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# SR damping, IBS, and beam-beam simulations for HE-LHC

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# Acknowledgments



- This work is based in big part on IBS model by V.Lebedev (Fermilab)
- Beam-beam simulations were carried out with Lifetrac code by D.Shatilov (BINP)



# Outline



- Synchrotron radiation damping and excitation in HE-LHC
- Intra-beam scattering
- Luminosity evolution model
- Beam-beam simulation



# Machine and beam parameters

Beam energy	16.5 TeV
Number of bunches	1404
Number of IPs	2
Bunch population	$1.3 \times 10^{11}$
Initial normalized transverse emittance	3.75, 1.84 (x,y) $\mu\text{m}$
Initial momentum spread	$0.9 \times 10^{-4}$
RF voltage	32 MV
Beta-function at IP	1.0, 0.43 (x,y) m
Full crossing angle	175 $\mu\text{rad}$



# Parameters of synchrotron radiation



Synchrotron radiation integrals computed for LHC optics V6.5	$I_2=0.002245 \text{ m}^{-1}$
	$I_3=7.99 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}^{-2}$
	$I_5=2.11 \cdot 10^{-8} \text{ m}^{-1}$
Energy loss per turn	$U_0=206.3 \text{ keV}$
SR power	$P=67 \text{ kW}$
Emittance damping time	$\tau_x, \tau_y=1.93 \text{ h}$
	$\tau_E=0.96 \text{ h}$
Normalized SR equilibrium emittance	$\epsilon_{x0}=0.01 \mu\text{m}$
Equilibrium momentum spread	$\delta_0=3.4 \times 10^{-6}$

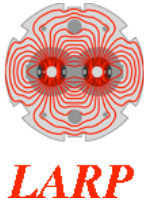
$$U_0 = \frac{C_\gamma}{2\pi} E^4 I_2$$

$$P = U_0 I_b N_b$$

$$\tau_{x,y} = \frac{ET_0}{U_0}$$

$$\tau_E = \frac{ET_0}{2 \cdot U_0}$$

$$\frac{d\epsilon_x}{dt} = -\frac{\epsilon_x}{\tau_x} + \frac{55}{48\sqrt{3}} \frac{\hbar c}{T_0} \frac{r_0}{mc^2} \gamma^5 I_5$$



# Parameters of diffusion

IBS in smooth optics approximation, for full description see

[http://lhc-commissioning.web.cern.ch/lhc-commissioning/presentations/2010/VL\\_LHC\\_LuminosityEvolution.pdf](http://lhc-commissioning.web.cern.ch/lhc-commissioning/presentations/2010/VL_LHC_LuminosityEvolution.pdf)

Lattice parameters for LHC V6.5	Average $\beta_x=104.8$ m
	Average $\beta_y=109.4$ m
	Average $A_x=2.29$
Horizontal IBS emittance growth time	82 h
Longitudinal IBS emittance growth time	72 h
Lifetime due to scattering on residual gas	900 h

$$A_x = \frac{D_x^2 + (\beta_x D_x' + \alpha_x D_x)^2}{\beta_x}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} \varepsilon_x \\ \varepsilon_y \\ \sigma_p^2 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{Nr_0^2 c L_c}{4\sqrt{2}\beta^3 \gamma^3 \sigma_x \sigma_y \sigma_z \theta_{\perp}} \begin{pmatrix} \langle A_x \rangle_s \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$



# Luminosity evolution model

Numerical solution of system of equations

$$\frac{d\varepsilon_x}{dt} = -\frac{2\varepsilon_x}{\tau_{SRx}} + \frac{d\varepsilon_{xSR}}{dt} + \frac{d\varepsilon_{xIBS}}{dt} + \frac{d\varepsilon_{xBB}}{dt} + \frac{d\varepsilon_{xExt}}{dt}$$

$$\frac{d\varepsilon_y}{dt} = -\frac{2\varepsilon_y}{\tau_{SRy}} + \frac{d\varepsilon_{ySR}}{dt} + \frac{d\varepsilon_{yIBS}}{dt} + \frac{d\varepsilon_{yBB}}{dt} + \frac{d\varepsilon_{yExt}}{dt}$$

