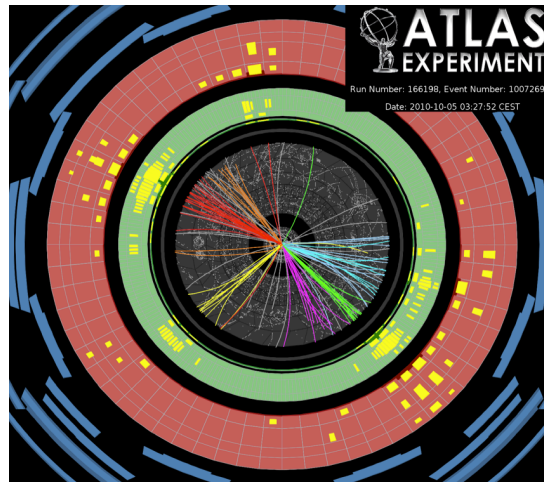


Performance of Jets and Missing ET in ATLAS



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for the ATLAS Collaboration

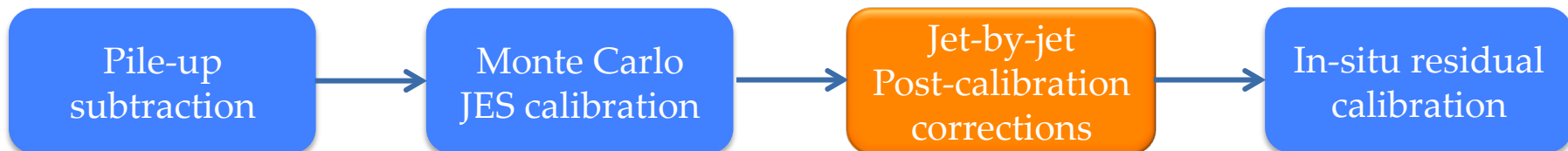
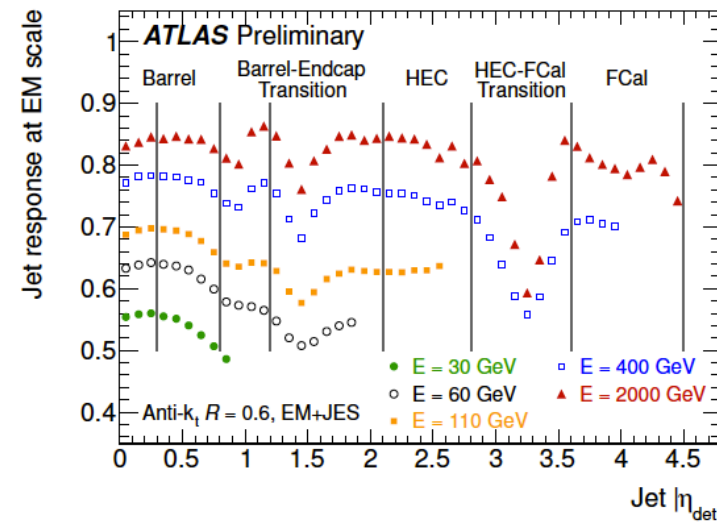
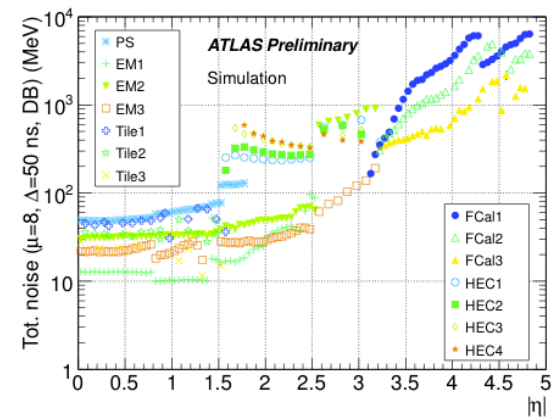
ICHEP, Melbourne, Australia
05-Jul-2012

Outline

- **Jet reconstruction and calibration**
 - Inputs to jet reconstruction and calibration schemes
 - Pile-up subtraction and suppression
 - Jet energy scale uncertainty
- **Jet resolution improvement using tracks**
- **Jet substructure**
- **Missing ET performance**
 - Pile-up corrections

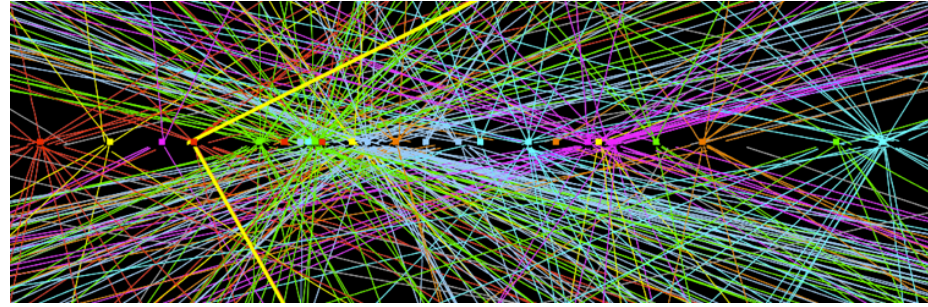
Jet reconstruction and calibration

- **Inputs to jet reconstruction:**
 - 3-dimensional calorimeter topological clusters:
 - Follow shower development
 - Pile-up + electronic noise suppression
 - Local hadron calibration (EM/HAD weights) derived from single pion simulations
 - Tracks
 - Independent from calorimeter
 - Additional z-vertex information
- **Jet algorithms: anti- k_T $R=0.4, 0.6$**
 - anti- k_T $R=1.0$, C/A $R=1.2$
- **Factorized jet energy calibration**
 - Pile-up, non-compensation, inactive material, shower leakage
 - Residual insitu calibration

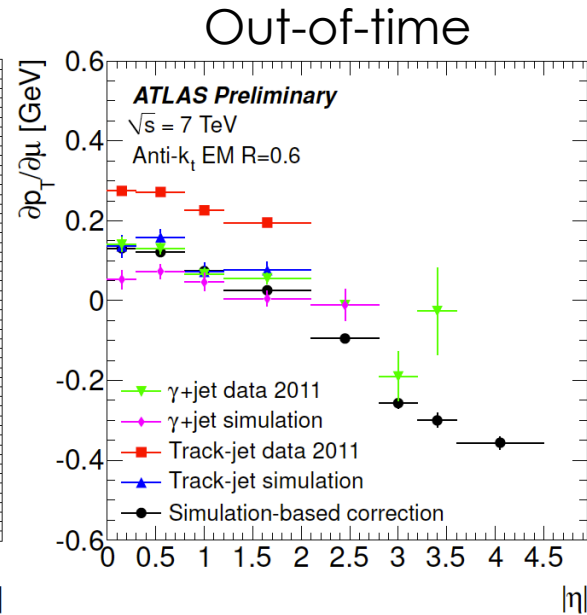
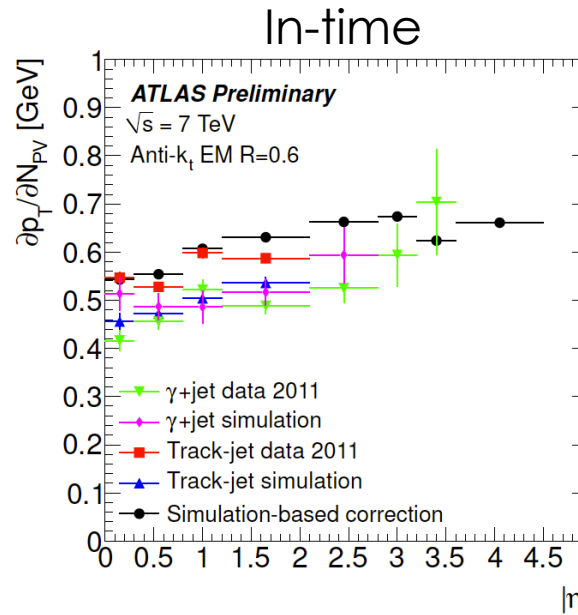
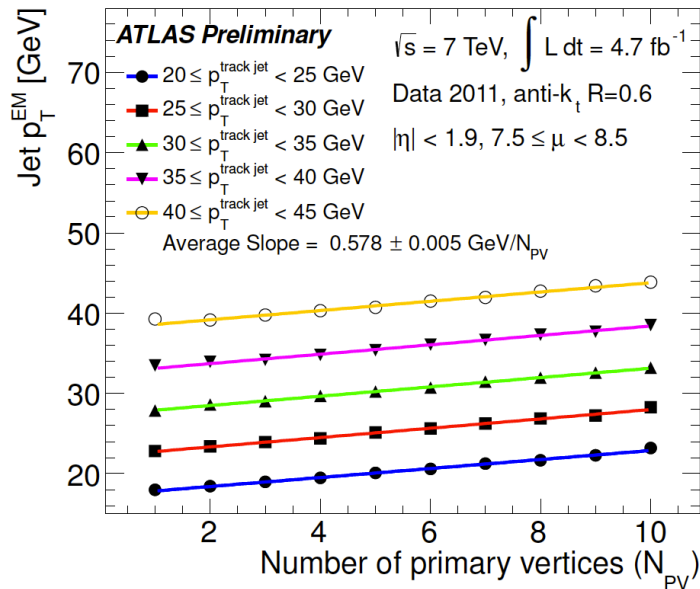


