# Moduli Stabilization in Meta-Stable Heterotic String Vacua

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in collaboration with Marco Serone

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Go back to moduli stablization and SUSY breaking in flux-less, perturbative heterotic strings

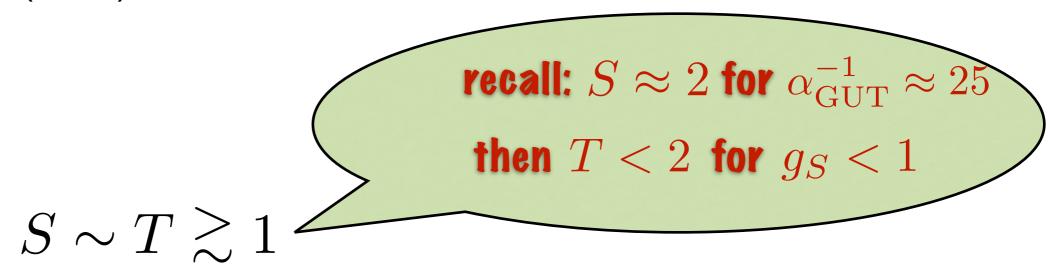




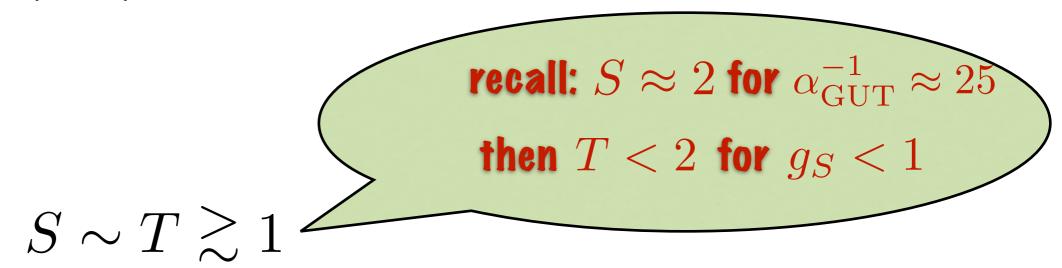


$$S \sim T \gtrsim 1$$



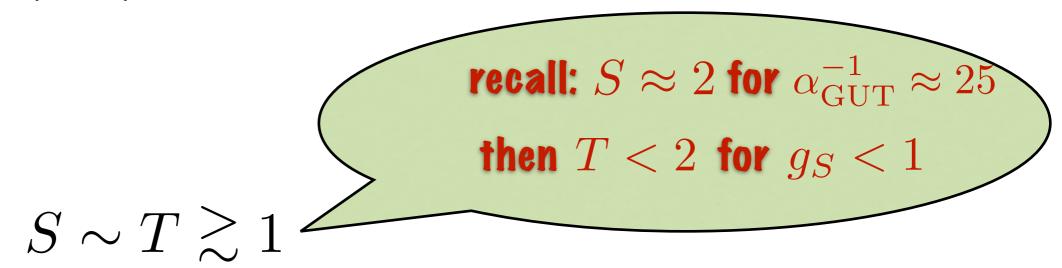






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$$S_0 = \frac{1}{a_2 - a_1} \ln \left( \frac{a_2 A_2}{a_1 A_1} \right) \gtrsim 1$$
 [Casas, de Carlos & Munoz]

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$$W_{RT2} = A_2 e^{-a_2(S+\gamma T)} - A_1 e^{-a_1 S}$$

$$W_{RT3} = (A_2 e^{-a_2 S} - A_3 e^{-a_3 S}) e^{-\gamma T} - A_1 e^{-a_1 S}$$

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RT2: has a non-SUSY minimum,  $F_T \neq 0$ , but still AdS RT3: has a SUSY AdS minimum in S and T!

SUSY breaking - add one more condensate: SU(N) with  $N_f$  flavors  $Q, \tilde{Q}$  such that  $N < N_f < 3N/2$  - realizes ISS

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Dynamics of baryons  $\varphi \sim Q^N$ ,  $\tilde{\varphi} \sim \tilde{Q}^N$  & mesons  $\Phi \sim Q\tilde{Q}$  below  $\Lambda_{\rm ISS}$ 

$$W_{\rm ISS} = \operatorname{Tr} \tilde{\varphi}^t \Phi \varphi - \mu^2 \operatorname{Tr} \Phi + \frac{\det \Phi}{\Lambda_{\rm ISS}^{N-2}}$$

 $\Phi \ll \mu \ll \Lambda_{\rm ISS}$ : determinant piece negligible, SUSY-breaking vacuum at

$$\Phi_0 = \begin{pmatrix} Y_0 & 0_N \\ 0_N & \hat{\Phi}_0 \end{pmatrix} = 0 \quad , \quad \varphi_0 = \tilde{\varphi}_0 = \begin{pmatrix} \mu \\ 0_N \end{pmatrix}$$

