



# DDM solutions for disk space resource optimization

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- Optimize space resources
  - Minimize unused space in sites
  - Keep sites full with interesting data
  - Improve control and monitoring
- Proposed solutions
  - DDM Accounting
  - Data ranking
  - Automatic replica reduction
  - Automatic DDM site exclusion



# **DDM** Accounting



#### http://bourricot.cern.ch/dq2/accounting/global\_view/30/

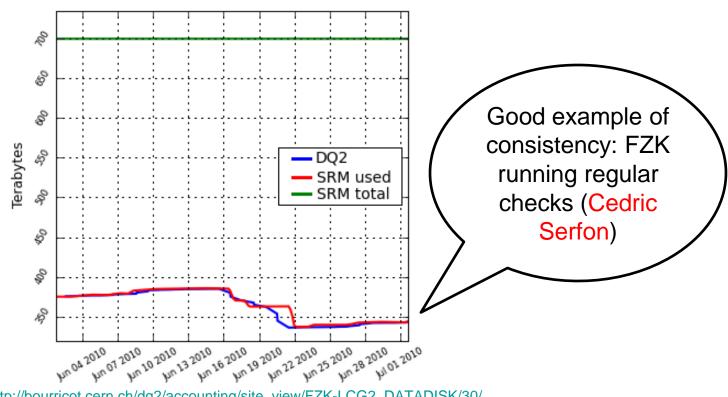
- Disk space and usage information at sites collected by different agents and presented in a web frontend
  - Volumes of space, number of datasets and files registered at sites according to DDM (Vincent Garonne)
    - possibility to break down volumes by metadata
  - Total and used disk space according to SRM



## **DDM** Accounting

Original main purpose: Follow up consistency between data volumes known by DDM and SRM

Used disk space for FZK-LCG2\_DATADISK



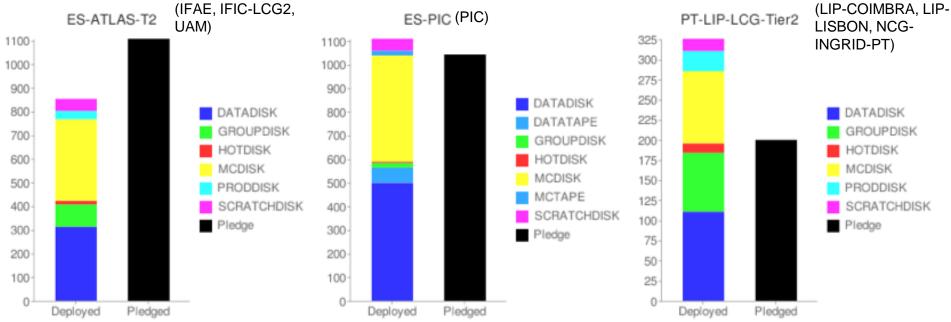
http://bourricot.cern.ch/dq2/accounting/site\_view/FZK-LCG2\_DATADISK/30/



#### Federation reports

- Space deployed by federations
- Distribution of resources amongst spacetokens

Space pledged per federation



Some federations don't deploy their pledge at once

Other federations deploy more than they have pledged

http://bourricot.cern.ch/dq2/accounting/federation\_reports/SPAINSITES/



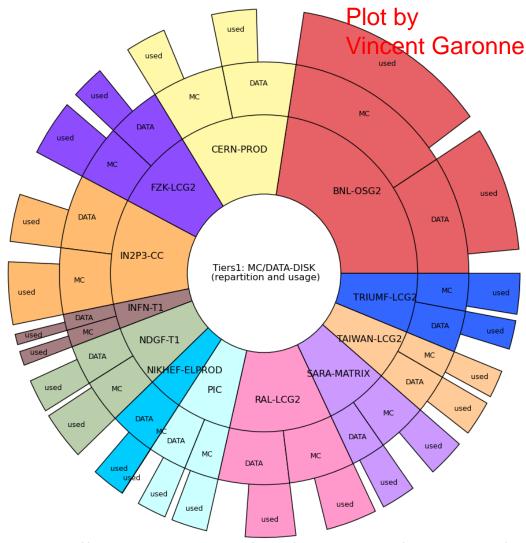
## Management resource overviews

CERN					
SPACETOKEN	FREE(TB)	USED(TB)	TOTAL(TB)		
DATADISK	477	480	957		
DATATAPE	68	581	650		
GROUPDISK	84	137	221		
LOCALGROUPDISK	123	85	208		
MCDISK	513	421	934		
MCTAPE	13	95	108		
SCRATCHDISK	59	54	113		
SPECIALDISK	19	2	21		
TOTAL	1356	1856	3212		

