

Future collider discussion session

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(w input from Caterina Vernieri)

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Future collider discussion session
2.6.22

What I dont have to repeat here...

- "everything measured now for the SM in the scalar sector ?"

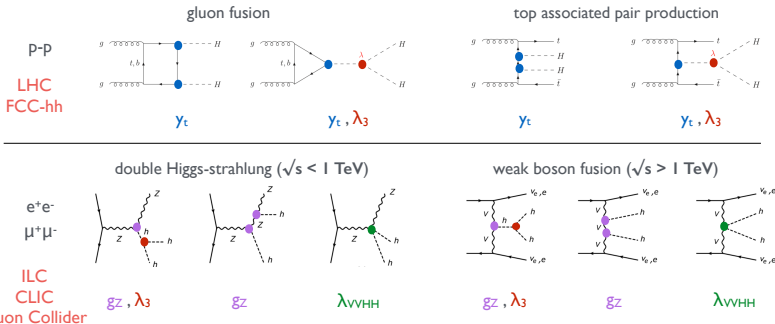
⇒ NO ! ⇐

- complete understanding requires also determination of **triple and quartic coupling in potential**
 - for this: **future colliders needed**
- ⇒ only these can confirm [or reject] SM scalar sector hypothesis

[slide from M. Selvaggi, talk at Higgs Pairs mini-workshop 09/21]

How?

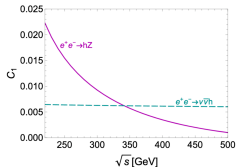
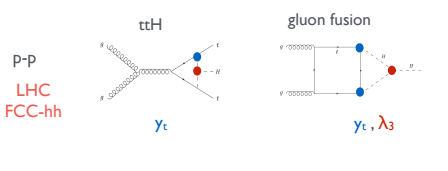
HH pair production



[slide from M. Selvaggi, talk at Higgs Pairs mini-workshop 09/21]

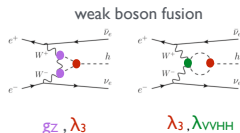
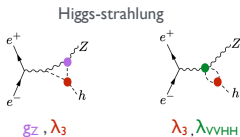
How?

single H production



e^+e^-
 $\mu^+\mu^-$

ILC
CLIC
Muon Collider



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Current back of the envelope accuracy estimates

[for triple couplings, from M. Selvaggis talk at Higgs Pairs mini-workshop 09/21, and Snowmass WPs arXiv:2203.07622 (ILC)/ arXiv:2203.07646 (C^3)]

- HL-LHC/ ILC₂₅₀/ CLIC₃₈₀/ CEPC₂₄₀/ $C_{250}^3 \sim 50\%$
- FCC-ee_{240/365}, ILC₅₀₀, $C_{550}^3 \sim 20 - 27\%$
- ILC_{500-1000GeV}, CLIC_{3TeV} $\sim 8 - 11\%$
- FCC-hh $\sim 3.5 - 8\%$
- $\mu\mu_{30TeV} \sim 2 - 3\%$

[HH / single H ; recent updates not included]

? What about quartic couplings ?

[slide from P. Meade, this morning]

Since this is Higgs Pairs...

collider	single- h	hh	combined
HL-LHC [56]	100-200%	50%	50%
ILC ₂₅₀ /C ³ -250 [45, 57]	49%	–	49%
ILC ₅₀₀ /C ³ -550 [45, 57]	38%	20%	20%
CLIC ₃₈₀ [58]	50%	–	50%
CLIC ₁₅₀₀ [58]	49%	36%	29%
CLIC ₃₀₀₀ [58]	49%	9%	9%
FCC-ee [49]	33%	–	33%
FCC-ee (4 IPs) [49]	24%	–	24%
FCC-hh [59]	-	2.9-5.5%	2.9-5.5%
μ (3 TeV) [50]	-	15-30%	15-30%
μ (10 TeV) [50]	-	4%	4%

Current/ open questions [personal brainstorm]

- What are the **largest impediments/ uncertainties** for each collider type ?

What about theoretical uncertainties ?

