



Understanding the jet energy scale using pT balance for γ +jet events (ATLAS release14.2.21)

S.Chekanov

Analysis support center, ANL

January, 3 2008

Calibration task force meeting

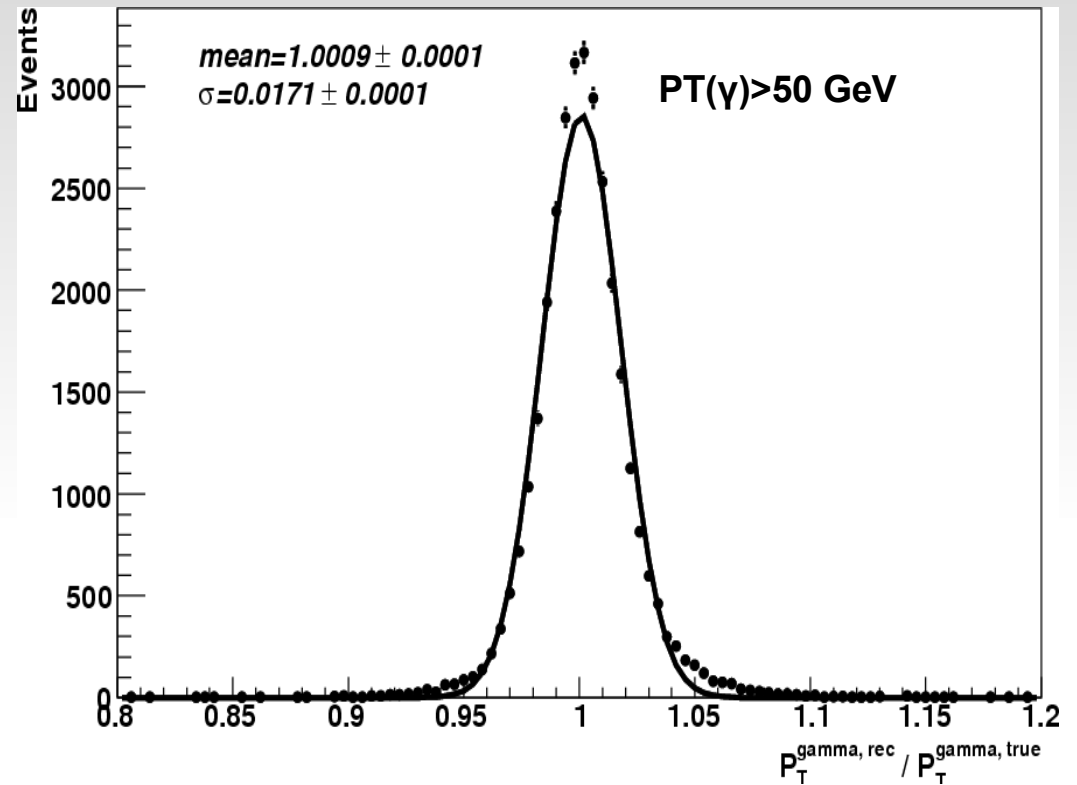
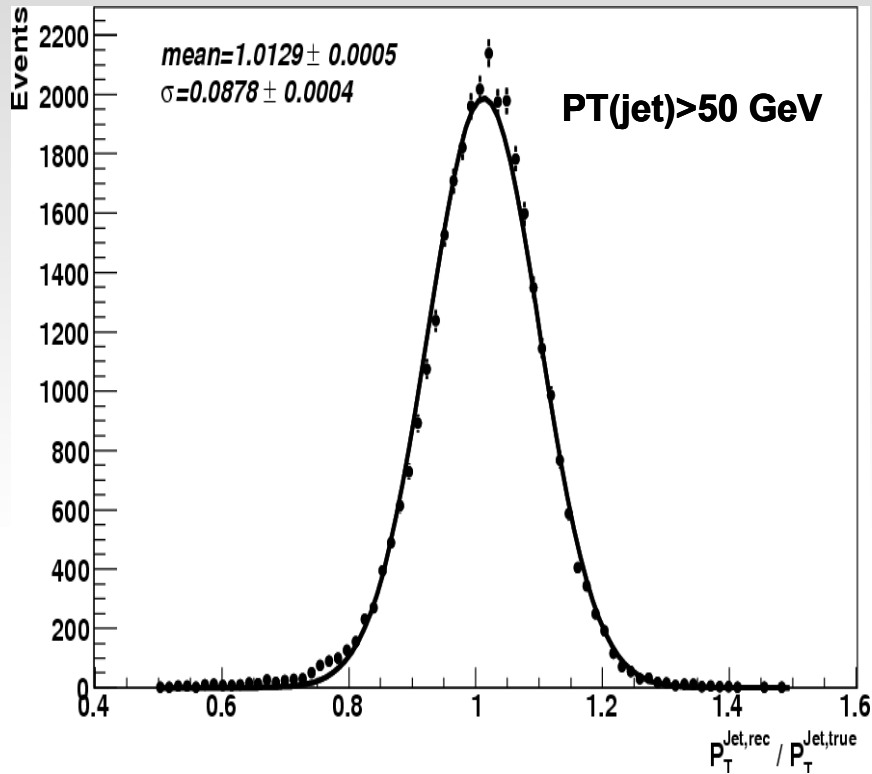
Motivation

- Check Jet/Gamma resolution and resolution biases for the release 14.2.21
- Look at γ +jet events and reconstruct p_T balance
 - Can we use such events for jet calibration?
 - Do we have $p_T(\text{jet})$ biases with respect to $p_T(\gamma)$?
 - With what precision $p_T(\text{jet})$ can be reconstructed from $p_T(\gamma)$?
- Update results discussed in the note ATL-COM-PHYS-2007-031
“ p_T balance in Z+jet and γ +jet events”
by A.Gupta, F.Merritt, J.Proudfoot, A.Farilla, M.Verducci
- In this new talk:
 - atlas release 14.2.21
 - only Cone4H1TopoJets
 - only official MC08 Monte Carlo tunings and MC08 reconstructed samples