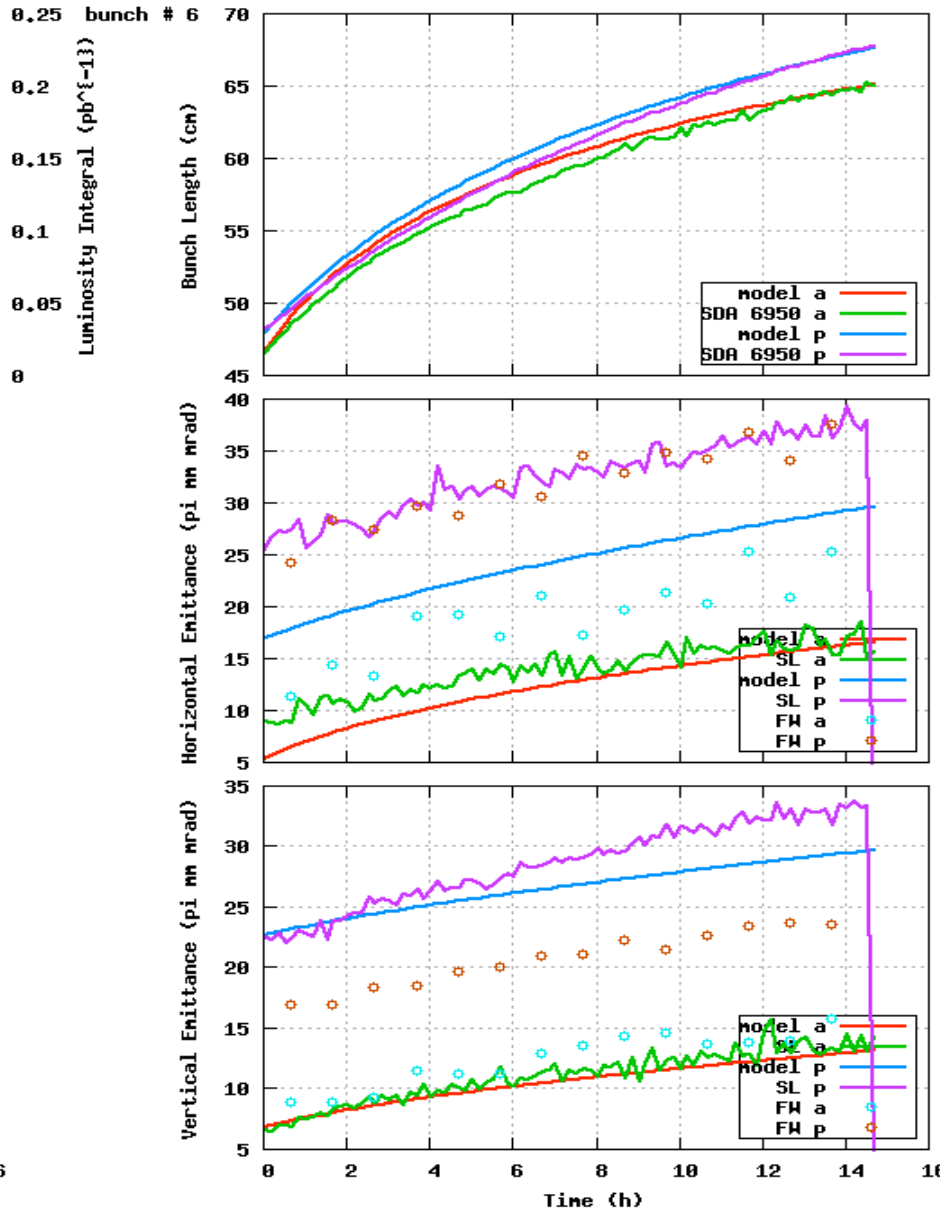
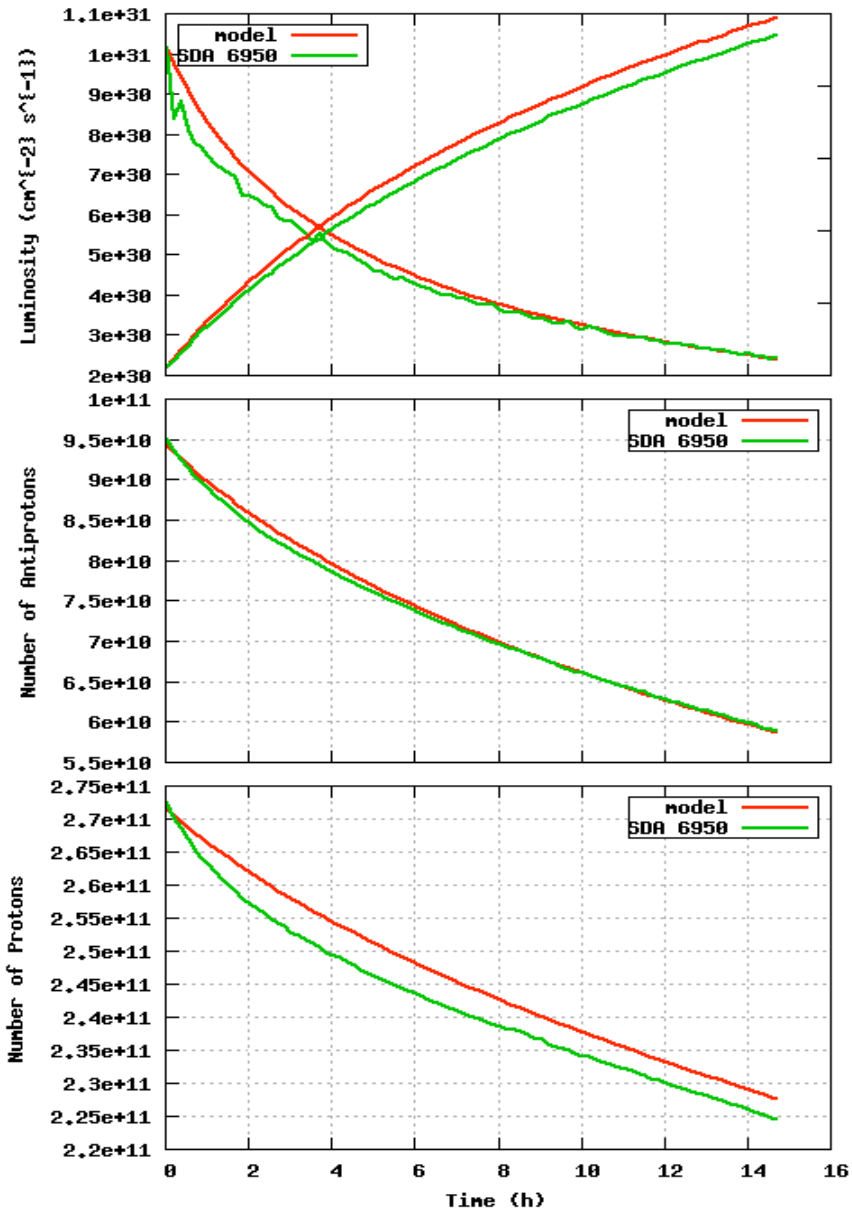
$$\frac{d\sigma_E^2}{dt} = -\frac{2\sigma_E^2}{\tau_{SRE}} + \frac{d\sigma_{SR}^2}{dt} + \frac{d\sigma_{IBS}^2}{dt} + \frac{d\sigma_{BB}^2}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dN}{dt} = -N_{IP} \frac{L}{N_b} \sigma_{tot} - \frac{N}{\tau_{Ext}}$$