Do we need better PDFs/ higher order calculations/ ... ? [how feasible are these ? wishlists a la Les Houches?]

What about experimental uncertainties ?

Are there "deadlocks" ? Are **new techniques/ ideas required** ? Which ones ?

- Can we make statements about **which collider would be able to best answer a specific question** ?

E.g. wrt electroweak phase transitions/ connections to gravitational waves/ etc.

- Will this influence decisions regarding **science strategy** ?

E.g. the muon-electron connection...

- can the ***ee* techniques directly be transferred to $\mu\mu$?**
If not, why ? [I remember people trying to redo the CLIC analysis at $\mu\mu$; is it feasible ?]
- Are **uncertainties for μ colliders understood enough ?** If not, what needs to be improved ?

! Your input needed !

Appendix

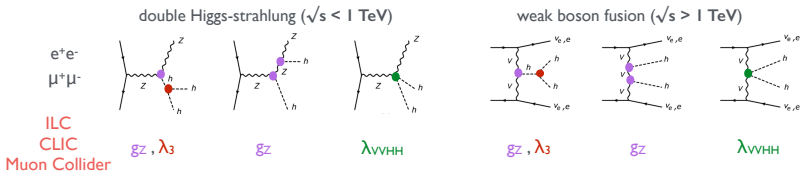
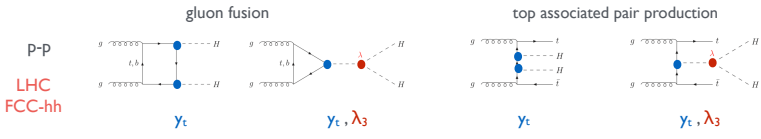
Incomplete list of papers looking at quartic coupling

- W. Bizon, U. Haisch and L. Rottoli, *Constraints on the quartic Higgs self-coupling from double-Higgs production at future hadron colliders*, JHEP 10 (2019) 267 [1810.04665].
- S. Borowka, C. Duhr, F. Maltoni, D. Pagani, A. Shivaji and X. Zhao, *Probing the scalar potential via double Higgs boson production at hadron colliders*, JHEP 04 (2019) 016 [1811.12366].
- T. Liu, K.-F. Lyu, J. Ren and H.X. Zhu, *Probing the quartic Higgs boson self-interaction*, Phys. Rev. D98 (2018) 093004 [1803.04359].
- J. Alison et al., *Higgs boson potential at colliders: Status and perspectives*, Rev. Phys. 5 (2020) 100045 [1910.00012].
- A. Papaefstathiou and K. Sakurai, *Triple Higgs boson production at a 100 TeV proton-proton collider*, JHEP 02 (2016) 006 [1508.06524].
- C.-Y. Chen, Q.-S. Yan, X. Zhao, Y.-M. Zhong and Z. Zhao, *Probing triple-Higgs productions via $4b2\gamma$ decay channel at a 100 TeV hadron collider*, Phys. Rev. D93 (2016) 013007 [1510.04013].
- D.A. Dicus, C. Kao and W.W. Repko, *Self Coupling of the Higgs boson in the processes $p p \rightarrow ZHHH + X$ and $p p \rightarrow WHHH + X$* , Phys. Rev. D93 (2016) 113003 [1602.05849].
- R. Contino et al., *Physics at a 100 TeV pp collider: Higgs and EW symmetry breaking studies*, CERN Yellow Rep. (2017) 255 [1606.09408].
- B. Fuks, J.H. Kim and S.J. Lee, *Scrutinizing the Higgs quartic coupling at a future 100 TeV proton-proton collider with taus and b-jets*, Phys. Lett. B771 (2017) 354 [1704.04298].
- A. Papaefstathiou, G. Tetlalmatzi-Xolocotzi and M. Zaro, *Triple Higgs boson production to six b-jets at a 100 TeV proton collider*, Eur. Phys. J. C 79 (2019) 947 [1909.09166]. [**-1.7; 13**]
- F. Maltoni, D. Pagani and X. Zhao, *Constraining the Higgs self-couplings at $e+e-$ colliders*, JHEP 07 (2018) 087 [1802.07616]. **CLIC_{3TeV} [-5; 7]**
- M. Chiesa, F. Maltoni, L. Mantani, B. Mele, F. Piccinini and X. Zhao, *Measuring the quartic Higgs self-coupling at a multi-TeV muon collider*, JHEP 09 (2020) 098 [2003.13628]. **all [0; 2] best (30TeV) [0.7; 1.5]**

[slide from M. Selvaggi, talk at Higgs Pairs mini-workshop 09/21]

How?

