



ECAL/HCAL Time Settings Tutorial

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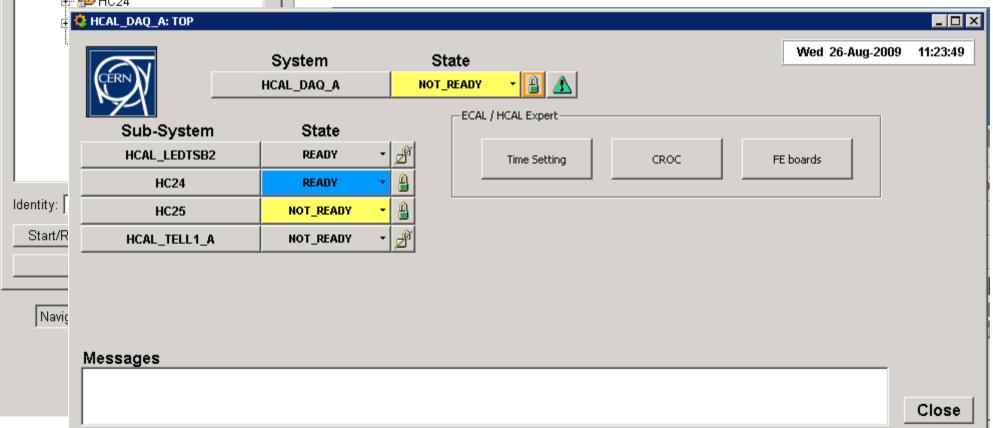


The « Expert » panels





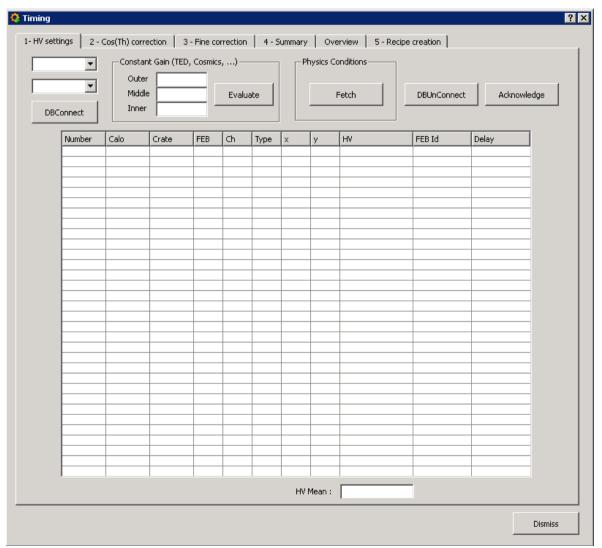
- I replaced the previous panel to produce the time recipe by a new panel with three « expert » buttons
 - Time Settings, CROC and FEB
 - This configuration should be reviewed
 - Too easy to reach the expert panels?
 - I needed an entry point for the new time setting panel...





The Time Setting panel





- Purpose is to produce the time setting correction in a transparent way from the calo database information
 - Cell positions
 - Cell connections to the FEB
 - Cell HV(gain)
- Several tabs to
 - Fetch cell data from the CaloDB
 - Evaluate HV settings
 - Perform cos(θ) correction
 - Add fine tunings
 - · Sum-up all the corrections
 - Add a global offset
 - Sum-up corrections
 - Overview (plots)
 - Create final recipes



