Non-Abelian Dark Forces

SLAC Dark Forces Workshop Sept. 25, 2009

Jay Wacker

<u>Plan of Talk</u>

Non-Abelian Dark Sectors & DAMA

Producing Dark Sector

Generic Signatures

Non-Abelian Dark Sectors

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{dark}} = -\frac{1}{2} \text{Tr } G_{\mu\nu}^2 + \bar{q} \, i \not\!\!\!D \, q + m \bar{q} q$$

Confines or is Broken at low energies

$$\Lambda_{\rm dark} \sim \exp\left(-\frac{2\pi}{b_0 \alpha_{\rm dark}}\right)$$

Large range of possibilities

Non-Abelian Dark Sectors

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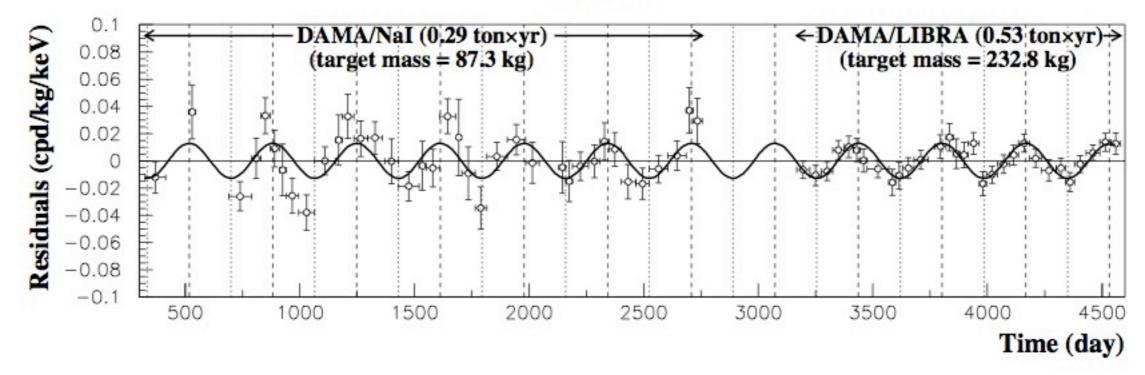
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$$\Lambda_{\rm dark} \sim \exp\left(-\frac{2\pi}{b_0 \alpha_{\rm dark}}\right)$$

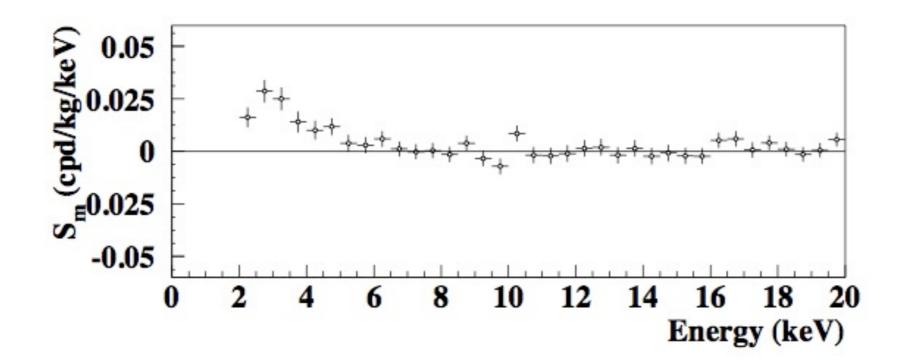
Large range of possibilities $SU(N_c)$ gauge group Light flavors Heavy flavors

11 Years of Oscillation

2-6 keV



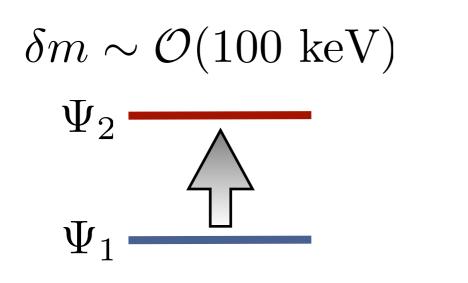
A distinctive recoil spectrum

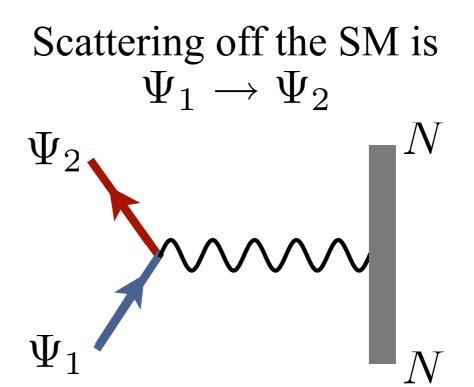


Inelastic Dark Matter

Tucker-Smith & Weiner (2001)

Dark matter has 2 nearly degenerate states

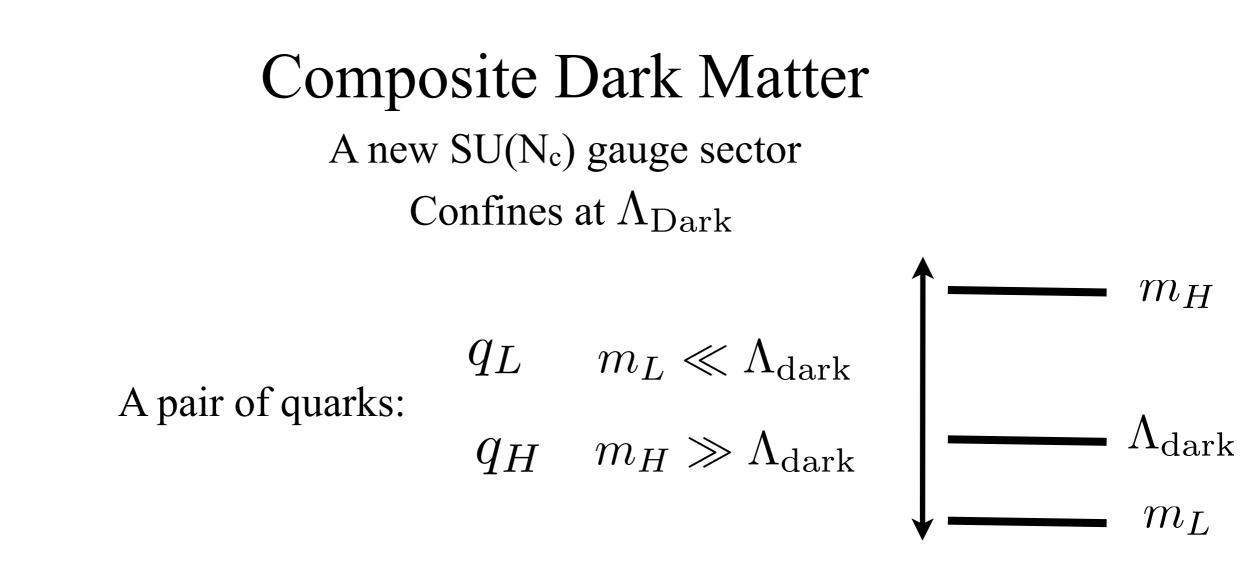




3 Consequences: Scatters off of heavier nuclei (CDMS ineffective) Large recoil energy (Xe10 & Zep3 didn't look) Large modulation fraction (Smaller absolute signal) Inelastic Dark Matter