Technical details

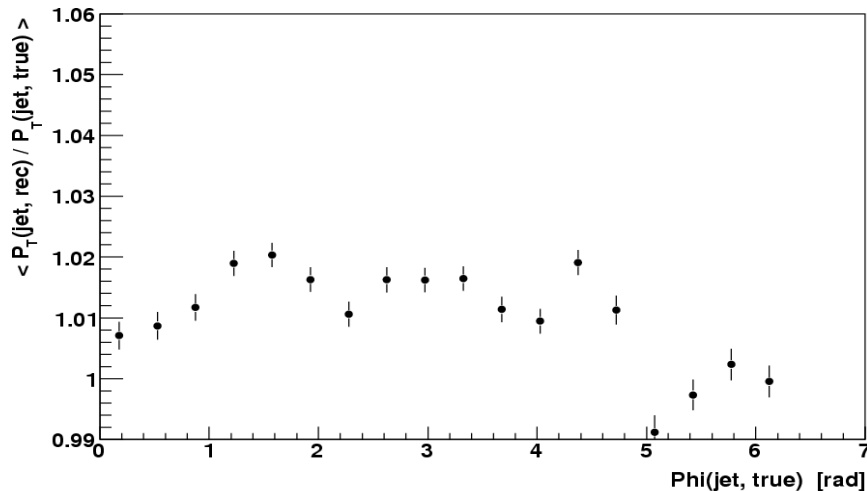
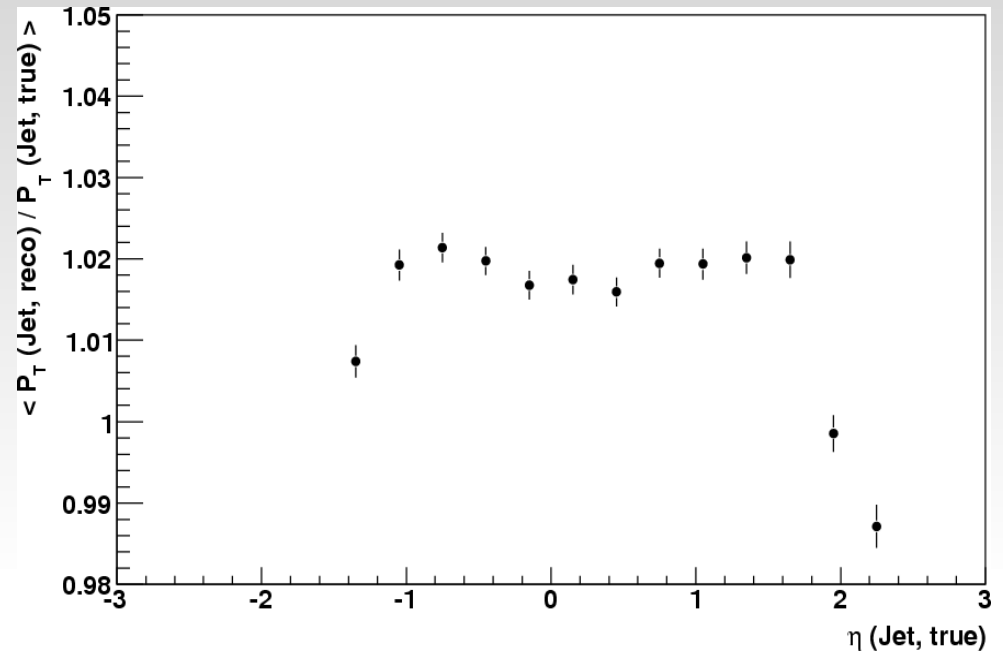
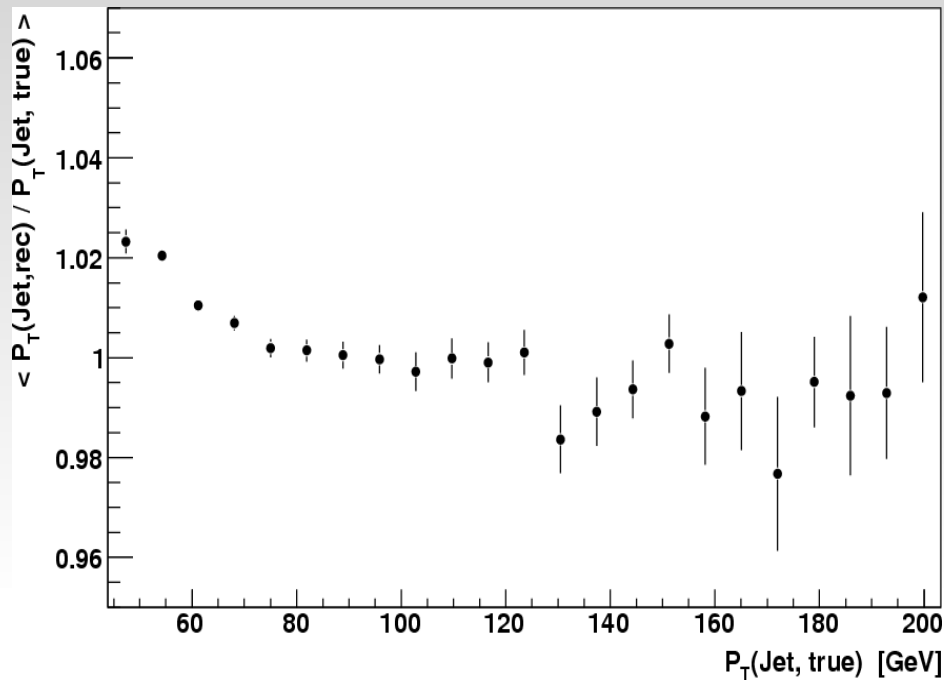
- Release 14.2.21 for jet validation code (C++/athena)
- γ +jet AOD sample (CKIN(3)=15 GeV, asym. jet filter, $PT(jet1)>30$ & $PT(jet2)>20$ GeV)
 - `mc08.106379.PythiaPhotonJet_AsymJetFilter.recon.AOD.e347_s462_r541`
 - $L \sim 23 \text{ pb}^{-1}$
- Selection cuts:
 - HLT_g20 trigger
 - $PT(\gamma)>50 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta(jet)|<2.4$
- Use **Cone4H1TopoJets** and **Cone4H1TopoJets** for truth level
- Use well isolated photons with $isEM=0$
- Only leading jet (or gamma) is considered

