Triggerable and time-tagged X-ray generator

Filippo Resnati (CERN) on behalf of the GDD team

X-ray generator

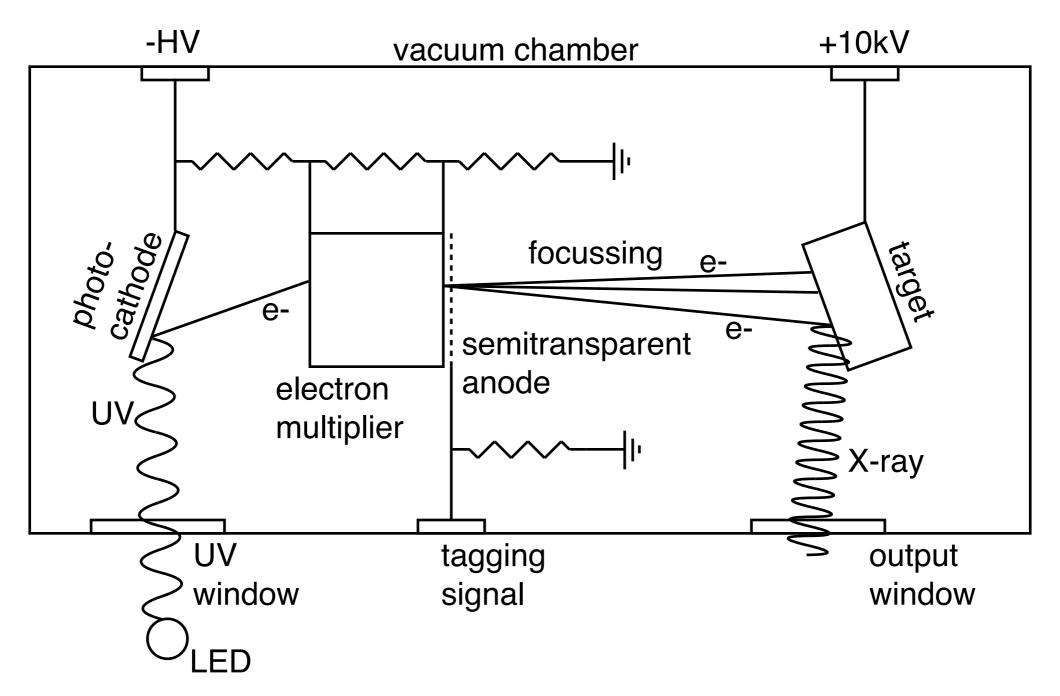
Idea from Patent US 20140044239 A1

One new feature: time tagging of the X-ray production

Possible usage:

- triggerable and modulated X-ray generator
- precise time tagging of X-rays
- low quantum efficiency (but fast) UV PMT
- triggerable and modulated low energy e- beam