Pile-up subtraction and uncertainty

- Offset correction to account for **in-time** and **out-of-time** pile-up
- Determined from Monte Carlo
- Uncertainty from data/MC differences in dijet and γ +jet insitu offset measurements

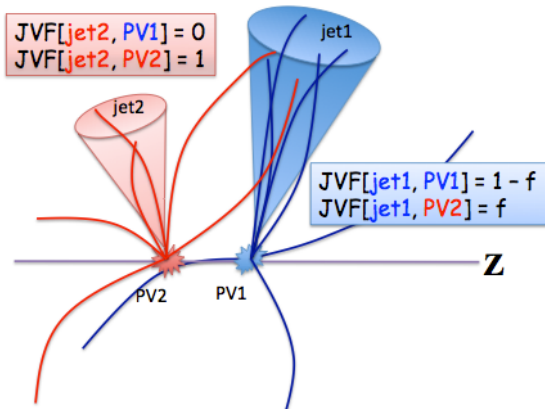


$$O(N_{PV}, \mu, \eta_{\text{det}}) = \frac{\partial p_T}{\partial N_{PV}}(\eta_{\text{det}}) (N_{PV} - N_{PV}^{\text{ref}}) + \frac{\partial p_T}{\partial \mu}(\eta_{\text{det}}) (\mu - \mu^{\text{ref}})$$



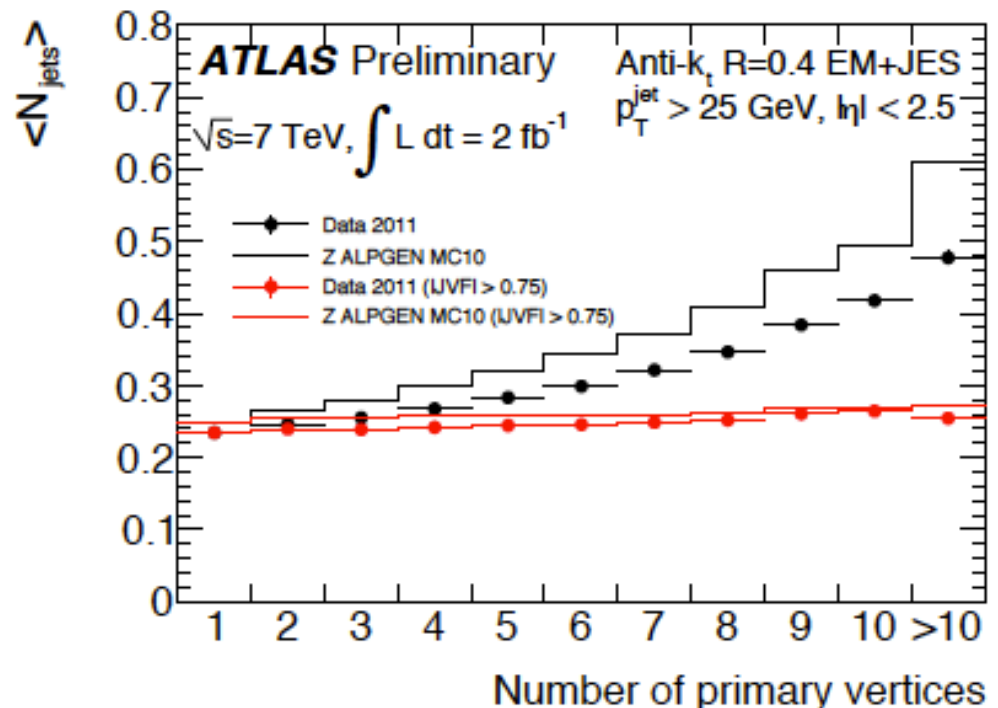
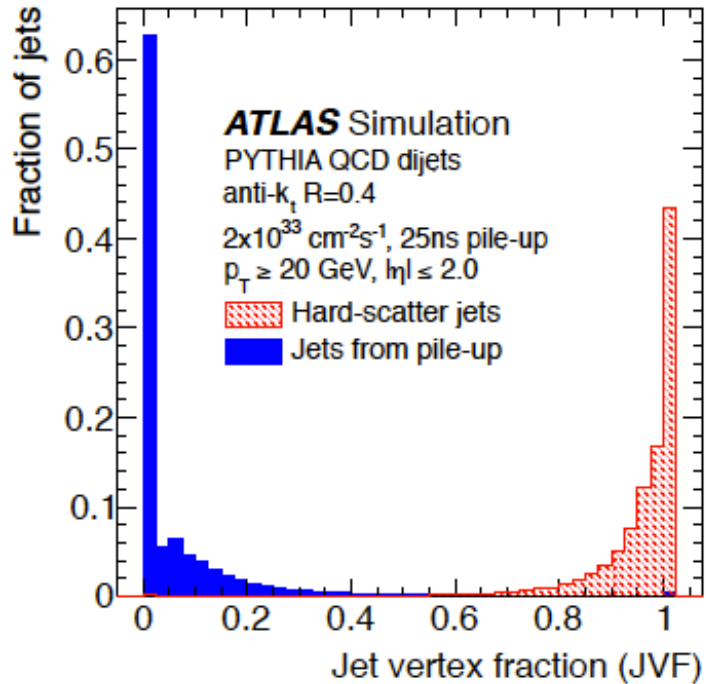
Total pile-up uncertainty < 1%/vertex

Pile-up suppression



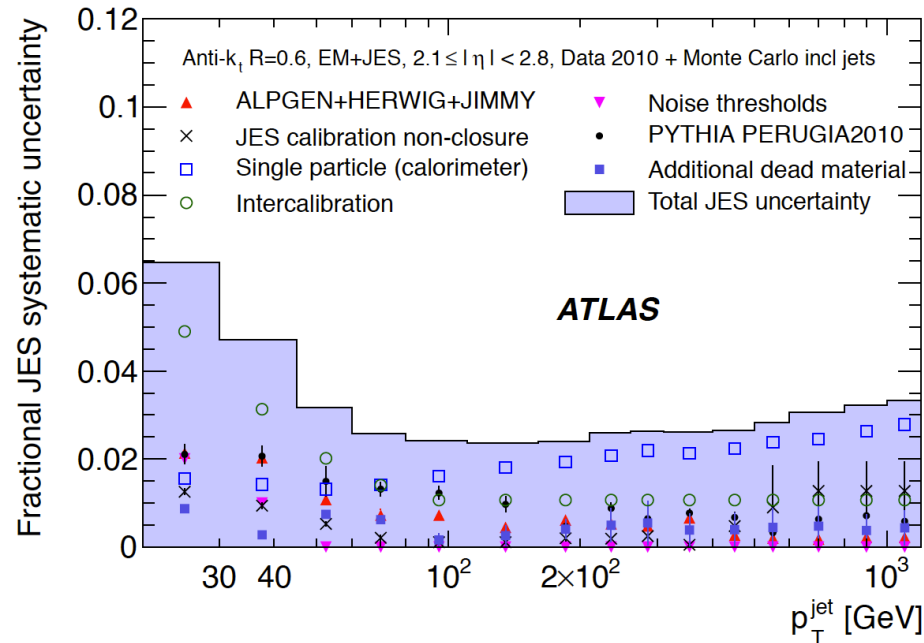
Jet Vertex Fraction (JVF)

