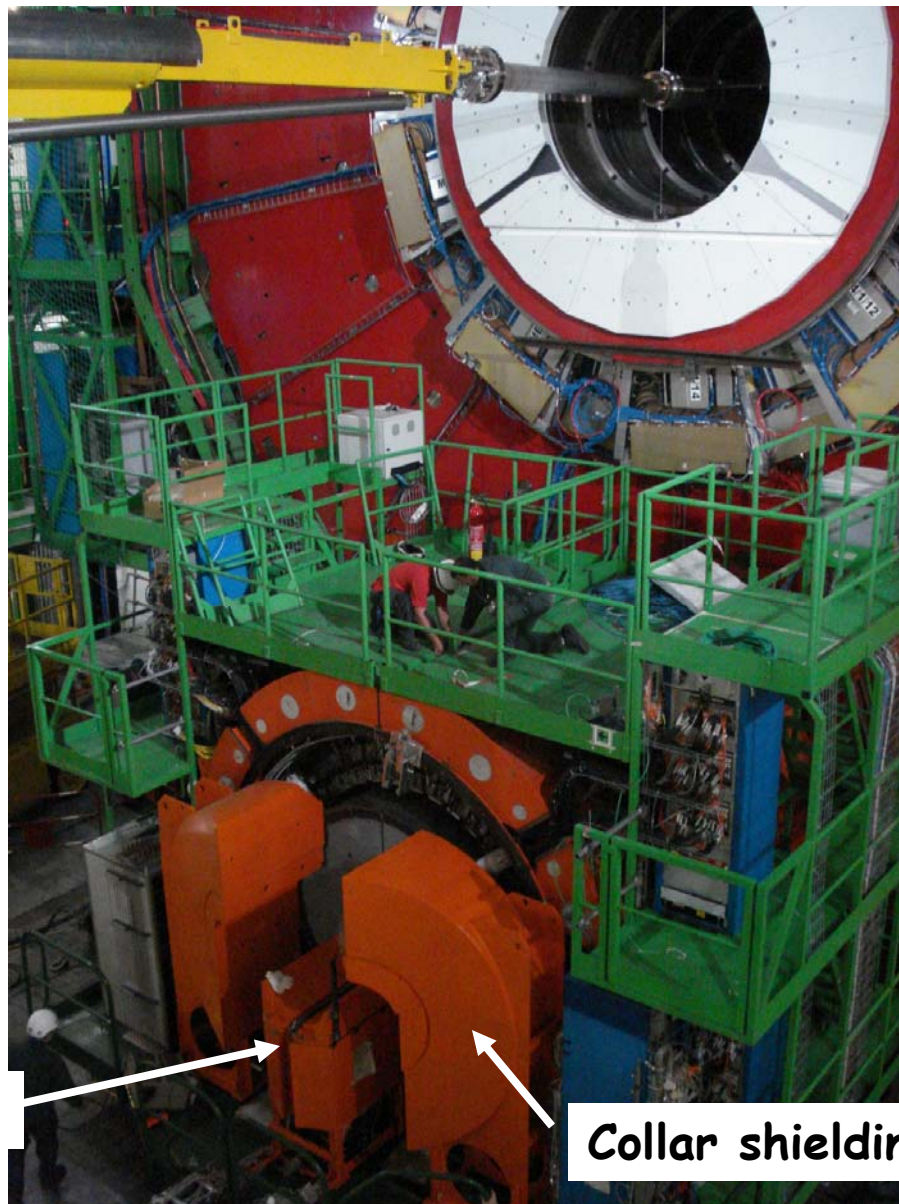




# $\frac{1}{2}$ Skeleton one octant Instrumented



# CASTOR table & Collar shielding



**CASTOR table**

**Collar shielding**



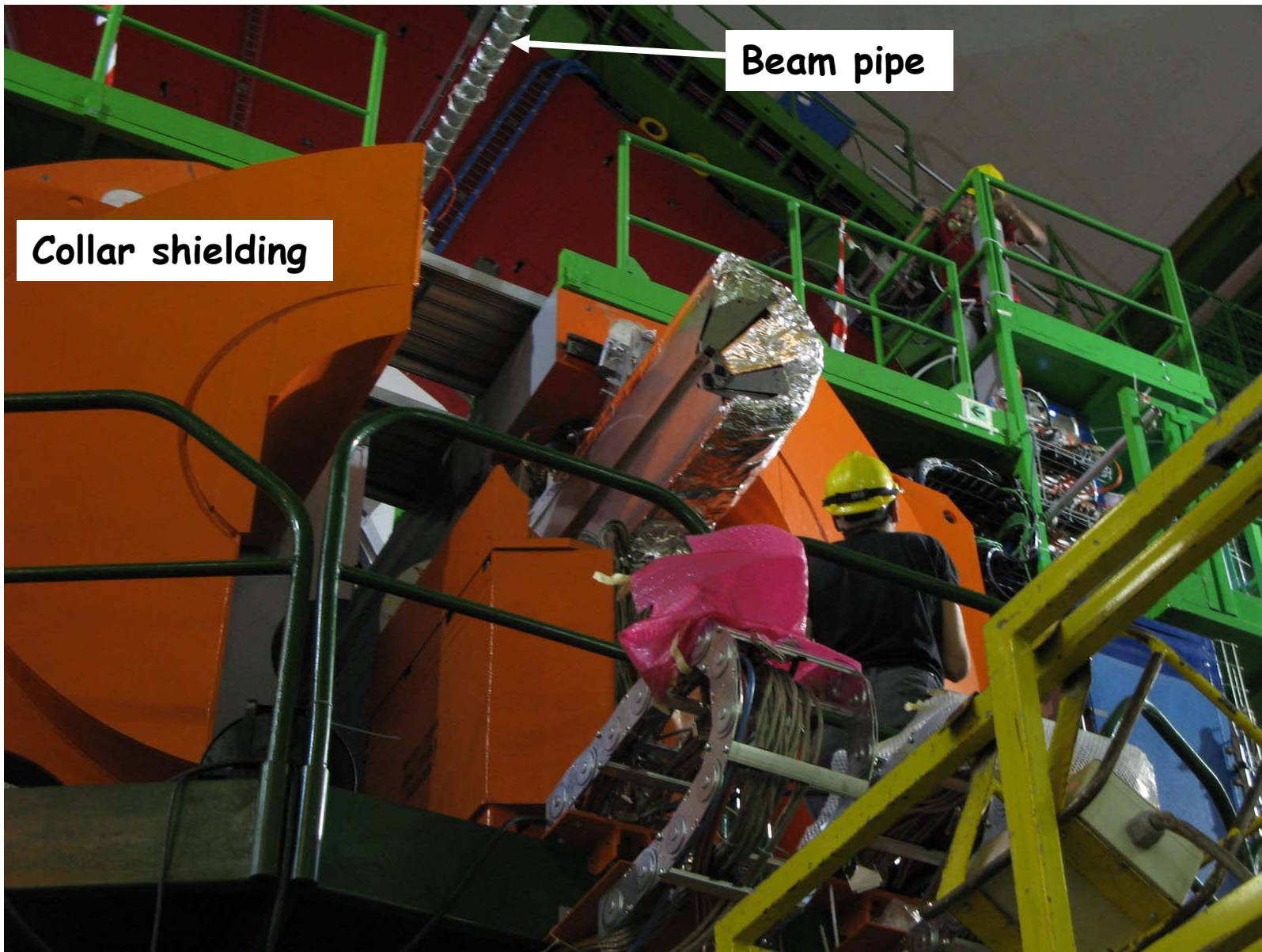
# $\frac{1}{2}$ CASTOR on table

Collar shielding



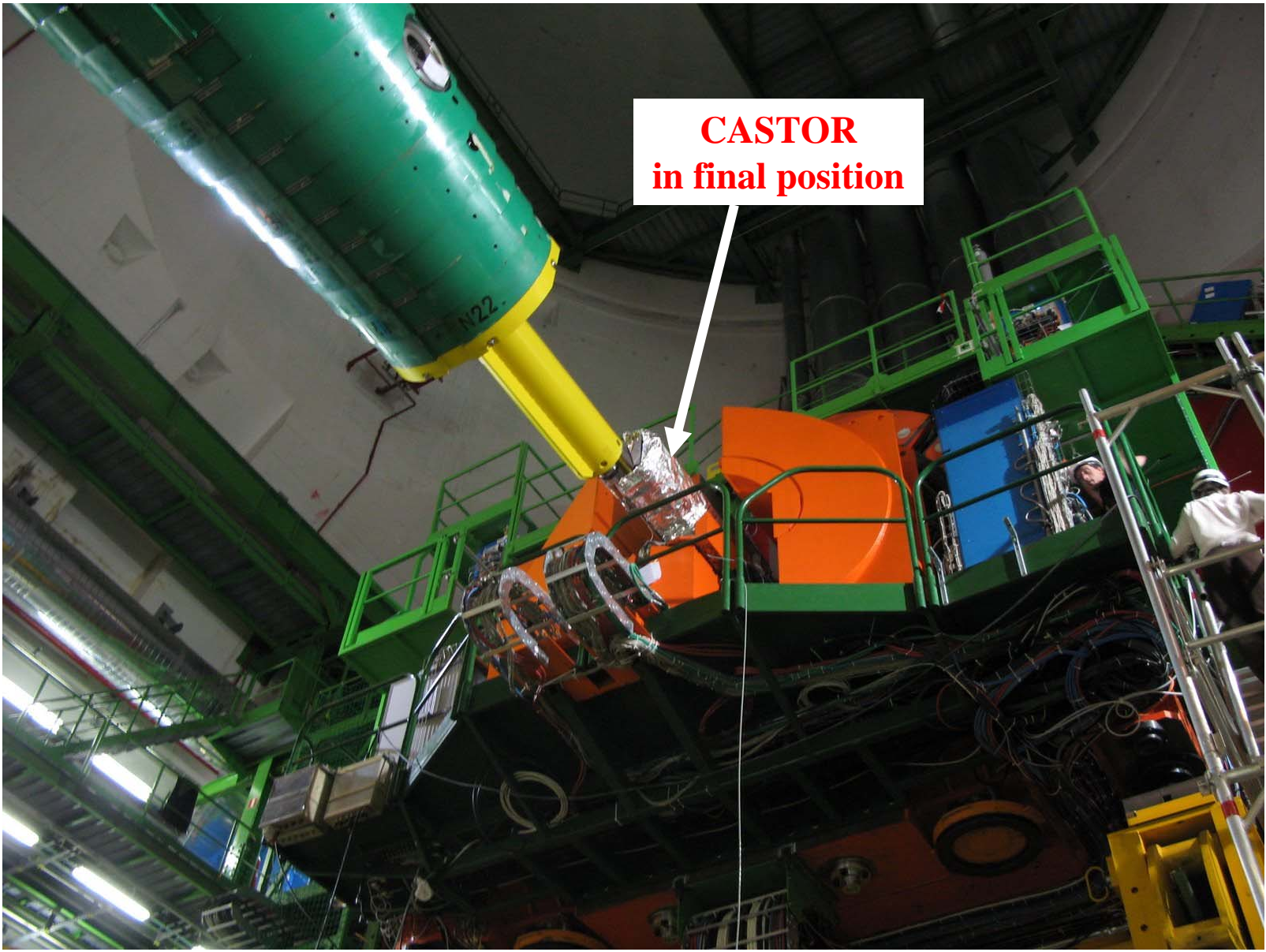


# HF platform raised towards beam pipe





# HF platform in final position



**CASTOR**  
**in final position**



## Plans for 2008 - 2009



- Take out 1<sup>st</sup> ( $\frac{1}{2}$ )- CASTOR, replace DELPHI with radhard Q-plates
- Produce 2<sup>nd</sup> ( $\frac{1}{2}$ )- calorimeter skeleton & instrument with radhard Q-plates
- Finalize electronics (esp. trigger)
- Fully instrument & commission CASTOR
- Install full CASTOR calorimeter on (-) z side. **Target: March 2009**



# Collaborating Institutes & Tasks



- **Antwerp:** Trigger, Installation, funding; Electronics coordination
- **Athens:** Design, SW-MC, beam test, analysis, funding; Project management
- **Brazil:** Assembly, analysis
- **CERN:** Beam test, analysis; SW-Physics coordination
- **Cukurova :** PMT testing, assembly, beam test, analysis
- **DESY:** FEA calculations, construction, electronics, DAQ, analysis, funding; Project management
- **JINR:** Design; Technical coordination
- **INR:** Light guides & 2mm Q-plates, funding
- **ITEP:** Laser/LED calibration system
- **MSU:** Electronics, DCS/data base, MC, analysis (within HRJRG with DESY)
- **Northeastern:** Readout devices