

# **FCC Special Technologies WP3 (Beam Transfer Challenges) Summary**

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## **Acknowledgements:**

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# Special Technologies WP3

## BEAM TRANSFER CHALLENGES

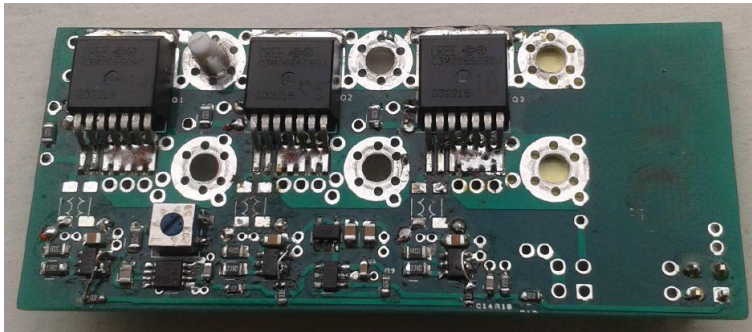


- WU 3.1: Kicker Generator with Solid State Switch Technology;
- WU 3.2: Kicker Magnet R&D
- WU 3.3: Septum Magnet R&D
- WU 3.4: Fast Electronics, Triggering and Switch Controls

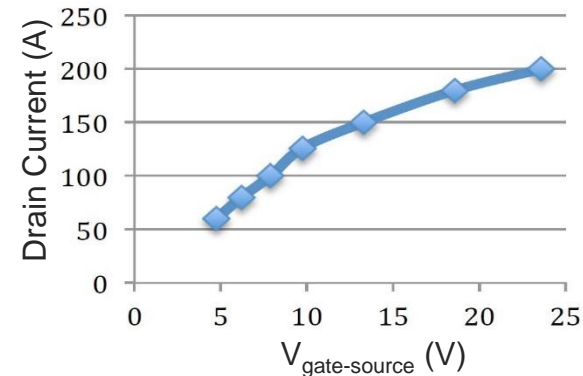
# WU 3.1: Kicker Generator with Solid State Switch Technology

Two options for Solid State Switch Technology, both with modular design, under consideration:

- Activity 1: Marx Generator Concepts (ISEL & EPS, Portugal):
  - Application for funds under Portugal 2020 program unsuccessful in 2016: reapplying May 2017. Nevertheless, EPS continuing with R&D;
  - Characterization of SiC MOSFETs ongoing;



Three parallel SiC MOSFETs



- Current sharing studies for parallel SiC MOSFETs;
- Currently designing 2-3 Marx stage assembly for testing at full current.
- Note: supplied a high-repetition rate Marx generator for high repetition-rate breakdown studies.

# WU 3.1: Kicker Generator with Solid State Switch Technology



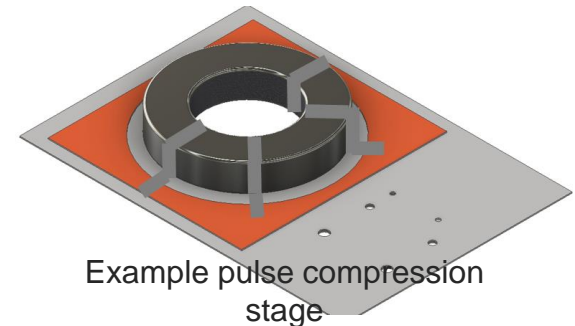
## ➤ Activity 3: Inductive Adder Prototype Development:

		Start
General IA system analysis and basic <b>parameter definition</b>	✓	
Setup of <b>test environment</b>	✓	
Evaluation and characterization of <b>critical components</b>	✓	
a) insulation gap material	✓	
b) magnetic core material	✓	
c) Semiconductor switches and driver circuits	✓ *	
d) HV pulse capacitors	✓	
Selection of <b>prototype components</b>	✓	
Production of <b>PCB</b> and <b>mechanical parts</b> for prototype layers		5/2017
<b>Assembly</b> of prototype layers		9/2017
<b>Test and measurements</b> on prototype layers		11/2017
Design update and production of <b>full scale prototype</b>		4/2018
<b>Validation</b> of full scale prototype		9/2018

# WU 3.1: Kicker Generator with Solid State Switch Technology



- Activity 2: Advances in pulsed power generators and switch technology:
  - Magnetic pulse compression
    - High rate of rise current – ongoing studies
  - High reliability switch topologies
    - No progress – low priority
  - Faraday effect fast Current Transformer (expressed interest to ETHZ) – very promising for measurement of fast pulsed current with high precision
    - ETHZ plan to start a PhD project focussing only on the current sensor: there may be a chance for ETHZ to obtain SNF funding for such a project starting in 2018.