- Reject fake jets from pile-up fluctuations using jet-vertex association
- Similar technique used to suppress pile-up on missing ET

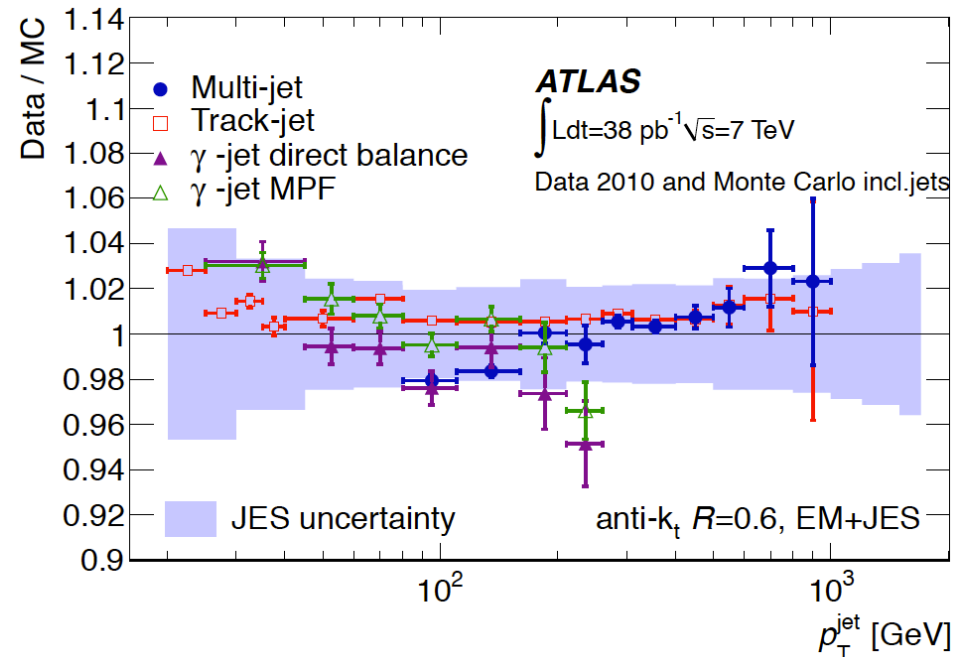


Jet energy scale uncertainty

- Single particle response (test beam / insitu)
- Monte Carlo samples with different physics modeling and detector configurations
- Relative p_T balance in dijet events



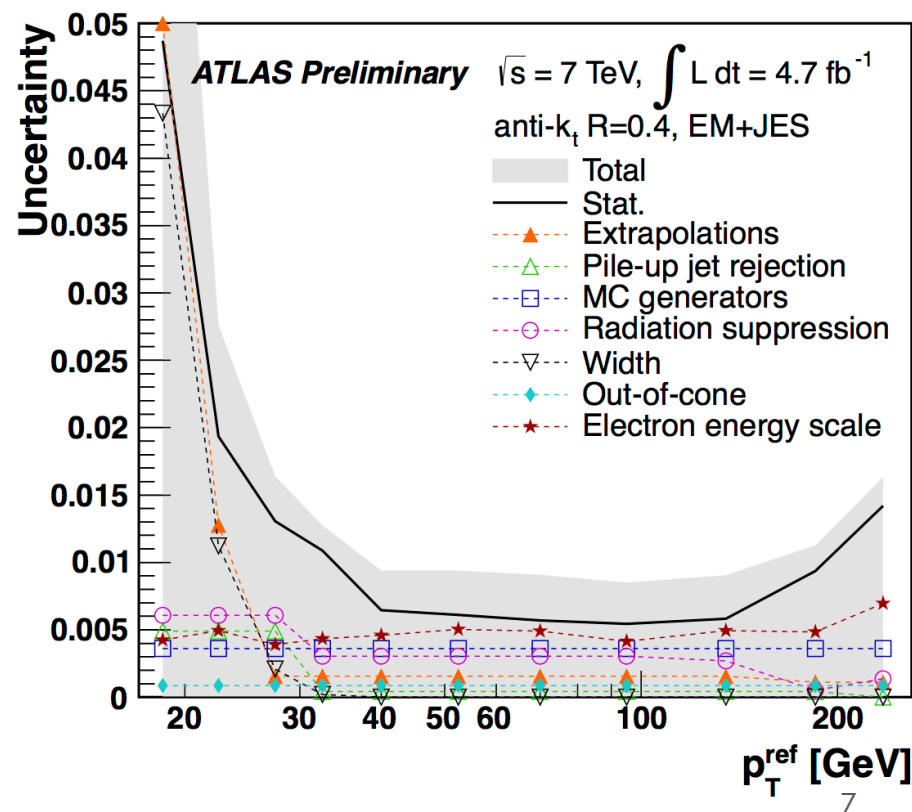
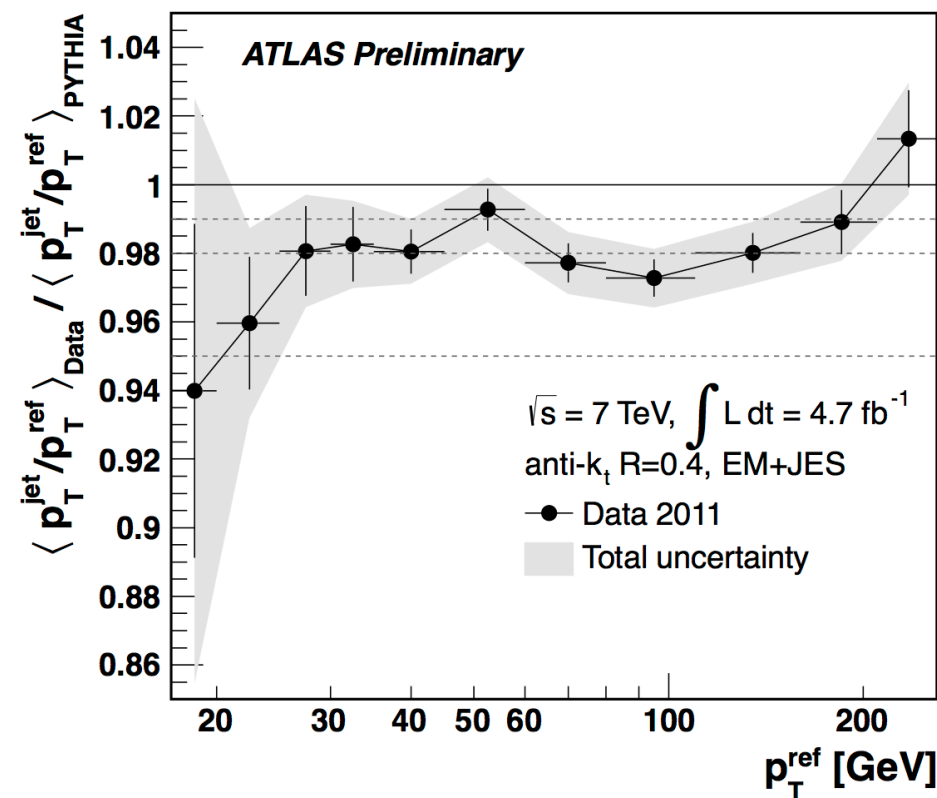
< 2.5% for central jets, $p_T > 100$ GeV
 < 7 (14)% for endcap (forward) jets



- **Insitu tests of the jet energy scale:**
 - γ +jets (MPF and direct balance)
 - track/calorimeter jet ratio
 - Multi-jet balance

