

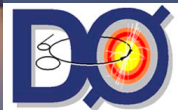
# Higgs Boson Searches at the Tevatron

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University of Illinois

for the CDF and D0  
Collaborations

LHC Days 2010  
Split, Croatia  
October 7, 2010

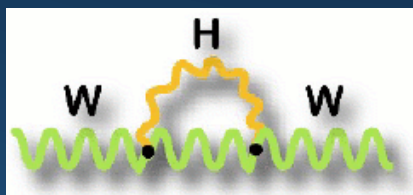
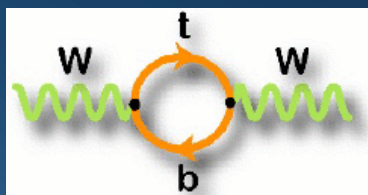


# Constraints on the Higgs

$M_H$  not predicted by the SM, but can be inferred

## 1) Electroweak constraints

E.g.  $\ln M_H \propto \Delta M_W \propto M_t^2$



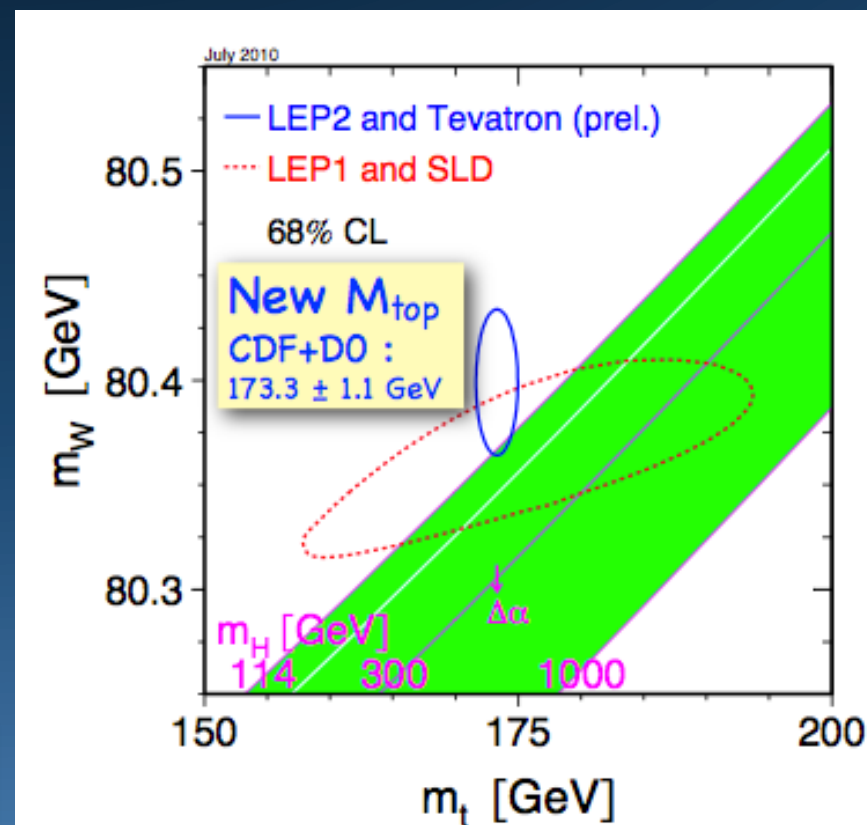
and other precision measurements of electroweak observables

## 2) Direct searches @ LEP

LEP:  $M_H > 114.4$  GeV @ 95% C.L.

## 3) Direct searches @ Tevatron

4) Direct searches @ LHC (coming soon to a colloquium near you)



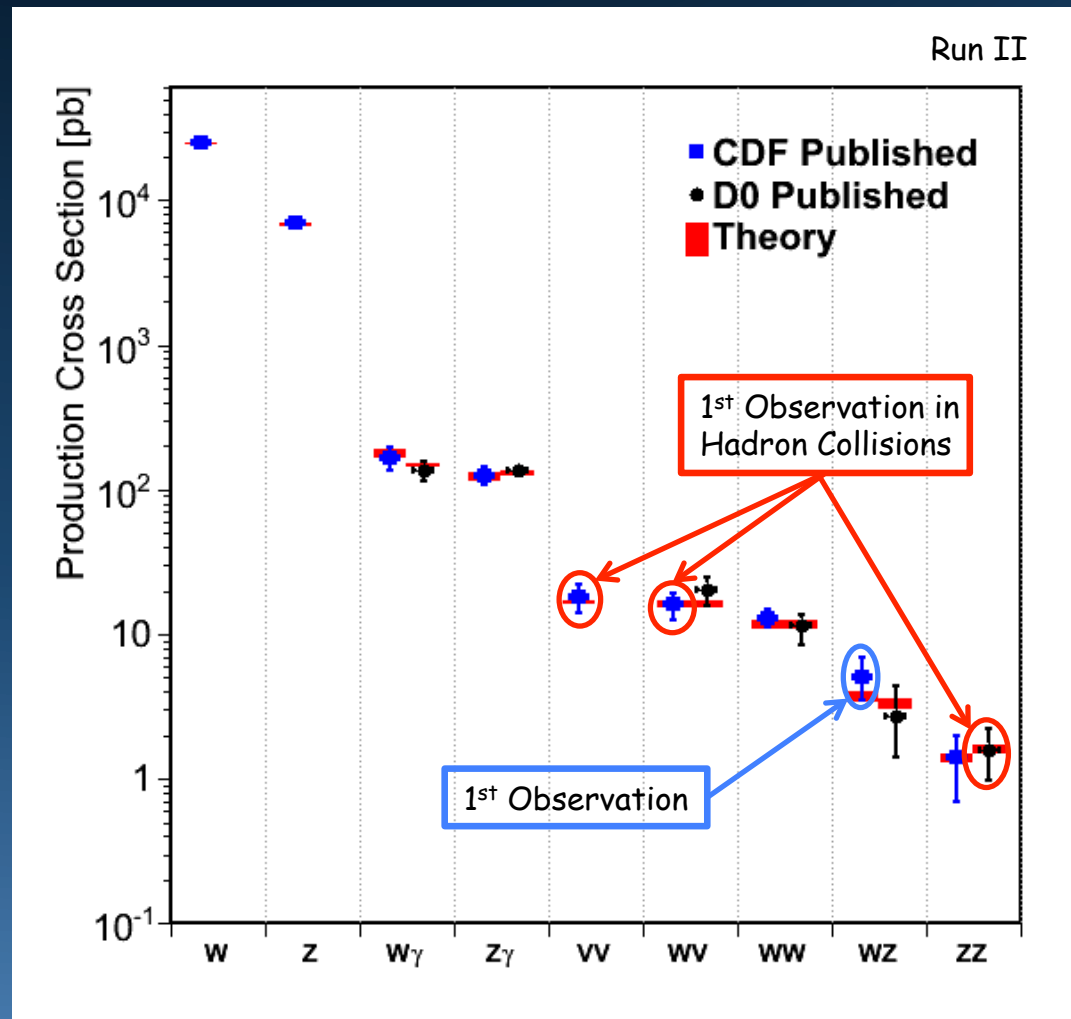
**Precision Fit finds**

$$m_H = 89.0^{+35}_{-26} \text{ GeV}$$

**$m_H < 158$  GeV @ 95% CL**

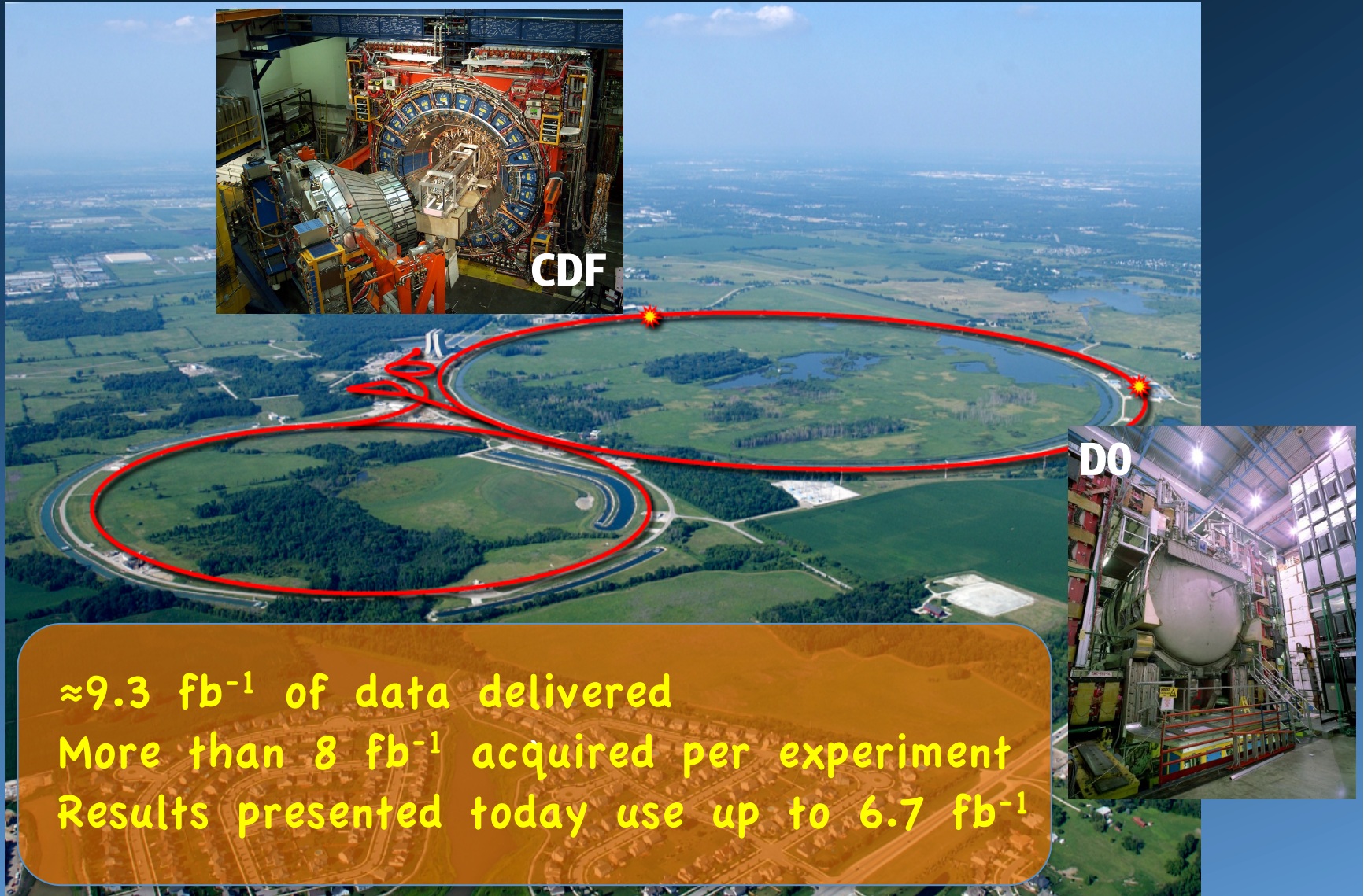
# Pushing the Envelope of Smash n' Grab

- Tevatron experiments probe production processes covering many orders of magnitude in cross section



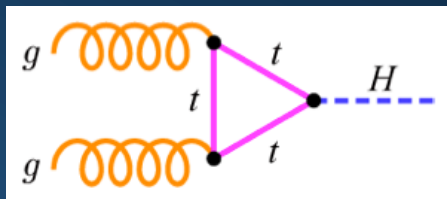
- Many firsts during Run II (e.g. WZ, ZZ, single top)
- Now reached sub-picobarn cross section sensitivity