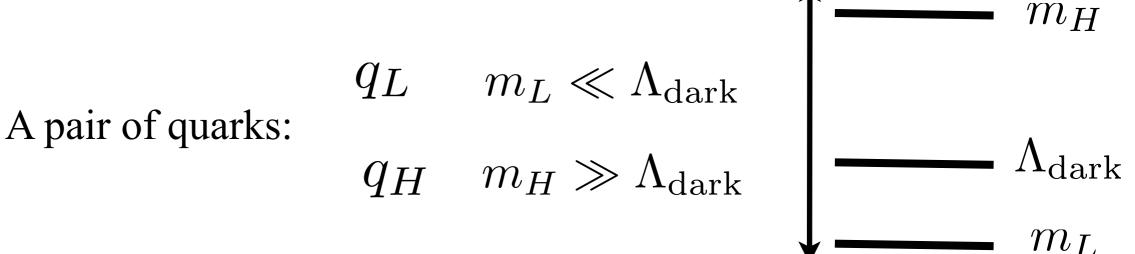
A new number to explain: $\frac{\delta m}{m} \sim 10^{-6}$

Sign of dark sector dynamics First of many splittings New interactions to discover Changes what questions are interesting



Composite Dark Matter

A new SU(N_c) gauge sector Confines at Λ_{Dark}

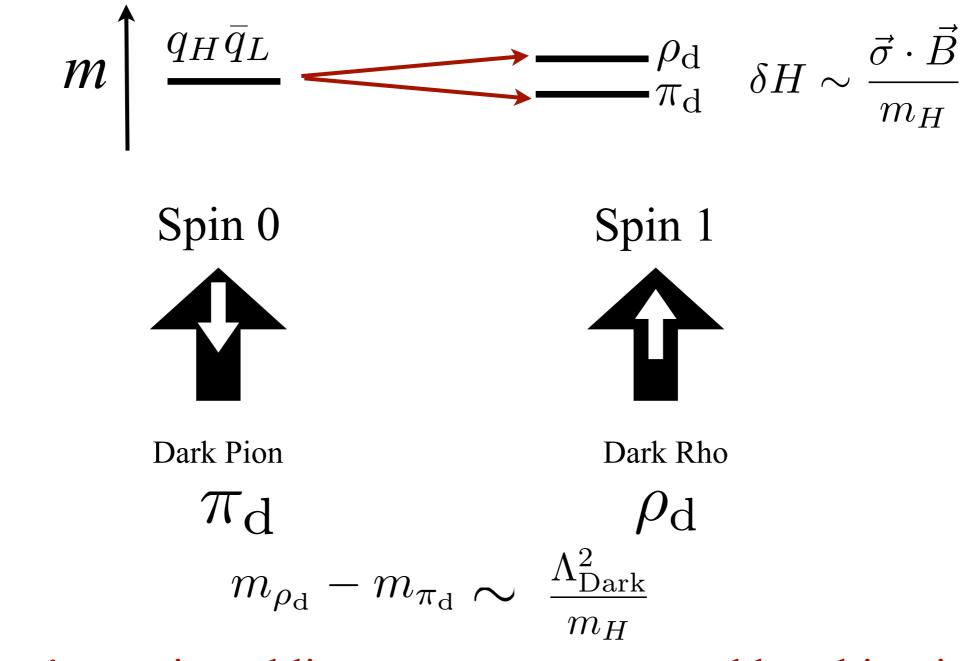


A cosmological asymmetry $(n_H - n_{\bar{H}}) = -(n_L - n_{\bar{L}}) \neq 0$ At $T \ll \Lambda_{\text{Dark}}$ DM is in

 $q_H \bar{q}_L$ bound states

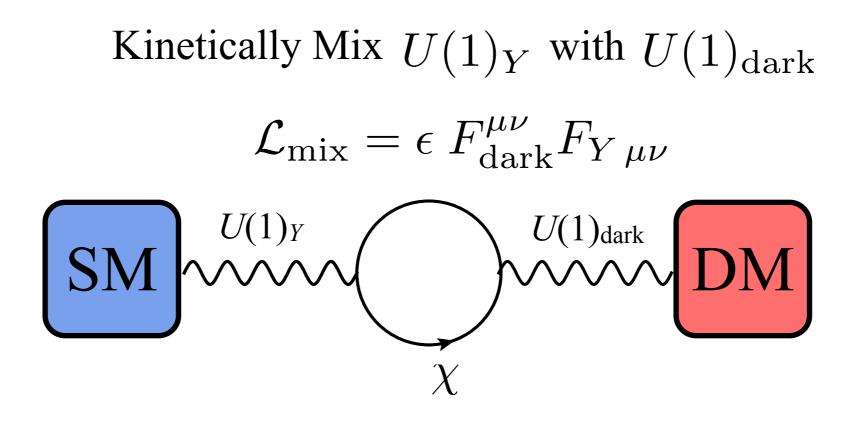
Dark Mesons

Degeneracy of the Ground State Heavy quark spin preserved in electric interactions Dark Chromomagnetic interaction breaks spin symmetry



Doesn't require adding new symmetry and breaking it Accidental global symmetry from Lorentz Invariance

