

Monitoring the Concentration of Fluoride and Other Impurities Across a Purification System

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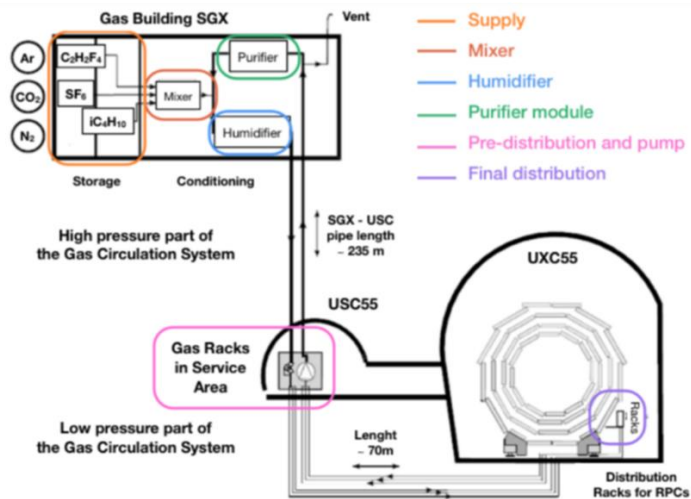
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R&D for LHC Experiments

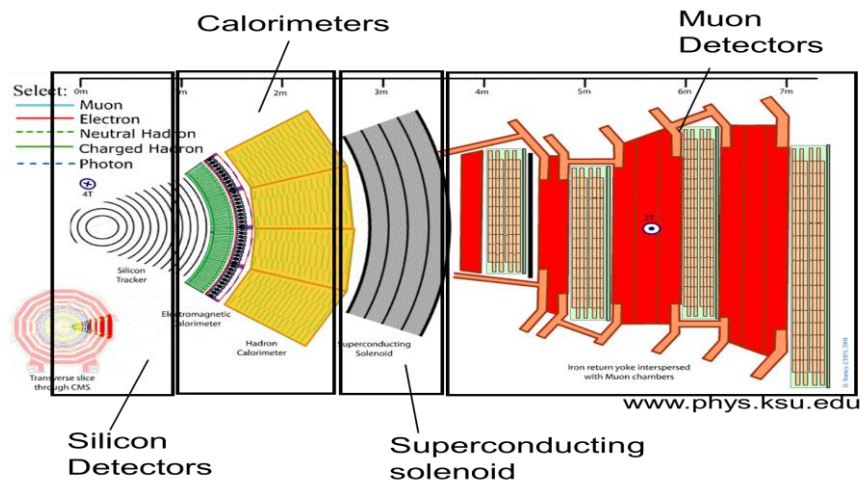
Background

- Resistive Plate Chambers (RPCs) are a type of muon detector that utilizes gas mixtures to induce avalanche ionization reactions
- Harmful impurities can damage the inside of the detector if they are not properly filtered



Schematic of gas recirculation system at CMS

- Gas mixtures must be recycled because they are expensive and may produce greenhouse effects
- Typical gas composition for RPC detectors:
 - 94.7% Freon (C₂H₂F₄) to induce avalanche ionization
 - 5.0% Isobutane (*i*-C₄H₁₀) for quenching
 - 0.3% Sulfur Hexafluoride (SF₆) as a source of electronegativity



Cross-section illustration of the components of the CMS detector

How do we monitor purification systems?

Ion Selective Electrodes (ISE)

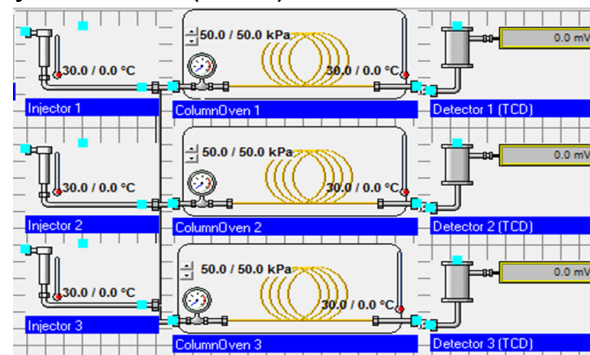
- Measures potential difference between sample and a standard, then utilizes Nernst Equation to solve for ion concentration
- Used to determine the accumulation of Fluoride ions over time before and after purifier