# Tevatron, CDF, D0

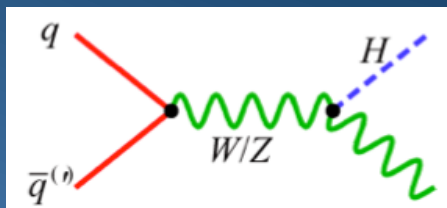


# SM Higgs Production & Decay at Tevatron

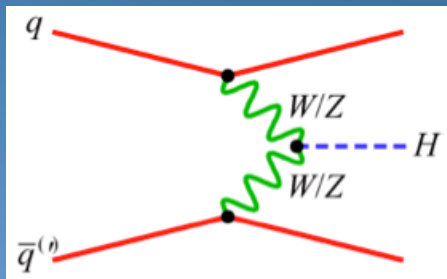
$$\sigma(gg \rightarrow H) = 0.2 - 1 \text{ pb}$$



$$\sigma(q\bar{q}^{(\prime)} \rightarrow HV) = 0.01 - 0.3 \text{ pb}$$

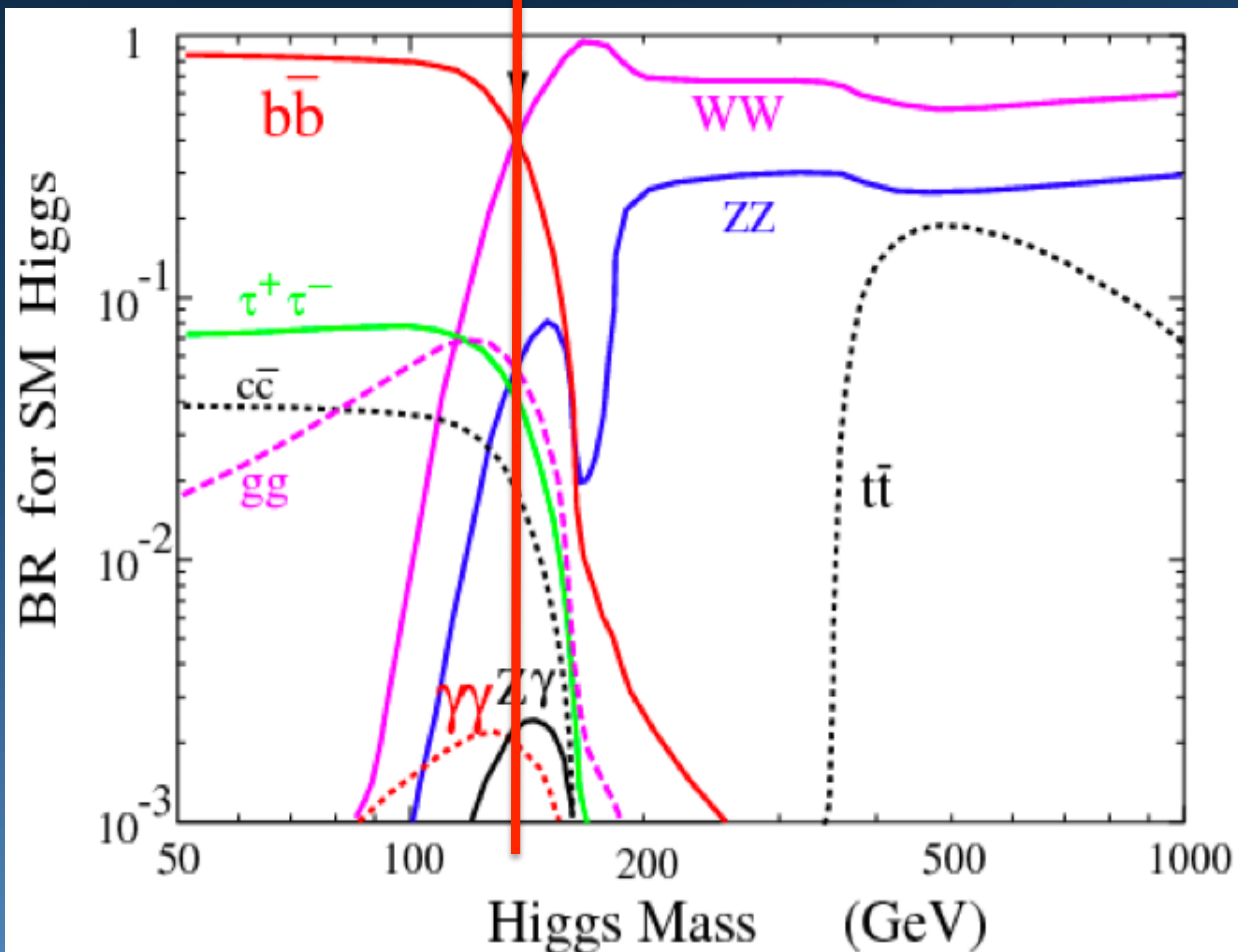


$$\sigma(q\bar{q}^{(\prime)} \rightarrow Hq\bar{q}^{(\prime)}) = 0.02 - 0.1 \text{ pb}$$



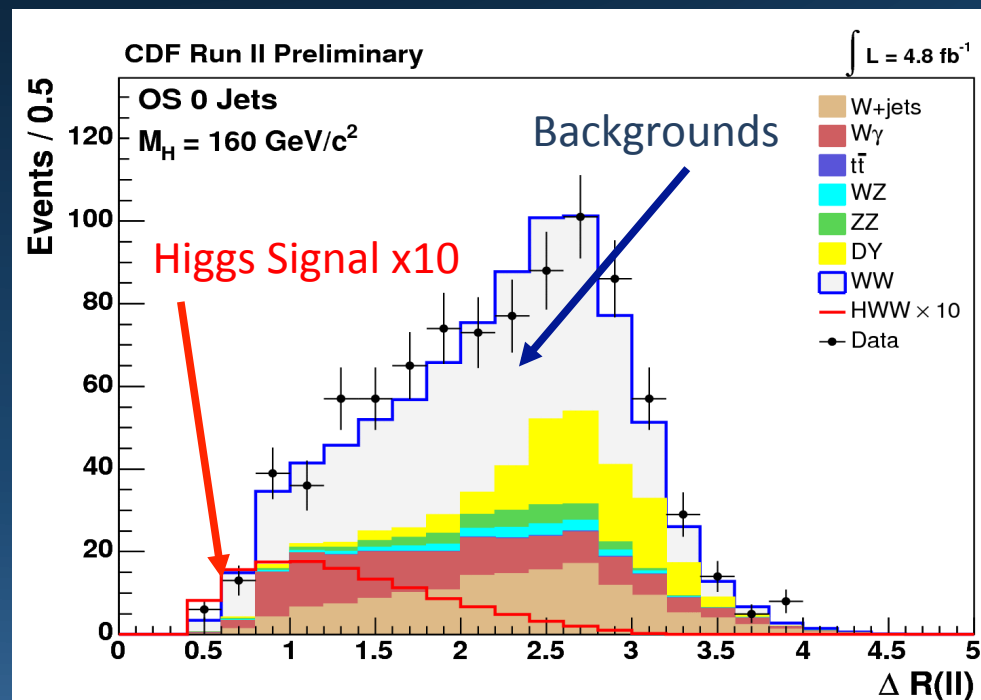
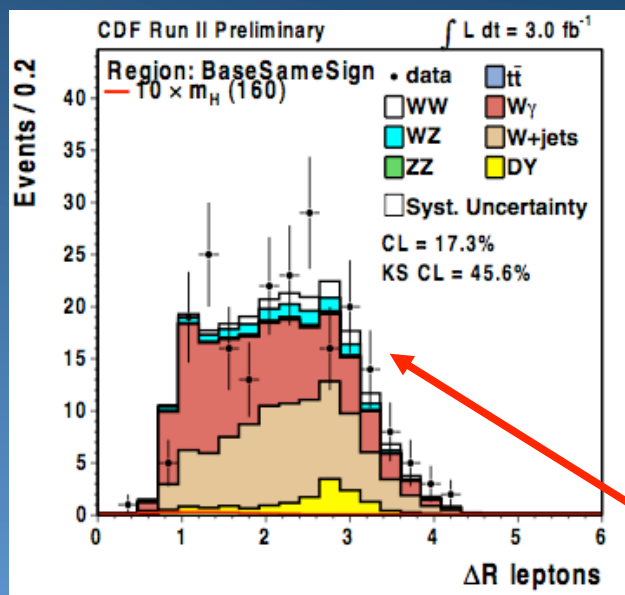
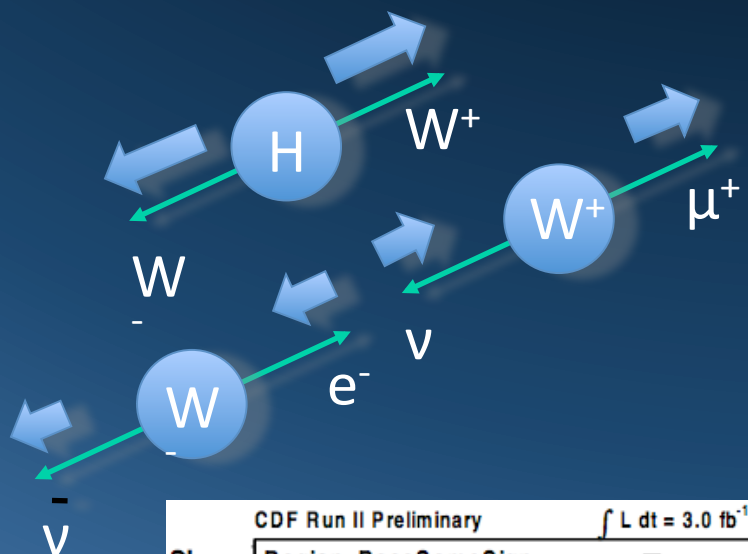
Low Mass

High Mass



# High Mass Higgs Search (WW)

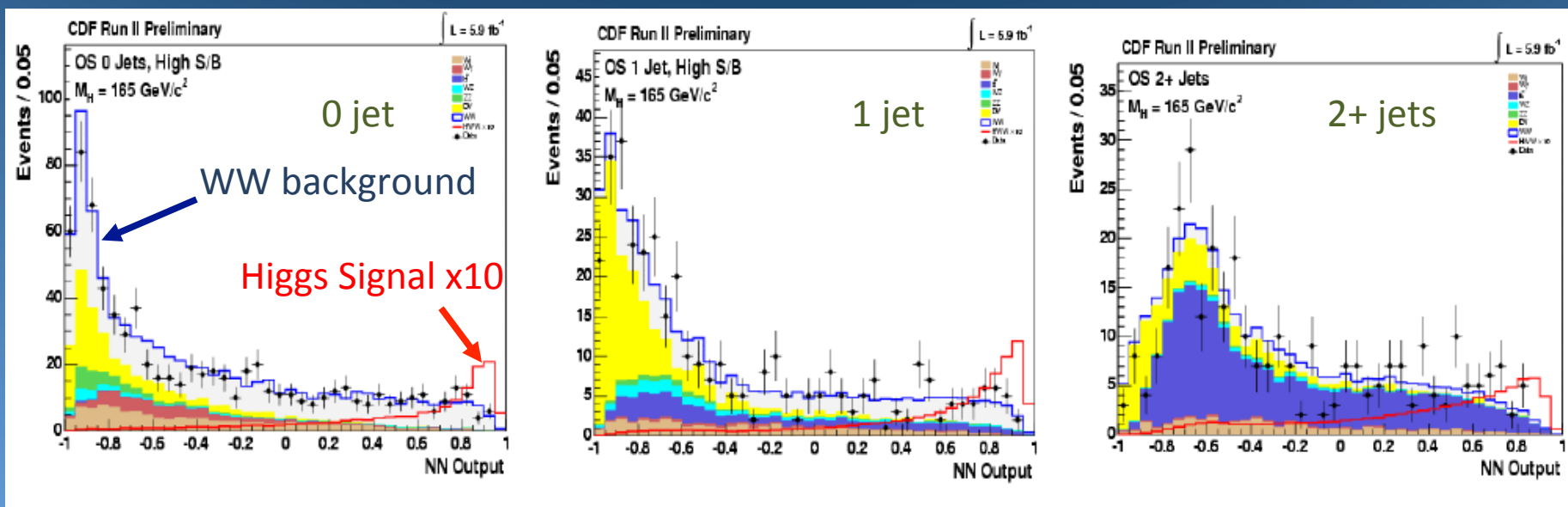
**Main challenge:** to distinguish signal from direct **WW** production



Background modeling validated using selections outside of signal region

# High Mass Higgs Search (WW): Strategy

- Simple event counting is not good enough ( $S/\sqrt{B}$  too low): Use **MVA techniques** to discriminate between signal and background:
  - Matrix Elements (ME), Neural Networks (NN), Boosted Decision Trees (BDT)
  - Each channel and  $M_H$  hypothesis has its own MVA template
- Separate analysis into channels by S/B ratio in lepton purity and jet multiplicity: **0, 1 and 2+ jets**
  - Consider how **ggF**, **WH**, **ZH**, and **WBF** can feed these channels