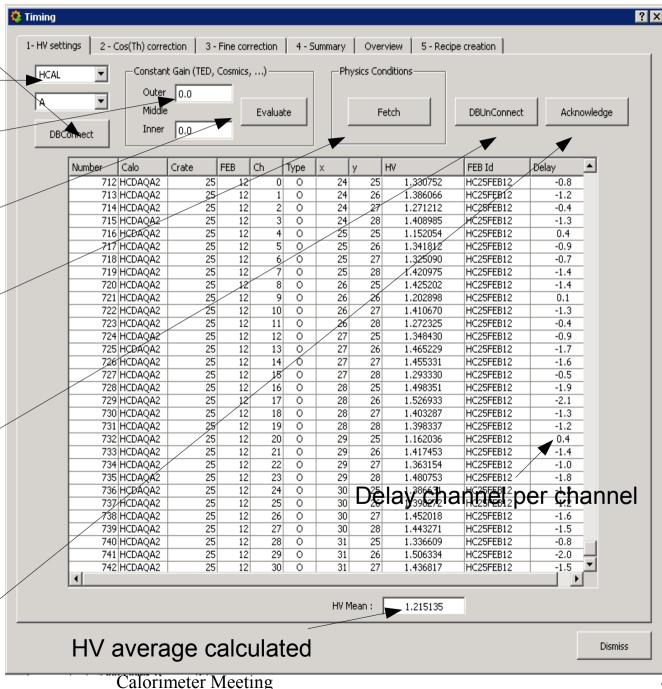
Getting the Information from the DB



- (1) Connect to the DB
- (2) Select the detectors you may get data for (FSM Node)(« middle » for ECAL only) —
- (3A) Fill in the Gains required (Cosmics, TED, ...) and evaluate the HV from the DB data → table gets filled
- Or (3B) Get the data for physics conditions from the DB → table gets filled

Un-connecting from the database is done automatically when closing the panel (no arm in doing it twice!)

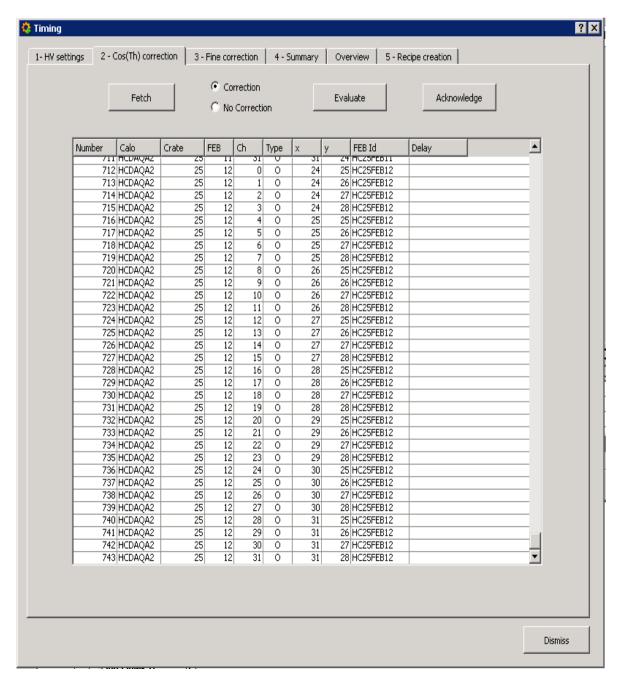
(4) You HAVE to acknowledge the table before going to the next tab





Cos (θ) correction





- The DB information on the cell position is used to evaluate the cos(θ) related delay
- You need first to « Fetch » the data from the previous tab
 - The table gets filled except for the last column
- You may chose to apply (physics) or not (TED, Cosmics) the geometrical correction