Jet and γ resolutions



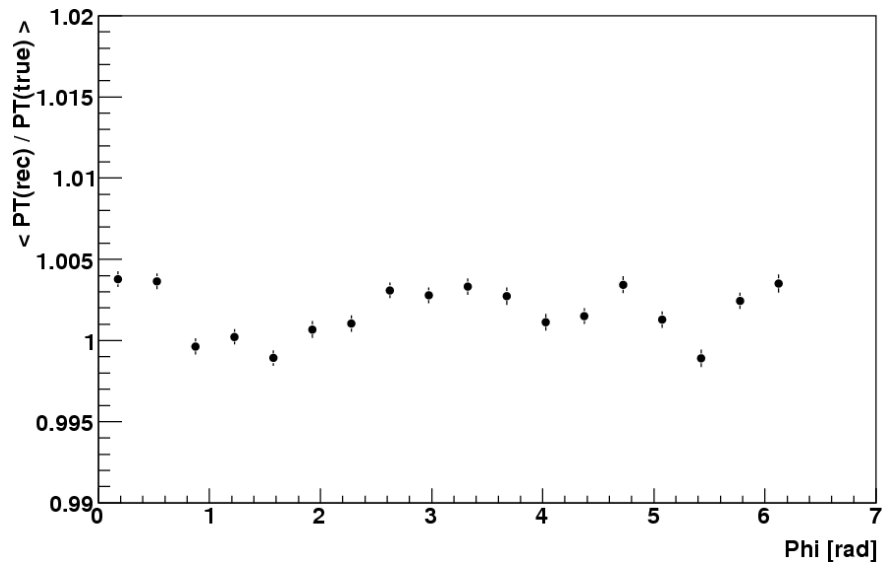
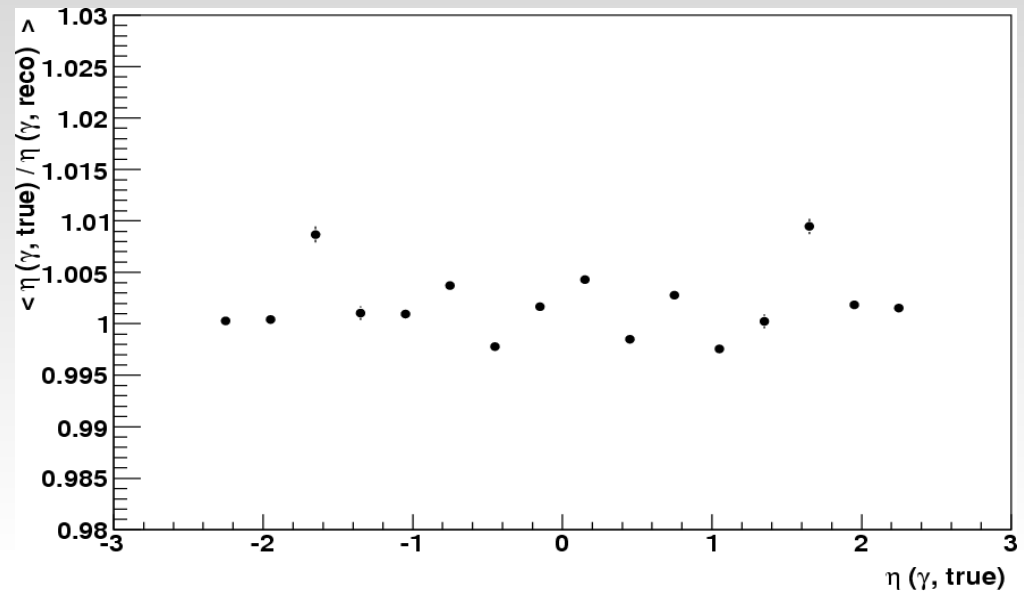
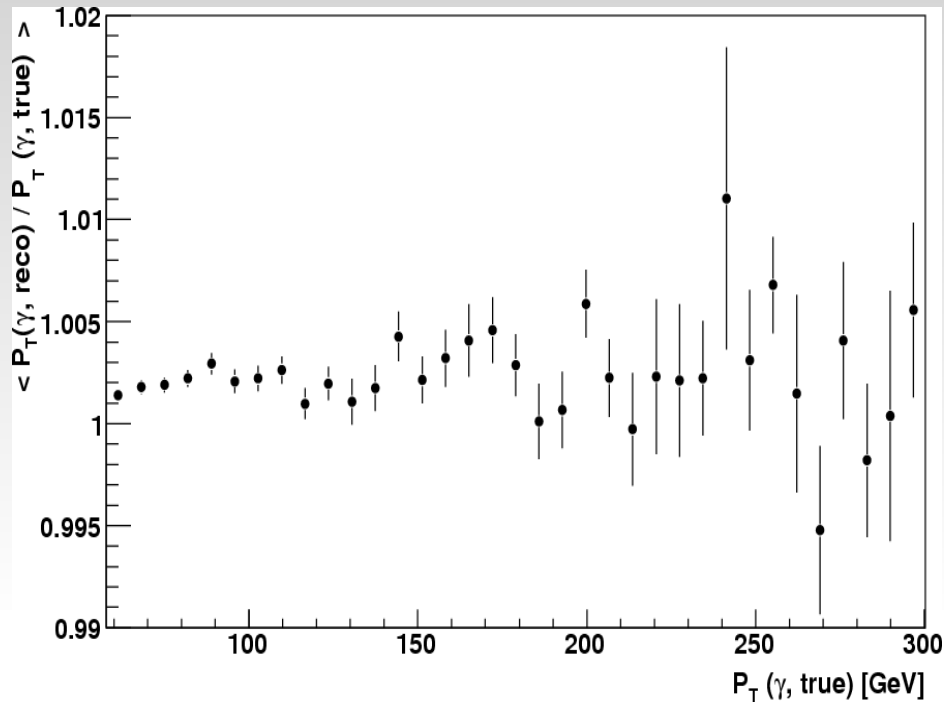
- Resolution for γ 's is more than a factor 5 smaller than that for jets
- Resolution bias $\sim 1.3\%$ for jet and below $<0.2\%$ for γ
- Looks rather healthy. How about resolution biases as functions PT,Phi,Eta?