#### TIER1s

HERIS					
SPACETOKEN	FREE(TB)	USED(TB)	TOTAL(TB		
DATADISK	2533	4804	7337		
DATATAPE	371	79	450		
GROUPDISK	504	195	699		
HOTDISK	165	17	181		
LOCALGROUPDISK	164	81	245		
MCDISK	1439	5865	7304		
MCTAPE	243	91	333		
SCRATCHDISK	406	301	708		
USERDISK	169	534	703		
TOTAL	5995	11966	17961		

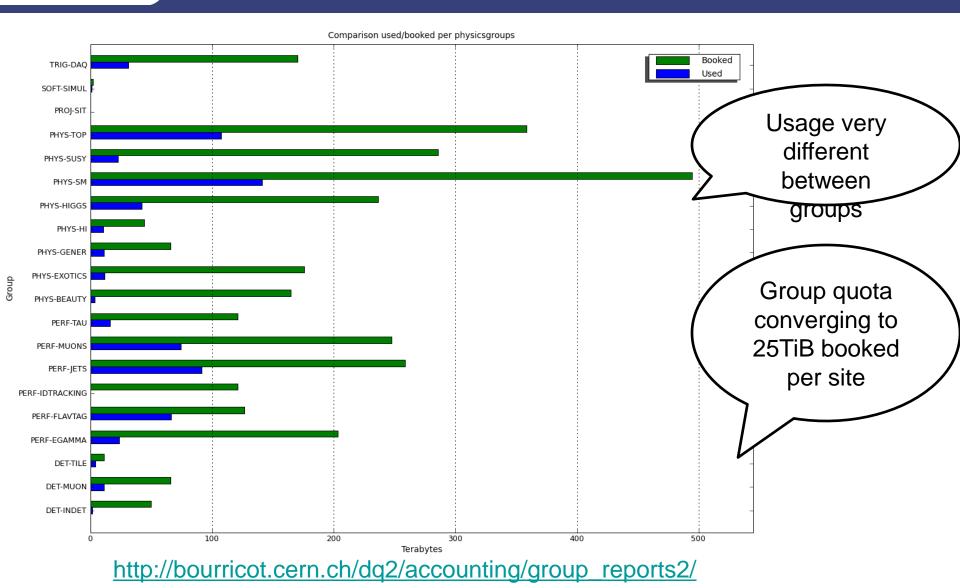
http://bourricot.cern.ch/dq2/accounting/atlas\_stats/