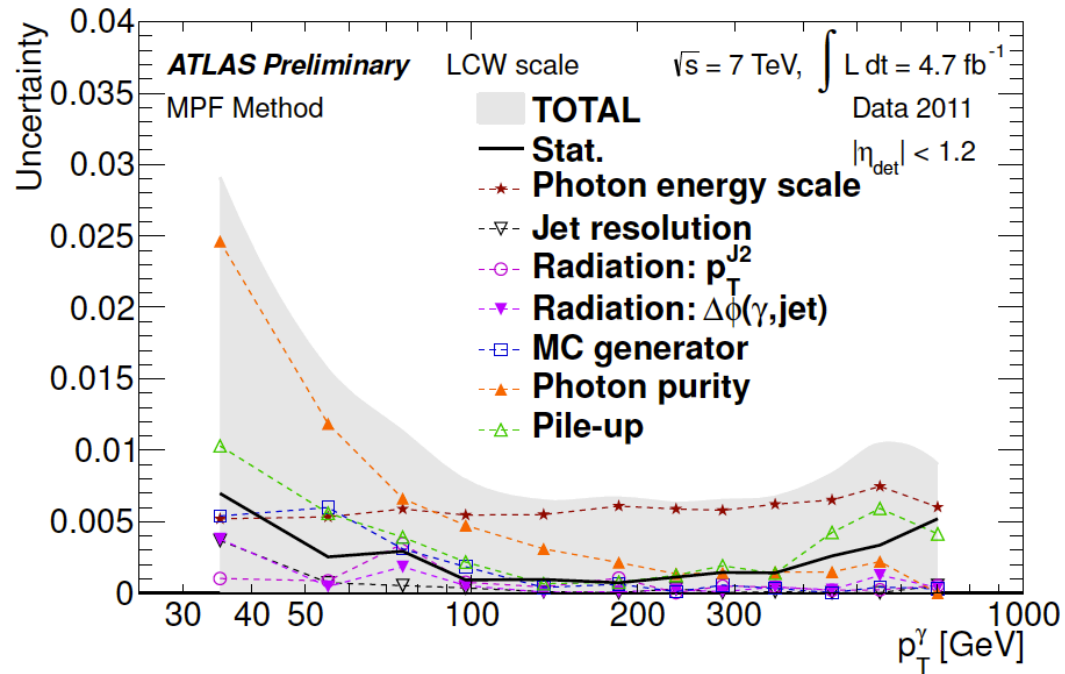
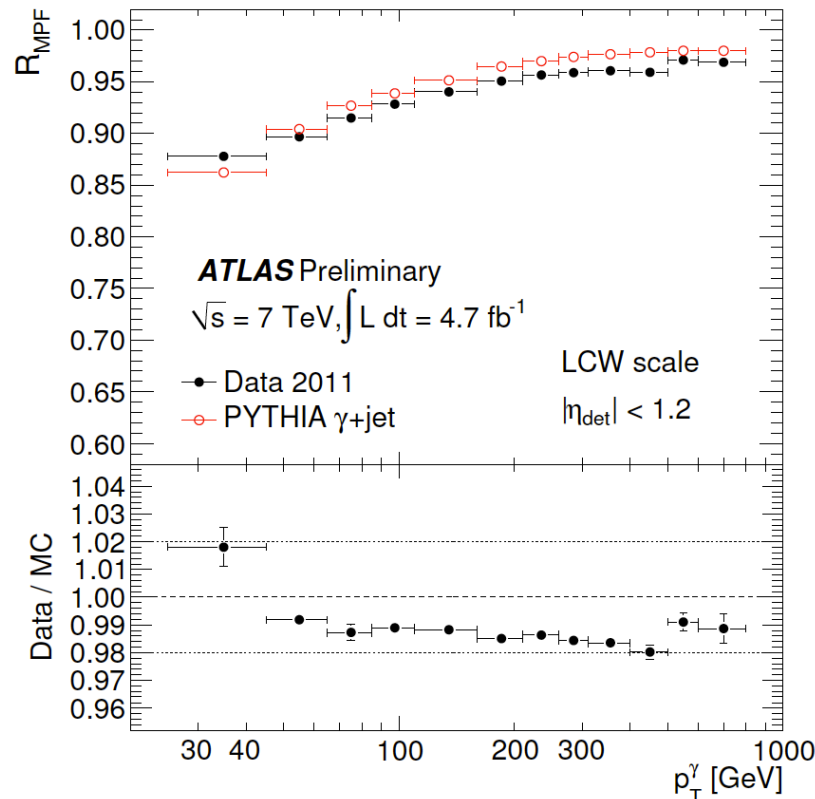
Insitu jet energy scale: Z+jets

- Use large 2011 datasets to improve the precision of the jet energy scale and to adjust the jet calibration using insitu techniques
- Z+jet balance probes the jet response at low p_T (low background, and low p_T thresholds)
- **Total uncertainty 1% to 2% for jet $p_T > 30$ GeV**



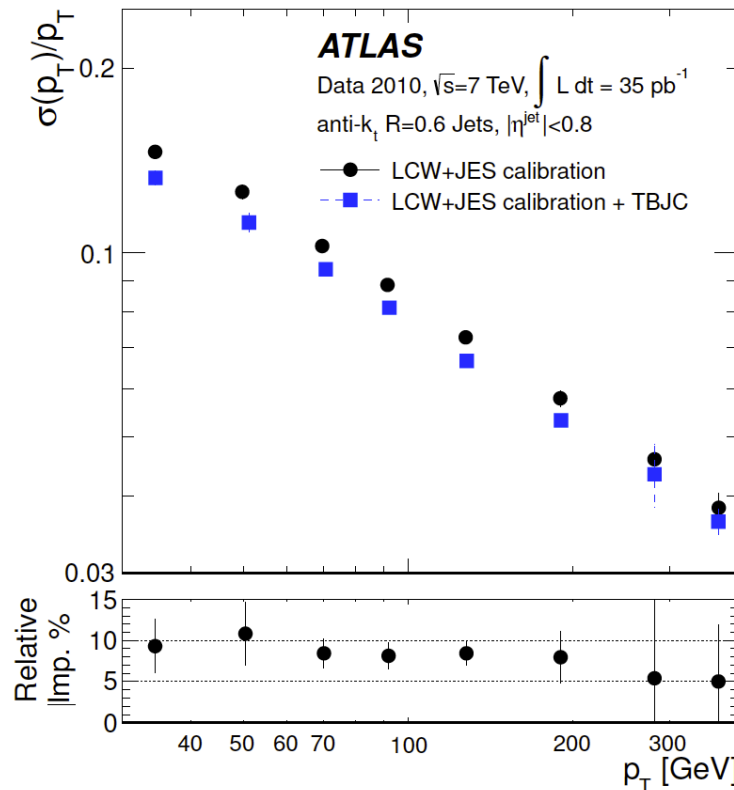
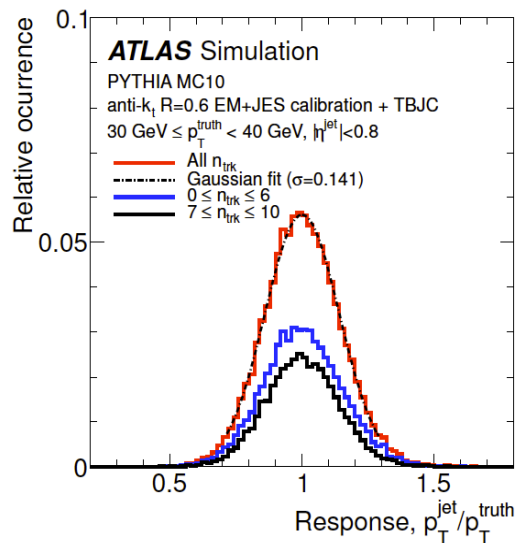
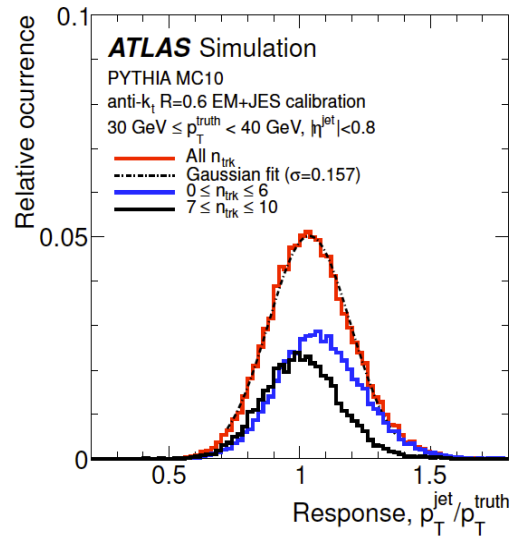
Insitu jet energy scale: γ +jets