Jet resolution biases with respect to jet truth



~ resolution biases below 2% for each region

γ resolution biases with respect to the truth

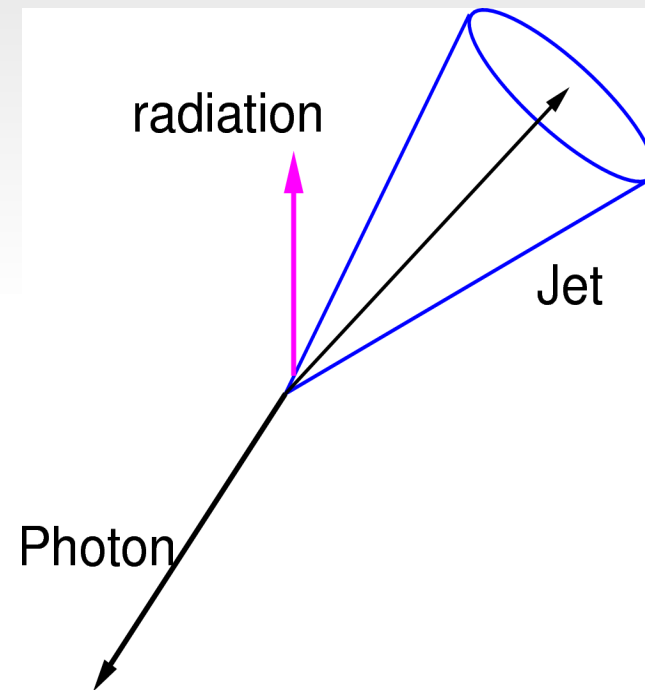
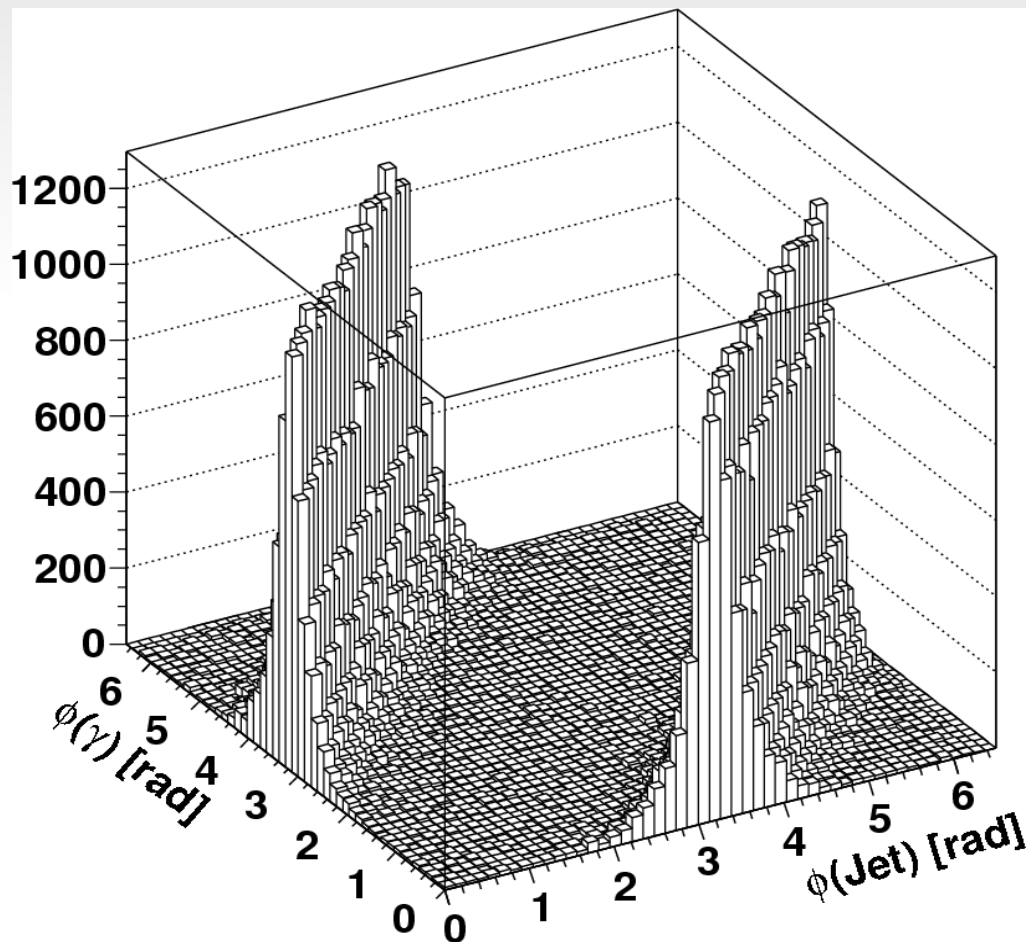


~1% effect for the CAL transition region

Below 0.5% for most regions

γ +jet sample

- Same cuts ($PT > 50$ GeV). Events triggered using HLT=g20
 - isEM=0, $|\eta(\gamma)| < 2.4$, Use track/cal isolation
- γ and jet should $\sim$ balance each other. Apply cut: $|\phi(\text{jet}) - \phi(\gamma)| > 2.7$ rad

