

Central exclusive J/ψ production cross-section in PbPb collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5$ TeV with LHCb

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student session



Outline

1. About me
2. Introduction
3. Detector
4. Analysis strategy
5. Data sample and selection
6. Signal extraction
7. Summary



About me

- Third-year undergraduate student of Tsinghua University, China.
- Major: engineering physics



Tsinghua University

Central exclusive production(CEP)

- Definition:

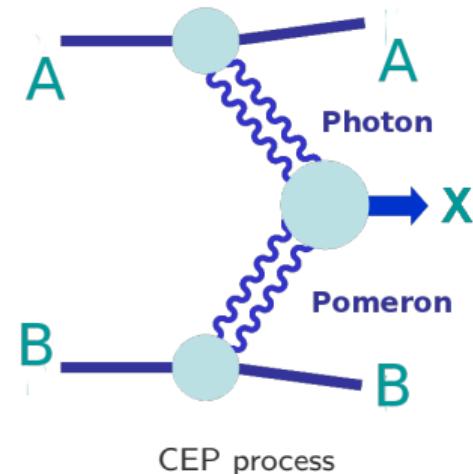
- $A + B \rightarrow A + X + B$
- Fusion of photons and pomerons
(a colourless strongly-coupled object)

- Physics motivation:

- Perturbative QCD
- Gluon parton distribution function

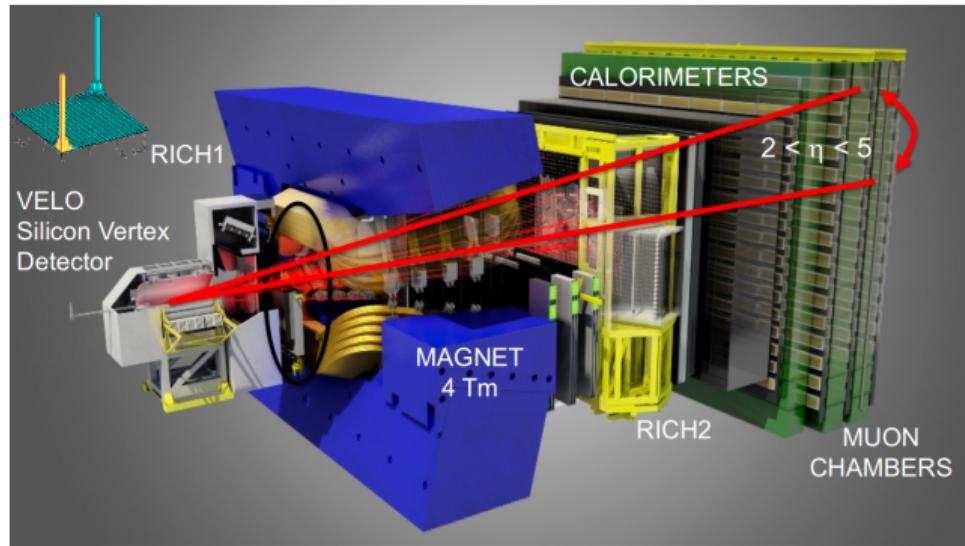
- Features:

- Low multiplicity
- Low transverse momentum(p_T)



LHCb detector

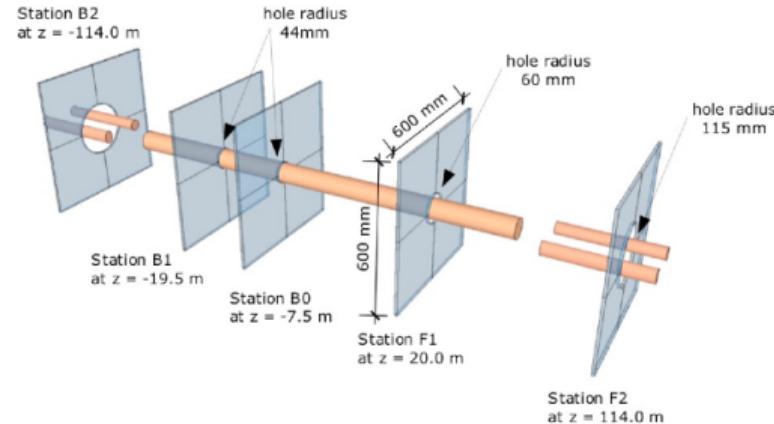
- Single arm spectrometer in the forward direction
 - Coverage: $2 < \eta < 5$
 - Fully instrumented in acceptance range



