Divonne Summary of the Accelerator Working Group

- Two options have been analyzed for the LHeC accelerator installation:
 - →A Ring-Ring option featuring an additional lepton beam ring in the LHC tunnel as proposed by E. Keil in 1997 and in the paper by John, Max and Ferdi
 - → A Ring-Linac option that avoids the installation of an additional storage ring in the LHC tunnel
- The discussions at this workshop showed that both options can in principle provide collisions at the TeV scale (e.g. collisions between 60 GeV lepton and 7 TeV proton beams) with a luminosity of $L 10^{33}$ cm⁻² sec⁻² in a parasitic mode to the nominal p-p program.

Summary of the Accelerator Working Group

A wealth of of ideas:

- → We are still in the phase where we discover new ideas and proposals whenever we discuss challenges of the existing proposals.
 → The challenge might be how to focus this creativity into a conceptual design report by the end of 2009
 → We need to find the right belance between a conceptuative and
- ➔ We need to find the right balance between a conservative and innovative design

The devil lies often in the details and insurmountable problems might only become visible during detailed studies.

→ Need to sketch both options for the LHeC in the conceptual design report

Divonne Summary of the Accelerator Working Group

A Ring-Ring option for LHeC:

 \rightarrow Based on the experience that a lepton storage ring with 60 GeV

lepton beam energy can be build in the old LEP tunnel.

→ Main problems / challenges arise from conflict with the existing infrastructure of the LHC machine.

→ Limited in beam energy (E⁴ dependence of SR power)

A Ring-Linac option for LHeC:

 \rightarrow Opens the door for lepton beam energies above 60 GeV.

- → Main problems / challenges arise from request for high luminosity at acceptable energy cost .
- \rightarrow Requires significant amount of R&D.

Ring-Ring Option for the LHeC

→ We have a lot of experience with the design of such a machine
 (LEP, HERA) and sophisticated tools are at hand for the design and
 performance analysis of a lepton storage ring (J. Jowett, A. Kling)

→ Polarization might be challenging but is possible (D. Barber)
(tools for studying polarization are well developed and at hand).

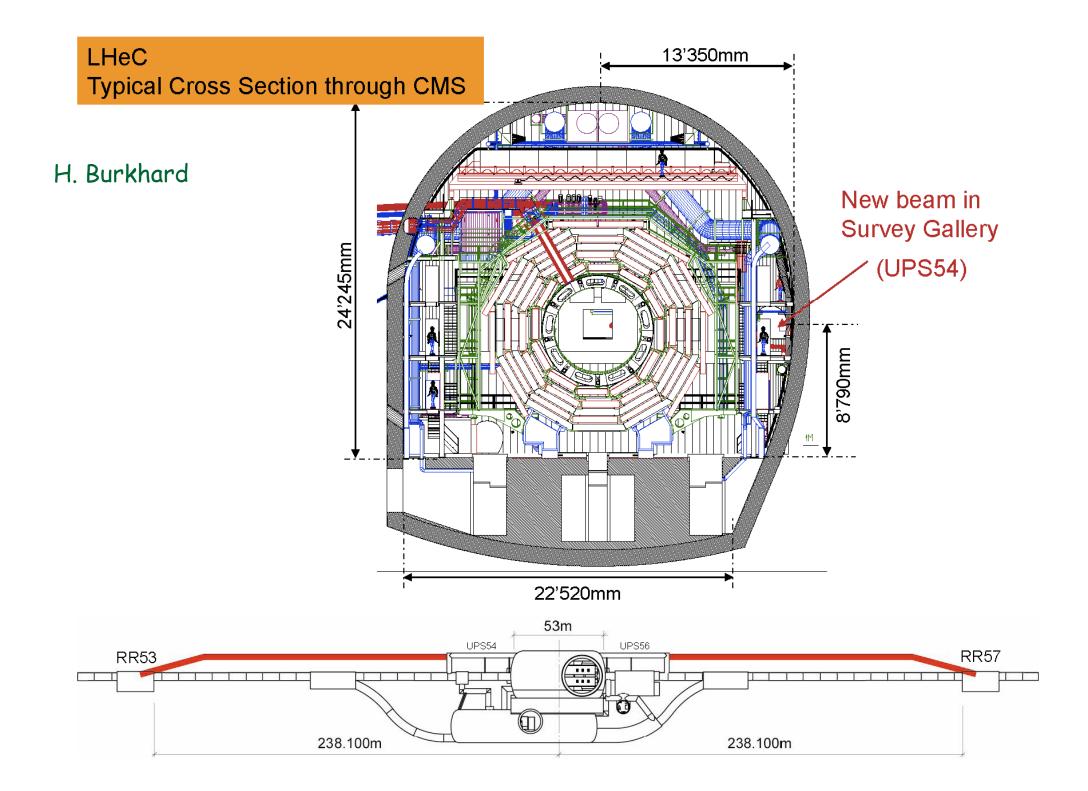
→ The old LEP lepton injector complex no longer exists and needs to be rebuild

