# Impact of Jet Isolation and Truth Matching on Jet Response



David López Mateos (with A. Schwartzman and E. Hughes), February 02, 2009

**Jet Truth Matching** 

**Jet Isolation** 

**Jet Matching Distributions** 

**Jet Isolation Distributions** 

**Jet Response for Different Cuts** 

**Conclusions** 



## **Jet Truth Matching**

- In any performance (or physics) study need to define a radius for the matching
- It is not necessarily a trivial question: why is 0.2 better than 0.3?
- One has to be consistent: if only jets with a match within 0.2 are used, then jets with no match within 0.2 should be considered fake
- <u>Today</u>: Does it matter what we choose? (in the context of jet response)
- Two examples of matching:
  - H1 derives the weights using jets with a match within a radius of 0.1 (I think, check slides later)
  - The numerical inversion correction was derived with a loose match of 0.7 (but with strict isolation cuts...)
     https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasProtected/MCInitialPtAndEtaCorrection

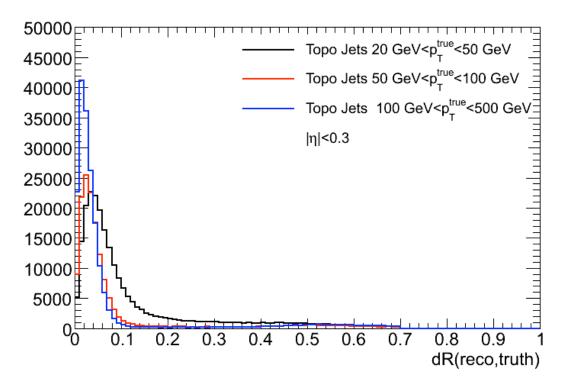


### **Jet Isolation**

- Hard to decouple from the topic of jet truth matching: both can get you rid of split jets
- It can give you a handle on split jets, not on merged jets
- Again, need some consistency: if you derive your calibration on isolated jets, you should probably only apply it to isolated jets (and derive something different for non-isolated jets)
- <u>Today</u>: Does it matter what we choose? (in the context of jet response)
- Two examples of jet isolation:
  - 1. H1 uses no isolation to derive the weights
  - Numerical inversion uses only jets that have no jet within 1.0 (and it is only applicable to these jets)



In this talk look at Cone 4 jets in J2-J5 samples  $e344_s475_r586$  Is the importance of this  $p_T$  dependent?



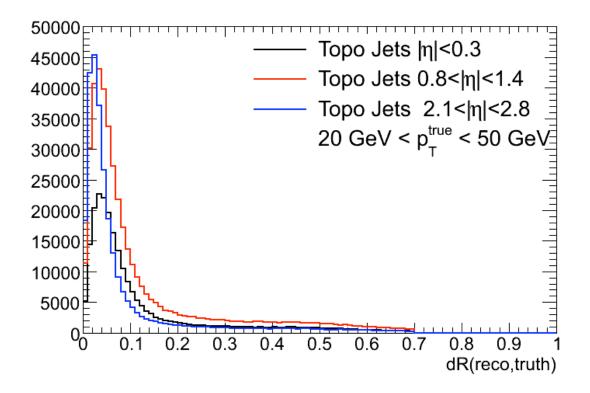
- Clearly, choice is most important at low p<sub>T</sub>
- A too tight cut leaves too many jets out (unlikely to leave these jets out in your analyses with data)

 Small bump at high dR can be eliminated through isolation cuts (split jets that were not split at truth level)

 Similar plots for Tower jets (see back-up slides)



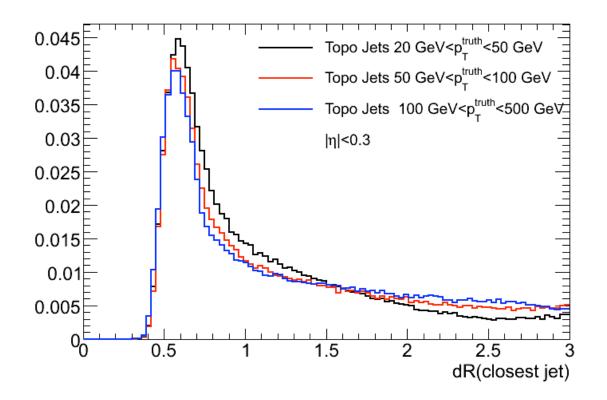
## Jet Matching as a Function of η



 The impact will be similar for different eta regions, even if the width of these distributions might be slightly different (has to do with angular resolution)