# WU 3.2: Kicker Magnet R&D

PhD student commenced in August 2016:

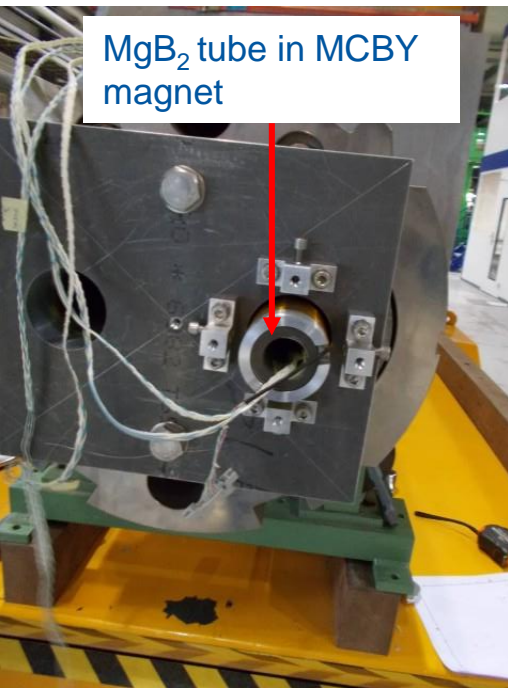
		Start
Definition of key parameters for FCC injection kicker magnets, in parallel with the specification of the pulse generators	✓	
Confirmed need for a beam screen to shield ferrite yoke, for anticipated beam spectrum	✓	
Develop the beam screen to achieve: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ adequately low, broadband, beam coupling impedance;</li> <li>➤ fast field rise and fall times;</li> <li>➤ acceptable high voltage behaviour.</li> </ul>		5/2017
Construct a prototype beam screen for installation in existing magnet (first prototype MKI?).		8/2018
Test the prototype in the laboratory: beam impedance measurements and high voltage tests.		2/2019

# WU 3.3: Septum Magnet R&D

		Start
Lambertson based solution (presented at FCC week 2016)	✓	
Massless septa	✓	Optimization ongoing
<b>Superferric solutions:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Stealth topology proposed by Texas A&amp;M University (P. McIntyre)</li> <li>➤ Truncated half cosine with iron orbiting beam screen by GSI (K. Sugita)</li> </ul>		Ongoing  Currently a low priority for GSI
<b>Superconducting Shield (SuShi) – in collaboration with the Wigner Institute (HU)</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ MgB<sub>2</sub> solid tube;</li> <li>➤ HTS (GdBCO) tape wound on Cu tube carrier;</li> <li>➤ Nb/Ti/Nb/Cu multi layer sheet, to be formed into a tube prior to testing.</li> </ul>	Tested In test	Ongoing

## WU 3.3: SuShi Septum

- First MgB<sub>2</sub> prototype tested in February 2017 in SM18 up to 2.6 T;
- Second GdBCO prototype currently being tested at SM18;
- Third Nb/Ti/Nb/Cu multilayer sheet currently in production. Delivery foreseen for May; prototyping ongoing regarding shaping techniques.



PRAB paper published on SuShi topology:  
<https://journals.aps.org/prab/abstract/10.1103/PhysRevAccelBeams.20.041002>  
 Publications being prepared on the first test results.