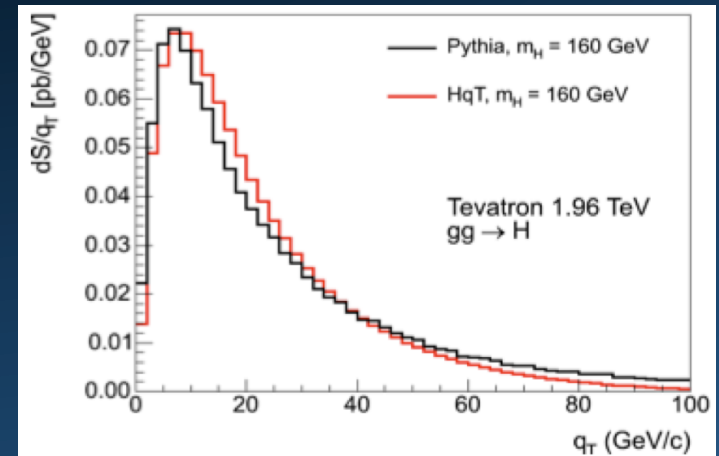
# Theory & Uncertainty (High Mass Higgs)

We make use of **well-motivated** and **state-of-the-art** gluon fusion cross-section calculations and uncertainties

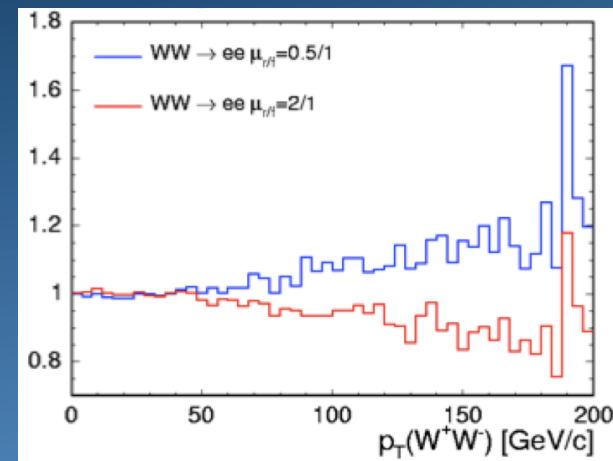
- $gg \rightarrow H$  uses NNLL + NNLO calculations “Next to Next to Leading Log/Order” de Florian & Grazzini (Phys.Lett.B674:291-294, 2009)
  - Soft-gluon resummation treatment
  - MSTW2008 Parton Density Function
- Anastasiou, Boughezal, Petriello (JHEP: 0904:003, 2009)
  - Proper treatment of  $b$ -quarks at NLO
  - Inclusion of two-loop electroweak effects

A detailed explanation of our procedures and arguments can be found at:

[http://tevnpnphwg.fnal.gov/results/SM\\_Higgs\\_Summer\\_10/addendumresponse\\_oct2010.html](http://tevnpnphwg.fnal.gov/results/SM_Higgs_Summer_10/addendumresponse_oct2010.html)

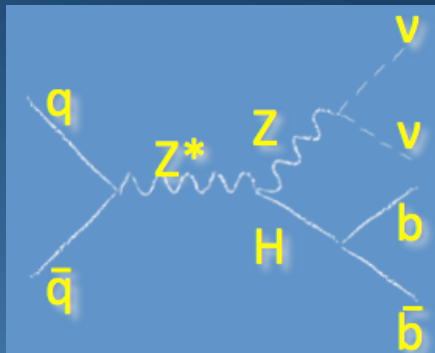
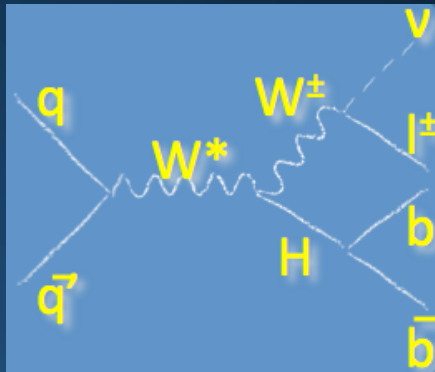


Reweight PYTHIA Higgs kinematics to full NNLL calculation



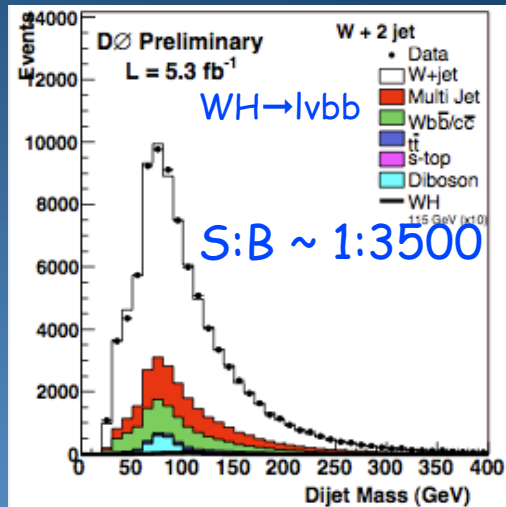
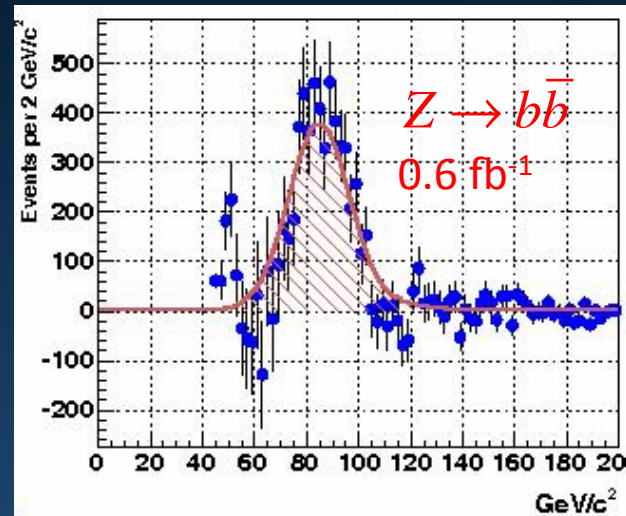
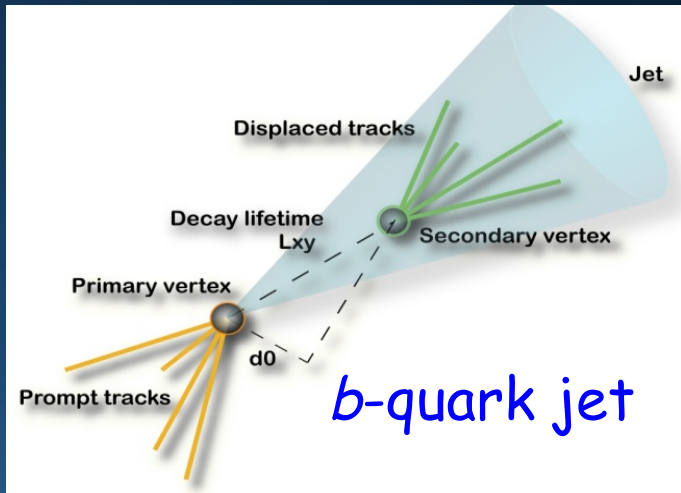
Consider same variations for dominant WW background

# Low Mass Higgs: Associated Production

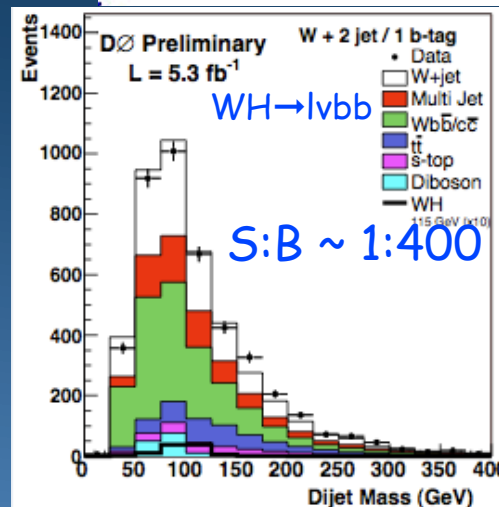


- While smaller cross-section (than gluon fusion), final states are much cleaner
- Main ingredients:
  - **Leptons** or **MET** allow large reduction in backgrounds to go after dominant  $bb$  decay channel
  - **$b$ -tagging** dramatically reduces  $W/Z$  + light jet and QCD backgrounds
- Analyses look for a bump in the **dijet mass** spectrum
  - Good understanding of  $bb$  mass resolution is critical