 \rightarrow a solution might be at hand using the new SPL project.

Ring-Ring Option for the LHeC

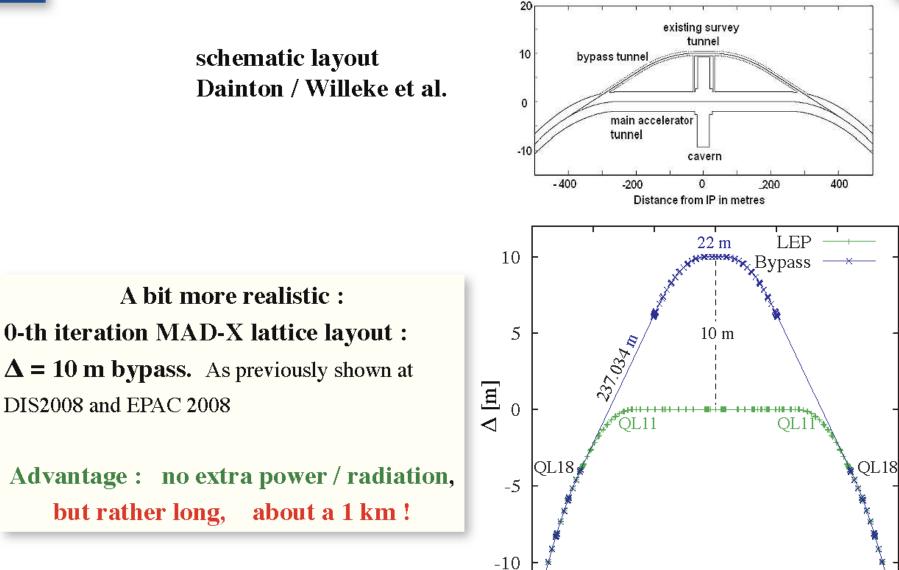
Parasitic operation mode with p-p program;

- → Need for bypassing the main LHC experiments (H. Burkhard) :
- → Requires a minimum of 1.5km new tunneling in the LHC (CMS & ATLAS)
- \rightarrow 250m tunneling are estimated to be possible within 0.5 years.
- → Tunneling from within the existing LHC tunnel requires the removal of LHC magnets and the work in a controlled radiation area (K-H Mess)
- \rightarrow Implication of radiation on installation work might be significant.
- ➔ Bypassing other experimental insertions (e.g. IR 3 and IR7 might be impossible all together [water and radiation])









-400

-600

-200

0

x [m]

200

400

600

Ring-Ring Option for the LHeC

- The old underground space for the LEP RF system is no longer available (T. Linnecar):
 - → Requires space for ca. 100 cavities (ca. 150m beam line)
 - → requires 100 Klystrons (ca. 400m shielded space underground).
 (more bypasses?)
 - \rightarrow installation can be distributed over 2 or 4 insertions
 - → space for Klystrons requires additional civil engineering unless the space in the old Klystron galleries can be liberated (cryo link development for the LHC power converters: R&D!)
 - → Finding space for powering of the new lepton ring magnets is another issue (analyzing all this requires detailed layout plans!)