Coupling to the SM

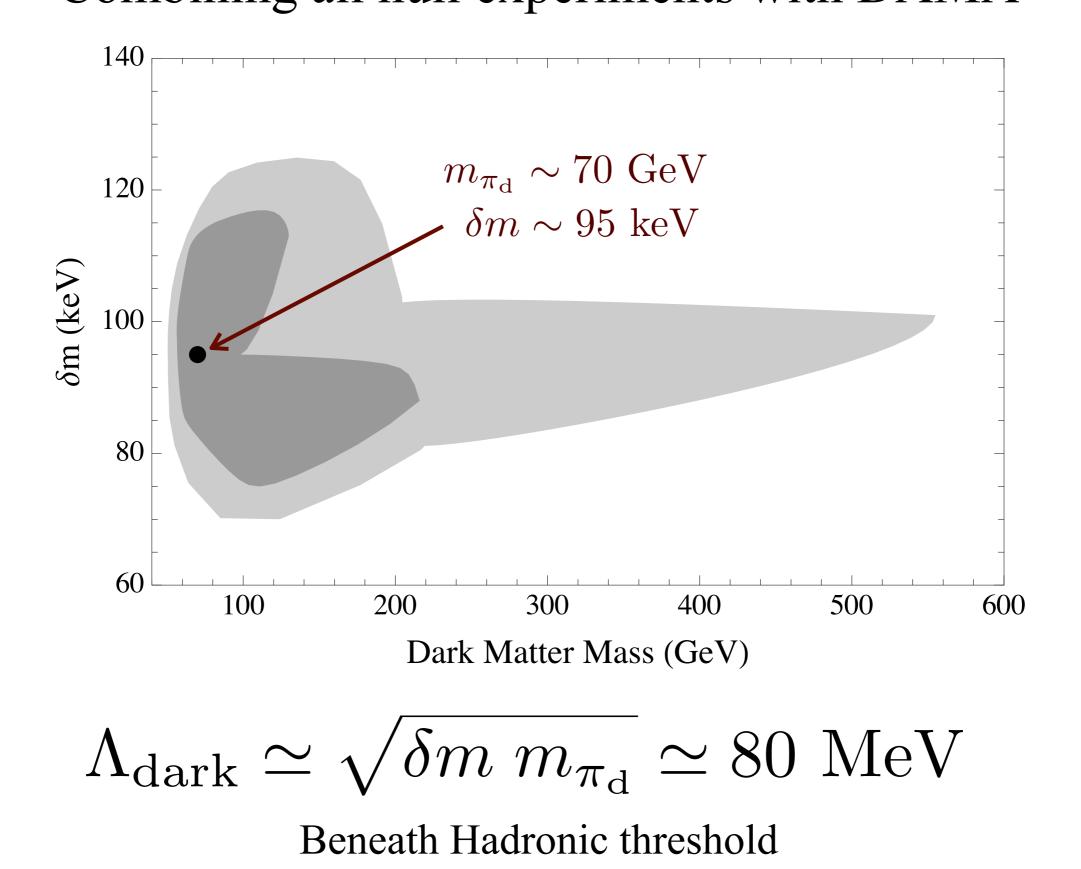


At low energy $\mathcal{L}_{int} = \epsilon A^{\mu}_{dark} j_{EM \mu}$

Higgs $U(1)_{dark}$ near EW scale

$$\mathcal{L}_{\mathrm{Higgs}} = |D_{\mu}\phi_{\mathrm{d}}|^2 - V(\phi_{\mathrm{d}}) \longrightarrow m_{\mathrm{d}}^2 A_{\mathrm{d}}^2$$