- Two techniques: direct photon-jet balance and MPF
- Jet p_T in data is $\sim 2\%$ smaller than in the simulation
- Total uncertainty $< 1\%$ for jet $100 < p_T < 500$ GeV**



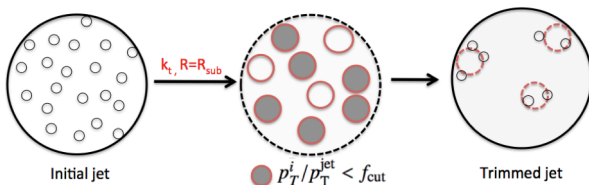
Jet resolution improvement using tracks

- Use tracks and jet properties to refine the jet calibration **after** the JES
 - Improved jet energy scale resolution
 - Reduced flavor dependence of the jet response

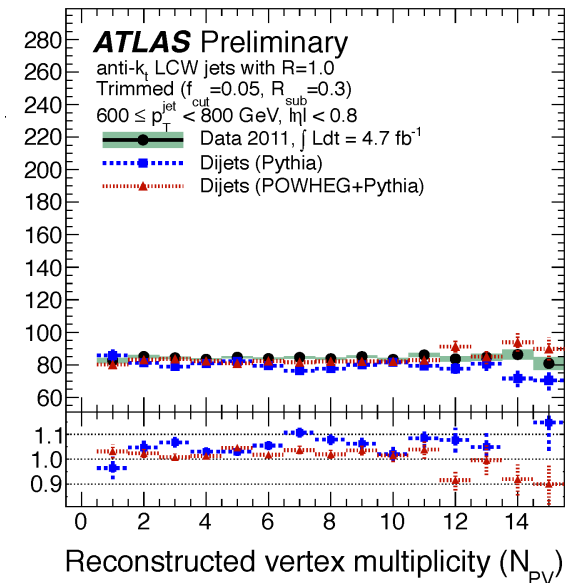
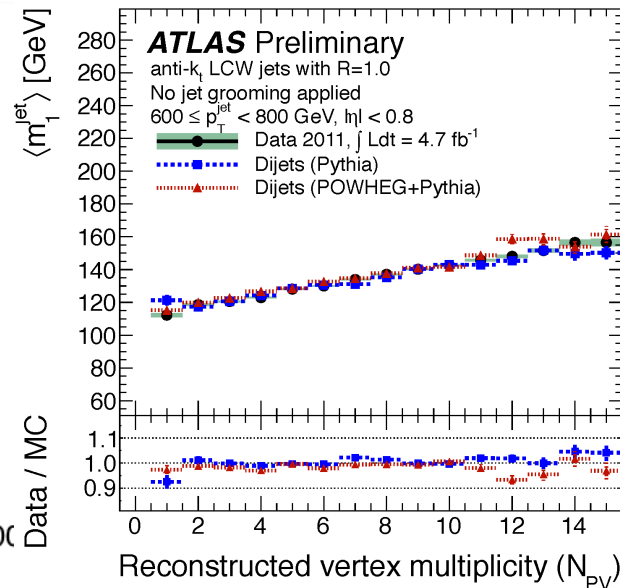
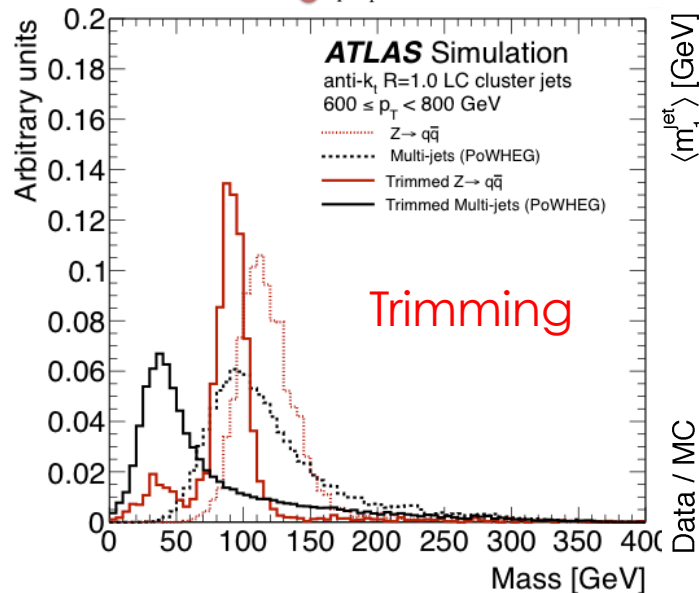


Jet grooming

- Distinguish jets from the decay of massive objects from massive QCD jets by removing soft wide angle radiation:
 - Improve large-R jet mass resolution
 - Increase S/B
 - Remove pile-up effects on jet mass (reduced area)



- ATLAS has commissioned three grooming algorithms: **trimming**, **pruning**, **filtering**



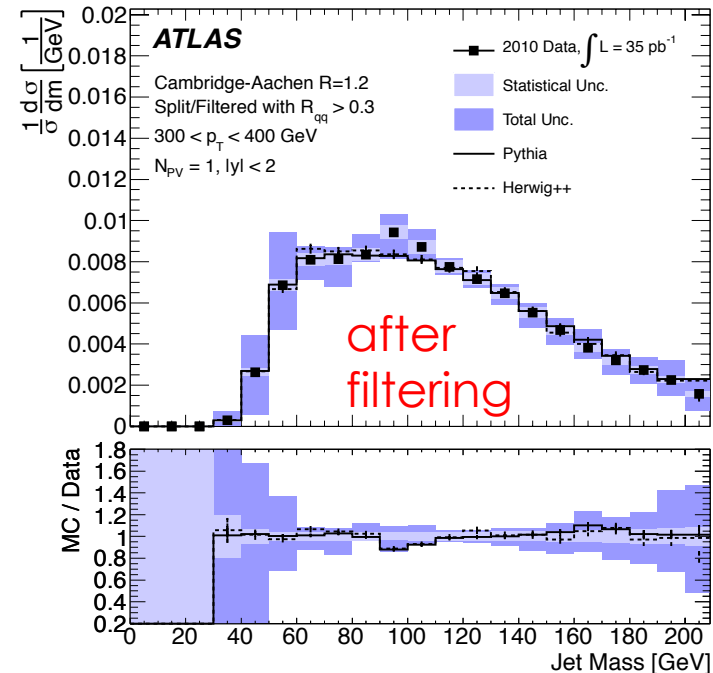
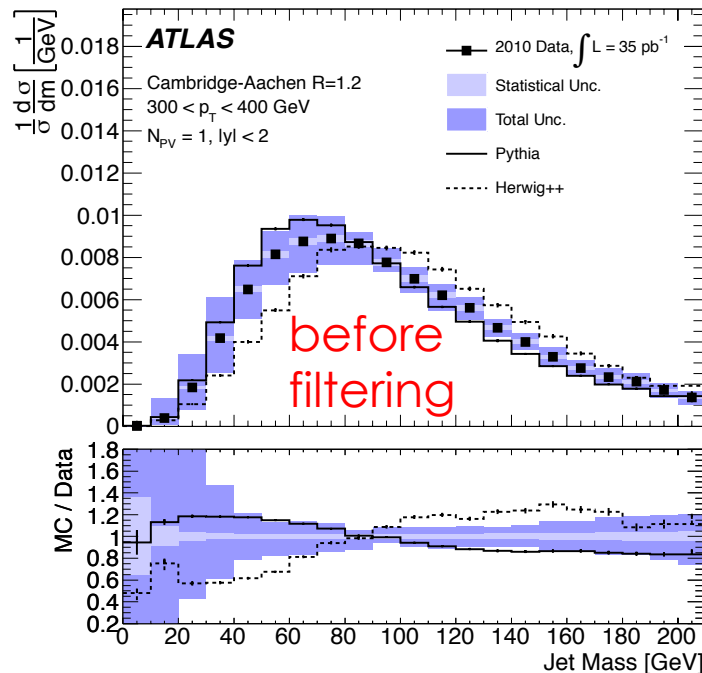
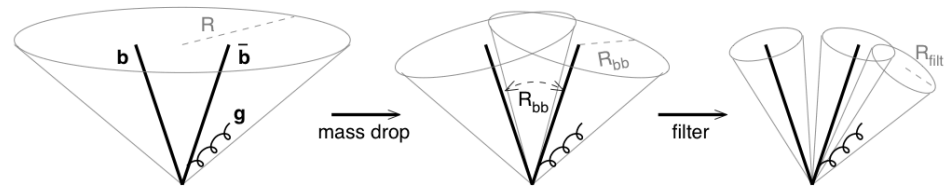
Jet mass and substructure