WLS: from UV to X-ray



LED: UVTOP 240

UV window: CaF₂

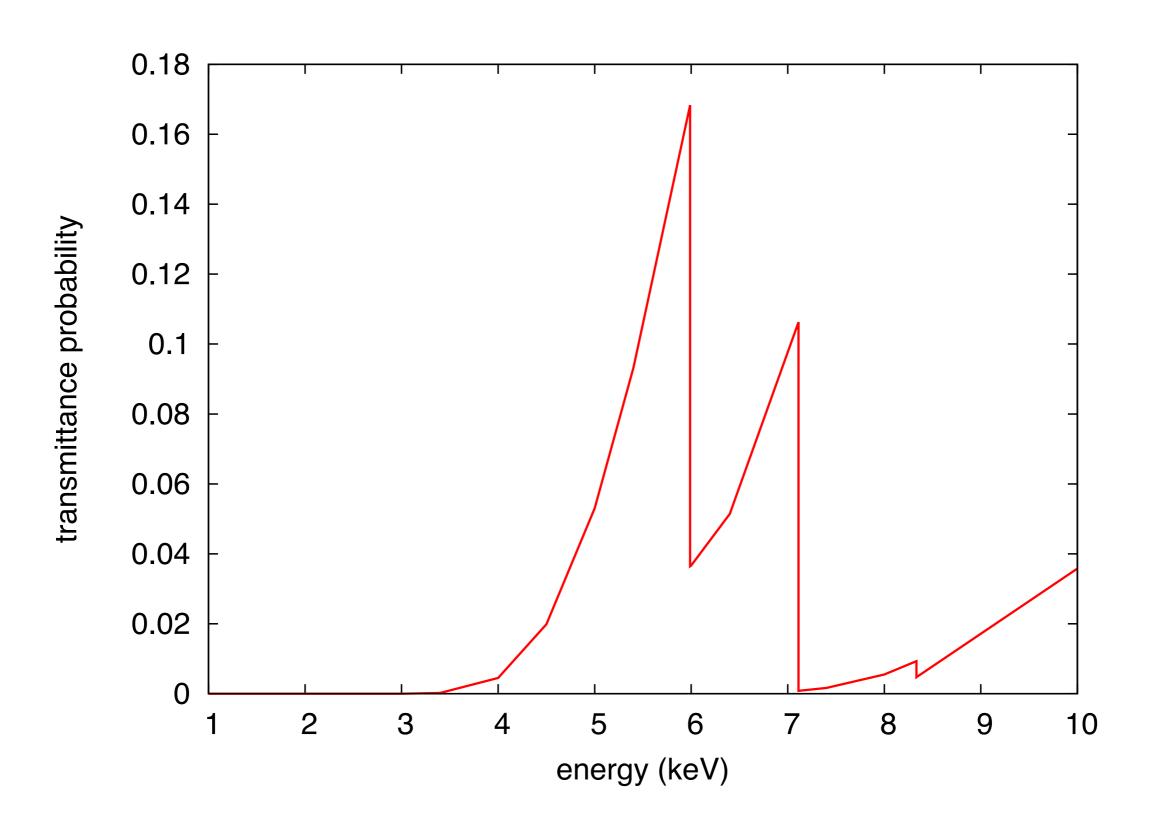
Photocathode: Au

Electron multiplier: MCP

Target: Cr (5.4 keV)

Output window: SS 25 um

The X-ray window



The target

Target	Transition	Energy (keV)	Efficiency (sr	After attenuation
Ti	K	4.5	6.7x10	1.3x10
Cr	K	5.4	3.5x10	3.1x10
Fe	K	6.4	1.5x10	7.5x10
Ni	K	7.4		
Cu	K	8.0	1.2x10	6.0x10
Ag	L	3.4		
Pt	M	2.2	2.4x10	/
