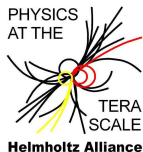


# ROOT Analysis of Test Beam Data

## Multiple Scattering, Track Fits, Non-Perpendicular Incident

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January 30th, 2010

- Pedestal and Noise treatment.
- Cluster Reconstruction:
  - Finding with Three-Threshold-Algorithm, but mostly 1 strip clusters: (no diffusion, perpendicular incident.
  - Position reconstruction as centre of gravity of charges.
- Cluster charges:
  - Peak roughly at 25 000 electrons.
  - Long tail: fit with Landau/Gaus convolution.
  - See small momentum dependence.

# Task 2.3a): Hit Resolution From Truth

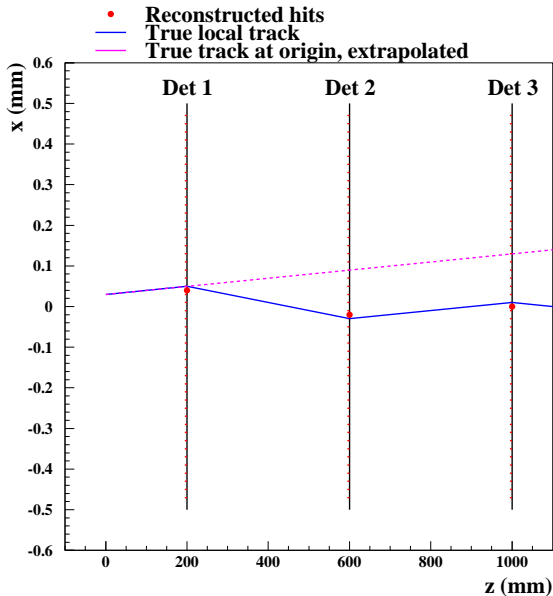
- Comparing hit prediction with simulated truth.
- What do we expect with the bulk of our clusters with width 1?

## Comments

After editing SiTelescope.C:

- `root ../tree_SiTelescope_2GeV.root`
- `SiTelescope->Process("SiTelescope.C+", "2GeV")`
- Similarly for other beam energies:
  - by hand as for 2 GeV
  - or edit testBeam.C and 'root testBeam.C+'
- Note: By default we calculate all in mm, not  $\mu\text{m}$ ...
- Should there be momentum dependence?

# Task 2.3b): Multiple Scattering Effects



- We extrapolate the true track at  $z = 0$  and compare with reconstructed positions on sensors:  
 $X_{rec} - X_{extrapol}$
- Expect differences between momenta!

## Task 2.3b): Multiple Scattering Effects (ctd.)

- We extrapolate the true track at  $z = 0$  and compare with reconstructed positions on sensors:  $x_{rec} - x_{extrapol}$ .
- Expect difference between momenta!

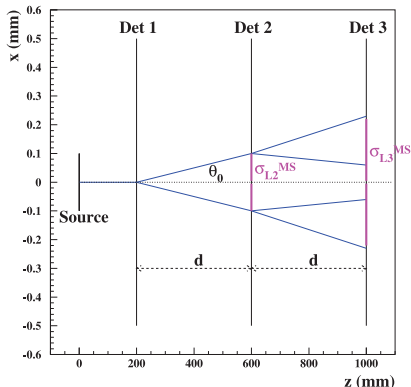
### Comments

After editing SiTelescope.C:

- `root ../tree_SiTelescope_2GeV.root`
- `SiTelescope->Process("SiTelescope.C+", "2GeV")`
- Similarly for other beam energies:
  - by hand as for 2 GeV
  - or edit testBeam.C and 'root testBeam.C+'

# Multiple scattering effects

Dominated by multiple Coulomb scattering from nuclei



According to PDG 2008 Review p.271:

$$\theta_{plane}^{RMS} = \theta_0 = \frac{13.6 \text{ MeV}/p}{\beta c p} z \sqrt{X/X_0} [1 + 0.038 \ln(X/X_0)]$$

In our case

- $z = 1$  (Pions)
- $x = 0.03 \text{ cm}$ ;  $X_0 = 9.36 \text{ cm}$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{X/X_0} = \sqrt{0.03/9.36} = 0.056$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta_0 \approx \frac{13.6 \text{ MeV}}{p} \sqrt{X/X_0} = \frac{0.77 \text{ mrad}}{p[\text{GeV}]}$$

$\Rightarrow$  Spread in Layer 2 (from MS in Layer 1):

$$\sigma_{L2}^{MS} = d \cdot \theta_0 = \frac{400 \text{ mm} \cdot 0.77 \text{ mrad}}{p[\text{GeV}]} = \frac{306 \mu\text{m}}{p[\text{GeV}]}$$

$\Rightarrow$  Spread in Layer 3 (from MS in Layer 1 and Layer 2):

$$\sigma_{L3}^{MS} = \sqrt{4d^2 + 1d^2} \cdot \theta_0 = 2.24 \sigma_{L2}^{MS} = \frac{684 \mu\text{m}}{p[\text{GeV}]}$$

# Task 2.3c): Single Hit Resolution from Data

- Only for 200 GeV to suppress multiple scattering effects.
  - Hit resolution from data:
    - For our geometry,  $(x_1 + x_3)/2$  is an estimate of  $x_2$ .
    - Since our sensors are equal:  $\sigma_{hit} = \sigma_1 = \sigma_2 = \sigma_3$
- ⇒ Spread of  $(x_1 + x_3)/2 - x_2$  and error propagation gives you  $\sigma_{hit}$ .