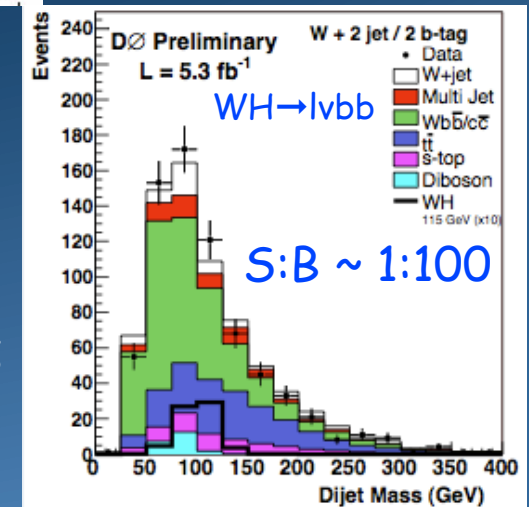
# Backgrounds and Resolution



1  $b$ -tag



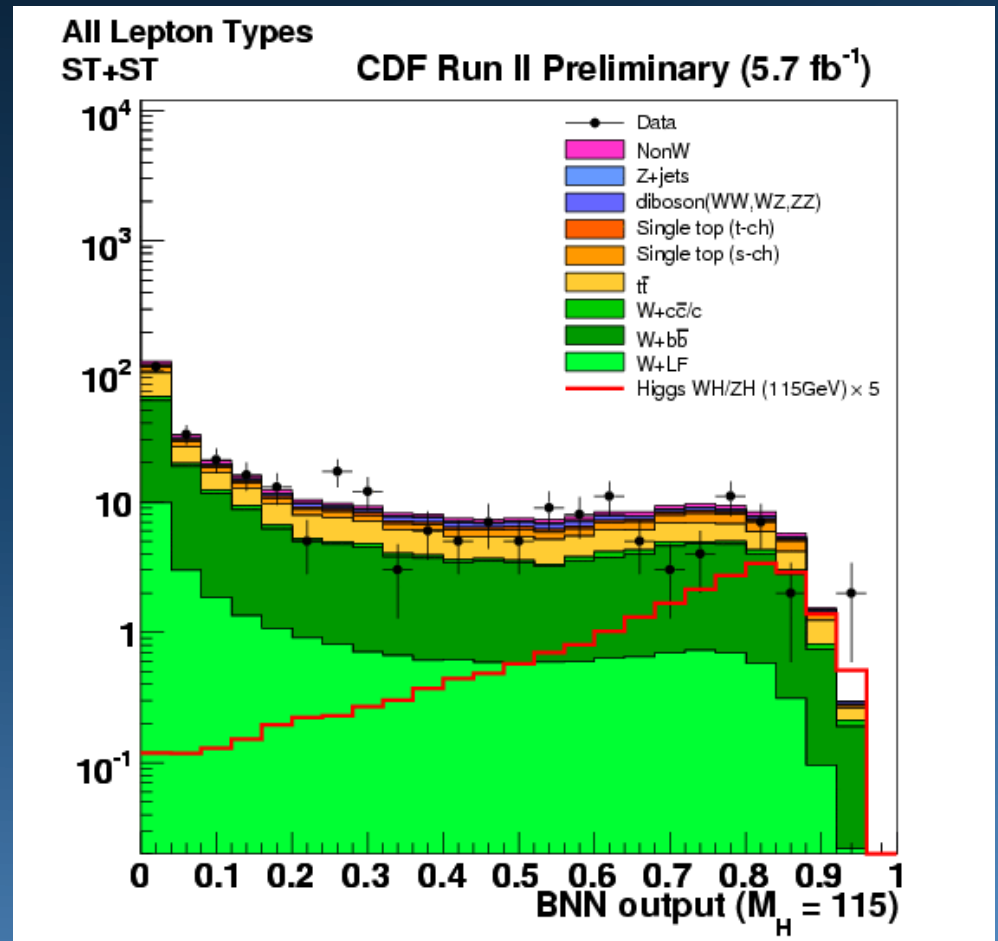
2  $b$ -tag



- After 1 or 2  $b$ -tags
- Signal region with enhanced signal / background

# Multivariate Techniques for Low Mass Higgs

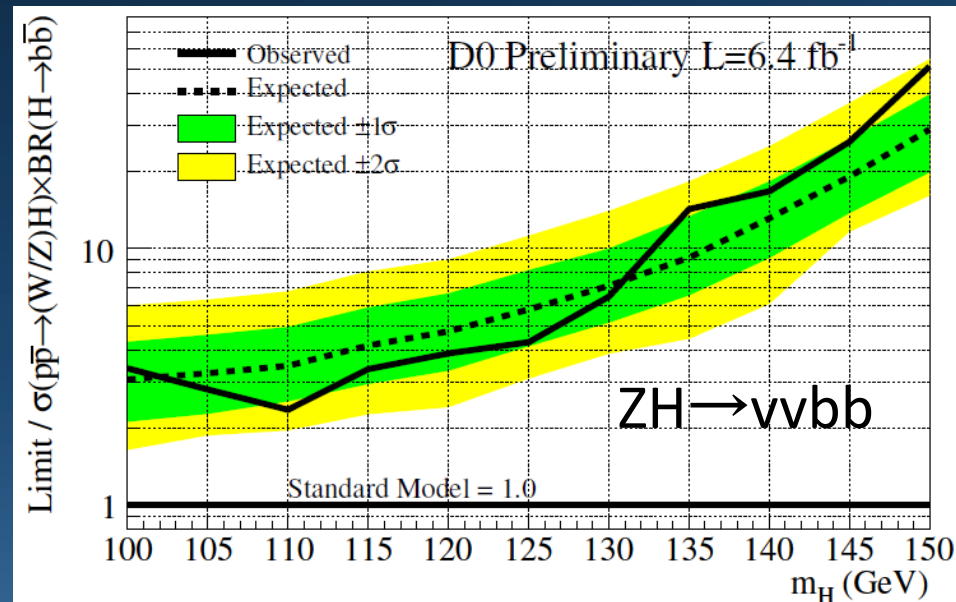
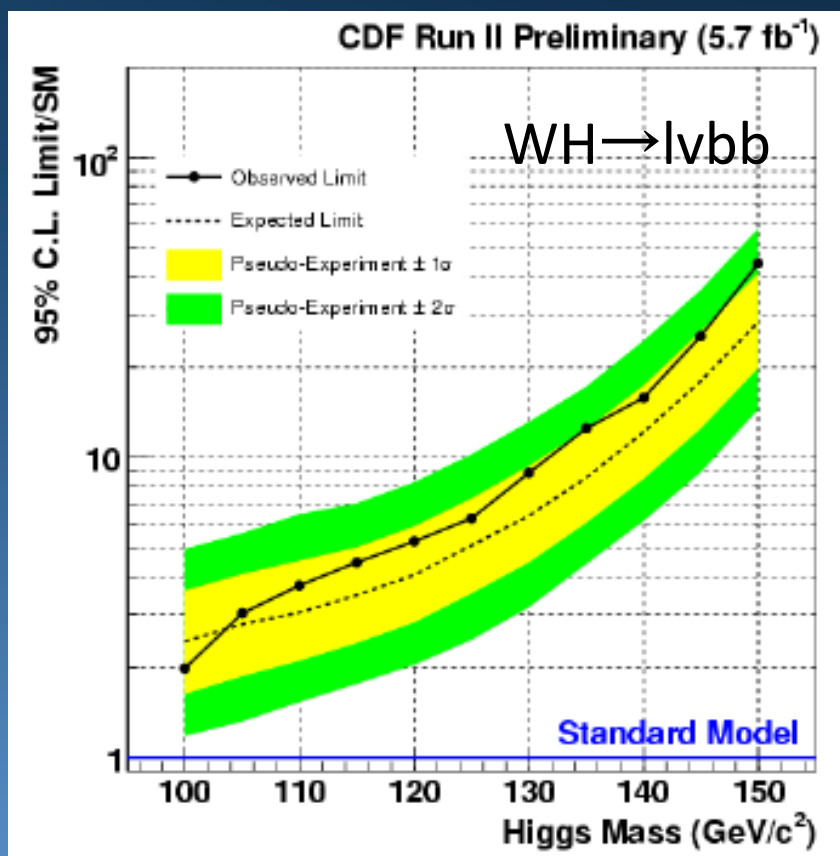
- Both experiments rely on advanced techniques
  - NN, ME, BDT
    - Validated in other analyses, requires excellent understanding of the detectors
  - Extensive categorization to improve sensitivity
    - E.g. 4  $b$ -taggers (displaced vertex, track impact parameter, NN)
    - Multiple lepton categories including loose ones to increase acceptance



- Bayesian NN output in WH $\rightarrow$ lvbb analysis

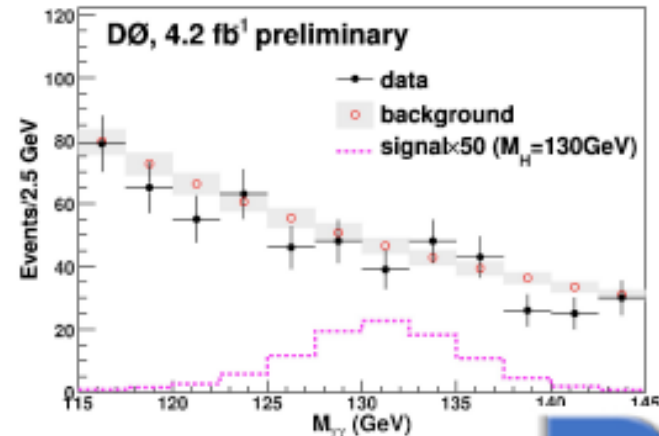
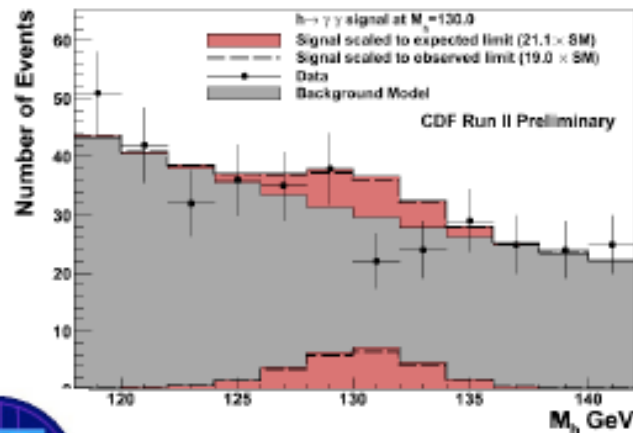
# Low Mass Higgs Limits

Data consistent with expectations

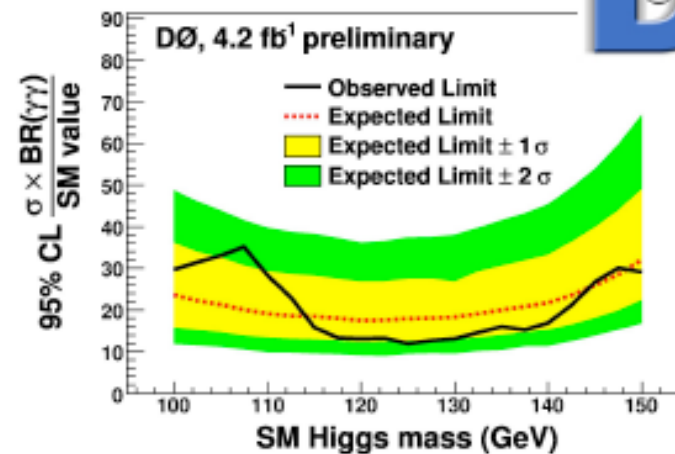
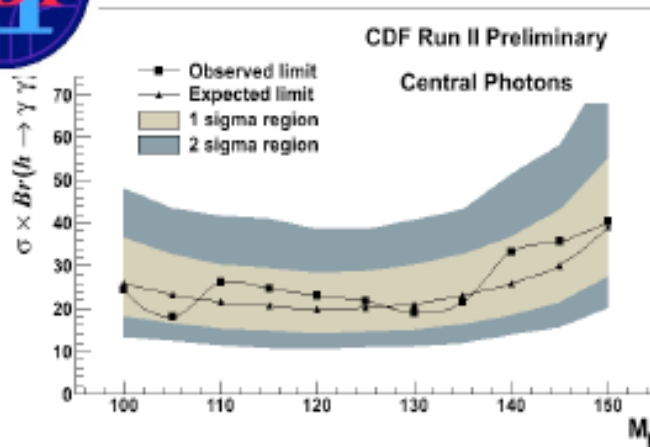


# "New" Low Mass Search Channel: $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

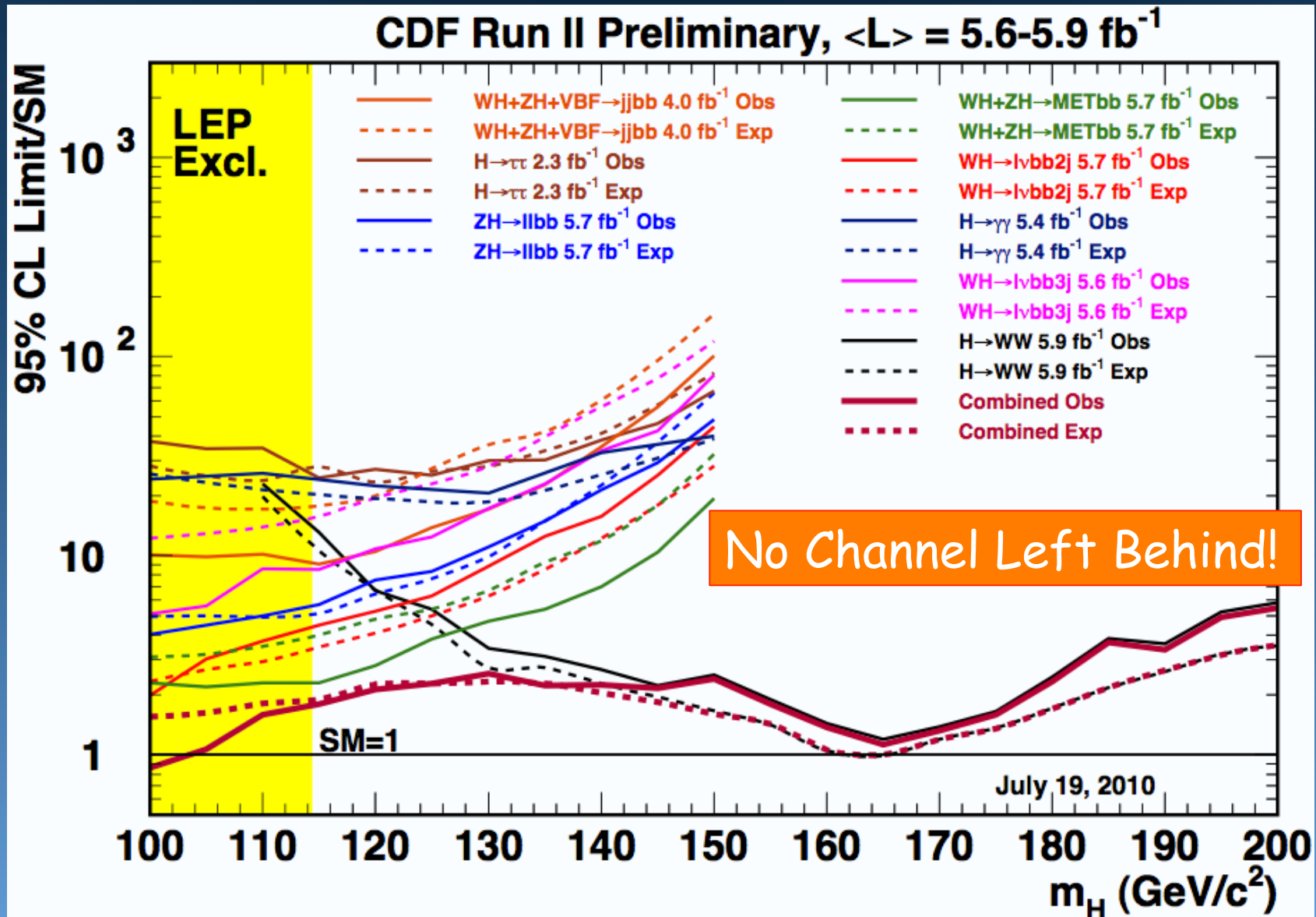
- Small  $BR \sim 0.2\%$ , but a narrow bump
  - Sensitivity is a strong function of EM calorimeter resolution