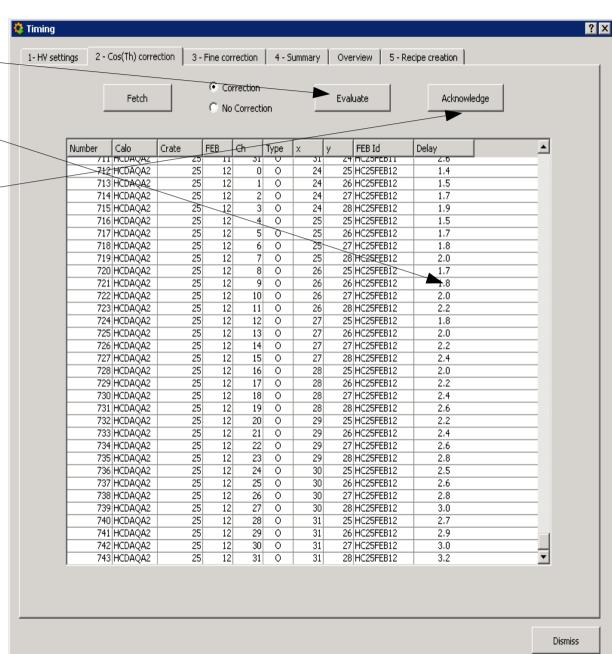
Cos (θ) correction



« Evaluate » fills the last columns

 You HAVE to acknowledge to store the data at this stage

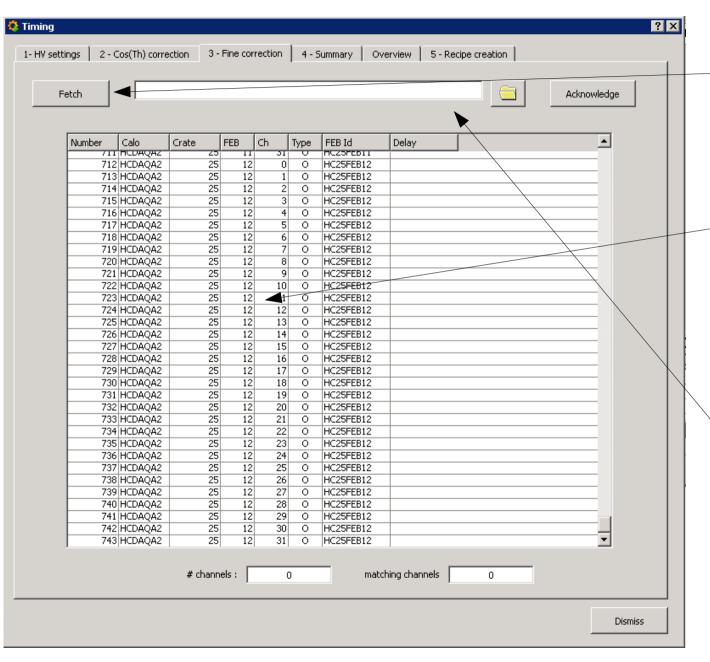
 Notice that pin diodes are not in the list and are not managed by these panels





Fine Corrections





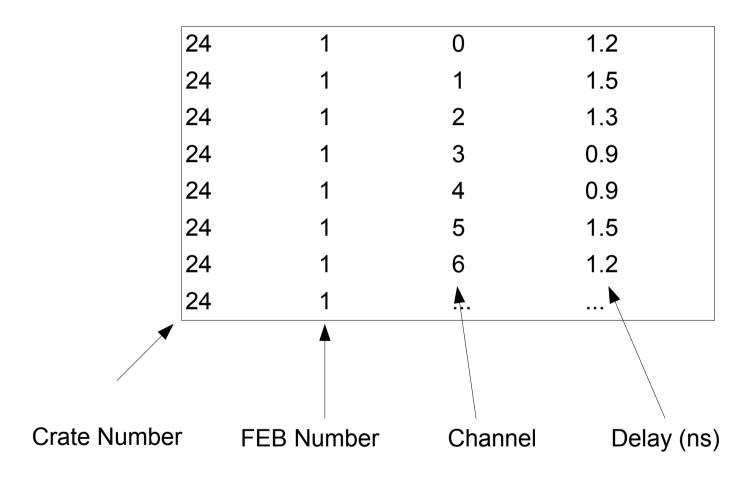
- As usual, you need to « Fetch » the data produced up to this stage
 - The table gets filled except for the last column
- You may add some fine corrections (extracted from TED, physics runs)
 - Corrections are in a text file that may be loaded