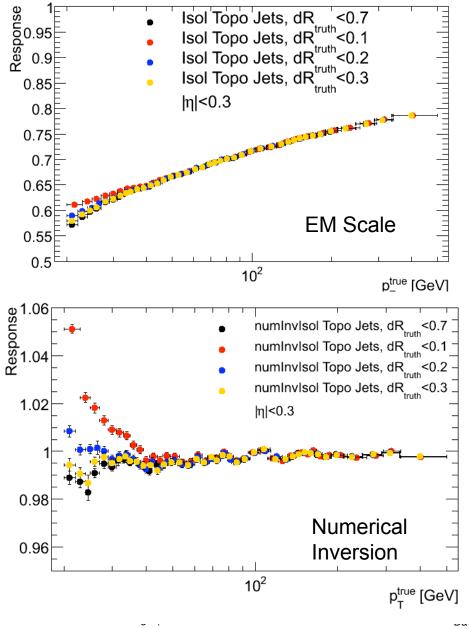


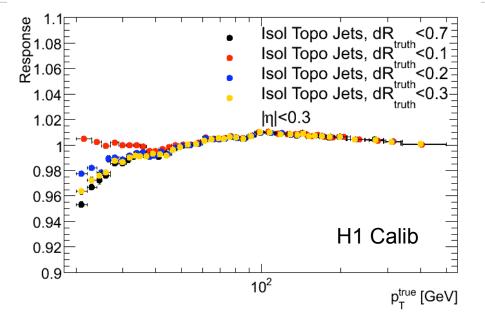
### Jet Isolation as a Function of p<sub>T</sub>



- Choice seems slightly more important at low p<sub>T</sub>
- This is a reco quantity: we can <u>parameterize the response</u> as a function of it (a handle on the jet energy scale of split jets)

### Jet Response for Isolated Jets (dR>1)

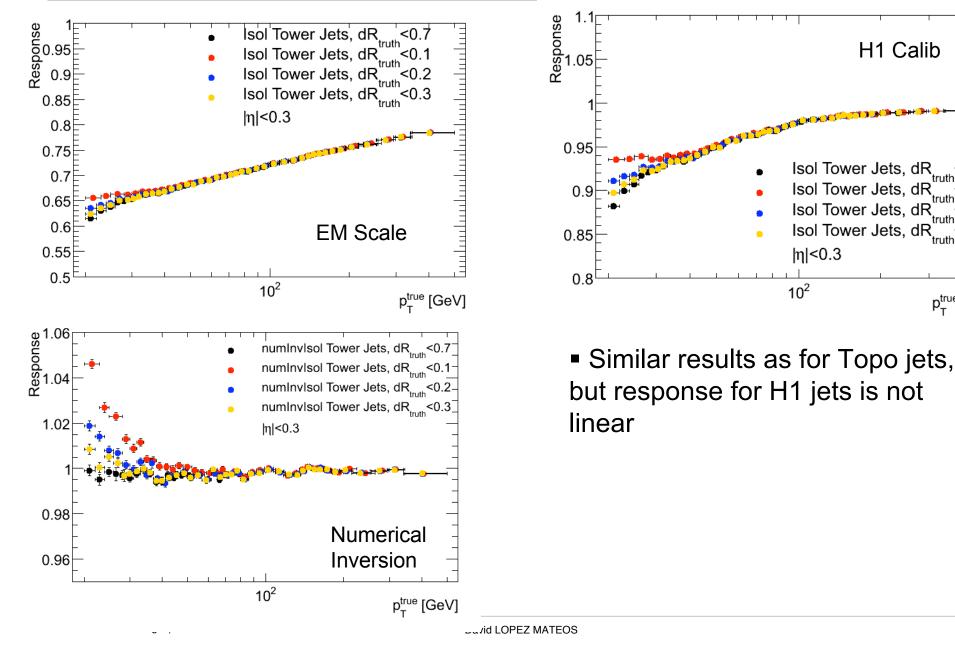




- H1 derived with dR<0.1, N.I.</li>
  with 0.7 (something like 0.3 might be more reasonable?)
- Effect at low p<sub>T</sub> is certainly not negligible (~5% in both cases)