ISE Fluorine Monitor

Gas Chromatography (GC)/ Mass Spectrophotometry (MS)

- GC separates gas components in time and quantifies them using chemically treated columns and a thermal conductivity detector (TCD)



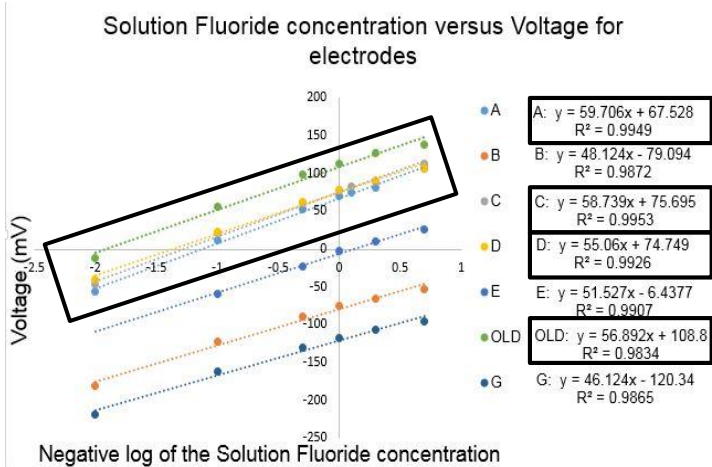
Schematic of the GC internal set-up

- MS identifies components by ionizing and accelerating the sample in a magnetic field. Mass/charge ratios are then determined.
- Coupled together to allow for separation, quantification and identification of gas components

ISE Set-Up

Goal: Monitor the levels of Fluoride build-up over time before and after the purifier

Step 1: Calibrate Electrodes



Ideal Slope:
56+/-4

Step 2: Troubleshooting

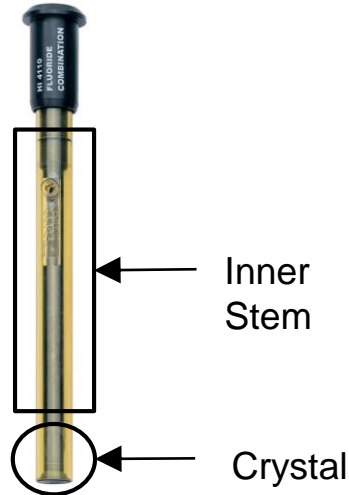
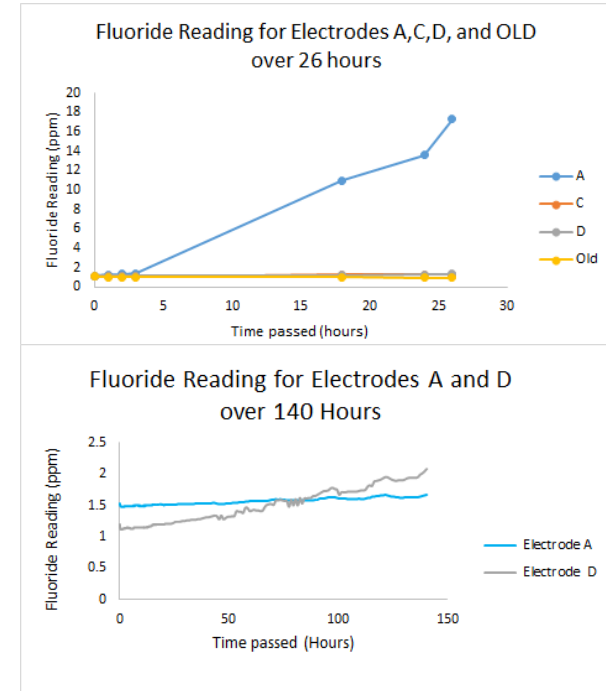