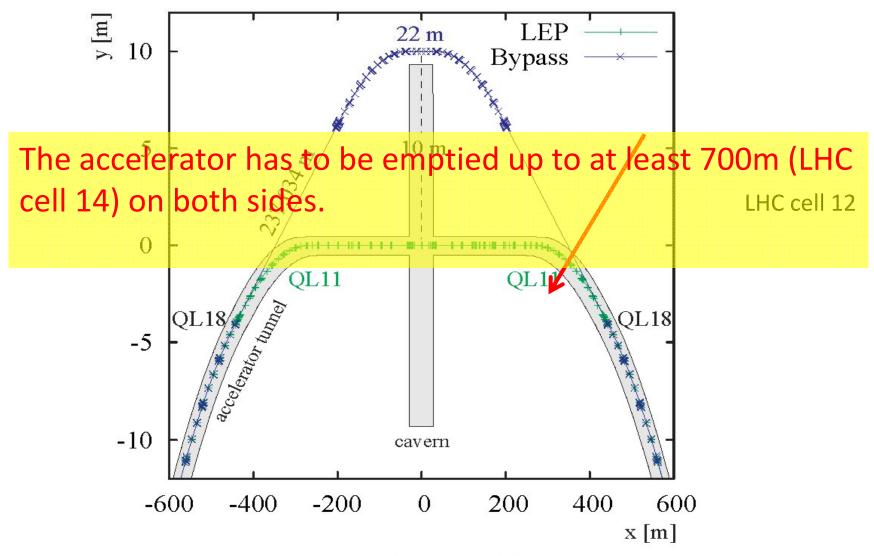


Figure 2: By-pass layout study, derived from the LEP lattice without addition of bending magnets. The y-scale is -stretched by a factor of 50.

Ring-Ring Option for the LHeC

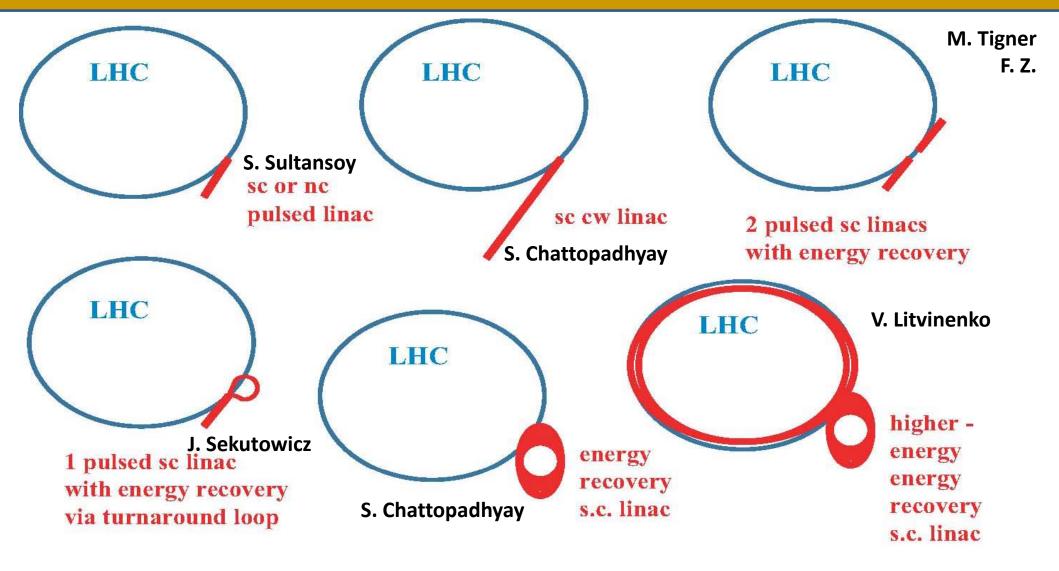
- Discussions after the workshop showed that civil engineering problems might be overcome by additional access tunnels. Quantifying this corresponding cost requires more detailed studies!
- Operation with large crossing angles (0.5mrad to 3 mrad) implies a significant loss in luminosity unless it can be corrected with CRAB cavities
- → requires R&D (not yet used in hadron accelerators!)
- → impact on p-p experiments!?
- → synergy with R&D for the LHC upgrade program
- \rightarrow but who is doing the R&D?