 $\mu \ll \Phi \ll \Lambda_{\rm ISS}$ : trilinear piece negligible, SUSY vacuum at

$$\varphi_{\text{SUSY}} = \tilde{\varphi}_{\text{SUSY}} = 0 \quad , \quad \Phi_{\text{SUSY}} = \frac{\mu}{\epsilon_{\text{ISS}}^{(N-2)/N}} \mathbb{1}_{N_f} \quad , \quad \epsilon_{\text{ISS}} = \frac{\mu}{\Lambda_{\text{ISS}}}$$

embedding into heterotic supergravity -  $\mu$  and  $\Lambda_{\rm ISS}$  S-dependent the full system is now:

$$W = W_{\rm RT} + W_{\rm ISS}$$
 ,  $\mu^2(S) = e^{-\eta S}$  ,  $\Lambda_{\rm ISS} = e^{-\frac{8\pi^2}{2N-1}S}$   $K = -3\ln(T + \bar{T}) - \ln(S + \bar{S}) + K_{\rm ISS}$ 

 $K_{\rm ISS}$  now essentially unknown, allow for S- and T-dependence, take

$$K_{\rm ISS} = \frac{\operatorname{Tr} \Phi^{\dagger} \Phi}{(T + \bar{T})^m (S + \bar{S})^n} + \frac{\operatorname{Tr} (\varphi^{\dagger} \varphi + \tilde{\varphi}^{\dagger} \tilde{\varphi})}{(T + \bar{T})^p (S + \bar{S})^q}$$

Study of full  $V_F(S, T, \Phi, \varphi, \tilde{\varphi})$  is hard. Expand in powers of  $\mu \ll 1$ 

$$V_F = V_s + V_w$$
 with:  $V_s \gg V_w$ 

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Requiring Minkowski vacuum determines size of  $W_{\rm RT}$ 