Inelastic Dark Matter Combining all null experiments with DAMA



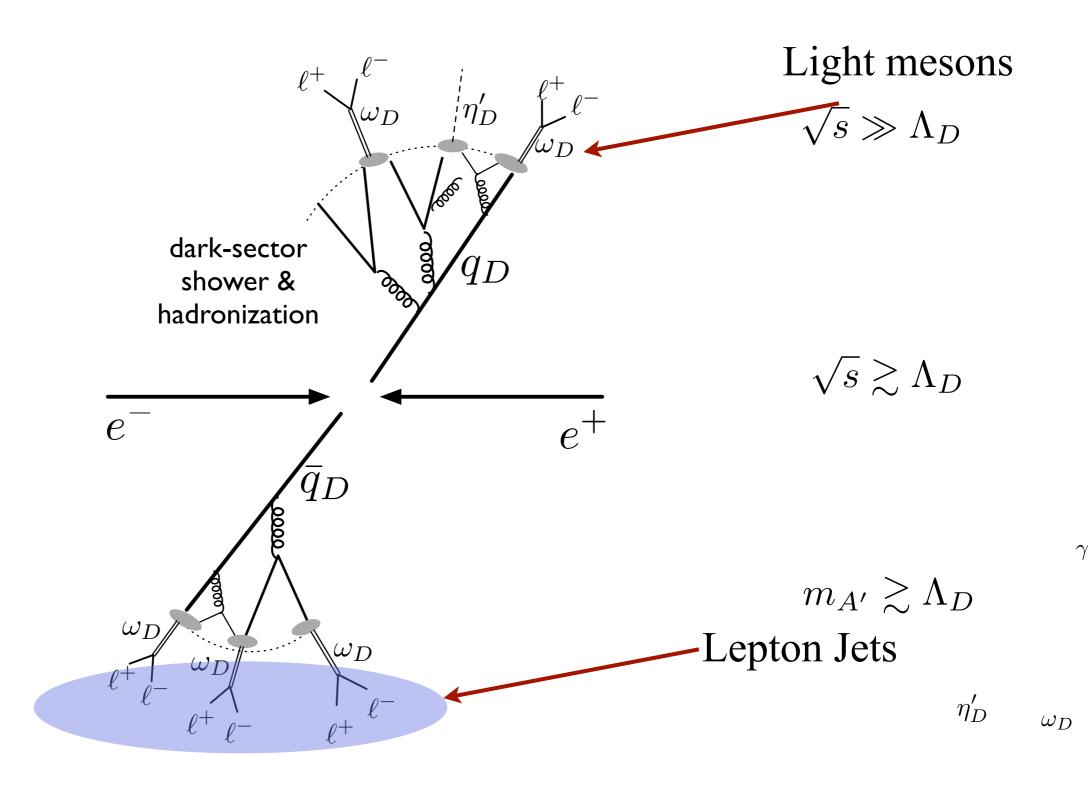
<u>Plan of Talk</u>

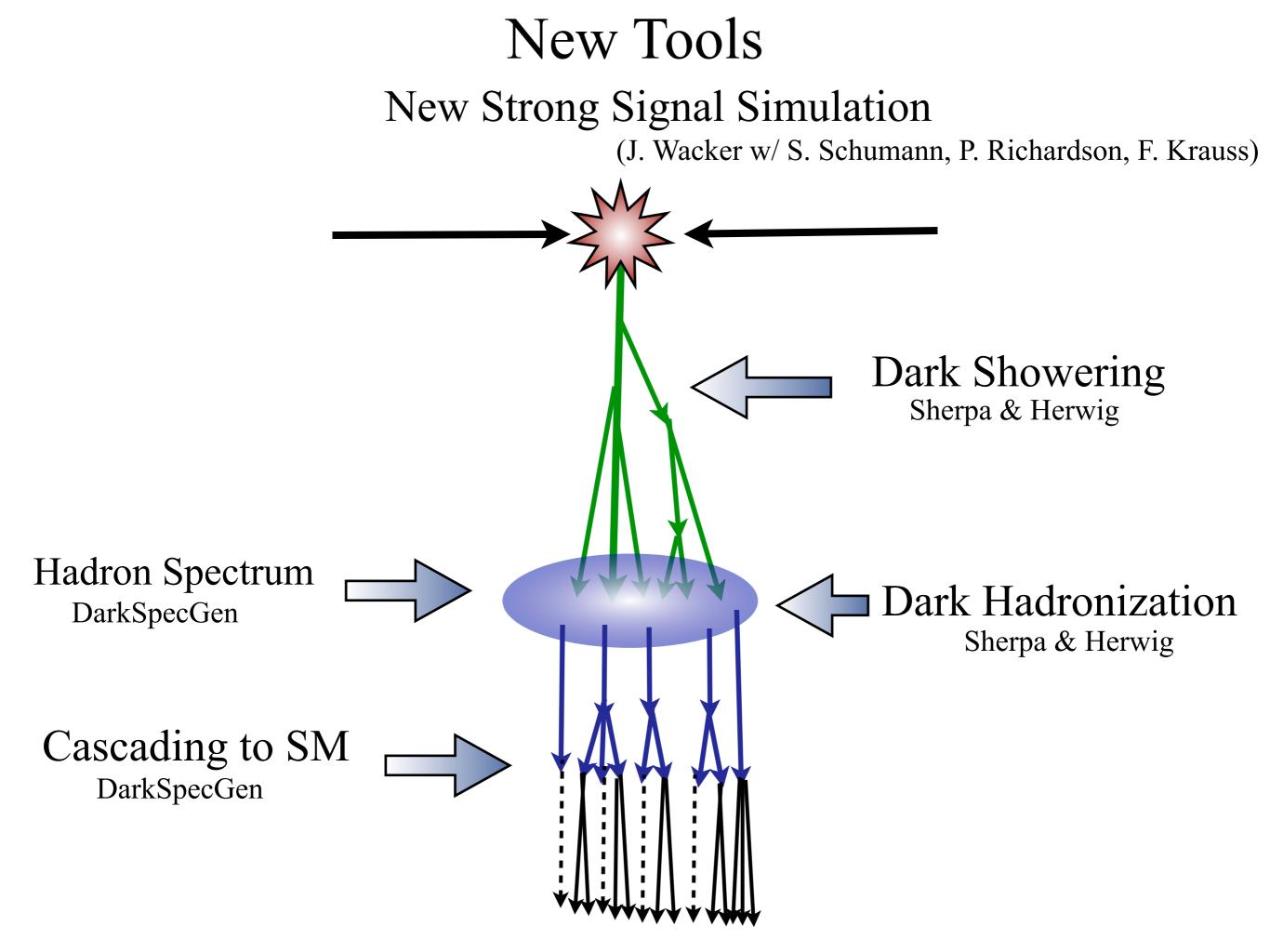
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Producing Dark Sector

Generic Signatures

Collider Signatures





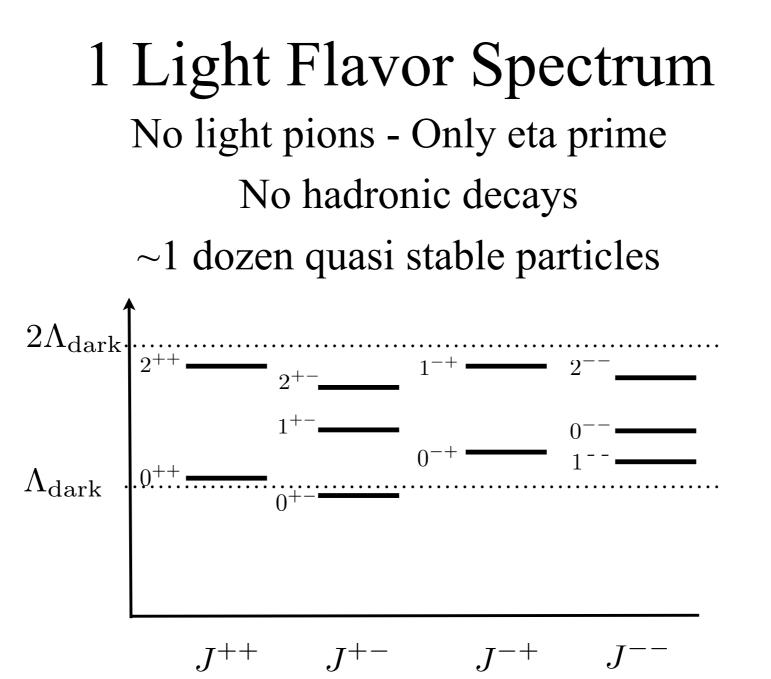
Boosted Physics

When high pT particles cascade to SM final states producing collimated final states

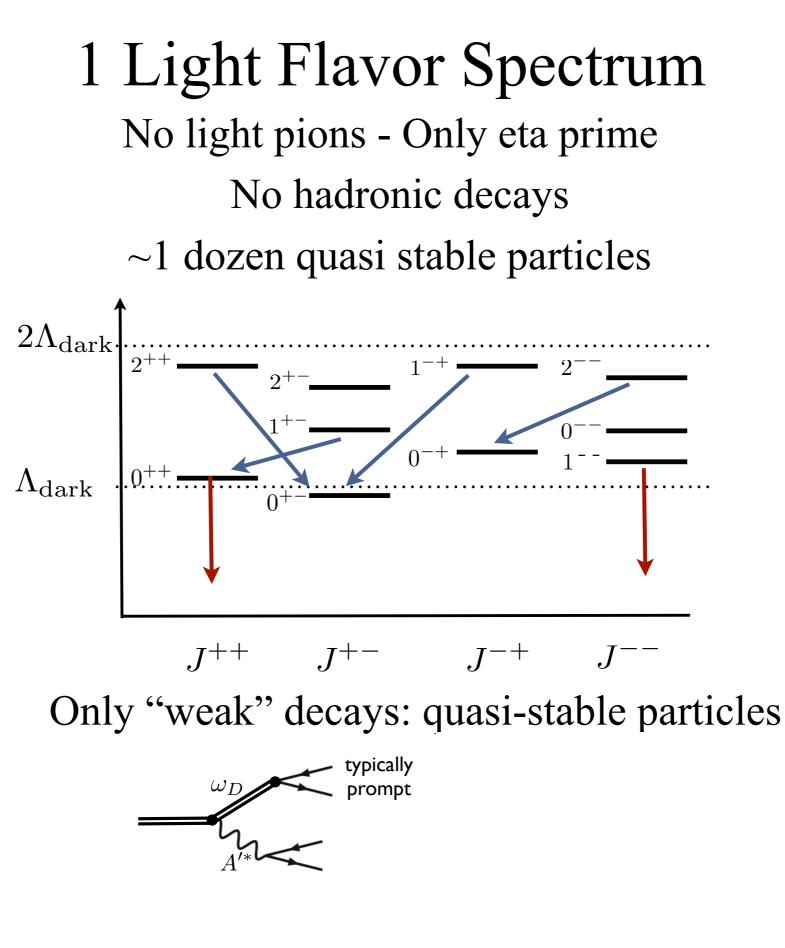
"Lepton Jets"