http://bourricot.cern.ch/dq2/accounting/t1\_reports/



#### Physics groups reports



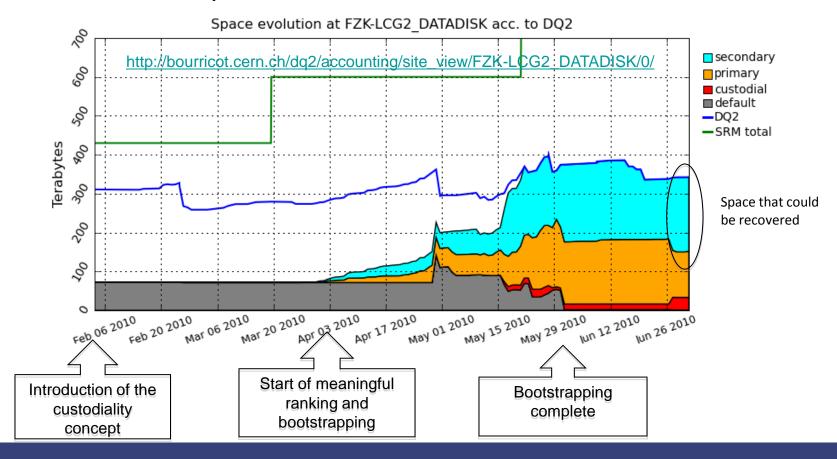


# Data ranking



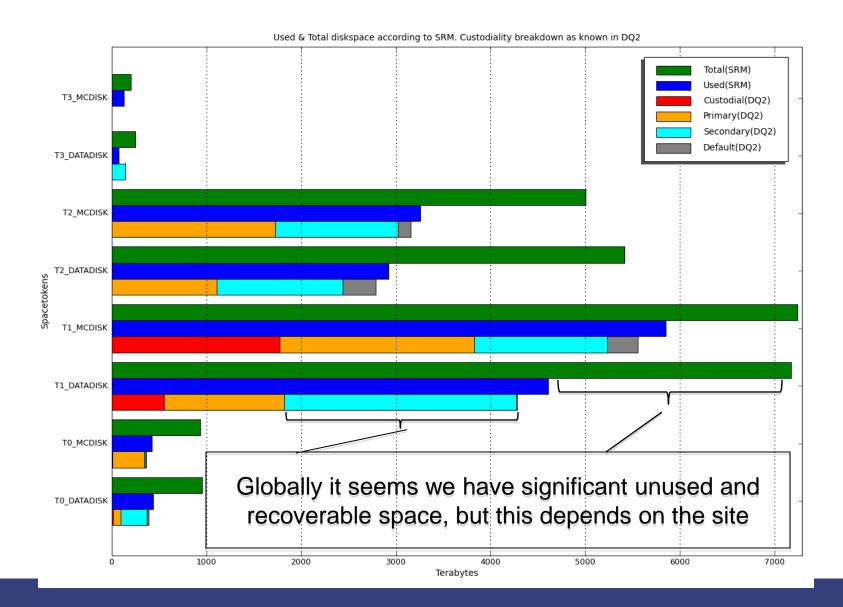
## Monitoring of data ranking evolution

- Distinguish Computing Model replicas from additional replicas
  - Custodial: Master replica (Must be kept)
  - Primary: Following Computing Model (CM)
  - Secondary: In excess of CM, may be deleted
  - Default: Not ranked yet