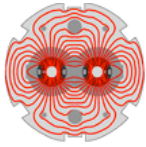


# Luminosity evolution model example.

Tevatron store 6950  $L_0 = 3.5 \times 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$



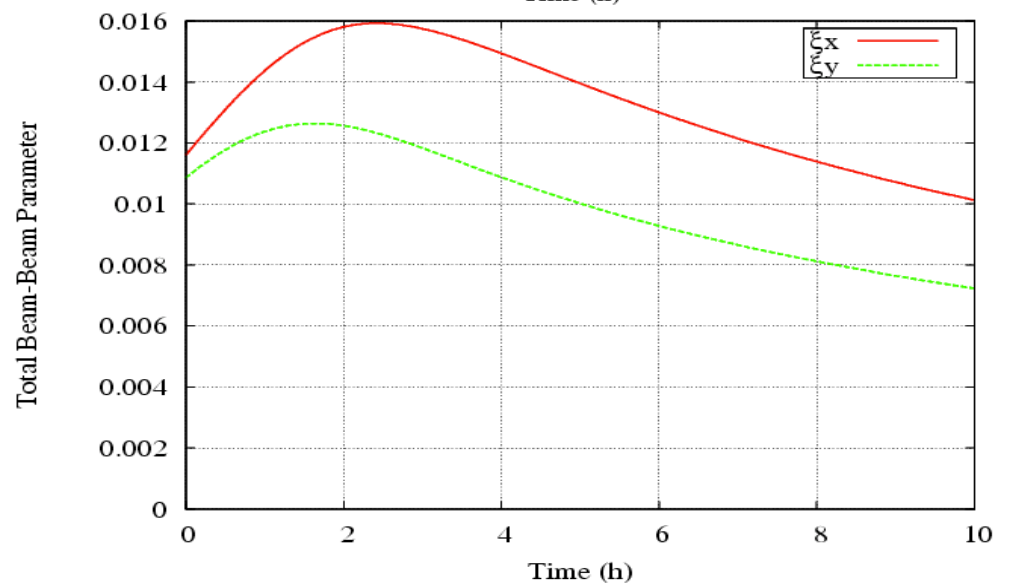
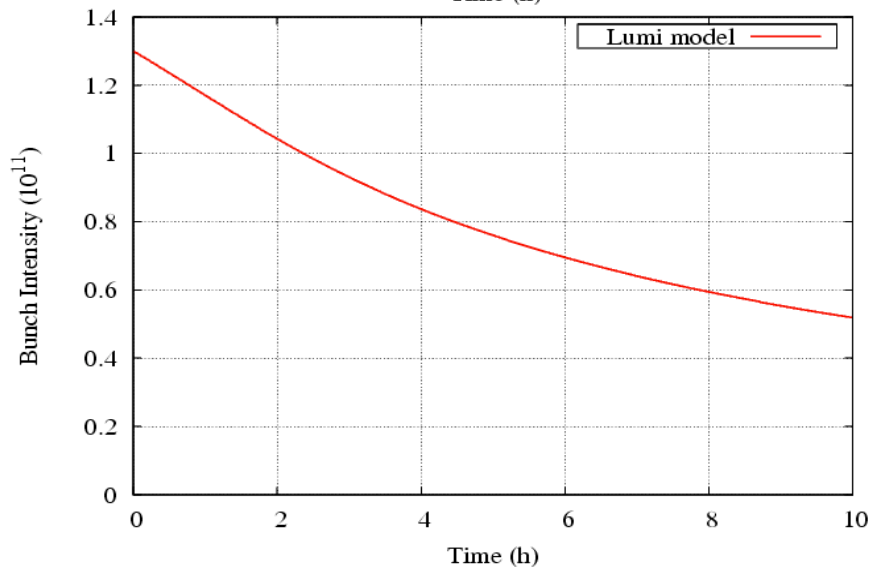
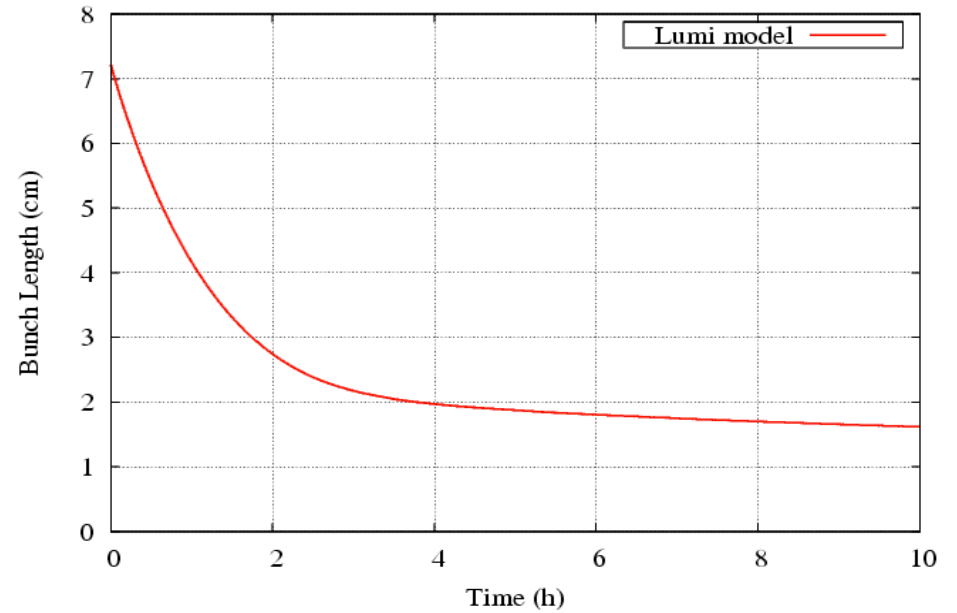
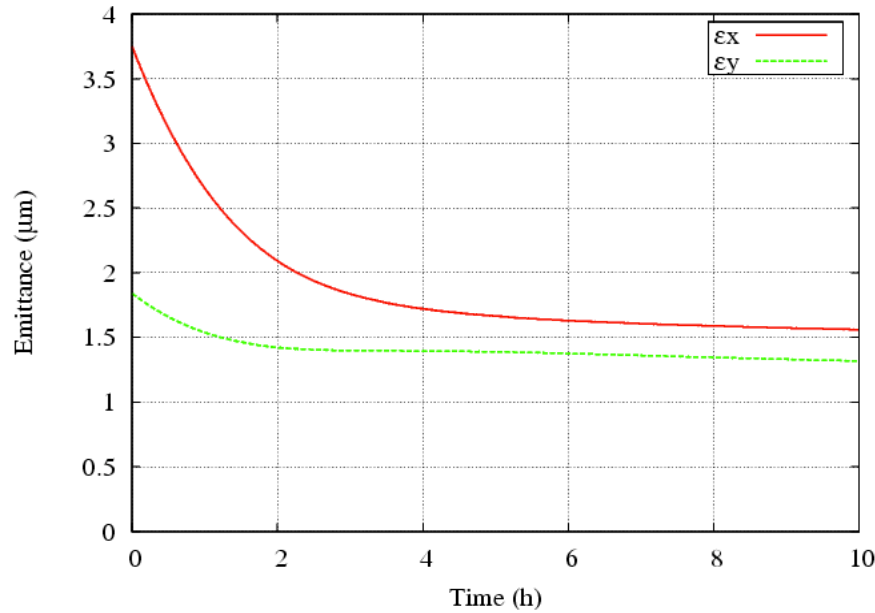