# WU 3.4: Fast Electronics, Triggering and Switch Controls

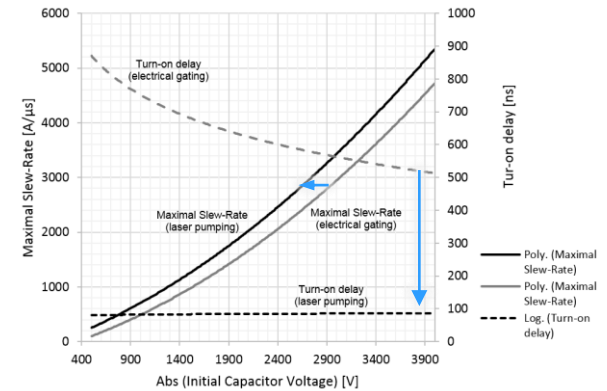


		Start/Comment
Cooperate with other groups at CERN with radiation hardened electronics experience to evaluate future control and triggering solutions		Ongoing
Study and test possible solutions to mitigate degradation by radiation.	X	Not identified as a priority
Studies of laser triggered thyristors ongoing: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ light diffusers studies;</li> <li>➤ Construct a test-bench for high-power laser-pumped thyristor triggering</li> </ul>		Ongoing Ongoing Mid-2017
Develop an Artificial Intelligence prototype by using the logged data of an existing kicker installation		Ongoing

# WU 3.4: Fast Electronics, Triggering and Switch Controls

Laser triggered thyristor:

- Advantages shown by modified COTS thyristor
- Building proof-of-concept test bench, in-house laser diffuser being prototyped
- Low inductance thyristor clamp designed



Anomaly detection by using Artificial Intelligence (AI) algorithms:

- Multi-year collaboration with University of Leuven (EDMS 1752095); master-student started 09/2016
- Presently focus on LHC Injection system
- Currently: anomaly classification and ranking

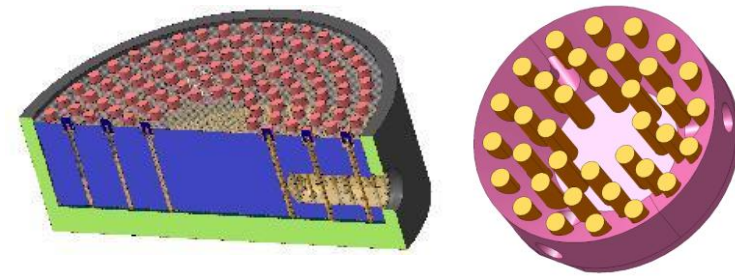


Fig3: PCA plot with 50 most anomalous points

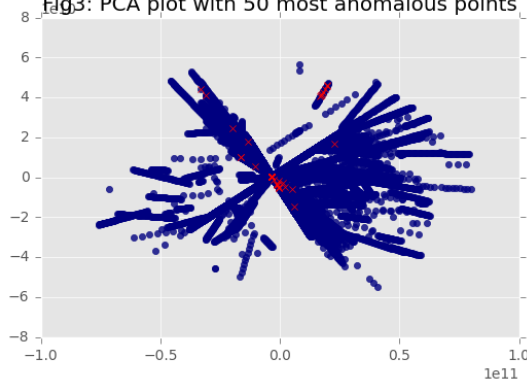


Fig3: PCA plot with time color coding

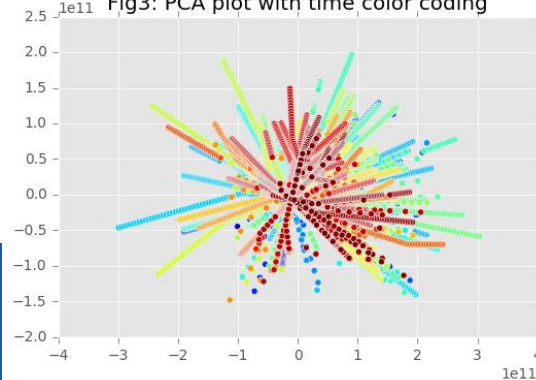
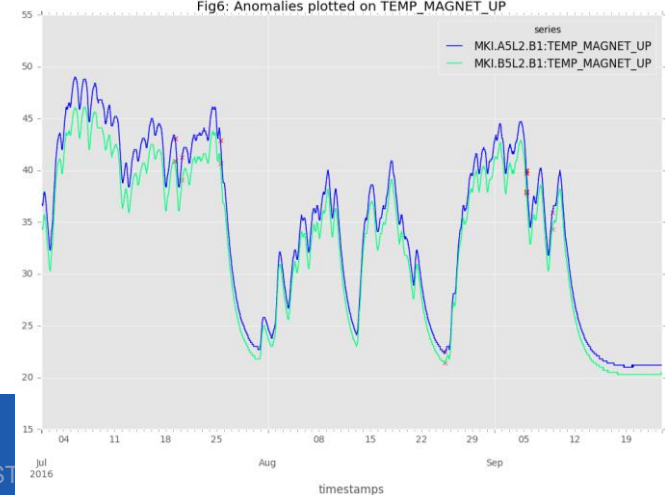


