

Jets and topo-clusters with pile-up

*A **brief** synopsis of dealing with jets and topo-clusters in events with pile-up*

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Aims and content of this synopsis

Everything and more in this TWiki page: [JetsWithPileup \(link\)](#)

We are making great progress and it's important to do it right

Many more people have started looking at the effects of pile-up on jets, jet constituents, and other physics objects in ATLAS. This is also in part do to the **validated** and **centralized** production of pile-up datasets, which has started in earnest.

Several things to keep in mind:

- We have a calorimeter (LAr) which has the issue of pile-up and how to deal with it **built into in it's very design**
- This design renders most the *average* pile-up component as **noise**
- The topo-clustering technique is meant *not only* to represent the particle energy depositions better but also to suppress such **noise**
- We must therefore **estimate the level of this noise correctly** in order to maintain efficient and accurate topo-clustering, and indeed for jet reconstruction generally

Some details and background that I will assume

Everything and more in this TWiki page: [JetsWithPileup \(link\)](#)

Several things to keep in mind:

- Most of this discussion pertains *mostly* or *only* to **simulated** pile-up
- A lot of work is ongoing and making huge steps to provide the full capability to **overlay real pile-up** data, taken from minimum bias triggers, to our simulated signals.
 - **Overlay Validation for ID** (id: atlas; pw: atlas08)
 - **LArPileUpRandomEvent**
- **That** is the real goal...but for now, we are learning a lot from the simulation anyway.
- The LAr calorimeter is optimized for 25ns bunch spacing, so pay attention to the bunch spacing used in your sample!
 - this topic is *very* difficult to deal with...more people should look into this.
- The number of overlaid minimum bias is Poisson distributed...fluctuations are important
- Get used to looking in **AMI** for information about datasets

Making sure noise calculations take pile-up into account

Everything and more in this TWiki page: [JetsWithPileup](#) (link)

1 Know your dataset:

- It is good practice to always check the conditions under which your data were produced/collected (this will become even **more important with real data**)
- Use **AMI!!!**
- Check the `jobConfig` for the **digitized input** to your dataset
- If you see something like `Lumi010DigitConfig_75ns.py` or `Lumi020DigitConfig.py` then the sample was digitized with pile-up
- Real data overlay is not yet in production, but you can expect something similar will apply there
- From the file `Lumi020DigitConfig.py` you can obtain the assumed **bunch spacing** and **number of collisions** simulated
- `digitConfig.bunchSpacing = 25` and `digitConfig.pileupCollisions = 4.6` for example

2 Set the options in your re-reconstruction job:

- `from AthenaCommon.BeamFlags import jobproperties`
- `jobproperties.Beam.numberOfCollisions = 4.6`
- `jobproperties.Beam.bunchSpacing = 25`

3 Verify the options worked:

- You'll see something like this:
- `ToolSvc.CaloNoiseToolDefault INFO N events of Minimum Bias per bunch crossing = 4.6`

Re-making topo-clusters

Everything and more in this TWiki page: [JetsWithPileup \(link\)](#)

There are actually instructions on the [JetsWithPileup \(link\)](#) page. This is what you need to do to re-make them from ESD

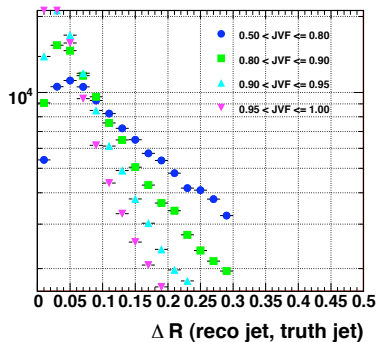
```
doCaloTopoCluster = True
from CaloRec.CaloRecFlags import jobproperties
jobproperties.CaloRecFlags.Enabled.unlock()
jobproperties.CaloRecFlags.Enabled = True
jobproperties.CaloRecFlags.Enabled.lock()
jobproperties.CaloRecFlags.doCaloTopoCluster.unlock()
jobproperties.CaloRecFlags.doCaloTopoCluster = True
jobproperties.CaloRecFlags.doCaloTopoCluster.lock()

from AthenaCommon.BeamFlags import jobproperties
jobproperties.Beam.numberOfCollisions = 4.6
jobproperties.Beam.bunchSpacing = 25

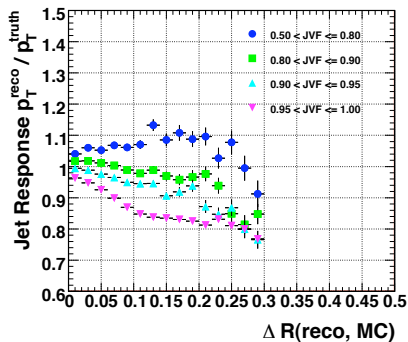
include ("RecExCommon/RecExCommon_topOptions.py")
```

Truth matching in events with pile-up

A follow-up to David's talk



Angular resolution vs. pile-up contribution



Jet response vs. matching radius