LHCb detector

Herschel detector

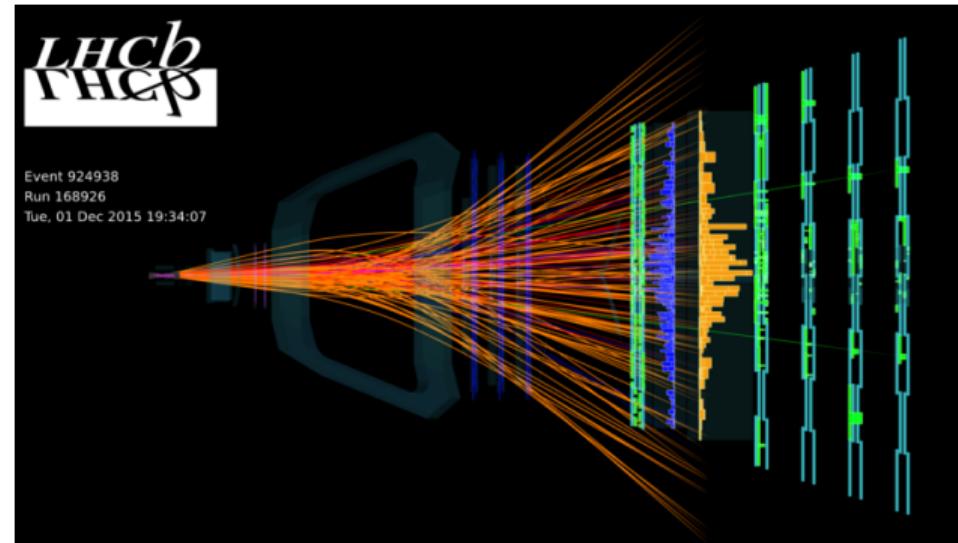
- HeRSChE_L: High Rapidity Shower Counters for LHCb
- -114 m, -19.7 m, -7.5 m, +20 m, +114 m



herschel detector

Heavy ion in LHCb

- Participation in PbPb running in 2015



PbPb event display

Analysis strategy

- Decay channel : $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
- Differential cross-section :

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dy} = \frac{N(J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)}{\mathcal{L} \times \varepsilon_{\text{tot}} \times \mathcal{B}(J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) \times \Delta y}$$

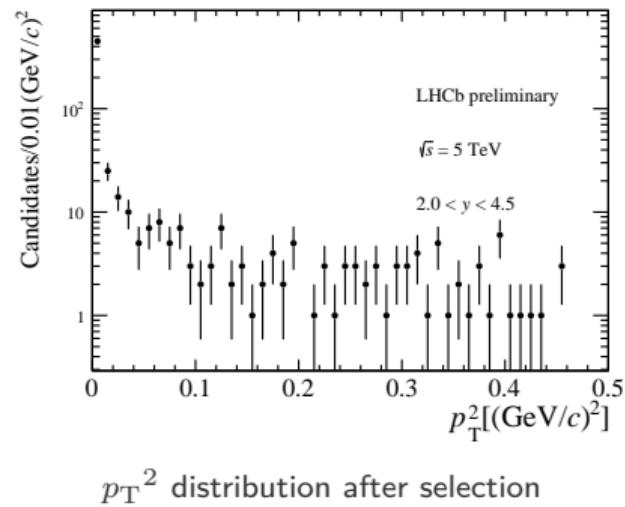
- Fiducial range : $2.0 < y < 4.5$
- The efficiencies include geometrical acceptance, reconstruction and selection efficiency and trigger efficiency.



Data sample and selection

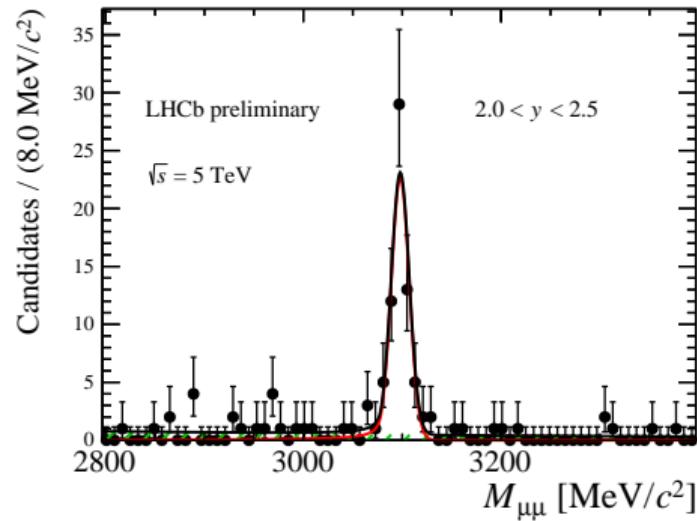
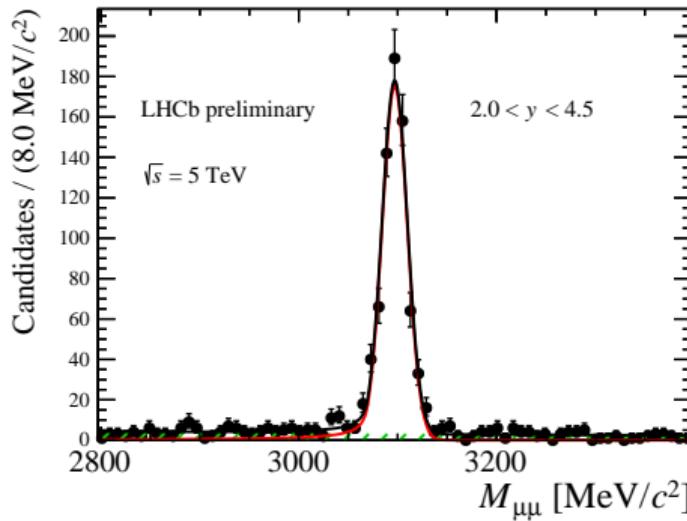
- PbPb data collected in 2015 at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5 \text{ TeV}$ with $\mathcal{L} \approx 5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
- Trigger lines: L0Muon, Hlt1DiMuonHighMass, Hlt2DiMuonPassthrough