Au	M	2.3	3.9x10	/
Pb	M	2.4	2.4x10	/

The MCP

- Gain > 10⁶
 measure single photoelectrons
 about the same order of UV input and X-ray output
- Intrinsic time resolution << 100 ps
- Dark current << few Hz
- Operative at pressure < 10⁻⁴ mbar
- Compact size

Operation modes

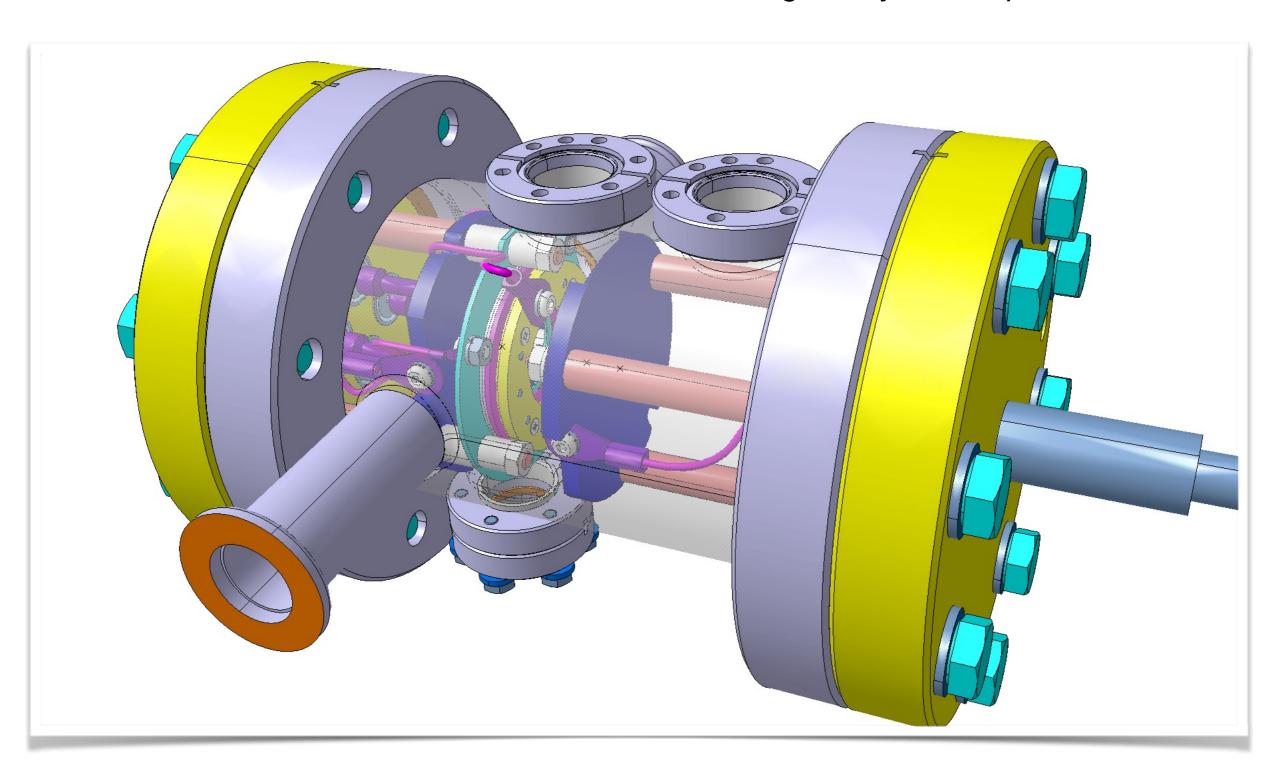
- "Amplitude and time modulation":
- several X-rays out every UV bunch
- time resolution limited by the UV source