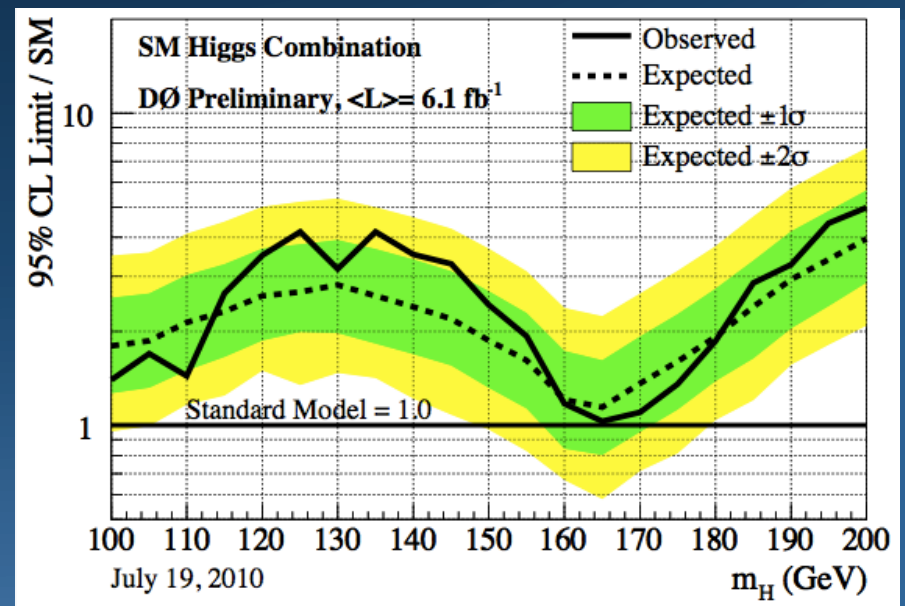
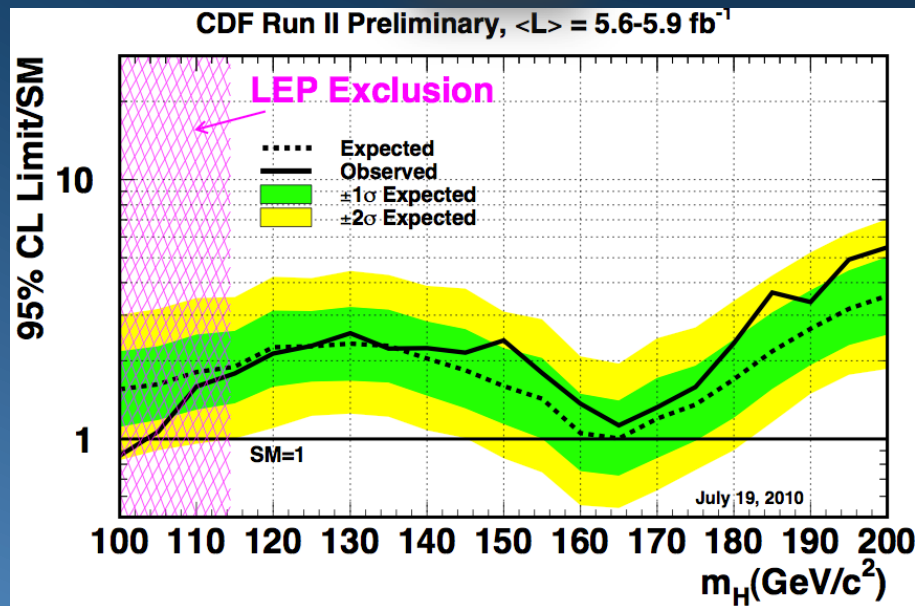
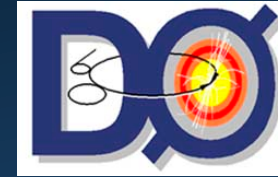
Limits for  $h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  (5.4 fb<sup>-1</sup>)



# Searches in Combination (CDF)

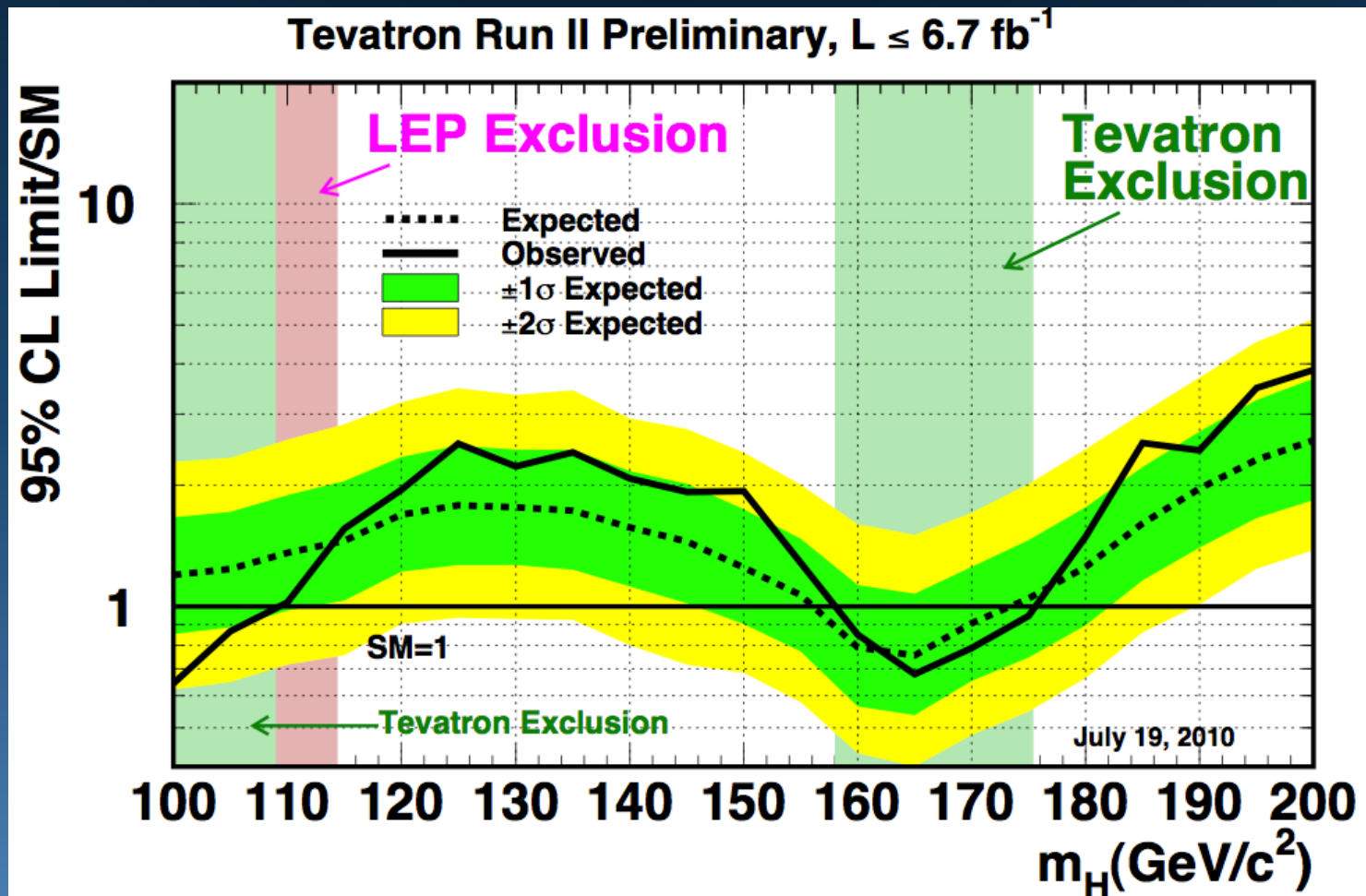


# CDF & DØ Individual Combinations



@  $m_H = 100 \text{ GeV}$ , both set observed limits below expectation  
Closing in on low mass LEP exclusion

# Tevatron Combination



- Low mass sensitivity approaching LEP exclusion:

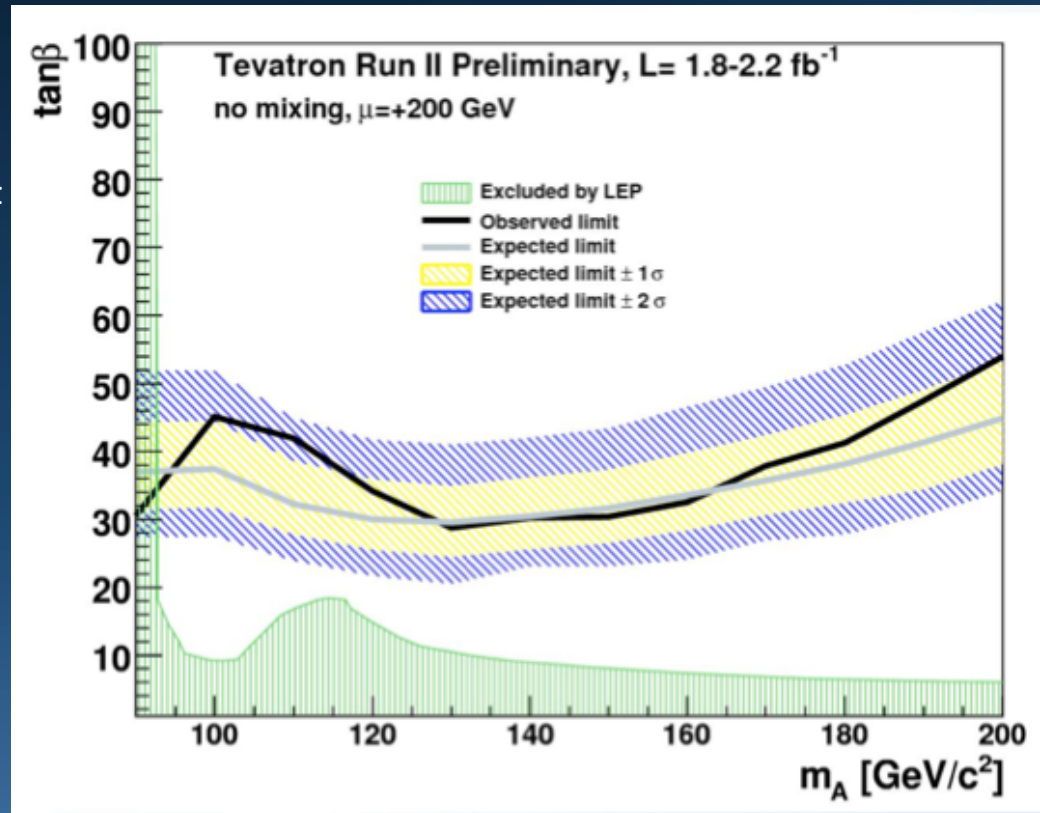
- Expected  $1.45 \times \text{SM}$  @ 115 GeV
- Expected  $1.24 \times \text{SM}$  @ 105 GeV

- High mass 95% CL exclusion :

- $158 < m_H < 175 \text{ GeV}$
- Expected ( $156 < m_H < 175 \text{ GeV}$ )