Variable	Value
number of PV	$\equiv 0$
track χ^2/ndf	< 3
muon identification	isMuon
track ghost probability	< 0.3
mass window	$3096.9 \pm 150 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
nLongTracks	$\equiv 2$
nDownstreamTracks	$\equiv 0$
nUpstreamTracks	$\equiv 0$
nTTracks	$\equiv 0$



Mass distribution

- Signal: Crystal Ball (CB) function.
- Background: exponential function.



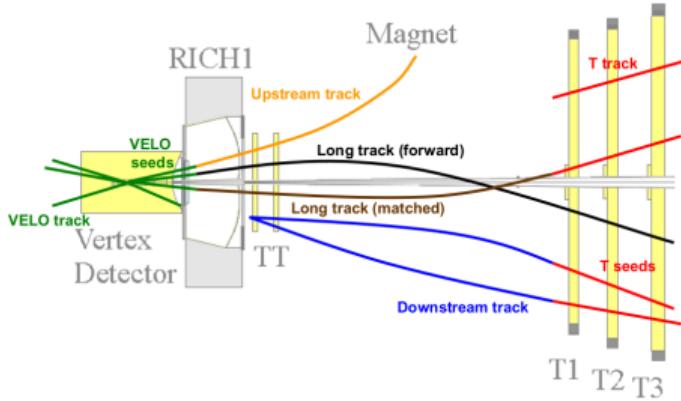
Invariant mass distribution of the data in LHCb acceptance (left) and in a typical bin (right)

Summary

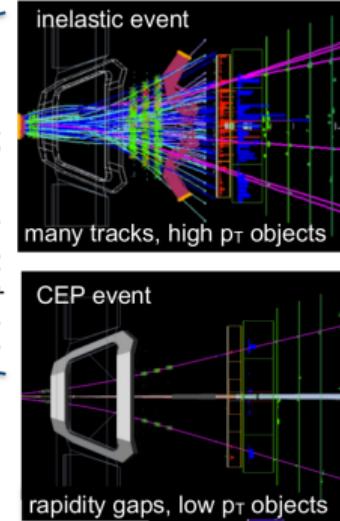
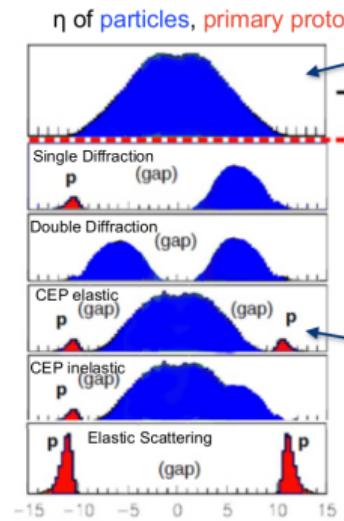
- Finished:
 - Signal yields determination
- Ongoing and next to do:
 - MC sample
 - Estimation of efficiencies



Thanks



- | | |
|--------------------------|---|
| Long tracks | ⇒ highest quality for physics (good IP & p resolution) |
| Downstream tracks | ⇒ needed for efficient K_s finding (good p resolution) |
| Upstream tracks | ⇒ lower p, worse p resolution, but useful for RICH1 pattern recognition |
| T tracks | ⇒ useful for RICH2 pattern recognition |
| VELO tracks | ⇒ useful for primary vertex reconstruction (good IP resolution) |



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Herschel impact on backgrounds