## Comments

After editing SiTelescope.C:

- `root ../tree_SiTelescope_200GeV.root`
- `SiTelescope->Process("SiTelescope.C+", "200GeV")`

Calculate  $\sigma_{hit}$  and note the value.

## Task 2.3d): Track Fit

- For 200 GeV to suppress multiple scattering effects.
- Straight line fit similar to StraightLineFit.C from Thursday:  $x_0 + az$ .
- $\sigma_{hit}$  as determined in 2.3b)

### Comments

After editing SiTelescope.C:

- `root ../tree_SiTelescope_200GeV.root`
- `SiTelescope->Process("SiTelescope.C+", "200GeV")`

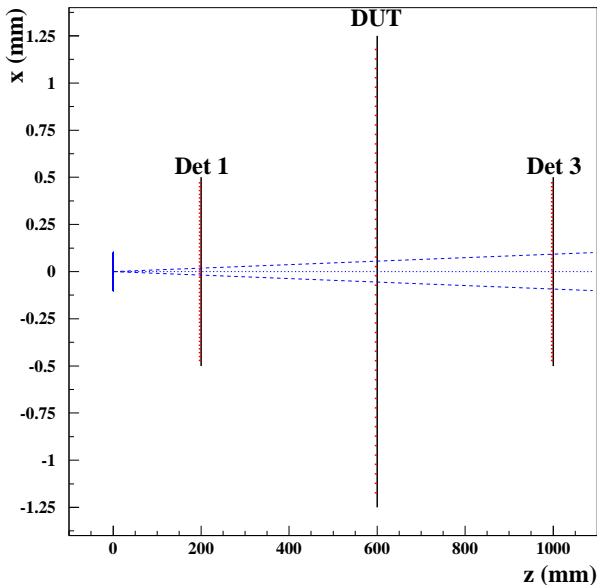
Questions, suggestions on the next slide.



## Questions, suggestions:

- Why is the measured slope so “spiky”?
- Where do the spikes in the probability distribution come from?
- Re-run with tighter  $S/N$  cuts for the clusters:  
`SiTelescope->Process("SiTelescope.C+", "200tight")?`  
(Give another 2nd argument as before to keep the plots open...)
- How do the resolutions change?
- Adjust the assumed  $\sigma_{hit}$  to what you now find from the triplet:  
`SiTelescope->Process("SiTelescope.C+", "200tight2")?`
- Run with lower momentum.

# The New Setup: Device under Test (DUT)



- DUT replaces middle sensor.
- DUT has larger strip pitch:  $50 \mu\text{m}$ .
- Also some cross talk, i.e. charge induced on neighbour strips.
- Can be rotated:  
 $\theta =$   
 $0^\circ, 10^\circ, 20^\circ, 40^\circ, 60^\circ$

## Task 2.4a): Cluster Charges and Rotation Angle $\theta_{DUT}$

- Deposited charge depends on the path length in the silicon.
- Path gets longer for non-perpendicular incident.
- Plot mean charge versus  $\theta_{DUT}$  and fit expectation.  
(Bonus task: Change from mean to MPV from Landau/Gaus fit.)

### Comments

All histograms are already created before, so simply edit testBeam.C:

- `root testBeam.C+`

Is the angular dependence of the cluster charge as expected?

Suggestions:

- Use the tighter  $S/N$  cuts in GetClusters: What happens for  $60^\circ$ ?
- Look at the single event plots as created code for task 2.1b).
  - `.L testBeam.C+`
  - `singleTree( "../tree_DUT_200GeV_60deg.root",  
"DUT60deg" );`

## Task 2.4b): Resolution and Rotation Angle $\theta_{DUT}$

- Here use the truth information.
- In principle all code is there from previous tasks, BUT:
- Note some refinements to get information about whether we have DUT (larger pitch) and which angle (effective thickness increases) from the option (e.g. “DUT60deg”) passed to the selector class.

### Comments

No need to edit testBeam.C, but have look of what was added.  
But edit SiTelescope.C

- `root testBeam.C+`

Can you (qualitatively) explain

- the angular dependence?
- the shape of the residuals for different angles?

## Task 2.4c): Resolution and Rotation Angle $\theta_{DUT}$

- Now determine the resolution from data only.
- Again we use the triplet  $(x_1 + x_3)/2 - x_2$ .
- But now  $\sigma_2$  is unknown and different from  $\sigma_{1/3} = \sigma_{hit}$  (from task 2.3c).

### Comments

The triplet hist is already in SiTelescope since task 2.3c).  
Simply extend the combination method `resolutionVsAngle(..)` in `testBeam.C`.

- `root testBeam.C+`

How well does it match the resolution from truth?

# Task 2.4d): Resolution and Cluster Charge

- Study resolution (vs truth) separately for small and low charges (Median as boundary).

## Comments

Prepared for single TTree analysis only:

- `.L testBeam.C+`
- `singleTree( "../tree_DUT_200GeV_60deg.root" ,  
"DUT60deg" )`

Can you qualitatively explain the result?

**Thanks for attention!**

**Have a nice (and icy) harbour trip!**