

Antenna Subtraction in pQCD at NNLO

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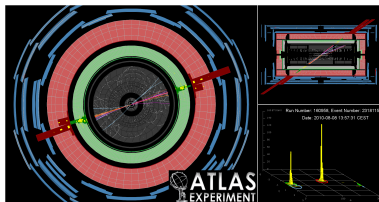
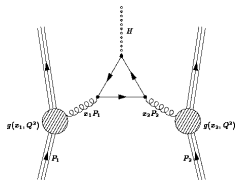


What To Expect From This Talk

- ▶ Motivation
- ▶ Theoretical framework
 - ▶ Matrix element factorization
 - ▶ Subtraction method
 - ▶ Antenna functions
 - ▶ Counterterm structure
- ▶ $q\bar{q} \rightarrow gggg$
 - ▶ NNLO double real radiative counterterm
 - ▶ Numerical testing
- ▶ Summary and ongoing projects

Motivation - Why QCD & Why NNLO?

- ▶ QCD is **the** theory of strong interactions, the LHC is a strong physics collider



- ▶ Hadronic asymptotic states \rightarrow Jet physics
- ▶ Phenomenology
- ▶ Search for new physics: backgrounds

Jet Cross Sections

The m jet cross section to

LO:

$$d\sigma_{LO} = \int_{d\Phi_m} d\sigma_B$$

NLO:

$$d\sigma_{NLO} = \int_{d\Phi_{m+1}} d\sigma_{NLO}^R + \int_{d\Phi_m} d\sigma_{NLO}^V$$

NNLO:

$$d\sigma_{NNLO} = \int_{d\Phi_{m+2}} d\sigma_{NNLO}^{RR} + \int_{d\Phi_{m+1}} d\sigma_{NNLO}^{RV} + \int_{d\Phi_m} d\sigma_{NNLO}^{VV}$$

Cross Section Pathologies

- ▶ Loop integration in DR \rightarrow Laurent expansion in ϵ
 - ▶ Explicit UV poles in ϵ
 - ▶ Explicit IR poles in ϵ



- ▶ Phase space integration of real emission \rightarrow kinematic poles
 - ▶ Vanishing kinematic invariants
 - ▶ Can't cancel directly against ϵ poles
 - ▶ Disallows numerical phase space integration

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Cross Section Pathologies

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 - ▶ Explicit UV poles in ϵ **absorbed by renormalization**
 - ▶ Explicit IR poles in ϵ **cancel with integrated real emission**



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Single Unresolved Tree Factorization

- ▶ Soft gluon emission, $p_j \rightarrow 0$

$$|\mathcal{M}_{m+1}^0(\cdots p_i, p_j, p_k, \cdots)|^2 \rightarrow S_{ijk} |\mathcal{M}_m^0(\cdots, \tilde{p}_I, \tilde{p}_K \cdots)|^2$$

$$S_{ijk} = \frac{2s_{ik}}{s_{ij}s_{jk}}$$

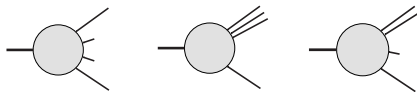
- ▶ Collinear limit $p_j || p_k$

$$|\mathcal{M}_{m+1}^0(\cdots p_i, p_j, p_k, p_l, \cdots)|^2 \rightarrow \frac{P_{jk \rightarrow \tilde{K}}^0}{s_{jk}} |\mathcal{M}_m^0(\cdots, p_i, p_{\tilde{K}}, p_l, \cdots)|^2$$

Double Unresolved Tree Factorizaion

At NNLO we have new singular limits

- ▶ Double soft
- ▶ Triple collinear
- ▶ Soft and collinear



Factorization holds \longrightarrow new universal functions

$$S_{abcd} \quad S_{d,abc} \quad P_{ijk \rightarrow \tilde{K}} \quad \tilde{P}_{ijk \rightarrow \tilde{K}}$$

Details of factorization depend on **colour ordering** of partons

Subtraction Method

Construct a local counterterm, $d\sigma_{NNLO}^{RR,S}$,

$$\int_{d\Phi_{m+2}} d\sigma_{NNLO}^{RR} = \int_{d\Phi_{m+2}} \left[d\sigma_{NNLO}^{RR} - d\sigma_{NNLO}^{RR,S} \right] + \int_{d\Phi_{m+2}} d\sigma_{NNLO}^{RR,S}$$

- ▶ Absorbs all IR divergence
- ▶ New integrand is finite over the entire phase space
- ▶ Integrated numerically to finite result

Subtraction Method

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- ▶ Absorbs all IR divergence
- ▶ New integrand is finite over the entire phase space
- ▶ Integrated numerically to finite result

Also construct a one loop counterterm, $d\sigma_{NNLO}^{RV,S}$,

$$\int_{d\Phi_{m+1}} d\sigma_{NNLO}^{RV} = \int_{d\Phi_{m+1}} \left[d\sigma_{NNLO}^{RV} - d\sigma_{NNLO}^{RV,S} \right] + \int_{d\Phi_{m+1}} d\sigma_{NNLO}^{RV,S}$$

Why Antenna Functions?