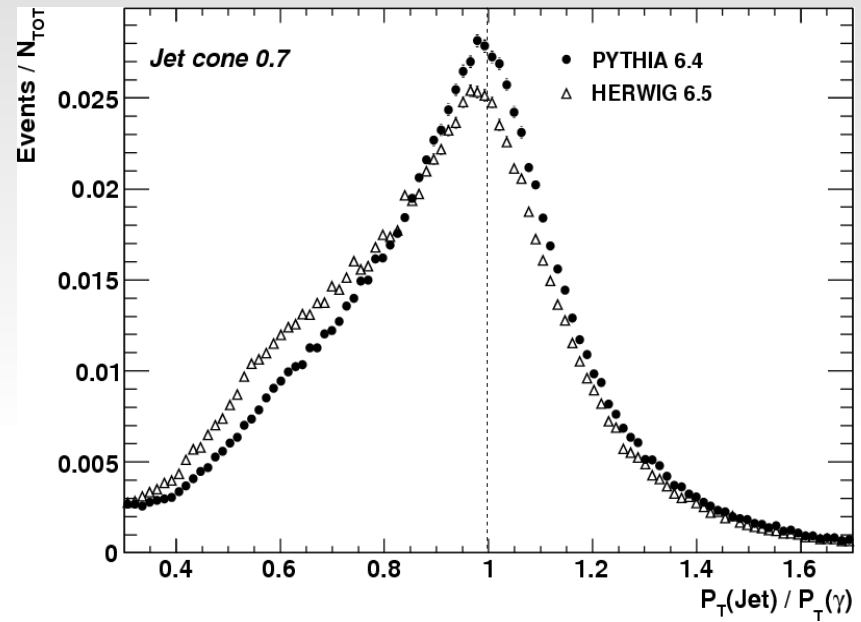
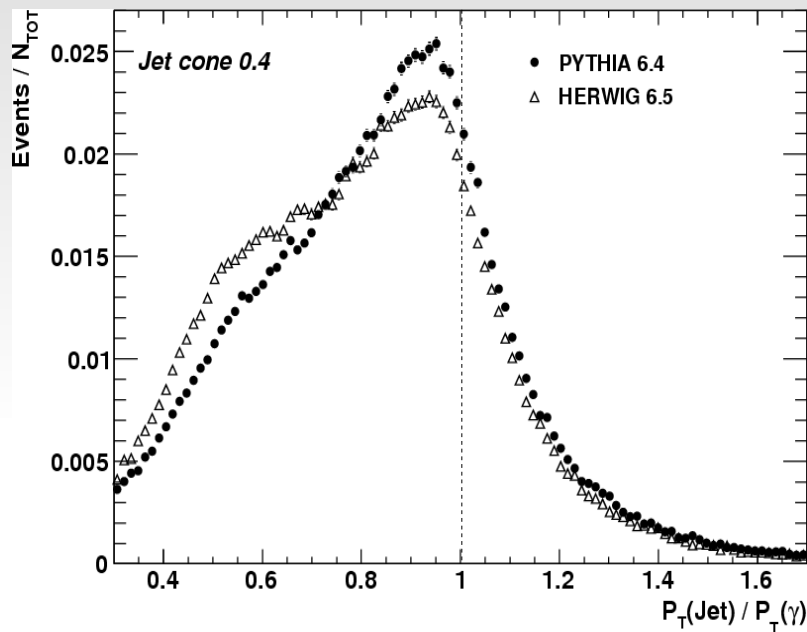


Effects leading to PT imbalance:

- out-of-cone radiation
- multijets (high-order QCD)
- multiparton interactions, etc.

Can we use PT balance for jet calibration?

Truth level studies were done by generating PYTHIA/HERWIG without any filter and using MC08 settings. MI and ISR are included by default