#### Same as Before for Tower Jets



 $p_{\tau}^{true} \left[ GeV \right]$ 

H1 Calib

Isol Tower Jets, dR

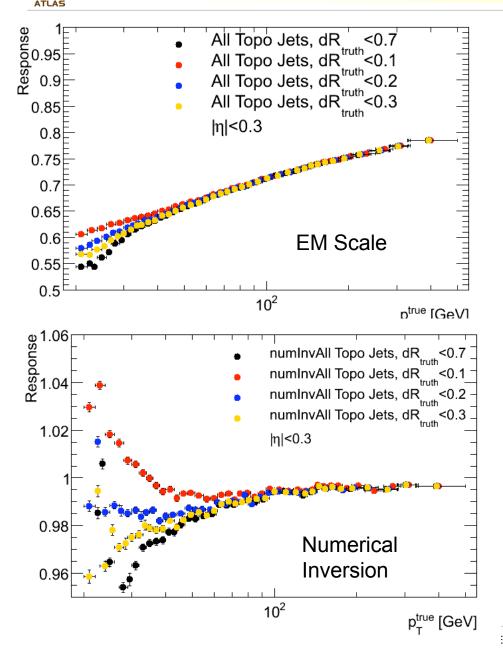
Isol Tower Jets, dR<sup>truth</sup><0.1-Isol Tower Jets, dR<sup>truth</sup><0.2

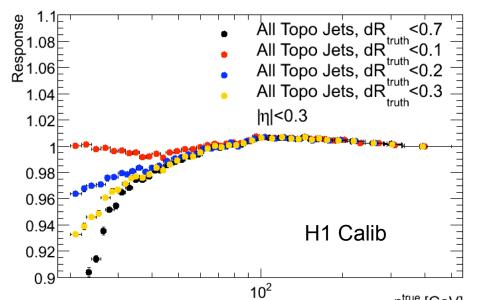
Isol Tower Jets, dR<sup>truth</sup> < 0.3

|η|<0.3

 $10^{2}$ 

#### **Jet Response for All Topo Jets**



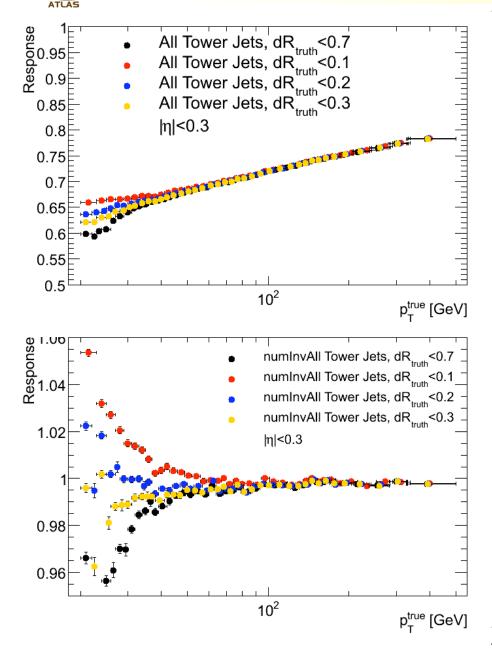


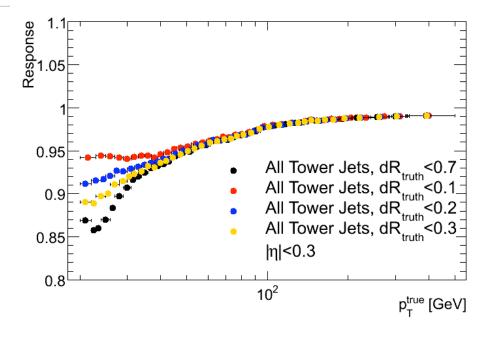
 Sensitivity to matching radius<sup>ptrue</sup>[GeV]
 larger if we have no isolation cut (>10%)

 H1 deals automatically with split jets (if you use the matching radius used in deriving the weights)

 N. I. needs dedicated correction for split jets

#### **Jet Response for All Tower Jets**





 Similar results as for Topo jets, but with the non-linear response observed for isolated jets with H1 calibration



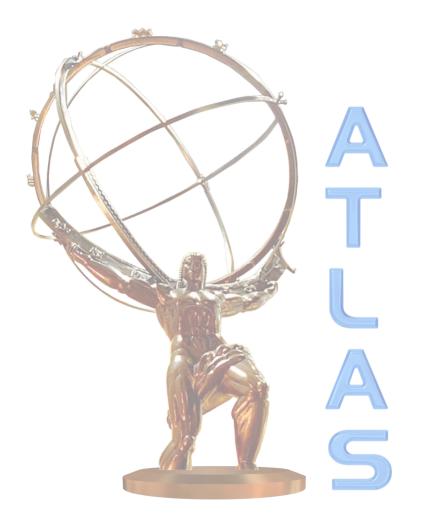
#### Conclusions

• Jet matching definition affects response at a ~5% level, especially at low  $p_T$ : Need a standard definition