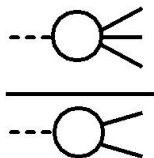
- ▶ Built from physical matrix elements

$$A, \tilde{A}, B, C \sim \gamma^* \rightarrow q \bar{q} \text{ (+ partons)}$$

$$D, E, \tilde{E} \sim \tilde{\chi} \rightarrow \tilde{g} \text{ (+ partons)}$$

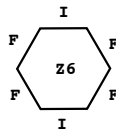
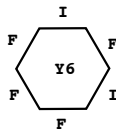
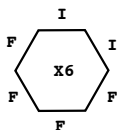
$$F, G, \tilde{G}, H \sim H \rightarrow \text{(partons)}$$

- ▶ Contain multiple singular limits
 - ▶ Regulate multiple singularities
 - ▶ Spurious poles
- ▶ Analytically integrable
 - ▶ D dimensions \rightarrow ϵ expansion

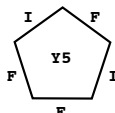
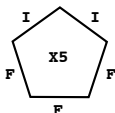


Matrix Element Structure

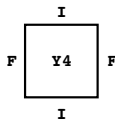
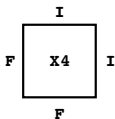
4 final + 2 initial state partons \rightarrow 3 topologies $\mathcal{X}_6, \mathcal{Y}_6, \mathcal{Z}_6$



3 final + 2 initial state partons \rightarrow 2 topologies $\mathcal{X}_5, \mathcal{Y}_5$



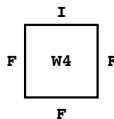
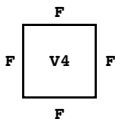
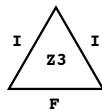
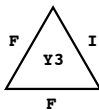
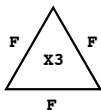
2 final + 2 initial state partons \rightarrow 2 topologies $\mathcal{X}_4, \mathcal{Y}_4$



Constructing the Counterterm

$$d\sigma_{NNLO}^S = \sum_i \kappa_i (\text{Antenna})_i \otimes (\text{Reduced Matrix Element})_i$$

- ▶ Reduced matrix elements $\in \{\mathcal{X}_4, \mathcal{Y}_4\}, \{\mathcal{X}_5, \mathcal{Y}_5\}$
- ▶ Antenna functions $\in \{\mathcal{X}_3, \mathcal{Y}_3, \mathcal{Z}_3\}, \{\mathcal{V}_4, \mathcal{W}_4, \mathcal{X}_4, \mathcal{Y}_4\}$

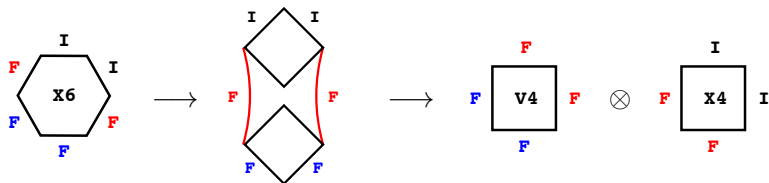


Constructing the Counterterm - Strategy

Define \otimes operation diagrammatically

- ▶ Identify hard partons
- ▶ **Stretch and pinch** \ make insertions

e.g.



For each topology \mathcal{T} remove singularities with counterterm $(\mathcal{A} \otimes \mathcal{R})$ such that,

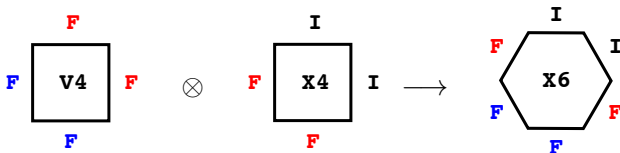
$$(\mathcal{A} \otimes \mathcal{R}) \in \mathcal{T}$$

Constructing the Counterterm - Strategy

Define \otimes operation diagrammatically

- ▶ Identify hard partons
- ▶ Stretch and pinch \ make insertions

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For each topology \mathcal{T} remove singularities with counterterm $(\mathcal{A} \otimes \mathcal{R})$ such that,

$$(\mathcal{A} \otimes \mathcal{R}) \in \mathcal{T}$$

General Kinematic Structure

$$\begin{aligned}
 d\sigma_{NNLO}^{S,\mathcal{X}_6} &= (\mathcal{X}_3 \otimes \mathcal{X}_5) + (\mathcal{Y}_3 \otimes \mathcal{X}_5) \\
 &+ (\mathcal{V}_4 \otimes \mathcal{X}_4) - (\mathcal{X}_3 \otimes \mathcal{X}_3) \otimes \mathcal{X}_4 \\
 &+ (\mathcal{W}_4 \otimes \mathcal{X}_4) - (\mathcal{X}_3 \otimes \mathcal{Y}_3) \otimes \mathcal{X}_4 - (\mathcal{Y}_3 \otimes \mathcal{Y}_3) \otimes \mathcal{X}_4 + \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