"Low intensity":

- X-Ray out < 1 every UV bunch input
- time resolution given by the tagging

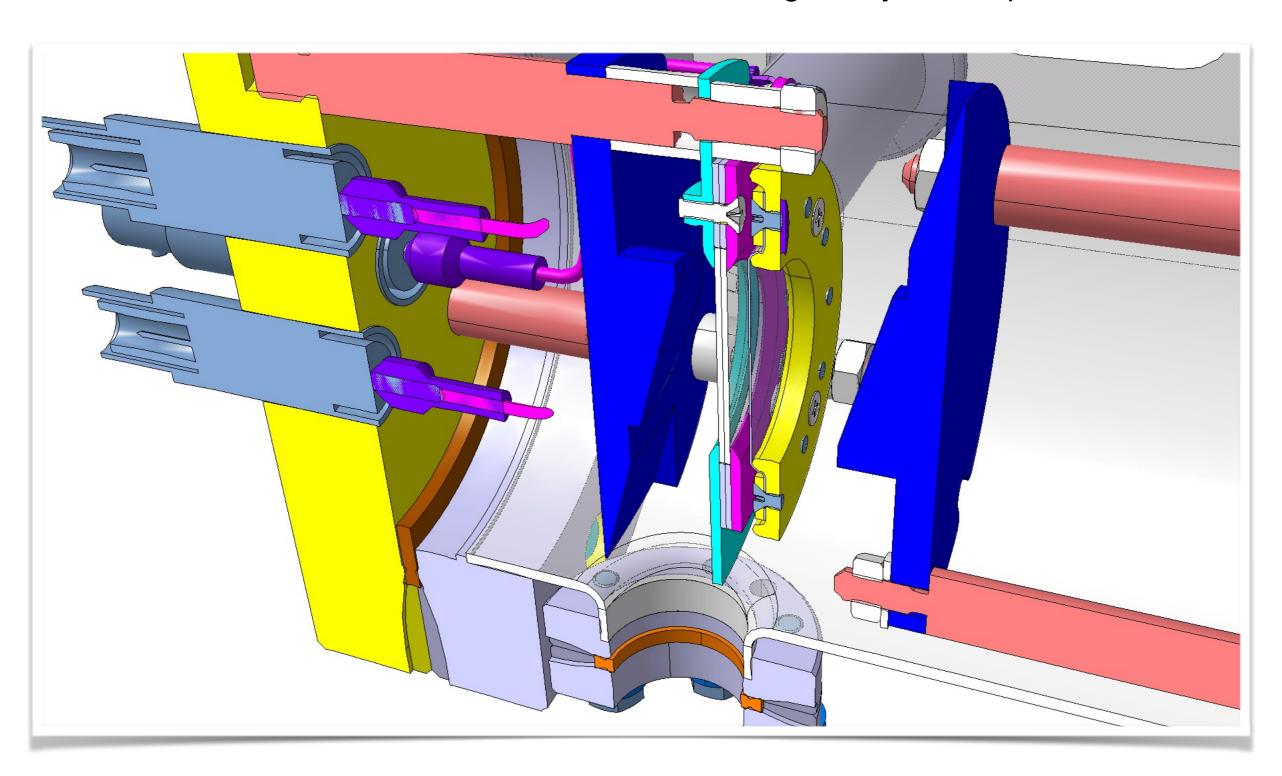
Engineering design

Designed by Christophe Bault



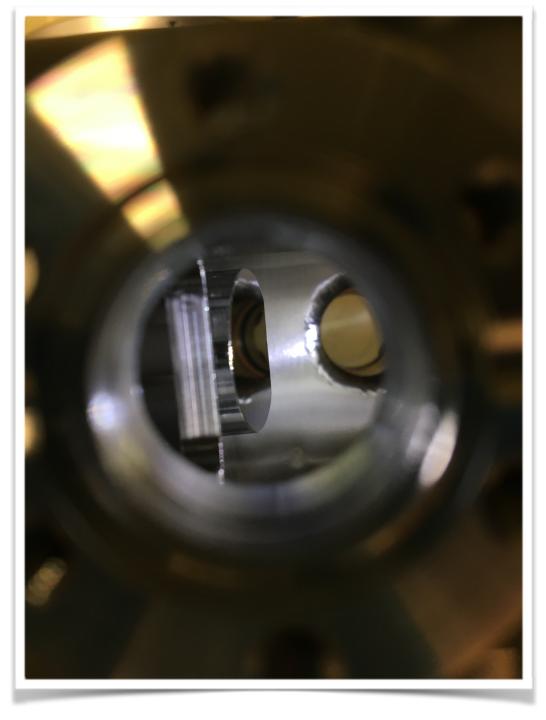
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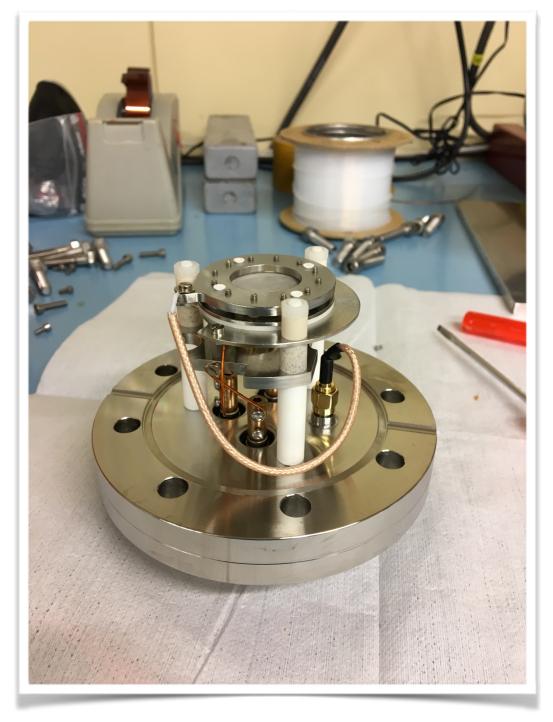