Fine Corrections



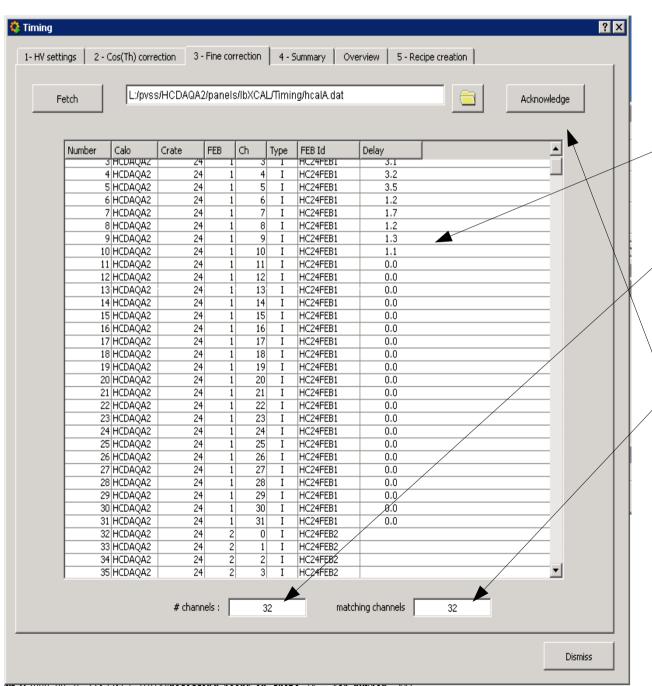
Text file format :





Fine Corrections





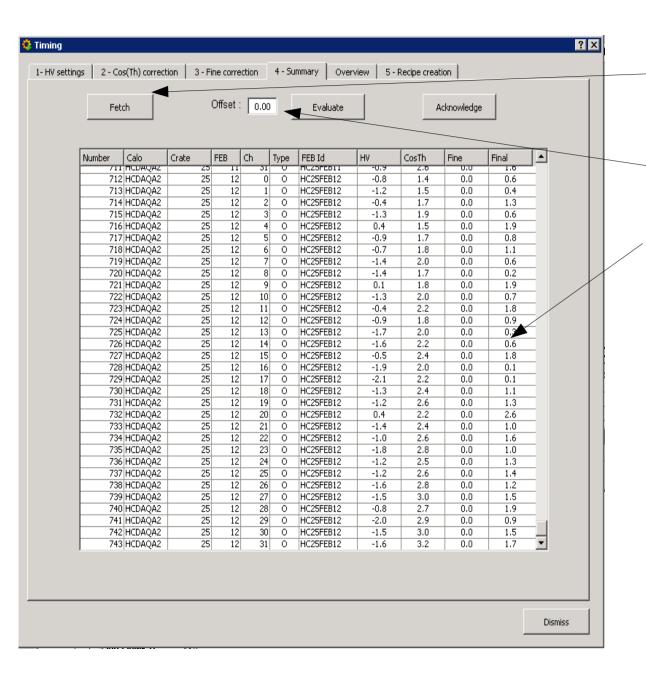
- Matching (table/file) cells get an extra delay in the last column
- The number of cells in the file and matching cells is given at the bottom