# MSSM Higgs Search

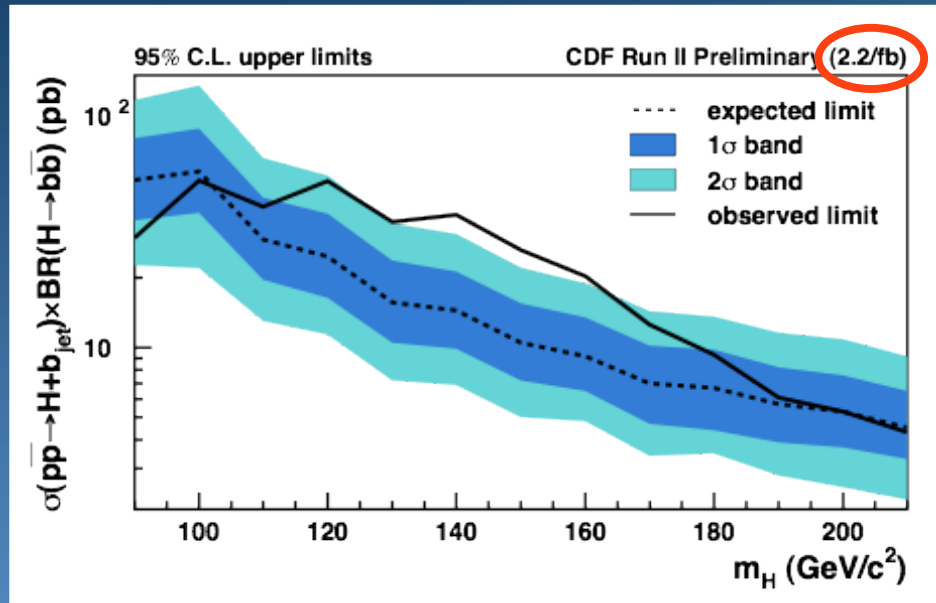
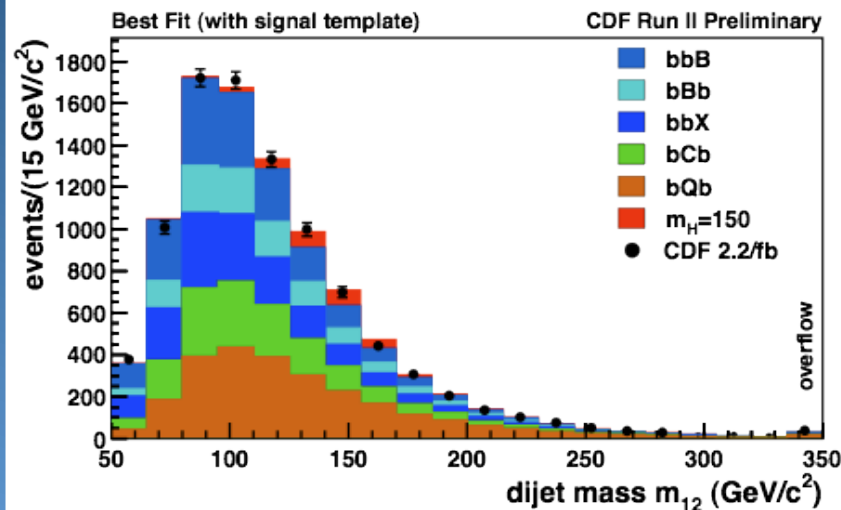
- Extended Higgs sector in SUSY models
  - $\Phi = (H^0, A^0, h^0)$  and  $H^\pm$
- Higgs coupling enhancement at large  $\tan\beta$ :
  - Large increase in cross-sections compared to SM
    - E.g.  $gg \rightarrow \Phi$ ,  $gb \rightarrow b\Phi$
  - Dominant  $gg \rightarrow \Phi \rightarrow bb$  is still difficult, but new final states:
    - $\Phi \rightarrow \tau\tau$
    - $\Phi b \rightarrow bbb, b\tau\tau$
    - $\Phi bb \rightarrow bbbb, bb\tau\tau$



- CDF and D0 combined search for  $\Phi \rightarrow \tau\tau$  with  $2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

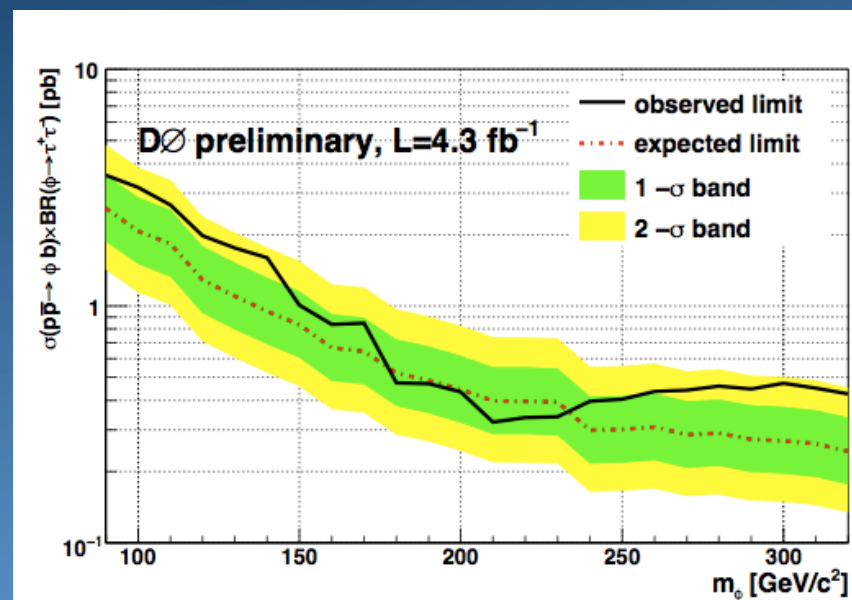
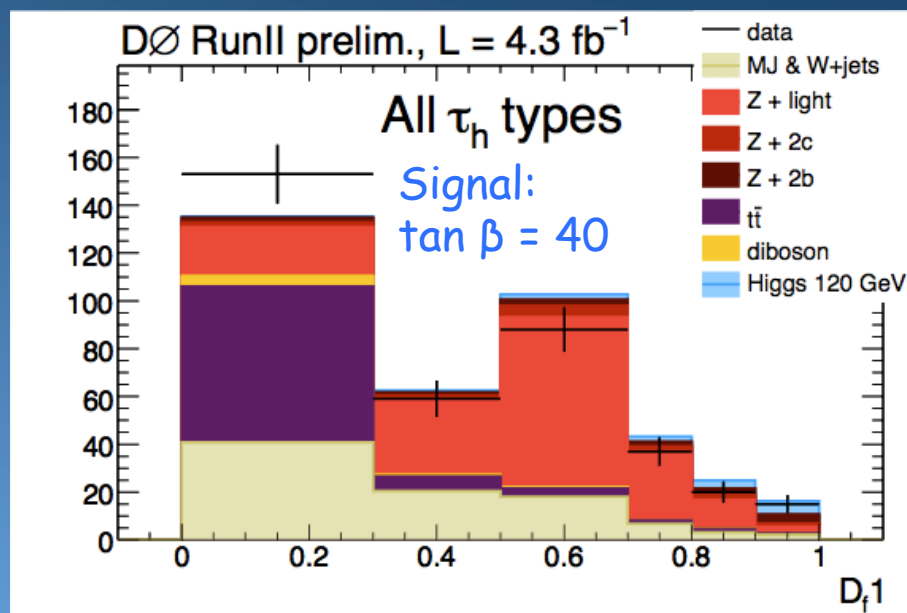
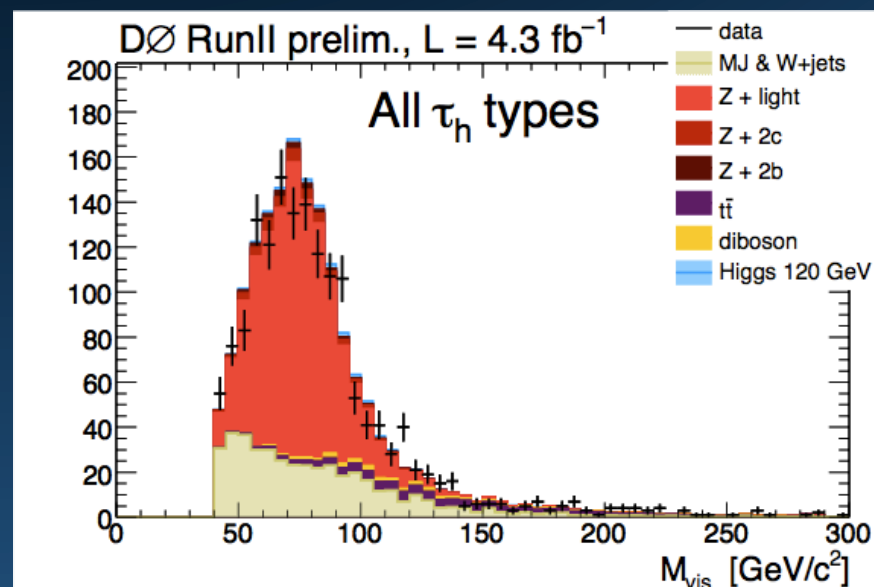
# MSSM Higgs Search

- MSSM Higgs  $3b$  search ( $\Phi+b \rightarrow bb+b$ )
  - Complements MSSM  $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$  search
  - Relies on CDF's trigger-level  $b$ -tagging used in  $b$  physics
  - New version of analysis 2x more acceptance
    - $m_H = 140$  GeV most significant excess

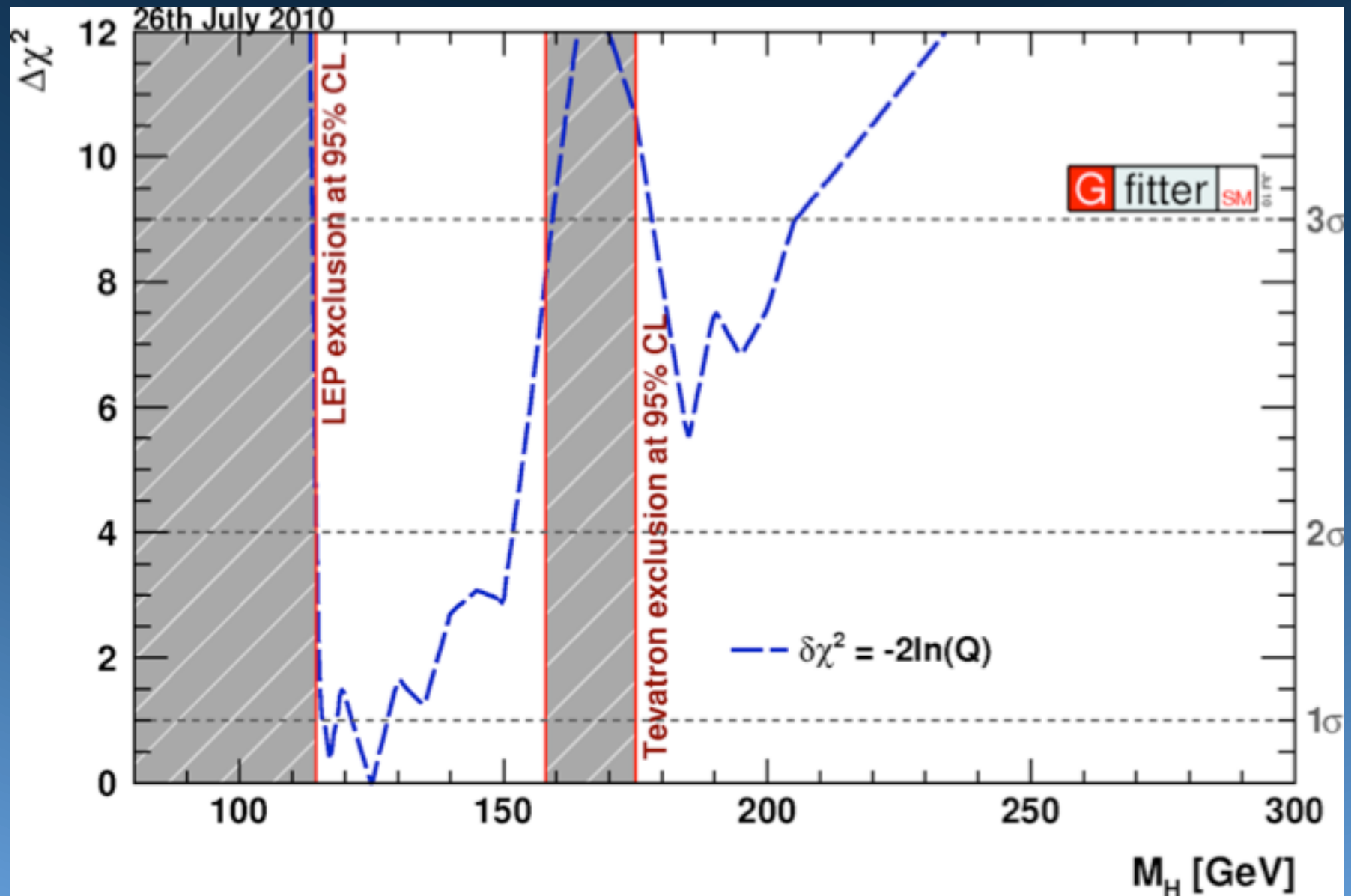


# "New" MSSM Higgs Search

- D0's  $\Phi \rightarrow \tau\tau + b$ 
  - Does not suffer from radiative corrections increasing Higgs width in  $\Phi \rightarrow bb + b$
  - Exclusive from  $\Phi \rightarrow \tau\tau$ 
    - Provides similar sensitivity