## Data ranking

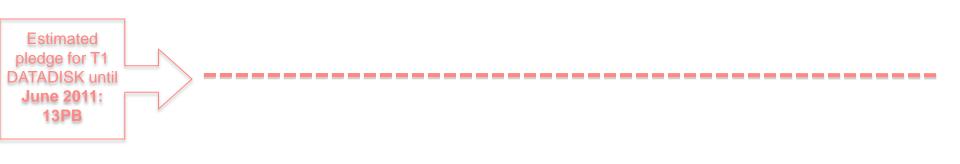


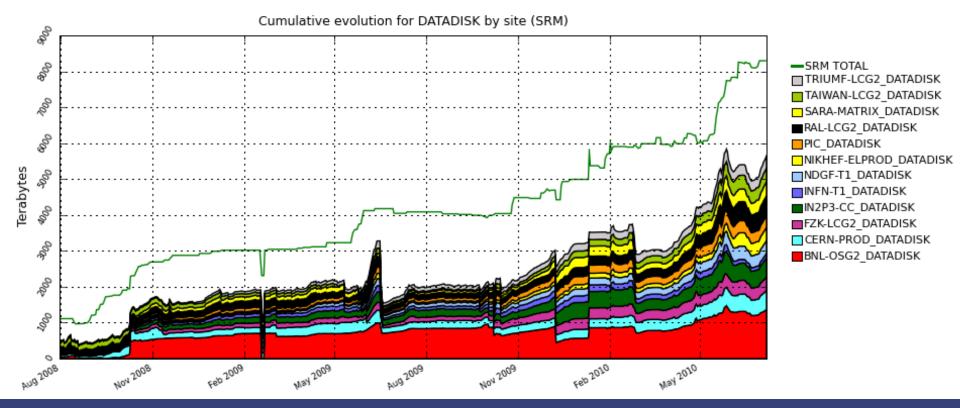


# Automatic replica reduction



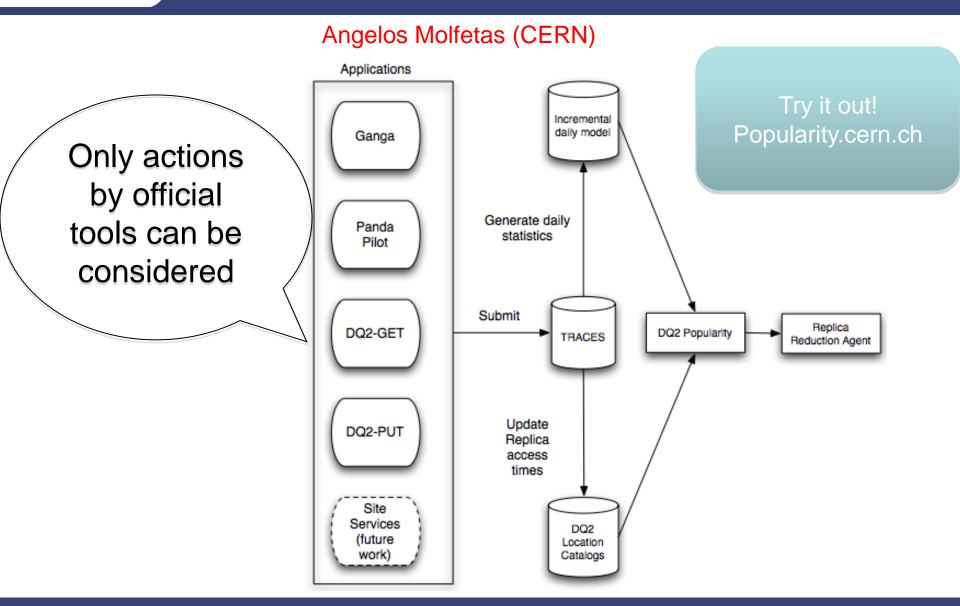
#### Motivation







## Reminder on DDM Popularity





## Automatic replica reduction in theory

Andrii Tykhonov (Jozef Stefan Institute, Ljubljana, Slovenia)

- Agent that looks once a day for full MCDISK and DATADISK endpoints
  - Full endpoint: free space<min(10%, 25.0 TB)</li>

cleaning strategy from previous presentations

- For each full site it will try to select secondary replicas to delete
  - Successfully cleaned endpoint: free space>min(20%, 50.0 TB)
- Selection of replicas for deletion based on DDM popularity
  - Older than 15 days
  - From oldest to newest
  - Not accessed recently
- Datasets will be moved into the deletion queue after a grace period of 24 hours.



### Automatic replica reduction in practice

#### http://lxvm0338.cern.ch/victor/diskspacemonitor\_deletion.html

#### This webpage contains overflowed\* sites

Cloud	Tier	Site name	Total space	'ToBeDeleted' space	Free sp (befor		Cleaned space	Free sp (after		"Secondary" space: Young/Popular	Site info	Cleaned**
FRANCESITES	Tier2	GRIF-LAL MCDISK	104.45 TB	0.00 TB	5.02 TB	5%	5.78 TB	10.79 TB	11%	7.05 / 20.90 TB	info.txt	False
		GRIF-SACLAY_MCDISK	98.96 TB	0.00 TB	8.27 TB	9%	4.88 TB	13.15 TB	14%	3.34 / 14.84 TB	info.txt	False
FZKSITES	Tier2	CYFRONET-LCG2 MCDISK	37.38 TB	0.00 TB	2.86 TB	8%	0.06 TB	2.91 TB	8%	1.03 / 18.52 TB	info.txt	False
		DESY-HH MCDISK	122.79 TB	0.00 TB	11.79 TB	10%	7.13 TB	18.92 TB	16%	1.41 / 15.88 TB	info.txt	False
NLSITES	Tier2	RRC-KI_MCDISK	80.26 TB	0.00 TB	7.53 TB	10%	9.03 TB	16.56 TB	21%		info.txt	True
USASITES	Tier2	SLACXRD MCDISK	230.85 TB	0.00 TB	11.28 TB	5%	3.13 TB	14.41 TB	7%	26.04 / 71.06 TB	info.txt	False
Last time stamp: 2010/07/01 12:52:32												
Actual deletion started this week. Until now our ops team was manually deleting the published lists					Some sites can not be completely cleaned: The data is too fresh and/or too popular.				a			



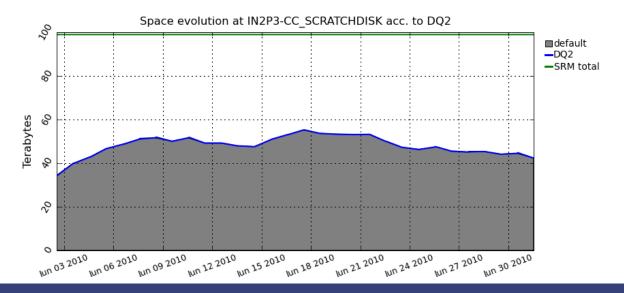
#### Somes notes on automatic replica reduction

- Early stage of experience with the system
  - Reduce secondary replicas more aggressively
  - Follow closely un-cleaned DATADISKs and MCDISKs
  - Detect exceptions and provide fine tuning by sites
- Sites who deploy disk space at once will be the ones to fully profit of this model
- Replica reduction is allied with the Dynamic Data Placement (D2PD) model