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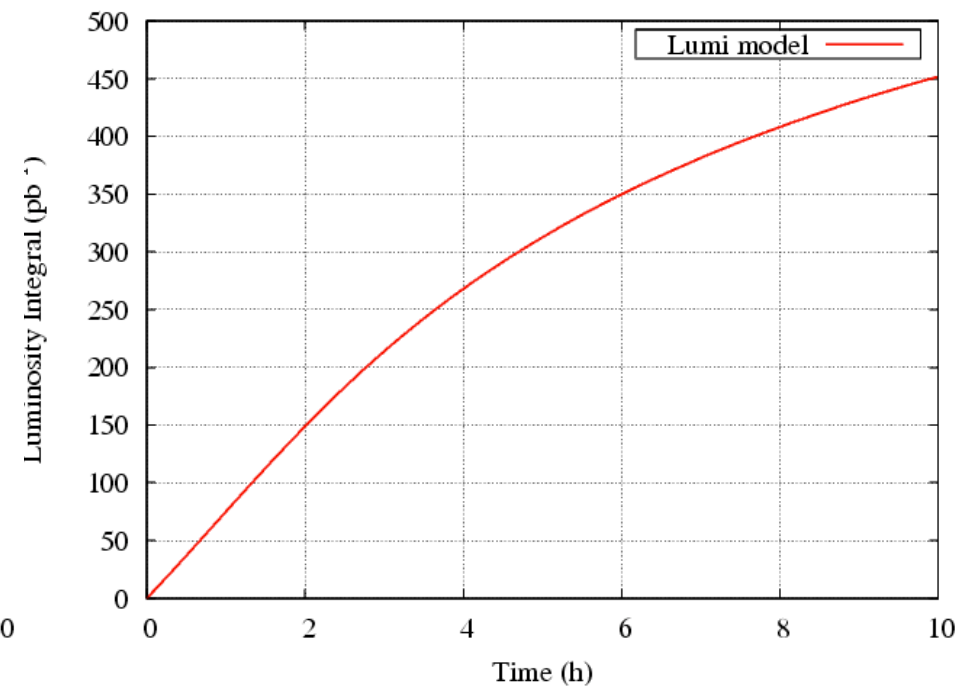
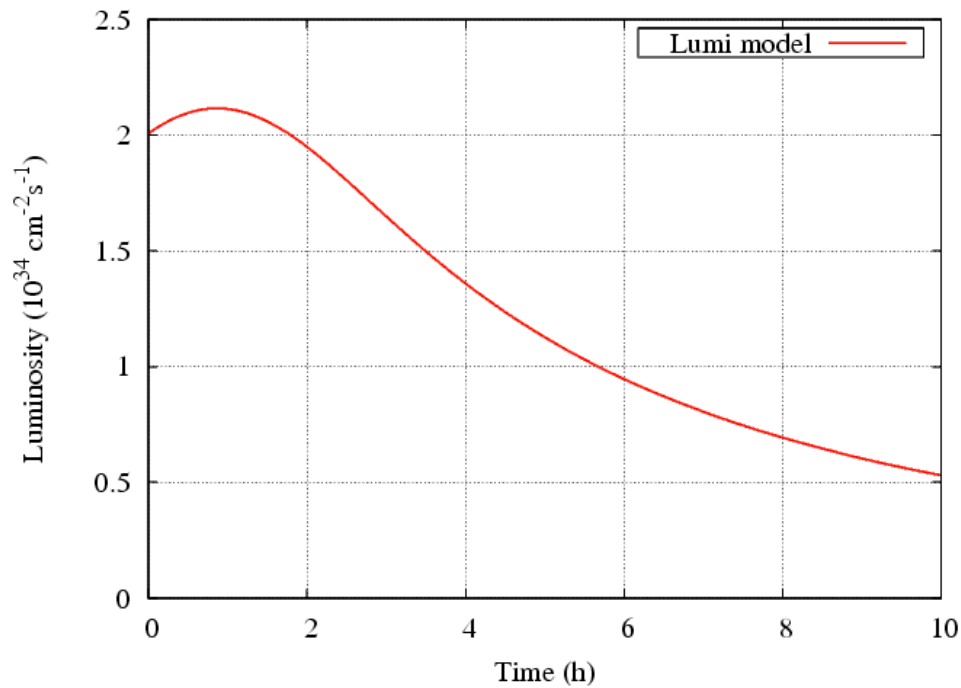