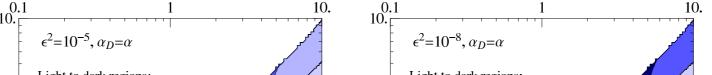
A Challenging Environment

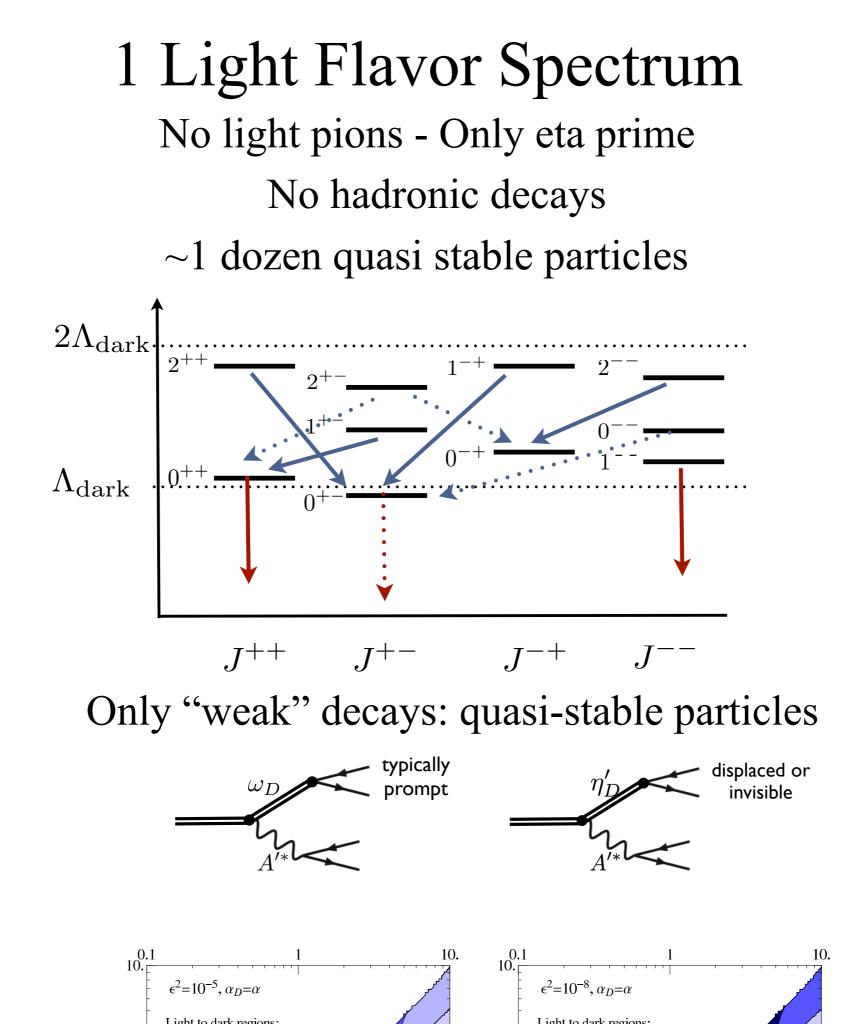
Reconstruction is difficult Isolation cuts out signal Cascades produce heterogeneous final states