Fig6: Anomalies plotted on TEMP\_MAGNET\_UP



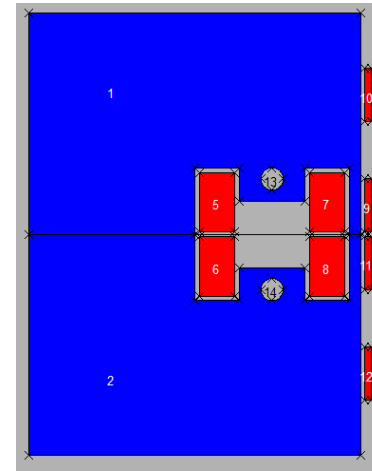
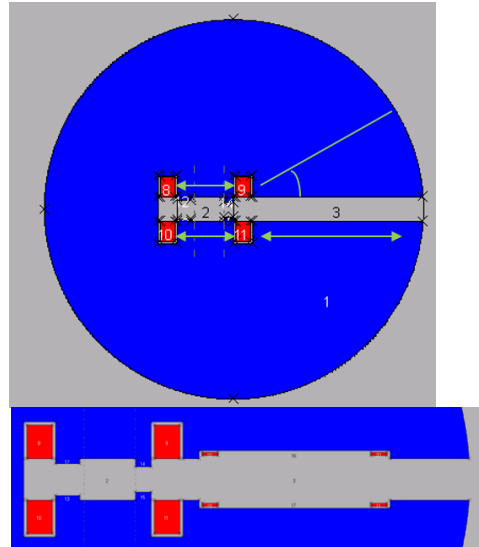
Thank you for your  
attention

# Iron dominated septa

Massless septum:

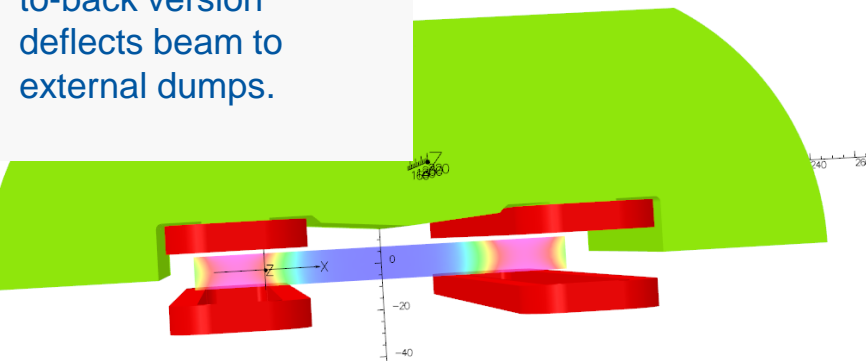
For extraction:

- Proposed a half-open H-dipole (Pacman);
- Optimization ongoing:
  - Transition “septum” region  $\approx 1.5$  times the gap height ( $1.5 \times 26$  mm) instead of 25 mm (Baseline)
  - $B < 2$  T and leak field  $\approx 1e-5$  T

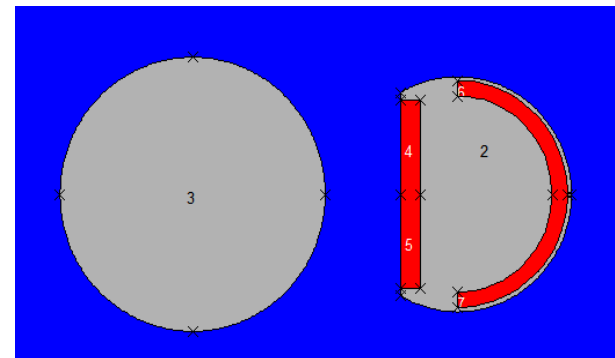


Stealth septum (P. McIntyre)  
Benefitting from magnetisation of asymmetric window frame yoke.  
Septum conductor forces are taken by thin adjacent yoke leg

Injection (for mis-steered beams): back-to-back version deflects beam to external dumps.



Truncated half cosine theta (GSI):



In need of working collaboration with GSI; slow, as SC septum currently a low priority for GSI