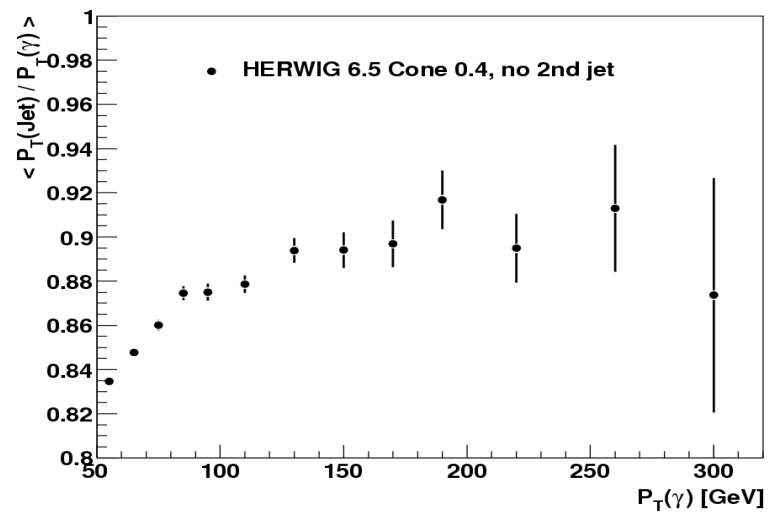
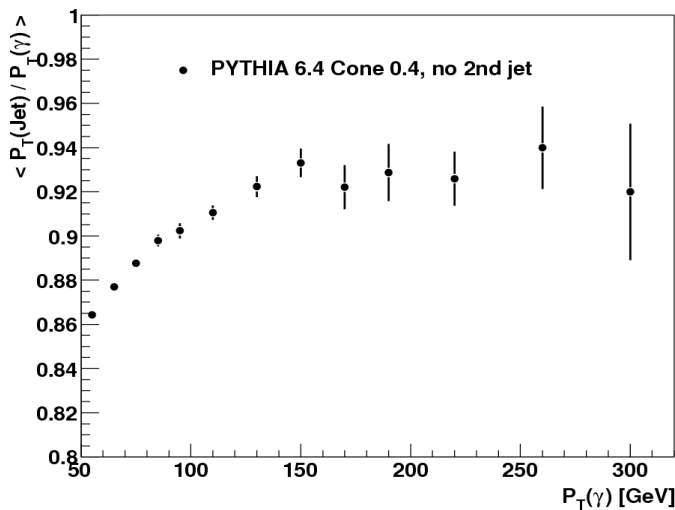
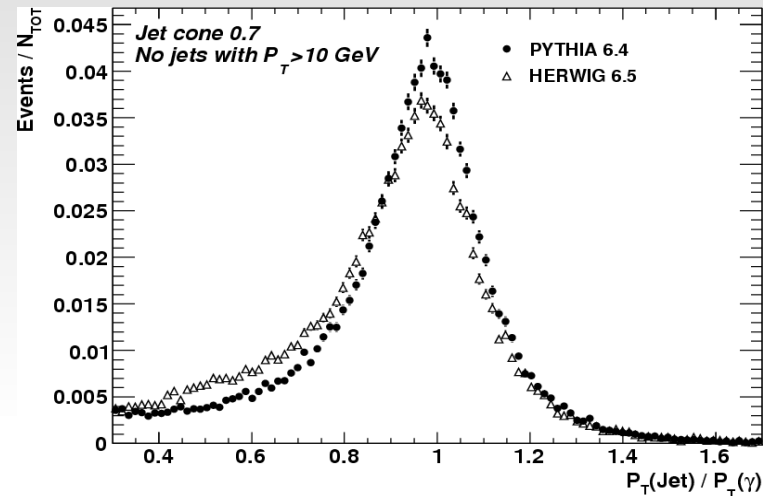
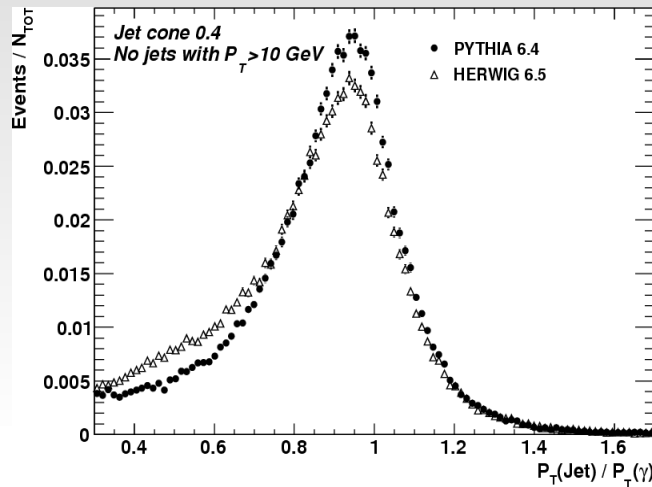


- No ideal PT balance
 - Smaller for larger Jet cone sizes (expected!)
 - Imbalance is larger for HERWIG
- Imbalance effects should be reduced and should be taken into account for the energy-scale studies using γ +jet (or Z+jet) events

PT imbalance reduction

- Try to reject events with second jet below 10 GeV

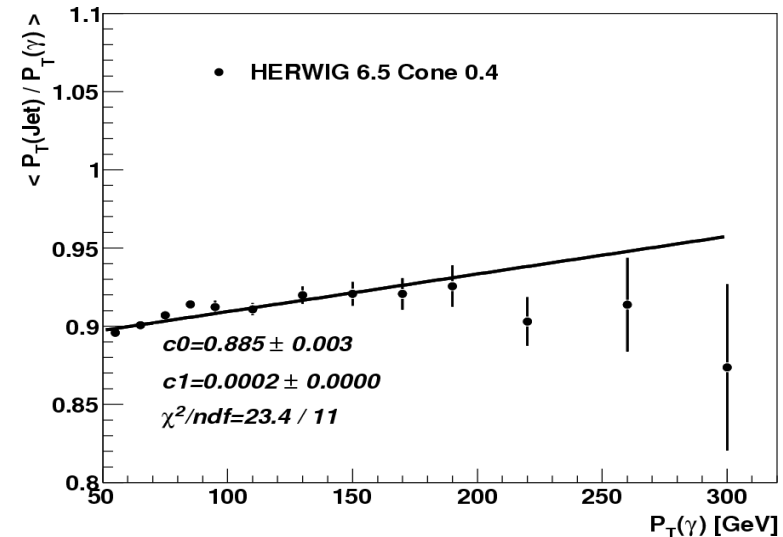
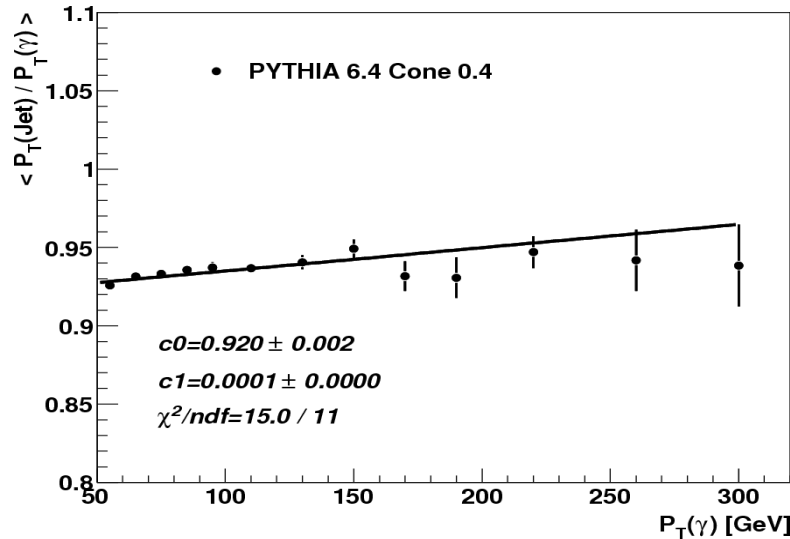
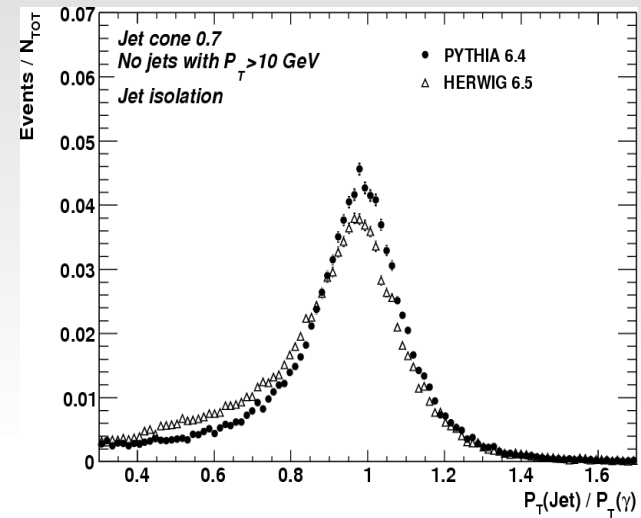
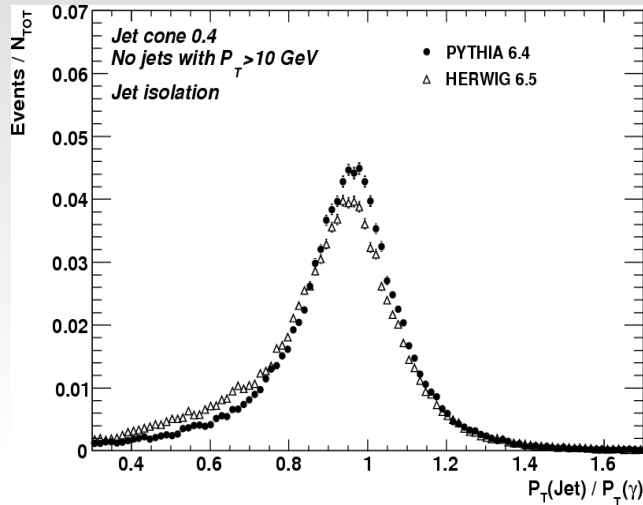
(see note by A.Gupta, F.Merritt, J.Proudfoot, A.Farilla, M.Verducci, ATLAS-COM-PHYS-2007-031)