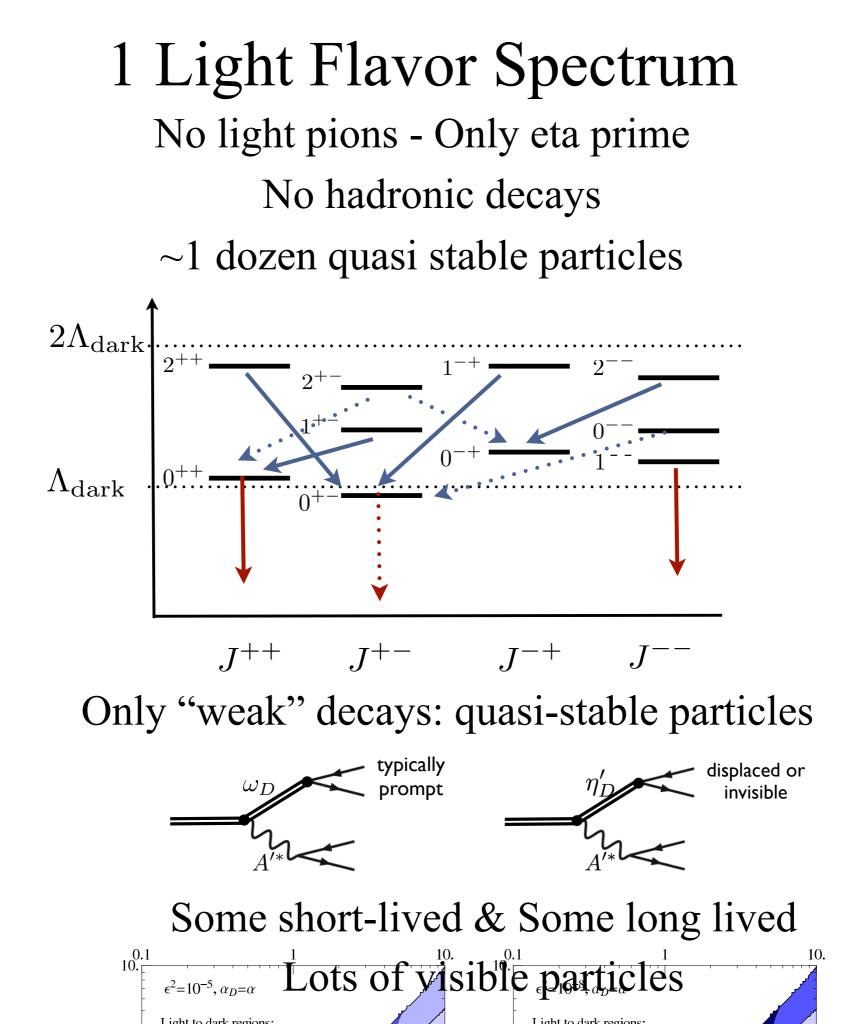


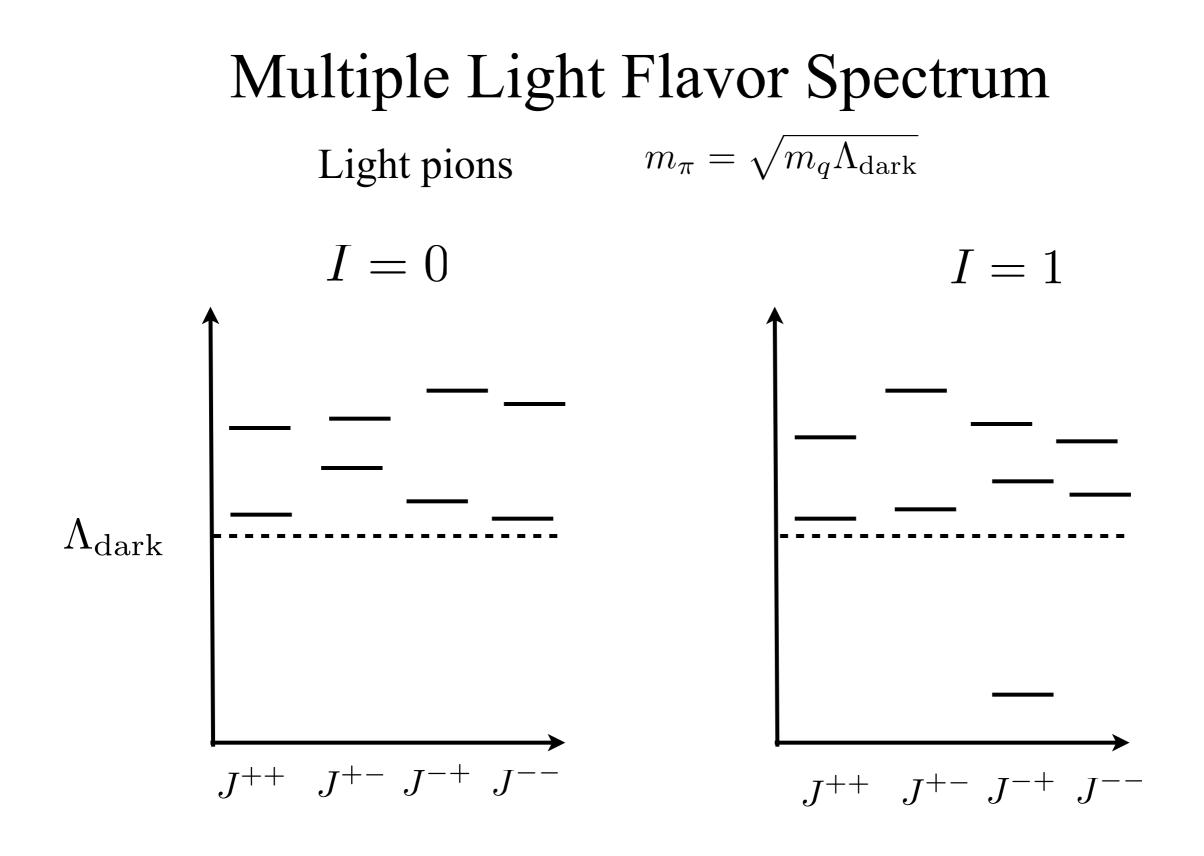
Only "weak" decays: quasi-stable particles