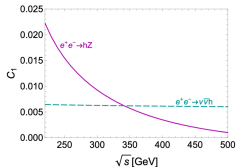
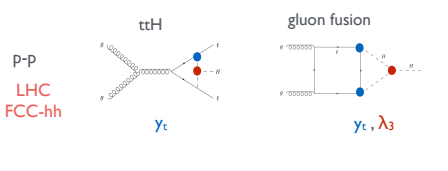
HH pair production



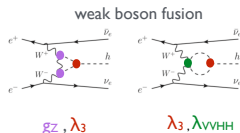
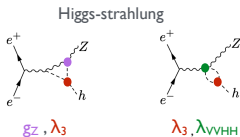
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How?

single H production



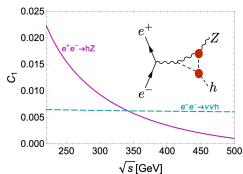
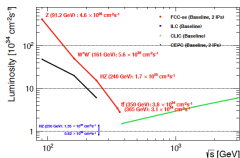
e^+e^-
 $\mu^+\mu^-$
ILC
CLIC
Muon Collider



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[slide from M. Selvaggi, talk at Higgs Pairs mini-workshop 09/21]

Self-coupling at circular e^+e^- colliders



- At low energy $\sqrt{s} < 500$ GeV the self-coupling is measured via single Higgs production (FCC-ee)

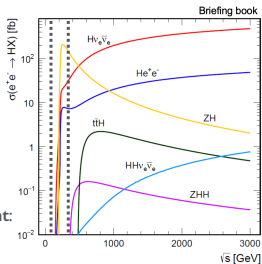
- Precise ZH, $\nu\nu h$ cross-section measurement at various energies:
 - $\sqrt{s} = 240, 365$ GeV

- can resolve $\lambda_3, \lambda_{\nu\nu H}$

- FCC-ee provides best measurement:

- $\delta\kappa_\lambda = 33\%$ (2 IPs)

- $\delta\kappa_\lambda = 24\%$ (4 IPs)

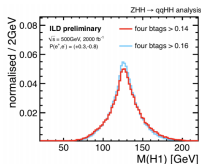
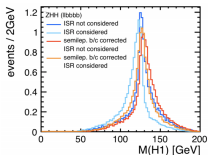


Collider	HL-LHC	ILC ₂₅₀	CLIC ₃₈₀	CEPC ₂₄₀	FCC-ee ₂₄₀₋₃₆₅
Lumi (ab^{-1})	3	2	1	5.6	5 + 0.2 + 1.5
Years	10	11.5	8	7	3 + 1 + 4
g_{HHH} (%)	50.	- / 49.	- / 50.	- / 50.	44./33. 2IP 27./24. 4IP

global fit, with/without HL-LHC input

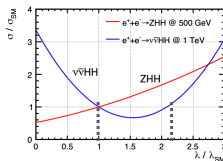
[slide from M. Selvaggi, talk at Higgs Pairs mini-workshop 09/21]

Self-coupling at ILC



- At high energies $\sqrt{s} > 500$ GeV self-coupling is measured via double Higgs production (**ZHH** and **$\nu\bar{\nu}HH$**)
- **ZHH/ $\nu\bar{\nu}HH$** constructive/destructive interference
 - cross-section at various energies depends on λ_3 and $\lambda_{\nu\bar{\nu}HH}$
- Polarisation (80% LR/RL, 20% LL/RR) enhances $\nu\bar{\nu}HH$ production by x2