#### Future work on automatic replica reduction

- Last week's decision: expand automatic replica reduction to SCRATCHDISK
  - SCRATCHDISK stores analysis output for users
  - At the moment: Fixed policy datasets older than 30 days are automatically deleted
  - In the future: More flexible policy
    - Keep between 20 and 10% free in spacetoken
    - Once spacetoken has less than 10% free, remove data from oldest to newest until 20% free
    - Data ranking or popularity do not play a role for this spacetoken



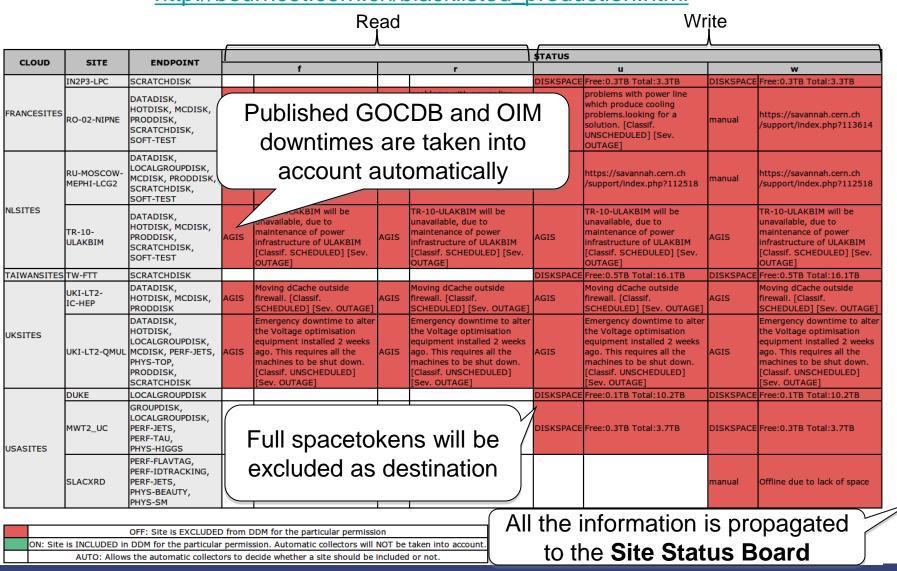


## Automatic DDM site exclusion



#### Automatic DDM site exclusion

#### http://bourricot.cern.ch/blacklisted\_production.html





- Effort from ATLAS Distributed Computing in optimizing space resources provided by sites
- Need to become more aggressive in secondary data deletion
- Reduce need of manual operations
- Monitoring and deletion tools are in place and will be improved and tuned with experience





- Simone Campana
- Alessandro Di Girolamo
- Stephane Jézéquel
- I. Ueda



# Backup slides



#### Computing model

#### 2010 and 2011 Data Distribution

Following the Comp. Model and the AMFY recommendations

#### RAW

- 1 copy to tape at CERN
- 1 copy to tape distributed over the T1s
- 1 copy to disk distributed over the T1s a fraction to disk distributed over the T1s
- 1 copy on disk at BNL, CCIN2P3 and SARA

#### **ESD**

- 1 copy to tape at CERN
- 1 copy to disk at CERN
- 2 copies to disk distributed over the T1s
- 1 copy distributed over the T2s of each cloud
- Some extra copies to disk in specific T2s a fraction to disk in the T2s

#### AOD & DESD

- Like the ESD above
- 2 copies to disk distributed over the T1s
- 10 copies to disk distributed over all T2s (nota bene: not per cloud)

#### DESD

10 copies to disk distributed over all T2s of all clouds (nota bene: not per cloud)

#### Others

Many copies of TAG, TAG\_COMM, NTUP, HIST, ...

All data can always be requested

Slide from Kors Bos



#### PanDA Dynamic Data Placement (D2PD)

#### The Solution



- Dynamic caching model for data at Tier 2's
- Panda already uses cache for production but need something different for user analysis to preserve quick job start
- □ Try a dynamic data placement model = PD2P
  - □ Continue automatic distribution to Tier 1's as decided by ACM/CREM2
  - Reduce automatic data subscriptions to Tier 2's
    - Panda will subscribe a dataset to Tier 2, if no other copies are available (except at a Tier 1), as soon as any user needs the dataset
      - User jobs will still go to Tier 1 while data is being transferred no delay
  - Panda will subscribe replicas to additional Tier 2's, if needed, based on user demand for datasets
  - Cleanup will be done by central DDM popularity based cleaning service
  - Try this as demo in U.S., starting with DATADISK and MCDISK
  - Exclude RAW, RDO and HITS datasets from PD2P
  - Restrict transfers within cloud for now next step intra-cloud transfers

Slide from Kaushik De

June 30, 2010

Kaushik De