# Evolution of beam parameters





# Luminosity and luminosity integral



Lumi integral for 10h store =  $450 \text{ pb}^{-1}$

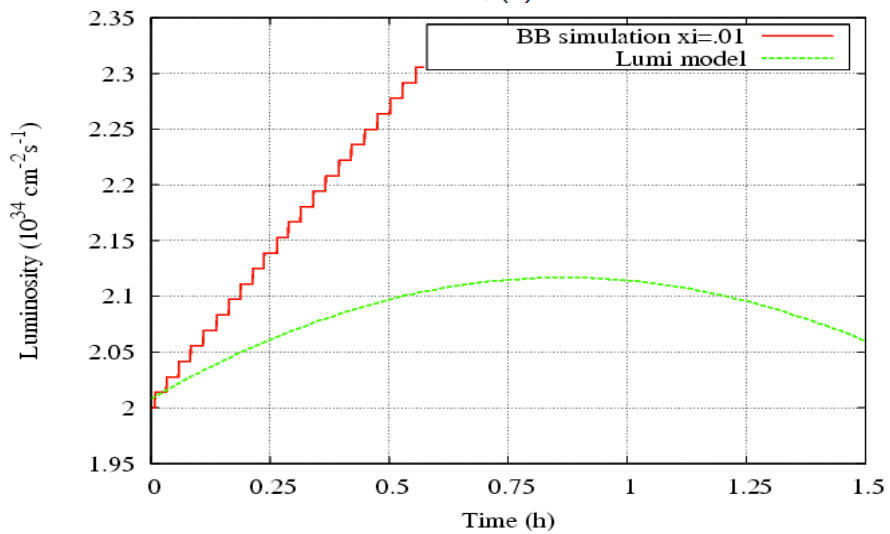
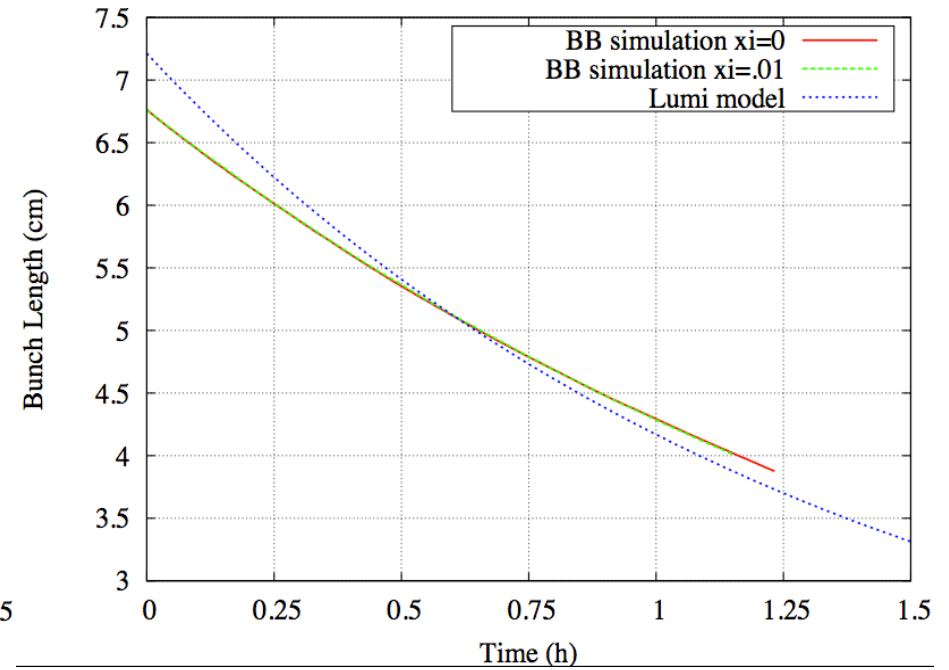
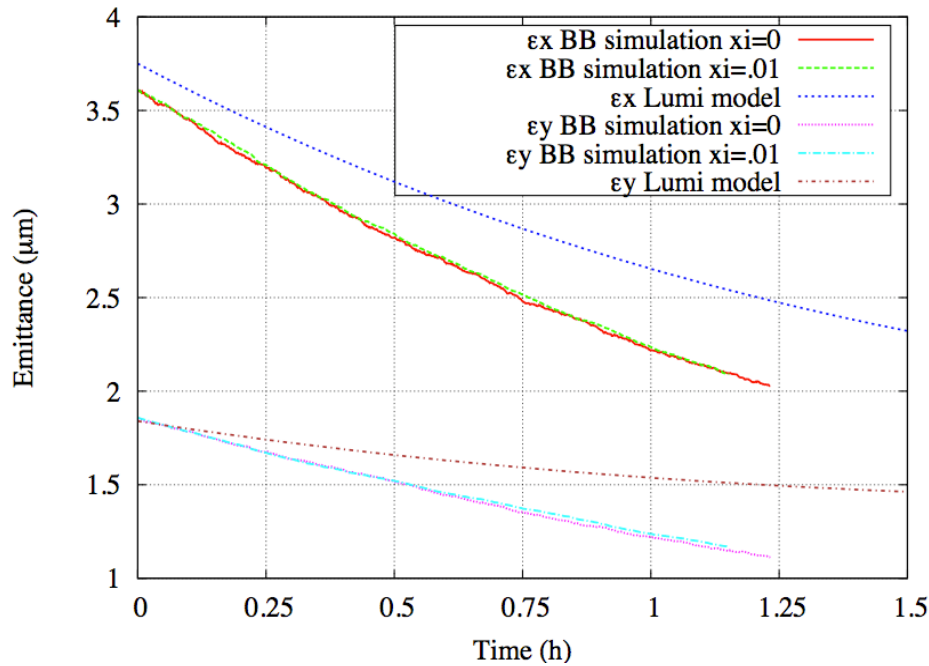


## Beam-beam simulation

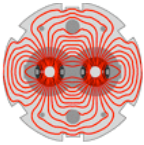
- Weak-strong, 5000 macro-particles, 6D
- $5 \times 10^7$  turns (1.23 h) – no long-range collisions only 2 main IPs
- SR damping and IBS rates once per turn
- No particle losses due to luminosity, no diffusion due to scattering at the IP