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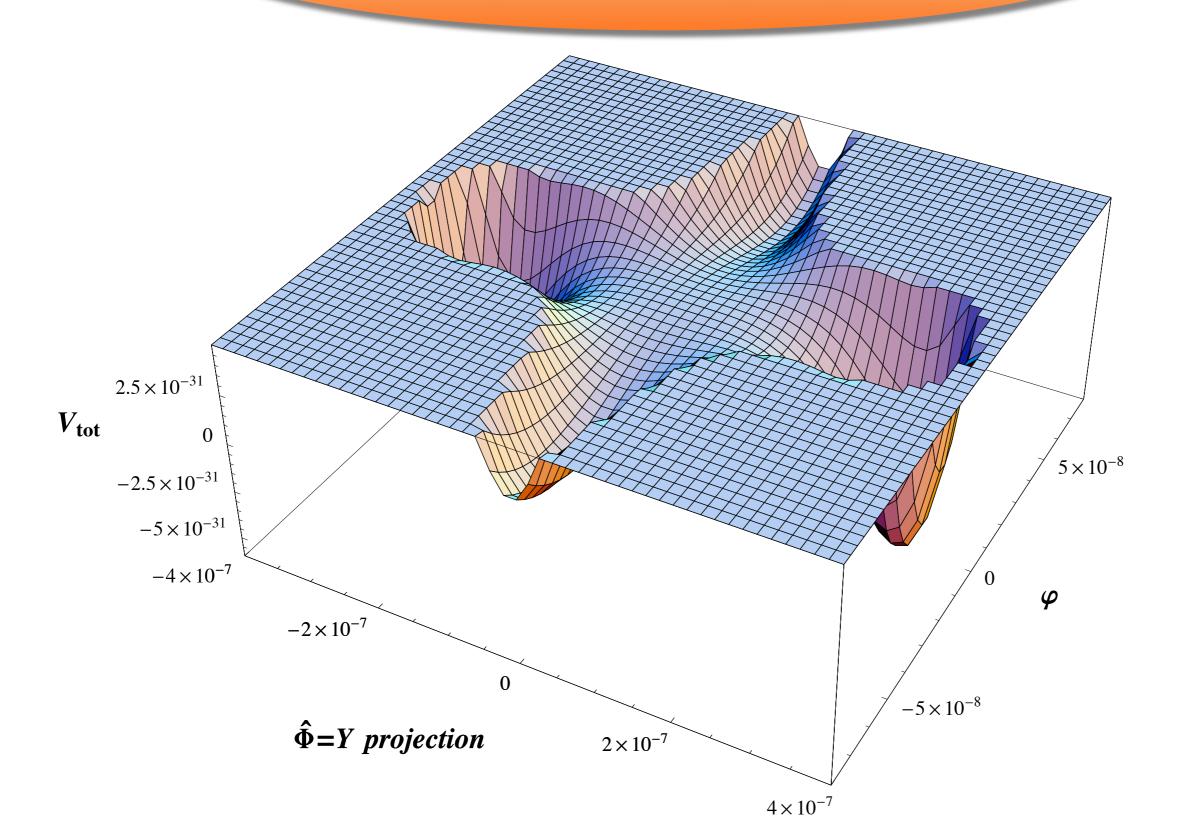
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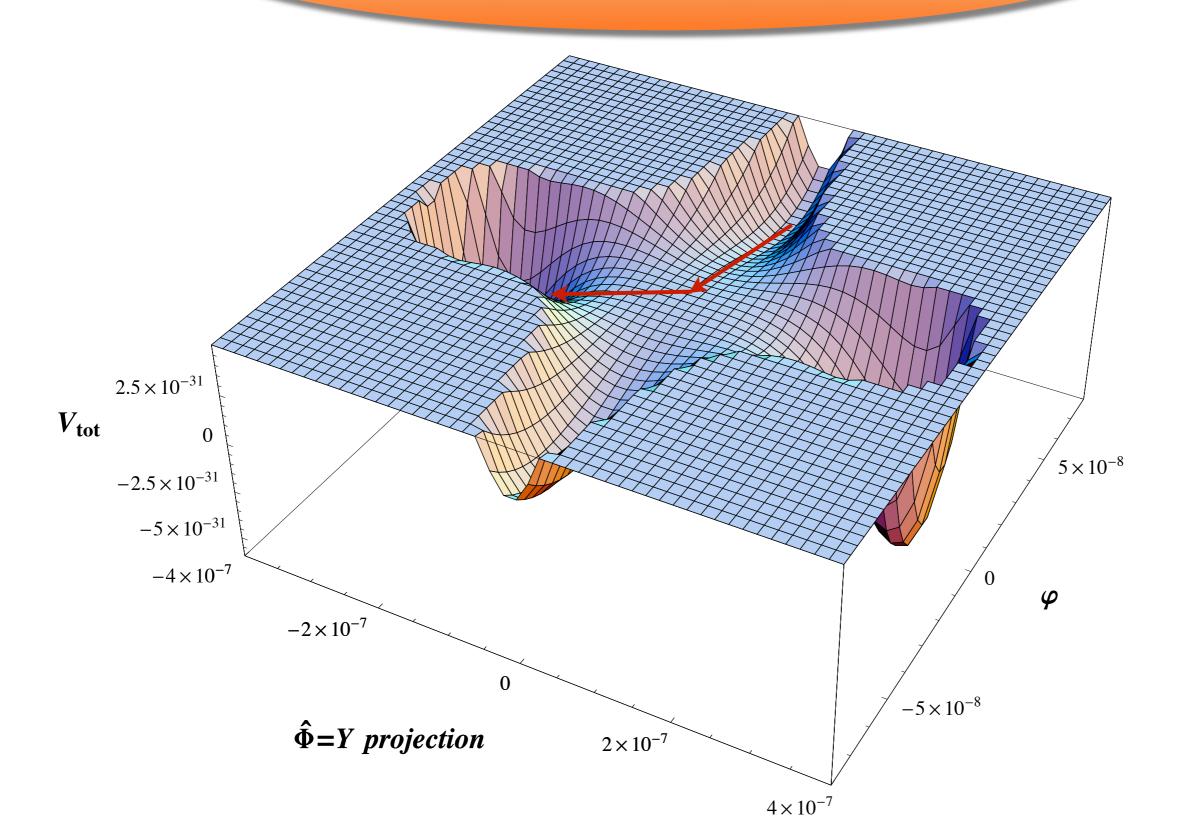
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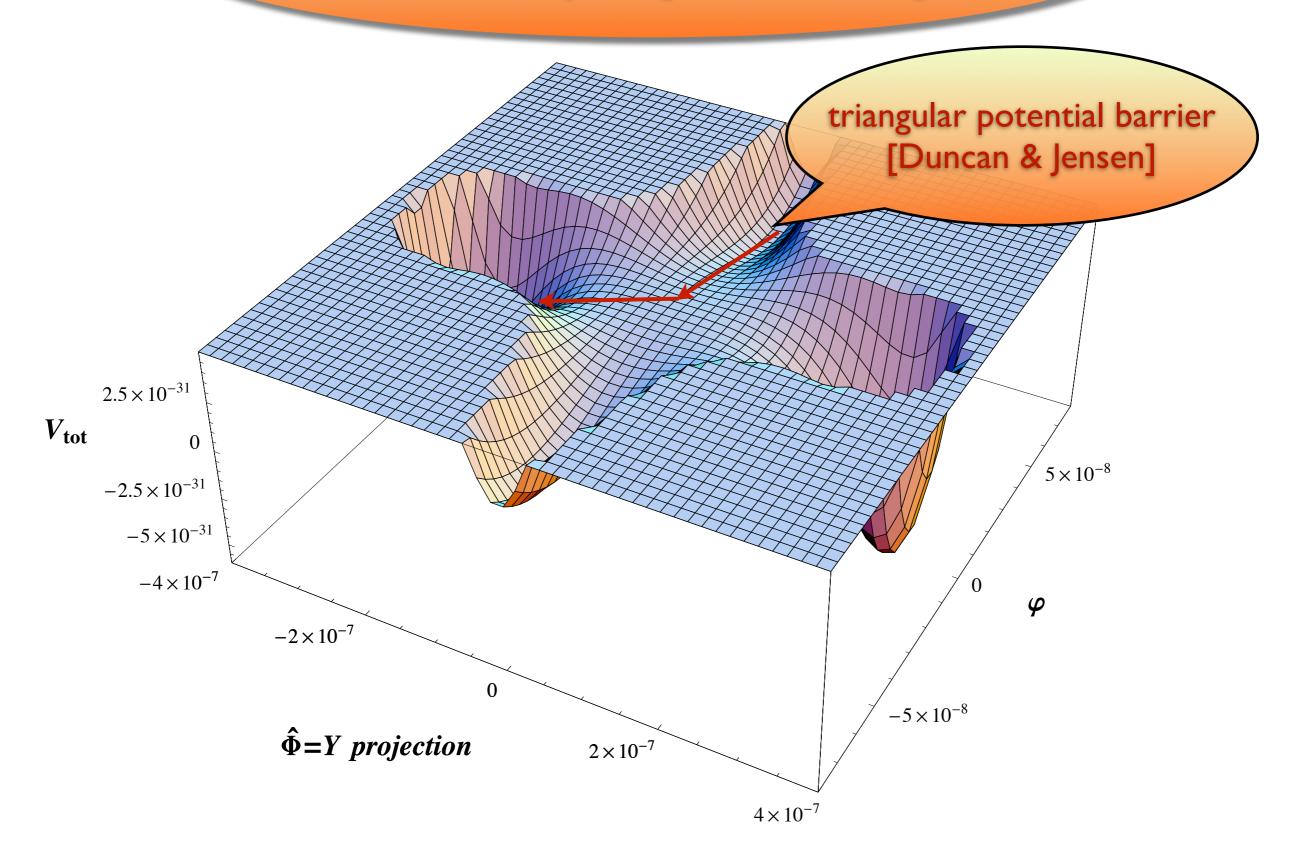
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The SUSY vacuum of ISS is still there - as it is AdS, the non-SUSY vacuum is meta-stable