• Jet isolation definition makes the response more sensitive to matching radius and it has effects up to mid  $p_T$  (~100 GeV)

 For Numerical Inversion, we plan on using specific corrections for jets that are very close, for H1, when using the right matching radius the response is good

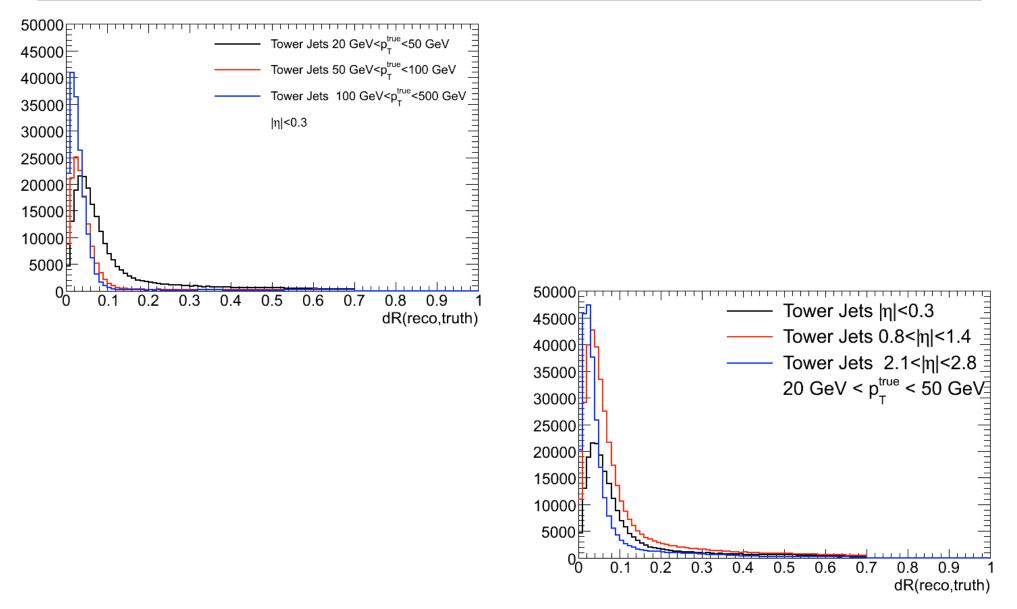
 For Cone jets, parameterizing response as a function of dR to closest jet handles only split jets (not merged). For Anti-kT this would be all that is needed



## **Extra Info**

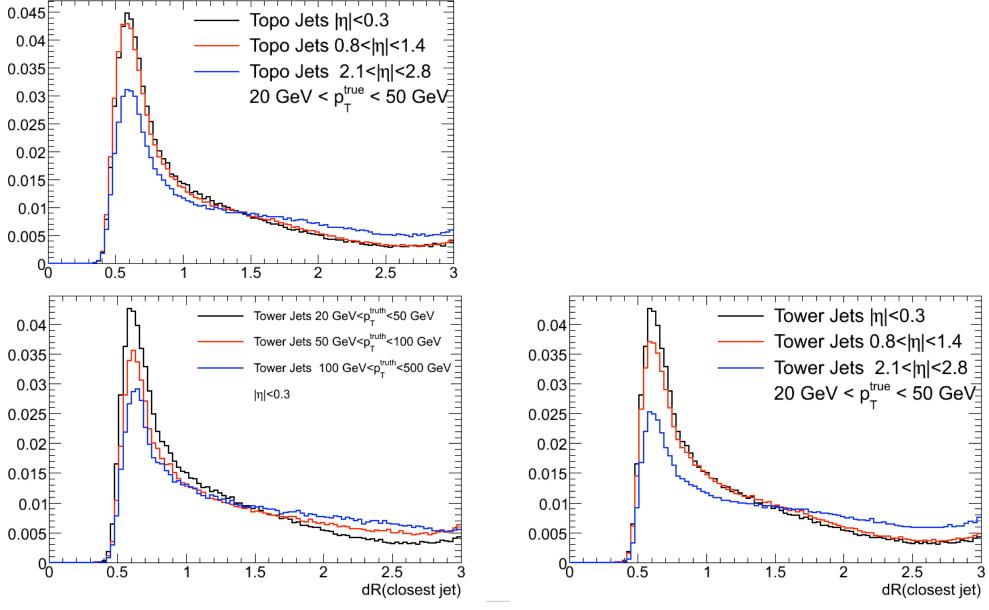


### **Jet Matching For Tower Jets**





#### **Jet Isolation**



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