Linac-Ring Option for the LHeC

- → new concept and not much experience (we need a 60+GeV linac, probably with CW operation and with energy recovery)
 - \rightarrow this implies a lot of R&D and development of new tools / studies
 - → has the big advantage that it can largely decouple the construction from the LHC operation (not a strong argument anymore)
 - → compatibility of positron operation with energy recovery?

 \rightarrow might get by without the use of CRAB cavities

LR scenarios



Linac-Ring Option for the LHeC

- \rightarrow There is still a wealth of proposals and ideas
- → we need to identify the most promising proposal and develop a detailed layout (pre-requisite for a conceptual design report and comparison with Ring-Ring option!)
- → agree on basic boundary conditions and parameters:
 100MW wall power consumption
 - $L = 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ sec}^{-1}$ luminosity
 - Beam energy of 60 GeV or more
 - 10 degrees detector acceptance
 - $L^* = 2m$ (\rightarrow integrated magnets inside the detector)

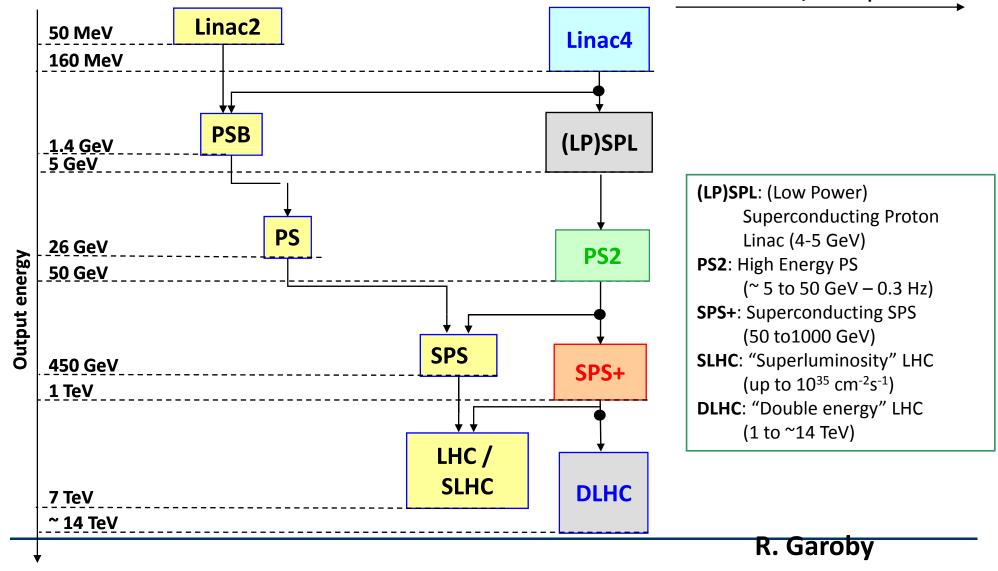
proton beam parameters as defined in the LHC upgrade program

e- energy [GeV]	5	15	20	20	60	60	140
comment	SPL*	SPL*	SPL*	SPL*	new	new	new
#passes	1	3	4	4	3	3	2
wall plug power RF+Cryo [MW]	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
energy recovery efficiency [%]	0	0	0	66	0	98	98
bunch population [10 ⁹]	64	21	16	50	0.25	12	3.8
duty factor [%]	5	5	5	5	100	100	100
average e- current [mA]	10	4	3	8	0.8	38	12
emittance $\gamma \epsilon$ [µm]	20	40	50	50	50	50	50
RF gradient [MV/m]	25	25	25	25	10	10	10
total linac length β =1 [m]	350	350	350	350	3300	330 0	11700
minimum return arc radius [m]	-	6	22	22	377	377	1520
beam power at IP [MW]	50	50	50	160	50	230 0	1700
e- IP beta function [m]	0.025	0.035	0.04	0.04	0.1	0.1	0.3
ep hourglass reduction factor	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.9
disruption parameter D	336	112	84	84	28	28	12