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ho The Planck scale  $M_{
m Pl}$  : sets the moduli VEVs

 $\, ullet$  Intermediate scale  $\, \mu_0 \sim e^{-\eta S_0} \,$  :meson/baryon masses, F-term scale

 $\odot$  low scale  $\mu_0^2 \sim e^{-2\eta S_0}$ : gravitino and moduli masses

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explained with dynamical mechanism (retro-fitting) [Dine, Feng & Silverstein]

	RT3	RT2
	$Sp(4)^2 \times SU(4)^2 \times G_{\text{vis}}$	$SU(4) \times SU(5)^2 \times G_{\text{vis}}$
$A_1$	1/4	1/200
$A_2$	3	4
$A_3$	1/1000	
$\langle S \rangle$	1.20	1.69
$  \langle T \rangle$	1.40	1.57
$\mid \mu_0 \mid$	$1.2 \cdot 10^{11} \mathrm{GeV}$	$1.0 \cdot 10^{11} \mathrm{GeV}$
$\sqrt{F_{\hat{\Phi}}}$	$2.4 \cdot 10^{11} \mathrm{GeV}$	$2.3 \cdot 10^{11}  \mathrm{GeV}$
$\mid m_s \mid$	$3500\mathrm{TeV}$	$2300\mathrm{TeV}$
$\mid m_t$	$8.6\mathrm{TeV}$	$0.9\mathrm{TeV}$
$\mid m_{3/2} \mid$	$1.1\mathrm{TeV}$	$0.6\mathrm{TeV}$
$C.C./3m_{3/2}^2$	-0.04	-0.03
$\epsilon_{\mathrm{ISS}}$	0.04	0.12

# Conclusions

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- Closer look at moduli stabilization in the perturbative heterotic string at the supergravity level
- Non-perturbative gauge dynamics **alone** leads to moduli stabilization **ANO** low energy SUSY breaking in a (nearly) Minkowski minimum
- open questions:
  - explicit heterotic string embedding (Z6-II orbifolds?)
  - dynamics of massive flavors responsible for the Ai
  - soft terms
  - D-terms, anomalous U(1)'s
  - inflation driven by the moduli / mesons?