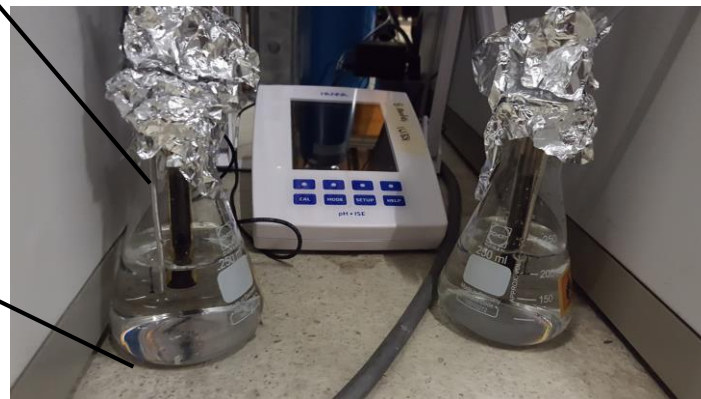
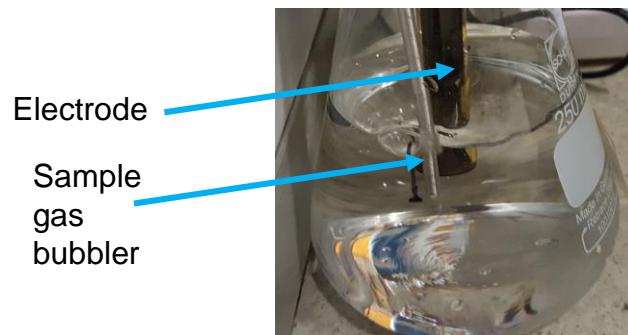
Image from Hannainst.com