 σ_z =11.8 cm

CERN p accelerator upgrade

Proton flux / Beam power



F. Zimmermann

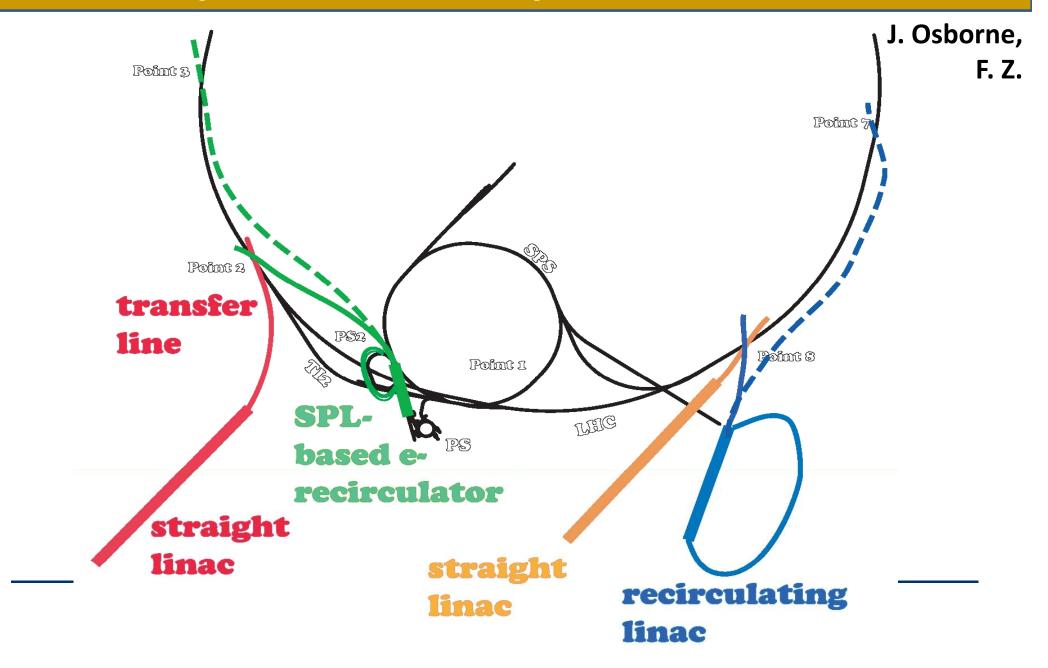
Linac-Ring Potential

100 MW wall plug power

20 GeV 98% energy recovery	60 GeV w/o energy recovery	60 GeV 98% energy recovery	140 GeV 98% energy recovery
5x10 ³⁴	5x10 ³²	1x10 ³⁴	4x10 ³³
cm ⁻² s ⁻¹	cm ⁻² s ⁻¹	cm ⁻² s ⁻¹	cm ⁻² s ⁻¹

proton parameters from LHC "phase-2" upgrade $N_{\rm b}$ =5x10¹¹, 50 ns spacing, $\gamma \epsilon$ =3.75 µm, β *=0.1 m