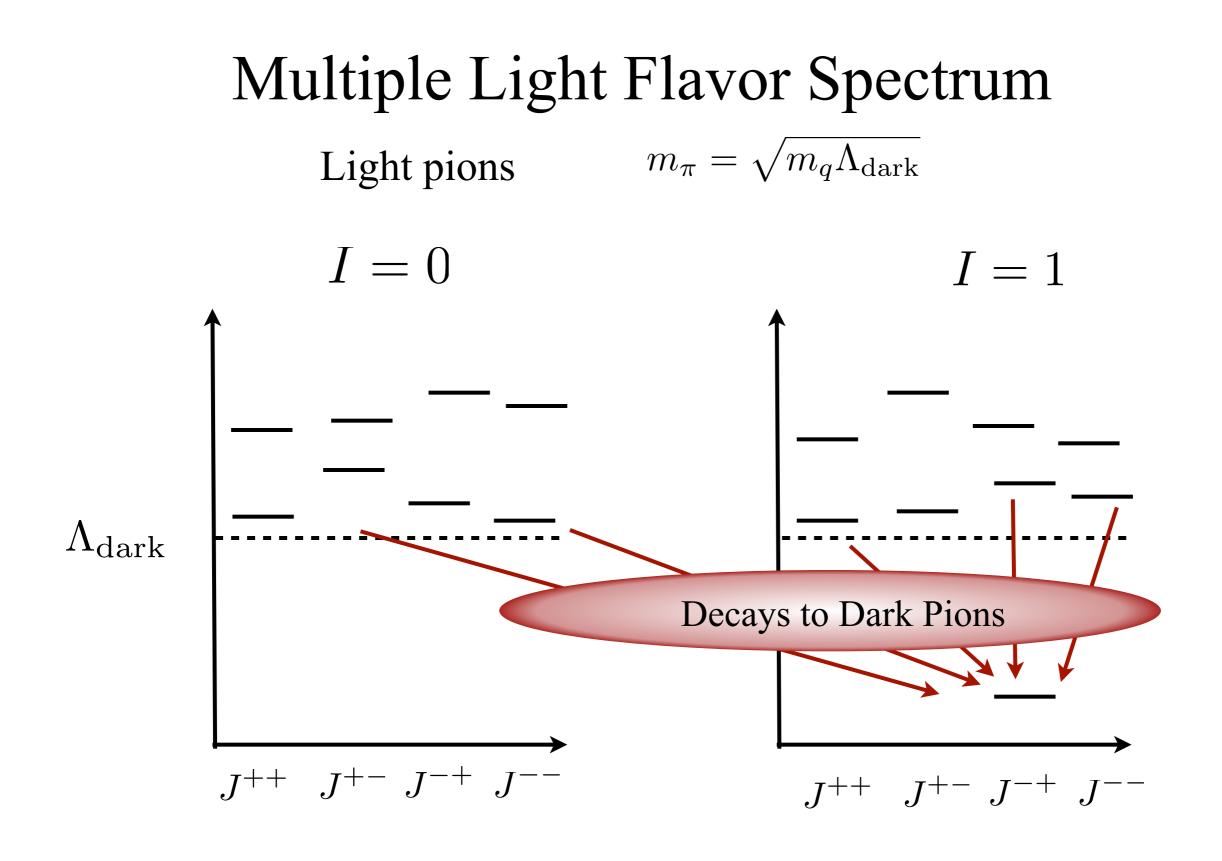


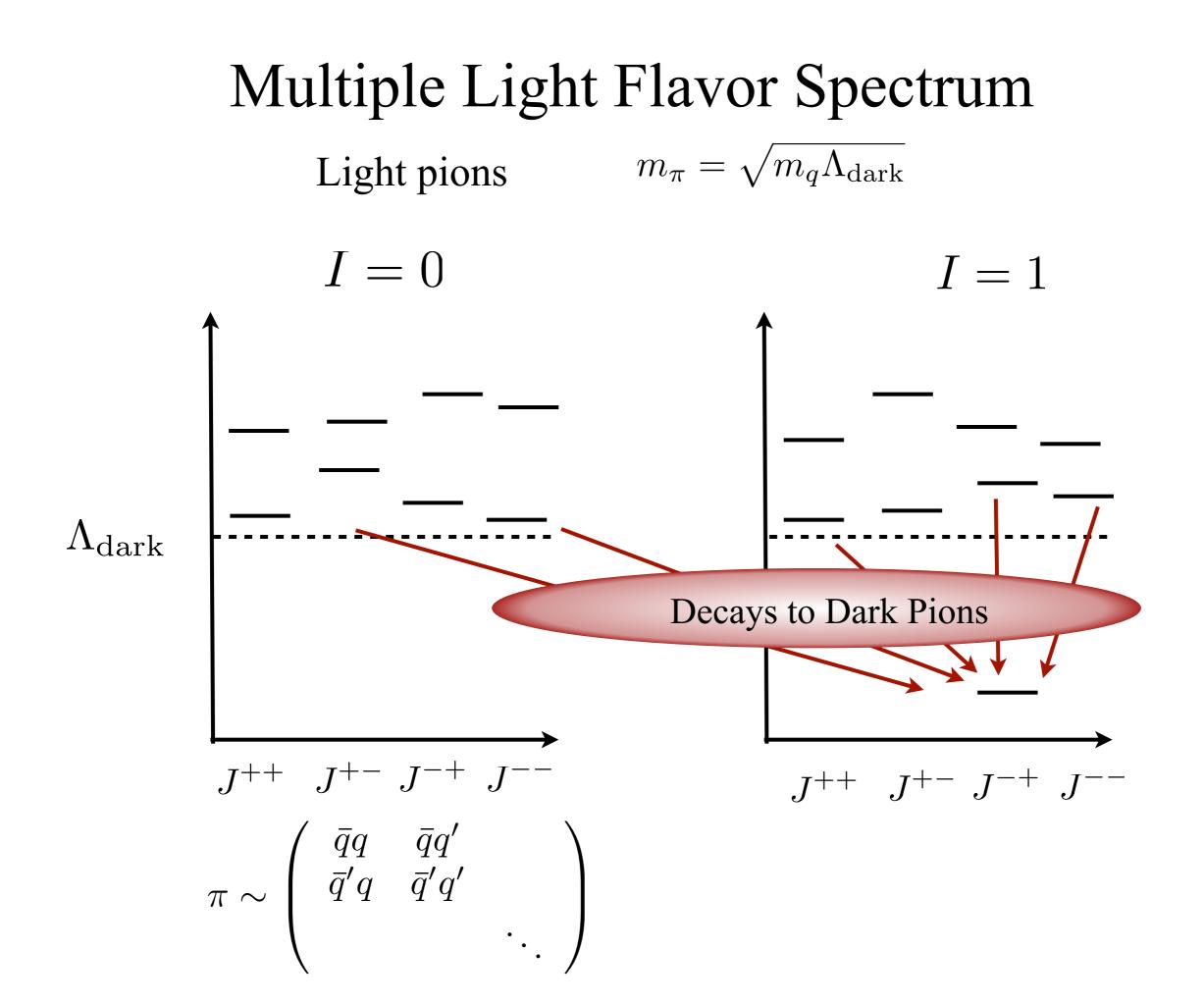


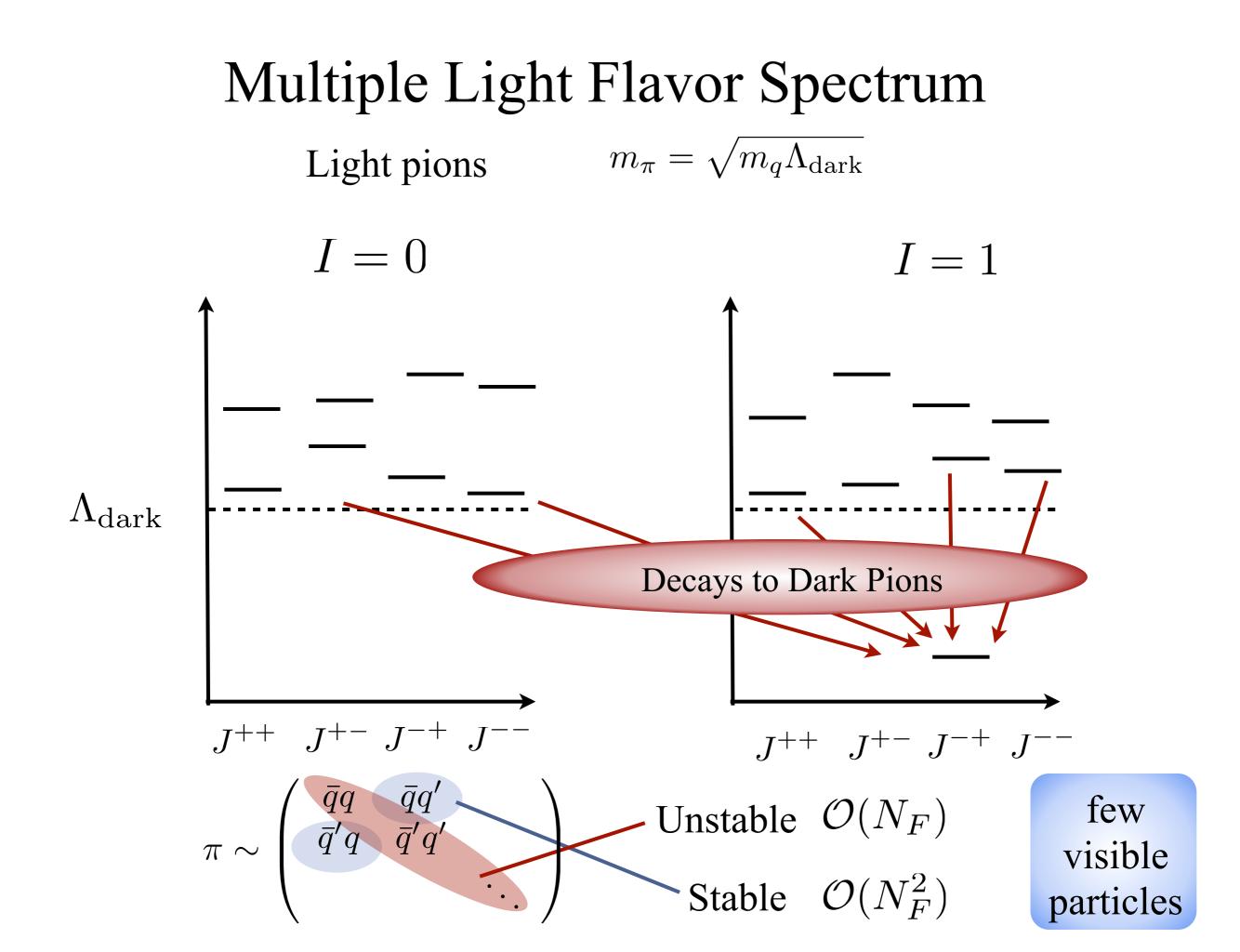










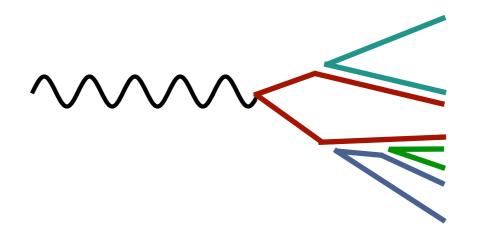


No light flavors

"Quirks" (Luty et al 2008)

Spectra similar to 1 light flavor (Lattice calculations available)

We don't know how to hadronize (how to cut color lines)



