Overview on the Proposal for a new Gamma Irradiation Facility at CERN GIF++

Mar CAPEANS April 28th, 2009

GIF++ Proposal

Background: GIF facility at X5

- http://ess.web.cern.ch/ESS/GIFProject/index.html
- Unique combination of particle beam and photon background (till 2005)
- Irradiation of very large objects
- Most LHC gas detectors have been validated at the GIF:
 - CMS: RPC, CSC
 - LHCb MWPC
 - ATLAS: MDT, RPC, TGC, CSC
 - Alice TOF, AMS, CPC, RPC
 - RPC Gas Filtering Studies
 - COMPASS
 - LHC Beam loss monitors



GIF++ Survey

http://cern.ch/irradiation-facilities/

Deadline for answers: February 2008

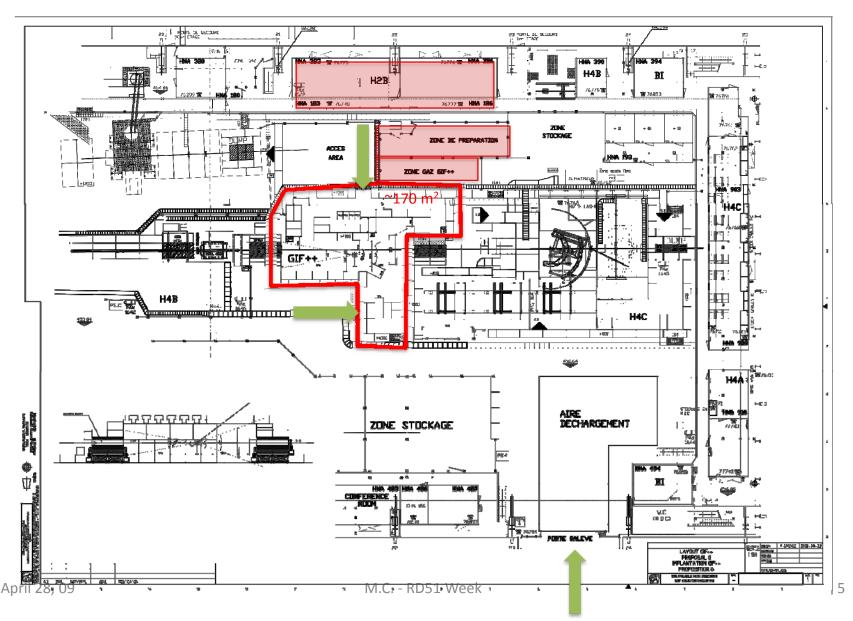
GIF/GIF++ Answers: 29/9

- There is a set of groups concerned by radiation hardness of materials,
 small prototype detectors, electronic components and radiation
 monitors or dosimetry under a strong photon flux.
- The second set of users represent the muon detector communities of the LHC experiments. Their focus is the characterization and understanding of the long-term behavior of large particle detectors and therefore they need, in addition to the high-rate, large-area photon background, the availability of a high energy (SPS), low rate and narrow muon beam.
- A common point made by all users is the need of well equipped facility providing an excellent general infrastructure and a variety of common services to minimize administrative and setting up procedures.