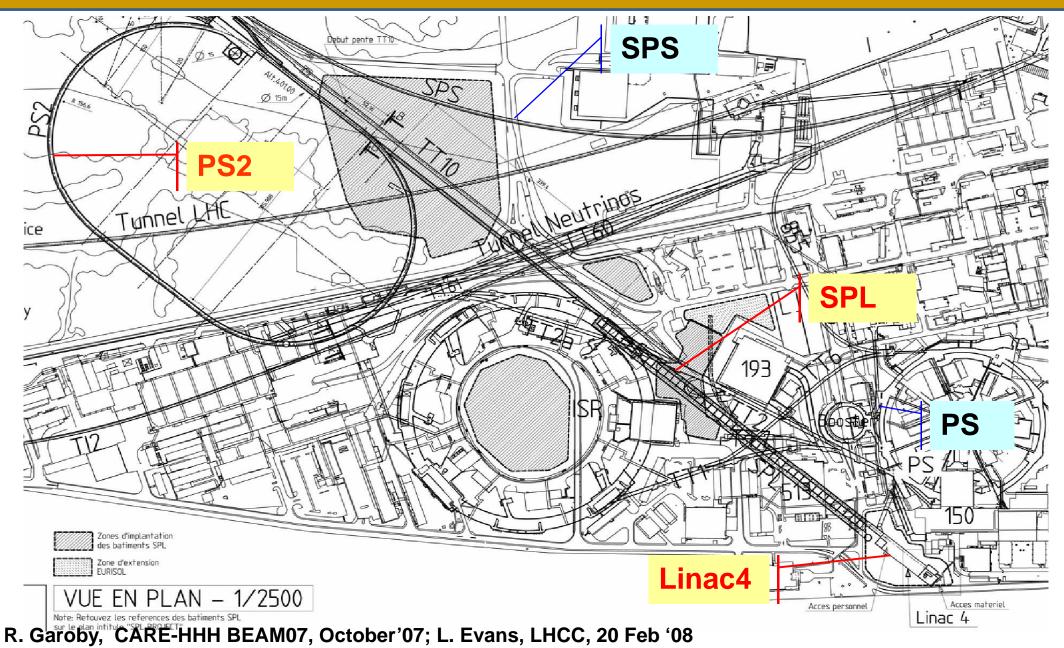
example linac layouts at CERN



Linac-Ring Option for the LHeC

- we need more detailed layout plans for each proposed case in order to select a good solution for the conceptual design report
 CERN needs more help from other laboratories!
 - → there are many synergies with other projects (e.g. ILC, LHC upgrade, eRHIC, HIE-Isolde, SPL etc)
 - → help and expertise from other laboratories is much welcomed!
 - → option of a re-circulating electron linac based on the new SPL
 → interesting option for a new lepton injector complex (RR option)
 → interesting? option for a low cost first stage of the LHeC with collisions between 20 GeV electrons and 7 TeV protons

layout of the new injectors



Conceptual Design Report Preparation

The workshop showed that both options (RR and LR) can provide the requested performance for the LHeC

- We should prepare conceptual design proposals for both options→ (this was also done for eRHIC)
- → this implies more work!!! But we do not know yet the hard limits!
- The workshop identified a large 'to do' list. We have to well organize the follow-up work in order to meet the 2009 deadline for the conceptual design report

What have we Done Since Divonne?



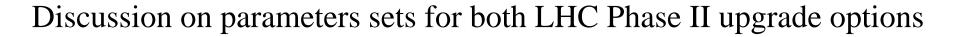
Discussion on civil engineering work for Ring-Ring option bypasses

- → should be possible to decouple LHC operation from bypass construction
- Recirculation Linac options for the SPL:
- \rightarrow launched studies with a new student
- \rightarrow more results within one year



Discussed in more detail possible synergies between Ring-Linac option and ILC at CERN

→ synergies are not obvious



Recent Linac-Ring Scenarios

- SPL with ERL + TI2 with single-pass
- 6 km pulsed, continuous
- highest gradient, 120 GeV

```
(Frank Zimmermann)
```