to go to the next tab, you HAVE to acknowledge the corrections



Final Correction





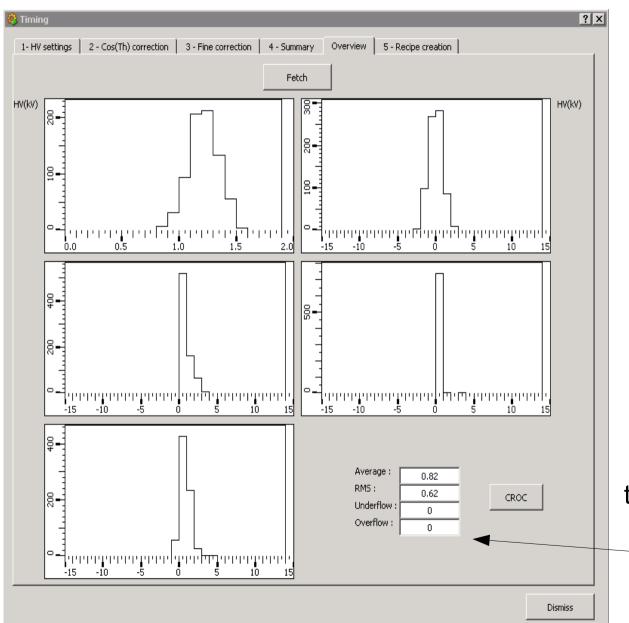
- Need first to fetch the previous timing data
- Possibility to add an overall offset
- Then pressing "Evaluate" fills the last column and lists the corrections for all the cells

 You HAVE to acknowledge those corrections before going to the next tab



Time correction plots



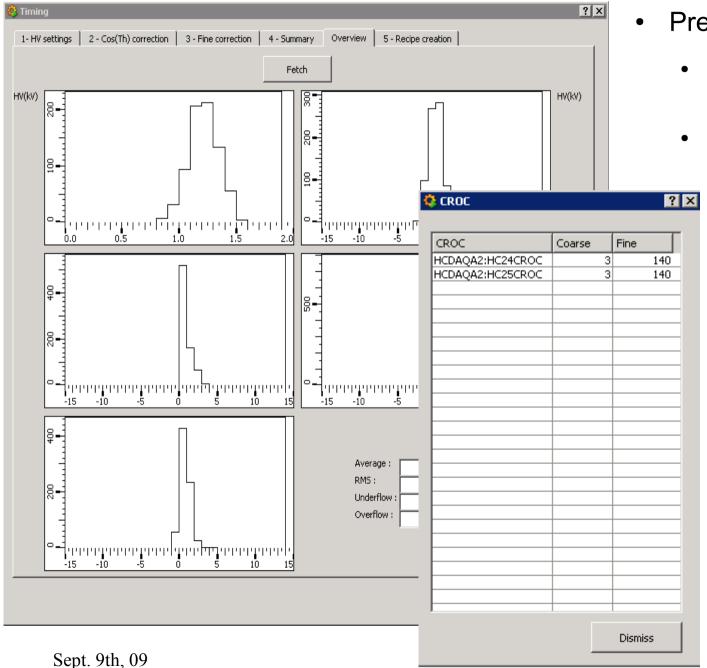


- First you need to "Fetch" the data presently stored in PVSS
- Plots may be drawn summarising the various corrections
 - HV
 - HV time corrections
 - Cos(q) delay
 - Fine corrections
 - Final correction
 - including offset
- → what will eventually be put into the electronics
 - Some information given on this last histogram



CROC configuration



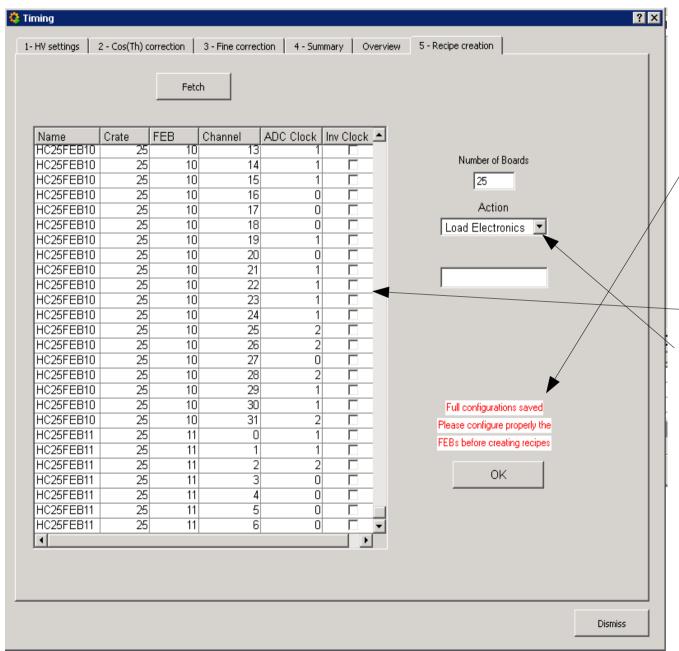


- Pressing "CROC"
 - Gives the present configuration of the CROC
 - List given for the CROC accessible by PVSS
 - Same FSM node