# Combined SM Higgs Constraints (Gfitter)

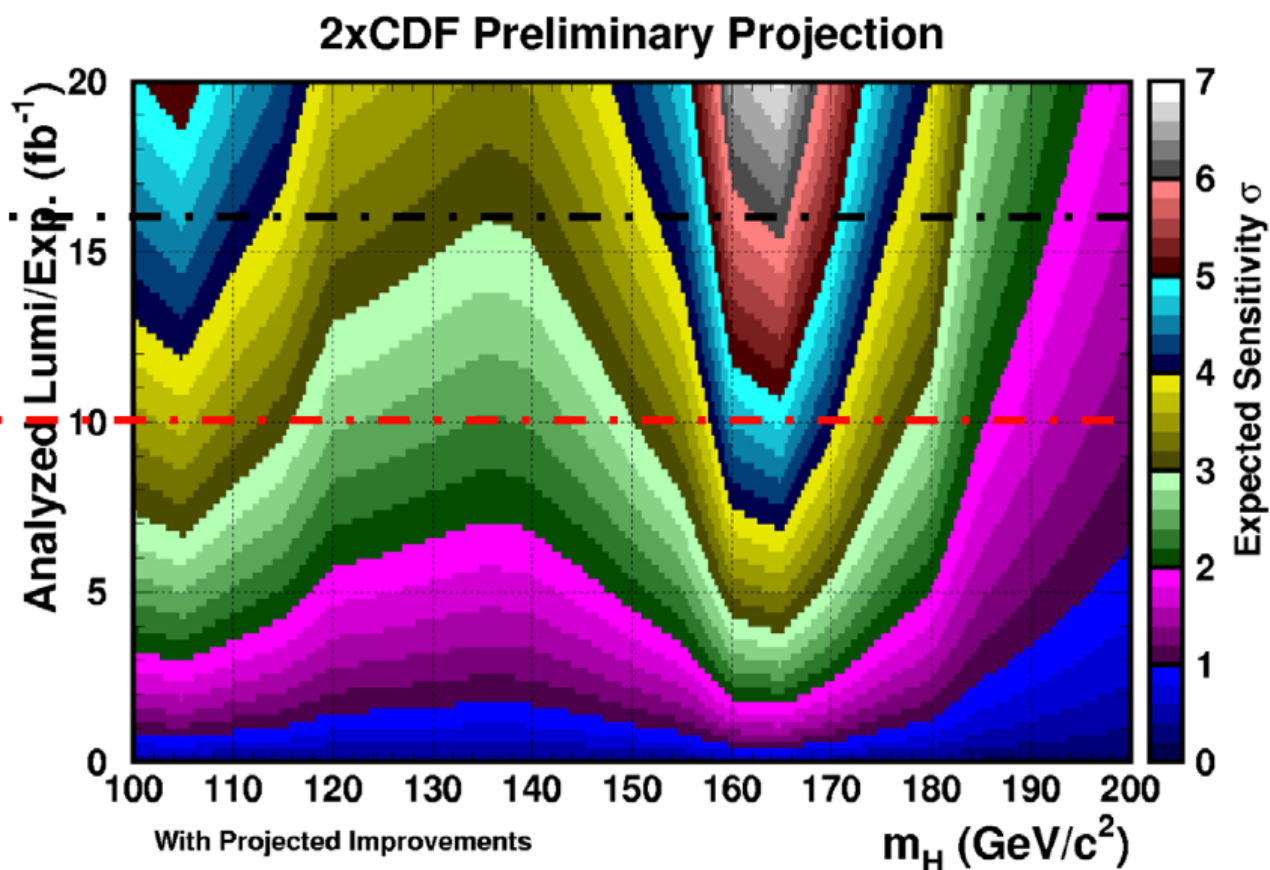


# Prospects for SM Higgs from the Tevatron

$\sim 16 \text{ fb}^{-1} : *$

$> 3 \sigma$  expected  
sensitivity from 100 –  
185 GeV  
 $4 \sigma$  @ 115 GeV

End of 2011:  $> 2.4 \sigma$   
expected sensitivity  
across mass range  
 $3 \sigma$  at 115 GeV



\*  $16 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  : based on “Run III” proposal to run 3 more years

# Conclusions

- Direct searches for the SM Higgs at the Tevatron are squeezing the allowed  $M_H$  range from both low and high
  - 95% C.L. exclusion for  $158 < M_H < 175$  GeV
  - Limit  $1.5 \times \text{SM}$  @ 115 GeV
- BSM searches: consistent with SM
  - $2\sigma$  in CDF MSSM  $\Phi \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  largest discrepancy (thus far)
- Higgs search over the next few years will be interesting

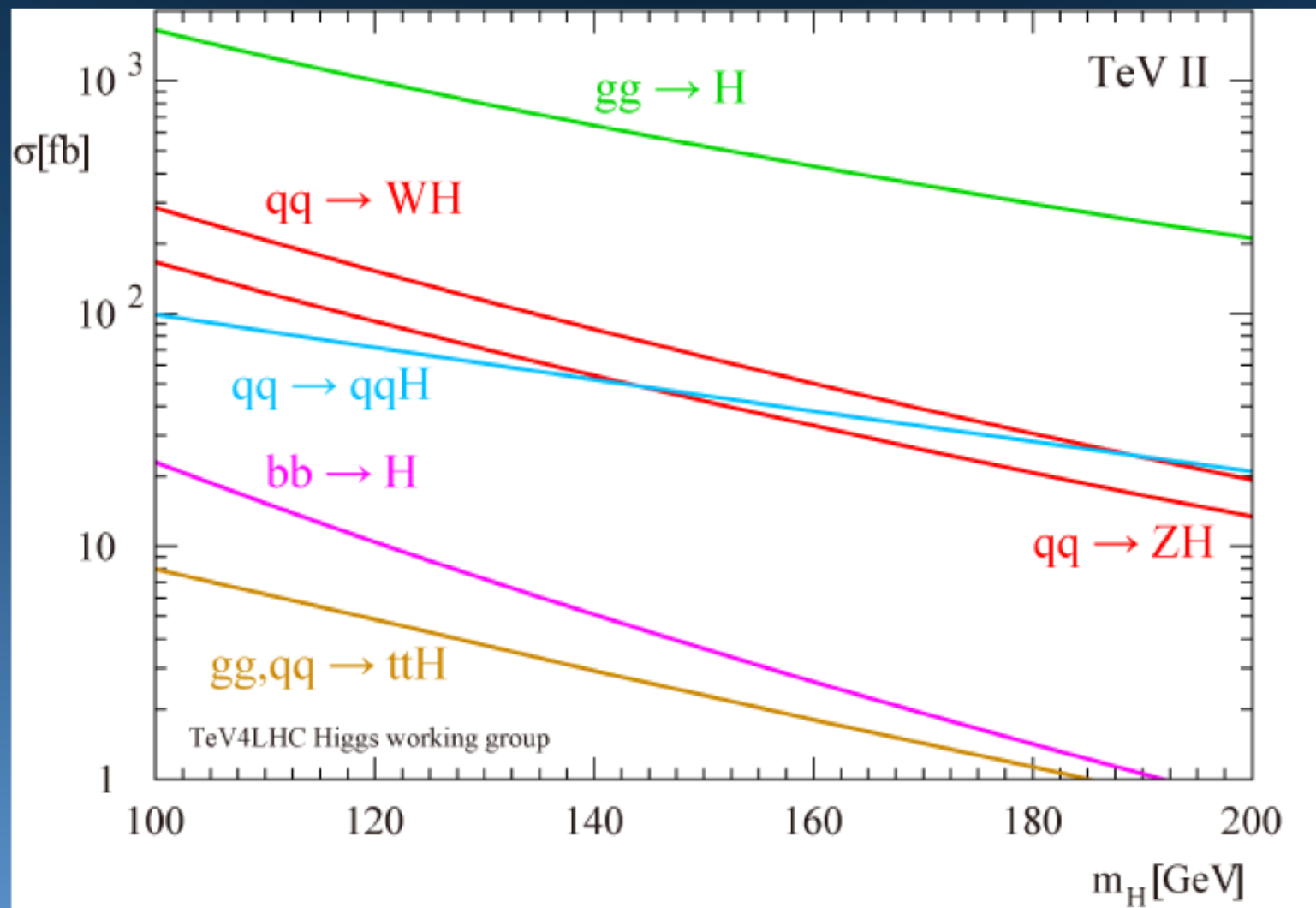
“There are two mistakes one can make along the road to truth...  
not going all the way, and not starting”

Siddharta Gautama, the founder of Buddhism, 563-483 B.C

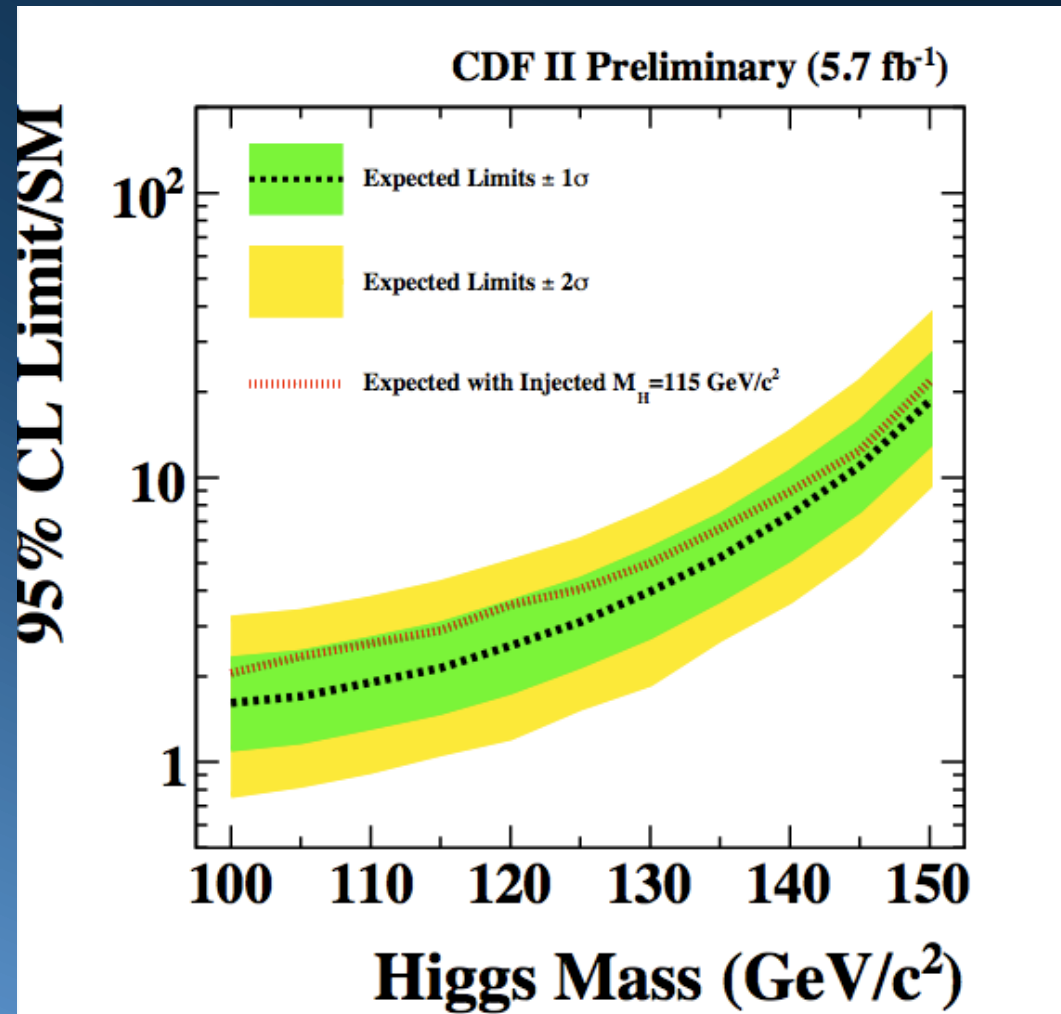


# Extras

# Higgs Production



# What might a signal look like?



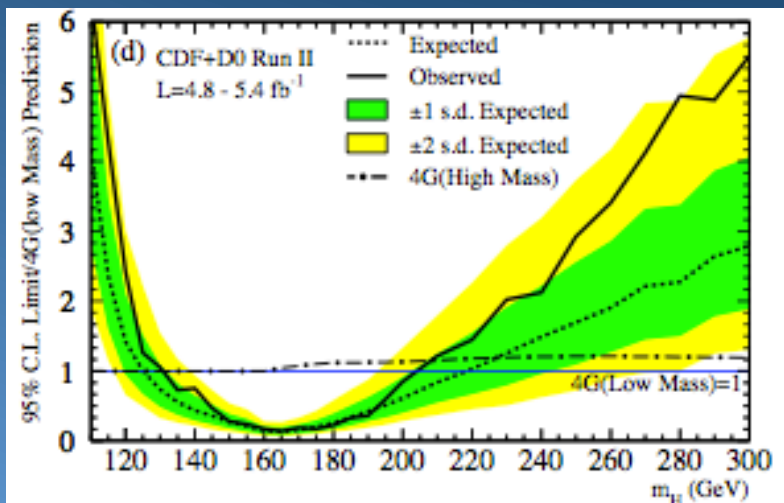
- Perform the following test:
  - Inject signal with  $m_H = 115 \text{ GeV}$  into pseudoexperiments
    - $ZH \rightarrow llbb$ ,  $WH \rightarrow lvbb$ ,  $ZH \rightarrow \nu\nu bb$
- Result: slight excess
  - Similar to observed limits