e- energy [GeV]	30	100	100	120
comment	SPL* (20)+Tl2	new	new	new
#passes	4+1	2	2	2
wall plug power RF+Cryo [MW]	100 (1 cr.)	100 (3 cr.)	100 (35 cr.)	100 (50 cr.)
energy recovery efficiency [%]	0	0	0	0
bunch population [10 ⁹]	10	3.0	0.1	0.06
duty factor [%]	5	5	100	100
average e- current [mA]	1.6	0.5	0.3	0.2
emittance $\gamma \epsilon$ [µm]	QuickTime™ and a 50 decompress 5 0 are needed to see this picture.		50	50
RF gradient [MV/m]	25	25	13.9	16.7
total linac length β =1 [m]	350+333	3300	6000	6000
minimum return arc radius [m]	240 (final bends)	1100	1100	1900
beam power at IP [MW]	48	48	30	22
e- IP beta function [m]	0.06	0.2	0.2	0.23
ep hourglass reduction factor	0.62	0.86	0.86	0.86
disruption parameter D	56	17	17	14
luminosity [10 ³² cm ⁻² s ⁻¹]	5	2.2	1.3	0.8

What have we Done Since Divonne?

- The workshop identified a large 'to do' list. We have to well organize the follow-up work in order to meet the 2009 deadline for the conceptual design report:
 - → Tried creation or 'work packages' for some collaborators

→ unfortunately no commitment yet!

- Desperately need more detailed studies on integration issues for Ring-Ring option: magnet and vacuum system design and powering
- \rightarrow Need design effort for 1 degree acceptance option

LHeC Collaboration

Main Study areas for the LHeC that need to be addressed in time for the 2008 September workshop in Divonne:

Ring-Ring option:

1.1) Lattice design for a ring-ring option:

CERN contact: Oliver Br ning

Work packages:

i.	Lattice design of the main arcs	
	including specifications for the	required
	vacuum chamber dimensions	-> John Jowett (CERN)
ii.	Synchrotron radiation calculation	ons and
	Layout design of the bypasses	-> Helmut Burkhardt (CERN)
iii.	LHeC IR optics design	-> Bernhard Holzer (DESY)

1.2) RF design for the ring-ring option:

CERN contact: Trevor Linnecar

Work packages:

- i. RF design (total length, required cavities and RF power)
- ii. Space estimate for the alcoves / bypasses for cavities and klystrons

1.3) Injector complex design:

CERN contact: Helmut Burkhardt

Work packages:

- i. Electron and positron source design
- **ii.** Injector ring design

<u>1.4) Injection areas and beam dump aspects:</u> CERN contact: **Brennan Goddard Work packages:**

- i. Interaction region design for a ring-ring option
- ii. Transfer line design
- iii. Beam dump line and beam dump design

1.5) Beam-Beam effects

CERN contact: Werner Herr

Work packages:

- i. Head-on beam-beam limit
- ii. Long range beam-beam effects and required crossing angle
- iii. Multi bunch beam-beam effects
- iv. Coupling between p-p and p-e collisions

LHeC Convener meeting; 15-16 December 2008

2.6) Vacuum aspects

Work packages:

- 1) Specification of vacuum requirements
- 2) Layout vacuum design
- 3) Vacuum Engineering: can be a work package (bellows, plug in modules, magnet chambers...)
- 4) Vacuum studies
- 5) Vacuum Instrumentation & Interlocks

2.7) Integration and machine protection issues CERN contact: K-H. Mess

Work packages:

- Space requirements in the electron injection and ejection areas i.
- ii. Space requirements for the power converters and other electronics
- Space requirements for the electron dump iii.
- Space requirements for the electronics in the LINAC iv.
- Impact of the synchrotron radiation on the electronics in both v. tunnels
- Machine Protection System for the LINAC vi.
- vii. Compatibility with the proton beam loss system
- Protection of the p-machine against heavy electron losses viii.

2.8) IR Layout for linac-ring scenarios Work packages:

CERN contact: D. Schulte

- 1) Magnet and detector layout, β^* , three-beam orbits & separation
- 2) IR optics, β^* , crab waist

2.9) Magnet issues CERN contact: D. Tommasini

Work packages:

- i. Magnet coil design (main dipole and quadrupole and corrector magnets)
- ii. Magnet infrastructure specification (cooling, ventilation etc...)
- Specification of space and support requirements iii.

2.10) Powering issues CERN contact: F. Bordry

Work packages:

i. Specification of space and infrastructure requirements