Assembly

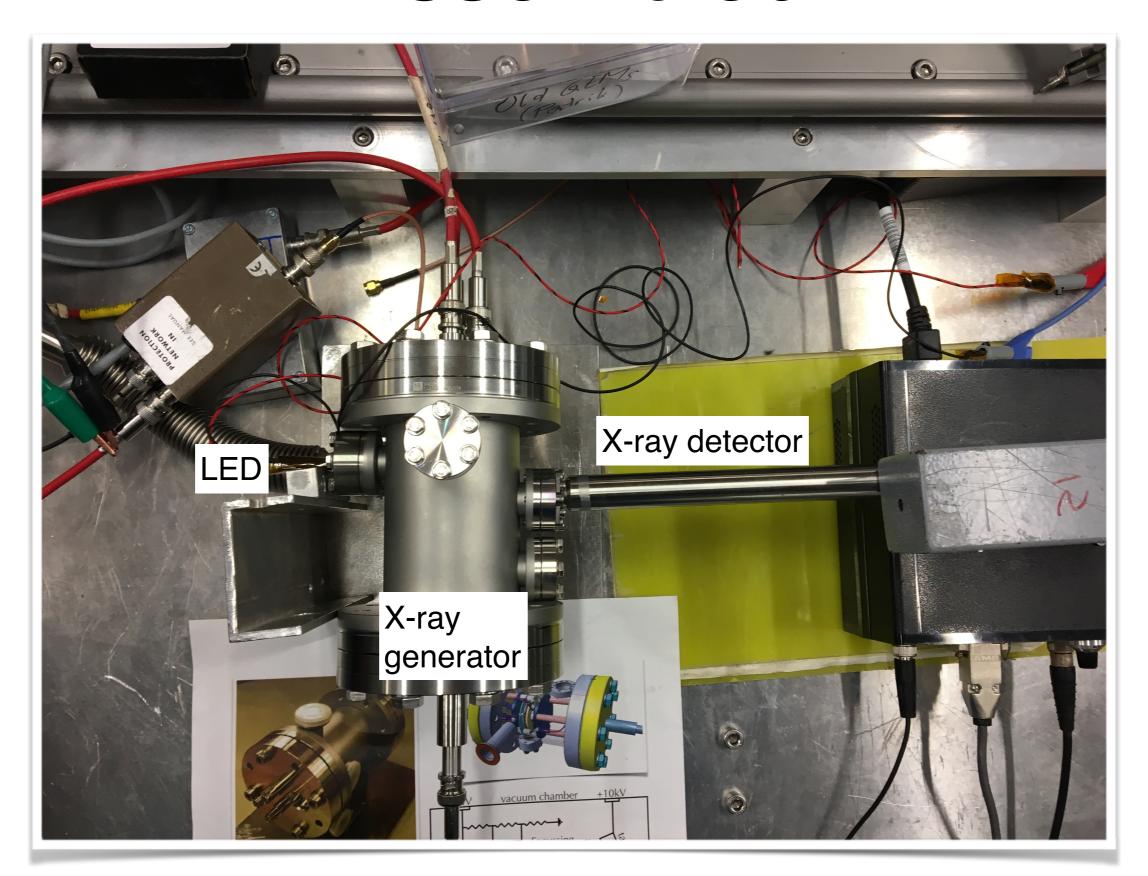
Target

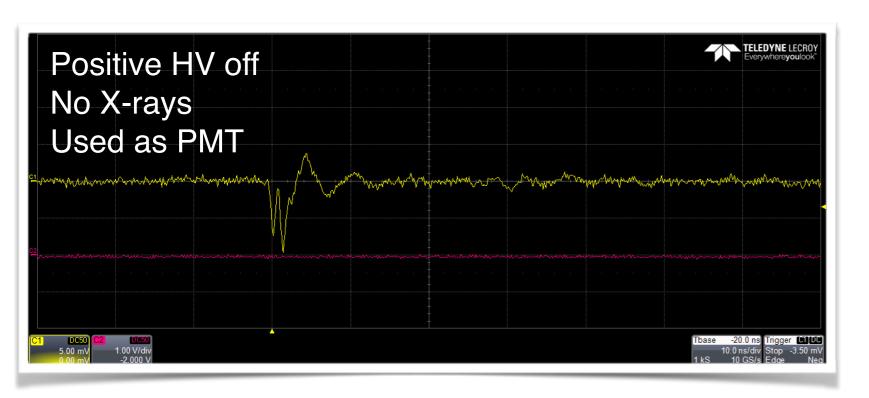


Cathode side



Assembled





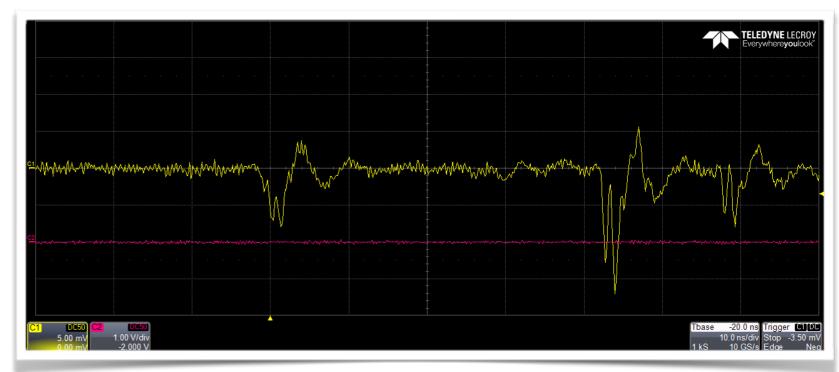
Single photoelectrons MCP gain of about 3x10⁵

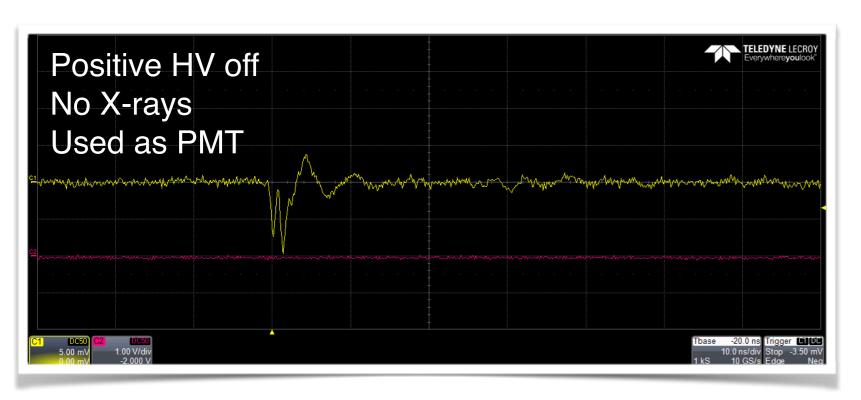
Reflections caused by non-ideal signal routing (soon will be fixed)

Anyway rise-time < 500 ps

After-pulses due to ion feedback Improvements on:

- MCP chevron configuration
- residual gas





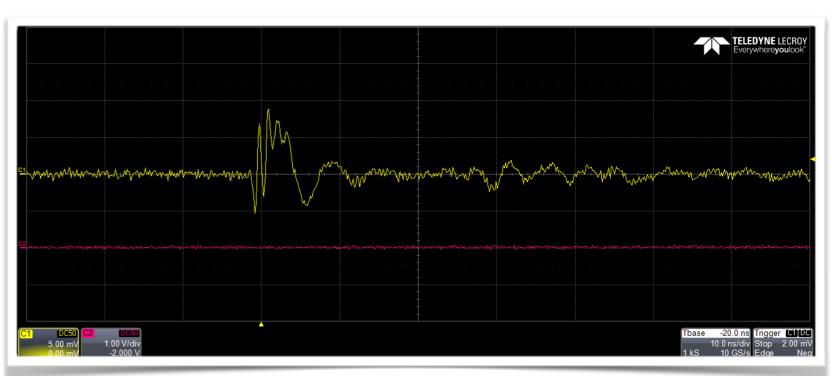
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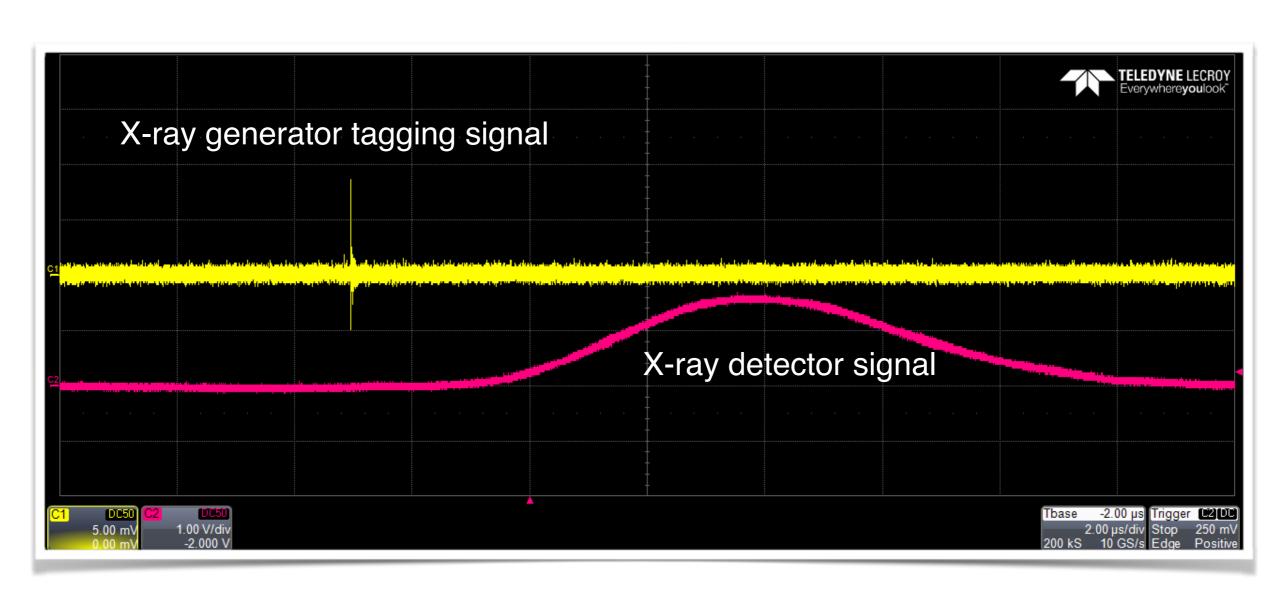
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When positive HV is on signals change sign and shape

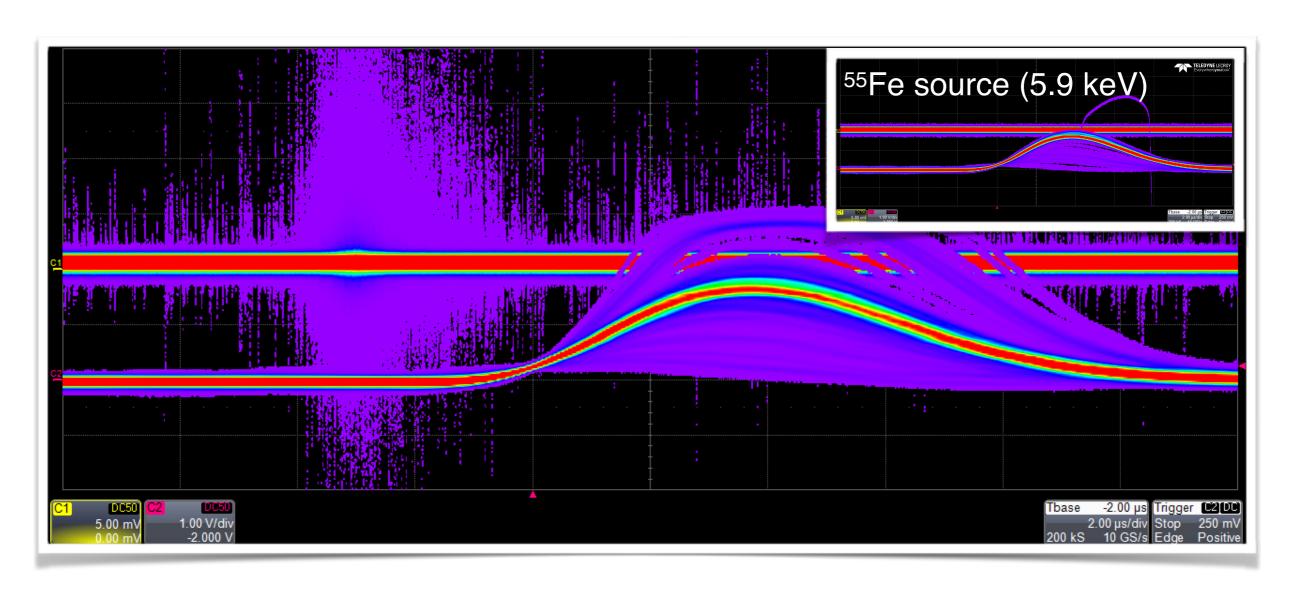
Not all electrons are collected on the semi-transparent anode and electrons move away from it