Step 3: Stability Tests



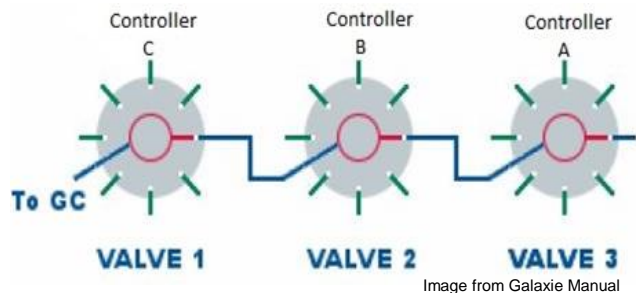
Installing ISE Station

The ISE station is now installed and recording Fluoride concentration data



ISE installed at gas distribution racks

GC/MS Set Up



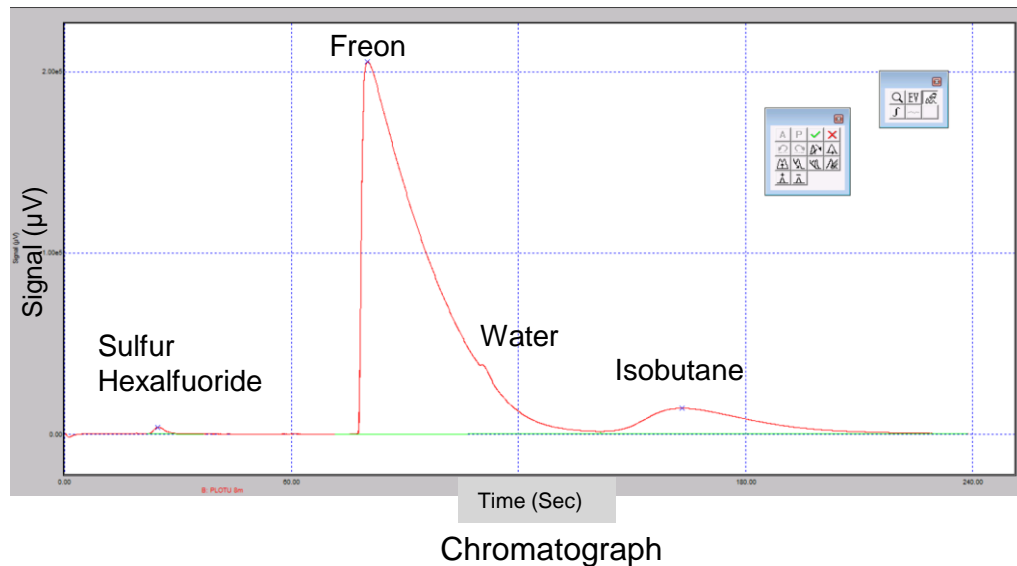
Schematic of valve controller set-up



Micro gas chromatography machine

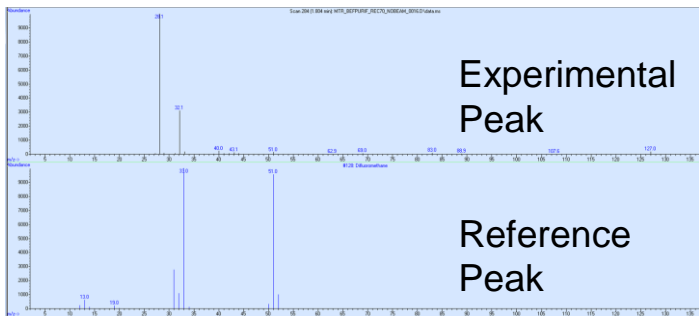
Goals:

1. Troubleshoot Systems and couple GC with MS
2. Set up remote valve control
3. Identify new gas impurities before and after the purifier

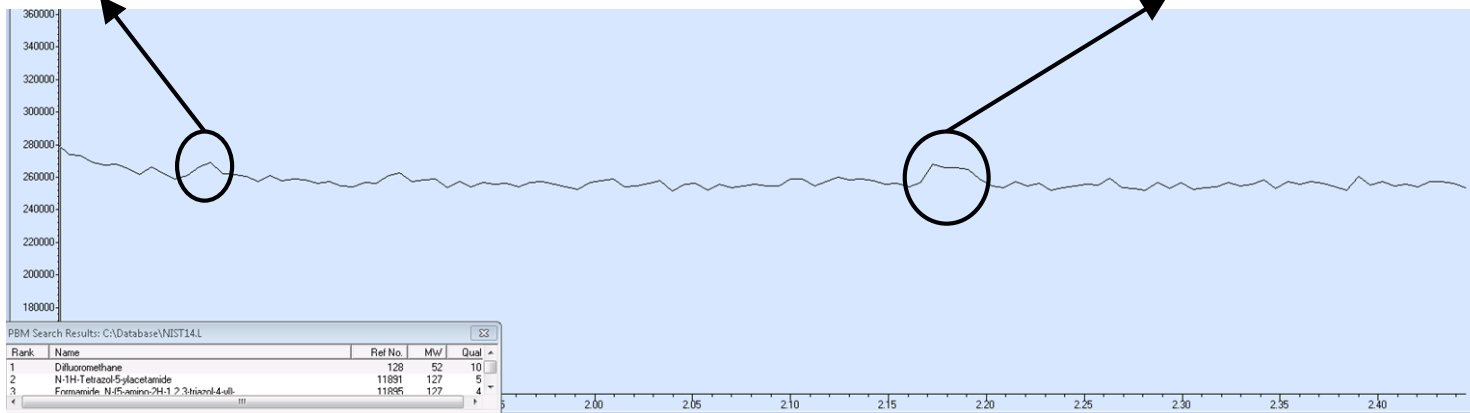
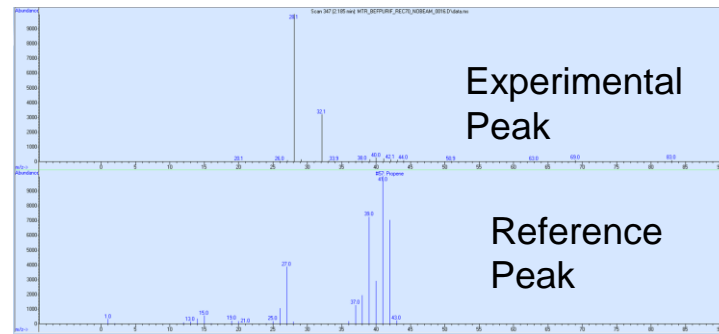


GC/MS Analysis

Difluoromethane



Propane



GC/MS chromatograph

Conclusion

- Gas mixture analysis is used to prevent aging of detector
- ISE, GC, and MS can be used to determine the amount, identity, and accumulation of gas system components.

Acknowledgements

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- I would also like to thank my supervisors, Beatrice Mandelli and Roberto Guida