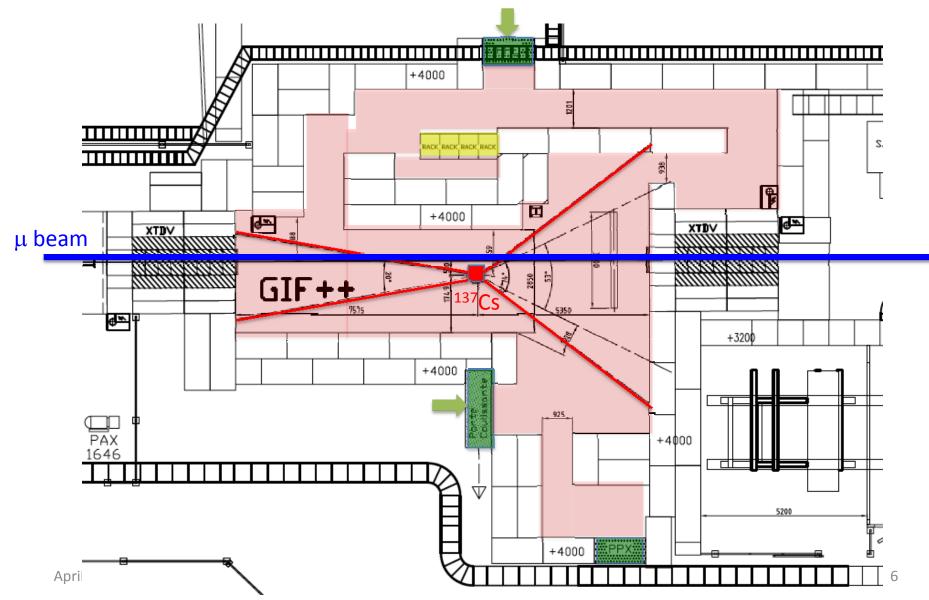
GIF++ Proposal

- Summary of the Technical Specifications available at
 - http://cern.ch/WP7/WP7 DOCUMENTS.htm
- Meeting for discussion with users on Thursday 30/4 in 13-1-017, and possibly go ahead :
 - http://indico.cern.ch/event/57447

Proposed Location (by EN Dept.)



The Bunker



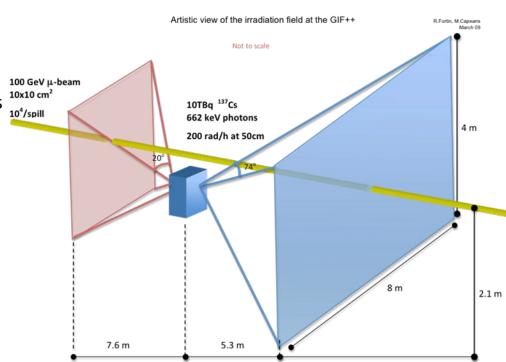
Irradiation field

Particle beam:

- 100 GeV covering an area of about 10 x 10 cm² for 10⁴ particles/spill
- H4 beam line in the EHN1 (CERN Building 887) area of the SPS
- 6 weeks/year, on request to PS/SPS Physics Coordinator

Source:

- Rate in the muon detectors will be dominated by background due to neutral particles, photons and neutrons with energies below 1 MeV
- 137Cesium source (662 keV photons), 30 y half-life
- ~10 TBq providing up to 2 Gy/h at a distance of 50 cm
- Back to Back beams



Dose Rates

- Estimates: 10 TBq ¹³⁷Cs providing up to 2 Gy/h at a distance of 50 cm
- Photon rate attenuation up to ~10⁵ by a set of movable filters
 - sLHC dose rates:
 - Si-trackers ~ MGy/y
 - Calorimeters ~ 20 kGy/y
 - Muon systems: 0.1 Gy/y

Peripheral Infrastructure

- Electricity
- Fire detection
- Gas supply and detection systems
- Gas distribution close to bunker
- Chilled water
- Cable and pipe trays
- Ethernet
- Crane access
- Preparation area
- Short-term storage areas
- Barracks
- Safety systems (beam, access, etc...)

Neutral gases: Ar, N_2 , CO_2 , He, Xe at > 5 bar Flammable gases: iC_4H_{10} , CH_4 , Ar/ H_2 Special gases: $C_2H_2F_4$, SF_6 , CF_4

Mixers
Consumption monitor
Gas Analysis
IR analysis/interlock for
flammable gases

Infrastructure inside the Bunker

- Cable and pipe trays
- Tent with controlled environment (T, RH) ???
- Environmental sensors
- Dose rate monitoring
- Beam monitoring

Timescale

- Evaluation of possible scenarios and Design Proposals: June September 08
- Preparation Technical Design Proposal (PH and EN Dept): September 08 April 09
- Design of Final Infrastructure (not related to beam): September 08 February 09
- Approval of Technical Specifications of the facility: May 09
- Procurement and construction phase: May 09 December 09
- Infrastructure commissioning: January 10 May 10
- Target date 'Ready for users': May 10
- First report of results: Dec 10

 We need a strong and continuous support and contributions from the user community