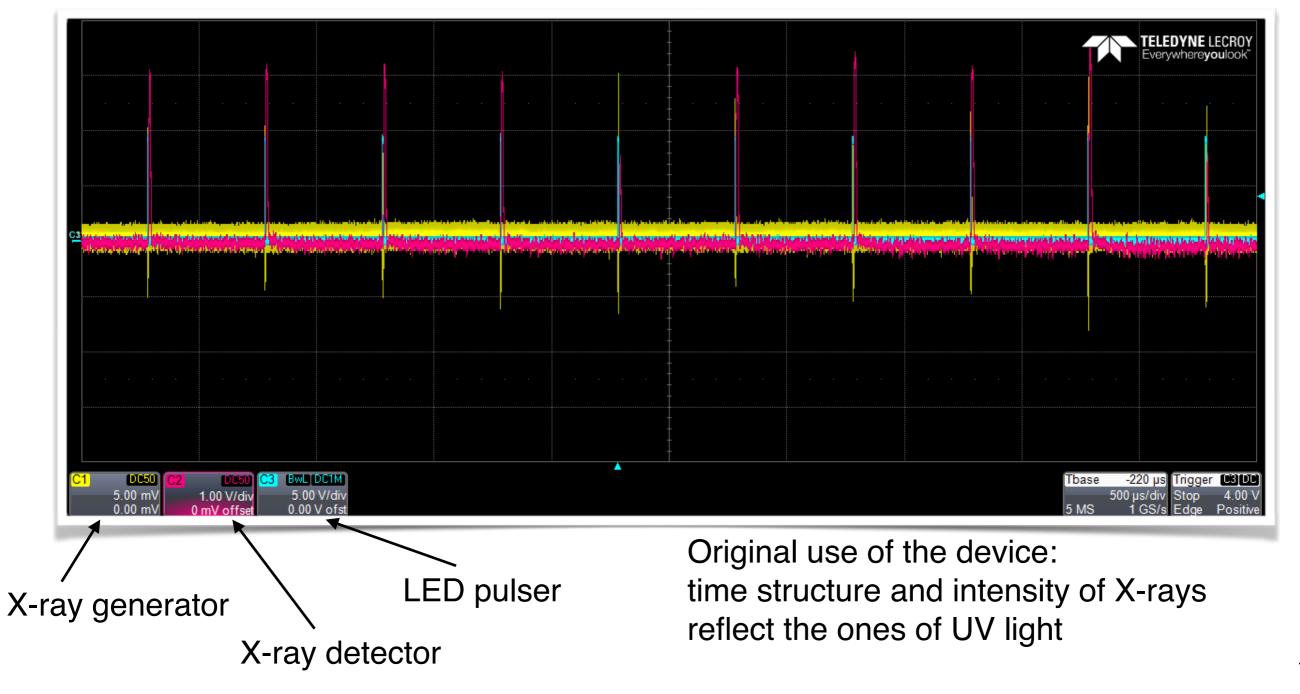
And X-rays are produced



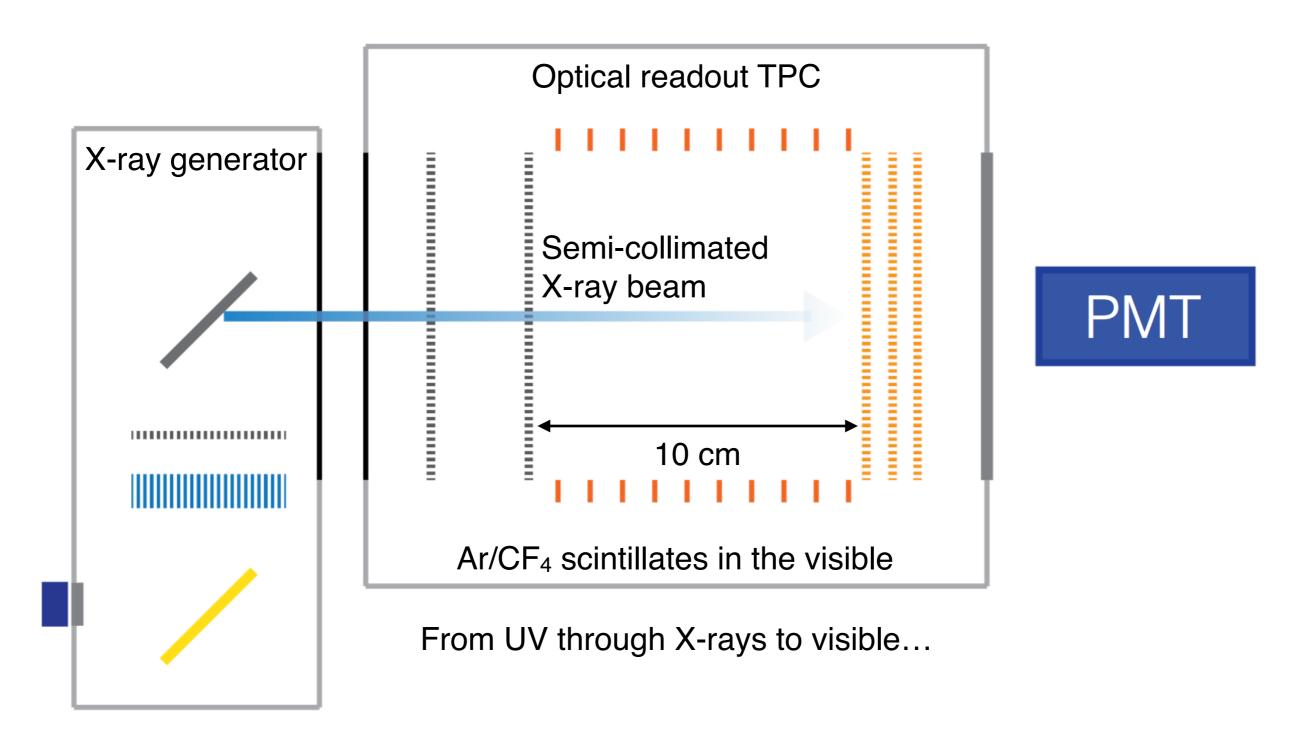
Of the right energy (5.4 keV)



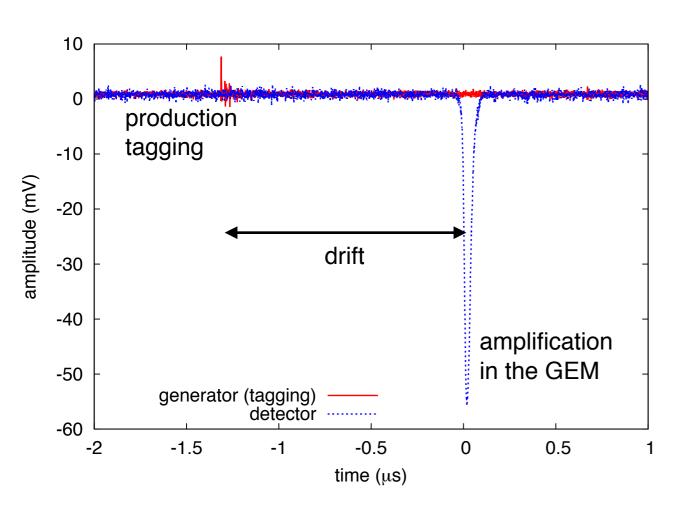
And only when the UV light is on



A twist in the WLS story



Depth of interaction

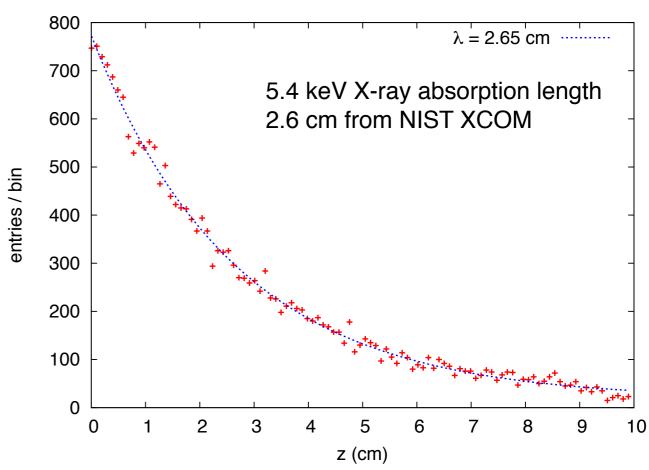


And also:

- Depth of interaction studies in dense and thin materials
- Studies of resonant behaviours
- Timing studies are also possible...

Examples of applications:

- amplitude vs drift time (electronegative impurities)
- absorption length (gas composition)



Summary and outlook

Summary:

- Time-tagging of the X-ray generation is established
- Ultimate time resolution is expected to be << 100 ps
- The device can be used as a very fast UV-PMT
- Depth of interaction studies is only one of the possible usages

Outlook:

- Several things understood and few things to be improved (signal)
- Use a very fast LED driver (several X-rays in few tens ps)
- Use a fast detector (intrinsic time resolution of the system)