- Powerful new techniques for the identification of boosted heavy particles with large p_T

arXiv:1203.4606

- Test internal structure of QCD jets using large-R jet algorithms:

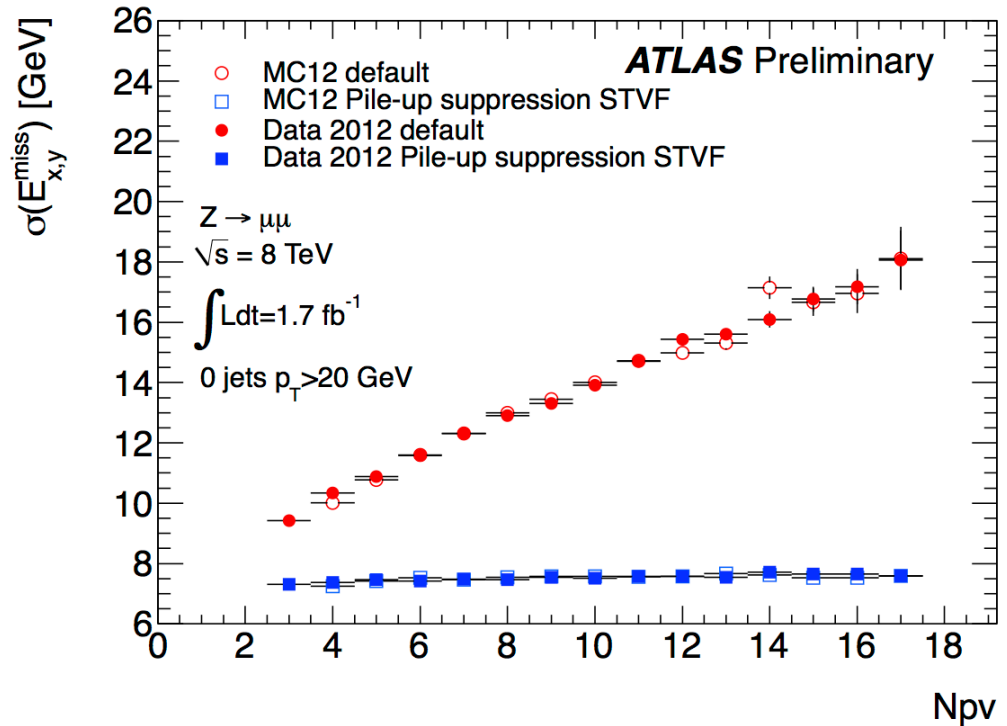
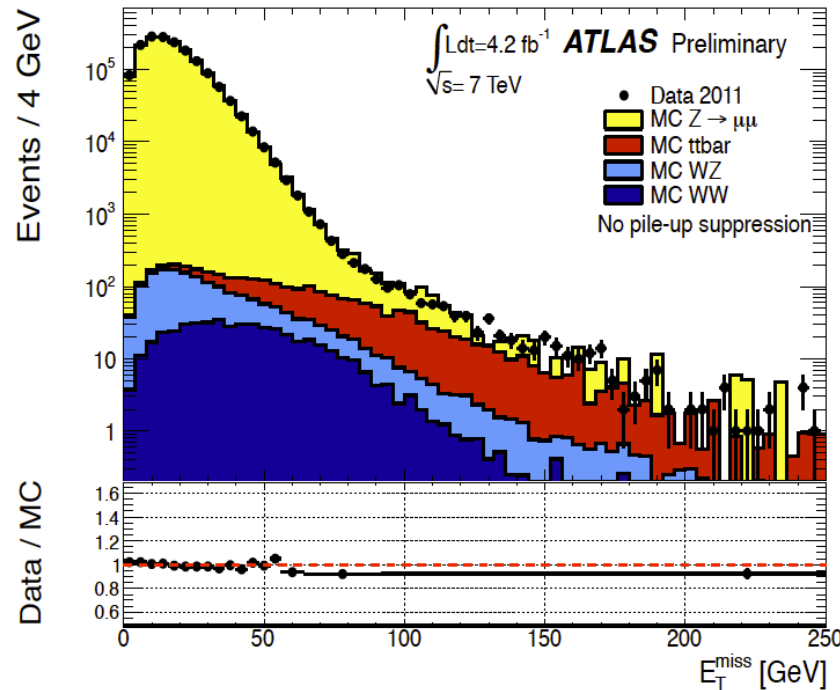
- C/A $R=1.2$ + filtering
- anti- k_T $R=1.0$ + trimming



Missing ET performance

- Missing ET performance in $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ and $W \rightarrow e \nu$ events
- Systematic uncertainty from data/MC differences
- Pile-up suppression using tracks (soft MET term)

$$STVF = \sum_{\substack{trackPV \\ (no-in-jets)}} p_T / \sum_{\substack{track \\ (no-in-jets)}} p_T$$