Recipe creation





- The present configuration is kept but for the delay to make the new recipes
 - The other registers of the FEB need to be correctly set beforehand!
- If you "Fetch", the global timings are converted in integer and listed in the table
 - Invert/Direct clock registers tuned automatically
- Two actions possible :
 - Only load the electronics
 - Load first with new time settings and create recipes
 - You have to give a name for the new recipes
- · Creating the recipes takes time
 - Button changed for 'processing' until action is completed (please be patient!)



Step Runs

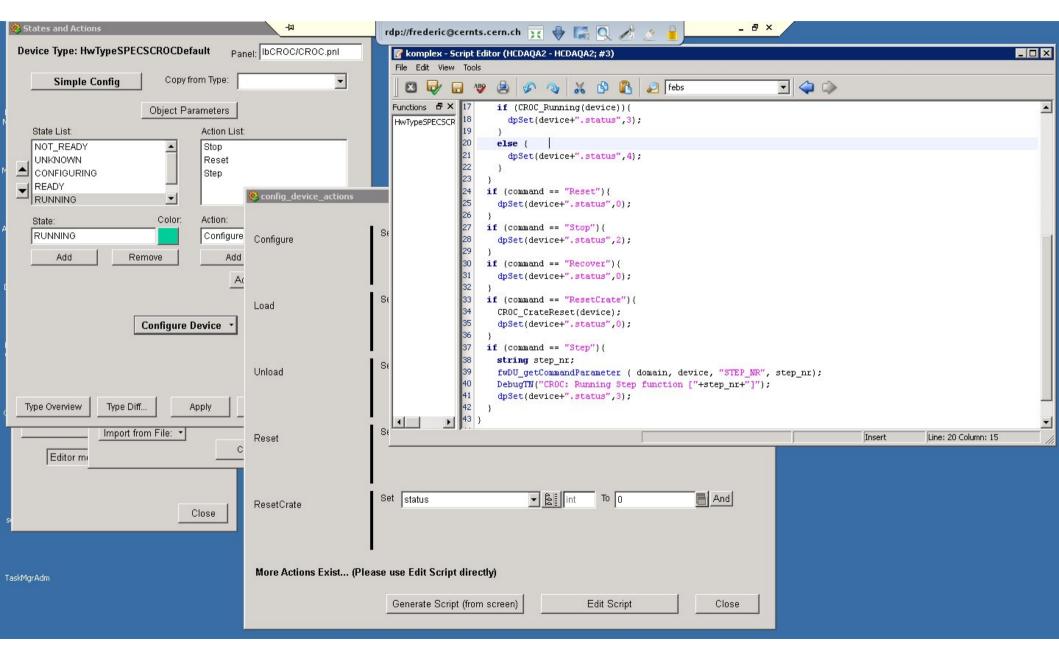


- It is possible to split a run in several sub-runs : "steps"
 - After a certain number of events (imposed by the operator),
 - the run is paused
 - A specific configuration is requested
 - Most of the hardware
 - go directly into READY states when such a configuration is launched
 - this is the case at present for the XCAL FEB and CROC
 - So the "normal" configuration is not affected by such a "step"
 - A parameter is passed during that configuration: "STEP_NR"
 - This parameter can be used to tune the configuration for a specific step
 - Timing scan, threshold scan, ...
 - Present users of the Step functionality: LED scans for the calorimeter



Practical example







Practical example