# Beam-beam simulation results



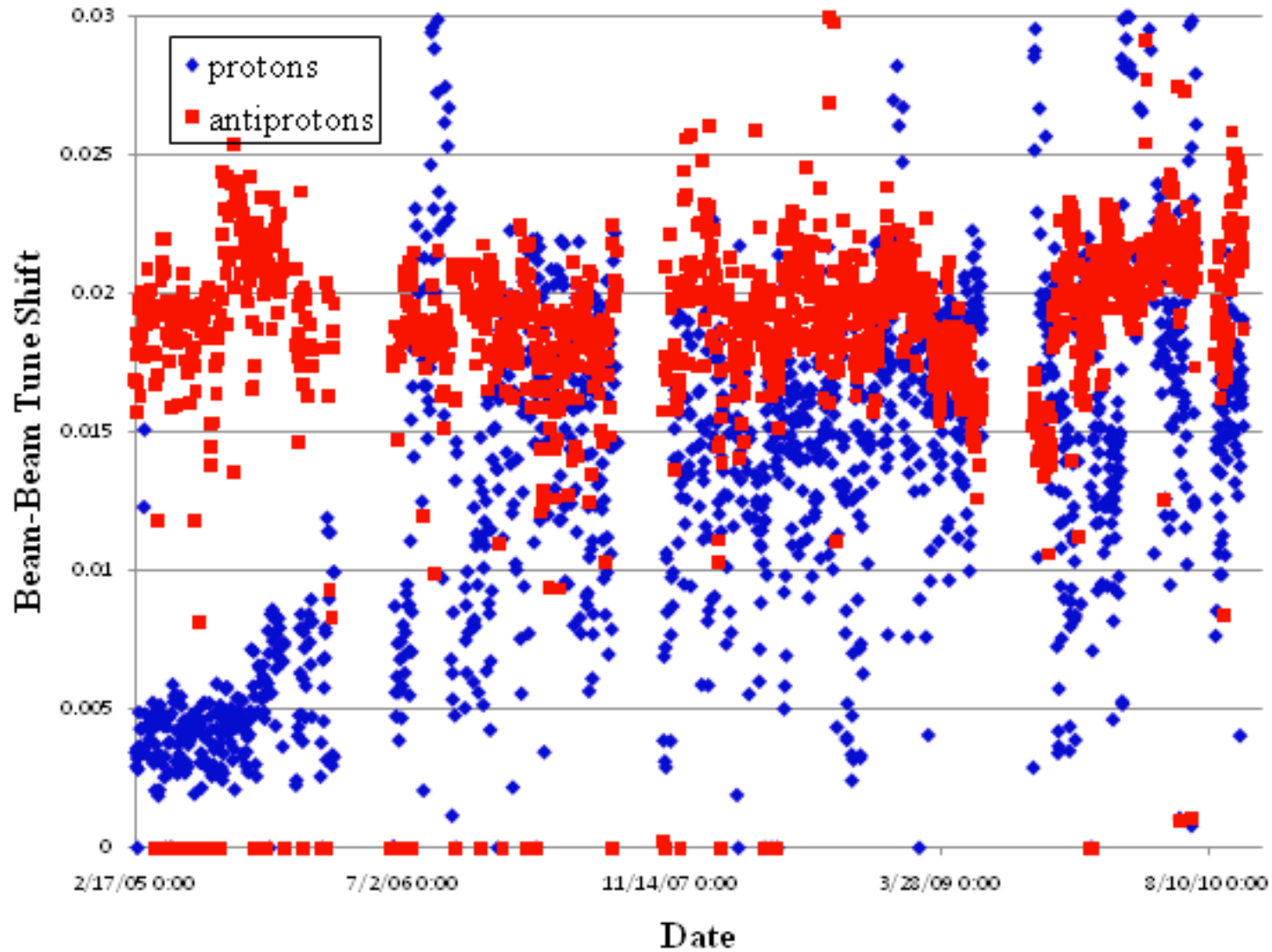
No particle losses at  $\xi=0.01$



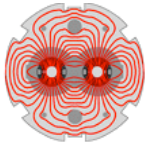
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# Tevatron beam-beam parameter



Lumi integral loss is ~5-7% up to  $\xi=0.025$



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## Summary

- Synchrotron radiation damping is a significant effect for HE-LHC
- Luminosity evolution model with IBS and SR confirms that luminosity integral of  $450 \text{ pb}^{-1}$  is possible for 10 h store
- Simplified (no LR collisions) beam-beam simulation with IBS and SR predicts no losses. From Tevatron experience it is reasonable to expect  $\sim 5\%$  loss of luminosity integral due to beam-beam.