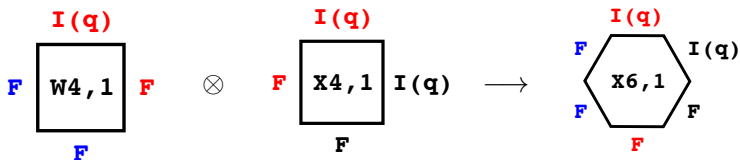
$$\begin{aligned}
 d\sigma_{NNLO}^{S,\mathcal{Y}_6} &= (\mathcal{X}_3 \otimes \mathcal{Y}_5) + (\mathcal{Y}_3 \otimes \mathcal{Y}_5) + (\mathcal{Z}_3 \otimes \mathcal{X}_5) \\
 &+ (\mathcal{W}_4 \otimes \mathcal{Y}_4) - (\mathcal{X}_3 \otimes \mathcal{Y}_3) \otimes \mathcal{Y}_4 - (\mathcal{Y}_3 \otimes \mathcal{Y}_3) \otimes \mathcal{Y}_4 \\
 &+ (\mathcal{Y}_4 \otimes \mathcal{X}_4) - (\mathcal{Z}_3 \otimes \mathcal{Z}_3) \otimes \mathcal{X}_4 + \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 d\sigma_{NNLO}^{S,\mathcal{Z}_6} &= (\mathcal{Y}_3 \otimes \mathcal{Y}_5) \\
 &+ (\mathcal{X}_4 \otimes \mathcal{X}_4) - (\mathcal{Y}_3 \otimes \mathcal{Z}_3) \otimes \mathcal{Z}_4 \\
 &+ (\mathcal{Y}_4 \otimes \mathcal{Y}_4) - (\mathcal{Z}_3 \otimes \mathcal{Z}_3) \otimes \mathcal{Y}_4 + \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

Introducing Quarks

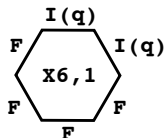
- ▶ Additional grading, fermion \ boson
- ▶ Further classify topologies $\mathcal{X}_{6,1}, \mathcal{X}_{6,2}$, etc
- ▶ Follow same strategy

e.g.



Application to $q\bar{q} \longrightarrow gggg$

Only one topology to consider

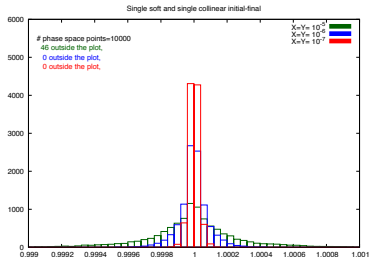
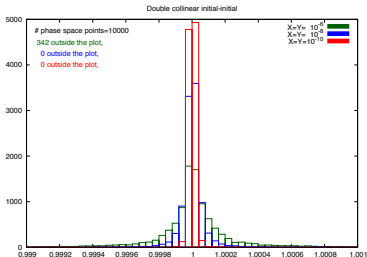
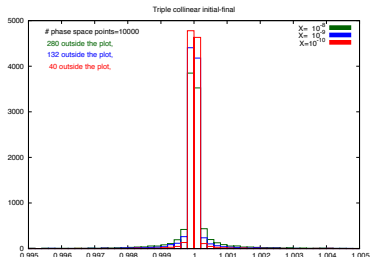
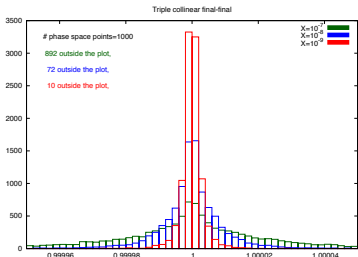


Contributing 4 parton antennae:

► $\longrightarrow F_4^0(g, g, g, g)$

► $\longrightarrow D_4^0(\hat{q}, g, g, g)$

Numerical Testing - Results for $q\bar{q} \rightarrow gggg$



Work in Progress

- ▶ Construction of the one loop counterterm $d\sigma_{NNLO}^{RV,S}$
- ▶ Numerical testing of $d\sigma_{NNLO}^{RV,S}$
- ▶ Mass factorization terms
- ▶ Integration of $d\sigma_{NNLO}^{RR,S} + d\sigma_{NNLO}^{RV,S}$ over antenna phase space
 - ▶ Need initial-initial integrated antennae
 - ▶ Combine with 2-loop singularities
 - ▶ Pole cancellation \rightarrow **finite NNLO cross section**
- ▶ Other channels, $qg \rightarrow qggg$, $gg \rightarrow q\bar{q}gg$, etc
- ▶ Repeat analysis for $4q + 2g$, and $6q$ scattering

To Take Away

- ▶ NNLO QCD highly desirable for LHC physics
- ▶ Antenna formalism general
 - ▶ NLO, NNLO, tree, 1-loop
 - ▶ Coloured initial states
- ▶ Double real counterterm structure understood
- ▶ “Close” to full subtraction for certain channels