- Imbalance ~15%. Still large but looks promising.
- Difference between PYTHIA and HERWIG ~3%

Trying more cuts..

- High gluon activity in the jet hemisphere can be reduced by putting some jet isolation: $ET(\text{jet}) > 0.9 ET(\text{cone}=1.0 \text{ around the jet axis})$
- This really helps to improve the pT balance (and rejects only 10% of events)



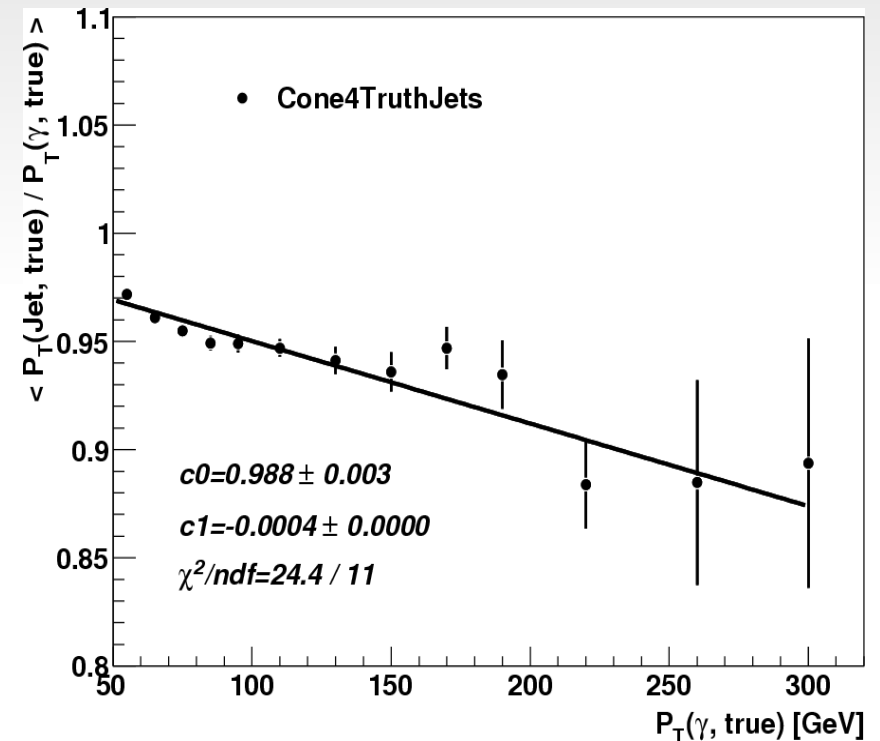
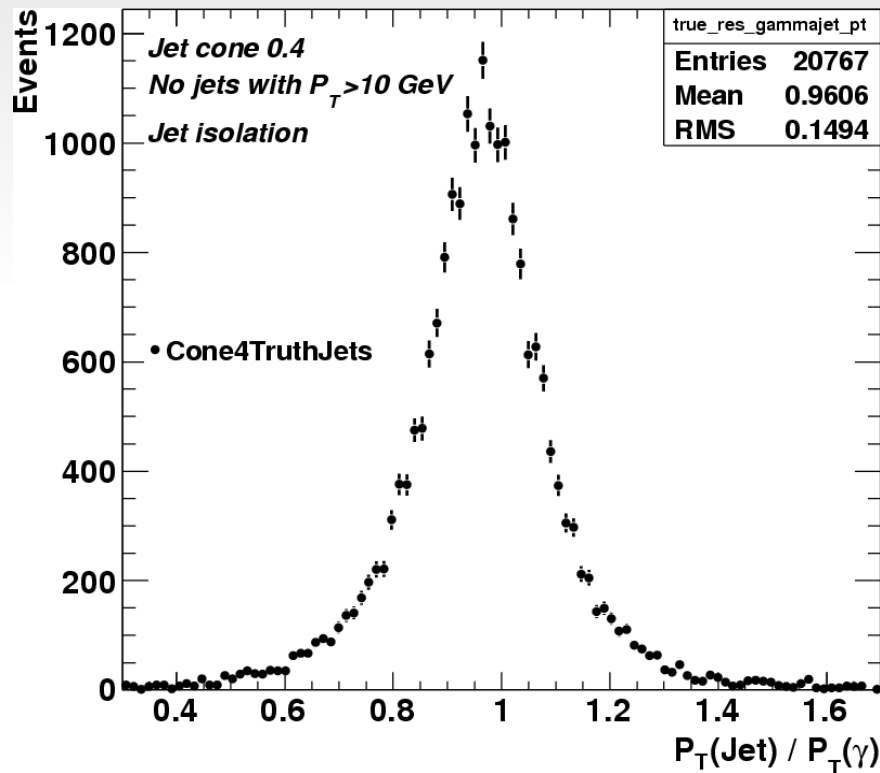
- Imbalance $\sim 7\%$