More theory work necessary

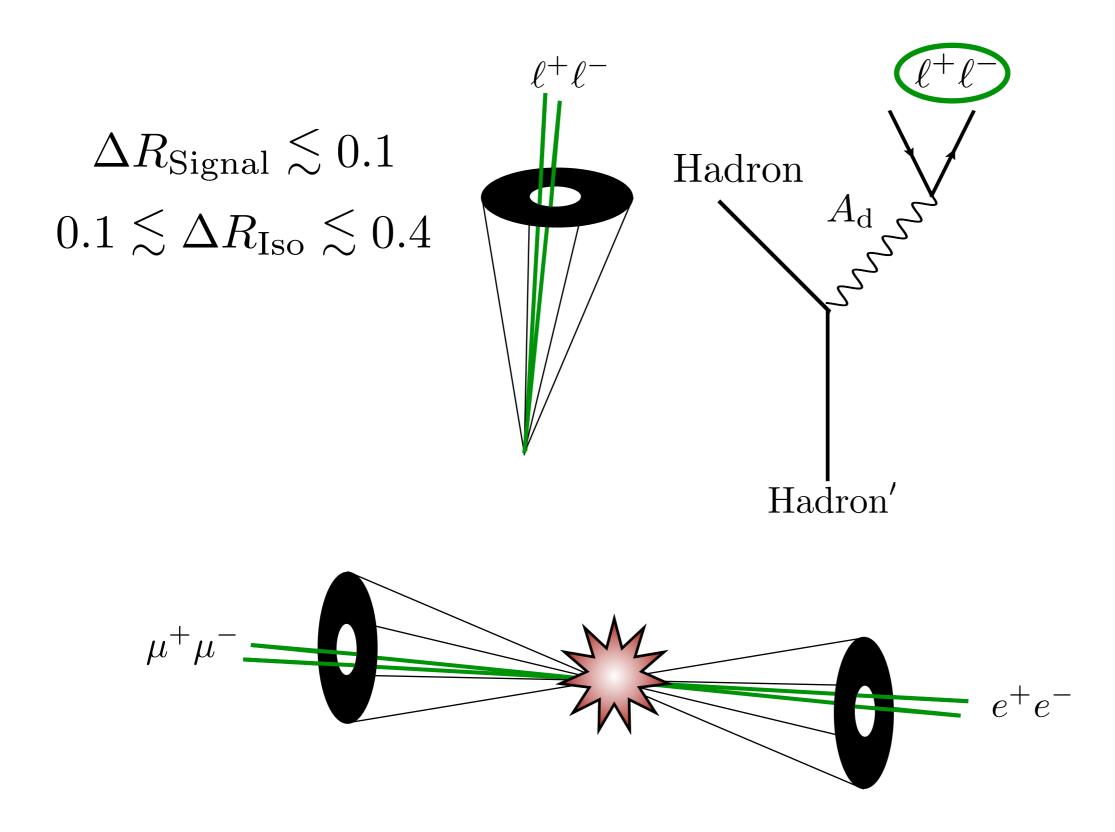
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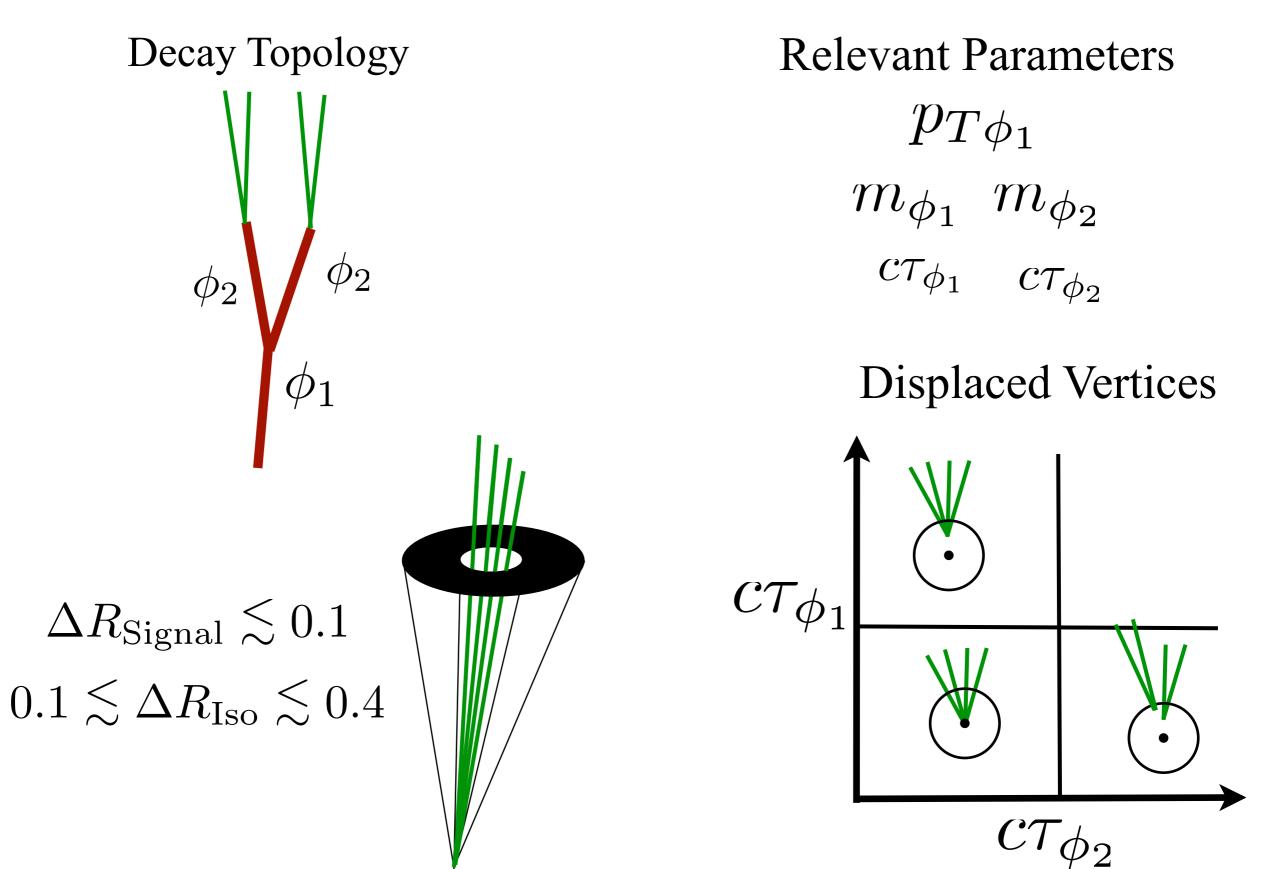
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Generic Signatures

Two-Lepton Lepton Jets 2 oppositely signed leptons in a small cone



Four-Lepton Lepton Jet Multistep cascade



Outlook

Non-Abelian Dark Sectors dynamics can explain anomalies

New collider signatures predicted How to match signals on to theories?

Advances in theory are needed Hadronization Hadronic spectrum Showering

Lots of work in progress...