[1903.01629]

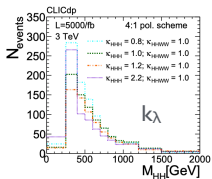
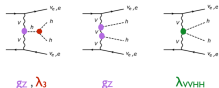


- $\sqrt{s} = 500$ GeV
 - Measured in $ll(\nu\bar{\nu}/jj)$
 - $bbbb$, $bbWW$ (**ZHH**)
 - backgrounds: ZZZ , ZZH , $bbqqqq$
 - $\delta k_{\lambda} / k_{\lambda} = 27\%$

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[slide from M. Selvaggi, talk at Higgs Pairs mini-workshop 09/21]

Self-coupling at CLIC



- 4:1 pol scheme 80% LR: 20% RL

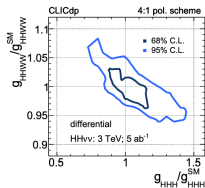
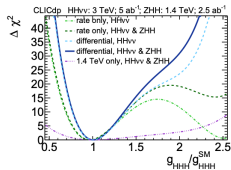
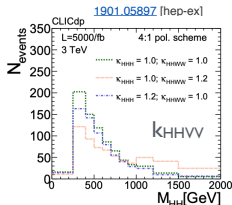
- $\sqrt{s} = 1.4$ TeV (early stage)

- $\nu\text{HH} \rightarrow 3.6\sigma$ evidence
- $\text{ZHH} \rightarrow 2.1\sigma$ evidence

- $\sqrt{s} = 3$ TeV (late stage)

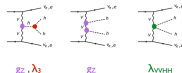
- Precision dominated by νHH , but ZHH helps
- Template fit on differential m_{HH} shape to resolve degeneracy at $k_\lambda = 1$ and 2.2

- $\delta k_\lambda / k_\lambda = 8\text{--}11\%$ with 5 ab^{-1}

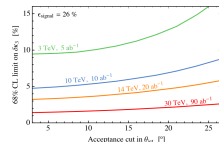
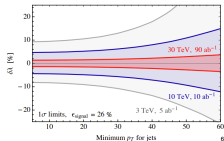


[slide from M. Selvaggi, talk at Higgs Pairs mini-workshop 09/21]

Self-coupling at the Muon Collider

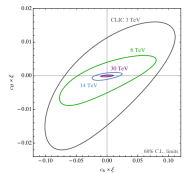
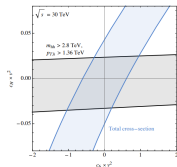


Buttazzo, Franceschini, Wulzer [2012.11555]



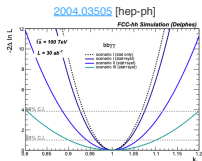
Apply gaussian smearing to jets, assuming 15% energy resolution

- Muon collider can potentially reach the highest energies (up to 30 TeV)
- At $\sqrt{s} \gg 3$ TeV muon collider, the **VBF pair** production dominates (\sim CLIC)
- **vbbbb** final state (4jets + ME)
- Muon collider could potentially provide the best precision at 30 TeV \sim 2-3% (stat only) ?
- More studies needed, parton level only for now



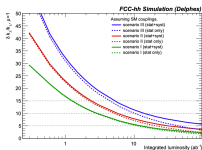
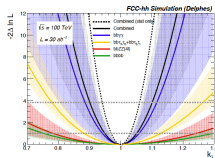
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Self-coupling at the FCC-hh

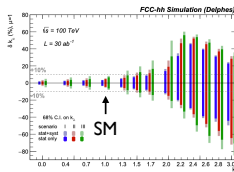


- Expected precision:

@68% CL	scenario I	scenario II	scenario III
bbγγ	3.8	5.9	10.0
bbττ	9.8	12.2	13.8
bbbb	22.3	27.1	32.0
comb.	3.4	5.1	7.8



- Combined precision:
- **3.5-8%** for SM (3% stat. only)
- **10-20%** for $\lambda_3 = 1.5 \cdot \lambda_3^{\text{SM}}$



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