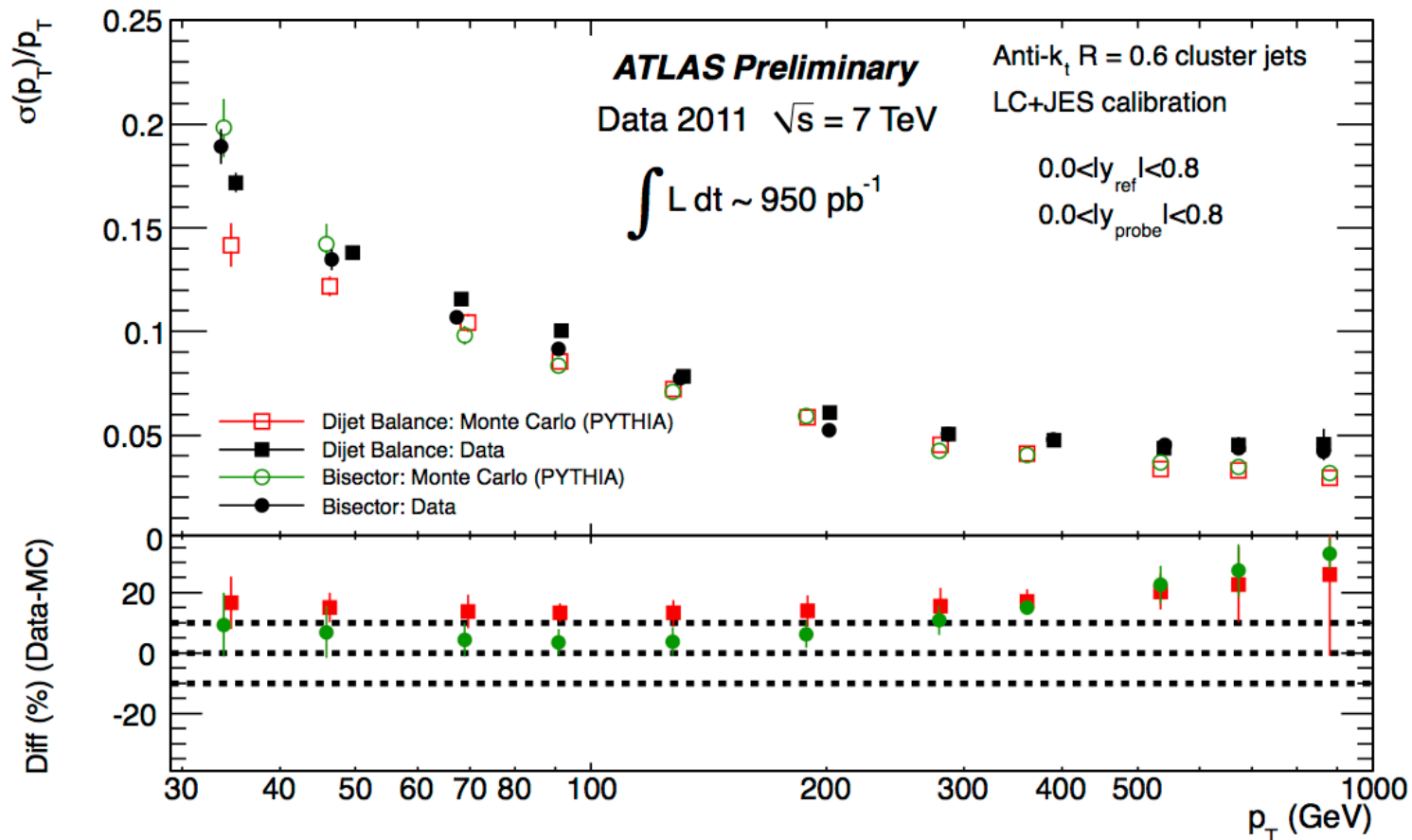
Summary

- **ATLAS has achieved a $\sim 1\%$ precision on the absolute energy scale uncertainty for jets with $100 \text{ GeV} < p_T < 500 \text{ GeV}$**
 - Sophisticated topological clustering local hadron calibration
 - Pile-up subtraction and suppression
 - Insitu techniques to correct the residual jet response difference between data and Monte Carlo
 - Additional physics sample dependent uncertainties (flavor, close-by jets, pile-up)
- **Use of tracks to improve jet energy resolution and uncertainty**
- **Jet mass, jet substructure, and new jet algorithms**
 - New tools to enhance the LHC physics potential for boosted signatures
- **Missing ET performance**
 - Powerful pile-up suppression based on tracks