# Search for Higgs with 4 quark Generations

4th quark generation popular theory to resolve SM discrepancies and produce new CP violation

Analysis :

- $gg \rightarrow H$  production enhanced if new 4th generation quarks more massive than top
- $m_H < 300$  GeV electroweak precision fits @ 68%C.L.
- Use existing  $H \rightarrow WW$  analysis framework



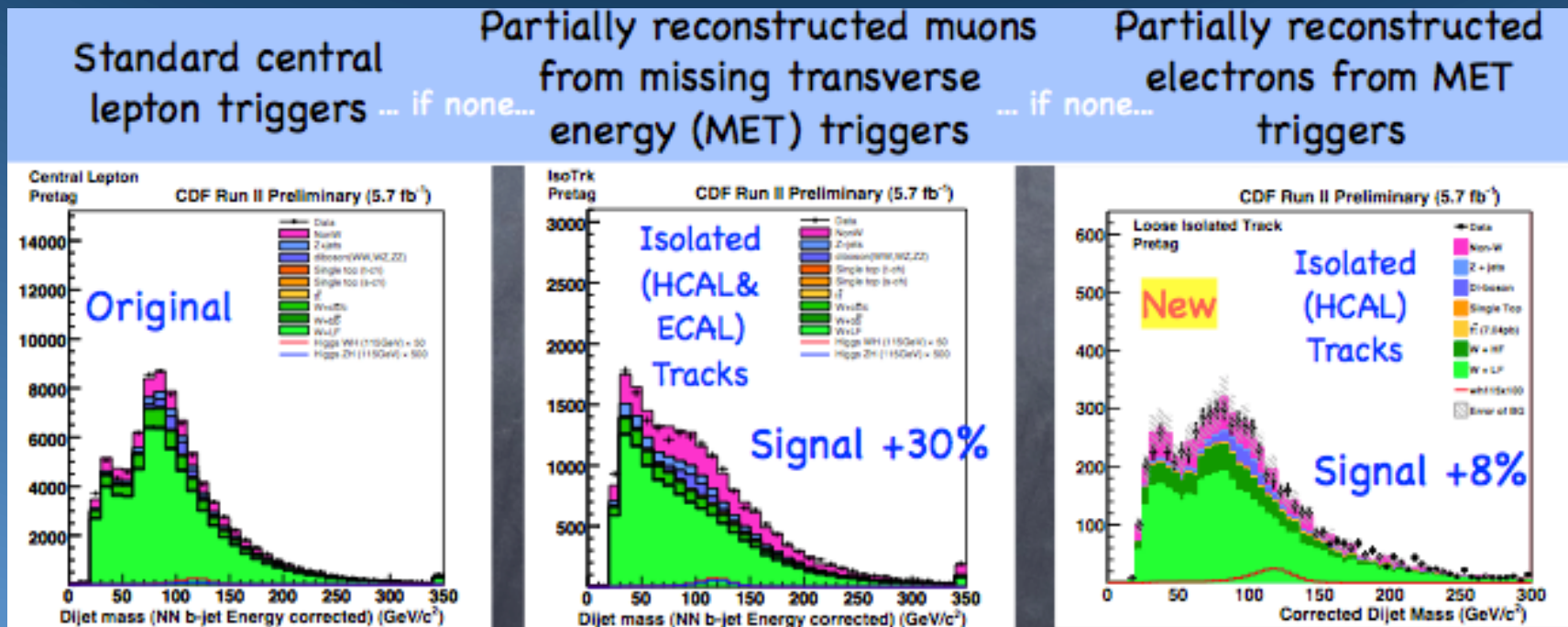
Excess could signal both evidence for Higgs boson, and evidence for 4th generation of quarks

CDF + D0 combination :  $131 < m_H < 204$  GeV excluded

# Increasing Higgs Acceptance

Originally: tight triggers & lepton IDq Now: suite of triggers and loose lepton ID

- Challenge : Model important kinematics for increasingly poorly reconstructed events
- For instance, CDF WH $\rightarrow$ lvbb analysis :



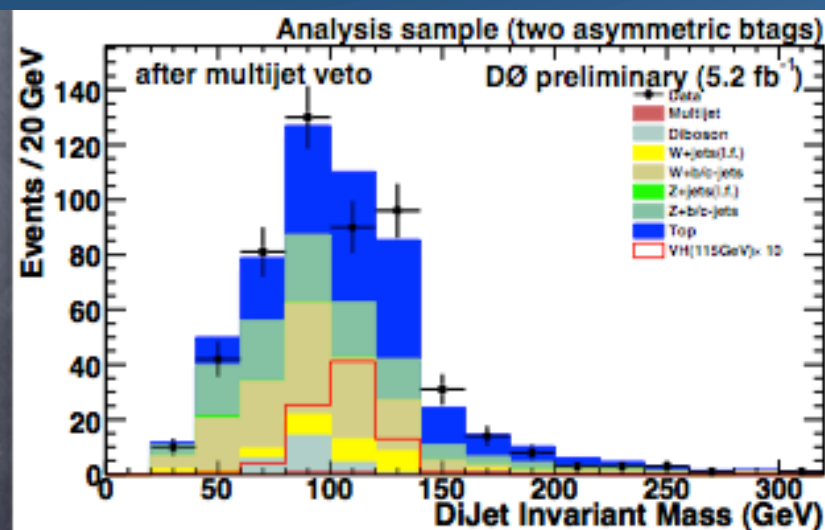
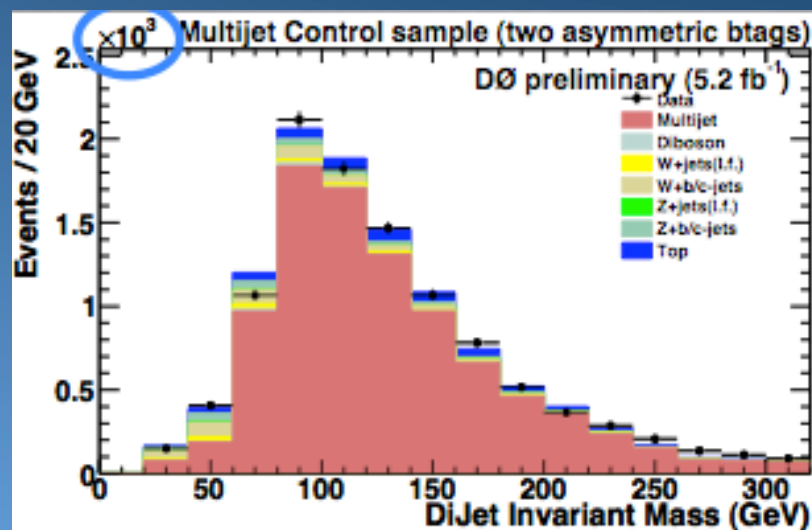
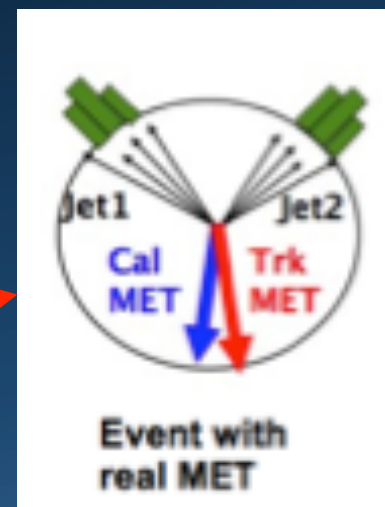
# Removing Difficult Backgrounds

Higgs signals can have large MET

- $ZH \rightarrow \nu\nu b\bar{b}$ ,  $WH \rightarrow l\nu b\bar{b}$  (lepton missed)
- Large QCD multijet with mismeasured jets
- Peaks near where signal expected in  $M_{jj}$

Multijet removal techniques save this channel

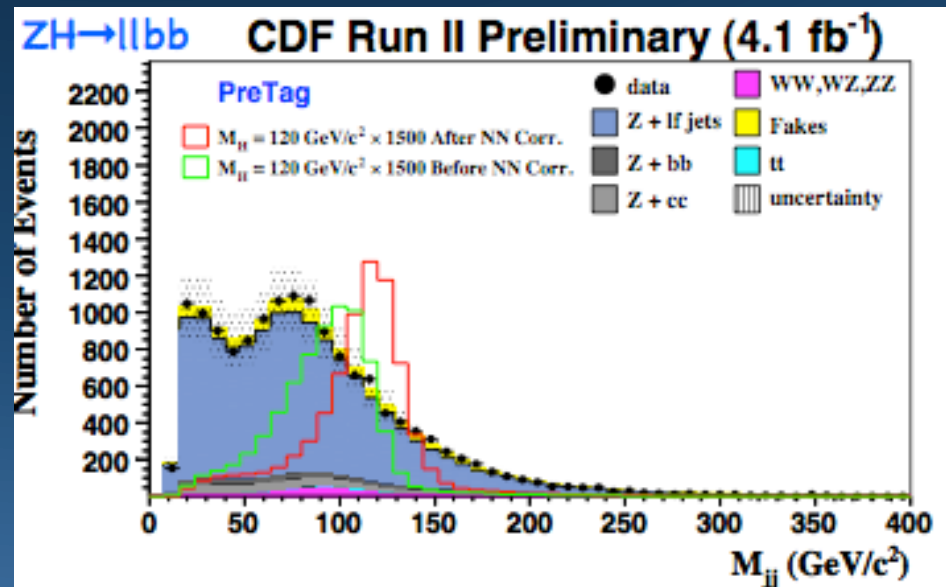
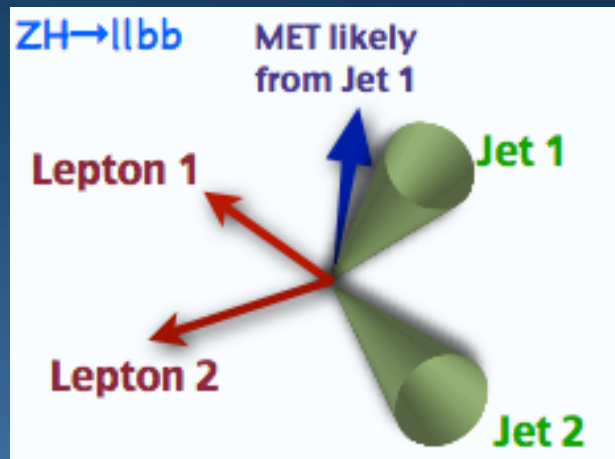
- MET significance
- Missing track PT (MPT)
- Topological requirements



# Improving $M_{bb}$ Resolution

$H \rightarrow bb$  signal significance enhanced by improving  $M_{jj}$  resolution

Apply MET constraint to correct jet energies



$M_{jj}$  resolution improvements in other analyses :

- Track momenta within jets additional constraint ( $\sim$  “particle flow”)
- Displaced vertex info to determine boost of  $b$ -hadron