- Difference between PYTHIA and HERWIG $\sim 3\%$

Conclusion from the truth-level studies

- No ideal p_T balance at the truth level
- Jet-energy scale calculations should include corrections from the truth-level MC to take out the imbalance effects, assuming that all such effects are properly simulated

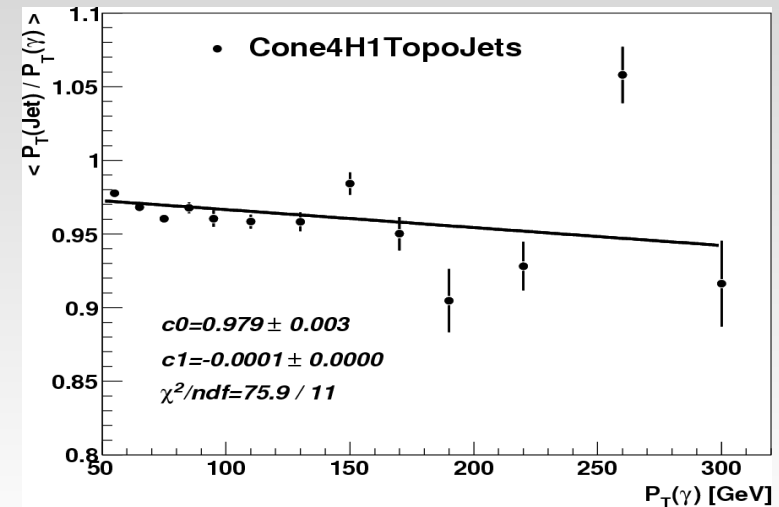
Now, look at the truth level of PythiaPhotonJet_AsymJetFilter:



- ~4% imbalance. Small dependence on p_T (negative slope, effect from the jet filter)

Applying corrections to the full detector simulation

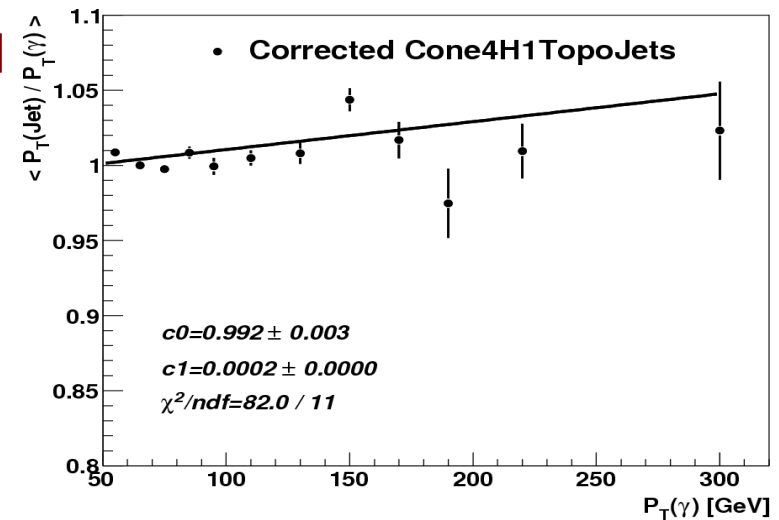
Reconstructed (AOD)
level before corrections



after the corrections:
 $pT(jet)=pT(jet)/[c0+c1*pT(\gamma)]$

$c0, c1$ from the fit using
truth-level MC

$PT(\gamma)$ – from the
same reconstructed event



- After the correction, jet PT can be reconstructed within 1% of that of γ
- But ~3% systematic (model) uncertainty from HERWIG is expected (see previous slides)

Summary

- Resolution for gamma $\sim$ factor 5 smaller than for the jet
- Resolution biases for jets $<2\%$, for γ $\sim 0.5\%$ (with respect to the truth level)
- A small imbalance for γ +jet on the MC truth is observed due to :
 - high-order QCD, multiparton interactions, the out-of-cone radiation ...
- Jet calibration using γ +jet can be done if:
 - the relation $p_T(\text{jets}) = C \cdot p_T(\gamma)$ is used
where $C \sim 0.90-0.95$ determined from the truth MC
 - Or a correction is applied from the truth level to remove events with imbalance
restore $p_T(\text{jet}) = p_T(\gamma)$
 - if we understand the jet energy scale for gamma
- In this study, we have tried to restore the PT balance by applying a correction:
 - $p_T(\text{jet})$ can be reconstructed from $p_T(\gamma)$ within 1% accuracy
- Model uncertainties on the imbalance correction is $\sim 3\%$ (estimated with HERWIG)
 - Probably can be reduced after fine tuning to real data
- The results generally agree with ATL-COM-PHYS-2007-03

Results are described in the ATLAS note: ATL-COM-PHYS-2009-042