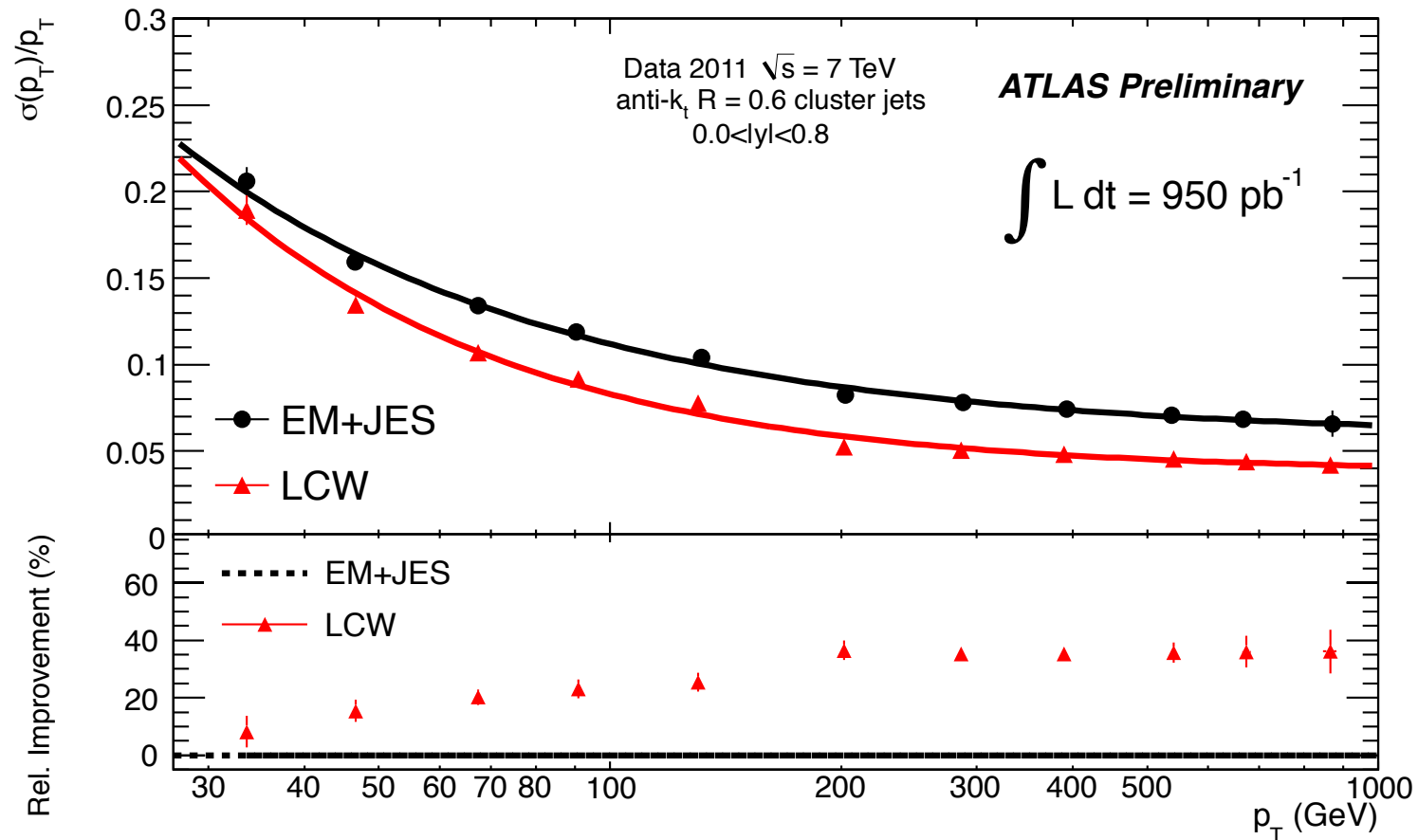
Backup slides

Jet energy resolution

- Measured insitu using dijet balance and bisector techniques

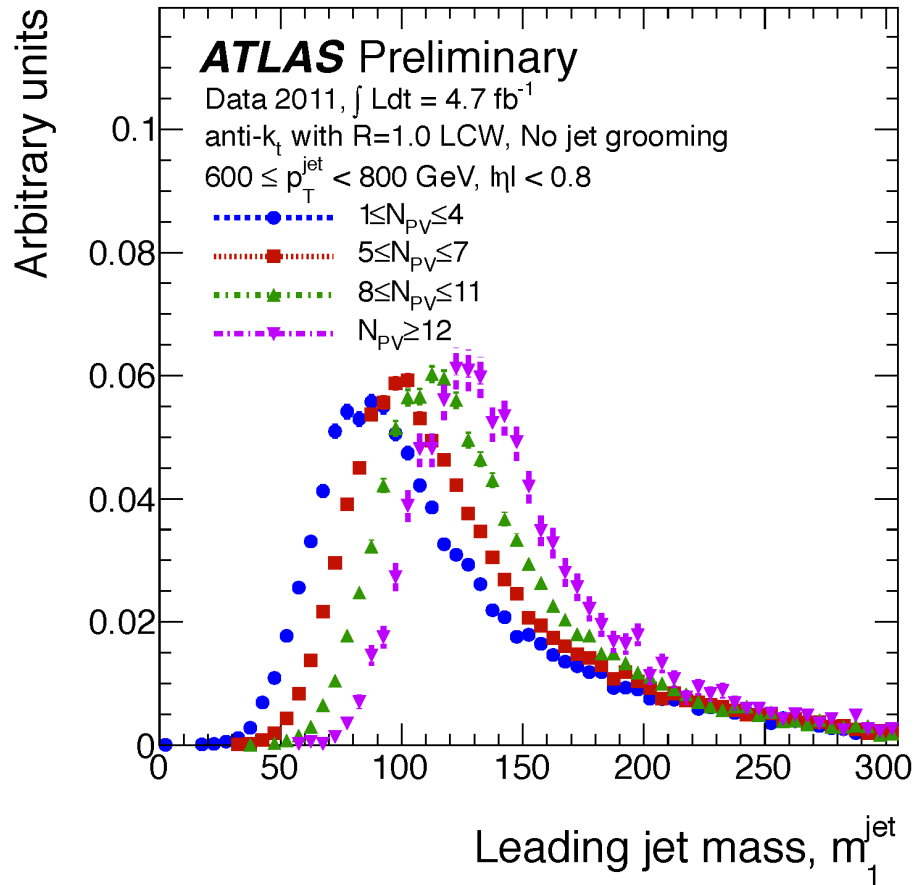


Jet energy improvement from local cluster weighting

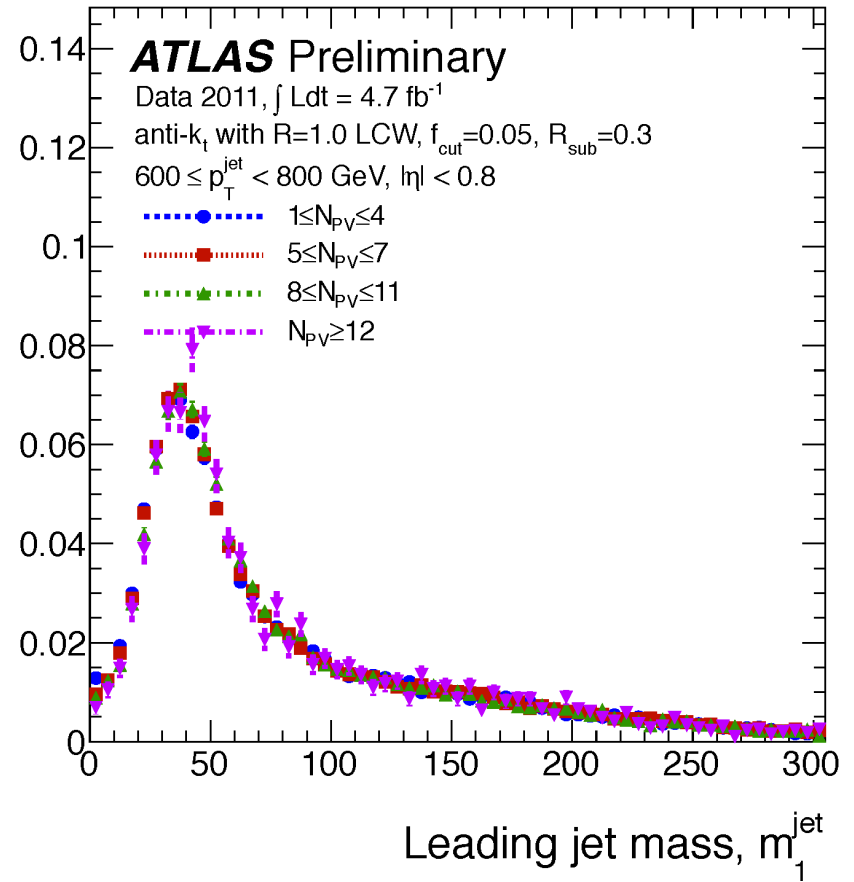


Jet mass (QCD jets)

Before trimming

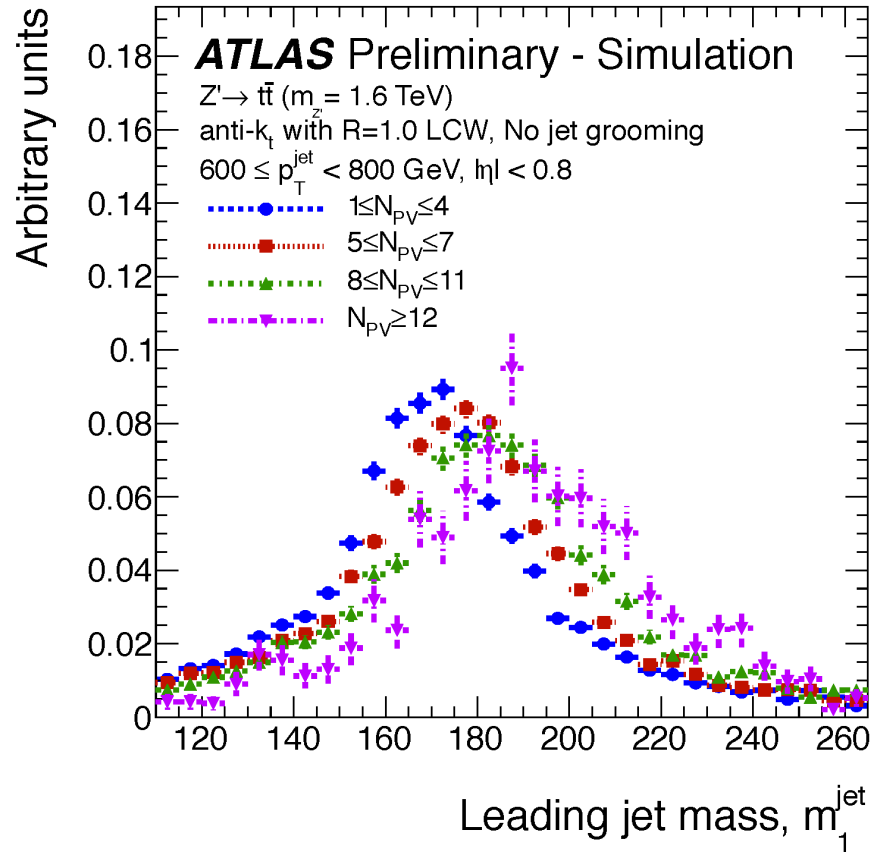


After trimming

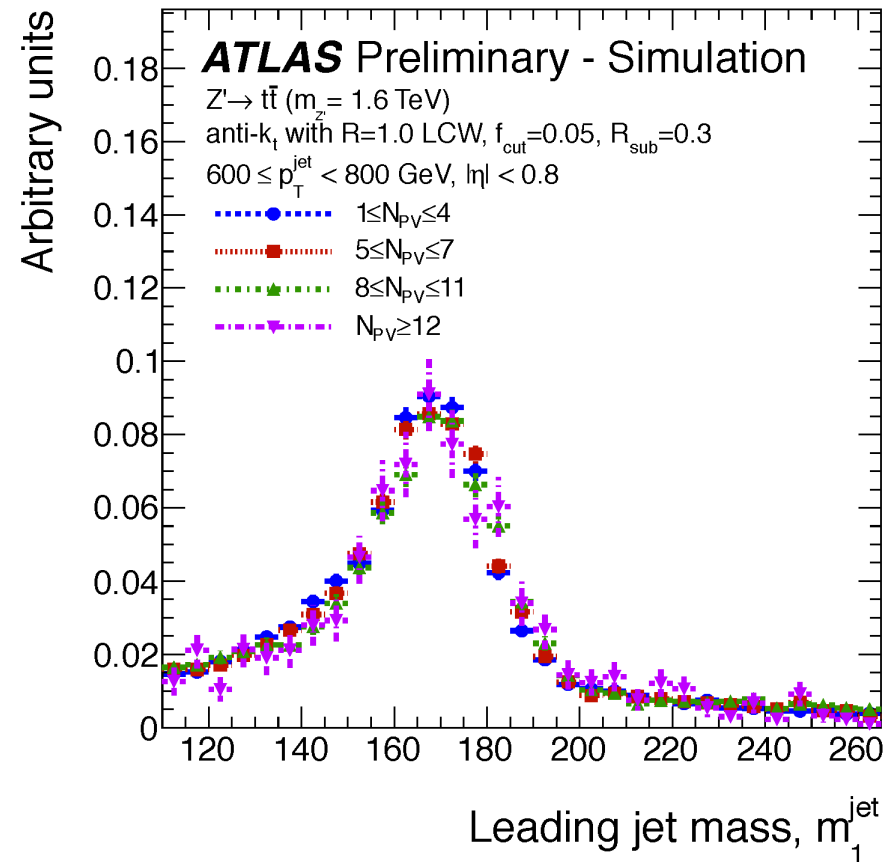


Jet mass (boosted $Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$)

Before trimming



After trimming



Effect of pile-up on Missing ET resolution

